

VICON INDUSTRIES INC /NY/
Form 10-Q
August 12, 2013
UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2013

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission File Number: 1-7939

VICON INDUSTRIES, INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)
New York
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

11-2160665
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

89 Arkay Drive, Hauppauge, New York
(Address of principal executive offices)

11788
(Zip Code)

(631) 952-2288
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

At August 9, 2013, the registrant had outstanding 4,503,885 shares of Common Stock, \$.01 par value.

VICON INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Part I. Financial Information</u>	Page Number
<u>Item 1. Financial Statements (unaudited)</u>	
<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations</u>	<u>3</u>
<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Loss</u>	<u>4</u>
<u>Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets</u>	<u>5</u>
<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows</u>	<u>6</u>
<u>Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements</u>	<u>7</u>
<u>Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u>	<u>10</u>
<u>Item 3. Qualitative and Quantitative Disclosures about Market Risk</u>	<u>15</u>
<u>Item 4. Controls and Procedures</u>	<u>15</u>
<u>Part II. Other Information</u>	<u>15</u>
<u>Item 1. Legal Proceedings</u>	<u>15</u>
<u>Item 1A. Risk Factors</u>	<u>15</u>
<u>Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u>	<u>15</u>
<u>Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities</u>	<u>15</u>
<u>Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures</u>	<u>15</u>
<u>Item 5. Other Information</u>	<u>16</u>
<u>Item 6. Exhibits</u>	<u>16</u>
<u>Signatures</u>	<u>17</u>

Table of Contents

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

VICON INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(UNAUDITED)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	6/30/2013	6/30/2012	6/30/2013	6/30/2012
Net sales	\$ 10,024,350	\$ 11,721,956	\$ 29,809,740	\$ 36,546,149
Cost of sales	6,352,038	7,057,661	18,686,351	21,997,996
Gross profit	3,672,312	4,664,295	11,123,389	14,548,153
Operating expenses:				
Selling, general and administrative expense	3,824,145	3,854,289	11,162,302	11,649,315
Engineering and development expense	1,044,051	1,286,105	3,070,558	3,958,997
	4,868,196	5,140,394	14,232,860	15,608,312
Operating loss	(1,195,884)	(476,099)	(3,109,471)	(1,060,159)
Interest income	(3,845)	(4,277)	(53,837)	(35,036)
Other expense (income)	19,716	6,198	14,025	(22,632)
Loss before income taxes	(1,211,755)	(478,020)	(3,069,659)	(1,002,491)
Income tax expense (benefit)	(492,000)	19,000	(476,000)	57,000
Net loss	\$(719,755)	\$(497,020)	\$(2,593,659)	\$(1,059,491)
Loss per share:				
Basic	\$(.16)	\$(.11)	\$(.58)	\$(.24)
Diluted	\$(.16)	\$(.11)	\$(.58)	\$(.24)
Weighted average shares outstanding:				
Basic	4,499,260	4,477,651	4,492,727	4,481,737
Diluted	4,499,260	4,477,651	4,492,727	4,481,737

See Accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Table of Contents

VICON INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS
 (UNAUDITED)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	6/30/2013	6/30/2012	6/30/2013	6/30/2012
Net loss	\$ (719,755)	\$ (497,020)	\$ (2,593,659)	\$ (1,059,491)
Other comprehensive income (loss):				
Unrealized gain (loss) on securities	24,065	1,156	(11,638)	(31,582)
Unrealized gain (loss) on derivatives	(98,986)	(169,464)	40,616	(204,368)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(22,981)	(68,201)	(163,586)	14,913
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(97,902)	(236,509)	(134,608)	(221,037)
Comprehensive loss	\$ (817,657)	\$ (733,529)	\$ (2,728,267)	\$ (1,280,528)

See Accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Table of ContentsVICON INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

