PINNACLE ENTERTAINMENT INC. Form 10-Q August 09, 2010

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-O

(Mark One)

DESCRIPTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2010

or

O TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from ______ to _____

Commission file number: 001-13641

PINNACLE ENTERTAINMENT, INC. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

95-3667491

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

8918 Spanish Ridge Avenue Las Vegas, NV 89148

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(702) 541-7777

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

N/A

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES \flat NO o Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). YES o NO o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer b Accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer o

Smaller reporting company o

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). YES o NO b

As of the close of business on August 5, 2010, the number of outstanding shares of the registrant s common stock was 61,061,597.

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PART I

Item 1. Financial Statements

PINNACLE ENTERTAINMENT, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

		For the three months ended June 30,				For the six months ended June 30,			
		2010	4la a s	2009	4	2010	40)	2009	
Revenues:		(III	tnot	usanas, exce	ept p	er share da	ıa)		
Gaming	\$	236,098	\$	217,398	\$	466,864	\$	440,689	
Food and beverage	Ψ	17,801	Ψ	15,559	Ψ	33,087	Ψ	29,415	
Lodging		10,233		9,952		18,631		18,223	
Retail, entertainment and other		9,437		9,399		17,546		17,215	
		273,569		252,308		536,128		505,542	
Expenses and other costs:									
Gaming		135,558		128,996		265,391		256,033	
Food and beverage		18,137		14,847		33,845		28,761	
Lodging		5,848		6,025		11,046		11,651	
Retail, entertainment and other		5,841		5,495		10,409		9,749	
General and administrative		60,895		55,450		115,484		109,608	
Depreciation and amortization		29,345		24,834		55,234		49,566	
Pre-opening and development costs		2,086		4,061		10,970		6,988	
Impairment of indefinite-lived intangible assets		11,500				11,500			
Impairment of land and construction costs		18,391				18,391			
Write-downs, reserves and recoveries, net		1,657		304		(4,378)		755	
		289,258		240,012		527,892		473,111	
Operating income (loss)		(15,689)		12,296		8,236		32,431	
Interest expense, net of capitalized interest		(27,417)		(15,915)		(48,369)		(32,490)	
Gain on sale of equity securities				12,914				12,914	
Loss on early extinguishment of debt		(434)				(1,852)			
Other non-operating income		132		63		159		148	
Income (loss) from continuing operations before									
income taxes		(43,408)		9,358		(41,826)		13,003	
Income tax (expense) benefit		1,844		(382)		2,051		(561)	
Income (loss) from continuing operations Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of		(41,564)		8,976		(39,775)		12,442	
income taxes		(7,750)		(4,268)		27,204		(6,803)	
Net income (loss)	\$	(49,314)	\$	4,708	\$	(12,571)	\$	5,639	

Net income (loss) per common share basic

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Income (loss) from continuing operations Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of	\$ (0.68)	\$ 0.15	\$ (0.66)	\$ 0.20
income taxes	(0.13)	(0.07)	0.45	(0.11)
Net income (loss) per common share basic	\$ (0.81)	\$ 0.08	\$ (0.21)	\$ 0.09
Net income (loss) per common share diluted Income (loss) from continuing operations Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of	\$ (0.68)	\$ 0.15	\$ (0.66)	\$ 0.20
income taxes	(0.13)	(0.07)	0.45	(0.11)
Net income (loss) per common share diluted	\$ (0.81)	\$ 0.08	\$ (0.21)	\$ 0.09
Number of shares basic Number of shares diluted	60,718 60,718	60,064 60,851	60,414 60,414	60,036 61,331

See accompanying notes to the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

PINNACLE ENTERTAINMENT, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	June 30, 2010 (Unaudited)		De	ecember 31, 2009
		(in thousand	s, except	share data)
ASSETS			, 1	,
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	204,301	\$	123,431
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$10,318				
and \$12,556		24,852		13,756
Inventories		8,018		6,313
Prepaid expenses and other assets		21,064		15,412
Assets of discontinued operations held for sale		65,792		96,403
Total current assets		324,027		255,315
Restricted cash		6,612		7,149
Land, buildings, riverboats and equipment: (Note 1)		271,020		210,810
Land and land improvements		271,020		210,810
Buildings, riverboats and improvements		1,285,252		1,070,812
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		467,382		412,159
Construction in progress		10,789		304,353
		2,034,443		1,998,134
Less: accumulated depreciation		(546,419)		(498,159)
		1,488,024		1,499,975
Assets held for sale				1,661
Goodwill		16,742		16,742
Intangible assets, net (Note 1)		18,516		30,017
Other assets, net		73,102		29,620
Deferred taxes- non current		3,377		3,377
Total assets	\$	1,930,400	\$	1,843,856
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	46,971	\$	71,987
Accrued interest		22,659		21,267
Accrued compensation		40,263		41,077
Accrued taxes		21,560		17,217
Other accrued liabilities		55,060		49,922
Deferred income taxes		1,274		1,274
Current portion of long-term debt (Note 2)		92		88
Liabilities of discontinued operations held for sale		13,734		36,754
Total current liabilities		201,613		239,586
Long-term debt less current portion (Note 2)		1,176,032		1,063,283
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Other long-term liabilities	42,252	46,578
Total liabilities	1,419,897	1,349,447
Commitments and contingencies (Note 7)		
Stockholders Equity		
Preferred stock \$1.00 par value, 250,000 shares authorized, none issued		
or outstanding		
Common stock \$0.10 par value, 61,061,097 and 60,079,686 shares		
outstanding, net of treasury shares	6,307	6,209
Additional paid in capital	1,025,478	1,014,233
Retained deficit	(500,950)	(488,379)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(242)	(17,564)
Treasury stock, at cost, for both periods 2,008,986 of treasury shares	(20,090)	(20,090)
Total stockholders equity	510,503	494,409
	\$ 1,930,400	\$ 1,843,856

See accompanying notes to the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

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PINNACLE ENTERTAINMENT, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

	For the six months ended June 30, 2010 2009 (in thousands)			30, 2009
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net income (loss)	\$	(12,571)	\$	5,639
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating				
activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		56,950		52,386
Loss on disposal of assets		1,669		345
Impairment of indefinite-lived intangible assets		11,500		
Impairment of land and construction costs		18,391		
Impairment of buildings, riverboats, and equipment		3,435		346
Gain on sale of equity securities				(12,914)
Provision for bad debts		447		1,410
Amortization of debt issuance costs		3,552		2,302
Share-based compensation expense		3,523		7,694
Change in accrued taxes		5,282		4,789
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Receivables		304		1,083
Prepaid expenses and other		(7,976)		(10,209)
Other long-term assets		(7,184)		1,880
Accounts payable		(14,334)		(5,125)
Accrued compensation		222		(770)
Accrued interest		1,392		(40)
Other accrued liabilities		4,650		(1,103)
Other long-term liabilities		(19,335)		242
Č				
Net cash provided by operating activities		49,917		47,955
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Capital expenditures		(93,417)		(84,193)
Change in restricted cash		790		(235)
Proceeds from sale of equity securities				23,674
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment		13,595		368
Baton Rouge escrow deposit		(25,000)		
Net proceeds from sale of discontinued operations		25,094		
Net cash used in investing activities		(78,938)		(60,386)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Borrowings under credit facility		165,379		57,225
Repayments under credit facility		(202,298)		(25,991)
Proceeds from issuance of 8.75% Notes		350,000		
Repayment of 8.25% Notes		(200,000)		

Payments on other secured and unsecured notes payable		(9)	(44)
Proceeds from common stock options exercised		6,519	455
Proceeds from issuance of common stock		1,166	
Debt issuance and other financing costs		(15,005)	(605)
Net cash provided by financing activities		105,752	31,040
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(379)	(302)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		76,352	18,307
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		129,576	115,712
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	\$	205,928	\$ 134,019
Supplemental Cash Flow Information:			
Cash paid for interest, net of amounts capitalized	\$	43,455	\$ 30,500
Cash payments related to income taxes, net		2,929	1,350
Increase (decrease) in construction related deposits and liabilities		(15,608)	9,942
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See accompanying notes to the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

PINNACLE ENTERTAINMENT, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation and Organization Pinnacle Entertainment, Inc. (Pinnacle) is an owner, operator and developer of casinos and related hospitality and entertainment facilities. We operate casinos located in southeastern Indiana (Belterra Casino Resort); Lake Charles, New Orleans and Bossier City, Louisiana (L Auberge du Lac, Boomtown New Orleans and Boomtown Bossier City, respectively); Reno, Nevada (Boomtown Reno) and St. Louis, Missouri (River City Casino and Lumière Place Casino and Hotels). We view each property as an operating segment, with the exception of our properties located in St. Louis, Missouri, which are aggregated into the St. Louis reporting segment. References in these footnotes to Pinnacle, the Company, we, our or us refer to Pinnacle Entertainment, Inc. and subsidiaries, except where stated or the context otherwise indicates.

In the first quarter of 2010, we made the decision to sell our Argentina operations and our Atlantic City entities. On June 30, 2010, we completed the sale of our Argentina operations. In addition, on June 24, 2010, we closed our President Casino located in St. Louis, Missouri. We have classified the related assets and liabilities for all of these operations as held for sale in our unaudited Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets and have included the results in discontinued operations. For further information, see Note 6, Discontinued Operations.

We are also developing a casino-hotel in Baton Rouge, Louisiana, which is subject to various regulatory approvals. *Principles of Consolidation* The accompanying unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and, therefore, do not include all information and notes necessary for complete financial statements in conformity with the instructions for generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States. The results for the periods indicated are unaudited, but reflect all adjustments that management considers necessary for a fair presentation of operating results. The unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of Pinnacle Entertainment, Inc. and its subsidiaries. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The results of operations for interim periods are not indicative of a full year of operations. These unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009 and our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 21, 2010, including Exhibit 99.1 which was filed to update the historical financial statements included in the Company s Form 10-K to reflect its Casino Magic Argentina operations and Atlantic City operations and related assets as held for sale for the year ended December 31, 2009 and the results of those operations as discontinued operations for all periods presented.

Use of Estimates The preparation of unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in conformity with accounting principles used in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect (i) the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, (ii) the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements, and (iii) the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates used by us include, among other things, the estimated useful lives for depreciable and amortizable assets, the estimated allowance for doubtful accounts receivable, estimated income tax provisions, the evaluation of the future realization of deferred tax assets, determining the adequacy of reserves for self-insured liabilities and mychoice customer rewards programs, estimated cash flows in assessing the recoverability of long-lived assets, asset impairments, goodwill and intangible assets, contingencies and litigation, and estimates of the forfeiture rate and expected life of share-based awards and stock price volatility when computing share-based compensation expense. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Fair Value Effective January 1, 2008, we adopted the authoritative guidance for fair value measurements, which guidance provides companies the option to measure certain financial assets and liabilities at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in earnings each period. We have elected not to measure any financial assets and liabilities at fair value that were not previously required to be measured at fair value.

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Fair value is defined in the authoritative guidance as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The guidance also establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. The fair value framework requires the categorization of assets and liabilities into three levels based upon assumptions (inputs) used to price the assets and liabilities. Level 1 provides the most reliable measure of fair value, whereas Level 3 generally requires significant management judgment. The three levels are defined as follows:

Level 1: Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Observable market-based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are not corroborated by market data.

We measure our liability for deferred compensation on a recurring basis. As of June 30, 2010, the liability has a balance of \$1.7 million and was valued using Level 1 inputs.

Land, Buildings, Riverboats and Equipment Land, buildings, riverboats and equipment are stated at cost. Land includes land not currently being used in our operations, which totaled \$45.3 million at both June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009. We capitalize the costs of improvements that extend the life of the asset. Construction in progress at June 30, 2010 relates primarily to our Baton Rouge project. Interest expense is capitalized on internally constructed assets at our overall weighted average cost of borrowing.

]	For the th	ree mo	nths				
	ended June 30,			For the six months ended June 30,				
		2010		2009	2	2010		2009
				(in mi	llions)			
Depreciation expense	\$	29.3	\$	24.8	\$	55.2	\$	49.6
Capitalized interest	\$		\$	2.7	\$	3.5	\$	4.9

In April 2010, we cancelled our planned \$305 million Sugarcane Bay project in Lake Charles, Louisiana and surrendered the related gaming license to the Louisiana Gaming Control Board. In connection with this decision, we recorded an impairment charge of \$18.4 million during the second quarter of 2010, which includes all previously capitalized construction in progress and costs to terminate the construction contract with the general contractor. We expect to incur additional contract termination costs, which amounts are not determinable as of June 30, 2010, as we are still negotiating these amounts.

Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets Goodwill and other indefinite-lived intangible assets are subject to an annual assessment for impairment during the fourth quarter, or more frequently if there are indications of possible impairment, by applying a fair-value-based test. There were no impairments to goodwill during the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

As the result of the cancellation of our planned \$305 million Sugarcane Bay project in Lake Charles, Louisiana we surrendered the related gaming license to the Louisiana Gaming Control Board. In connection with this decision, we fully impaired our gaming license by \$11.5 million during the second quarter of 2010, which amount comprises impairment of indefinite-lived intangible assets in the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

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Gaming Taxes We are subject to taxes based on gross gaming revenues in the jurisdictions in which we operate, subject to applicable jurisdictional adjustments. These gaming taxes are an assessment of our gaming revenues and are recorded as a gaming expense in the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

	\mathbf{F}	or the th	ree mo	nths				
		enc	ded		Fo	r the six n	nonth	s ended
		Jun	e 30,			Jun	e 30,	
	2	010	2	2009		2010		2009
				(in mi	llions)		
Gaming taxes	\$	71.0	\$	64.8	\$	139.0	\$	131.0

Pre-opening and Development Costs Pre-opening and development costs are expensed as incurred, consistent with authoritative guidance. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, they consist of the following:

	F		ree mo ded e 30,	nths	For	the six n Jun	nonths	ended
	2	010	2	009	2	2010	2	2009
				(in mi	llions)			
River City (a)	\$	1.2	\$	1.6	\$	9.4	\$	2.8
Baton Rouge		0.2		1.6		0.4		2.7
Sugarcane Bay (b)		0.6		0.6		1.1		1.2
Other		0.1		0.2		0.1		0.3
Total pre-opening and development costs	\$	2.1	\$	4.0	\$	11.0	\$	7.0

(a) Pre-opening expenses include \$0.7 million for non-cash straight-lined rent accruals under a lease agreement for the six months ended June 30, 2010, and there were no rent accrual charges in the three months ended June 30, 2010, as River City opened in March 2010. Non-cash straight-lined

rent accruals

were \$1.0 million and \$1.9 million for three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively.

(b) Sugarcane Bay development expenses are costs associated with the process of ending the project.

Comprehensive Income Our comprehensive income is as follows:

]	For the thi end June	led	onths	Fo	or the six m		ended
		2010		2009		2010	2	2009
				(in mi	llions)		
Net income (loss)	\$	(49.3)	\$	4.7	\$	(12.6)	\$	5.6
Post-retirement plan benefit obligation, net of								
income taxes (a)		0.1				0.2		0.8
Foreign currency translation gain (loss) (b)		17.4		(0.4)		17.1		(2.1)
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$	(31.8)	\$	4.3	\$	4.7	\$	4.3

- (a) Included in the balance are benefit obligations related to both the executive deferred compensation plan and directors health and medical plan.
- (b) On June 30, 2010, we completed the sale of our Argentina operations.

Earnings per Share Diluted earnings per share assume exercise of in-the-money stock options (those options with exercise prices at or below the weighted average market price for the periods presented) outstanding at the beginning of the period or at the date of issuance. We calculate the effect of dilutive securities using the treasury stock method. As of June 30, 2010 and 2009, our share-based awards issued under our stock option plans consisted primarily of common stock option grants.

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Reclassification During the quarter, we reclassified \$1.0 million from assets held for sale as of December 31, 2009 to assets of discontinued operations held for sale, to conform to the current year presentation. This reclassification had no effect on net income as previously reported.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2010, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the FASB) issued new authoritative guidance regarding disclosures about fair value measurements. An entity is now required to disclose separately the amounts of significant transfers in and out of Level 1 and 2 fair value measurements, and describe the reasons for the transfers and additional disclosure is required regarding purchases, sales, issuances and settlements of Level 3 measurements. The guidance is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2009, except for the additional disclosure of Level 3 measurements, which is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2010. The adoption of this guidance did not have, and is not expected to have, a material effect on our unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

In April 2010, the FASB issued authoritative accounting guidance for companies that generate revenue from gaming activities that involve base jackpots, which requires companies to accrue for a liability at the time the company has the obligation to pay the jackpot and record such obligation as a reduction of gaming revenue accordingly. The guidance is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning on or after December 15, 2010. We are still assessing the impact this guidance will have on our unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

A variety of proposed or otherwise potential accounting standards are currently under review and study by standard-setting organizations and certain regulatory agencies. Because of the tentative and preliminary nature of such proposed standards, we have not yet determined the effect, if any, that the implementation of any such proposed or revised standards would have on our unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Note 2 Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt at June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009 consists of the following:

	June 30, 2010	Dec	cember 31, 2009
	(i	n millions	s)
Senior Secured Credit Facility	\$	\$	36.9
8.625% Senior Notes due 2017	444.2	2	443.9
8.25% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2012			200.9
7.50% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2015	381.		380.8
8.75% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2020	350.0)	
Other secured and unsecured notes payable	0.8	3	0.9
	1,176.		1,063.4
Less current maturities	(0.	1)	(0.1)
	\$ 1,176.0) \$	1,063.3

Senior Secured Credit Facility: On February 5, 2010, we entered into an amended and restated credit agreement for a \$375 million revolving credit facility (the Credit Facility), which matures on March 31, 2014. As of June 30, 2010, we had no borrowings outstanding under the Credit Facility, and had \$9.6 million committed under letters of credit for various self-insurance programs.

The Credit Facility has, among other things, restrictive financial covenants and capital spending limits and other affirmative and negative covenants. In April 2010, we modified certain covenants of our Credit Facility. Previously, there was a provision in the Credit Facility that we could not spend more than \$25 million in construction and development costs on the Baton Rouge project after January 1, 2010 unless we had received at least \$100 million in the aggregate from permitted sales or other dispositions of assets (including receipt of insurance proceeds), cash tax refunds, litigation settlements, and/or gross proceeds received by us from the issuance and sale of non-debt capital,

and/or dividends and distributions received from unrestricted subsidiaries net of investments made after January 1, 2010 in such unrestricted subsidiaries that have not been charged to an investment basket. In the modification to our Credit Facility, this amount was reduced from \$100 million in the aggregate to \$40 million, and we have the funds available to meet this requirement.

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Loss on Early Extinguishment of Debt: During the six months ended June 30, 2010, we incurred a loss on early extinguishment of debt of \$1.9 million related to the write off of unamortized debt issuance costs related to the modification of our Credit Facility and the early retirement of our 8.25% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2012 (the 8.25% Notes).

8.75% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2020: On May 6, 2010, we closed an offering of \$350 million in aggregate principal amount of new 8.75% senior subordinated notes due 2020 (the 8.75% Notes). The 8.75% Notes were issued in a private offering conducted pursuant to Rule 144A and Regulation S under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, at a price equal to par. Net of the initial purchasers fees and various costs and expenses, net proceeds from the offering were approximately \$341.5 million. Using the net proceeds, we redeemed all of our then existing 8.25% Notes, of which \$200 million in aggregate principal amount was outstanding, and repaid \$80 million in revolving credit borrowings under the Credit Facility. The remaining net proceeds from the offering are expected to be used for general corporate purposes, including the funding of our Baton Rouge project.

Interest expense, net of capitalized interest was as follows:

	F		ree mo ded e 30,	nths	For	r the six m June		ended
	2	2010	2	2009	2	2010	2	2009
				(in mi	llions)			
Interest expense before capitalization of interest Less: capitalized interest	\$	27.4	\$	18.6 (2.7)	\$	51.9 (3.5)	\$	37.4 (4.9)
Total interest expense, net of capitalized interest	\$	27.4	\$	15.9	\$	48.4	\$	32.5

The increase in interest expense before capitalized interest for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 from the same 2009 period was due to the replacement of less expensive revolver borrowings with new, long-term notes. We believe the longer maturity, fixed interest rate and less-restrictive covenants of the new long-term notes warranted the higher interest rate. The decrease in capitalized interest was due to the opening of our River City project in March 2010. We stopped capitalizing interest on our River City project upon its opening.

Note 3 Income Taxes

Our effective income tax rate for continuing operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 was 4.3% and 4.9%, respectively, as compared to 4.1% and 4.3% for the same periods last year. Our effective tax rates in 2010 differ from the statutory rate due to the effects of permanent items, the recording of a valuation allowance against a portion of our deferred tax assets generated in the current year, and the recording of a reserve for unrecognized tax benefits. It is reasonably possible that the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits may decrease by approximately \$1.0 million to \$3.0 million during the next twelve months.

Note 4 Employee Benefit and Other Plans

Share-based Compensation: As of June 30, 2010, we had approximately 6.3 million share-based awards issued, 263,500 of which are restricted stock awards and the rest of which are common stock options, and approximately 2.2 million share-based awards available for grant.

Pursuant to authoritative guidance, we recorded share-based compensation expense as follows:

	F	_	ree moi ded e 30,	nths	For	the six n Jun	nonths e 30,	ended
	2	010	2	009	2	010	2	2009
				(in mi	illions)			
Share-based compensation expense	\$	2.1	\$	5.3	\$	3.5	\$	7.5

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Theoretical compensation costs not yet amortized related to stock options granted totaled approximately \$21.1 million and \$19.4 million at June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, and the weighted average period over which the costs are expected to be recognized is approximately three years.

The aggregate amount of cash we received from the exercise of stock options was as follows. The associated shares were newly issued common stock.

	F	or the th	ree mo	nths				
		ene	ded		For	the six n	nonths	ended
		Jun	e 30,			Jun	e 30,	
	2	010	2	009	20	010	2	2009
				(in mi	llions)			
Cash received from exercise of stock options	\$	6.5	\$	0.1	\$	6.5	\$	0.5

The following table summarizes information related to our common stock options under our stock option plans:

				Weighted
	ľ	Number of		Average
	Ste	ock Options	Ex	kercise Price
Options outstanding at January 1, 2010		6,342,007	\$	14.56
Granted		1,523,000	\$	9.37
Exercised		(846,411)	\$	7.80
Cancelled, Forfeited		(727,158)	\$	18.65
Options outstanding at June 30, 2010		6,291,438	\$	13.74
Vested or expected to vest at a point in the future as of June 30, 2010		6,092,502		
Options exercisable at June 30, 2010		3,951,013	\$	14.79
Weighted-average value per granted option calculated using the				
Black-Scholes option-pricing model for options granted during the six				
months ended June 30, 2010	\$	5.74		

Note 5 Write-downs, reserves and recoveries, net

Write-downs, reserves and recoveries, net consist of the following:

	\mathbf{F}_{i}	_	ree mo ded e 30,	nths	For	the six m		ended
	2	010	2	2009	2	010		2009
Impairment of assets	\$	0.5	\$	0.2	\$	0.5	\$	0.4
Loss on disposal of assets		1.2		0.1		1.6		0.4
Legal settlement recoveries						(6.5)		
Write-downs, reserves and recoveries, net	\$	1.7	\$	0.3	\$	(4.4)	\$	0.8

Impairment of assets: In July 2006, we sold land to Cabela s Retail, Inc. for the construction of a branded sporting goods store. Cabela s Retail, Inc. financed its retail store construction and certain road access improvements that also benefited our Boomtown Reno property through the issuance of sales tax increment bonds through local or state governmental authorities. In April 2010, we purchased \$5.3 million face amount of these bonds from Cabela s Retail, Inc. for \$5.0 million. During the quarter ended June 30, 2010, we recorded an impairment of \$0.2 million related to these bonds.

We impaired the fair value of leasehold improvements related to vacated office space by \$0.3 million during the quarter ended June 30, 2010.

Loss on disposal of assets: During the six months ended June 30, 2010, we sold our corporate jet, two seaplanes, a warehouse and slot equipment at our properties for a net loss of \$1.6 million. During the six months ended June 30, 2009, we sold slot equipment for a loss of \$0.4 million.

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Legal settlement recoveries: In March 2010, we received a \$6.5 million legal settlement related to the recovery of legal fees.

Note 6 Discontinued Operations

Discontinued operations as of June 30, 2010 consist of our former Casino Magic Argentina operations, the Atlantic City operations, the former President Casino operations, former Casino Magic Biloxi operations and former operations at The Casino at Emerald Bay in The Bahamas.

Casino Magic Argentina: On April 29, 2010, we entered into an agreement to sell our Argentina operations. We had previously reflected the business as a discontinued operation and the related assets and liabilities as held for sale. On June 30, 2010, we completed the sale of our Argentina operations for approximately \$40 million and recognized a loss on disposal of approximately \$0.2 million, which amount has been included in income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes, in the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Atlantic City: In the first quarter of 2010, we made the decision to sell our Atlantic City operations. We have reflected our Atlantic City entities as discontinued operations and the related assets and liabilities as held for sale.

President Casino: On March 10, 2010, we reached a settlement agreement with the Missouri Gaming Commission (MGC) to close the President Casino. The property closed on June 24, 2010, and as such, is considered a discontinued operation. In connection with the closure, we expect to incur costs associated with the removal and disposal of The Admiral Riverboat, on which the President Casino resides. However, at this time the amount of costs to be incurred cannot be reasonably estimated and no accrual has been booked as of June 30, 2010. In addition, as part of our removal process, we are required to perform certain tests on all underground and above ground storage tanks to ensure the area complies with environmental standards. We may incur additional costs to remove or repair any tanks that fail such tests.

Casino Magic Biloxi: Casino Magic Biloxi closed after significant damage from Hurricane Katrina in 2005. In February 2010, we settled all remaining insurance claims in exchange for a final payment of approximately \$23.4 million. We have received payments totaling approximately \$215 million from our insurers related to this asset. Prior insurance advances that exceeded the book value of destroyed assets and certain insured expenses were recorded as a deferred gain of \$18.3 million. As a result of this final settlement, we recognized this deferred gain in February 2010 in addition to the gain associated with the proceeds.

