August 14, 2002
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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR QUARTER ENDED: JUNE 30, 2002
COMMISSION FILE NUMBER: 0-11108

SUMMIT BANCSHARES, INC.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA I.R.S. IDENTIFICATION
NUMBER 94-2767067
2969 BROADWAY, OAKLAND CALIFORNIA 94611
(510) 839-8800

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.
$\qquad$
The number of shares outstanding of the registrant s common stock was $1,854,328$ shares of no par value common stock
as of JUNE 30, 2002

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ITEM 1. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## SUMMIT BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION JUNE 30, 2002 AND DECEMBER 31, 2001

| ASSETS | Unaudited 06/30/02 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Audited } \\ & 12 / 31 / 01 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cash and due from banks | \$ | 11,518,470 | \$ | 5,532,202 |
| Federal funds sold |  | 16,945,000 |  | 20,070,000 |
| Cash and cash equivalents |  | 28,463,470 |  | 25,602,202 |
| Time deposits with other financial institutions |  | 22,246,026 |  | 27,189,613 |
| Investment securities (fair value of \$2,044,637 at June 30, 2002 and \$2,074,688 at December 31, 2001 ) held to maturity |  | 2,021,767 |  | 2,029,750 |
| Loans: | \$ | 95,915,357 | \$ | 88,648,893 |
| Less: allowance for loan losses | \$ | 1,555,022 | \$ | 1,506,750 |
| Net loans |  | 94,360,335 |  | 87,142,143 |
| Premises and equipment, net |  | 750,511 |  | 804,115 |
| Interest receivable and other assets |  | 5,264,409 |  | 4,884,324 |
| Total Assets | \$ | 153,106,518 | \$ | 147,652,147 |

## LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

| Deposits: |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Demand | \$ | 45,508,471 | \$ | 38,484,086 |
| Interest-bearing transaction accounts |  | 38,669,401 |  | 48,553,348 |
| Savings |  | 3,232,923 |  | 2,566,402 |
| Time certificates \$100,000 and over |  | 32,396,077 |  | 32,420,495 |
| Other time certificates |  | 13,641,613 |  | 6,719,637 |
| Total Deposits |  | 133,448,485 |  | 128,743,968 |
| Interest payable and other liabilities |  | 1,004,331 |  | 698,311 |
| Total Liabilities |  | 134,452,816 |  | 129,442,279 |
| Shareholders Equity |  |  |  |  |
| Preferred Stock, no par value: |  |  |  |  |
| 2,000,000 shares authorized, no shares outstanding |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Common Stock, no par value: |  |  |  |  |
| $3,000,000$ shares authorized; <br> $1,854,328$ shares outstanding at June 30, 2002 and |  |  |  |  |
| Retained Earnings |  | 14,888,749 |  | 14,457,382 |
| Total Shareholders Equity |  | 18,653,702 |  | 18,209,868 |
| Total Liabilities and Shareholders Equity | \$ | 153,106,518 | \$ | 147,652,147 |

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SUMMIT BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 AND 2001
(UNAUDITED)

|  | THREE MONTHS ENDED 6-30-02 |  | THREE MONTHS ENDED 6-30-01 |  | SIX MONTHSENDED6-30-02 |  | SIX MONTHS |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| INTEREST INCOME: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest and fees on loans | \$ | 2,107,595 | \$ | 2,017,823 | \$ | 3,912,208 | \$ | 4,311,542 |
| Interest on time deposits with other financial institutions |  | 283,013 |  | 365,439 |  | 595,201 |  | 757,290 |
| Interest on U.S. government treasury securities |  | 22,259 |  | 38,742 |  | 44,517 |  | 150,606 |
| Interest on federal funds sold |  | 106,841 |  | 338,804 |  | 217,287 |  | 669,855 |
| Total interest income |  | 2,519,708 |  | 2,760,808 |  | 4,769,213 |  | 5,889,293 |
| INTEREST EXPENSE: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest on deposits |  | 769,837 |  | 740,851 |  | 1,269,714 |  | 1,604,570 |
| Total interest expense |  | 769,837 |  | 740,851 |  | 1,269,714 |  | 1,604,570 |
| Net interest income |  | 1,749,871 |  | 2,019,957 |  | 3,499,499 |  | 4,284,723 |
| Provision for loan losses |  | 15,000 |  | 35,000 |  | 32,000 |  | 132,000 |
| Net interest income after provision for loan losses |  | 1,734,871 |  | 1,984,957 |  | 3,467,499 |  | 4,152,723 |

