NORTHRIM BANCORP INC Form 10-Q May 12, 2008

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION **WASHINGTON, DC 20549 FORM 10-Q**

| b Quarterly report pursuant to Section 13 or 1 | 5(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 |
|--|---|
| For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2008 | |
| o Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or 1 For the transition period fromto | 5(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 |
| Commission File Nu NORTHRIM BAN | NCORP, INC. |
| (Exact name of registrant as | specified in its charter) |
| Alaska (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) | 92-0175752 (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number) |
| 3111 C Street Anchorage, Alaska (Address of principal executive offices) | 99503 (Zip Code) |
| (907)562- | |
| (Registrant s telephone num Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all Exchange Act during the preceding 12 months (or for such shore reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large act filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of 12 reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Che | reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the orter period that the Registrant was required to file such for the past 90 days. Yes b No o celerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated arge accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller |
| filer o | on-accelerated filer o Smaller reporting company o |
| Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell compa o No þ | |
| The number of shares of the issuer s Common Stock outstand | ling at May 9, 2008 was 6,311,807. |

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements, accompanying notes and other relevant information included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007.

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NORTHRIM BANCORP, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS MARCH 31, 2008, DECEMBER 31, 2007, AND MARCH 31, 2007

| | March 31, 2008 (unaudited) (Dollars in the | March 31, 2007 (unaudited) share data) | |
|---|---|---|-----------|
| ASSETS Cash and due from banks Money market investments | \$ 24,550 | \$ 30,767 | \$ 20,658 |
| | 67,629 | 33,039 | 21,937 |
| Investment securities held to maturity Investment securities available for sale Investment in Federal Home Loan Bank stock | 11,699 | 11,701 | 11,775 |
| | 112,245 | 148,009 | 71,167 |
| | 2,003 | 2,003 | 1,556 |
| Total investment securities | 125,947 | 161,713 | 84,498 |
| Loans | 704,952 | 714,801 | 720,144 |
| Allowance for loan losses | (12,571) | (11,735) | (11,853) |
| Net loans Purchased receivables, net Accrued interest receivable Premises and equipment, net Goodwill and intangible assets Other real estate owned Other assets | 692,381 | 703,066 | 708,291 |
| | 20,841 | 19,437 | 20,365 |
| | 5,258 | 5,232 | 5,480 |
| | 16,623 | 15,621 | 12,834 |
| | 9,569 | 9,946 | 6,783 |
| | 8,264 | 4,445 | 829 |
| | 30,656 | 31,448 | 29,490 |
| Total Assets | \$1,001,718 | \$1,014,714 | \$911,165 |
| LIABILITIES Deposits: Demand Interest-bearing demand Savings Alaska CDs Money market Certificates of deposit less than \$100,000 Certificates of deposit greater than \$100,000 | \$ 199,597 | \$ 224,986 | \$184,653 |
| | 102,819 | 96,455 | 83,194 |
| | 55,066 | 55,285 | 47,856 |
| | 148,105 | 171,341 | 194,952 |
| | 212,696 | 215,819 | 168,867 |
| | 64,902 | 61,586 | 59,324 |
| | 74,954 | 41,904 | 36,591 |
| Total deposits | 858,139 | 867,376 | 775,437 |
| Borrowings Junior subordinated debentures Other liabilities | 12,645 | 16,770 | 8,602 |
| | 18,558 | 18,558 | 18,558 |
| | 10,408 | 10,595 | 11,802 |
| Total liabilities | 899,750 | 913,299 | 814,399 |

| Minority interest in subsidiaries | 36 | 24 | 18 |
|--|-------------|-------------|-----------|
| SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY | | | |
| Common stock, \$1 par value, 10,000,000 shares | | | |
| authorized, 6,311,807; 6,300,256; and 6,116,729 shares | | | |
| issued and outstanding at March 31, 2008, December 31, | | | |
| 2007, and March 31, 2007, respectively | 6,312 | 6,300 | 6,117 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 50,975 | 50,798 | 46,552 |
| Retained earnings | 44,183 | 44,068 | 44,252 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income unrealized | | | |
| gain (loss) on securities, net | 462 | 225 | (173) |
| Total shareholders equity | 101,932 | 101,391 | 96,748 |
| Total Liabilities and Shareholders Equity | \$1,001,718 | \$1,014,714 | \$911,165 |

See notes to the consolidated financial statements

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NORTHRIM BANCORP, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2008 AND 2007

| | Three Months Enc March 31, | | | |
|---|-------------------------------|-----------------|--------|--|
| | 2008 | , | 2007 | |
| | | (unaudited) | | |
| | (Do | ıds, | | |
| | exce | ept per share d | lata) | |
| Interest Income | | | | |
| Interest and fees on loans \$ | 14,44 | 6 \$ | 16,821 | |
| Interest on investment securities: | | | | |
| Assets available for sale | 1,60 | 6 | 895 | |
| Assets held to maturity | 11 | 1 | 112 | |
| Interest on money market investments | 19 | 5 | 154 | |
| | | | | |
| Total Interest Income | 16,35 | 8 | 17,982 | |
| Interest Expense | | | | |
| Interest expense on deposits and borrowings | 4,16 | 3 | 5,879 | |
| Net Interest Income | 12,19 | 5 | 12,103 | |
| Provision for loan losses | 1,70 | 0 | 455 | |
| Net Interest Income After Provision for Loan Losses | 10,49 | 5 | 11,648 | |
| Other Operating Income | | | | |
| Service charges on deposit accounts | 86 | 2 | 504 | |
| Purchased receivable income | 52 | 9 | 427 | |
| Employee benefit plan income | 30 | 7 | 257 | |
| Equity in earnings from mortgage affiliate | 3 | 3 | 14 | |
| Equity in loss from Elliott Cove | (3 | 7) | (33) | |
| Other income | 72 | 8 | 493 | |
| Total Other Operating Income | 2,42 | 2 | 1,662 | |
| Other Operating Expense | | | | |
| Salaries and other personnel expense | 5,40 | 3 | 5,255 | |
| Occupancy, net | 82 | 4 | 698 | |
| Equipment expense | 29 | 6 | 342 | |
| Marketing expense | 39 | 0 | 459 | |
| Intangible asset amortization expense | 8 | 8 | 121 | |
| Other operating expense | 2,46 | 4 | 2,057 | |
| Total Other Operating Expense | 9,46 | 5 | 8,932 | |

| Income Before Income Taxes and Minority Interest Minority interest in subsidiaries | | 3,452 75 | | 4,378 50 |
|---|------|-------------|----|-------------|
| Income Before Income Taxes | | 3,377 | | 4,328 |
| Provision for income taxes | | 1,229 | | 1,599 |
| Net Income | \$ | 2,148 | \$ | 2,729 |
| Earnings Per Share, Basic | \$ | 0.34 | \$ | 0.42 |
| Earnings Per Share, Diluted | \$ | 0.34 | \$ | 0.42 |
| Weighted Average Shares Outstanding, Basic | 6, | 349,499 | 6, | 444,843 |
| Weighted Average Shares Outstanding, Diluted | 6, | 376,233 | 6, | 545,093 |
| See notes to the consolidated financial statem | ents | | | |
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NORTHRIM BANCORP, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER S EQUITY AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2008 AND 2007

| | Commo Number of | n Stock Par | Additional Paid-in | Retained | Ot | nulated her chensive | |
|---|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|------------------------|------|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Shares | Value | Capital | Earnings Thousands) | Inco | ome | Total |
| Three months ending March 31, 2007: Balance as of January 1, 2007 | 6,114 | \$ 6,114 | \$ 46,379 | \$ 43,212 | (\$ | 287) | \$ 95,418 |
| | 0,114 | Ψ 0,114 | Ψ 40,577 | | (ψ | 201) | |
| Cash dividend declared Stock option expense Exercise of stock options Excess tax benefits from share-based payment | 3 | 3 | 138 28 | (1,689) | | | (1,689) 138 31 |
| arrangements Comprehensive income: Change in unrealized holding (gain/loss) on available for sale investment securities, net of | | | 7 | | | 114 | 7 |
| related income tax effect | | | | | | 114 | 114 |
| Net Income | | | | 2,729 | | | 2,729 |
| Total Comprehensive Income | | | | | | | 2,843 |
| Balance as of March 31, 2007 | 6,117 | \$ 6,117 | \$ 46,552 | \$ 44,252 | (\$ | 173) | \$ 96,748 |
| Three months ending March 31, 2008: | | | | | | | |
| Balance as of January 1, 2008 | 6,300 | \$ 6,300 | \$ 50,798 | \$ 44,068 | \$ | 225 | \$ 101,391 |
| Cash dividend declared Stock option expense Exercise of stock options | 12 | 12 | 154 (67) 90 | (2,033) | | | (2,033) 154 (55) 90 |