The Casino at Emerald Bay: The Casino at Emerald Bay in The Bahamas was closed during the first quarter of 2009. We are actively marketing one remaining asset associated with our former Bahamas operation; however, events and circumstances beyond our control have extended the period to complete the sale of this asset beyond a year. The operation continues to be classified as a discontinued operation and the related assets of discontinued operations held for sale.

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Revenue, expense and net income for entities and operations included in discontinued operations are summarized as follows:

	F	or the thr end June	led	nths	Foi	or the six months ended June 30,			
	2	2010	2	2009	2	2010	2	2009	
				(in mi	llions)				
Revenues	\$	13.5	\$	13.9	\$	28.5	\$	29.7	
Operating loss		(3.9)		(2.0)		(9.7)		(3.7)	
Non-operating income (loss)		(0.2)		(0.2)		41.5		(0.2)	
Income (loss) before income taxes		(4.1)		(2.2)		31.8		(3.9)	
Income tax expense		(3.7)		(2.1)		(4.6)		(2.9)	
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	\$	(7.8)	\$	(4.3)	\$	27.2	\$	(6.8)	

Net assets for entities and operations included in discontinued operations are summarized as follows:

	June 30, 2010 (in mi		mber 31, 2009
Assets:	(in n	nillions)	
Land, buildings, riverboats and equipment, net Other assets, net	\$ 38.4 27.4	\$	57.4 39.0
	\$ 65.8	\$	96.4
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities Long term liabilities	\$ 13.4 0.3	\$	17.4 19.3
	13.7		36.7
Net Assets	\$ 52.1	\$	59.7

Note 7 Commitments and Contingencies

Redevelopment Agreement for Lumière Place: In connection with our Lumière Place project, we have a redevelopment agreement which, among other things, commits us to oversee the investment of \$50.0 million in residential housing, retail or mixed-use developments in the City of St. Louis within five years of the opening of the Lumière Place Casino and Hotels. Such investment can be made with partners and partner contributions and project debt financing, all of which count toward the \$50.0 million investment commitment. We are also obligated to pay an annual fee of \$1.0 million to the City of St. Louis beginning after our River City project opens. The redevelopment agreement also contains certain contingent payments in the event of certain defaults. If we and any development partners collectively fail to invest \$50.0 million in residential housing, retail, or mixed-use developments within five years of the opening of the casino and hotel, we would be obligated to pay an additional annual service fee of \$1.0 million in Year Six, \$2.0 million in Years Seven and Eight, and \$2.0 million annually thereafter, adjusted by the

change in the consumer price index.

Guaranteed Maximum Price Agreement for River City: On August 8, 2008, we entered into an Agreement for Guaranteed Maximum Price Construction Services with a general contractor for the construction of our River City project. Among other things, the Agreement establishes that the contractor will complete the construction of the casino for a maximum price of approximately \$149 million, plus approved change orders. River City opened on March 4, 2010. We agreed to pay the contractor \$152 million, of which approximately \$10.0 million was outstanding as of June 30, 2010, which amount was paid subsequent to quarter end.

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Lease and Development Agreement for River City: In connection with our River City project, we have a lease and development agreement with the St. Louis County Port Authority which, among other things, commits us to lease 56 acres for 99 years (not including certain termination provisions). We are required to invest a minimum of \$375 million to: (a) construct a gaming and multi-use facility, which opened on March 4, 2010; (b) perform environmental remediation on the site of the project, which remediation has been completed; (c) contribute \$5.1 million for the construction of community and recreational facilities, which amount has been paid; (d) develop and construct a hatch shell on the adjoining property within eighteen months of March 4, 2010; and (e) construct a roadway into the project, which construction is complete. We are required to pay rent in the amount of \$2.5 million from May 1, 2009 to March 31, 2010, which amount has been paid. From April 1, 2010 through the expiration of the term of the lease and development agreement, we are required to pay to St. Louis County as annual rent the greater of (a) \$4.0 million, or (b) 2.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts, as that term is defined in the lease and development agreement. We are also required to invest at least an additional \$75 million into a second phase that would include a hotel with a minimum of 100 guestrooms and other amenities, to be mutually agreed upon by us and St. Louis County. The second phase must be opened within three years of March 4, 2010. In each of the five subsequent years that the second phase is not opened, the amount of liquidated damages begins at \$2.0 million for the first year and increases by \$1.0 million each subsequent year: hence, \$3.0 million in Year Two, \$4.0 million in Year Three, \$5.0 million in Year Four and \$6.0 million in Year Five. As a result, the maximum amount of such liquidated damages that we would have to pay if the second phase is not completed is \$20.0 million.

Self-Insurance: We self-insure various levels of general liability, workers—compensation and medical coverage. Insurance reserves include accruals for estimated settlements for known claims, as well as accruals for estimates of claims not yet made, which are included in—Accrued compensation—and—Other accrued liabilities—on the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Legal

Jebaco Litigation: On August 9, 2006, Jebaco, Inc. (Jebaco) filed suit in the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Louisiana against Harrah s Operating Co., Inc., Harrah s Lake Charles, LLC, Harrah s Star Partnership, Players LC, LLC, Players Riverboat Management, LLC, Players Riverboat II, LLC, and Pinnacle Entertainment, Inc. The lawsuit arises out of an agreement between Jebaco and Harrah s (as successor in interest to the various Players defendants) whereby Harrah s was obligated to pay Jebaco a fee based on the number of patrons entering Harrah s two Lake Charles, Louisiana riverboat casinos. In November 2006, we acquired the Harrah s Lake Charles subsidiaries, including the two riverboats. The lawsuit filed by Jebaco asserts that Harrah s, in ceasing gaming operations in Lake Charles and ceasing payments to Jebaco, breached its contractual obligations to Jebaco and asserts damages of approximately \$34.0 million. Jebaco also asserts that our agreement with Harrah s violates state and federal antitrust laws. The lawsuit seeks antitrust damages jointly and severally against both us and Harrah s and seeks a trebling of the \$34.0 million in damages Jebaco alleges it has suffered. The defendants answered the complaint, denying all claims and asserting that the lawsuit is barred, among other reasons, because of the approval of our transaction with Harrah s by the Louisiana Gaming Control Board and the lack of antitrust injury to Jebaco. In January 2007, all of the defendants moved to dismiss all of the claims of the complaint, which motions were heard on July 18, 2007. The motions to dismiss were granted with prejudice as to the federal antitrust claims and the state-law claims were dismissed without prejudice. Judgment of dismissal was entered on March 5, 2008. Jebaco appealed the dismissal of the federal antitrust claims to the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit. Further, on March 13, 2008, Jebaco filed a new lawsuit against the same parties in the Louisiana district civil court for Orleans Parish. This lawsuit seeks unspecified damages arising out of the same circumstances as the federal lawsuit based on claims for breach of the duty of good faith, negligent breach of contract, breach of contract, unfair trade practices, unjust enrichment, and subrogation to Harrah s insurance proceeds. In May 2009, the Louisiana district civil court extended the stay of the state case indefinitely pending the decision of the Fifth Circuit on Jebaco s appeal. On October 30, 2009, the Fifth Circuit affirmed the district court s dismissal of the federal antitrust claims. Jebaco has not yet indicated if it intends to appeal the Fifth Circuit decision. We moved for dismissal of the state-court claims. On January 29, 2010, the state court judge dismissed Jebaco s complaint in its entirety. On April 16, 2010, Jebaco moved the district civil court for leave to appeal the dismissal of its claims. On April 23, 2010, the district court granted Jebaco s motion for an order of

appeal.

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Madison House Litigation: On December 23, 2008, Madison House Group, L.P. (Madison House) filed suit in Superior Court of New Jersey, Chancery Division, Atlantic County against the Company, ACE Gaming, LLC (ACE, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company), and one other defendant. We acquired ACE as part of our acquisition of the entities owning the former Sands Hotel & Casino (the Sands) in Atlantic City, New Jersey in November 2006. The lawsuit arises out of a lease dated December 18, 2000 between Madison House as landlord and ACE as tenant for the Madison House hotel in Atlantic City, New Jersey. The lawsuit alleges in part that ACE breached certain obligations under the lease, including, among other things, failure to operate and maintain the hotel as required by the lease, which was alleged to have resulted in substantial damages to the hotel. The lawsuit further alleges that the Company, as the ultimate parent entity of ACE, should be jointly and severally liable with ACE for the damages sought, and separately alleges independent actions against the Company as described more fully in the lawsuit. The lawsuit seeks specific performance of ACE is obligations under the lease, including restoration of the hotel, as well as unspecified compensatory and exemplary damages, and attorneys fees, against the Company and ACE. ACE continues to make its payment obligations under the lease, which expires in December 2012.

On March 17, 2010, Madison House moved to dismiss its Complaint and ACE s Counterclaim without prejudice, which motion was heard on April 28, 2010. The Court ruled that it was granting the motion to dismiss Madison House s Complaint, without prejudice, but that it was denying the motion to dismiss ACE s Counterclaim. The Court also ruled that the case would be moved from the Chancery Division to the Law Division. While the Company cannot predict the outcome of this litigation, it intends to pursue its Counterclaim vigorously.

Collective Bargaining Agreements: On May 17, 2006, we entered into a Memorandum of Agreement (the MOA) with Unite HERE Local 74 (Union) commensurate with our obligations under a development agreement with the City of St. Louis that, among other things, provided union access to certain employees (bargaining unit employees) employed at our Lumière Place facility should the Union manifest its intent to organize those employees. Additionally, the MOA provided that we would recognize the Union as the exclusive bargaining representative of the bargaining unit employees if a majority of the employees (verified by a neutral arbitrator) indicated their desire to be represented by the Union by signing an authorization card.

On November 20, 2008, an arbitrator conducted a review of the authorization cards submitted by the Union and determined that a majority of the bargaining unit employees had indicated their desire to be represented by the Union. Consistent with the MOA, we recognized the Union as the exclusive bargaining representative for the bargaining unit employees. We met with the Union three times to negotiate a collective bargaining agreement; the last meeting was on February 18, 2009.

During March and April 2009, we received competing claims from three unions, each claiming to be the exclusive collective bargaining representative of our St. Louis employees, including a claim from one union that they were the successor to the Union. In response to the competing claims for recognition, we withdrew recognition from the Union because of a lack of continuity of representation. In May 2009, we notified the Union that the collective bargaining agreement for HoteLumière was no longer in effect and that the collective bargaining agreement for the President Casino was being terminated. In May 2009, one of the unions claiming to be the successor to the Union filed unfair labor practice charges with the National Labor Relations Board (NLRB) alleging, among other things, that we refused to bargain in good faith by refusing to engage in collective bargaining negotiations, by refusing to negotiate over the discharge of employees, and by withdrawing recognition and abrogating the terms and conditions of employment. The NLRB dismissed the charge filed against HoteLumière.

In October 2009, the Union again changed its affiliation, and again requested recognition, which was denied. In December 2009, the Union filed charges with the NLRB alleging that Lumière Place and President Casino acted unlawfully when they refused to recognize and deal with the Union. In January 2010, the NLRB issued a Complaint and Notice of Hearing against Lumière Place and President Casino.

On April 13, 2010, following the resolution of the competing claims for recognition, Lumière Place and President Casino agreed to settle the NLRB matters by, among other things, agreeing to recognize the Union as the bargaining representative of bargaining units of Lumière Place and President Casino employees, bargaining with the Union upon request, and recognizing the validity of the collective bargaining agreement between President Casino and the Union. The settlement agreements with the NLRB specifically provide that neither Lumière Place nor President Casino admit

to having violated the National Labor Relations Act. Pursuant to the settlement agreements, we have commenced bargaining in good faith with the Union.

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Indiana Tax Dispute: In 2008, the Indiana Department of Revenue (IDR) commenced an income tax examination of the Company s Indiana income tax filings for the 2005 to 2007 period. During June of 2009, the Company received an informal notification from the field agent for the IDR challenging whether income and gain from certain asset sales, including the sale of the Hollywood Park Racetrack in 1999, and other transactions outside of Indiana, such as the Aztar merger termination fee in 2006, which we reported on our Indiana state tax returns for the years 2000 through 2007, resulted in business income subject to apportionment, and proposed a potential assessment of approximately \$11 million, excluding interest and penalties, of additional Indiana income taxes. During the fourth quarter of 2009, the Company submitted additional information to the IDR for consideration. On February 9, 2010, the Company received a revised proposed assessment in the amount of \$7.3 million, excluding interest and penalties of \$2.3 million. On March 17, 2010, the Company timely filed a protest with the IDR requesting abatement of all tax, interest and penalties.

Other: We are a party to a number of other pending legal proceedings. Management does not expect that the outcome of such proceedings, either individually or in the aggregate, will have a material effect on our financial position, cash flows or results of operations.

