

STRATASYS INC  
Form 10-Q  
August 12, 2002

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

**FORM 10-Q**

Quarterly Report under Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2002

OR

Transition Report under Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number 1-13400

**STRATASYS, INC.**

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware  
(State or Other Jurisdiction  
of Incorporation or Organization)

36-3658792  
(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

14950 Martin Drive, Eden Prairie, Minnesota 55344  
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)(Zip Code)  
(952) 937-3000

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)  
Not Applicable

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Former Name, Former Address and Former Fiscal Year, if Changed  
Since Last Report)

Check whether the registrant: (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for past 90 days. Yes No

As of August 8, 2002, the Registrant had 5,335,554 shares of Common Stock, \$.01 par value, outstanding.

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**Table of Contents****Item 1. Financial Statements****STRATASYS, INC.****CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

	June 30, 2002	December 31, 2001
	(unaudited)	
<b>ASSETS</b>		
<b>Current assets</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$9,922,539	\$10,211,398
Accounts receivable, less allowance for returns and doubtful accounts of \$473,785 in 2002 and \$562,888 in 2001	9,901,838	12,132,738
Inventories	7,363,332	6,877,582
Prepaid expenses	360,786	558,879
Deferred income taxes	342,592	246,000
Total current assets	27,891,087	30,026,597
<b>Property and equipment, net</b>		
	5,795,361	6,006,529
<b>Other assets</b>		
Intangible assets, net	3,173,550	3,288,222
Deferred income taxes	2,363,000	2,363,000
Other	127,817	266,997

5,664,367 5,918,219

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\$39,350,815 \$41,951,345

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**LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS  
EQUITY**

**Current liabilities**

Obligations under capitalized leases

\$64,459 \$130,320

Mortgage payable, current portion

57,998 54,994

Accounts payable and other current  
liabilities

3,253,296 3,736,284

Unearned maintenance revenue

4,328,984 4,510,751

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Total current liabilities

7,704,737 8,432,349

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**Mortgage payable, less current portion**

2,186,930 2,215,983

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**Stockholders equity**

Common Stock, \$.01 par value, authorized  
15,000,000 shares, issued 6,468,291 shares  
in 2002 and 6,133,294 shares in 2001

64,683 61,333

Capital in excess of par value

34,752,884 32,943,974

Retained earning

1,590,531 1,797,606

Accumulated other comprehensive loss

(58,577) (72,084)

Less cost of treasury stock, 1,132,737  
shares in 2002 and 740,400 shares in 2001

(6,890,373) (3,427,816)

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Total stockholders equity

29,459,148 31,303,013

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\$39,350,815 \$41,951,345

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*See notes to financial statements.*

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STRATASYS, INC.

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)**

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2002 (unaudited)	2001 (unaudited)	2002 (unaudited)	2001 (unaudited)
<b>Sales</b>	\$ 10,111,608	\$ 9,223,715	\$ 16,507,997	\$ 17,911,404
<b>Cost of goods sold</b>				
4,292,328 3,691,577 6,742,463 7,280,790				
<b>Gross profit</b>	5,819,280	5,532,138	9,765,534	10,630,614
<b>Costs and expenses</b>				
Research and development	1,195,991	1,273,445	2,338,259	2,487,661
Selling, general and administrative	4,185,309	3,708,746	7,862,517	7,257,209
	5,381,300	4,982,191	10,200,776	9,744,870
<b>Operating income (loss)</b>	437,980	549,947	(435,242)	885,744
<b>Other income (expense)</b>				
Interest income	37,984	91,914	80,903	204,531
Interest expense	(44,968)	(8,722)	(91,262)	(19,657)
Other	293,272	(78,027)	155,988	(251,742)



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286,288 5,165 145,629 (66,868)

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**Income (loss) before income taxes**

724,268 555,112 (289,613) 818,876

**Income taxes**

206,417 138,803 (82,538) 204,749

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**Net income (loss)**

\$517,851 \$416,309 \$(207,075) \$614,127

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**Earnings (loss) per common share**

Basic

\$0.10 \$0.08 \$(0.04) \$0.11

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Diluted

\$0.09 \$0.08 \$(0.04) \$0.11

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**Weighted average number of common shares outstanding**

Basic

5,350,582 5,473,994 5,367,894 5,473,994

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Diluted

5,655,454 5,478,324 5,367,894 5,476,269

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**COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)**

**Net income (loss)**

\$517,851 \$416,309 \$(207,075) \$614,127

**Other comprehensive income (loss)**

Foreign currency translation adjustment

20,634 (2,336) 13,507 (19,369)

