**BANKRATE INC** Form 10-O May 15, 2003 **Table of Contents** 

# SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

# **FORM 10-Q**

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES** X **EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934** FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2003 TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES 0 **EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934** FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM \_\_\_\_\_ TO \_\_\_\_ Commission File No. 0-25681 (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter) 65-0423422 Florida (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.) 11811 U.S. Highway One, Suite 101 33408 North Palm Beach, Florida (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant s telephone number, including area code: (561) 630-2400

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

Indicate by checkmark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes No

o X

The number of outstanding shares of the issuer s common stock as of April 30, 2003 was as follows: 14,210,803 shares of Common Stock, \$.01 par value.

# Bankrate, Inc. Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the Quarter Ended March 31, 2003 Index

		PAGE NO.
PART I.	FINANCIAL INFORMATION	
Item 1.	Interim Condensed Financial Statements (Unaudited):	
	Condensed Balance Sheets at March 31, 2003 and December 31, 2002	3
	Condensed Statements of Operations for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2003 and 2002	4
	Condensed Statements of Cash Flows for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2003 and 2002	5
	Notes to Condensed Financial Statements	6
Item 2.	Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	10
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	15
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures	15
PART II.	OTHER INFORMATION	
Item 1.	<u>Legal Proceedings</u>	15
Item 2.	Changes in Securities and Use of Proceeds	15
Item 3.	<u>Defaults Upon Senior Securities</u>	15
Item 4.	Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders	15
Item 5.	Other Information	15
Item 6.	Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K	16
<u>Signatures</u>	Introductory Note	16

This Report and our other communications and statements may contain forward-looking statements, including statements about our beliefs, plans, objectives, goals, expectations, estimates, projections and intentions. These statements are subject to significant risks and uncertainties and are subject to change based on various factors, many of which are beyond our control. For information concerning these factors and related matters, see Item 2, Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, in this Report, and the following sections of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2002 (the 2002 Form 10-K): (a) Risk Factors in Item 1, Business, and (b) Introduction in Item 7, Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

# Bankrate, Inc. Condensed Balance Sheets (Unaudited)

	March 31, 2003			December 31, 2002	
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,843,316	\$	11,000,561	
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$200,000 at March 31, 2003 and					
December 31, 2002		3,011,368		2,378,535	
Other current assets		384,998		370,886	
Total current assets		16,239,682		13,749,982	
Furniture, fixtures and equipment, net		793,889		912,651	
Intangible assets, net		177,662		206,915	
Other assets		561,826		303,547	
Total assets	\$	17,773,059	\$	15,173,095	
Liabilities and Stockholders Equity					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	1.070.695	\$	809,068	
Accrued expenses	Ψ	2,650,834	Ψ	3,072,771	
Deferred revenue		264,989		255,081	
Other current liabilities		241,411		243,891	
	_				
Total current liabilities		4,227,929		4,380,811	
Other liabilities		175,704		142,226	
Total liabilities		4,403,633		4,523,037	
Stockholders equity:					
Preferred stock, 10,000,000 shares authorized and undesignated Common stock, par value \$.01 per share 100,000,000 shares authorized; 14,206,609 and 13,998,168 shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2003 and December 31, 2002,					
respectively		142,066		139.982	
Additional paid in capital		64,631,167		63,932,578	
Accumulated deficit		(51,403,807)		(53,422,502)	
Total stockholders equity	_	13.369.426	_	10.650.058	
Total Stockholders equity		15,309,420	_	10,030,038	
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$	17,773,059	\$	15,173,095	

See accompanying notes to condensed financial statements.

3

## Bankrate, Inc.

Condensed Statements of Operations (Unaudited)

# Three Months Ended March 31,

	2003		2002	
Revenue:				
Online publishing	\$ 7,334		4,712,969	
Print publishing and licensing	1,212	393	923,949	
Total revenue	8,546	586	5,636,918	
Cost of revenue:				
Online publishing	1,240	412	882,097	
Print publishing and licensing	1,008		671,763	
Triit publishing and incensing	1,000	<del></del>	071,703	
Total cost of revenue	2,248	,818	1,553,860	
Gross margin	6,297	768	4,083,058	
Operating expenses:		_		
Sales	1,026	.386	850,884	
Marketing	1,197		923,595	
Product development	432		329,880	
General and administrative	1,470		1,134,227	
Depreciation and amortization	191		143,707	
	4,317	465	3,382,293	
Income from operations	1,980	303	700,765	
Interest income (expense), net		,392	(10,834)	
Gain on early extinguishment of debt	50	372	2,021,792	
Income before income taxes	2,018	695	2,711,723	
Income taxes	2,010	075	2,711,723	
Net income	\$ 2,018	,695 \$	2,711,723	
			2,711,728	
Basic and diluted net income per share:				
Basic	\$	0.14 \$	0.19	
Diluted	\$	0.13 \$	0.19	
Weighted average common shares outstanding:				
Basic	14,162	059	13,996,950	
Diluted	15,423		14,066,486	
Diluted	15,425	050	17,000,400	

See accompanying notes to condensed financial statements.