Note 8 Consolidating Condensed Financial Information

Our subsidiaries (excluding a subsidiary with approximately \$10.5 million in cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2010; a subsidiary with approximately \$66.3 million in cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2010; and certain non-material subsidiaries) have fully and unconditionally and jointly and severally guaranteed the payment of all obligations under the 7.50% Notes, 8.625% Notes and 8.75% Notes, as well as our Credit Facility. Our Atlantic City entities do not guarantee our Credit Facility. Separate financial statements and other disclosures regarding the subsidiary guarantors are not included herein because management has determined that such information is not material to investors. In lieu thereof, we include the following:

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	Entert	nacle ainmen nc.	t, Gu	% Owned carantor idiaries(a)	100% Owned Non- Guarantor Subsidiaries(I (in million	b)	Consolid and Elimina Entri	ting	Entert 1	nnacle cainment, inc. olidated
For the three months ended June 30, 2010 Statement of Operations Revenues:										
Gaming	\$		\$	236.1	\$		\$		\$	236.1
Food and beverage	Ψ		Ψ	17.8	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	17.8
Other				19.7						19.7
				273.6						273.6
Expenses:										
Gaming				135.6						135.6
Food and beverage				18.1						18.1
General and administrative and other		12.1		62.6						74.7
Depreciation and amortization		12.1		27.9						29.3
Write-downs, reserves and		1.7		21.7						27.3
recoveries		0.4		31.6	(0.	.4)				31.6
		13.9		275.8	(0.	.4)				289.3
Operating income (loss)		(13.9)		(2.2)	0.	1				(15.7)
Equity earnings of subsidiaries		(13.9) (14.1)		1.5	0.	.4		12.6		(13.7)
Interest expense and		,								
non-operating income, net Loss on early extinguishment of	•	(27.3)								(27.3)
debt		(0.4)								(0.4)
Income (loss) from continuing operations before inter-company	7									
activity and income taxes Management fee &		(55.7)		(0.7)	0.	.4		12.6		(43.4)
inter-company interest		4.6		(4.6)						
Income tax benefit		1.8		(1-7						1.8
Income (loss) from continuing										
operations		(49.3)		(5.3)	0.	.4		12.6		(41.6)
Income (loss) from discontinued	l									
operations, net of taxes				(9.2)	1.	.5				(7.7)
Net income (loss)	\$	(49.3)	\$	(14.5)	\$ 1.	.9	\$	12.6	\$	(49.3)

For the six months ended June 30, 2010 Statement of Operations

Sta	tem	ent	OI	Oμ	er

Revenues:						
Gaming	\$ \$	466.9	\$	\$	\$	466.9
Food and beverage		33.1				33.1
Other		36.1				36.1
		536.1				536.1
Expenses:						
Gaming		265.4				265.4
Food and beverage		33.8				33.8
General and administrative and						
other	22.0	126.6	((0.6)		148.0
Depreciation and amortization	2.8	52.3		0.1		55.2
Write-downs, reserves and						
recoveries	(6.1)	32.1	((0.5)		25.5
	18.7	510.2	((1.0)		527.9
Operating income (loss)	(18.7)	25.9		1.0		8.2
Equity earnings of subsidiaries	48.6	2.1			(50.7)	
Interest (expense) and					,	
non-operating income, net	(51.6)	3.4				(48.2)
Loss on early extinguishment of						, ,
debt	(1.9)					(1.9)
Income (loss) from continuing						
operations before inter-company						
activity and income taxes	(23.6)	31.4		1.0	(50.7)	(41.9)
Management fee &						
inter-company interest	8.9	(8.9)				
Income tax benefit	2.1					2.1
In a second description of the second						
Income (loss) from continuing	(12.6)	22.5		1.0	(50.7)	(20.9)
operations Income from discontinued	(12.6)	22.3		1.0	(50.7)	(39.8)
operations, net of taxes		25.1		2.1		27.2
operations, her or taxes		23.1		۷,1		21.2
Net income (loss)	\$ (12.6) \$	47.6	\$	3.1 \$	(50.7) \$	(12.6)

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	Enter	nnacle tainmen Inc.	t, G	0% Owned Guarantor osidiaries(a)	G Sub	0% Owned Non- Guarantor osidiaries(b) (in millions)	Consoli an Elimin Ent	d nating	Entert 1	nnacle cainment, Inc. olidated
For the three months ended June 30, 2009										
Statement of Operations										
Revenues:										
Gaming	\$		\$	217.4	\$		\$		\$	217.4
Food and beverage Other				15.6 19.3						15.6 19.3
Other				19.3						19.3
				252.3						252.3
Expenses:										
Gaming				129.0						129.0
Food and beverage				14.8						14.8
General and administrative and		14.0		57.7		(0.6)				71.1
other Depreciation and amortization		1.4		23.1		(0.6) 0.3				24.8
Write-downs, reserves and		1.7		23.1		0.5				24.0
recoveries				0.3						0.3
		15.4		224.9		(0.3)				240.0
Operating income (loss)		(15.4)		27.4		0.3				12.3
Equity earnings of subsidiaries Interest (expense) and		29.4		(0.7)				(28.7)		
non-operating income, net		(18.6)		2.7						(15.9)
Gain on sale of equity securities	1	6.0				6.9				12.9
Income (loss) from continuing operations before inter-company	J									
activity and income taxes Management fee &	,	1.4		29.4		7.2		(28.7)		9.3
inter-company interest		3.6		(3.6)						
Income tax benefit (expense)		(0.3)		,						(0.3)
Income (loss) from continuing								/a.a.=:		
operations Income from discontinued		4.7		25.8		7.2		(28.7)		9.0
operations, net of taxes				(3.7)		(0.6)				(4.3)
Net income (loss)	\$	4.7	\$	22.1	\$	6.6	\$	(28.7)	\$	4.7

For the six months ended June 30, 2009 Statement of Operations

Statement of Operations								
Revenues: Gaming	\$	\$	440.7	\$		\$	\$	440.7
Food and beverage	Ψ	Ψ	29.4	Ψ		Ψ	Ψ	29.4
Other	().1	35.4					35.5
	().1	505.5					505.6
Expenses:								
Gaming			256.0					256.0
Food and beverage			28.8					28.8
General and administrative and								
other	26	5.3	112.9		(1.2)			138.0
Depreciation and amortization	2	2.7	46.3		0.6			49.6
Write-downs, reserves and								
recoveries			0.7					0.7
	20	0.0	444.70		(0.6)			473.1
			111170		(0.0)			175.1
Operating income (loss)	(28	3.9)	60.8		0.6			32.5
Equity earnings of subsidiaries	59	9.7	0.7				(60.4)	
Interest (expense) and								
non-operating income, net	,	7.3)	4.9					(32.4)
Gain on sale of equity securities	6	5.0			6.9			12.9
Income (loss) from continuing								
operations before inter-company								
activity and income taxes	(().5)	66.4		7.5		(60.4)	13.0
Management fee &	`	,					,	
inter-company interest	6	5.7	(6.7)					
Income tax benefit (expense)	(().6)						(0.6)
Income (loss) from continuing								
operations	4	5.6	59.7		7.5		(60.4)	12.4
Income (loss) from discontinued			37.1		7.5		(00.1)	12,7
operations, net of taxes			(7.4)		0.6			(6.8)
					_			
Net income (loss)	\$ 5	5.6 \$	52.3	\$	8.1	\$	(60.4) \$	5.6

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			1000		100% Owned		Consolidating		Pinnacle	
	Pinnacle Entertainment, Inc.		100% Owned , Guarantor Subsidiaries(a)		Non- Guarantor Subsidiaries(b) (in millions)		and Eliminating Entries		Entertainment, Inc. Consolidated	
As of June 30, 2010										
Balance Sheet	¢	40.6	¢	121.7	¢	77.0	¢		¢	250.2
Current assets Property and equipment, net	\$	49.6 15.8	\$	131.7 1,471.8	\$	77.0 0.5	\$		\$	258.3 1,488.1
Other non-current assets		65.1		53.2		0.5				1,466.1
Investment in subsidiaries		1,631.5		(0.6)				(1,630.9)		110.5
Assets of discontinued		1,001.0		(0.0)				(1,050.5)		
operations held for sale				65.3		0.4				65.7
Inter-company		1.2						(1.2)		
	\$	1,763.2	\$	1,721.4	\$	77.9	\$	(1,632.1)	\$	1,930.4
Current liabilities		49.0		138.8						187.8
Notes payable, long term		1,175.3		0.8						1,176.1
Other non-current liabilities		28.4		13.8						42.2
Liabilities of discontinued										
operations held for sale				13.7						13.7
Inter-company						1.2		(1.2)		
Equity		510.5		1,554.3		76.7		(1,630.9)		510.6
	\$	1,763.2	\$	1,721.4	\$	77.9	\$	(1,632.1)	\$	1,930.4
As of December 31, 2009										
Balance Sheet	¢	5.0	ф	96.0	Ф	((0	¢		¢.	150.0
Current assets	\$	5.2 16.9	\$	86.9	\$	66.8	\$		\$	158.9
Property and equipment, net Other non-current assets		50.6		1,472.6 39.1		10.5 (1.2)				1,500.0 88.5
Investment in subsidiaries		1,576.5		23.3		(1.2)		(1,599.8)		00.3
Assets of discontinued		1,370.3		23.3				(1,377.0)		
operations held for sale				67.8		28.6				96.4
Inter-company				07.0		1.2		(1.2)		70
r J										
	\$	1,649.2	\$	1,689.7	\$	105.9	\$	(1,601.0)	\$	1,843.8
Current liabilities		63.4		139.3						202.7
Notes payable, long term		1,062.5		0.8						1,063.3
Other non-current liabilities Liabilities of discontinued		28.9		17.7						46.6
operations held for sale				32.4		4.4				36.8
Inter-company				32.1		1.2		(1.2)		20.0
r/								(1)		

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Equity 494.4 1,499.5 100.3 (1,599.8) 494.4 \$ 1,649.2 \$ 1,689.7 \$ 105.9 \$ (1,601.0) \$ 1,843.8

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			100%		00 % wned (Consolidatii	ng Pi	innacle
			Owned Guarantor osidiaries(a)	Gua Subsid	Non- arantor diaries(b) nillions)	and Eliminating Entries	g	rtainment, Inc. solidated
For the six months ended June 30, 2010 Statement of Cash Flows Cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(59.4)	\$ 138.8	\$	(29.5)	\$	\$	49.9
Cash provided by (used in) investing activities Capital expenditures and other		(1.5)	(112.9)		35.5			(78.9)
Cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(1.5)	(112.9)		35.5			(78.9)
Cash provided by financing activities Change in notes payable and other		105.8						105.8
Cash provided by financing activities		105.8						105.8
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash Increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of		44.9	25.9		(0.4) 5.6			(0.4) 76.4
period		1.5	56.7		71.4			129.6
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	d \$	46.4	\$ 82.6	\$	77.0	\$	\$	206.0
For the six months ended June 30, 2009 Statement of Cash Flows Cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(40.0)	\$ 85.3	\$	2.7	\$	\$	48.0
Cash provided by (used in) investing activities			(0.1.2)		(0.0)			(0.1.1)
Capital expenditure and other Proceeds from sale of equity securities		(2.6) 10.1	(81.2)		(0.3) 13.6			(84.1) 23.7
Cash provided by (used in) investing activities		7.5	(81.2)		13.3			(60.4)
Cash provided by financing activities Change in notes payable		31.0						31.0

Cash provided by financing activities	31.0			31.0
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash Increase (decrease) in cash and cash			(0.3)	(0.3)
equivalents	(1.5)	4.1	15.7	18.3
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	6.7	51.0	58.0	115.7
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$	5.2 \$	55.1 \$	73.7 \$	\$ 134.0

(a) The following

material

subsidiaries are

identified as

guarantors of the

7.50% Notes,

8.625% Notes

and 8.75% Notes:

Belterra Resort

Indiana, LLC;

Boomtown, LLC;

PNK (RENO),

LLC; Louisiana I

Gaming; PNK

(LAKE

CHARLES),

L.L.C.; Casino

Magic Corp.;

Biloxi Casino

Corp.; PNK

(BOSSIER

CITY), Inc.;

Casino One

Corporation;

PNK (ES), LLC;

PNK (ST. LOUIS

RE), LLC; AREP

Boardwalk

Properties LLC;

PNK (Baton

Rouge)

Partnership; PNK

(River City),

LLC, PNK

(SCB), L.L.C.;

PNK

Development 7,

LLC; PNK

Development 8,

LLC; PNK Development 9, LLC; PNK Development 13, LLC; President Riverboat Casino-Missouri, Inc.; and ACE Gaming, LLC. In addition, certain other immaterial subsidiaries are also guarantors of the 7.50% Notes, 8.625% Notes and 8.75% Notes.

(b) PNK

Development 11, LLC, which as of June 30, 2010 held approximately \$66.3 million in cash and cash equivalents, is our only material non-guarantor of the 7.50% Notes, 8.625% Notes and 8.75% Notes. Other non-guarantor subsidiaries include, but are not limited to, a subsidiary with \$10.5 million in cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2010.

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Note 9 Segment Information

We use Adjusted EBITDA (as defined below) to compare operating results among our segments and allocate resources. The following table highlights our Adjusted EBITDA and reconciles Adjusted EBITDA to income (loss) from continuing operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009.