ASSETS	6/30/2013 (Unaudited)	9/30/2012
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,427,730	\$ 6,234,268
Marketable securities	114,026	405,169
Accounts receivable, net	6,814,490	9,553,385
Inventories:		
Parts, components, and materials	3,012,662	3,773,356
Work-in-process	1,260,497	1,396,268
Finished products	4,687,095	4,133,649
	8,960,254	9,303,273
Recoverable income taxes	—	92,811
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	726,686	529,070
Assets held for sale	2,449,832	—
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	20,493,018	26,117,976
Property, plant and equipment	11,347,128	13,181,797
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(6,402,650)	(9,139,622)
	4,944,478	4,042,175
Other assets	990,451	1,174,598
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 26,427,947	\$ 31,334,749
 LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$ 2,496,765	\$ 3,403,378
Accrued compensation and employee benefits	1,936,816	2,505,744
Accrued expenses	1,051,347	1,201,339
Unearned revenue	339,588	443,708
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	5,824,516	7,554,169
Unearned revenue - non current	144,885	161,028
Other long-term liabilities	1,792,372	2,431,742
TOTAL LIABILITIES	7,761,773	10,146,939
 SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Common stock, par value \$.01 per share authorized - 25,000,000 shares issued - 5,360,083 and 5,350,933 shares	53,601	53,509
Capital in excess of par value	25,476,151	25,343,712
Retained earnings (deficit)	(2,332,284)	261,375
Treasury stock at cost, 856,198 and 871,198 shares	(4,226,852)	(4,300,952)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(304,442)	(169,834)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	18,666,174	21,187,810

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$26,427,947	\$31,334,749
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See Accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

5

Table of Contents

VICON INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
 (UNAUDITED)

	Nine Months Ended	
	6/30/2013	6/30/2012
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$(2,593,659	) \$(1,059,491
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	365,770	441,872
Amortization of deferred compensation	3,566	3,579
Stock compensation expense	166,314	218,580
Deferred tax benefit	(500,000) —
Change in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable, net	2,628,036	1,141,633
Inventories, net	256,939	(542,833
Recoverable income taxes	92,811	—
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(213,579	) (96,803
Other assets	184,147	94,768
Accounts payable	(838,632	) (1,187,942
Accrued compensation and employee benefits	(513,112	) (298,456
Accrued expenses	(101,514	) 76,488
Unearned revenue	(120,263	) (43,181
Other liabilities	(127,179	) (28,734
Net cash used in operating activities	(1,310,355	) (1,280,520
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Net decrease in marketable securities	279,505	1,604,924
Capital expenditures	(3,773,134	) (186,089
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(3,493,629	) 1,418,835
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Repurchases of common stock	—	(81,450
Net cash used in financing activities	—	(81,450
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(2,554	) 26,326
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(4,806,538	) 83,191
Cash at beginning of year	6,234,268	5,628,156
Cash at end of period	\$1,427,730	\$5,711,347

See Accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Table of Contents

VICON INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

June 30, 2013

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and the instructions to Form 10-Q and Rule 8-03 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the nine months ended June 30, 2013 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012. Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation.

Note 2: Marketable Securities

Marketable securities consist of mutual fund investments principally in federal, state and local government debt securities of \$114,026 as of June 30, 2013. Such mutual fund investments are stated at market value based on quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs) and are classified as available-for-sale under the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 320, with unrealized gains and losses reported in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) as a component of shareholders' equity. The cost of such securities at June 30, 2013 was \$119,663, with \$5,637 of cumulative unrealized losses reported at June 30, 2013.

Note 3: Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable is stated net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$955,000 and \$1,030,000 as of June 30, 2013 and September 30, 2012, respectively.

Note 4: Loss per Share

Basic loss per share (EPS) is computed based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted EPS reflects the maximum dilution that would have resulted from incremental common shares issuable upon the exercise of stock options and under deferred compensation agreements.

The following tables provide the components of the basic and diluted EPS computations for the three and nine month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Basic EPS Computation				
Net loss	\$(719,755)	\$(497,020)	\$(2,593,659)	\$(1,059,491)
Weighted average shares outstanding	4,499,260	4,477,651	4,492,727	4,481,737
Basic loss per share	\$(.16)	\$(.11)	\$(.58)	\$(.24)

Table of Contents

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	June 30, 2013	2012	June 30, 2013	2012
Diluted EPS Computation				
Net loss	\$(719,755)	\$(497,020)	\$(2,593,659)	\$(1,059,491)
Weighted average shares outstanding	4,499,260	4,477,651	4,492,727	4,481,737
Stock options	—	—	—	—
Stock compensation arrangements	—	—	—	—
Diluted shares outstanding	4,499,260	4,477,651	4,492,727	4,481,737
Diluted loss per share	\$(.16)	\$(.11)	\$(.58)	\$(.24)

For the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, 11,079 and 10,131 shares, respectively, have been omitted from the calculation of diluted EPS as their effect would have been antidilutive. For the nine months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, 10,492 and 11,451 shares, respectively, have been omitted from the calculation of diluted EPS as their effect would have been antidilutive.