# Bankrate, Inc.

Condensed Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

## Three Months Ended March 31,

Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:  Gain on early extinguishment of debt (2,021,7 Depreciation and amortization 191,063 143,7 Changes in operating assets and liabilities:  (Increase) in accounts receivable (632,833) (379,0 (Increase) in other assets (277,665) (227,5 Increase in accounts payable 261,627 47,3 (Decrease) in accrued expenses (421,848) (71,0 control of the control	
Net income         \$ 2,018,695         \$ 2,711,7           Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:         Gain on early extinguishment of debt         (2,021,7)           Depreciation and amortization         191,063         143,7           Changes in operating assets and liabilities:         (Increase) in accounts receivable         (632,833)         (379,0)           (Increase) in other assets         (277,665)         (227,5)           Increase in accounts payable         261,627         47,3           (Decrease) in accrued expenses         (421,848)         (71,0)	2002
Net income         \$ 2,018,695         \$ 2,711,7           Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:         Gain on early extinguishment of debt         (2,021,7)           Depreciation and amortization         191,063         143,7           Changes in operating assets and liabilities:         (Increase) in accounts receivable         (632,833)         (379,0)           (Increase) in other assets         (277,665)         (227,5)           Increase in accounts payable         261,627         47,3           (Decrease) in accrued expenses         (421,848)         (71,0)	
Gain on early extinguishment of debt       (2,021,7         Depreciation and amortization       191,063       143,7         Changes in operating assets and liabilities:         (Increase) in accounts receivable       (632,833)       (379,0         (Increase) in other assets       (277,665)       (227,5         Increase in accounts payable       261,627       47,3         (Decrease) in accrued expenses       (421,848)       (71,0	2,711,723
Gain on early extinguishment of debt       (2,021,7         Depreciation and amortization       191,063       143,7         Changes in operating assets and liabilities:         (Increase) in accounts receivable       (632,833)       (379,0         (Increase) in other assets       (277,665)       (227,5         Increase in accounts payable       261,627       47,3         (Decrease) in accrued expenses       (421,848)       (71,0	
Depreciation and amortization       191,063       143,7         Changes in operating assets and liabilities:       (632,833)       (379,0         (Increase) in accounts receivable       (277,665)       (227,5         Increase in accounts payable       261,627       47,3         (Decrease) in accrued expenses       (421,848)       (71,0	(2,021,792)
(Increase) in accounts receivable       (632,833)       (379,000)         (Increase) in other assets       (277,665)       (227,500)         Increase in accounts payable       261,627       47,300         (Decrease) in accrued expenses       (421,848)       (71,000)	143,707
(Increase) in accounts receivable       (632,833)       (379,000)         (Increase) in other assets       (277,665)       (227,500)         Increase in accounts payable       261,627       47,300         (Decrease) in accrued expenses       (421,848)       (71,000)	
(Increase) in other assets       (277,665)       (227,5         Increase in accounts payable       261,627       47,3         (Decrease) in accrued expenses       (421,848)       (71,0	(379,039)
Increase in accounts payable         261,627         47,3           (Decrease) in accrued expenses         (421,848)         (71,0	(227,558)
(Decrease) in accrued expenses (421,848) (71,0	47,371
	(71,034)
	50,139
Net cash provided by operating activities 1,181,199 253,5	253,517
	200,017
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Purchases of equipment (37,863) (75,3	(75,363)
Net cash used in investing activities (37,863) (75,3	(75,363)
Cash flows from financing activities:	
	(23,346)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options 700,673	(23,340)
	(3,400,000)
——————————————————————————————————————	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities 699,419 (3,423,3	(3,423,346)
(5, 125,5)	(3,123,310)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1,842,755 (3,245,1	(3,245,192)
	9,755,032
——————————————————————————————————————	7,733,032
Cash and equivalents, end of period \$ 12,843,316 \$ 6,509,8	6,509,840
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:	
Cash paid during the period for interest \$ 1,1	1,111

See accompanying notes to condensed financial statements.

# BANKRATE, INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2003

(Unaudited)

#### NOTE 1 ORGANIZATION AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### The Company

Bankrate, Inc. (the Company ) owns and operates an Internet-based consumer banking marketplace. The Company s flagship Web site, Bankrate.com, is the Web s leading aggregator of information on more than 190 financial products, including mortgages, credit cards, new and used automobile loans, money market accounts, certificates of deposit, checking and ATM fees, home equity loans and online banking fees. Additionally, the Company provides financial applications and information to a network of distribution partners and through national and state publications. The Company is organized under the laws of the state of Florida.

On January 9, 2003, the Company s common stock began trading on the Nasdaq SmallCap Market under its existing stock symbol RATE.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The unaudited interim condensed financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002 included herein have been prepared in accordance with the instructions for Form 10-Q under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Article 10 of Regulation S-X under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations relating to interim financial statements.

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited interim condensed financial statements reflect all adjustments, consisting only of normal, recurring adjustments, necessary to present fairly the financial position of the Company at March 31, 2003, and the results of its operations for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, and its cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002. The results for the three months ended March 31, 2003 are unaudited and are not necessarily indicative of the expected results for the full year or any future period.

The unaudited condensed financial statements included herein should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and related footnotes included in the Company s 2002 Form 10-K.