	For the thr	led	onths	For the six months ende					
	2010	,	2009		2010		2009		
			(in mi	llions)				
Revenues:									
L Auberge du Lac	\$ 83.7	\$	86.6	\$	170.0	\$	175.0		
St. Louis (a)	85.4		54.2		157.2		107.3		
Boomtown New Orleans	34.2		35.5		69.0		73.7		
Belterra Casino Resort	38.8		42.8		75.2		83.8		
Boomtown Bossier City	21.1		22.7		45.5		47.5		
Boomtown Reno	10.4		10.5		19.2		18.2		
Total Revenue	\$ 273.6	\$	252.3	\$	536.1	\$	505.5		
Adjusted EBITDA (b):									
L Auberge du Lac	\$ 22.1	\$	21.5	\$	46.1	\$	45.0		
St. Louis (a)	14.2	·	9.9		29.7		20.5		
Boomtown New Orleans	10.4		10.6		21.1		24.1		
Belterra Casino Resort	7.7		8.2		14.2		16.0		
Boomtown Bossier City	4.7		4.7		11.2		10.9		
Boomtown Reno	0.5		0.1		(0.5)		(1.2)		
	59.6		55.0		121.8		115.3		
Corporate expenses (c)	(10.2)		(8.2)		(18.3)		(18.0)		
	49.4		46.8		103.5		97.3		
Other benefits (costs):									
Depreciation and amortization	(29.3)		(24.8)		(55.2)		(49.6)		
Pre-opening and development costs	(2.1)		(4.1)		(11.0)		(7.0)		
Non-cash share-based compensation	(2.1)		(5.3)		(3.5)		(7.5)		
Impairment of indefinite-lived intangible assets	(11.5)				(11.5)				
Impairment of land and construction costs	(18.4)				(18.4)				
Write-downs, reserves and recoveries, net	(1.7)		(0.3)		4.4		(0.8)		
Interest expense, net of capitalized interest	(27.4)		(15.9)		(48.4)		(32.5)		
Gain on sale of equity securities			12.9				12.9		
Loss on early extinguishment of debt	(0.4)				(1.9)				
Other non-operating income	0.1		0.1		0.1		0.2		
Income tax benefit (expense)	1.8		(0.4)		2.1		(0.6)		
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ (41.6)	\$	9.0	\$	(39.8)	\$	12.4		

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	F	or the six n Jun	nonths e 30,	ended
		2010	2	2009
		(in mi	llions)	
Capital expenditures:				
L Auberge du Lac	\$	7.5	\$	2.8
St. Louis (a)		58.8		63.2
Boomtown New Orleans		1.4		2.6
Belterra Casino Resort		3.0		3.5
Boomtown Bossier City		2.8		1.0
Boomtown Reno		0.2		1.4
Corporate and other, including properties under development(d)		19.7		9.7
	\$	93.4	\$	84.2
	J	une 30, 2010	Dec	ember 31, 2009
		(in n	nillions	s)
Assets				
L Auberge du Lac	\$	317.5	\$	331.0
St. Louis (a)		836.8		806.7
Boomtown New Orleans		68.3		74.3
Belterra Casino Resort		190.0		193.6
Boomtown Bossier City		91.3		92.1
Boomtown Reno		42.5		41.9
Corporate and other, including new properties and discontinued operations		384.0		304.3
	\$	1,930.4	\$	1,843.9

(a) Our St. Louis segment consists of Lumière Place, which includes the Lumière Place Casino, the Pinnacle-owned Four Seasons Hotel St. Louis and HoteLumière, and River City.

(b) We define Adjusted EBITDA for

each segment as earnings before interest income and expense, income taxes, depreciation, amortization, pre-opening and development expenses, non-cash share-based compensation, asset impairment costs, write-downs, reserves, recoveries, gain (loss) on sale of certain assets, loss on early extinguishment of debt, loss on sale of discontinued operations, and discontinued operations. We use Adjusted EBITDA to compare operating results among our properties and between accounting

(c) Corporate
expenses
represent
unallocated
payroll,
professional
fees, travel
expenses and
other general
and
administrative
expenses not

periods.

directly related to our casino and hotel operations.

(d) Includes capital expenditures for our various development projects not yet reflected as operating segments, including the following:

For the six months ended June 30, 2010 2009

(in millions)

\$ 10.5 \$ 6.4 4.0

Sugarcane Bay Baton Rouge

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Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis of financial condition, results of operations, liquidity and capital resources should be read in conjunction with, and is qualified in its entirety by, the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and the notes thereto included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, the Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto and Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009 and our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 21, 2010, including Exhibit 99.1 which was filed to update the historical financial statements included in the Company s Form 10-K to reflect its Casino Magic Argentina operations and Atlantic City operations and related assets as held for sale for the year ended December 31, 2009 and the results of those operations as discontinued operations for all periods presented.

EXECUTIVE OVERVIEW

Pinnacle Entertainment, Inc. is an owner, operator and developer of casinos and related hospitality and entertainment facilities. We operate seven casinos, L. Auberge du Lac in Lake Charles, Louisiana; River City and Lumière Place in St. Louis, Missouri; Boomtown New Orleans in New Orleans, Louisiana; Belterra Casino Resort in Vevay, Indiana; Boomtown Bossier City in Bossier City, Louisiana; and Boomtown Reno in Reno, Nevada. Our River City Casino opened on March 4, 2010. In April 2010, we cancelled our Sugarcane Bay project in Lake Charles, Louisiana. On June 24, 2010, we closed our President Casino facility, and on June 30, 2010, we completed the sale of our Argentina operations for approximately \$40 million.

In Louisiana, we continue to proceed with design and entitlement work for our Baton Rouge project, which is subject to various regulatory approvals.

We operate casino properties, all of which include gaming, dining, retail and other amenities and some of which include hotel operations. Our operating results are highly dependent on the volume of customers at our properties, which in turn affects the price we can charge for our hotel rooms and other amenities. While we do provide casino credit in several gaming jurisdictions, most of our revenue is cash-based, with customers wagering with cash or paying for non-gaming services with cash or credit cards. Our properties generate significant operating cash flow. Our industry is capital intensive and we rely on the ability of our resorts to generate operating cash flow to pay interest, repay debt and fund maintenance capital expenditures.

Our mission is to increase stockholder value. We intend to accomplish this through our long-term strategy of providing our guests with their favorite games in attractive surroundings with high quality guest service, maintaining and improving each of our existing properties and building or acquiring new casinos or resorts that are expected to produce favorable returns above our cost of capital. Hence, we continually focus on customer service; we are maintaining and improving our existing properties with disciplined capital expenditures; we are developing a new, high-quality gaming property in an attractive gaming market; and we may make strategic acquisitions, either alone or with third parties, when and if available, on terms we believe are reasonable.

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RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table highlights our results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009. As discussed in Note 8 to our unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, we report segment operating results based on revenues and Adjusted EBITDA. Such segment reporting is on a consistent basis with how we measure our business and allocate resources internally. See Note 8 to our unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for more information regarding our segment information.

For the thr	ee m	onths				
end	led		Fo	r the six n	onth	s ended
June	e 30 ,			June	e 30 ,	
2010		2009		2010		2009
		(in mi	llions)		
83.7	\$	86.6	\$	170.0	\$	175.0
85.4		54.2		157.2		107.3
34.2		35.5		69.0		73.7
38.8		42.8		75.2		83.8
21.1		22.7		45.5		47.5
10.4		10.5		19.2		18.2
273.6	\$	252.3	\$	536.1	\$	505.5
(15.7)	\$	12.3	\$	8.2	\$	32.4
(41.6)	\$	9.0	\$	(39.8)	\$	12.4
22.1	\$	21.5	\$	46.1	\$	45.0
14.2		9.9		29.7		20.5
10.4		10.6		21.1		24.1
7.7		8.2		14.2		16.0
4.7		4.7		11.2		10.9
0.5		0.1		(0.5)		(1.2)
	2010 83.7 85.4 34.2 38.8 21.1 10.4 273.6 (15.7) (41.6) 22.1 14.2 10.4 7.7 4.7	ended June 30, 2010 83.7 \$ 85.4 34.2 38.8 21.1 10.4 273.6 \$ (15.7) \$ (41.6) \$ 22.1 \$ 14.2 10.4 7.7 4.7	June 30, 2010 2009 (in mi) 83.7 \$ 86.6 85.4 54.2 34.2 35.5 38.8 42.8 21.1 22.7 10.4 10.5 273.6 \$ 252.3 (15.7) \$ 12.3 (41.6) \$ 9.0 22.1 \$ 21.5 14.2 9.9 10.4 10.6 7.7 8.2 4.7 4.7	ended June 30, 2009 (in millions) 83.7 \$ 86.6 \$ 85.4 54.2 34.2 35.5 38.8 42.8 21.1 22.7 10.4 10.5 273.6 \$ 252.3 \$ (15.7) \$ 12.3 \$ (41.6) \$ 9.0 \$ \$ 22.1 \$ 21.5 \$ 14.2 9.9 10.4 10.6 7.7 8.2 4.7 4.7	ended June 30, For the six medium 30, 2010 2010 (in millions) 83.7 \$ 86.6 \$ 170.0 85.4 54.2 157.2 34.2 35.5 69.0 38.8 42.8 75.2 21.1 22.7 45.5 10.4 10.5 19.2 273.6 \$ 252.3 \$ 536.1 (15.7) \$ 12.3 \$ 8.2 (41.6) \$ 9.0 \$ (39.8) 22.1 \$ 21.5 \$ 46.1 14.2 9.9 29.7 10.4 10.6 21.1 7.7 8.2 14.2 4.7 4.7 11.2	ended June 30, 2009 2010 (in millions) 83.7 \$ 86.6 \$ 170.0 \$ 85.4 54.2 157.2 34.2 35.5 69.0 38.8 42.8 75.2 21.1 22.7 45.5 10.4 10.5 19.2 273.6 \$ 252.3 \$ 536.1 \$ (15.7) \$ 12.3 \$ 8.2 \$ (41.6) \$ 9.0 \$ (39.8) \$ \$ 22.1 \$ 21.5 \$ 46.1 \$ 14.2 9.9 29.7 10.4 10.6 21.1 7.7 8.2 14.2 4.7 4.7 11.2

- (a) Our St. Louis segment consists of Lumière Place and River City.
- (b) We define
 Adjusted
 EBITDA for
 each segment as
 earnings before
 interest income
 and expense,
 income taxes,

depreciation, amortization, pre-opening and development expenses, non-cash share-based compensation, asset impairment costs, write-downs, reserves, recoveries, gain (loss) on sale of certain assets, loss on early extinguishment of debt, loss on sale of discontinued operations, and discontinued operations.

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Segment comparison of the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

L Auberge du Lac

					Percentage				Percentage	
		For the more ended J	nths		Increase/ (Decrease) 2010 vs.	F	or the s	Increase/ (Decrease) 2010 vs.		
	2	2010	2	2009	2009		2010	2009	2009	
		(in mi	llion	s)			(in mi			
Gaming revenues	\$	72.5	\$	75.3	(3.7)%	\$	149.6	\$ 153.7	(2.7)%	
Total revenues		83.7		86.6	(3.3)%		170.0	175.0	(2.9)%	
Operating income		15.0		14.4	4.2%		31.7	30.6	3.6%	
Adjusted EBITDA		22.1		21.5	2.8%		46.1	45.0	2.4%	

L Auberge du Lac, our largest property, achieved increased Adjusted EBITDA for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 as compared to the prior year period despite a slight decline in revenues. This reflects the initial benefits of a heightened focus on operating efficiencies.

St. Louis

					Percentage				Percentage		
	For the three months ended June 30,		Increase/ (Decrease) 2010 vs.	For the si ended J	lune	30,	Increase/ (Decrease) 2010 vs.				
	2	010	_	2009	2009	2010		2009	2009		
		(in mi	llion	s)		(in mi	llion	s)			
Gaming revenues	\$	72.1	\$	43.9	64.2%	\$ 133.0	\$	88.6	50.1%		
Total revenues		85.4		54.2	57.6%	157.2		107.3	46.5%		
Operating income (loss)		(1.0)		1.3	(176.9)%	(4.1)		3.3	(224.2)%		
Adjusted EBITDA		14.2		9.9	43.4%	29.7		20.5	44.9%		

The St. Louis segment includes River City and Lumière Place, which includes Lumière Place Casino, the Pinnacle-owned Four Seasons Hotel St. Louis and HoteLumière. River City opened on March 4, 2010 and has generated positive Adjusted EBITDA for the six months ended June 30, 2010. Consistent with most property openings, River City experienced higher expenses than are expected in the long-term. For the six months ended June 30, 2010, St. Louis revenues and Adjusted EBITDA increased by approximately 47% and 45%, respectively, compared to the same period in prior year.