Note 5: Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

The Company's accumulated other comprehensive loss balances at June 30, 2013 and September 30, 2012 consisted of the following:

	June 30, 2013	September 30, 2012
Foreign currency translation adjustment	\$(298,805)	\$(135,219)
Unrealized loss on derivatives	—	(40,616)
Unrealized gain (loss) on marketable securities	(5,637)	6,001
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	\$(304,442)	\$(169,834)

Note 6: Derivative Instruments

The Company enters into forward exchange contracts to hedge certain foreign currency exposures and minimize the effect of such fluctuations on reported earnings and cash flow. The Company's ongoing foreign currency exchange risks include intercompany sales of product and services between subsidiary companies operating in differing functional currencies.

At June 30, 2013, the Company had no forward exchange contracts outstanding. At September 30, 2012, the Company had forward exchange contracts outstanding with notional amounts aggregating \$3.5 million, whose aggregate fair value was a liability of approximately \$40,616. Such fair value was determined using published market exchange rates. The change in the amount of the asset or liability for these instruments is shown as a component of accumulated other comprehensive loss.

Table of Contents

Note 7: Stock-Based Compensation

The Company maintains stock option plans that include both incentive and non-qualified options reserved for issuance to key employees, including officers and directors. All options are issued at fair market value at the grant date and are exercisable in varying installments according to the plans. The plans allow for the payment of option exercises through the surrender of previously owned mature shares based on the fair market value of such shares at the date of surrender.

The Company follows ASC 718 (SFAS No. 123(R), "Share-Based Payment"), which requires that all share based payments to employees, including stock options, be recognized as compensation expense in the consolidated financial statements based on their grant date fair values and over the requisite service period. For the three month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, the Company recorded non-cash compensation expense of \$51,233 and \$67,666, respectively, (\$.01 and \$.02 per basic and diluted share, respectively) relating to stock compensation. For the nine month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, the Company recorded non-cash compensation expense of \$166,314 and \$218,580, respectively, (\$.04 and \$.05 per basic and diluted share, respectively) relating to stock compensation.

Note 8: Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The Company does not expect the adoption of recently issued accounting pronouncements to have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements.

Note 9: Income Taxes

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized based on the differences between the financial statement carrying amounts and the tax basis of assets and liabilities. Deferred tax assets represent items to be used as a tax deduction or credit in future tax returns for which a tax benefit has been recorded in the income statement. The Company has a valuation allowance against its deferred tax assets due to the uncertainty of future realization. The full valuation allowance is determined to be appropriate due to the Company's operating losses since fiscal year 2010 and the inherent uncertainties of predicting future operating results in periods over which such net tax differences become deductible. At September 30, 2012, the Company had \$6.1 million of unrecognized net deferred tax assets available, which includes approximately \$4 million of U.S. and foreign net operating loss carryforwards.

In the quarter ended June 30, 2013, the Company recorded a \$500,000 tax benefit relating to the expiration of previously recognized income tax exposures (FIN 48). The Company recognizes potential accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in income tax expense. The Company files U.S. Federal and State income tax returns and foreign tax returns in the United Kingdom, Germany and Israel. The Company is generally no longer subject to tax examinations in such jurisdictions for fiscal years prior to 2005 in the U.S. and 2007 in the U.K., Germany and Israel.