NON-INTEREST INCOME:

| Service charges on deposit accounts | 54,084 | 63,133 | 117,103 | 118,254 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Other customer fees and charges | 28,631 | 22,511 | 101,291 | 56,599 |
| Total non-interest income | 82,715 | 85,644 | 218,394 | 174,853 |


| NON-INTEREST EXPENSE: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Salaries and employee benefits |  | 678,888 |  | 667,695 |  | 1,485,148 |  | 1,379,668 |
| Occupancy expense |  | 73,353 |  | 85,733 |  | 148,382 |  | 193,910 |
| Equipment expense |  | 92,535 |  | 61,995 |  | 172,716 |  | 119,631 |
| Other |  | 285,744 |  | 294,976 |  | 561,829 |  | 580,868 |
| Total non-interest expense |  | 1,130,520 |  | 1,110,399 |  | 2,368,075 |  | 2,274,077 |
| Income before income taxes |  | 687,066 |  | 960,202 |  | 1,317,818 |  | 2,053,499 |
| Provision for income taxes |  | 285,480 |  | 400,034 |  | 538,765 |  | 857,838 |
| Net Income | \$ | 401,586 | \$ | 560,168 | \$ | 779,053 | \$ | 1,195,661 |


| EARNINGS PER SHARE: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Earnings per common share | $\$$ | 0.22 | $\$$ | 0.29 | $\$$ | 0.42 | $\$$ | 0.65 |
| Earnings per common share assuming dilution | $\$$ | 0.21 | $\$$ | 0.30 | $\$$ | 0.42 | $\$$ | 0.64 |
| Weighted average shares outstanding |  | $1,854,328$ |  | $1,846,224$ | $1,853,141$ | $1,841,864$ |  |  |
| Weighted avg. shrs. outsdg. assuming dilution |  | $1,871,894$ |  | $1,860,344$ | $1,870,643$ | $1,861,288$ |  |  |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

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## SUMMIT BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 AND 2001 (UNAUDITED)

|  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { NUMBER OF } \\ \text { SHARES } \\ \text { OUTSTANDING } \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { COMMON } \\ \text { STOCK } \end{array}$ |  | RETAINED <br> EARNINGS | TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance at December 31, 2000 | 1,837,548 | \$ | 3,699,017 | \$ | 13,136,106 | 16,835,123 |
| Stock Options Exercised | 12,944 |  | 53,469 |  | 0 | 53,469 |
| Repurchase of Common Stock | - |  | 0 |  | ) | 0 |
| Issuance of cash dividends of \$.1875 per share | 0 |  | 0 |  | $(347,047)$ | $(347,047)$ |
| Net Income | 0 |  | 0 |  | 1,195,660 | 1,195,660 |
| Balance at June 30, 2001 | 1,850,492 | \$ | 3,752,486 | \$ | 13,984,719 | \$ 17,737,205 |
| Balance at December 31, 2001 | 1,850,492 | \$ | 3,752,486 | \$ | 14,457,382 | \$18,209,868 |
| Stock Options Exercised | 3,836 |  | 12,467 |  | 0 | 12,467 |
| Issuance of cash dividends of \$.1875 per share | 0 |  | 0 |  | $(347,686)$ | $(347,686)$ |
| Net Income | 0 |  | 0 |  | 779,053 | 779,053 |
| Balance at June 30, 2000 | 1,854,328 | \$ | 3,764,953 | \$ | 14,688,749 | \$ 18,653,702 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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## SUMMIT BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 AND 2001 (UNAUDITED)