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**Comprehensive income (loss)**

\$538,485 \$413,973 \$(193,568) \$594,758

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*See notes to financial statements.*

**Table of Contents****STRATASYS, INC.****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

	<b>Six Months Ended June 30,</b>	
	<b>2002</b>	<b>2001</b>
	<b>(unaudited)</b>	<b>(unaudited)</b>
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>		
Net income (loss)		
	\$(207,075)	\$614,127
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Deferred income taxes		
	(96,592)	196,620
Depreciation	702,688	702,161
Amortization	431,002	310,203
Loss on disposal of assets	119	27,161
Increase (decrease) in cash attributable to changes in assets and liabilities		
Accounts receivable	2,230,900	1,319,158
Inventories	(485,750)	156,770
Prepaid expenses	198,093	98,999
Other assets	139,180	67,893
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	(482,988)	(831,649)
Unearned maintenance revenue	(181,767)	451,066
<b>Net cash provided by operating activities</b>	<b>2,247,810</b>	<b>3,112,509</b>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>		
Acquisition of machinery and equipment	(491,639)	(586,911)

Proceeds from the sale of assets  
2,359  
Payments for intangible assets  
(316,330) (326,163)

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**Net cash used in investing activities**  
(807,969) (910,715)

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**Cash flows from financing activities**

Repayments of obligations under  
capitalized leases  
(65,861) (108,409)  
Purchase of treasury stock  
(3,462,557)  
Payments of mortgage payable  
(26,049)  
Net proceeds from the sale of common  
stock  
1,812,260

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**Net cash used in financing activities**  
(1,742,207) (108,409)

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**Effect of exchange rate changes on  
cash**  
13,507 (19,369)

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**Net increase (decrease) in cash**  
(288,859) 2,074,016  
**Cash and cash equivalents,  
beginning of period**  
10,211,398 6,737,306

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**Cash and cash equivalents, end of  
period**  
\$9,922,539 \$8,811,322

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*See notes to financial statements.*

**Table of Contents****Notes to Financial Statements**

## Note 1 Basis of Presentation

The financial information herein is unaudited; however, such information reflects all adjustments (consisting of normal, recurring adjustments) which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair statement of results for the interim period. The results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2002, are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. Certain financial information and footnote disclosure normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted. The reader is referred to the audited financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2001, filed as part of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for such year.

## Note 2 Inventory

Inventories consisted of the following at June 30 and December 31, respectively:

	2002	2001
Finished Goods	\$4,192,693	\$4,539,943
Work in process		
32,730		
Raw materials		
3,137,909	2,337,639	
<hr/>		
<hr/>		
Totals	\$7,363,332	\$6,877,582

## Note 3 Material Commitments

The Company has signed material commitments with several vendors for fixed delivery of selected inventory expected to be supplied in the ensuing twelve-month period. These commitments amount to approximately \$3,500,000, some of which contain non-cancellation clauses.

## Note 4 Income per common share

The difference between the number of shares used to compute basic income per share and diluted income per share relates to additional shares to be issued upon the assumed exercise of stock options and warrants, net of shares hypothetically repurchased at the average market price with the proceeds of exercise. For the three months ended June 30, 2002 and 2001, the additional shares amounted to 304,872 and 4,330, respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2002, there was no difference between the reported basic and diluted shares outstanding since the results would have been anti-dilutive. For the six months ended June 30, 2001, the additional shares amounted to 2,275.

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**Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

**General**

We develop, manufacture, and market a family of rapid prototyping devices that enable engineers and designers to create physical models, tooling and prototypes out of plastic and other materials directly from a computer aided design ( CAD ) workstation. Historically, our growth has come from sales to a number of industries, including automotive, consumer products, electronics, medical, and aerospace. Universities, other educational institutions, and service bureaus have also been significant markets for us. Our current and future growth is largely dependent upon our ability to penetrate new markets, and develop and market new rapid prototyping devices and applications that meet the needs of our current and prospective customers. We intend to focus our new product development on various rapid prototyping devices, modeling materials, and software enhancements. We anticipate that in 2002 our primary business strategy will focus on expanding international and domestic sales of our existing family of rapid prototyping devices, while maintaining on-going development of new rapid prototyping equipment, modeling materials, services, and software.

We introduced Dimension, our new 3-D printer, in February 2002. Dimension offers ABS modeling capabilities in a 3-D Printer platform. The part output from competitive 3-D printers has tended to be extremely fragile. Dimension allows users to create parts from ABS, which offers part strength required of true form, fit and function testing. We believe that Dimension, introduced at a selling price of \$29,900, is the lowest priced system in the rapid prototyping market. Commercial shipments of Dimension systems commenced in February 2002.