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| Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements Comprehensive income: Change in unrealized holding (gain/loss) on available for sale investment securities, net of | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|----------------|-------------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|
| related income tax effect | | | | | | 237 | 237 |
| Net Income | | | | | 2,148 | | 2,148 |
| Total Comprehensive Income | | | | | | | 2,385 |
| Balance as of March 31, 2008 | 6,312 | \$ 6,312 | \$ 50 |),975 | \$ 44,183 | \$ 462 | \$ 101,932 |
| | See notes | s to the conso | olidated - 6 - | financial | statements | | |

NORTHRIM BANCORP, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2008 AND 2007

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | | |
|--|------------------------------|------------|--|
| | 2008 | 2007 | |
| | (unau | | |
| | • | thousands) | |
| Operating Activities: | ` | , | |
| Net income | \$ 2,148 | \$ 2,729 | |
| | | | |
| Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating | | | |
| Activities: | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization of premises and equipment | 265 | 306 | |
| Amortization of software | 48 | 73 | |
| Intangible asset amortization | 88 | 121 | |
| Amortization of investment security premium, net of discount accretion | (113) | (134) | |
| Deferred tax (benefit) | (190) | (224) | |
| Stock-based compensation | 154 | 138 | |
| Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements | (90) | (7) | |
| Deferral of loan fees and costs, net | (319) | (434) | |
| Provision for loan losses | 1,700 | 455 | |
| Purchased receivable loss (recovery) | (13) | 245 | |
| Distributions (proceeds) in excess of earnings from RML | (25) | 194 | |
| Equity in loss from Elliott Cove | 37 | 33 | |
| Minority interest in subsidiaries | 75 | 50 | |
| (Increase) in accrued interest receivable | (26) | (564) | |
| (Increase) decrease in other assets | 1,071 | (180) | |
| Increase (decrease) of other liabilities | (1,255) | 675 | |
| | | | |
| Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities | 3,555 | 3,476 | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Investing Activities: | | | |
| Investment in securities: | | | |
| Purchases of investment securities-available-for-sale | (14,440) | (14,856) | |
| Proceeds from sales/maturities of securities-available-for-sale | 50,720 | 31,011 | |
| Proceeds from calls/maturities of securities-held-to-maturity | | | |
| Investment in purchased receivables, net of repayments | (1,391) | 573 | |
| Investments in loans: | | | |
| Sales of loans and loan participations | 4,733 | 3,711 | |
| Loans made, net of repayments | 752 | (7,092) | |
| Loan to Elliott Cove, net of repayments | (11) | (89) | |
| Purchases of premises and equipment | (1,267) | (266) | |
| Purchases of software | (13) | | |
| | | | |
| Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities | 39,083 | 12,992 | |

| Financing Activities: | | |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| (Decrease) in deposits | (9,237) | (19,467) |
| Increase (decrease) in borrowings | (4,125) | 2,100 |
| Distributions to minority interests | (63) | (62) |
| Proceeds from issuance of common stock | | 31 |
| Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements | 90 | 7 |
| Cash dividends paid | (930) | (764) |
| Net Cash (Used) by Financing Activities | (14,265) | (18,155) |
| Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents | 28,373 | (1,687) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 63,806 | 44,282 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$ 92,179 | \$ 42,595 |
| Supplemental Information: | | |
| Income taxes paid | \$ | \$ 50 |
| Interest paid | \$ 4,064 | \$ 5,797 |
| Cash dividends declared but not paid | \$ 1,103 | \$ 924 |
| See notes to the consolidated financial statements - 7 - | | |

NORTHRIM BANCORP, INC. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(unaudited)
March 31, 2008 and 2007

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited financial statements have been prepared by Northrim BanCorp, Inc. (the Company) in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and with instructions to Form 10-Q under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Certain reclassifications have been made to prior year amounts to maintain consistency with the current year with no impact on net income or total shareholders—equity. Operating results for the interim period ended March 31, 2008, are not necessarily indicative of the results anticipated for the year ending December 31, 2008. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company—s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007.

2. ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In March 2008, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statement No. 161, *Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities*. This Statement had no impact on the Company's financial statements.

3. LENDING ACTIVITIES

The following table sets forth the Company s loan portfolio composition by loan type for the dates indicated:

| | March 31, 2008 | | December 31, 2007 | | March 31, 2007 | |
|--------------------------|----------------|----------|------------------------|-----------|----------------|----------|
| | Dollar | Percent | Percent Dollar Percent | | Dollar | Percent |
| | Amount | of Total | Amount | of Total | Amount | of Total |
| | | | (Dollars in the | housands) | | |
| Commercial | \$286,898 | 41% | \$284,632 | 40% | \$300,834 | 42% |
| Construction/development | 125,024 | 18% | 138,070 | 19% | 144,024 | 20% |
| Commercial real estate | 243,609 | 35% | 243,245 | 34% | 234,769 | 33% |
| Consumer | 51,705 | 7% | 51,274 | 7% | 42,772 | 6% |
| Loans in process | 141 | 0% | 324 | 0% | 334 | 0% |
| Unearned loan fees, net | (2,425) | 0% | (2,744) | 0% | (2,589) | 0% |
| Total loans | \$704,952 | 100% | \$714,801 | 100% | \$720,144 | 100% |

4. ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES, NONPERFORMING ASSETS, AND LOANS MEASURED FOR IMPAIRMENT

The Company maintains an Allowance for Loan Losses (the Allowance) to reflect inherent losses from its loan portfolio as of the balance sheet date. On a quarterly basis, the Company uses three methods to analyze the Allowance by taking percentage allocations for criticized and classified assets, in addition to a specific allowance for impaired loans, making percentage allocations based upon its internal risk classifications and other specifically identified portions of its loan portfolio, and using ratio analysis and peer comparisons.