#### **Barter Revenue**

Online publishing revenue includes barter revenue, which represents the exchange by the Company of advertising space on the Company s Web site for reciprocal advertising space on other Web sites. Barter revenues and expenses are recorded at the fair market value of the advertisements delivered or received, whichever is more determinable in the circumstances. Barter transactions have been valued based on similar cash transactions that have occurred within six months prior to the date of the barter transaction. Revenue from barter transactions is recognized as income when advertisements are delivered on the Company s Web site. Barter expense is recognized when the Company s advertisements are run on the other companies. Web sites, which is typically in the same period in which barter revenue is recognized. If the advertising impressions are received from the customer prior to the Company delivering its advertising impressions, a liability is recorded. If the Company delivers its advertising impressions to the customer s Web site prior to receiving the advertising impressions, a prepaid expense is recorded. A prepaid expense of approximately \$5,500 was recorded at March 31, 2003 and no prepaid expense or liability was recorded at December 31, 2002. Barter revenue was approximately \$750,000, and \$855,000, and represented approximately 9% and 15% of total revenue, respectively, for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002.

#### **Basic and Diluted Net Income Per Share**

The Company computes basic net income per share by dividing net income for the period by the weighted average number of shares outstanding for the period. Diluted net income per share includes the effect of common stock equivalents, consisting of outstanding stock options, to the extent the effect is not anti-dilutive.

The weighted average number of common shares outstanding used in computing diluted net income per share for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002 includes the shares resulting from the dilutive effect of outstanding stock options. For the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, 82,900 and 2,062,000 shares, respectively, attributable to the exercise of outstanding stock options were excluded from the calculation of diluted loss per share because the effect was anti-dilutive.

# **Stock-Based Compensation**

The Company applies the intrinsic value-based method of accounting prescribed by Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees, and related interpretations including Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Interpretation No. 44, Accounting for Certain Transactions involving Stock Compensation, an interpretation of APB Opinion No. 25, issued in March 2000, to account for its fixed plan options. Under this method, compensation is recognized over the grant s vesting period only if the current market price of the underlying stock on the date of grant exceeds the exercise price. Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, as amended by SFAS No. 148, established accounting and disclosure requirements using a fair value-based method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation plans. The Company has elected to continue to apply the intrinsic value-based method of accounting described above, and has adopted the disclosure requirements of SFAS No. 148.

#### Pro Forma Disclosures Under SFAS No. 148

The per share weighted average fair value of stock options granted during the three months ended March 31, 2003 was \$2.97 on the date of grant, using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. No options were granted during the three months ended March 31, 2002. The following weighted average assumptions were used: expected volatility of 100%; expected dividend yield of 0%; risk-free interest rate of 4%; and expected lives of 5 years.

The Company applies APB Opinion No. 25 in accounting for its stock-based compensation. Had the Company determined compensation cost based on the fair value at the grant date for its stock options under SFAS No. 123, the net income and net income per share would have been reported at the pro forma amounts indicated below.

		Three Months Ended March 31,			
	_ _	2003	2002		
Net income:					
As reported  Deduct: total stock-based employee  compensation determined under fair value-based method for all	\$	2,018,695	\$ 2,711,723		
awards, net of related tax effect	<u>-</u>	(116,984)	(318,946)		
Pro forma net income	_	1,901,711	2,392,777		
Net income per share as reported:					
Basic		0.14	0.19		
Diluted		0.13	0.19		
Net income per share pro forma:					
Basic		0.13	0.17		
Diluted		0.12	0.17		
	7				

#### Stockholders Equity

The activity in stockholders equity for the three months ended March 31, 2003 is shown below.

	Common	1 Sto	ck			
	Shares	A	Amount	Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Total
Balances, December 31, 2002	13,998,168	\$	139,982	\$ 63,932,578	\$ (53,422,502) \$	10,650,058
Stock options exercised	208,441		2,084	698,589		700,673
Net income for the period					2,018,695	2,018,695
Balances, March 31, 2003	14,206,609	\$	\$142,066	\$ 64,631,167	\$ (51,403,807) \$	13,369,426

#### **Comprehensive Income**

Comprehensive income is the same as net income for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002.

#### **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

In May 2002, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 45, *Guarantor s Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others.* The interpretation requires a company to record as a liability the fair value of certain guarantees initiated by the company. In addition, the interpretation requires additional disclosure of these and other guarantees in the notes to the financial statements. The recognition provisions of this interpretation are applied to guarantees entered into after December 31, 2002. This interpretation did not have a material impact on the Company s financial statements.

In July 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 146, *Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities* (Statement 146) which requires, among other things, recording a liability for costs associated with an exit or disposal activity when that liability is incurred and can be measured at fair value. Commitment to an exit plan or a plan of disposal expresses only management s future actions and, therefore, does not meet the requirement for recognizing a liability and the related expense. The provisions of Statement 146 are effective prospectively for exit and disposal activities initiated after December 31, 2002, with early application encouraged. This statement did not have a material impact on the Company s financial statements.

In December 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 148, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation-Transition and Disclosure, an amendment of FASB Statement No. 123 (Statement 148) to provide alternative methods of transition for a voluntary change to the fair value-based method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation. In addition, this statement amends the disclosure requirements of Statement 123 to require prominent disclosures in both annual and interim financial statements about the method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation and the effect of the method used on reported results. The provisions of Statement 148 are effective for interim periods beginning after December 15, 2002, with early application encouraged. This statement did not have a material impact on the Company s financial statements. The Company currently intends to continue to account for stock options issued under APB No. 25 and present the proforma disclosures in the footnotes to the financial statements.