Note 10: Fair Value

The majority of the Company's non-financial assets and liabilities are not required to be carried at fair value on a recurring basis, but the Company is required on a non-recurring basis to use fair value measurements when analyzing asset impairment as it relates to long-lived assets. The carrying amounts for trade accounts and other receivables and accounts payable approximate fair value due to the short-term maturity of these instruments. The fair value of the Company's foreign currency forward exchange contracts is estimated by obtaining quoted market exchange rates for

similar contracts (Level 2 inputs). At June 30, 2013, the Company had no forward exchange contracts outstanding. At September 30, 2012, the contracted exchange rates on committed forward exchange contracts was approximately \$40,616 less favorable than the market rates for similar term contracts.

Fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time based on relevant market information about the financial instrument. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgment and, therefore, cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions could significantly affect the estimates.

Table of Contents

Note 11: Headquarters Facility Sale and Purchase

In April 2013, the Company entered into a Contract of Sale Agreement to sell its Hauppauge, New York headquarters facility for a gross sale price of \$6,350,000. The sale transaction is expected to close by no later than August 29, 2013 and is subject to customary closing conditions. There can be no assurance that all of the conditions to closing will be satisfied. Upon closing, the sale transaction will generate approximately \$6.0 million of cash, net of broker's commissions, and the Company expects to record a gain on the sale of approximately \$3.5 million.

Since March 31, 2013, this facility has been included in assets held for sale at depreciated cost and, accordingly, no additional depreciation expense has been recorded subsequent to this date.

In April 2013, the Company also entered into a Contract of Sale Agreement and closed on the purchase of a new headquarters facility in Edgewood (Brentwood), New York, for a cash purchase price of \$3,300,000.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

General

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations discusses the Company's consolidated financial statements for the periods indicated, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. On an on-going basis, management evaluates its estimates and judgments, including those related to revenue recognition, bad debts, product warranties, inventories, long lived assets, income taxes and contingencies and litigation. Management bases its estimates and judgments on historical experience and on various other factors including general market conditions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. Results for the periods reported herein are not necessarily indicative of results that may be expected in future periods.

Overview

The Company designs, assembles and markets video management systems and system components for use in security, surveillance, safety and communication applications by a broad group of end users worldwide. The Company's product line consists of various elements of a video system, including digital video and network video recorders, video encoders, decoders, servers and related video management software, data storage units, analog, HD and IP fixed and robotic cameras, virtual and analogue matrix video switchers and controls, and system peripherals.

The Company sells video systems and system components in a highly competitive worldwide marketplace principally to authorized security dealers and system integrators. Such dealers and integrators typically resell the Company's products directly to end users, among other services. The Company's sales are principally project based and are largely dependent upon winning projects, construction activities and the timing of funding. Sales will vary from period to period depending upon many factors including seasonal and geographic trends in construction activities and the timing of deliveries due to changes in project schedules and funding. The Company usually does not have a large backlog as its customer orders are typically deliverable within three months or often upon receipt of order.

Since fiscal year 2009, the Company's sales levels have been impacted by the worldwide economic downturn, particularly in Europe, as capital expenditures for new construction, expansion and renovation projects have weakened. Such sales declines have had an adverse impact on the Company's financial results for these periods. Since the second half of fiscal 2011, the Company has implemented ongoing cost reduction programs that will continue for the foreseeable future until market conditions improve.

The Company competes in a market of rapid technology shifts which influence the performance capability of security systems. As a result, the Company spends a significant amount on product development. In fiscal 2012 and 2011, the Company incurred \$5.2 million and \$5.9 million of engineering and development expense or 10% and 13% of net sales, respectively. The Company's expenditures for product development are substantially less than its major competitors. The ongoing market shift to software driven products and technologies will continue to burden the Company's development resources and increase ongoing annual expense for product development. Further, the Company's sales effort requires a high level of customer service and technical

Table of Contents

support for its products. The Company routinely considers various strategic options that may augment or supplement its present product offerings and technology platforms, among other benefits.

The Company has a foreign sales and distribution subsidiary in Europe that conducts business in British pounds and Euros that represented approximately 22% of the Company's consolidated sales for fiscal 2012. It also has an Israel based engineering and development subsidiary that incurs a majority of its operating expenses in Shekels that represented approximately 20% of the Company's operating expenses for fiscal 2012. The Company has historically entered into selected forward currency exchange contracts to help stabilize the impact of changing exchange rates and will continue to do so in fiscal 2013. However, nothing can totally eliminate the long term effects of foreign currency exchange movements.