In March 2002 we introduced the Prodigy Plus. This system incorporates our WaterWorks soluble support system on the Prodigy platform, and is further enhanced by the addition of our Insight software that offers speed and performance improvements over those of our Benchtop systems. Commercial shipments commenced in May 2002.

Aided by the successful introduction of the Dimension, where both orders and shipments continued to exceed our expectations, net revenue in the second quarter of 2002 increased to \$10,111,608. Gross unit shipments in the second quarter of 2002 increased to 108 systems from 70 systems in the second quarter of 2001. In addition, sales of our high-end systems, including our Maxum and Titan systems, recovered from the levels reported in the first quarter of 2002. Total bookings in the quarter exceeded our plan, and allowed us to expand backlog by approximately 25% over the ending backlog as of March 31, 2002. Our backlog consists of both Dimensions and our high-end systems, the majority of which are expected to ship in the third quarter of 2002.

Our strategy in 2002 is to expand our position in the 3-D printing market and our core rapid prototyping businesses. We anticipate that we will continue to control our expenses while we expand our revenue growth. We believe that the 3-D printing market represents a significant growth area and that the introduction of Dimension will have a significant positive impact on our 2002 results. However, we remain fully committed to the continued growth of our historic core business, which is represented by our Maxum, Titan, Prodigy Plus, and FDM 3000 systems. We also believe that our service, consumable, and maintenance revenues derived from our installed base of systems will also improve over the results attained in 2001. Our ability to implement our strategy is subject to numerous uncertainties, many of which are described in this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and in the section below captioned Forward Looking Statements and Factors That May Affect Future Results of Operations. We cannot ensure that our efforts will be successful.

We believe that the rapid prototyping industry is growing at approximately 5-10% per year and that 3D printers and office modelers account for more than 30% of the total units of rapid prototyping systems shipped. Furthermore, we believe the 3-D Printing segment of this market is the fastest growing component of the market, and that our Dimension system, based upon price and performance, is positioned to capture an increased share of this market. We believe that there is a long-term trend toward lower-priced rapid prototyping systems capable of producing functional prototypes. This pricing trend should lead to growth in the more traditional functional prototyping marketplace as companies continue to address in-house rapid prototyping and concept-modeling needs. Certain market segments in the industry have not demonstrated significant pricing sensitivity. These segments are more interested in modeling envelope size, modeling material, throughput, part quality, part durability, and rapid tooling, which should allow growth to continue for higher priced rapid prototyping systems such as our Maxum and Titan systems that address these needs.

**Table of Contents****Results of Operations****Quarter ended June 30, 2002 compared with quarter ended June 30, 2001**

The following table sets forth certain statement of operations data as a percentage of net sales for the periods indicated. All items are included in or derived from our statement of operations.

	For the quarters ended June 30,	
	2002	2001
Net sales	100.0%	100.0%
Cost of sales		
42.4% 40.0%		
Gross margin		
57.6% 60.0%		
Selling, general, and administrative expenses		
41.4% 40.2%		
Research & development expense		
11.8% 13.8%		
Operating income		
4.3% 6.0%		
Other income		
2.8% .1%		
Income before taxes		
7.2% 6.0%		
Income taxes		
2.0% 1.5%		
Net income		
5.1% 4.5%		

**Net Sales**

Net sales for the quarter ended June 30, 2002 were \$10,111,608, compared with net sales of \$9,223,715 for the quarter ended June 30, 2001. This represents an increase of \$887,893, or 9.6%. Dimension sales were very strong and exceeded our internal expectations. Sales of our Titan and Maxum systems recovered from the levels achieved in the first quarter of 2002 and were significant contributors to this quarter's results. Revenues from consumables and maintenance also increased in the quarter ended June 30, 2002 as compared with the same 2001 period. Maintenance revenue was enhanced by the larger installed base of systems and continued emphasis on the sale of maintenance contracts.

Domestic sales accounted for approximately 52% of total revenue in the second quarter of 2002, a slight increase from approximately 50% recorded in the second quarter of 2001. However, system sales in the second quarter of 2002 were stronger internationally than in our domestic markets. In the United States, our eastern region recorded the highest revenue. Internationally, our Far East region reported the highest revenues after a relatively weak first quarter. Our combined Asia Pacific region, which comprises Japan, China, the Far East and India, accounted for approximately 29% of total revenue in the second quarter of 2002, an increase from the 27% attained in the comparable quarter of 2001. We believe that 2002 sales into our Asia Pacific, European, and eastern USA regions will remain strong throughout the remainder of 2002. However, declining economic conditions in any of these regions could adversely impact our future sales and profitability.