FASB Interpretation No. 46, *Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities*, was issued in January 2003. The interpretation requires an enterprise to consolidate a variable interest entity if that enterprise has a variable interest (or combination of variable interests) that will absorb a majority of the entity s expected losses if they occur, receive a majority of the entity s expected returns if they occur, or both. It also requires that both the primary beneficiary and all other enterprises with a significant variable interest in a variable interest entity make certain disclosures. FASB Interpretation No. 46 applies immediately to variable interest entities created after January 31, 2003, and to variable interest entities in which an enterprise obtains an interest after that date. It applies in the first fiscal year or interim period beginning after June 15, 2003, to variable interest entities in which an enterprise holds a variable interest that it acquired before February 1, 2003. This interpretation did not have a material impact on the Company s financial statements.

#### NOTE 2 SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company currently operates in two reportable business segments: online publishing, and print publishing and licensing. The online publishing division is primarily engaged in the sale of advertising, sponsorships, and hyperlinks in connection with the Company s Internet site, Bankrate.com. The print publishing and licensing division is primarily engaged in the sale of advertising in the *Consumer Mortgage Guide* rate tables, newsletter subscriptions, and licensing of research information. The Company evaluates the performance of its operating segments based on segment profit (loss).

The Company had one online customer that accounted for approximately 13% and 10%, respectively, of total revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002. Sales to no other customer exceed 10% of total revenue for the periods presented. No revenues were generated outside of the United States.

Summarized segment information as of, and for, the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002 is presented below.

8

	_	Online Publishing	a	Print Publishing and Licensing		Other	 Total
Three Months Ended March 31, 2003							
Revenue	\$	7,334,193	\$	1,212,393	\$		\$ 8,546,586
Cost of revenue		1,240,412		1,008,406			2,248,818
	_				_		 
Gross margin		6,093,781		203,987			6,297,768
Sales		1,026,386					1,026,386
Marketing		1,197,634					1,197,634
Product development		302,632		129,700			432,332
General and administrative		1,229,094		240,956			1,470,050
Depreciation and amortization		133,744		57,319			191,063
Other income (expense), net						38,392	38,392
	_				_		 
Segment profit (loss)	\$	2,204,291	\$	(223,988)	\$	38,392	\$ 2,018,695
					_		
Total assets	\$	3,902,525	\$	1,027,218	\$	12,843,316	\$ 17,773,059

	 Online Publishing		Print Publishing nd Licensing		Other		Total
Three Months Ended March 31, 2002							
Revenue	\$ 4,712,969	\$	923,949	\$		\$	5,636,918
Cost of revenue	882,097		671,763				1,553,860
	 			_			
Gross margin	3,830,872		252,186				4,083,058
Sales	850,884						850,884
Marketing	923,595						923,595
Product development	230,916		98,964				329,880
General and administrative	948,315		185,912				1,134,227
Depreciation and amortization	100,595		43,112				143,707
Other income (expense), net					2,010,958(A)		2,010,958
	 			_			-
Segment profit (loss)	\$ 776,567	\$	(75,802)	\$	2,010,958	\$	2,711,723
		_		_		_	
Total assets	\$ 2,561,497	\$	746,721	\$	6,509,840	\$	9,818,058

<sup>(</sup>A) Includes gain on early extinguishment of debt of approximately \$2,022,000 resulting from the early repayment of the Company s \$4,350,000 10% convertible subordinated note payable. See Note 4 below.

# NOTE 3 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### **Legal Proceedings**

On March 28, 2000, a purported class-action lawsuit was filed against the Company and others in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York. The suit alleged that the Company violated federal securities laws by, among other things, selling securities pursuant to a defective registration statement, and misrepresenting and/or omitting material information concerning the Company s financial results for the quarter ended March 31, 1999, and other financial information, in the Company s registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission in connection with the Company s initial public offering. The action, which seeks an unspecified amount of money damages, was filed purportedly on behalf of all stockholders who purchased shares of the Company s common stock during the period from May

13, 1999, through March 27, 2000. The Company filed a motion to dismiss this complaint and, on March 28, 2001, the suit was dismissed with prejudice. On April 25, 2001, plaintiffs appealed the decision to dismiss the suit to the United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit. On January 28, 2003, the United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit affirmed the dismissal of the action in its entirety.

9

In July 2000, the Company sold its former wholly owned subsidiary, Professional Direct Agency, Inc. (Pivot), for \$4,350,000 in cash. In connection with the sale, the Company agreed to indemnify the buyer for liability of up to \$1,000,000 in connection with a litigation matter between Pivot and its co-founders and former owner. In March 2001, the case was dismissed based on a technical deficiency. In August 2001, the plaintiff re-filed the complaint. At March 31, 2003, the outcome of this matter was uncertain. The Company cannot estimate at this time the amount of loss, if any, that could result from an adverse resolution of this litigation.