Results of Operations

Three Months Ended June 30, 2013 Compared with June 30, 2012

Net sales for the quarter ended June 30, 2013 decreased 14% to \$10.0 million compared with \$11.7 million in the year ago period. North America sales decreased 22% to \$7.4 million compared with \$9.5 million in the year ago period while Europe, Middle East and Africa (EMEA) sales increased 18% to \$2.6 million compared with \$2.2 million in the year ago period. Order intake for the quarter ended June 30, 2013 decreased 17% to \$9.0 million compared with \$10.8 million in the year ago period. North America order intake decreased 20% to \$6.6 million compared with \$8.2 million in the year ago period while EMEA order intake decreased 7% to \$2.4 million compared with \$2.6 million in the year ago period. The Company's North American sales and order rates continued to be negatively affected by technical issues relating to the latest release of its software platform. Although such technical issues were substantially resolved by current quarter end, the Company is presently unable to quantify its future financial impact. The backlog of unfilled orders increased \$530,000 to \$3.6 million at June 30, 2013 compared with \$3.1 million at September 30, 2012.

Gross profit margins for the third quarter of fiscal 2013 decreased to 36.6% compared with 39.8% in the year ago period. The current quarter margin decline included a \$250,000 (2.5%) additional inventory provision on certain discontinued manufactured products and credit return inventories as well as a .4% increase in fixed indirect costs relating to lower sales.

Total operating expenses for the third quarter of fiscal 2013 decreased \$272,000 to \$4.9 million compared with \$5.1 million in the year ago period. Selling, general and administrative expense for the third quarter of fiscal 2013 decreased \$30,000 to \$3.8 million compared with \$3.9 million in the year ago period. Engineering and development expense for the third quarter of fiscal 2013 decreased \$242,000 to \$1.0 million compared with \$1.3 million in the year ago period. Operating expense reductions principally resulted from reduced personnel and lower variable selling costs associated with reduced sales. Selling, general and administrative expense for the current quarter included \$122,000 of patent litigation costs resulting from the settlement of a patent infringement complaint received in March 2013. A settlement agreement was reached with the patent holder in June 2013 under which the Company made a one-time payment of \$80,000 in exchange for the release of all current and future claims against the Company. The Company also incurred \$42,000 of legal fees associated with this matter.

The Company incurred an operating loss of \$1.2 million in the third quarter of fiscal 2013 compared with an operating loss of \$476,000 in the year ago period.

Interest income was \$4,000 for the third quarter of fiscal 2013 compared with \$4,000 in the year ago period. Other expense was \$20,000 for the third quarter of fiscal 2013 compared with \$6,000 in the year ago period. The current quarter amount represents losses incurred on the sales of certain marketable securities while the year ago period amount represents a reduction in the market value of certain equity securities held.

The Company recorded an income tax benefit of \$492,000 in the third quarter of fiscal 2013 compared with income tax expense of \$8,000 in the year ago period. In the current quarter, the Company recorded a \$500,000 tax benefit relating to the expiration of previously recognized income tax exposures (FIN 48). Both period amounts include minimum foreign subsidiary income taxes. In fiscal 2011, the Company provided a valuation allowance against its deferred tax assets due to the uncertainty of future realization and, thus, no tax benefit has been recognized on reported pretax losses for both periods (see Note 9: Income Taxes).

As a result of the foregoing, the Company reported a net loss of \$720,000 for the third quarter of fiscal 2013 compared with a net loss of \$497,000 in the year ago period.

Table of Contents

Results of Operations

Nine Months Ended June 30, 2013 Compared with June 30, 2012

Net sales for the nine months ended June 30, 2013 decreased 18% to \$29.8 million compared with \$36.5 million in the year ago period. North America sales decreased 21% to \$22.6 million compared with \$28.5 million in the year ago period while Europe, Middle East and Africa (EMEA) sales decreased 10% to \$7.2 million compared with \$8.0 million in the year ago period. Order intake for the nine months ended June 30, 2013 decreased 18% to \$30.3 million compared with \$36.9 million in the year ago period. North America order intake decreased 17% to \$23.4 million compared with \$28.0 million in the year ago period while EMEA order intake decreased 22% to \$6.9 million compared with \$8.9 million in the year ago period. The Company's sales and order rates were down in most of its principal markets as it experienced the impact of weak European economies and the effects of technical issues relating to the latest release of its software platform. Although such technical issues were substantially resolved by current period end, the Company is presently unable to quantify its future financial impact.