The Allowance for Loan Losses is decreased by loan charge-offs and increased by loan recoveries and provisions for loan losses. The Company took a provision for loan losses in the amount of \$1.7 million for the three-month period ending March 31, 2008 to account for increases in nonperforming loans, loan

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charge-offs, and the specific allowance for impaired loans. The following table details activity in the Allowance for the periods indicated:

| Three Months Ended March 31, | | |
|------------------------------|---|--|
| 2008 (Dollars in tho | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| 929 | 1,221 | |
| 79 | | |
| | | |
| | 1 | |
| | | |
| 1,008 | 1,222 | |
| | | |
| 139 | 491 | |
| | | |
| | | |
| 5 | 4 | |
| | | |
| 144 | 495 | |
| 864 | 727 | |
| 1,700 | 455 | |
| | | |
| \$12,571 | \$11,853 | |
| | Mar 2008 (Dollars in \$11,735) 929 79 1,008 139 5 144 864 1,700 | |

Nonperforming assets consist of nonaccrual loans, accruing loans of 90 days or more past due, restructured loans, and real estate owned. The following table sets forth information with respect to nonperforming assets:

| | March 31, 2008 | December 31, 2007 | March 31, 2007 |
|--|-------------------|------------------------------------|----------------|
| Nonaccrual loans | \$12,095 | (Dollars in thousands) \$ 9,673 | \$ 6,435 |
| Accruing loans past due 90 days or more Restructured loans | 2,793 | 1,665 | 3,679 78 |
| Total nonperforming loans Real estate owned | 14,888 8,264 | 11,338 4,445 | 10,192 829 |
| Total nonperforming assets | \$23,152 | \$ 15,783 | \$ 11,021 |
| Allowance for loan losses | \$12,571 | \$ 11,735 | \$ 11,853 |

At March 31, 2008, December 31, 2007, and March 31, 2007, the Company had impaired loans of \$55.8 million, \$51.4 million, and \$29.1 million, respectively. A specific allowance of \$4.1 million, \$3.3 million, and \$4.7 million, respectively, was established for these loans for the periods noted. The increase in impaired loans at March 31, 2008, as compared to December 31, 2007, resulted mainly from the addition of two residential construction projects, a business loan, and a commercial real estate loan that were not included in loans measured for impairment at

December 31, 2007 and the deletion of one residential construction project that was included in impaired loans at December 31, 2007 but not at March 31, 2008. The increase in loans measured for impairment at December 31, 2007, as compared to March 31, 2007, resulted mainly from the addition of two residential land development loans that were not included in impaired loans at March 31, 2007.

At March 31, 2008, December 31, 2007, and March 31, 2007 the Company held \$8.3 million, \$4.5 million and \$829,000, respectively, as other real estate owned. The Company expects to expend approximately \$2.9 million during 2008 to complete construction of these projects.

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6. INVESTMENT SECURITIES

Investment securities, which include Federal Home Loan Bank stock, totaled \$125.9 million at March 31, 2008, a decrease of \$35.8 million, or 22%, from \$161.7 million at December 31, 2007, and an increase of \$41.4 million, or 49%, from \$84.5 million at March 31, 2007. Investment securities designated as available for sale comprised 89% of the investment portfolio at March 31, 2008, 92% at December 31, 2007, and 84% at March 31, 2007, and are available to meet liquidity requirements. Both available for sale and held to maturity securities may be pledged as collateral to secure public deposits. At March 31, 2008, \$39.9 million in securities, or 32%, of the investment portfolio was pledged, as compared to \$32.4 million, or 20%, at December 31, 2007, and \$21 million, or 25%, at March 31, 2007.

7. OTHER OPERATING INCOME

In December of 2005, the Company, through Northrim Capital Investments Co. (NCIC), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Northrim Bank, purchased an additional 40.1% interest in Northrim Benefits Group, LLC (NBG), which brought its ownership interest in this company to 50.1%. As a result of this increase in ownership, the Company now consolidates the balance sheet and income statement of NBG into its financial statements and notes the minority interest in this subsidiary as a separate line item on its financial statements. In the three-month periods ending March 31, 2008 and 2007, the Company included employee benefit plan income from NBG of \$307,000 and \$257,000, respectively, in its Other Operating Income. This increase is directly related to a growing client base as well as the utilization of additional products and services by existing clients.

Residential Mortgage, LLC (RML) was formed in 1998 and has offices throughout Alaska. During the third quarter of 2004, RML reorganized and became a wholly-owned subsidiary of a newly formed holding company, Residential Mortgage Holding Company, LLC (RML Holding Company). In this process, RML Holding Company acquired another mortgage company, Pacific Alaska Mortgage Company. Prior to the reorganization, the Company, through NCIC, owned a 30% interest in the profits and losses of RML. Following the reorganization, the Company s interest in RML Holding Company decreased to 23.5%. In the three-month period ending March 31, 2008, the Company s earnings from RML increased by \$19,000 to \$33,000 as compared to \$14,000 for the three-month period ending March 31, 2007. The increase in earnings resulted from RML s income increasing due to the increase in mortgage loan originations.

The Company owns a 48% equity interest in Elliott Cove Capital Management LLC (Elliott Cove), an investment advisory services company, through its wholly owned subsidiary, Northrim Investment Services Company (NISC). Elliott Cove began active operations in the fourth quarter of 2002 and has had losses since that time as it continues to build its assets under management. In addition to its ownership interest, the Company provides Elliott Cove with a line of credit that has a commitment amount of \$750,000 and an outstanding balance of \$676,000 as of March 31, 2008. The Company s share of the loss from Elliott Cove for the first quarter of 2008 was \$37,000, as compared to a loss of \$33,000 in the first quarter of 2007. The loss from Elliott Cove was more than offset by commissions that the Company receives for its sales of Elliott Cove investment products, which are accounted for as other operating income and totaled \$73,000 in the first quarter of 2008 as compared to \$66,000 in the first quarter of 2007. A portion of these commissions are paid to the Company s employees and accounted for as salary expense. These commission payments totaled \$9,000 and \$10,000, respectively, in the three-month periods ending March 31, 2007 and 2008. In the first quarter of 2006, through NISC, the Company purchased a 24% interest in Pacific Wealth Advisors, LLC (PWA). PWA is a holding company that owns Pacific Portfolio Consulting, LLC (PPC) and Pacific Portfolio Trust Company (PPTC). PPC is an investment advisory company with an existing client base while PPTC is a start-up operation. During the three-month period ending March 31, 2008, the Company s earnings from PWA increased by \$64,000 to \$11,000 as compared to a loss of \$53,000 for the three-month period ending March 31, 2007. The increase in the Company s share of PWA earnings is due to increased client fees earned on PWA s growing client base coupled with

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decreased personnel costs.

8. DEPOSIT ACTIVITIES

Total deposits at March 31, 2008 and 2007 are \$858.1 million and \$775.4 million, respectively. A portion of this increase is due to the fact that the Company acquired \$47.7 million in deposits through the acquisition of Alaska First in the fourth quarter of 2007. Additionally, at March 31, 2008, the Company held \$25 million in certificates of deposit for the Alaska Permanent Fund Corporation. At March 31, 2007 the Company held no certificates of deposit for the Alaska Permanent Fund. The Alaska Permanent Fund Corporation may invest in certificates of deposit at Alaska banks in an aggregate amount with respect to each bank, not to exceed its capital and at specified rates and terms. The depository bank must collateralize the deposits either with pledged securities or a letter of credit.

9. STOCK INCENTIVE PLAN

The Company has set aside 330,750 shares of authorized stock for the 2004 Stock Incentive Plan (2004 Plan) under which it may grant stock options and restricted stock units. The Company's policy is to issue new shares to cover awards. The total number of shares under the 2004 Plan and previous stock incentive plans at March 31, 2008 was 488,445, which includes 220,246 shares granted under the 2004 Plan leaving 121,969 shares available for future awards. Under the 2004 Plan, certain key employees have been granted the option to purchase set amounts of common stock at the market price on the day the option was granted. Optionees, at their own discretion, may cover the cost of exercise through the exchange, at then fair market value, of already owned shares of the Company's stock. Options are granted for a 10-year period and vest on a pro rata basis over the initial three years from grant. In addition to stock options, the Company has granted restricted stock units to certain key employees under the 2004 Plan. These restricted stock grants cliff vest at the end of a three-year time period.