# NOTE 4 LONG-TERM DEBT

On February 6, 2002, the Company entered into a Termination Agreement and General Release (the Agreement ) with Reassure America Life Insurance Company (REALIC), successor by merger to The Midland Life Insurance Company, holder of the \$4,350,000 10% convertible subordinated note payable. Pursuant to the terms of the Agreement, REALIC agreed to full repayment of the note, including accrued interest, on February 22, 2002 for \$3,400,000 in cash. The Company recorded a gain on early extinguishment of debt of approximately \$2,022,000 in the quarter ended March 31, 2002.

#### Item 2. MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion may contain forward-looking statements, including statements about our beliefs, plans, objectives, goals, expectations, estimates, projections and intentions. These statements are subject to significant risks and uncertainties and are subject to change based on various factors, many of which are beyond our control. For information concerning these factors and related matters, see the following sections of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2002 (the 2002 Form 10-K): (a) Risk Factors in Item 1, Business, and (b) Introduction in Item 7, Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, in addition to the other information set forth herein.

#### Overview

Bankrate, Inc. (the Company ) owns and operates an Internet-based consumer banking marketplace. Our flagship site, Bankrate.com, is the Web s leading aggregator of information on more than 190 financial products including mortgages, credit cards, new and used automobile loans, money market accounts, certificates of deposit, checking and ATM fees, home equity loans and online banking fees. Additionally, we provide financial applications and information to a network of distribution partners and also through national and state publications. Bankrate.com provides the tools and information that can help consumers make better financial decisions. We regularly survey approximately 4,800 financial institutions in all 50 states in order to provide the most current objective, unbiased rates. Hundreds of print and online partner publications depend on Bankrate.com as the trusted source for financial rates and information.

Over two decades ago, we began as a print publisher of the newsletter *Bank Rate Monitor*. Our rate tables provide, at no cost to the consumer, a detailed list of lenders by market and include relevant details to help consumers compare loan products.

We continue to enhance our offerings in order to provide Bankrate.com users with the most complete experience. Features such as financial calculators and email newsletters allow users to interact with our site. Our *Rate Trend Index* is a weekly poll of industry insiders designed to help consumers forecast interest rate trends. We also broadened our offerings to include channels on investing, taxes, small business and financial advice. Each channel offers a unique look at its particular topic. Bankrate.com users can find advice and tips from the Tax channel, obtain business ideas from the Small Business channel and ask a financial expert a question in the Advice channel.

We believe that the recognition of our research as a leading source of independent, objective information on banking and credit products is essential to our success. As a result, we have sought to maximize distribution of our research to gain brand recognition as a research authority. We are seeking to build greater brand awareness of our Web site and to reach a greater number of online users.

10

#### **Significant Developments**

On February 6, 2002 we entered into an agreement with Reassure America Life Insurance Company (REALIC), successor by merger to The Midland Life Insurance Company. Pursuant to the terms of this agreement, REALIC agreed to full repayment of the \$4,350,000 convertible subordinated note payable, including accrued interest, on February 22, 2002 for \$3,400,000 in cash. Accordingly, we recorded a gain on early extinguishment of debt of approximately \$2,022,000 in the quarter ending March 31, 2002.

On January 9, 2003, our common stock began trading on the Nasdaq SmallCap Market under its existing stock symbol RATE.

#### Overview of Revenue and Expenses and Critical Accounting Policies, Estimates and Practices

The following is our analysis of the results of operations for the periods covered by our interim condensed financial statements, including a discussion of the accounting policies and practices (revenue recognition) that we believe are critical to an understanding of our results of operations and to making the estimates and judgments underlying our financial statements. This analysis should be read in conjunction with our interim condensed financial statements, including the related notes. See Results of Operations and Critical Accounting Policies in Item 7, Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, in our 2002 Form 10-K for additional information concerning the revenue and expense components of our online and print publishing operations.

#### **Results of Operations**

Three Months Ended March 31, 2003 Compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2002

#### Revenue

#### Online Publishing Revenue

We sell graphic advertisements on our Web site (including co-branded sites) consisting of banner, badge, billboard, poster and island advertisements. These advertisements are sold to advertisers according to the cost per thousand impressions, or CPM, the advertiser receives. The amount of advertising we sell is a function of (1) the number of advertisements per Web page, (2) the number of visitors viewing our Web pages, and (3) the capacity of our sales force. Advertising sales are invoiced monthly based on specific contract terms. Revenue is recognized monthly based on the percentage of actual impressions to the total number of impressions contracted. Revenue for impressions invoiced but not delivered is deferred and recognized when impressions are delivered. Additionally, we generate revenue on a per action basis (i.e., a purchase or completion of an application) when a visitor to our Web site transacts with one of our advertisers after viewing an advertisement. Revenue is recognized monthly based on the number of actions reported by the advertiser. We are also involved in revenue sharing arrangements with our online partners where the consumer uses co-branded sites hosted by us. Revenue is effectively allocated to each partner based on the percentage of advertisement views at each site. The allocated revenues are shared according to distribution agreements. Revenue is recorded at gross amounts and revenue payments are recorded in cost of revenue. We also sell hyperlinks to various third-party Internet sites that generate a fixed monthly fee, which is recognized in the month earned.