|  | SIX MONTHS <br> ENDED 6-30-02 | SIX MONTHS <br> ENDED 6-30-01 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: |  |  |
| Interest received | \$ 4,207,535 | \$ 5,200,382 |
| Fees received | 714,684 | 536,544 |
| Interest paid | $(1,252,898)$ | $(1,609,465)$ |
| Cash paid to suppliers and employees | $(2,268,251)$ | $(2,599,393)$ |
| Income taxes paid | $(443,820)$ | $(1,423,764)$ |
|  |  |  |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 957,250 | 104,304 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: |  |  |
| (Increase) decrease in time deposits with other financial institutions | 4,943,587 | $(7,273,182)$ |
| Maturity of investment securities | 7,983 | 10,428,111 |
| Purchase of investment securities | 0 | 0 |
| Net (increase) decrease in loans to customers | $(7,366,129)$ | $(2,514,252)$ |
| Recoveries on loans previously charged-off | 18,632 | 8,000 |
| (Increase) decrease in premises and equipment | $(69,353)$ | $(191,057)$ |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities | $(2,465,280)$ | 20,032,488 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: |  |  |
| Increase (decrease) in demand, interest bearing transaction, and savings deposits | $(2,193,041)$ | 2,876,788 |
| Net increase (decrease) in time deposits | 6,897,558 | $(3,009,778)$ |
| Exercise of stock options | 12,467 | 53,468 |
| Repurchase of common stock (decrease) | 0 | 0 |
| Dividends paid (decrease) | $(347,686)$ | $(347,048)$ |
|  | - | - |
| Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities | 4,369,298 | $(426,570)$ |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | 2,861,268 | 19,710,222 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year | 25,602,202 | 18,809,372 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of 6-30-02 and 6-30-01 | \$28,463,470 | \$38,519,594 |
| RECONCILIATION OF NET INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: |  |  |
| Net Income | \$ 779,053 | \$ 1,195,661 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: |  |  |
| Depreciation and amortization | 122,957 | 103,014 |
| Provision for loan losses and OREO losses | 32,000 | 132,000 |
| (Increase) decrease in interest receivable | $(380,085)$ | $(1,871,848)$ |
| Increase (decrease) in unearned loan fees | 97,305 | 54,302 |
| Increase (decrease) in Int Pay and Other Liab | 306,020 | 491,175 |
| Total adjustments | 178,197 | $(1,091,357)$ |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 957,250 | \$ 104,304 |

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## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 1. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In the opinion of management, the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly the Company s financial position at June 30, 2002 and the results of operations for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2002 and 2001 and cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2002 and 2001.

Certain information and footnote disclosures presented in the Company s annual consolidated financial statements are not included in these interim financial statements. Accordingly, the accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company s 2001 Annual Report to Shareholders, which is incorporated by reference in the Company s 2001 annual report on Form $10-\mathrm{K}$. The results of operations for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2002 are not necessarily indicative of the operating results for the full year.

## 2. COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

The Company had no items of other comprehensive income for the three month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2002 and 2001. Accordingly, total comprehensive income was equal to net income for each of those periods

## 3. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company is principally engaged in community banking activities through the three banking offices of its subsidiary bank. The community banking activities include accepting deposits, providing loans and lines of credit to local individuals and businesses, and investing in investment securities and money market instruments. The three banking offices have been aggregated in to a single reportable segment. Because the Company s financial information is internally evaluated as a single operating segment, no separate segment information is presented. The combined results are reflected in these financial statements.

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## 4. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following table reconciles the numerator and denominator of the basic and diluted earnings per share computations:

| Net Income | Weighted | Per Share |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (Loss) | Avg. Shares | Amount |
| For the quarter ended June 30, 2002 |  |  |


| Basic Earnings (Loss) per share | $\$ 402$ | $1,854,328$ | $\$ .22$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Stock Options |  | 17,566 |  |
| Diluted Earnings (Loss) per share | $\$ 402$ | $1,871,894$ | $\$ .21$ |


|  | Net Income (Loss) For the | Weighted Avg. Shares arter ended | Per Share Amount <br> 0, 2001 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Basic Earnings (Loss) per share | \$560 | 1,846,224 | \$. 30 |
| Stock Options |  | 14,120 |  |
| Diluted Earnings (Loss) per share | \$560 | 1,860,344 | \$. 30 |


| Net Income | Weighted | Per Share |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (Loss) | Avg. Shares | Amount |
| For the six months ended June | 30, 2002 |  |


| Basic Earnings (Loss) per share | $\$ 779$ | $1,853,141$ | $\$ .42$ |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | :---: |
| Stock Options |  | 17,502 |  |
| Diluted Earnings (Loss) per share | $\$ 779$ | $1,870,643$ | $\$ .42$ |


| Net Income | Weighted | Per Share |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (Loss) | Avg. Shares | Amount |
| For the six months ended June | 30, 2001 |  |


| Basic Earnings (Loss) per share | $\$ 1,196$ | $1,841,864$ | $\$ .65$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Stock Options |  | 19,424 |  |
| Diluted Earnings (Loss) per share | $\$ 1,196$ | $1,861,288$ | $\$ .64$ |

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For the periods reported, the Company had no reconciling items between net income (loss) and income (loss) available to common shareholders.