The Company recognized expenses of \$75,000 and \$55,000 on the fair value of restricted stock units and \$79,000 and \$83,000 on the fair value of stock options for a total of \$154,000 and \$138,000 in stock-based compensation expense for the three-month periods ending March 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

Proceeds from the exercise of stock options for the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 were \$232,000 and \$35,000, respectively. The Company withheld shares valued at \$287,000 and \$4,000 to pay for stock option exercises or income taxes that resulted from the exercise of stock options for the three-month periods ending March 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively. The Company recognized tax deductions of \$90,000 and \$7,000 related to the exercise of these stock options during the quarters ended March 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

10. FAIR VALUE OF ASSETS AND LIABILTIES

On January 1, 2008, the Company adopted the provisions of FASB Statement 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Liabilities* (FAS 159). In accordance with FAS 159, the Company, at its option, can value assets and liabilities at fair value on an instrument-by-instrument basis with changes in the fair value recorded in earnings. The Company elected not to value any additional assets or liabilities at fair value in accordance with FAS 159. On January 1, 2008, the Company also adopted the provisions of FASB Statement 157, *Fair Value Measurements* (FAS 157). FAS 157 defines fair value, establishes a consistent framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosure requirements for fair value measurement.

Fair Value Hierarchy

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In accordance with FASB Statement 157, the Company groups its assets and liabilities measured at fair value in three levels, based on the markets in which the assets and liabilities are traded and the reliability of the assumptions used to determine fair value. These levels are:

<u>Level 1</u>: Valuation is based upon quoted prices for identical instruments traded in active exchange markets, such as the New York Stock Exchange. Level 1 also includes U.S. Treasury and federal agency securities, which are traded by dealers or brokers in active markets. Valuations are obtained from readily available pricing sources for market transactions involving identical assets or liabilities.

<u>Level 2</u>: Valuation is based upon quoted market prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, and model-based valuation techniques for which all significant assumptions are observable in the market.

<u>Level 3</u>: Valuation is generated from model-based techniques that use significant assumptions not observable in the market. These unobservable assumptions reflect the Company s estimation of assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. Valuation techniques include use of option pricing models, discounted cash flow models and similar techniques.

The following valuation methods were used for assets and liabilities recorded at fair value. All financial instruments are held for other than trading purposes.

Available-for-sale Securities: Securities available for sale are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis. Fair values are based on quoted market prices, where available. If quoted market prices are not available, fair values are based on quoted market prices of comparable instruments or model-based valuation techniques.

Loans: Loans are carried at their principal amount outstanding, net of charge-offs, unamortized fees and direct loan origination costs. Loans are placed on non-accrual when management believes doubt exists as to the collectability of the interest or principal. Cash payments received on non-accrual loans are directly applied to the principal balance. We do not record loans at fair value on a recurring basis. We record nonrecurring fair value adjustments to loans to reflect partial write-downs that are based on the observable market price or current appraised value of collateral or the full charge-off of the loan carrying value.

We may be required to measure certain assets such as equity method investments, intangible assets or other real estate owned at fair value on a nonrecurring basis in accordance with GAAP. Any nonrecurring adjustments to fair value usually result from the write down of individual assets. Effective January 1, 2009, the Company will be required to disclose the fair value of these non-financial assets and liabilities in accordance with FASB Staff Position 157-2. The following table sets forth the balances of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis (in thousands):

| | | Quoted Prices in Active | Signifcant | |
|-------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------|
| | | Markets | Other | Significant Unobservable |
| | | for Identical | Observable | Inputs |
| | | Assets | Inputs (Level | • |
| | Total | (Level 1) | 2) | (Level 3) |
| Available-for-sale securities | \$112,245 | | \$ 112,245 | |
| Total | \$112,245 | | \$ 112,245 | |
| | - 12 | - | | |

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As of March 31, 2008, no impairment or valuation adjustment was recognized for assets recognized at fair value on a nonrecurring basis, except for certain loans as shown in the following table (in thousands):

| | | Quoted Prices in Active | Signifcant | | |
|--|----------|-------------------------------|---------------|--------------|--------|
| | | Markets | Other | Significant | |
| | | for | | Unobservable | |
| | | Identical | Observable | Inputs | |
| | | Assets | Inputs (Level | | Total |
| | Total | (Level 1) | 2) | (Level 3) | losses |
| Loans measured for impairment ¹ | \$15,235 | | \$ 13,688 | \$ 1,547 | \$ 760 |
| Total | \$15,235 | | \$ 13,688 | \$ 1,547 | \$ 760 |

Relates to certain impaired collateral dependant loans. The impairment was measured based on the fair value of collateral, in accordance with the provisions of SFAS 114.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS **OF OPERATIONS**

Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This report includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. These forward-looking statements describe Northrim s management s expectations about future events and developments such as future operating results, growth in loans and deposits, continued success of Northrim s style of banking, and the strength of the local economy. All statements other than statements of historical fact, including statements regarding industry prospects and future results of operations or financial position, made in this report are forward-looking. We use words such as anticipates, intends and similar expressions in part to help identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements reflect management s current expectations and are inherently uncertain. Our actual results may differ significantly from management s expectations, and those variations may be both material and adverse. Forward-looking statements are subject to various risks and uncertainties that may cause our actual results to differ materially and adversely from our expectations as indicated in the forward-looking statements. These risks and uncertainties include: the general condition of, and changes in, the Alaska economy; factors that impact our net interest margins; and our ability to maintain asset quality. Further, actual results may be affected by our ability to compete on price and other factors with other financial institutions; customer acceptance of new products and services; the regulatory environment in which we operate; and general trends in the local, regional and national banking industry and economy. Many of these risks, as well as other risks that may have a material adverse impact on our operations and business, are identified in our filings with the SEC. However, you should be aware that these factors are not an exhaustive list, and you should not assume these are the only factors that may cause our actual results to differ from our expectations. In addition, you should note that we do not intend to update any of the forward-looking statements or the uncertainties that may adversely impact those statements.

OVERVIEW

GENERAL

Northrim BanCorp, Inc. (the Company) is a publicly traded bank holding company (Nasdaq: NRIM) with four wholly-owned subsidiaries: Northrim Bank (the Bank), a state chartered, full-service commercial bank, Northrim Investment Services Company (NISC), which we formed in November 2002 to hold the Company s equity interest in Elliott Cove Capital Management LLC (Elliott Cove), an investment advisory services company; Northrim Capital Trust 1 (NCT1), an entity that we formed in May 2003 to facilitate a trust preferred securities offering by the Company, and Northrim Statutory Trust 2 (NST2), an entity that we formed in December 2005 to facilitate a trust preferred securities offering by the Company. We also hold a 23.5% interest in the profits and losses of a residential mortgage holding company, Residential Mortgage Holding Company, LLC (RML Holding Company and mortgage affiliate), through the Bank s wholly-owned subsidiary, Northrim Capital Investments Co. (NCIC). Residential Mortgage LLC (RML), the predecessor of RML Holding Company, was formed in 1998 and has offices throughout Alaska. We also now operate in the Washington and Oregon market areas through Northrim Funding Services (NFS), a division of the Bank that we started in the third quarter of 2004. NFS purchases accounts receivable from its customers and provides them with working capital. In addition, through NCIC, we hold a 50.1% interest in Northrim Benefits Group, LLC (NBG), an insurance brokerage company that focuses on the sale and servicing of employee benefit plans. Finally, in the first quarter of 2006, through NISC, we purchased a 24% interest in Pacific Wealth Advisors, LLC (PWA), an investment advisory and wealth management business located in Seattle, Washington.

SUMMARY OF FIRST QUARTER RESULTS

At March 31, 2008, the Company had assets of \$1 billion and gross portfolio loans of \$705 million, an increase of 10% and a decrease of 2%, respectively, as compared to the balances for these accounts at March 31, 2007. As compared to balances at December 31, 2007, total assets at March 31, 2008 decreased by 1% and total loans at March 31, 2008 decreased by 1%. The Company s net income and diluted earnings per share at March 31, 2008, were \$2.1 million and \$0.34, respectively, a decrease of 21% and 19%, respectively, as compared to the same period in 2007. For the quarter ending March 31, 2008, the Company s net interest income increased \$92,000, or 1%, its

provision for loan losses increased \$1.2 million, or 274%, its other

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operating income increased \$760,000, or 46%, and its other operating expenses increased \$533,000, or 6%, as compared to the first quarter a year ago.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

NET INCOME

Net income for the quarter ended March 31, 2008, was \$2.1 million, or \$0.34 per diluted share, decreases of 21% and 19%, respectively, as compared to net income of \$2.7 million and diluted earnings per share of \$0.42, respectively, for the first quarter of 2007.