Online publishing revenue also includes barter revenue, which represents the exchange of advertising space on our Web site for reciprocal advertising space or traffic on other Web sites. Barter revenues and expenses are recorded at the fair market value of the advertisements delivered or received, whichever is more determinable in the circumstances. Barter transactions have been valued based on similar cash transactions which have occurred within six months prior to the date of the barter transaction. Revenue from barter transactions is recognized as income when advertisements are delivered on our Web site. Barter expense is recognized when our advertisements are run on the other companies. Web sites, which is typically in the same period barter revenue is recognized. If the advertising impressions are received from the customer prior to our delivering the advertising impressions, a liability is recorded. If we deliver advertising impressions to the other companies. Web sites prior to receiving the advertising impressions, a prepaid expense is recorded. A prepaid expense of approximately \$5,500 was recorded at March 31, 2003 and no prepaid expense or liability was recorded at December 31, 2002. Barter revenue was approximately \$750,000, and \$855,000, and represented approximately, 9%, and 15% of total revenue, respectively, for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002.

11

#### **Table of Contents**

Excluding barter revenue, online publishing revenue of \$6,584,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2003 was \$2,726,000, or 71%, higher than the \$3,858,000 reported for the same period in 2002. This increase was due to a \$1,666,000, or 80%, increase in graphic advertisement sales as approximately 170 million, or 130%, more graphic ad impressions were sold during the three months ended March 31, 2003 compared to the same period in 2002. Additionally, hyperlink sales were \$1,090,000, or 63%, higher in 2003 compared to 2002, as the number of hyperlink advertisers reached a high of 566 during the quarter ended March 31, 2003, up 7% from the same quarter in 2002.

A majority of our advertising customers purchase advertising under short-term contracts. Customers have the ability to stop, and have on occasion stopped, advertising on relatively short notice. Online publishing revenue would be adversely impacted if we experienced contract terminations, or if we were not able to renew contracts with existing customers or obtain new customers. The market for Internet advertising is intensely competitive and has, in the past, experienced significant downturns in demand that could impact advertising rates. Future revenue could be adversely affected if we were forced to reduce our advertising rates or if we were to experience lower CPM s.

Historically, our first calendar quarter has been our highest in terms of page views, and we have typically experienced a slowdown in traffic during our third and fourth quarters. During 2002, certain traffic initiatives and expanded commitments from our distribution partners as well as the activity in mortgage lending caused increases in traffic inconsistent with our historical trends. Based on those historical trends, we could experience a decline in traffic and online publishing revenue during the third and fourth quarters of 2003 in relation to the first quarter of 2003.

#### Print Publishing and Licensing Revenue

Print publishing and licensing revenue represents advertising revenue from the sale of advertising in *Consumer Mortgage Guide* rate tables, newsletter subscriptions, and licensing of research information. We charge a commission for placement of the *Consumer Mortgage Guide* in a print publication. Advertising revenue and commission income is recognized when the *Consumer Mortgage Guide* runs in the publication. Revenue from our newsletters is recognized ratably over the period of the subscription, which is generally up to one year. Revenue from the sale of research information is recognized ratably over the contract period.

We also earn fees from distributing editorial rate tables that are published in newspapers and magazines across the United States, from paid subscriptions to three newsletters, and from providing rate surveys to institutions and government agencies. In addition, we license research data under agreements that permit the use of rate information we develop to advertise the licensees products in print, radio, television and web site promotions. Revenue for these products is recognized ratably over the contract/subscription periods.

Print publishing and licensing revenue for the quarter ended March 31, 2003 increased \$288,000, or 31%, over the comparable period in 2002 due primarily to a \$278,000, or 39%, increase in *Consumer Mortgage Guide* revenue. This increase was a result of declining interest rates beginning in the fourth quarter of 2001, and continuing through the first quarter of 2003 that sustained the refinancing markets, causing more advertisers to publish their rates.

#### **Cost of Revenue**

#### **Online Publishing Costs**

Online publishing costs represent expenses directly associated with the creation of online publishing revenue. These costs include contractual revenue sharing obligations resulting from our distribution arrangements (distribution payments), editorial costs, research costs and allocated overhead. Distribution payments are made to Web site operators for visitors directed to our Web site; these costs increase proportionately with gains in traffic to our site. Editorial costs relate to writers and editors who create original content for our online publications and associates who build Web pages; these costs have increased as we have added online publications and co-branded versions of our site under distribution arrangements. These sites must be maintained on a daily basis. Research costs include expenses related to gathering data on banking and credit products and consist primarily of compensation and benefits and allocated overhead.

Online publishing costs for the three months ended March 31, 2003 were \$358,000, or 41%, higher than the comparable period in 2002 due primarily to an increase of approximately \$258,000, or 156%, in revenue-sharing payments to our distribution partners due to higher associated revenue, approximately \$71,000 of higher costs

12

#### **Table of Contents**

associated with hyperlink sales, and approximately \$57,000 higher consulting costs associated with new business initiatives, offset by reductions in various other expenses in the quarter ended March 31, 2003 compared to the same period in 2002. Online publishing costs as a percentage of online publishing revenue excluding barter dropped from 23% for the three months ended March 31, 2002 to 19% for the comparable period in 2003, as costs have declined relative to the increases in revenue and lower revenue subject to revenue sharing arrangements.