## 5. NEW ACCOUNTING PROUNOUNCEMENTS

The Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 133 (SFAS 133), Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, as amended by SFAS 138, establishes accounting and reporting standards requiring that every derivative instrument (including certain derivative instruments embedded in other contracts) be recorded in the balance sheet as either an asset or liability measured at its fair value. The Company adopted SFAS 133 on January 1, 2001. The implementation of this statement did not have a material impact on the Company s financial position or result of operations.

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## INTEREST RATE SENSITIVITY/INTEREST RATE RISK ANALYSIS

The following table provides an interest rate sensitivity and interest rate risk analysis for the quarter ended June 30, 2002. The table presents each major category of interest-earning assets and interest bearing-liabilities.

INTEREST RATE RISK REPORTING SCHEDULE

REPORTING INSTITUTION: SUMMIT BANK
REPORTING DATE: 6-30-02

| REMAINING TIME BEFORE MATURITY OR INTEREST RATE ADJUSTMENT |
| :--- |
| $(\$ 000.00)$ |

OMITTED
TOTAL

## I. EARNING ASSETS

A. INVESTMENTS:

II. COST OF FUNDS (DEPOSITS)


| VIII. | CUMULATIVE RATIO | 1.49 | 1.86 | 1.51 | 1.49 | 1.50 | 1.49 | 1.49 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IX. | GAP AS A \% OF TOTAL ASSETS | 29.43 | 30.59 | -4.90 | 2.43 | 1.44 | 0.14 | 0.00 |
| X. | CUMULATIVE GAP AS A \% OF <br> TOTAL ASSETS | 29.43 | 30.59 | 25.70 | 28.12 | 29.57 | 29.43 | 29.43 |
| 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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## ITEM 2.

## MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

The registrant, Summit Bancshares, Inc. (the Company ) is a financial holding company whose only operating subsidiary is Summit Bank (the Bank ). The following discussion primarily concerns the financial condition and results of operations of the Company on a consolidated basis including the subsidiary Bank. All adjustments made in the compilation of this information are of a normal recurring nature.

## FINANCIAL CONDITION

## Liquidity Management

The consolidated loan-to-deposit ratio at June 30, 2002 was $70.7 \%$, which was an increase from $63.3 \%$ for the same period in 2001. Total outstanding loans as of June 30, 2002 increased $\$ 13,352,407$ compared to the same period a year ago while total deposits increased $\$ 5,494,706$ versus the same time last year. The increase in loans and deposits was mainly due to Summit s effort in marketing its products and the formation of the Real Estate Capital Markets Group. The average loan-to-deposit ratio at the end of the second quarter of 2002 was $66.2 \%$, an increase from $60.7 \%$ for the same period last year. This increase was caused by an increase in average total deposits of $\$ 10,871,047$ or $8.3 \%$ while average total loans increased $\$ 14,596,222$ or $19.6 \%$.

One of the Company s customers manages accounts for medical offices and physicians. This customer has brought approximately 80 of the accounts they manage to the Company. As of June 30, 2002 the aggregate monthly average balance in these accounts was approximately $\$ 16,000,000$.

This customer has notified the Bank that due to the expiration of a contract and its merger with an affiliated company, approximately $\$ 9,000,000$ of the deposit relationship will be moving to the affiliate s bank in Southern California. It is anticipated that these accounts will move by the end of the third quarter.

In anticipation of the transfer of those accounts, the Bank purchased brokered CDs to assist in the outflow of funds. The increase in the deposit accounts is partially reflective of the purchase of brokered CDs.