The decrease in net income for the three-month period ending March 31, 2008 as compared to the same period a year ago is primarily the result of an increase in the provision for loan losses of \$1.2 million. This increase was partially offset by an increase of \$92,000 in net interest income. Additionally, other operating income for the quarter ended March 31, 2008 increased by \$760,000, to \$2.4 million, as compared to \$1.7 million for the same period a year ago while other operating expenses increased by \$533,000 to \$9.5 million from \$8.9 million in the same quarter of 2007. The increase in other operating income is largely due to a \$358,000 increase in service charges on deposit accounts, most of which is attributable to the April 2007 implementation of a new non-sufficient funds fee on point-of-sale transactions. Increases in other operating expenses partially offset the increases in net interest income and other operating income. Salaries and benefits increased by \$148,000, or 3%, for the three-month period ending March 31, 2008 as compared to the same period a year ago, due to an increase in employees and salary increases driven by competitive pressures. Other increases to other operating expenses for the first quarter of 2008 as compared to the first quarter a year ago include a \$204,000 increase to insurance expense due to decreases in the cash surrender value of assets held under the Company s Keyman insurance policies, a \$131,000 increase in costs net of rental income associated with other real estate owned including taxes, insurance and legal fees, and a \$115,000 increase in FDIC insurance expense that was due to changes in the assessment of FDIC insurance premiums. The decrease in earnings per diluted share for the first quarter of 2008 as compared to the first quarter of 2007 was primarily due to the decrease in net income in the first quarter of 2008.

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NET INTEREST INCOME

Net tax equivalent margin on earning

assets

The primary component of income for most financial institutions is net interest income, which represents the institution s interest income from loans and investment securities minus interest expense, ordinarily on deposits and other interest bearing liabilities. Net interest income for the first quarter of 2008 increased \$92,000, or 1%, to \$12.2 million from \$12.1 million in the first quarter of 2007, as a result of a smaller decrease in interest income as compared to the decrease in interest expense. The following table compares average balances and rates for the quarters ending March 31, 2008 and 2007:

| | | | Thre | ee Months E | Ended Mar | ch 31, | | |
|------------------------------|-----------|---------------|-------|-------------|-------------|--------|----------------|---------|
| | | | | | | Aver | age Yields/ | Costs |
| | Average | Balances | | Change | e | T | Tax Equivalent | |
| | 2008 | 2007 | | \$ | % | 2008 | 2007 | Change |
| | | (Dollars in t | house | anda) | | | | |
| Commercial | \$280,537 | \$293,102 | | \$12,565) | -4% | 8.02% | 9.47% | -1.45% |
| Construction/development | 135,567 | 149,517 | , | (13,950) | -4 % -9% | 9.43% | 11.34% | -1.43 % |
| Commercial real estate | 241,576 | 231,983 | | 9,593 | -970 4% | 7.86% | 8.74% | -0.88% |
| Consumer | 51,327 | 42,152 | | 9,393 | 22% | 7.13% | 7.66% | -0.53% |
| Other loans | (1,725) | (1,337) | | (388) | 29% | 7.13/0 | 7.00 /6 | -0.5570 |
| Other loans | (1,723) | (1,337) | | (300) | 2970 | | | |
| Total loans | 707,282 | 715,417 | | (8,135) | -1% | 8.20% | 9.54% | -1.34% |
| Short-term investments | 25,587 | 11,435 | | 14,152 | 124% | 3.01% | 5.14% | -2.13% |
| Long-term investments | 144,617 | 88,712 | | 55,905 | 63% | 4.85% | 4.70% | 0.15% |
| Interest-earning assets | 877,486 | 815,564 | | 61,922 | 8% | 7.50% | 8.96% | -1.46% |
| Nonearning assets | 98,719 | 84,993 | | 13,726 | 16% | 7.5070 | 0.5070 | 1.1070 |
| Total | \$976,205 | \$900,557 | \$ | 75,648 | 8% | | | |
| Interest-bearing liabilities | \$668,535 | \$611,471 | \$ | 57,064 | 9% | 2.49% | 3.90% | -1.41% |
| E . | • | • | Ф | , | 9% 8% | 2.49% | 3.90% | -1.41% |
| Demand deposits | 194,298 | 180,054 | | 14,244 | | | | |
| Other liabilities | 10,579 | 12,520 | | (1,941) | -16% | | | |
| Equity | 102,793 | 96,512 | | 6,281 | 7% | | | |
| Total | \$976,205 | \$900,557 | \$ | 75,648 | 8% | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

Interest-earning assets averaged \$877.5 million and \$815.6 million for the three-month periods ending March 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively, an increase of \$61.9 million, or 8%. The tax equivalent margin on interest-earning assets averaged 5.60% and 6.04%, respectively, for the three-month periods ending March 31, 2008 and 2007, decreasing 44 basis points from the respective period in 2007.

5.60%

6.04%

-0.44%

Loans, the largest category of interest-earning assets, decreased by \$8.1 million, or 1%, to an average of \$707.3 million in the first quarter of 2008 from \$715.4 million in the first quarter of 2007. Commercial and

construction loans decreased by \$12.6 million and \$14 million on average, respectively, between the first quarters of 2008 and 2007. Commercial real estate and consumer loans increased by \$9.6 million and \$9.2 million on average between the first quarters of 2008 and 2007. The decline in the loan portfolio resulted from a combination of a transfer to other real estate owned of \$7.4 million, refinance and loan payoff activity, and a decrease in construction loan originations. We expect the loan portfolio to grow slightly in the future with moderate growth in commercial loans and commercial real estate, decreases in construction loans, and further increases in consumer loans as we sell more consumer loans to the larger consumer account base that we have developed with the High Performance Checking (HPC) product. Residential construction activity in Anchorage, the Company is largest market, is expected to continue to decline through 2008 due to a decline in available building lots and sales activity. While the Company believes it has offset a portion of this effect

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by acquiring additional residential construction customers, it expects that the real estate markets in Anchorage, the Matanuska-Susitna Valley, and the Fairbanks areas will continue to decrease from the prior year and lead to an overall decline in its construction loans. The yield on the loan portfolio averaged 8.20% for the first quarter of 2007, a decrease of 134 basis points from 9.54% over the same quarter a year ago.

Average investments increased \$61.9 million or 8% to \$877.5 million for the first quarter of 2008 from \$815.6 million in the first quarter of 2007. This increase resulted mainly from additional deposit accounts generated from the continued success of the HPC products. Additionally, the Company acquired \$23.8 million in investments when it purchased Alaska First Bank & Trust, N.A. (Alaska First) in the fourth quarter of 2007.

Interest-bearing liabilities averaged \$668.5 million for the first quarter of 2008, an increase of \$57 million, or 9%, compared to \$611.5 million for the same period in 2007. This increase in due in part to the \$47.4 million in deposits acquired by the Company in the Alaska First acquisition. The average cost of interest-bearing liabilities decreased 141 basis points to 2.49% for the first quarter of 2008 compared to 3.90% for the first quarter of 2007. The decrease in the average cost of funds in 2008 as compared to 2007 is largely due to the interest rate cuts by the Federal Reserve that began in the third quarter of 2007 and continued through the first quarter ending March 31, 2008.