Boomtown New Orleans

					Percentage					Percentage		
		For the three months ended June 30,		Increase/ (Decrease) 2010 vs.		or the s		Increase/ (Decrease) 2010 vs.				
	2	2010	2	2009	2009	2	010	2	2009	2009		
		(in mi	llions	s)		(in millions)						
Gaming revenues	\$	32.7	\$	33.9	(3.5)%	\$	66.1	\$	70.5	(6.2)%		
Total revenues		34.2		35.5	(3.7)%		69.0		73.7	(6.4)%		
Operating income		8.5		8.8	(3.4)%		17.2		20.3	(15.3)%		
Adjusted EBITDA		10.4		10.6	(1.9)%		21.1		24.1	(12.4)%		

Results during 2010 at Boomtown New Orleans reflect the heightened competition in the area, principally from the Mississippi Gulf Coast, as well as economic conditions. As Hurricane Katrina relief efforts have been lessened, the related spending, construction activity and discretionary income have declined, which has dampened operating results throughout the region.

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Belterra Casino Resort

					Percentage					Percentage
		For the three months ended June 30,		30,	Increase/ (Decrease) 2010 vs. 2009	For the six months ended June 30,				Increase/ (Decrease) 2010 vs. 2009
	-	(in mi	_		2009		(in mi	_		2009
Gaming revenues	\$	33.3	\$	36.7	(9.3)%	\$	64.9	\$	72.5	(10.5)%
Total revenues		38.8		42.8	(9.3)%		75.2		83.8	(10.3)%
Operating income		3.2		4.8	(33.3)%		6.3		9.2	(31.5)%
Adjusted EBITDA		7.7		8.2	(6.1)%		14.2		16.0	(11.3)%

Results during 2010 at Belterra reflect soft general economic conditions and increased competition in Belterra s market area, as well as the negative impact of decreased customer traffic due to record snowfall during the first quarter of 2010. During mid-2008, two racetrack casinos opened in the Indianapolis metropolitan area, each of which operates approximately 2,000 slot machines. One of these racetrack casinos replaced its temporary casino with a significantly nicer permanent facility in March 2009, and another competitor replaced a smaller facility with a new, larger casino in Lawrenceburg, Indiana in June 2009. Despite a decline in total revenues in the second quarter of 2010 as compared to the prior year period, Belterra was able to improve Adjusted EBIDTA as a percentage of revenues through operating efficiencies.

On November 3, 2009, Ohio voters passed a constitutional amendment which allows one casino to be developed in each of Cincinnati, Columbus, Cleveland and Toledo. In the event a new casino is developed in Cincinnati or Columbus, which is likely to take several years to develop and open, it will likely provide additional competition to Belterra.

Boomtown Bossier City

					Percentage					Percentage	
	For the three months ended June 30,			Increase/ (Decrease) 2010 vs.		or the s	Increase/ (Decrease) 2009 vs.				
	2	2010	2	2009	2009	2	2010	2	009	2008	
		(in mi	llion	s)			(in mi	llions			
Gaming revenues	\$	19.7	\$	21.4	(7.9)%	\$	42.7	\$	44.7	(4.5)%	
Total revenues		21.1		22.7	(7.0)%		45.5		47.5	(4.2)%	
Operating income		3.0		3.0			8.0		7.6	5.3%	
Adjusted EBITDA		4.7		4.7			11.2		10.9	2.8%	

Boomtown Bossier City improved Adjusted EBITDA for the six months ended June 30, 2010 despite the competitive Bossier City/Shreveport gaming market through a refinement of the property s marketing efforts and certain cost-cutting measures. Boomtown Bossier City competes with four dockside riverboat casino-hotels and a racetrack operation. In addition, the Bossier City/Shreveport gaming market, which is approximately 188 miles east of Dallas/Fort Worth, competes with Native American gaming in southern Oklahoma located approximately 60 miles north of Dallas/Fort Worth.

Boomtown Reno

	Percentage		Percentage
For the three			
months	Increase/	For the six months	Increase/

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		ended J	June 30,		(Decrease) 2010 vs.		ended J	(Decrease) 2010 vs.		
	2	2010		2009	2009	2010		2	2009	2009
		(in mi	llions	s)		(in millions)				
Gaming revenues	\$	5.8	\$	6.2	(6.5)%	\$	10.6	\$	10.6	
Total revenues		10.4		10.5	(1.0)%		19.2		18.2	5.5%
Operating loss		(0.1)		(1.2)	(91.7)%		(1.8)		(3.7)	(51.4)%
Adjusted EBITDA (loss)		0.5		0.1	400%		(0.5)		(1.2)	(58.3)%

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Boomtown Reno reduced its Adjusted EBITDA loss for the six months ended June 30, 2010 despite flat revenues as a result of heightened focus on operational efficiencies. The Reno market continues to be adversely affected by significant competition from the northern California Native American gaming market, as well as soft economic conditions in both the Reno market and northern California.

Other factors affecting income from continuing operations

The following are a description of the other costs and benefits for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively:

			Percentage			Percentage
	For the mor ended J 2010 (in mi	onths Tune 30, 2009	Increase/ (Decrease) 2010 vs. 2009	For the si ended J 2010 (in mi	Increase/ (Decrease) 2010 vs. 2009	
Other benefits (costs):	(111 1111			(*** ****		
Corporate expenses	\$ (10.2)	\$ (8.2)	24.4%	\$ (18.3)	\$ (18.0)	1.7%
Depreciation and						
amortization	(29.3)	(24.8)	18.1%	(55.2)	(49.6)	11.3%
Pre-opening and						
development costs	(2.1)	(4.1)	(48.8)%	(11.0)	(7.0)	57.1%
Non-cash share-based						
compensation	(2.1)	(5.3)	(60.4)%	(3.5)	(7.5)	(53.3)%
Impairment of						
indefinite-lived intangible						
assets	(11.5)		NM	(11.5)		NM
Impairment of land and						
construction costs	(18.4)		NM	(18.4)		NM
Write-downs, reserves and						
recoveries, net	(1.7)	(0.3)	NM	4.4	(0.8)	NM
Other non-operating income	0.1	0.1		0.1	0.2	(50.0)%
Gain on sale of equity						
securities		12.9	NM		12.9	NM
Loss on early						
extinguishment of debt	(0.4)		NM	(1.9)		NM
Interest expense, net of						
capitalized interest	(27.4)	(15.9)	72.3%	(48.4)	(32.5)	48.9%
Income tax benefit						
(expense)	1.8	(0.4)	NM	2.1	(0.6)	NM
NM Not Meaningful						

Corporate expenses represent unallocated payroll, professional service fees, rent, travel expenses and other general and administrative expenses not directly incurred by our casino and hotel operations. Such expenses increased during the second quarter of 2010 compared to the second quarter of 2009 due to \$1.5 million in additional severance expense and a \$1.1 million one-time charge related to vacating two offices during the second quarter of 2010 in connection with the corporate office consolidation.

Depreciation and amortization expense increased during the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 due to the increase in fixed assets related to the opening of River City on March 4, 2010.

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Pre-opening and Development Costs for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 consist of the following:

	F	or the thi	ree m	onths						
		end	ded		For	For the six months ended				
		June 30,			June 30,					
	2	010		2009	2	2010		2009		
				(in mi	llions)					
River City (a)		1.2		1.6		9.4		2.8		
Baton Rouge		0.2		1.6		0.4		2.7		
Sugarcane Bay (b)		0.6		0.6		1.1		1.2		
Other		0.1		0.2		0.1		0.3		
Total pre-opening and development costs	\$	2.1	\$	4.0	\$	11.0	\$	7.0		

(a) Pre-opening expenses include \$0.7 million for non-cash straight-lined rent accruals under a lease agreement for the six months ended June 30, 2010, and there were no rent accrual charges in the three months ended June 30, 2010, as River City opened in March 2010. Non-cash straight-lined rent accruals were \$1.0 million and \$1.9 million for three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively.

(b) Sugarcane Bay development

expenses are costs associated with the process of ending the project.

Non-cash Share-based Compensation Expense

F	or the th	ree mor	iths								
	enc	ded		For the six months ended							
	Jun	e 30,			June	e 30,					
2	2010 2009		009	2	010	2	009				
			(in mi	llions)							
	2.1	\$	5.3	\$	3.5	\$	7.5				

Share-based compensation expense

Non-cash share-based compensation expense relates to the theoretical value of options on the date of issuance and is not related to actual stock price performance. The expense has decreased due to the acceleration of and cancellation of options in connection with the resignation of our former Chief Executive Officer during the fourth quarter of 2009, as well as the acceleration of vesting of stock options held by our board members during the second quarter of 2009, resulting in no on-going expense for these options.

\$

Impairment of Indefinite-lived Intangible Assets As the result of the cancellation of our planned \$305 million Sugarcane Bay project in Lake Charles, Louisiana we surrendered the related gaming license to the Louisiana Gaming Control Board. In connection with this decision, we fully impaired our gaming license by \$11.5 million during the second quarter of 2010, which amount comprises impairment of indefinite-lived intangible assets in the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Impairment of Land and Construction Costs In April 2010, we cancelled our planned \$305 million Sugarcane Bay project in Lake Charles, Louisiana and surrendered the related gaming license to the Louisiana Gaming Control Board. In connection with this decision, we recorded an impairment charge of \$18.4 million during the second quarter of 2010, which includes all previously capitalized construction in progress and costs to terminate the construction contract with the general contractor. We expect to incur additional contract termination costs, which amounts are not determinable as of June 30, 2010, as we are still negotiating these amounts.

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Write-downs, reserves and recoveries, net consist of the following:

	F		ree mo ded e 30,	nths	For the six months e June 30,			s ended
	2	010		009	2	010		2009
				(in mi	llions)			
Impairment of assets	\$	0.5	\$	0.2	\$	0.5	\$	0.4
Loss on disposal of assets		1.2		0.1		1.6		0.4
Legal settlement recoveries						(6.5)		
Write-downs, reserves and recoveries, net	\$	1.7	\$	0.3	\$	(4.4)	\$	0.8

Impairment of assets: Cabela s Retail, Inc. financed its retail store and certain road access improvements that also benefited our Boomtown Reno property through the issuance of sales tax increment bonds through local or state governmental authorities. In April 2010, purchased \$5.3 million face amount of sales tax increment bonds from Cabela s Retail, Inc. for \$5.0 million. During the quarter ended June 30, 2010, we recorded an impairment of \$0.2 million related to these bonds.

We impaired the fair value of leasehold improvements related to vacated office space by \$0.3 million during the quarter ended June 30, 2010.

Loss on disposal of assets: During the six months ended June 30, 2010, we sold our corporate jet, two seaplanes, a warehouse and slot equipment at our properties for a net loss of \$1.6 million. During the six months ended June 30, 2009, we sold slot equipment for a loss of \$0.4 million.

Legal settlement recoveries: During March 2010, we received a \$6.5 million legal settlement related to the recovery of legal fees.

Interest expense was as follows:

	F		ree mo ded e 30,	nths	For the six months ended June 30,				
	2	2010	2	2009	2	2010	2	2009	
				(in mi	llions)				
Interest expense before capitalization of interest	\$	27.4	\$	18.6	\$	51.9	\$	37.4	
Less: capitalized interest				(2.7)		(3.5)		(4.9)	
Total interest expense, net of capitalized interest	\$	27.4	\$	15.9	\$	48.4	\$	32.5	

The increase in interest expense before capitalized interest for the six months ended June 30, 2010 from the same 2009 period was due to increased debt levels as we replaced less expensive revolver borrowings with new, long-term notes. We believe the longer maturity, fixed interest rate and less-restrictive covenants of the new, long-term notes warranted the higher debt levels and interest rate. The decrease in capitalized interest was due to a decrease in capitalized costs attributable to our River City project. We stopped capitalizing interest on our River City project upon opening.

Loss on early extinguishment of debt: During the six months ended June 30, 2010, we incurred a loss on early extinguishment of debt of \$1.9 million related to the write off of unamortized debt issuance costs related to the modification of our Credit facility and the early retirement of our 8.25% Notes.

Income Tax Benefit (Expense) Our effective income tax rate for continuing operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 was 4.3% and 4.9%, respectively, as compared to 4.1% and 4.3% for the same periods last year. Our effective tax rates in 2010 differ from the statutory rate due to the effects of permanent items, the recording of a

valuation allowance against a portion of our deferred tax assets generated in the current year, and the recording of a reserve for unrecognized tax benefits. It is reasonably possible that the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits may decrease by approximately \$1.0 million to \$3.0 million during the next twelve months.

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Discontinued Operations Discontinued operations as of June 30, 2010 consist of our former Casino Magic Argentina operations, the Atlantic City operations, the former President Casino operations, former Casino Magic Biloxi operations and former operations at The Casino at Emerald Bay in The Bahamas.

Casino Magic Argentina: On April 29, 2010, we entered into an agreement to sell our Argentina operations. We had previously reflected the business as a discontinued operation and the related assets and liabilities as held for sale. On June 30, 2010, we completed the sale of our Argentina operations for approximately \$40 million and recognized a loss on disposal of approximately \$0.2 million, which amount has been included in income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes, in the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Atlantic City: In the first quarter of 2010, we made the decision to sell our Atlantic City operations. We have reflected our Atlantic City entities as discontinued operations and the related assets and liabilities as held for sale.