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Net liquid assets, which consists primarily of cash, due from banks, interest-bearing deposits with other financial institutions, investment securities and Federal Funds sold totaled $\$ 50,709,496$ on June 30, 2002. This amount represented $38.0 \%$ of total deposits in comparison to the liquidity ratio of $46.7 \%$ as of June 30,2001 . This decrease is primarily a result of a proportionately higher rise in loan growth than the corresponding increase in deposits. It is management s belief that the current liquidity level is sufficient to meet current needs. The Company is not aware of any current recommendations by the regulatory authorities, which, if they were implemented, would have a material effect on the Company.

The following table sets forth book value of investments by category and the percent of total investments at the dates specified.

## Investment Comparative

(\$000.00 Omitted)

|  | $\mathbf{6 - 3 0 - 0 2}$ | \% | $\mathbf{1 2 - 3 1 - 0 1}$ | \% | $\mathbf{6 - 3 0 - 0 1}$ | \% |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Fed funds sold | $\$ 16,945$ | $41 \%$ | $\$ 20,070$ | $41 \%$ | $\$ 29,670$ | $58 \%$ |
| Interest bearing Deposits | 22,246 | $54 \%$ | 27,189 | $55 \%$ | 19,076 | $38 \%$ |
| Securities | 2,022 | $5 \%$ | 2,030 | $4 \%$ | 2,037 | $4 \%$ |

Interest bearing deposits are comprised of Time Certificates of Deposit with other banks and savings and loan institutions with no more than $\$ 100,000$ in any institution.

Securities on June 30, 2002 were comprised of U.S. Gov $t$ agencies.

## Changes in Financial Position

As of June 30, 2002, total deposits increased $\$ 4,704,517$ from December 31, 2001 and net loans outstanding increased $\$ 7,218,192$. The increase in loans was primarily due to an increase in real estate construction loans. Total deposits as of June 30, 2002 were $\$ 133,448,485$, an increase of $4.3 \%$ from $\$ 127,953,779$ as of June 30, 2001. Total loans as of June 30, 2002 were $\$ 94,360,335$, an increase of $16.5 \%$ from $\$ 81,007,928$ as of June 30, 2001.

The following table sets forth the amount of deposits by each category and the percent of total deposits at the dates specified.

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|  | Deposit Comparative <br> (\$000.00 Omitted) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 6-30-02 | \% | 12-31-01 | \% | 6-30-01 | \% |
| Demand | \$45,508 | 34\% | \$38,484 | 34\% | \$36,017 | 28\% |
| Savings | 3,233 | $2 \%$ | 2,566 | $2 \%$ | 3,148 | 2\% |
| Interest bearing Trans. Deposits | 38,669 | 29\% | 48,553 | 33\% | 51,943 | 41\% |
| Other time | 46,038 | 35\% | 39,140 | 31\% | 36,846 | 29\% |

The following table sets forth the amount of loans outstanding by each category and the percent of total loans outstanding at the dates specified.

## Loan Comparative <br> (\$000.00 Omitted)

|  | $\mathbf{6 - 3 0 - 0 2}$ | \% | $\mathbf{1 2 - 3 1 - 0 1}$ | \% | $\mathbf{6 - 3 0 - 0 1}$ | \% |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Commercial | $\$ 29,499$ | $31 \%$ | $\$ 23,475$ | $26 \%$ | $\$ 30,997$ | $38 \%$ |
| Real estate-const | 24,881 | $26 \%$ | 27,389 | $31 \%$ | 20,918 | $26 \%$ |
| Real estate-other | 35,399 | $37 \%$ | 30,829 | $35 \%$ | 21,834 | $27 \%$ |
| Installment/other | 6,136 | $6 \%$ | 6,956 | $8 \%$ | 7,259 | $9 \%$ |

## Non-Performing Assets

The following table provides information with respect to the subsidiary Bank s past due loans and components for non- performing assets at the dates indicated. Included in the following figures for June 30, 2002 is a $\$ 1,894,000$ loan that subsequently paid off on July 19, 2002.