The Company s net interest income as a percentage of average interest-earning assets (net tax-equivalent margin) was 5.60% for the first quarter of 2008 and 6.04% for the same period in 2007. During the first quarter of 2008, the yield on the Company s loans decreased due to lower yields on all segments of the portfolio while its funding costs also experienced a decrease due to a decline in interest rates as noted above. As loan volume declined in the three-months ending March 31, 2008, investment volume increased by \$61.9 million on average as compared to the same period a year ago. However, the yields on the Company s short and long-term investments averaged 3.01% and 4.85%, respectively, as compared to an average yield on its loans of 8.20% during the first quarter of 2008. This shift from higher yielding to lower yielding assets had a negative effect on the Company s net tax equivalent margin.

OTHER OPERATING INCOME

Other operating income consists of earnings on service charges, fees and other items as well as gains from the sale of securities. Set forth below is the change in Other Operating Income between the three-month periods ending March 31, 2008 and 2007:

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | | | |
|--|------------------------------|--------|----------|-------|
| | 2008 | 200 | 7 \$ Chg | % Chg |
| | (Dollars in thousands) | | | |
| Service charges on deposit accounts | \$ 862 | \$ 50 | 4 \$358 | 71% |
| Purchased receivable income | 529 | 42 | 7 102 | 24% |
| Employee benefit plan income | 307 | 25 | 7 50 | 19% |
| Electronic banking fees | 246 | 18 | 3 63 | 34% |
| Loan servicing fees | 124 | 10 | 16 | 15% |
| Merchant credit card transaction fees | 106 | 10 | 2 4 | 4% |
| Equity in earnings from mortgage affiliate | 33 | 1 | 4 19 | 136% |
| Equity in earnings from PWA | 11 | (5 | (3) | 121% |
| Equity in loss from Elliott Cove | (37) | (3 | 3) (4) | -12% |
| Other | 241 | 15 | 3 88 | 58% |
| Total | \$2,422 | \$1,66 | \$760 | 46% |

Total other operating income for the first quarter of 2008 was \$2.4 million, an increase of \$760,000 from \$1.7 million in the first quarter of 2007. This increase is due primarily to increases in income from service charges on deposit accounts and continued growth in the Company s purchased receivable products.

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Service charges on the Company s deposit accounts increased by \$358,000, or 71%, to \$862,000 in the first quarter of 2008 from \$504,000 in the same period a year ago. This increase results primarily from the April 2007 implementation of NSF fees on point-of-sale transactions, which represents approximately all of the three-month period increase in service charges.

Income from the Company s purchased receivable products increased by \$102,000, or 24%, to \$529,000 in the first quarter of 2008 from \$427,000 in the same period a year ago. The Company uses these products to purchase accounts receivable from its customers and provide them with working capital for their businesses. While the customers are responsible for collecting these receivables, the Company mitigates this risk with extensive monitoring of the customers transactions and control of the proceeds from the collection process. The Company earns income from the purchased receivable product by charging finance charges to its customers for the purchase of their accounts receivable. The overall average turnover of these receivables has decreased. Accordingly, income from this product has increased during the current period compared to the same period a year ago because income is recognized over the average turnover period. The Company expects the income level from this product to decline on a year-over-year comparative basis as the Company expects that some of its customers will move into different products to meet their working capital needs.

During the first quarter of 2008, employee benefit plan income from NBG was \$307,000, an increase of \$50,000, or 19% compared to the same quarter in 2007 as NBG sold more of its products to a larger client base.

The Company s electronic banking revenue increased by \$63,000, or 34%, to \$246,000 for the three-month period ending March 31, 2008 from \$183,000 in the same period a year ago. The increase in these revenues came from additional fees collected from increased point of sale transactions and internet banking fees. The point of sale fees have increased as a result of the increased number of deposit accounts that the Company has acquired through the marketing of the HPC product and overall continued increased usage of point of sale by the entire customer base. The internet banking fees increased due to a change in the Company s internet banking product.

The Company s share of the earnings from its 23.5% interest in its mortgage affiliate, RML, increased by \$19,000 to \$33,000 during the first quarter of 2008 as compared to \$14,000 in the first quarter of 2007. The increase in earnings resulted from RML s income increasing due to the increase in mortgage loan originations.

The Company s share of the earnings from PWA for the first quarter of 2008 was \$11,000, as compared to a loss of \$53,000 in the first quarter of 2007. This increase is the result of increased client fees earned on PWA s growing client base coupled with decreased personnel costs.

Other income increased by \$88,000, or 58%, in the first quarter of 2008 to \$241,000 from \$153,000 for the same period in 2007. This increase is primarily due to \$56,000 in proceeds received for the mandatory partial redemption of the Company s Class B common stock in VISA Inc. Additionally, the Company received \$20,000 in fees on funds placed into the Certificate of Deposit Account Registry Service. Finally, the Company received commissions for the sale of the Elliott Cove investment products. These commissions are included in other income. During the first quarter of 2008, the Company s Elliott Cove commissions increased by \$7,000, or 11%, to \$73,000 from \$66,000 in the same period in 2007.

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EXPENSES

Other Operating Expense

The following table breaks out the components of and changes in Other Operating Expense between the three-month periods ending March 31, 2008 and 2007:

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|------------|-------|
| | 2008 | 2007 | \$ Chg | % Chg |
| | | (Dollars in | thousands) | |
| Salaries and other personnel expense | \$5,403 | \$5,255 | \$ 148 | 3% |
| Occupancy, net | 824 | 698 | 126 | 18% |
| Marketing | 390 | 459 | (69) | -15% |
| Professional and outside services | 309 | 237 | 72 | 30% |
| Equipment, net | 296 | 342 | (46) | -13% |
| Intangible asset amortization | 88 | 121 | (33) | -27% |
| Purchased receivable losses | (13) | 245 | (258) | -105% |
| Other expense | 2,168 | 1,575 | 593 | 38% |
| Total | \$9,465 | \$8,932 | \$ 533 | 6% |

Total other operating expense for the first quarter of 2008 was \$9.5 million, an increase of \$533,000, or 6%, from \$8.9 million for the same period in 2007.

Salaries and benefits increased by \$148,000, or 3%, for the three-month period ending March 31, 2008 as compared to the same period a year ago due to an increase in employees and salary increases driven by competitive pressures. Occupancy expense increased by \$126,000 or 18%, for the three-month period ending March 31, 2008 as compared to the same period a year ago due to expenses associated with leases assumed in the purchase of Alaska First Bank & Trust, N.A. (Alaska First) in the fourth quarter of 2007 as well as increased rental costs at the Company s headquarters facility, and lease expense for new office space that the Company began occupying in the fourth quarter of 2007. Marketing expenses decreased by \$69,000, or 15%, for the three-month period ending March 31, 2008 as compared to the same period a year ago primarily due to decreased general advertising costs. Marketing costs related to the Company s HPC consumer and business products are expected to remain consistent with 2007 through 2008 as the Company also expects that the Bank will increase its deposit accounts and balances as it continues to utilize the HPC Program over the next year. Furthermore, the Company expects that the additional deposit accounts will continue to generate increased fee income that will offset a majority of the marketing costs associated with the HPC Program. Professional and outside services increased by \$72,000, or 30%, for the three-month period ending March 31, 2008 as compared to the same period a year ago. The majority of this increase is due to fees paid for services rendered by former Alaska First employees to facilitate the transition of Alaska First operations to the Company. The Company experienced a \$13,000 recovery on one of its purchased receivable accounts during the first quarter of 2008. During the first quarter of 2007, the Company experienced a \$245,000 loss on this same purchased receivable. Other expense increased by \$593,000, or 38%, for the three-month period ending March 31, 2008 as compared to the same period a year ago. The largest of the increases for the quarter ended March 31, 2008 as compared to the same period in 2007 was a \$204,000 increase to insurance expense due to decreases in the cash surrender value of assets held under the Company s Keyman policies. Additionally, the Company experienced a \$131,000 increase in costs net of rental income associated with other real estate owned

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including taxes, insurance and legal fees, and a \$115,000 increase in FDIC insurance expense that was due to changes in the assessment of FDIC insurance premiums. Finally, other loan expenses and operational losses net of recoveries increased by \$73,000 and \$45,000, respectively in the three-month period ending March 31, 2008 compared to the same period a year ago.