President Casino: On March 10, 2010, we reached a settlement agreement with the Missouri Gaming Commission (MGC) to close the President Casino. The property closed on June 24, 2010, and as such, is considered a discontinued operation. In connection with the closure, we expect to incur costs associated with the removal and disposal of The Admiral Riverboat, on which the President Casino resides. However, at this time the amount of costs to be incurred cannot be reasonably estimated and no accrual has been booked as of June 30, 2010. In addition, as part of our removal process, we are required to perform certain tests on all underground and above ground storage tanks to ensure the area complies with environmental standards. We may incur additional costs to remove or repair any tanks that fail such tests.

Casino Magic Biloxi: Casino Magic Biloxi closed after significant damage from Hurricane Katrina in 2005. In February 2010, we settled all remaining insurance claims in exchange for a final payment of approximately \$23.4 million. We have received payments totaling approximately \$215 million from our insurers related to this asset. Prior insurance advances that exceeded the book value of destroyed assets and certain insured expenses were recorded as a deferred gain of \$18.3 million. As a result of this final settlement, we recognized this deferred gain in February 2010 in addition to the gain associated with the proceeds.

The Casino at Emerald Bay: The Casino at Emerald Bay in The Bahamas was closed during the first quarter of 2009. We are actively marketing one remaining asset associated with our former Bahamas operation; however, events and circumstances beyond our control have extended the period to complete the sale of this asset beyond a year. The operation continues to be classified as a discontinued operation and the related assets of discontinued operations held for sale.

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Revenue, expense and net income for entities and operations included in discontinued operations are summarized as follows:

	F	or the thr end June	led	nths	For the six months ended June 30,			
	2	2010	2009		2010		2009	
				(in mi	llions)			
Revenues	\$	13.5	\$	13.9	\$	28.5	\$	29.7
Operating loss		(3.9)		(2.0)		(9.7)		(3.7)
Non-operating income (loss)		(0.2)		(0.2)		41.5		(0.2)
Income (loss) before income taxes		(4.1)		(2.2)		31.8		(3.9)
Income tax expense		(3.7)		(2.1)		(4.6)		(2.9)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	\$	(7.8)	\$	(4.3)	\$	27.2	\$	(6.8)

Net income for entities and operations included in discontinued operations are broken out as follows:

	\mathbf{F}	or the thr	ee mo	nths					
		end	led		For	the six m	onths	ended	
		June	30,		June 30,				
	2	010	2	2009	2	2010	2	2009	
				(in mi	illions)				
Casino Magic Argentina	\$	1.8	\$	1.3	\$	3.4	\$	3.4	
Atlantic City		(4.3)		(2.3)		(7.0)		(5.0)	
President Casino		(1.5)		(1.1)		(5.4)		(2.0)	
The Casino at Emerald Bay in The Bahamas		(0.0)		(0.0)		0.0		(0.1)	
Casino Magic Biloxi		(0.1)		(0.1)		40.8		(0.2)	
Income taxes		(3.7)		(2.1)		(4.6)		(2.9)	
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	\$	(7.8)	\$	(4.3)	\$	27.2	\$	(6.8)	

Net assets for entities and operations included in discontinued operations are summarized as follows:

	June 30, 2010			mber 31, 2009				
	(in millions)							
Assets:	Φ.	20.4	Φ.					
Land, buildings, riverboats and equipment, net	\$	38.4	\$	57.4				
Other assets, net		27.4		39.0				
	\$	65.8	\$	96.4				
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	\$	13.4	\$	17.4				
Long term liabilities		0.3		19.3				

13.7

36.7

Net Assets \$ 52.1 \$ 59.7

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LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

As of June 30, 2010, we held \$204 million of cash and cash equivalents. We estimate that approximately \$70 million is needed to fund our casino cages, slot machines and day-to-day operating and corporate accounts. On February 5, 2010, we entered into a \$375 million amended and restated credit facility, which facility matures in March 2014 (the Credit Facility). As of June 30, 2010, we had no borrowings under the Credit Facility and had \$9.6 million committed under various letters of credit. We anticipate additional borrowings in the future to fund development and expansion projects and other general corporate needs. On May 6, 2010, the Company closed an offering of \$350 million in aggregate principal amount of new 8.75% senior subordinated notes due 2020.

We generally produce significant positive cash flows from operations, though this is not always reflected in our reported net income due to large non-cash charges such as depreciation. However, our ongoing liquidity will depend on a number of factors, including available cash resources, cash flow from operations, funding of construction of our development projects and our compliance with covenants contained in the Credit Facility and bond indentures.

	For	the six m June	Percentage Increase/(Decrease)		
	2	2010 2009			2010 vs. 2009
		(in mi	lions)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	49.9	\$	48.0	4.0%
Net cash used in investing activities	\$	(78.9)	\$	(60.4)	30.6%
Net cash providing by financing activities	\$	105.8	\$	31.0	241.3%

Operating Cash Flow

Our cash provided by operating activities in the six months ended June 30, 2010 as compared to the prior year period increased slightly due to the positive impacts of insurance settlement proceeds and a legal settlement recovery, offset by large payments of our liabilities.

Investing Cash Flow

Investing cash flows includes capital expenditures offset by the sale of property and equipment. During the six months ended June 30, 2010, capital expenditures were offset by \$13.6 million in proceeds from the sale of our corporate jet, two seaplanes, and gaming equipment. In addition, we also received cash proceeds of \$25.1 million due to the sale of our Argentina operations. The remaining proceeds were received subsequent to June 30, 2010. Also, we deposited \$25 million into an escrow account pursuant to an agreement with the State of Louisiana and the Louisiana Gaming Control Board with respect to the establishment, maintenance and operation of our Baton Rouge project. The following is a summary of our capital expenditures for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009:

	For the six months ended June 30,							
	2010 2009							
	(in millions)							
River City	\$	57.0	\$	60.7				
Sugarcane Bay		10.5		6.4				
Belterra Casino Resort		3.0		3.5				
L Auberge du Lac		7.5		2.8				
Boomtown New Orleans		1.4		2.6				
Lumière Place Casino		1.8		2.5				
Boomtown Reno		0.2		1.4				
Atlantic City		0.1		1.0				
Boomtown Bossier City		2.8		1.0				
Other		9.1		2.3				
Total capital expenditures	\$	93.4	\$	84.2				

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In April 2010, we cancelled our planned \$305 million Sugarcane Bay project and surrendered the related gaming license to the Louisiana Gaming Control Board. In connection with this decision, we recorded impairment charges primarily related to construction costs and the gaming license of approximately \$29.9 million in the second quarter of 2010. We expect to incur additional contract termination costs, which amounts are not determinable as of June 30, 2010, as we are still negotiating these amounts.

Our intention is to use existing cash resources, expected cash flows from operations and funds available under our Credit Facility to fund operations, maintain existing properties, make necessary debt service payments and fund the development of our Baton Rouge project. In the event that our future cash flows from operations do not match the levels we currently anticipate, whether due to downturns in the economy or otherwise, we may need to raise funds through the capital markets.

Our ability to borrow under our Credit Facility is contingent upon, among other things, meeting customary financial and other covenants. If we are unable to borrow under our Credit Facility, or if our operating results are adversely affected because of a reduction in consumer spending, or for any other reason, this may affect our ability to maintain our existing properties or complete Baton Rouge project unless we sell assets, enter into leasing arrangements, or take other measures to find additional resources. There is no certainty that we will be able to do so on terms that are favorable to the Company or at all.

In addition to the effect that the global financial crisis has already had on us, we may face significant challenges if conditions in the economy and financial markets worsen. The credit crisis has adversely affected overall consumer demand, which has had a negative effect on our revenues. Furthermore, the effects of the recent disruption to the overall economy could adversely affect consumer confidence and the willingness of consumers to spend money on leisure activities. Because of the current economic environment, certain of our customers may curtail the frequency of their visits to our casinos and may reduce the amounts they wager and spend during those visits below what they would normally wager and spend in better economic times. All of these effects could have a material adverse effect on our liquidity.

For further discussion of our projects and associated capital needs, see the section Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations-Liquidity and Capital Resources within our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009 and within our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 21, 2010.

Financing Cash Flow

Credit Facility

On February 5, 2010, we amended and restated our Credit Facility, which reduced our revolving credit facility from \$531 million to \$375 million. As of June 30, 2010, we had no outstanding borrowings and had \$9.6 million committed under various letters of credit under our Credit Facility. The Credit Facility matures on March 31, 2014.

The Credit Facility permits us, in the future, to increase the commitments under the revolving credit facility and to obtain term loan commitments, in each case from existing or new lenders that are willing to commit to such an increase so long as we are in pro forma compliance with a consolidated senior secured debt ratio and a consolidated total leverage ratio.

The proceeds of the Credit Facility may be used for general corporate purposes, including the payment of certain expenditures associated with the construction and development of our Baton Rouge project.

The Credit Facility does not have any debt repayment obligations prior to 2014. We are obligated to make mandatory prepayments of indebtedness under the Credit Facility from the net proceeds of certain debt offerings, certain asset sales and dispositions and certain casualty events, subject in certain cases to our right to reinvest proceeds. In addition, we will be required to prepay borrowings under the Credit Facility with a percentage of our excess cash flow (as defined in the Credit Facility, and reduced for cash flow applied to permitted capital spending). We do not believe such payments will be required in the foreseeable future. We have the option to prepay all or any portion of the indebtedness under the Credit Facility at any time without premium or penalty.

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The interest rate margins for revolving credit loans under the Credit Facility depend on our consolidated total leverage ratio, which in general is the ratio of consolidated total debt (less excess cash, as defined in the Credit Facility) to annualized adjusted EBITDA. The Credit Facility bears interest, at our option, at either a LIBOR rate plus a margin ranging from 3.00% to 4.75% or at a base rate plus a margin ranging from 1.50% to 3.25%, in either case based on our consolidated total leverage ratio. The undrawn revolver facility bears a commitment fee for unborrowed amounts of 0.25% to 0.75% per annum based on our consolidated total leverage ratio.

The Credit Facility has, among other things, financial covenants, capital spending limits and other affirmative and negative covenants, including a required minimum consolidated interest coverage ratio, a maximum permitted consolidated total leverage ratio and a maximum permitted consolidated senior secured leverage ratio. The Credit Facility also has certain covenants regarding construction projects, including, among other requirements for the Baton Rouge project, a requirement that an in-balance test be satisfied prior to the spending of \$25 million after January 1, 2010 for such project. Based on the recent issuance of our 8.75% Notes (defined below), management believes it has sufficient project sources, including cash flow from operations, to satisfy the in-balance test at this time, subject to submitting the required in-balance certification. In addition, there is a provision in the Credit Facility that we cannot spend more than \$25 million on the Baton Rouge project after January 1, 2010 unless we have received at least \$40 million in the aggregate from various non-debt capital sources. The Company has the funds to meet this requirement.

The obligations under the Credit Facility are secured by most of our assets and our domestic restricted subsidiaries, including a pledge of the equity interests in our domestic subsidiaries and, if and when formed or acquired, by a pledge of up to 66% of the then-outstanding equity interests of our foreign restricted subsidiaries. Our obligations under the Credit Facility are also guaranteed by our domestic restricted subsidiaries and are required to be guaranteed by our foreign restricted subsidiaries are formed or acquired, unless such guarantee causes material adverse tax, foreign gaming or foreign law consequences. The subsidiaries that own our Atlantic City site, a subsidiary that holds approximately \$10.5 million in cash and cash equivalents and a subsidiary that holds approximately \$66 million in cash and cash equivalents are currently unrestricted subsidiaries for purposes of the Credit Facility.

Senior and Senior Subordinated Indebtedness

As of June 30, 2010, we had outstanding \$450 million aggregate principal amount of 8.625% senior notes due 2017 (8.625% Notes), \$385 million aggregate principal amount of 7.50% senior subordinated notes due 2015 (7.50% Notes) and \$350 million aggregate principal amount of 8.75% senior subordinated notes due 2020 (8.75% Notes). On May 6, 2010, we closed the offering of the 8.75% Notes. The 8.75% Notes were issued in a private offering conducted pursuant to Rule 144A and Regulation S under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, at a price equal to par. Net of the initial purchasers fees and various costs and expenses, net proceeds from the offering were approximately \$341.5 million. Using the net proceeds, we redeemed all of our then existing 8.25% senior subordinated notes due 2012, of which \$200 million in aggregate principal amount was outstanding, and repaid \$80 million in revolving credit borrowings under the Credit Facility. The remaining net proceeds from the offering are expected to be used for general corporate purposes, including the funding of our Baton Rouge project. The 8.625% Notes are senior unsecured obligations and rank equally in right of payment with all of our existing and future senior debt, including debt under our Credit Facility. The 8.625% Notes are, however, effectively subordinated to our Credit Facility, which is secured by a first priority lien, as well as any other secured debt which may be issued in the future. The 8.625% Notes are guaranteed on a senior basis by certain of our current and future domestic restricted subsidiaries. The 8.625% Notes rank senior to our existing 7.50% Notes and 8.75% Notes. The 7.50% Notes and 8.75% Notes are unsecured senior subordinated obligations and rank subordinate in right of payment to all of our and our subsidiary guarantors existing and future indebtedness, except indebtedness that expressly provides that it ranks equal or subordinate in right of payment to the 7.50% Notes and 8.75% Notes. The 7.50% Notes and 8.75% Notes are guaranteed on a senior subordinated basis by certain of our current and future domestic restricted subsidiaries. The 7.50% Notes and the 8.75% Notes are subordinated to our 8.625% Notes and to our Credit Facility.