Gross profit margins for the first nine months of fiscal 2013 decreased to 37.3% compared with 39.8% in the year ago period. The current period margin decline included a \$250,000 (.8%) additional inventory provision on certain discontinued manufactured products and credit return inventories as well as a .8% increase in fixed indirect costs relating to lower sales.

Total operating expenses for the first nine months of fiscal 2013 decreased \$1.4 million to \$14.2 million compared with \$15.6 million in the year ago period. Selling, general and administrative expense for the first nine months of fiscal 2013 decreased \$487,000 to \$11.2 million compared with \$11.6 million in the year ago period. Engineering and development expense for the first nine months of fiscal 2013 decreased \$888,000 to \$3.1 million compared with \$4.0 million in the year ago period. Operating expense reductions principally resulted from reduced personnel and lower variable selling costs associated with reduced sales. Selling, general and administrative expense for the current year period included \$122,000 of patent litigation costs resulting from the settlement of a patent infringement complaint received in March 2013. A settlement agreement was reached with the patent holder in June 2013 under which the Company made a one-time payment of \$80,000 in exchange for the release of all current and future claims against the Company. The Company also incurred \$42,000 of legal fees associated with this matter.

The Company incurred an operating loss of \$3.1 million for the first nine months of fiscal 2013 compared with an operating loss of \$1.1 million in the year ago period.

Interest income increased \$19,000 to \$54,000 for the first nine months of fiscal 2013 compared with \$35,000 in the year ago period due principally to increased cash balances and marketable security investments in the current year period. Other expense was \$14,000 for the first nine months of fiscal 2013 compared with other income of \$23,000 in the year ago period. These amounts represent net gains and losses in the market value of certain equity securities held and on the sales of certain marketable securities.

The Company recorded an income tax benefit of \$476,000 for the first nine months of fiscal 2013 compared with income tax expense of \$57,000 in the year ago period. In the current year period, the Company recorded a \$500,000 tax benefit relating to the expiration of previously recognized income tax exposures (FIN 48). Both period amounts include minimum foreign subsidiary income taxes. In fiscal 2011, the Company provided a valuation allowance against its deferred tax assets due to the uncertainty of future realization and, thus, no tax benefit has been recognized on reported pretax losses for both periods (see Note 9: Income Taxes).

As a result of the foregoing, the Company reported a net loss of \$2.6 million for the first nine months of fiscal 2013 compared with a net loss of \$1.1 million in the year ago period.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Net cash used in operating activities was \$1.3 million for the first nine months of fiscal 2013, which included a net loss of \$2.1 million after non-cash charges and a \$1.5 million pay down of accounts payable and accrued liabilities, offset in part by a \$2.6 million reduction in accounts receivable. Net cash used in investing activities was \$3.5 million for the first nine months of fiscal 2013 consisting of \$3.8 million of capital expenditures offset in part by \$280,000 of marketable security liquidations. Capital expenditures for the period included a cash outlay of \$3.4 million for the purchase of a new headquarters facility (see further discussion below). There were no cash flow effects from financing activities for the first nine months of fiscal 2013. As a result of the foregoing, cash (exclusive of marketable securities) decreased by \$4.8 million for the first nine months of fiscal 2013 after the minimal effect of exchange rate changes on the cash position of the Company.

In April 2013, the Company entered into a Contract of Sale Agreement (the “Agreement”) to sell its Hauppauge, New York headquarters facility for a gross sale price of \$6,350,000. The sale transaction is expected to close by no later than August 29,

Table of Contents

2013 and is subject to customary closing conditions. There can be no assurance that all of the conditions to closing will be satisfied. Upon closing, the sale transaction will generate approximately \$6.0 million of cash, net of brokers' commissions, and the Company expects to record a gain on the sale of approximately \$3.5 million in its fourth quarter ending September 30, 2013.