Income Taxes

The provision for income taxes was \$1.2 million and \$1.6 million for the first quarters of 2008 and 2007, respectively. The effective tax rates for the first quarters of 2008 and 2007, were 36% and 37%, respectively. The decrease in the tax rate for the first quarter of 2008 was primarily due to increased tax exempt income on investments relative to the level of taxable income. The Company expects that its tax rate for the rest of 2008 will be approximately similar to the tax rate of the first quarter of this year.

CHANGES IN FINANCIAL CONDITION

ASSETS

Loans and Lending Activities

General: Our loan products include short and medium-term commercial loans, commercial credit lines, construction and real estate loans, and consumer loans. From our inception, we have emphasized commercial, land development and home construction, and commercial real estate lending. These types of lending have provided us with market opportunities and higher net interest margins than other types of lending. However, they also involve greater risks, including greater exposure to changes in local economic conditions, than certain other types of lending. Loans are the highest yielding component of our earning assets. Average loans declined by \$8.1 million, or 1%, to \$707.3 million in the first quarter of 2008 as compared to \$715.4 million in the same period of 2007. This decrease is net of \$13.2 million in loans acquired from Alaska First in the fourth quarter of 2007. Loans comprised 81% of total average earning assets for the quarter ending March 31, 2007. The yield on loans averaged 8.20% for the quarter ended March 31, 2008, compared to 9.54% during the same period in 2007.

The loan portfolio decreased by \$15.2 million, or 2% from \$720.1 million at March 31, 2007 to \$705 million at March 31, 2008. Loans decreased by \$9.8 million, or 1%, from \$714.8 million at December 31, 2007, to \$705 million at March 31, 2008. Commercial loans decreased \$13.9 million, or 5%, construction loans decreased \$19 million, or 13%, commercial real estate loans increased \$8.8 million, or 4%, and consumer loans increased \$8.9 million, or 21%, from March 31, 2007 to March 31, 2008. In addition, commercial loans increased \$2.3 million, or less than 1%, commercial real estate loans increased \$364,000, or less than 1%, construction loans decreased \$13 million, or 9%, and consumer loans increased \$431,000, or less than 1%, from December 31, 2007 to March 31, 2008. The decline in the loan portfolio resulted from a combination of a transfer to other real estate owned of \$7.4 million, refinance and loan payoff activity, and a decrease in construction loan originations. We expect the loan portfolio to grow slightly in the future with moderate growth in commercial loans and commercial real estate, decreases in construction loans, and further increases in consumer loans as we sell more consumer loans to the larger consumer account base that we have developed with the High Performance Checking (HPC) product. Residential construction activity in Anchorage, the Company s largest market, is expected to continue to decline through 2008 due to a decline in available building lots and sales activity. While the Company believes it has offset a portion of this effect by acquiring additional residential construction customers, it expects that the real estate markets in Anchorage, the Matanuska-Susitna Valley, and the Fairbanks areas will continue to decrease from the prior year and lead to an overall decline in its construction loans.

Loan Portfolio Composition: Loans decreased to \$705 million at March 31, 2008, from \$714.8 million at December 31, 2007 and \$720.1 million at March 31, 2007. At March 31, 2008, 46% of the portfolio

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was scheduled to mature over the next 12 months, and 27% was scheduled to mature between April 1, 2009, and March 31, 2013. Future growth in loans is generally dependent on new loan demand and deposit growth, and is constrained by the Company s policy of being well-capitalized. In addition, the fact that 46% of the loan portfolio is scheduled to mature in the next 12 months poses an added risk to the Company s efforts to increase its loan totals as it attempts to renew or replace these maturing loans.

The following table sets forth the Company s loan portfolio composition by loan type for the dates indicated:

| | March 31, 2008 | | December | 31, 2007 | March 31, 2007 | |
|--------------------------|----------------|----------|-----------------|-----------|----------------|----------|
| | Dollar | Percent | Dollar | Percent | Dollar | Percent |
| | Amount | of Total | Amount | of Total | Amount | of Total |
| | | | (Dollars in the | nousands) | | |
| Commercial | \$286,898 | 41% | \$284,632 | 40% | \$300,804 | 42% |
| Construction/development | 125,024 | 18% | 138,070 | 19% | 144,024 | 20% |
| Commercial real estate | 243,609 | 35% | 243,245 | 34% | 234,769 | 33% |
| Consumer | 51,705 | 7% | 51,274 | 7% | 42,772 | 6% |
| Loans in process | 141 | 0% | 324 | 0% | 364 | 0% |
| Unearned loan fees | (2,425) | 0% | (2,744) | 0% | (2,589) | 0% |
| Total loans | \$704,952 | 100% | \$714,801 | 100% | \$720,144 | 100% |

Nonperforming Loans; Real Estate Owned: Nonperforming assets consist of nonaccrual loans, accruing loans that are 90 days or more past due, restructured loans, and real estate owned. The following table sets forth information with respect to nonperforming assets:

| | March 31, 2008 | December 31, 2007 | March 31, 2007 |
|--|-------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| Nonaccrual loans Accruing loans past due 90 days or more Restructured loans | \$12,095 2,793 | (Dollars in thousands) \$ 9,673 1,665 | \$ 6,435 3,679 78 |
| Total nonperforming loans Real estate owned | 14,888 8,264 | 11,338 4,445 | 10,192 829 |
| Total nonperforming assets | \$23,152 | \$ 15,783 | \$ 11,021 |
| Allowance for loan losses | \$12,571 | \$ 11,735 | \$ 11,853 |
| Nonperforming loans to portfolio loans Nonperforming assets to total assets Allowance to portfolio loans | 2.11% 2.31% 1.78% | 1.59% 1.56% 1.64% | 1.42% 1.21% 1.65% |
| Allowance to nonperforming loans | 84% | 104% | 116% |

Other real estate owned increased by \$3.8 million to \$8.3 million at March 31, 2008 from \$4.5 million at December 31, 2007. This increase was the result of the transfer of two residential construction projects and one land development project to other real estate owned in March 2008. Other real estate owned increased by \$7.4 million from March 31, 2007 to March 31, 2008. This increase was the net result of the sale of two properties in 2007 and the transfer of three residential construction projects and three land development projects to other real estate owned. The Company sold all other real estate owned at March 31, 2007 by December 31, 2007 and recognized gains on sale of

\$110,000. The Company expects to expend approximately \$2.9 million during 2008 to complete construction of these projects.

Nonaccrual, Accruing Loans 90 Days or More Past Due and Restructured Loans: The Company s financial statements are prepared based on the accrual basis of accounting, including recognition of interest income on the Company s loan portfolio, unless a loan is placed on a nonaccrual basis. For financial reporting purposes, amounts received on nonaccrual loans generally will be applied first to principal and then to interest only after all principal has been collected.

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Restructured loans are those for which concessions, including the reduction of interest rates below a rate otherwise available to that borrower, have been granted due to the borrower s weakened financial condition. Interest on restructured loans will be accrued at the restructured rates when it is anticipated that no loss of original principal will occur and the interest can be collected.

Total nonperforming loans at March 31, 2008, were \$14.9 million, or 2.11%, of total portfolio loans, an increase of \$3.6 million from \$11.3 million at December 31, 2007, and an increase of \$4.7 million from \$10.2 million at March 31, 2007. The increase in the nonperforming loans in the first quarter of 2008 from the end of 2007 was due in large part to a \$2.4 million increase in nonaccrual loans that resulted primarily from the addition of one land development loan, one residential construction loan, and one commercial loan as well as the transfer of two residential construction loans and one land development loan to real estate owned. In addition to the increase in nonaccrual loans, there was a \$1.1 million increase in accruing loans that were 90 days or more past due that resulted primarily from three residential construction loans. The Company plans to continue to devote resources to resolve its nonperforming loans, and it continues to write down assets to their estimated fair market value when they are in a non-performing status, which is accounted for through the calculation of the Allowance for Loan Losses.