## Non-Performing Assets <br> (\$000.00 Omitted)

|  | 6-30-02 |  | 12-31-01 |  | 6-30-01 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loans 90 days or more past due \& still accruing | \$ | 2,182 | \$ | 145 | \$ | 131 |
| Non-accrual loans |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 605 |
| Other real estate owned |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Total non-performing assets | \$ | 2,182 | \$ | 145 | \$ | 736 |

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| Non-performing assets to period end loans plus other real estate owned | $2.27 \%$ | $.17 \%$ | $.90 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Allowance to non-performing loans | $71 \%$ | $1,039 \%$ | $218 \%$ |

The subsidiary Bank s policy is to recognize interest income on an accrual basis unless the full collectibility of principal and interest is uncertain. Loans that are delinquent 90 days as to principal or interest are placed on a non-accrual basis, unless they are well secured and in the process of collection, and any interest earned but uncollected is reversed from income. Collectibility is determined by considering the borrower s financial condition, cash flow, quality of management, the existence of collateral or guarantees and the state of the local economy.

Other real estate owned ( OREO ) is comprised of properties acquired through foreclosure. These properties are carried at the lower of the recorded loan balance or their estimated fair market value based on appraisal, less estimated disposal costs. When the loan balance plus accrued interest exceeds the fair value of the property, the difference is charged to the allowance for loan losses at the time of foreclosure. Subsequent declines in value from the recorded amount, if any, and gains or losses upon disposition are included in noninterest expense. Operating expenses related to other real estate owned are charged to non-interest expense in the period incurred.

## Capital Position

As of June 30, 2002, Shareholders Equity was $\$ 18,654,000$. This represents an increase of $\$ 917,000$ or $5.2 \%$ over the same period last year. Since the inception of the repurchase program in 1989, the Company has authorized the repurchase of $\$ 3,500,000$ of its stock. As of June 30 , 2002, the Company has repurchased a total of 668,680 shares of the Company stock constituting $31.1 \%$ of the Company s original stock prior to the repurchase program, at a total cost of $\$ 2,668,000$, or an average price per share of $\$ 3.99$. The Company plans to continue its repurchase program as an additional avenue for liquidity for its shareholders. The program has not significantly affected the Company s liquidity or capital position or its ability to operate. In addition, the Company s subsidiary Bank remains more than well-capitalized under current regulations.

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The following table shows the risk-based capital and leverage ratios as well as the minimum regulatory requirements for the same as of June 30 , 2002:

|  | Capital Ratio | Minimum <br> Regulatory Requirement |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Tier 1 Capital | $15.99 \%$ | $4.00 \%$ |
| Total Capital | $17.16 \%$ | $8.00 \%$ |
| Leverage Ratio | $12.65 \%$ | $4.00 \%$ |

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

## Net Interest Income

Total interest income including loan fees decreased to $\$ 4,769,000$ for the first six months of 2002 from $\$ 5,889,000$ for the same period in 2001.
Total interest income on loans and fees decreased to $\$ 3,912,000$ for the first six months of 2002 from $\$ 4,312,000$ for the same period last year. Although average loans outstanding during the first six months of 2002 increased $\$ 10,260,000$ over the same period last year, the average prime lending rate decreased from an average of $8.40 \%$ in the first six months of 2001 to an average rate of $4.75 \%$ for the first six months of 2002, or a decrease of 365 basis points. Due to this factor, the yield on loans and fees decreased 114 basis points over the same period last year. The yield on investments decreased 197 basis points over the same period last year. This decrease was brought about by a decrease in yields in the marketplace due to the change in the prime-lending rate. Average outstanding investments decreased $\$ 2,462,000$ for the period brought about by an increase in total loans.

Interest expense decreased from $\$ 1,604,000$ at the end of the first six months of 2001 to $\$ 1,270,000$ for the same period in 2002. Although average interest-bearing deposit accounts increased $\$ 3,763,000$ during the first six months of 2002 versus the same period last year the average cost of funds decreased 86 basis points. This was brought about by changes in the marketplace brought influenced by the decrease in the prime lending rate.

As a result of these factors, net interest margin for the first six months of 2002 was $4.77 \%$ compared to $6.21 \%$ for the same period last year.
For the second quarter, total interest income including loan fees decreased from $\$ 2,761,000$ in 2001 to $\$ 2,520,000$ for the same period in 2002. This decrease is due to the decrease in the average prime rate, which for the second quarter 2001 was

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$7.74 \%$ versus the average of $4.75 \%$ for the same period in 2002. Offsetting this decrease was an increase in average loans outstanding of $\$ 13,276,000$ for the second quarter of 2002 versus the same period in 2001. Average outstanding investments decreased $\$ 2,353,000$ during the second quarter of 2002 versus the same period last year, primarily due to the increase in loans.