In April 2013, the Company also entered into a Contract of Sale Agreement and closed on the purchase of a new headquarters facility in Edgewood (Brentwood), New York, for a cash purchase price of \$3,300,000.

The Company believes that it will have sufficient cash to meet its anticipated operating costs and capital expenditure requirements for at least the next twelve months.

The Company does not have any off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements or obligations (including contingent obligations) that have, or are reasonably likely to have, a material effect on the Company's financial condition, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources.

Critical Accounting Policies

The Company's significant accounting policies are fully described in Note 1 to the Company's consolidated financial statements included in its September 30, 2012 Annual Report on Form 10-K. Management believes the following critical accounting policies, among others, affect its more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of its consolidated financial statements.

Revenue is generally recognized when products are sold and title is passed to the customer. Advance service billings are deferred and recognized as revenues on a pro rata basis over the term of the service agreement. Pursuant to Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 605-25-05, the Company evaluates multiple-element revenue arrangements for separate units of accounting, and follows appropriate revenue recognition policies for each separate unit. Elements are considered separate units of accounting provided that (i) the delivered item has stand-alone value to the customer, (ii) there is objective and reliable evidence of the fair value of the undelivered item, and (iii) if a general right of return exists relative to the delivered item, delivery or performance of the undelivered item is considered probable and substantially within the control of the Company. As applied to the Company, under arrangements involving the sale of product and the provision of services, product sales are recognized as revenue when the products are sold and title is passed to the customer, and service revenue is recognized as services are performed.

For products that include more than incidental software, and for separate licenses of the Company's software products, the Company recognizes revenue in accordance with the provisions of FASB Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2009-13, "Revenue Recognition (Topic 605) — Multiple-Deliverable Revenue Arrangements" (ASU 2009-13). ASU 2009-13, which was adopted by the Company effective October 1, 2010 on a prospective basis, provides revenue recognition guidance for establishing separate units of accounting in a multiple element arrangement and requires the allocation of arrangement consideration to each deliverable in the arrangement based on the fair value of the elements. The fair value for each deliverable is based on vendor-specific objective evidence ("VSOE") if available, third-party evidence ("TPE") if VSOE is not available, or best estimate of selling price ("BESP") if neither VSOE nor TPE is available. BESP must be determined in a manner that is consistent with that used to determine the price to sell the specific elements on a standalone basis.

The Company maintains allowances for doubtful accounts for estimated losses resulting from the inability of its customers to make required payments. If the financial condition of its customers were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional allowances may be required.

The Company provides for the estimated cost of product warranties at the time revenue is recognized. While the Company engages in product quality programs and processes, including monitoring and evaluating the quality of its

component suppliers, its warranty obligation is affected by product failure rates, material usage and service delivery costs incurred in correcting a product failure. Should actual product failure rates, material usage or service delivery costs differ from its estimates, revisions to the estimated warranty liability may be required.

The Company writes down its inventory for estimated obsolescence and slow moving inventory equal to the difference between the carrying cost of inventory and the estimated net realizable market value based upon assumptions about future demand and market conditions. Technology changes and market conditions may render some of the Company's products obsolete and additional inventory write-downs may be required. If actual future demand or market conditions are less favorable than those projected by management, additional inventory write-downs may be required.

The Company assesses the recoverability of the carrying value of its long-lived assets, including identifiable intangible assets with finite useful lives, whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be

Table of Contents

recoverable. The Company evaluates the recoverability of such assets based upon the expectations of undiscounted cash flows from such assets. If the sum of the expected future undiscounted cash flows were less than the carrying amount of the asset, a loss would be recognized for the difference between the fair value and the carrying amount.

The Company's ability to recover the reported amounts of deferred income tax assets is dependent upon its ability to generate sufficient taxable income during the periods over which net temporary tax differences become deductible. In fiscal 2011, the Company provided a valuation allowance against all deferred tax assets due to the uncertainty of future realization. The Company plans to provide a full valuation allowance against its deferred tax assets until such time that it can achieve a sustained level of profitability or other positive evidence arises that would demonstrate an ability to recover such assets.