At March 31, 2008, December 31, 2007, and March 31, 2007, the Company had impaired loans of \$55.8 million, \$51.4 million, and \$29.1 million, respectively. A specific allowance of \$4.1 million, \$3.3 million, and \$4.7 million, respectively, was established for these loans. The increase in impaired loans at March 31, 2008, as compared to December 31, 2007, resulted mainly from the addition of two residential construction projects, a business loan, and a commercial real estate loan that were not included in loans measured for impairment at December 31, 2007 and the deletion of one residential construction project that was included in impaired loans at December 31, 2007 but not at March 31, 2008. The increase in loans measured for impairment at December 31, 2007, as compared to March 31, 2007, resulted mainly from the addition of two residential land development loans that were not included in impaired loans at March 31, 2007.

Potential Problem Loans: At March 31, 2008 the Company had \$14.9 million in potential problem loans, as compared to \$7.1 million at March 31, 2007 as a result of adding five loans to the listing of potential problem loans and deleting six loans from this list since March 31, 2007. At December 31, 2007, the Company had potential problem loans of \$13.5 million. The increase from December 31, 2007 is the result of the addition of three loans. Potential problem loans are loans which are currently performing and are not included in nonaccrual, accruing loans 90 days or more past due, or restructured loans at the end of the applicable period, about which the Company has developed doubts as to the borrower s ability to comply with present repayment terms and which may later be included in nonaccrual, past due, restructured loans or impaired loans.

Analysis of Allowance for Loan Losses and Loan Loss Provision: The Company maintains an Allowance for Loan Losses to recognize inherent and probable losses from its loan portfolio. On a quarterly basis, the Company uses three methods to analyze the Allowance by taking percentage allocations for criticized and classified assets in addition to a specific allowance for impaired loans, making percentage allocations based upon its internal risk classifications and other specifically identified portions of its loan portfolio, and using ratio analysis and peer comparisons.

The Allowance for Loan Losses was \$12.6 million, or 1.78% of total portfolio loans outstanding, at March 31, 2008, compared to \$11.9 million, or 1.65% of total portfolio loans at March 31, 2007 and \$11.7 million, or 1.64% of

compared to \$11.9 million, or 1.65%, of total portfolio loans at March 31, 2007 and \$11.7 million, or 1.64% of portfolio loans, at December 31, 2007. The Allowance for Loan Losses represented 84% of non-performing loans at March 31, 2008, as compared to 116% of nonperforming loans at March 31, 2007 and 104% of nonperforming loans at December 31, 2007.

The Allowance for Loan Losses is decreased for loan charge-offs and increased for loan recoveries and provisions for loan losses. The Company took a provision for loan losses in the amount of \$1.7 million for the three-month period ending March 31, 2008 to account for increases in non-performing loans, loan

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charge-offs, and the specific allowance for impaired loans as well as continued softening in the residential construction market.

The following table details activity in the Allowance for Loan Losses for the dates indicated:

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|--|
| | 2008 | 2007 | |
| | (Dollars in thousa | | |
| Balance at beginning of period | \$11,735 | \$12,125 | |
| Charge-offs: | | | |
| Commercial | 929 | 1,221 | |
| Construction/development | 79 | | |
| Commercial real estate | | | |
| Consumer | | 1 | |
| | | | |
| Total charge-offs | 1,008 | 1,222 | |
| Recoveries: | | | |
| Commercial | 139 | 491 | |
| Construction/development | | | |
| Commercial real estate | | | |
| Consumer | 5 | 4 | |
| | | | |
| Total recoveries | 144 | 495 | |
| Net, (recoveries) charge-offs | 864 | 727 | |
| Provision for loan losses | 1,700 | 455 | |
| | \$10.55 1 | 411.073 | |
| Balance at end of period | \$12,571 | \$11,853 | |

The provision for loan losses for the three-month period ending March 31, 2008 was \$1.7 million as compared to a provision for loan losses of \$455,000 for the three-month period ending March 31, 2007. During the three-month period ending March 31, 2008, there were \$864,000 in net loan charge-offs as compared to \$727,000 of net loan charge-offs for the same period in 2007. Loan charge-offs decreased during this same time period from \$1.2 million for the three-month period ending March 31, 2007 to \$1 million for the three-month period ending March 31, 2008. Management believes that, based on its review of the performance of the loan portfolio and the various methods it uses to analyze its Allowance for Loan Losses, at March 31, 2008 the Allowance for Loan Losses was adequate to cover losses in the loan portfolio at the balance sheet date.

Investment Securities

Investment securities, which include Federal Home Loan Bank stock, totaled \$125.9 million at March 31, 2008, a decrease of \$35.8 million, or 22%, from \$161.7 million at December 31, 2007, and an increase of \$41.4 million, or 49%, from \$84.5 million at March 31, 2007. The decrease in investments from December 31, 2007 to March 31, 2008 is the result of calls of several agency securities. The increase in investments from March 31, 2007 to March 31, 2008 is mainly due to additional deposit accounts generated from the continued success of the HPC products. Additionally, the Company acquired \$23.8 million in investments when it purchased Alaska First in the fourth quarter of 2007. Investment securities designated as available for sale comprised 89% of the investment portfolio at March 31, 2008, 92% at December 31, 2007, and 84% at March 31, 2007, and are available to meet liquidity requirements. Both available for sale and held to maturity securities may be pledged as collateral to secure public deposits. At March 31, 2008, \$39.9 million in securities, or 32%, of the investment portfolio was pledged, as compared to \$32.4 million, or 20%, at December 31, 2007, and \$21 million, or 25%, at March 31, 2007. The increase in pledged securities is mainly due to the fact that as of March 31, 2008, the Company has pledged \$10.5 million to collateralize Alaska Permanent

Fund certificates of deposit. No securities were pledged for Alaska Permanent Fund certificates of deposit as of December 31, 2007 or March 31, 2007.

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LIABILITIES

Deposits

General: Deposits are the Company s primary source of funds. Total deposits decreased \$9.2 million to \$858.1 million at March 31, 2008, from \$867.4 million at December 31, 2007, and increased \$82.7 million from \$775.4 million at March 31, 2007. The Company s deposits generally are expected to fluctuate according to the level of the Company s market share, economic conditions, and normal seasonal trends. As mentioned earlier, as the Bank continues to implement its HPC products, the Company expects increases in the number of deposit accounts and the balances associated with them.

Certificates of Deposit: The only deposit category with stated maturity dates is certificates of deposit. At March 31, 2008, the Company had \$139.9 million in certificates of deposit as compared to certificates of deposit of \$95.9 million and \$103.5 million, for the periods ending March 31, 2007 and December 31, 2007, respectively. At March 31, 2008, \$108.1 million, or 77%, of the Company s certificates of deposits are scheduled to mature over the next 12 months as compared to \$70 million, or 68%, of total certificates of deposit, at December 31, 2007, and to \$65.5 million, or 68%, of total certificates of deposit at March 31, 2007.

Alaska Certificates of Deposit: The Alaska Certificate of Deposit (Alaska CD) is a savings deposit product with an open-ended maturity, interest rate that adjusts to an index that is tied to the two-year United States Treasury Note, and limited withdrawals. The total balance in the Alaska CD at March 31, 2008, was \$148.1 million, a decrease of \$46.9 million as compared to the balance of \$195 million at March 31, 2007 and a decrease of \$23.2 million from a balance of \$171.3 million at December 31, 2007. The Company expects the total balance of the Alaska CD in 2008 to continue to be at lower levels as compared to 2007 as customers move into hig