For the second quarter of 2002, interest expense increased $\$ 29,000$ compared to the same period in 2001. Average outstanding interest bearing deposits increased from $\$ 84,897,000$ in 2001 to $\$ 93,504,000$ in 2002. Average cost of funds for the same period was $2.59 \%$ compared to $4.04 \%$ in 2001. As a result, net interest income for the second quarter of 2002 decreased $\$ 270,000$, or $13.4 \%$ compared to the same period in 2001.

## Other Operating Income

Service charges on deposit accounts as of the end of the first six months of 2002 decreased to $\$ 117,000$ versus $\$ 118,000$ for the same period in 2001. This was primarily related to a decrease in service charges collected on returned checks.

Other customer fees and charges as of the end of the first six months of 2002 increased to $\$ 101,000$ versus $\$ 57,000$ for the same period in 2001. This was primarily related to an increase in service charge related to early withdrawal of time certificates of deposits

Service charges on deposit accounts as of the end of the second quarter of 2002 decreased to $\$ 54,000$ versus $\$ 63,000$ for the same period in 2001. This was primarily related to a decrease in service charges collected on returned checks and a decrease in analysis charges.

Other customer fees and charges increased $\$ 6,000$ for the second quarter. This was primarily related to an increase in other miscellaneous income.

## Loan Loss Provision

The allowance for loan losses is maintained at a level that management of the Company considers to be adequate for losses that inherent in the current loan portfolio. The allowance is increased by charges to operating expenses and reduced by net-charge-offs. The level of the allowance for loan losses is based on management $s$ evaluation of losses in the loan portfolio, as well as prevailing economic conditions.

Management employs a systematic methodology on a monthly basis to determine the adequacy of the allowance for current

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and future loan losses. The credit administrator grades each loan at the time of extension or renewal. Gradings are assigned a risk factor, which is calculated to assess the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses. Further, management considers other factors such as overall portfolio quality, trends in the level of delinquent and classified loans, specific problem loans, and current and anticipated economic conditions.

The following table summarizes the allocation of the allowance for loan losses by loan type for the years indicated and the percent of loans in each category to total loan dollar amounts in thousands:

|  | 6-30-02 |  | 12-31-01 |  | 6-30-01 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Amount | Loan Percent | Amount | Loan Percent | Amount | Loan Percent |
| Commercial | \$ 615 | 39.6\% | \$ 580 | 38.4\% | \$ 600 | 37.3\% |
| Construction | 350 | 22.5\% | 340 | 22.6\% | 338 | 21.0\% |
| Real Estate | 300 | 19.3\% | 300 | 19.9\% | 345 | 21.5\% |
| Consumer | 50 | 3.2\% | 48 | 3.2\% | 60 | 3.7\% |
| Unallocated | 240 | 15.4\% | 239 | 15.9\% | 264 | 16.5\% |
|  | \$ 1,555 | 100.0\% | \$ 1,507 | 100.0\% | \$ 1,607 | 100.0\% |

The following table summarizes the activity in the Bank s allowance for loan losses for the six months ended June 30, 2002 and 2001.

|  | Six months ended |  |
| :--- | :---: | ---: |
|  | $(\$ 000.00$ <br> Omitted $)$ <br> $\mathbf{6 - 3 0 - 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{6 - 3 0 - 0 1}$ |
|  | $\$ 1,507$ | $\$ 1,468$ |
| Balance, beginning of the period | 32 | 132 |
| Provision for loan losses | 21 | 8 |
| Recoveries | $(5)$ | $(1)$ |
| Loans charged-off | $\$ 1,555$ | $\$ 1,607$ |

The balance in the allowance for loan losses at June 30, 2002 was $1.62 \%$ of total loans compared to $1.98 \%$ of total loans at June 30, 2001. This level is considered appropriate and is slightly greater than the industry average.