## Print Publishing and Licensing Costs

Print publishing and licensingcosts represent expenses associated with print publishing and licensing revenue. These costs include contractual revenue sharing obligations with newspapers related to the *Consumer Mortgage Guide*, compensation and benefits, printing and allocated overhead. These costs vary proportionately with the related revenues and increased \$337,000, or 50%, for the three months ended March 31, 2003 compared to the same period in 2002. Revenue sharing payments were up \$221,000, or 41%, in the first quarter of 2003 compared to the same period in 2002 due to higher *Consumer Mortgage Guide* revenue. Print publishing and licensingcosts for the three months ended March 31, 2003 included approximately \$95,000 of new product development costs.

#### Other Expenses

#### Sales

Sales costs represent direct selling expenses, principally for online advertising, and include compensation and benefits, sales commissions, and allocated overhead. Sales costs for the three months ended March 31, 2003 were up \$176,000, or 21%, over the comparable periods in 2002 due to higher sales commissions paid on higher levels of revenue, and expenditures related to market analysis and branding.

#### Marketing

Marketing costs represent expenses associated with expanding brand awareness of our products and services to consumers and include print and Internet advertising and marketing and promotion costs. Marketing costs also include barter expense, which represents the non-cash cost of our advertisements that are run on other companies Web sites in our barter transactions. Barter expense was \$744,500 and \$855,000 for the quarters ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively. Excluding barter expense, marketing expenses for the quarter ended March 31, 2003 of \$453,000 were \$385,000 higher than the comparable quarter in 2002. These increases reflect our efforts to improve search engine results with pay per performance campaigns.

## **Product Development**

Product development costs represent compensation and benefits related to site development, network systems and telecommunications infrastructure support, programming and other technology costs. Product development costs for the three months ended March 31, 2003 were \$102,000, or 31%, higher compared to the same period in 2002 due primarily to higher training costs, and systems and software repairs, maintenance, and upgrades.

# General and Administrative

General and administrative expenses represent compensation and benefits for executive, finance and administrative personnel, professional fees, non-allocated overhead and other general corporate expenses. General and administrative expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2003 were \$336,000, or 30%, higher than the comparable amount reported in the same period in 2002 primarily due to the following: \$77,000 higher public and investor relations fees supporting initiatives in these areas; \$60,000 higher stock market listing and annual fees; \$51,000 higher consulting and professional fees supporting new business initiatives; \$86,000 higher human resource costs reflecting merit increases and higher benefit costs; and \$77,000 higher legal, accounting and other professional fees supporting the growth in the business.

As a percentage of total revenue excluding barter, general and administrative expenses were 19% for the three months ended March 31, 2003 compared to 24% for the same period in 2002. The overall decline is the result of the stabilization of infrastructure expenses and our initiatives to control costs.

13

#### Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization was \$47,000, or 33%, higher for the three months ended March 31, 2003 compared to 2002 due to the amortization of software licenses purchased in the third quarter, and capital expenditures placed in service in the third and fourth quarters of 2002.

#### Interest Income (Expense), Net

Interest income and expense consists of interest income on invested cash and cash equivalents for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, and interest expense on capital lease obligations and the 10% convertible subordinated note payable for the three months ended March 31, 2002. Net interest income for the three months ended March 31, 2003 was \$49,000 higher than the amount reported in the same period in 2002 as interest expense was eliminated due to the expiration of lease terms on certain capital lease assets and the repayment of our subordinated note payable, discussed below.

## Gain on Early Extinguishment of Debt

On February 6, 2002, we entered into a Termination Agreement and General Release (the Agreement ) with REALIC, successor by merger to The Midland Life Insurance Company, holder of the \$4,350,000 10% convertible subordinated note payable. Pursuant to the terms of the Agreement, REALIC agreed to full repayment of the note, including accrued interest, on February 22, 2002 for \$3,400,000 in cash. We recorded a gain on early extinguishment of debt of approximately \$2,022,000 in the quarter ended March 31, 2002.

#### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Our principal source of liquidity is the cash generated by our operations. As of March 31, 2003, we had working capital of \$12,012,000, and our primary commitments were approximately \$1,218,000 in operating lease payments over the next five years, as well as capital expenditures and recurring payables and accruals arising during the course of operating our business, estimated at approximately \$4,100,000 through March 31, 2004. We generally establish payment terms with our vendors that extend beyond the amount of time required to collect from our customers. There are no other significant commitments or any off-balance sheet arrangements. On February 22, 2002, we completed the early repayment of our \$4,350,000 10% convertible subordinated note, including accrued interest, for \$3,400,000 in cash. This transaction will save us approximately \$3,125,000 in principal and interest through August 20, 2004, the original maturity date.

## **Contractual Obligations**

The following table represents the amounts due under the specified types of contractual obligations.

#### **Payments Due** (In thousands)

Contractual obligations	Less than one year	One to three years	Three to five years	More than five years
Long-term debt obligations	\$	\$	\$	\$
Capital lease obligations (1)				
Operating lease obligations (1)	517,004	610,126	178,258	
Purchase obligations (2)	125,200			
Other long-term obligations				

(1) Includes our obligations under existing capital and operating leases.

(2) Represents base contract amounts for Internet hosting, co-location and content distribution.