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Under the indenture governing the 8.625% Notes, among other debt baskets, we are permitted to incur the greater of \$750 million or 3.5x Consolidated EBITDA (as defined in the Indenture) in senior indebtedness and secured indebtedness, which debt basket excludes the 8.625% Notes. Under the indentures governing the 7.50% Notes and 8.75% Notes, we are permitted to incur the greater of \$1.5 billion or 2.5x Adjusted EBITDA (as defined in the indentures) in senior indebtedness. Under these senior secured indebtedness baskets, we are permitted in certain circumstances to incur senior unsecured indebtedness. In addition, the indentures governing the 8.625% Notes, the 7.50% Notes and the 8.75% Notes include other debt incurrence baskets, including a permitted refinancing basket and a general debt basket, the permitted size of the latter of which is the greater of \$250 million or 5% of Consolidated Total Assets (as defined in the indentures). Under all three indentures, we may also incur additional indebtedness if, after giving effect to the indebtedness proposed to be incurred, our Consolidated Coverage Ratio (essentially, a ratio of adjusted EBITDA to interest) for a trailing four-quarter period on a pro forma basis (as defined in our indentures) would be at least 2.0 to 1.0. Our Consolidated Coverage Ratio under all three currently existing indentures was below 2.0 to 1.0 as of June 30, 2010.

The 7.50% Notes, 8.625% Notes and 8.75% Notes become callable at a premium over their face amount on June 15, 2011, August 1, 2013 and May 15, 2015, respectively. Such premiums decline periodically as the notes progress towards their respective maturities. All of our notes are redeemable prior to such times at a price that reflects a yield to the first call that is equivalent to the applicable Treasury bond yield plus 0.5 percentage points.

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS AND OTHER COMMITMENTS

The following material changes occurred during the quarterly period ended June 30, 2010, to our contractual obligations and commitments as disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009. On April 28, 2010, we entered into the First Amendment to the Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement (the First Amendment), which amends the Company s Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of February 5, 2010 (the Credit Facility). Pursuant to the terms of the First Amendment, the Company reduced the minimum amount of non-debt capital that it must raise from \$100 million to \$40 million before spending more than \$25 million on its Baton Rouge project. In addition, the First Amendment permits the Company to dispose of its assets for the Company s Sugarcane Bay project, which the Company has cancelled.

On May 6, 2010, we closed an offering of \$350 million aggregate principal amount of 8.75% senior subordinated notes due 2020. For more detailed descriptions of the First Amendment to the Credit Facility, the issuance of 8.75% senior subordinated notes due 2020, see Note 2 to our unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. On April 29, 2010, we entered into a Sale and Purchase Agreement with a consortium of Argentine companies to sell the Company s Argentine businesses for a total purchase price of approximately \$40 million. On June 30, 2010, we completed the sale of the Company s Argentine businesses.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A description of our critical accounting policies and estimates can be found in Item 7 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009. For a more extensive discussion of our accounting policies, see Note 1, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009. There were no newly identified significant changes in the second quarter of 2010, nor were there any material changes to the critical accounting policies and estimates discussed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009 and in our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 21, 2010.

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FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (the Act) provides certain safe harbor provisions for forward-looking statements. Except for the historical information contained herein, the matters addressed in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, as well as in other reports filed with or furnished to the SEC or statements made by us, may constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. From time to time, we may provide oral or written forward-looking statements in our other periodic reports on Form 10-K, Form 8-K, press releases and other materials released to the public. All forward-looking statements made in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and any documents we incorporate by reference are made pursuant to the Act. Words such as, but not limited to, anticipates, estimates, intends, plans, could, may, to identify forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements, which may include, without limitation, expected results of operations, adequacy and sufficiency of resources to fund our development projects, liquidity, the state of the credit markets, the state of the economy, anticipated completion and opening schedules of the Company s Baton Rouge project, anticipated results for the Baton Rouge project and continued results of the Company s River City casino, expansion plans, construction schedules, cash needs, cash reserves, operating and capital expenses, expense reductions, the sufficiency of insurance coverage, anticipated marketing costs at various projects, the future outlook of Pinnacle and the gaming industry, our pending regulatory and legal matters, are all subject to a variety of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated by us. This can occur as a result of inaccurate assumptions or as a consequence of known or unknown risks and uncertainties. Factors that may cause our actual performance to differ materially from that contemplated by such forward-looking statements include, among others:

our business may be sensitive to reductions in consumers discretionary spending as a result of recent downturns in the economy;

our present indebtedness and projected future borrowings could have adverse consequences to us; future cash flows may not be sufficient to meet our obligations and we might have difficulty obtaining additional financing; we may experience adverse effects of interest-rate and exchange-rate fluctuations; insufficient or lower-than-expected results generated from our new developments and any acquired properties may negatively affect the market for our securities;

many factors could prevent us from completing our Baton Rouge project as planned, including the escalation of construction or other costs beyond increments anticipated in our construction budget; our operations are largely dependent on the skill and experience of our management and key personnel. The loss of management and other key personnel could significantly harm our business and we may not be able to effectively replace members of management who have left the company;

the gaming industry is very competitive and increased competition, including by Native American gaming facilities and the recent expansion of gaming in Ohio, could adversely affect our profitability; our industry is highly regulated, which makes us dependent on obtaining and maintaining gaming licenses and subjects us to potentially significant fines and penalties. Potential changes in the regulatory environment could harm our business;

we may not meet the conditions for the maintenance of the license that we plan to utilize for our Baton Rouge project;

we operate in a highly taxed industry and may be subject to higher taxes in the future;

the global financial crisis and recession may have an effect on our business and financial condition in ways that we currently cannot accurately predict;

subsequent phases to certain of our existing projects and potential enhancements at our properties may require us to raise additional capital;

natural disasters have made it more challenging for us to obtain similar levels of Weather Catastrophe Occurrence/Named Windstorm, Flood and Earthquake insurance coverage for our properties compared to the levels before the 2005 hurricane;

state legislatures from time to time consider legislation that could increase our competition or taxes; and

our results of operations and financial condition could be materially adversely affected by the occurrence of natural disasters, such as hurricanes, or other catastrophic events, including war and terrorism.

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For a further list and description of various risks, relevant factors and uncertainties that could cause future results or events to differ materially from those expressed or implied in our forward-looking statements, please see the Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, as well as the Risk Factors and Management Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations sections contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009 and our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 21, 2010 and review our other filings (other than any portion of such filings that are furnished under applicable SEC Rules rather than filed) with the SEC, which are hereby incorporated by reference into this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. All forward-looking statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are made only as of the date of this Form 10-Q. We undertake no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

At times, we are exposed to market risk from adverse changes in interest rates with respect to the short-term floating interest rate on borrowings under our Credit Facility. As of June 30, 2010, we had \$9.6 million committed under various letters of credit. As of June 30, 2010, if LIBOR rates were to increase or decrease by one percentage point, our interest expense would not increase or decrease, assuming constant debt levels. Under our Credit Facility, any borrowings outstanding accrue interest at LIBOR plus a margin determined by our current consolidated leverage ratio, which margin was 4.0% as of June 30, 2010.

The table below provides the principal cash flows and related weighted average interest rates by contractual maturity dates for our debt obligations at June 30, 2010. At June 30, 2010, we did not hold any material investments in market-risk-sensitive instruments of the type described in Item 305 of Regulation S-K.

Liabilities	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	Thereafter	Total	Fair Value
				(in t	thousands)			
7.50% Notes						\$ 385,000	\$ 385,000	\$ 359,975
Fixed Rate	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	
8.625% Notes						\$ 450,000	\$450,000	\$ 457,875
Fixed Rate	8.625%	8.625%	8.625%	8.625%	8.625%	8.625%	8.625%	
8.75% Notes						\$ 350,000	\$350,000	\$ 325,500
Fixed Rate	8.75%	8.75%	8.75%	8.75%	8.75%	8.75%	8.75%	
All Other	\$ 45	\$ 95	\$ 102	\$ 110	\$ 118	\$ 325	\$ 795	\$ 795
Avg. Interest								
Rate	7.33%	7.33%	7.33%	7.33%	7.33%	7.33%	7.33%	

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Item 4. Controls and Procedures

The Company s management, with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer (the CEO) and the Chief Financial Officer (the CFO), evaluated the effectiveness of the Company s disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of June 30, 2010. Based on this evaluation, the Company s management, including the CEO and the CFO, concluded that, as of June 30, 2010, the Company s disclosure controls and procedures were effective, in that they provide a reasonable level of assurance that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports filed or submitted by it under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC s rules and forms. The Company s disclosure controls and procedures are designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the Company s management, including the CEO and the CFO, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, there can be no assurance that the Company s disclosure controls and procedures will detect or uncover all failures of persons within the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries to disclose material information otherwise required to be set forth in the Company s periodic reports. There are inherent limitations to the effectiveness of any system of disclosure controls and procedures, including the possibility of human error and the circumvention or overriding of the controls and procedures. Accordingly, even effective disclosure controls and procedures can only provide reasonable, not absolute, assurance of achieving their control objectives.

No change in the Company s internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) occurred during the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2010 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company s internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

During the three months ended June 30, 2010, there were no material developments with respect to the litigation described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009 and our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2010, under the heading Legal Proceedings and to which reference should be made.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes from the risk factors disclosed in the Risk Factors section of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009.

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Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit Number 3.1	Description of Exhibit Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Pinnacle Entertainment, Inc., as amended, is hereby incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.3 to the Company s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 9, 2005. (SEC File No. 001-13641).
3.2	Restated Bylaws of Pinnacle Entertainment, Inc., as amended, are hereby incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Company s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 2, 2010. (SEC File No. 001-13641).
4.1	Indenture dated as of May 6, 2010, governing the 8.75% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2020, by and among the Company, the guarantors identified therein and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. is hereby incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 12, 2010. (SEC File No. 001-13641).
4.2	Form of 8.75% Senior Subordinated Note due 2020 is hereby incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Company s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 12, 2010. (SEC File No. 001-13641).
4.3	Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of May 6, 2010, among the Company, the guarantors identified therein and J.P. Morgan Securities Inc., Banc of America Securities LLC, Barclays Capital Inc., Credit Agricole Securities (USA) Inc., Deutsche Bank Securities Inc. and UBS Securities LLC as representatives of the several initial purchasers is hereby incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 to the Company s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 12, 2010. (SEC File No. 001-13641).
10.1	Agreement for Guaranteed Maximum Price Construction Services, effective as of March 30, 2010, by and between PNK (Baton Rouge) Partnership and Manhattan Construction Company is hereby incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 5, 2010. (SEC File No. 001-13641).
10.2	First Amendment to Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated as of April 15, 2010, between Pinnacle Entertainment, Inc. and Alain Uboldi is hereby incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 19, 2010. (SEC File No. 001-13641).
10.3	Purchase Agreement, dated as of April 29, 2010, by and among Pinnacle Entertainment, Inc. and J.P. Morgan Securities Inc., Banc of America Securities LLC, Barclays Capital Inc., Credit Agricole Securities (USA) Inc., Deutsche Bank Securities Inc. and UBS Securities LLC, as representatives of the several Initial Purchasers named in Schedule 1 of the Purchase Agreement is hereby incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 5, 2010. (SEC File No. 001-13641).
10.4	First Amendment to Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of April 28, 2010, by and between Pinnacle Entertainment, Inc., Barclays Bank PLC, as the administrative agent, and the Required Lenders is hereby incorporated by reference to

Exhibit 10.1 to the Company s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 29, 2010. (SEC File No. 001-13641).

- Sale and Purchase Agreement, dated April 29, 2010, between Casino Magic Corp., Casino Magic Management Services Corp., Casino Club S.A., Da Silvano S.A., Compañía Gerenciadora de Inversiones S.A. and Correon S.A. is hereby incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the Company s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 7, 2010. (SEC File No. 001-13641).
- 10.6 Pinnacle Entertainment, Inc. 2005 Equity and Performance Incentive Plan, As Amended is hereby incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 17, 2010. (SEC File No. 001-13641).

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Exhibit Number 11*	Description of Exhibit Statement re: Computation of Earnings Per Share.
31.1*	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Chief Executive Officer.
31.2*	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Chief Financial Officer.
32**	Section 1350 Certifications of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer.
101***	The following financial statements from Pinnacle Entertainment, Inc. s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2010, formatted in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language):
	(i) unaudited Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009.
	(ii) unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009.
	(iii) unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Six Months Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009.
	(iv) Notes to unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements June 30, 2010.

- Filed herewith.
- Furnished herewith.
- *** Pursuant to

Rule 405(a)(2)

Regulation S-T,

the Company

will file an

amendment to

this Form 10-Q

within 30 days,

to furnish the

XBRL

interactive data

files as

Exhibit 101.

Management contract or

compensatory plan or arrangement.

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SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Pinnacle Entertainment, Inc.

(Registrant)

Date: August 9, 2010 By: /s/ Stephen H. Capp

Stephen H. Capp

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial

Officer

(Authorized Officer, Principal Financial

Officer)

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