The Company accrues liabilities for identified tax contingencies that result from positions that are being challenged or could be challenged by tax authorities. The Company believes that its accrual for tax liabilities is adequate for all open years, based on Management's assessment of many factors, including its interpretations of the tax law and judgments about potential actions by tax authorities. However, it is possible that the ultimate resolution of any tax audit may be materially greater or lower than the amount accrued.

The Company is subject to proceedings, lawsuits and other claims related to labor, product and other matters. The Company assesses the likelihood of an adverse judgment or outcomes for these matters, as well as the range of potential losses. A determination of the reserves required, if any, is made after careful analysis. The required reserves may change in the future due to new developments.

Safe Harbor Statement under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995

Statements in this Report on Form 10-Q and other statements made by the Company or its representatives that are not strictly historical facts including, without limitation, statements included herein under the Management's Discussion and Analysis captions "Overview", "Results of Operations", "Liquidity and Capital Resources" and "Critical Accounting Policies" are "forward-looking" statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 that should be considered as subject to the many risks and uncertainties that exist in the Company's operations and business environment. The forward-looking statements are based on current expectations and involve a number of known and unknown risks and uncertainties that could cause the actual results, performance and/or achievements of the Company to differ materially from any future results, performance or achievements, express or implied, by the forward-looking statements. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, and that in light of the significant uncertainties inherent in forward-looking statements, the inclusion of such statements should not be regarded as a representation by the Company or any other person that the objectives or plans of the Company will be achieved. The Company also assumes no obligation to update its forward-looking statements or to advise of changes in the assumptions and factors on which they are based.

Table of Contents

ITEM 3. QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The Company is exposed to various market risks, including changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. The Company has a policy that prohibits the use of currency derivatives or other financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

The Company enters into forward exchange contracts to hedge certain foreign currency exposures and minimize the effect of such fluctuations on reported earnings and cash flow (see Note 6 “Derivative Instruments” to the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements). The Company’s ongoing foreign currency exchange risks include intercompany sales of product and services between subsidiary companies operating in differing functional currencies.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company’s management, with the participation of its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company’s disclosure controls and procedures, as required by Exchange Act Rule 13a-15. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company’s disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified by the Securities and Exchange Commission’s rules and forms and such information is accumulated and communicated to management as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

Changes in Internal Controls

There were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the evaluation referred to above that occurred during the quarter ended June 30, 2013 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1 - LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

None

ITEM 1A – RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes with respect to the risk factors disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012.

ITEM 2 – UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

In December 2008, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the purchase of up to \$1 million worth of shares of the Company's outstanding common stock. In December 2009, the Board of Directors authorized the purchase of an additional \$1.5 million worth of shares of the Company's outstanding common stock. The Company did not repurchase any of its common stock during the three month period ended June 30, 2013. The approximate dollar value of shares that may yet be purchased under the program was \$972,679 as of June 30, 2013.

ITEM 3 - DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None

15

Table of Contents

ITEM 4 – MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable

ITEM 5 - OTHER INFORMATION

None

ITEM 6 – EXHIBITS

Exhibit Number	Description
10.1	Contract of Sale between Vicon Industries, Inc., as Seller, and Sciegen Pharmaceuticals, Inc., as Buyer, with respect to 89 Arkay Drive, Hauppauge, New York, as of April 17, 2013 (Incorporated by reference to the Current Report on Form 8-K dated April 23, 2013)
10.2	Contract of Sale between 1290 Motor Parkway LLC, as Seller, and Vicon Industries, Inc., as Buyer, with respect to 131 Heartland Blvd., Edgewood (Brentwood), New York, as of April 29, 2013 (Incorporated by reference to the Current Report on Form 8-K dated May 3, 2013)
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document*
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document*
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document*
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document*
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document*
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document*

* In accordance with Regulation S-T, the XBRL-related information in Exhibit 101 to this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q shall be deemed to be “furnished” and not “filed.”

Table of Contents

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

VICON INDUSTRIES, INC.

August 12, 2013

/s/ Kenneth M. Darby
Kenneth M. Darby
Chairman and
Chief Executive Officer

/s/ John M. Badke
John M. Badke
Senior Vice President, Finance and
Chief Financial Officer