During the three months ended March 31, 2003, we generated \$1,181,000 of net cash from operating activities. Our net income of \$2,019,000 was adjusted for non-cash charges of \$191,000, and a net negative change in the components of operating assets and liabilities of \$1,029,000. Of this negative charge, \$633,000 resulted from the increase in accounts receivable balances and \$422,000 resulted from a decrease in accrued expenses. During the three months ended March 31, 2003, net cash of \$699,000 was provided by financing activities, primarily the

result of stock option exercises.

During the three months ended March 31, 2002, cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$3,245,000 due primarily to the early repayment of our \$4,350,000 10% convertible subordinated note, including accrued interest, for \$3,400,000 in cash.

We have incurred net losses in six of our last seven fiscal years and had an accumulated deficit of approximately \$51 million as of March 31, 2003. We are working to manage our cash by actively controlling expenses and pursuing additional sources of revenue. For instance, since early 2000, we have substantially reduced marketing expenditures and sold or shut down under-performing, non-core business units. We sold CPNet.com in May 2000, sold Pivot in July 2000, shut down and sold certain assets of Consejero.com in August 2000, and shut down Greenmagazine.com in December 2000. These transactions yielded cash to the Company of approximately \$4,392,000 and reduced operating expenses. We also reduced employment levels of continuing operations and consolidated its physical locations. In February 2002, we negotiated the early repayment of our \$4,350,000 convertible subordinated note payable for \$3,400,000, including accrued interest, and recorded a gain of approximately \$2,022,000 in the quarter ended March 31, 2002. We have generated cash from operations for eight

14

consecutive quarters through March 31, 2003. Based on these actions and our current plan, we believe our existing capital resources will be sufficient to satisfy our cash requirements through at least the next 12 months.

## Item 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

#### Interest Rate Risk

The primary objective of our investment strategy is to preserve principal while maximizing the income we receive from investments without significantly increasing risk. To minimize this risk, to date we have maintained our portfolio of cash equivalents in short-term and overnight investments which are not subject to market risk, as the interest paid on such investments fluctuates with the prevailing interest rates. As of March 31, 2003, all of our cash equivalents matured in less than three months.

#### **Exchange Rate Sensitivity**

Our exposure to foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations is minimal to none as we do not have any revenues denominated in foreign currencies. Additionally, we have not engaged in any derivative or hedging transactions to date.

#### **Item 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

#### **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

Within 90 days prior to the date of this report, management, including our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures. Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective in timely alerting them to material information required to be included in our periodic SEC reports. It should be noted that the design of any system of controls is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions, regardless of how remote.

#### **Changes in Internal Controls**

In addition, management, including our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, reviewed our internal controls, and there have been no significant changes in our internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect those controls subsequent to the date of their last evaluation.

# Part II OTHER INFORMATION

#### Item 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Not applicable.

#### Item 2. CHANGES IN SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None.

# Item 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

#### Item 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

None.

#### **Item 5. OTHER INFORMATION**

None.

15

#### Item 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

(a)	) Ex	hı	bits

99.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

99.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

(b) Reports on Form 8-K

(1) A Form 8-K was filed on January 9, 2003, reporting under Item 5 that the Company s common stock began trading on the Nasdaq SmallCap

Market on January 9, 2003.

(2) A Form 8-K was filed on January 31, 2003, reporting under Item 5 that on January 29, 2003, the Company issued a press release announcing

that on January 28, 2003, the United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit affirmed the dismissal of a shareholders class action suit against Company and certain of its officers and directors, its

auditor, and its underwriters in its entirety.

(3) A Form 8-K was filed on February 7, 2003, reporting under Item 5 that on February 5, 2003, the Company issued a press release announcing

its financial results for the quarter and year ended December 31, 2002.

#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

# BANKRATE, INC.

Dated: May 15, 2003 By: /s/ ROBERT J. DEFRANCO

Robert J. DeFranco Senior Vice President Chief Financial Officer

16

# Certification of CEO Pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14 as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

- I, Elisabeth DeMarse, the Chief Executive Officer of Bankrate, Inc., certify that:
  - 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Bankrate, Inc.;
  - 2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
  - 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
  - 4. The registrant s other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and we have:
    - (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
    - (b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant s disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this quarterly report (the Evaluation Date ); and
    - (c) presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;
  - 5. The registrant s other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant s auditors and to the audit committee of registrant s board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
    - (a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant s ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrant s auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and
    - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant s internal controls; and
  - 6. The registrant s other certifying officers and I have indicated in this quarterly report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Dated: May 15, 2003

By: /s/ Elisabeth DeMarse

Elisabeth DeMarse
Chief Executive Officer

17

# Certification of CFO Pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14 as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

- I, Robert J. DeFranco, the Chief Financial Officer of Bankrate, Inc., certify that:
  - 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Bankrate, Inc.;
  - 2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
  - 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
  - 4. The registrant s other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and we have:
    - (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
    - (b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant s disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this quarterly report (the Evaluation Date ); and
    - (c) presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;
  - 5. The registrant s other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant s auditors and to the audit committee of registrant s board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
    - (a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant s ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrant s auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and
    - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant s internal controls; and
  - 6. The registrant s other certifying officers and I have indicated in this quarterly report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Dated: May 15, 2003

By: /s/ Robert J. DeFranco

Robert J. DeFranco
Chief Financial Officer

Table of Contents 22

18