## Other Operating Expenses

Total other operating expenses increased $\$ 94,000$ as of the end of the first six months of 2002 compared to the same period last year. This increase was primarily due to an

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increase in salaries of $\$ 106,000$ primarily centered in incentive accruals and an increase in staff over the same period last year. In addition, equipment expense increased $\$ 52,000$ primarily related to the purchase of a new computer system, however, this was partially offset by an occupancy expense decrease of $\$ 45,000$ centered in a reduction of leasehold expense. Other expenses also decreased $\$ 19,000$ centered in business development expenses.

Total other operating expenses increased $\$ 20,000$ as of the end of the second quarter of 2002 . This increase was primarily due to an increase in salaries of $\$ 11,000$ primarily centered in incentive accruals and an increase in equipment expense related to the purchase of a new computer system.

## Provision for Income Taxes

The Company sprovision for income taxes as of the end of the first six months of 2002 decreased from $\$ 858,000$ in 2001 to $\$ 539,000$. For the same period, the Company s total effective tax rate was $40.1 \%$ compared to $41.8 \%$ in 2001.

## Net Income

Net income for the first six months of 2002 decreased to $\$ 779,000$ from $\$ 1,196,000$ for the same period in 2001, or a decrease of $34.9 \%$.

## ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Interest rate and credit risks are the most significant market risks impacting the Company s performance. Other types of market risk, such as foreign currency exchanges rate risk and the commodity price risk, do not arise in the normal course of the Company s business activities. The Company relies on loan reviews, prudent loan underwriting standards and an adequate allowance for loan losses to mitigate credit risk.

Interest rate risk is managed by subjecting the Company s balance sheet to hypothetical interest rate shocks. The Company s primary objective in managing interest rate risk is to minimize the adverse impact of changes in interest rates on the Company s net interest income and capital, while structuring the Company s asset/liability position to obtain the maximum yield-cost spread on that structure.

Rate shock is an instantaneous and complete adjustment in market rates of various magnitudes on static or level balance sheet to determine the effect such a change in rates would

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have on the Company s net interest income for the succeeding twelve months, and the fair values of financial instruments.

Management has assessed these risks and believes that there has been no material change since December 31, 2001.

## CERTAIN FACTORS THAT MAY AFFECT FUTURE RESULTS

The primary factor, which may affect future results, is the fluctuation of interest rates in the market place more commonly referred to as interest rate risk. Interest rate risk is the exposure of a bank $s$ current and future earnings and equity capital arising from adverse movements in interest rates. It results from the possibility that changes in interest rates may have an adverse effect on a bank s earnings and its underlying economic value. Changes in interest rates affect a bank searnings by changing its net interest income and the level of other interest-sensitive income and operating expenses. As mentioned previously, the potential decrease in a declining interest rate environment would be minimized by an increase in assets. In addition, earnings and growth of the company are and will be affected by general economic conditions, both domestic and international, and by monetary and fiscal policies of the United States Government, particularly the Federal Reserve Bank.

## PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

## ITEM 1 - LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

From time to time the Company is a party to claims and legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. Currently, the Company has no outstanding suits brought against it.

## ITEM 2 - CHANGES IN SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None

## ITEM 3 - DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None

## ITEM 4 - SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

The Annual Meeting of Shareholders was held on April 4, 2002. There were present at the Meeting, in person or by proxy, the holders of $1,628,121$ shares of Stock of the Company, representing $88 \%$ of the total votes eligible to be cast. At the meeting two proposals were presented. The first proposal offered a slate of Directors who were all

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approved. The second and final proposal was the approved of Vavrinek, Trine Day and Co., LLP as the public accounting firm to perform the Company s audit for the year 2002. This proposal was also approved. There was no further business to come before the shareholders.

## ITEM 5-OTHER INFORMATION

None

## ITEM 6 - EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

A) Exhibits:
99.1 - Certification of CEO pursuant to Section 906 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
99.2 - Certification of CFO pursuant to Section 906 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
B) Reports on Form 8-K

None

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

DATE: August 9, 2002

DATE: August 9, 2002

## SUMMIT BANCSHARES, INC. <br> Registrant

By: /s/ Shirley W. Nelson
Shirley W. Nelson
Chairman and CEO
(Principal Executive Officer)

By: /s/ Kikuo Nakahara
Kikuo Nakahara
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)


[^0]:    The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