**Gross Profit**

Gross profit increased to \$5,819,280, but decreased to 57.6% of sales, in the quarter ended June 30, 2002, compared with \$5,532,138, or 60.0% of sales, in the quarter ended June 30, 2001. This represents an increase of \$287,142, or 5.2%. Gross profit increased due to higher revenues, principally due to strong sales of our Dimension, Titan, and Maxum systems. The deterioration to gross profit as a percentage of sales was principally due to product mix, coupled with increases to both manufacturing overhead and direct labor expenses. We expect that in the next several quarters, gross profits as a percentage of sales should fall at the lower end of a range of 58% to 61%, but will be highly dependent upon sales mix and volumes. Accordingly, our actual results could differ.





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### **Operating Expenses**

SG&A expenses increased to \$4,185,309 for the quarter ended June 30, 2002, from \$3,708,746 for the quarter ended June 30, 2001. This represents an increase of \$476,563, or 12.8%. Bad debt expense in the current quarter exceeded \$200,000, principally due to the bankruptcy of a customer. In addition, marketing, promotional, and sales expenses associated with the Dimension product launch accounted for much of the increase in the quarter ended June 30, 2002, as compared with same quarter in 2001. SG&A expenses should be expected to be higher than comparative year-over-year quarters for the next several quarters, primarily due to expected expenses associated with the Dimension product launch. Our actual results could differ, however.

R&D expenses declined to \$1,195,991 for the quarter ended June 30, 2002 from \$1,273,445 for the quarter ended June 30, 2001. The decrease amounted to \$77,454, or 6.1%. The control over our R&D expenses in light of rising salary and benefit expenses reflects our goal to control operating expenses. Future trends in R&D should reflect expense levels reasonably consistent with the results reported in the first and second quarters of 2002, although some fluctuations due to the timing of certain expenses or to the completion of certain projects could impact the reported results in any given quarter.

Our operating income for the quarter ended June 30, 2002 amounted to \$437,980, or 4.3% of sales, compared with operating income of \$549,947, or 6.0% of sales, for the quarter ended June 30, 2001. This represents a decline of \$111,967, or 20.4%. Whereas the above-mentioned bankruptcy was not anticipated, we had expected that Dimension-related expenses would impact our operating profits in the first half of 2002. These Dimension-related expenses should be expected to continue for the next several quarters. In addition, depending upon the mix of the systems we sell, there could be a negative impact on gross margins throughout the year, since gross margins are not consistent across all of our product lines.

Our operating results could also be adversely affected if the downturn in general economic conditions experienced by most capital equipment manufacturers were to continue throughout 2002. Our expense levels are based in part on our expectations of future revenues. Our planning assumes that the economic conditions affecting capital equipment manufacturers will slowly improve, commencing in mid-2002. If general economic conditions should worsen or the recovery takes longer than we expect, the revenues we recognize, or the mix of those revenues, could be severely impacted. While our backlog at the end of June was significantly higher than our backlog as of the end of 2001, we will still need a significant number of new orders to achieve our operating profit objectives. These factors may lead to operating losses in certain quarters, or reduced operating and gross profits as compared with the results reported in 2001. While we have adjusted, and will continue to adjust, our expense levels based on revenues, fluctuations in revenues and product mix in a particular period could adversely impact our operating results.

### **Other Income**

Other income netted to \$286,288 in the quarter ended June 30, 2002 compared with other income of \$5,165 in the quarter ended June 30, 2001. Interest income declined to \$37,984 in the quarter ended June 30, 2002 compared with \$91,914 in the same quarter in 2001. The reduction in interest income was primarily due to lower interest rates. Interest expense increased to \$44,968 in the quarter ended June 30, 2002 from \$8,722 in the same quarter of 2001, primarily due to interest expense on the mortgage of our manufacturing facility. In the quarter ended June 30, 2002, we recognized other income of approximately \$293,000 on foreign currency transactions related to the euro, which compared with a loss on foreign currency transactions of approximately \$49,000 in the same quarter of 2001.

### **Net Income**

For the reasons cited above, the net income for the second quarter of 2002 amounted to \$517,851, or 5.1% of sales, compared with net income of \$416,309, or 4.5% of sales, in the comparable 2001 quarter. This resulted in earnings per diluted common share of \$.09 in the quarter ended June 30, 2002, compared with earnings per diluted common share of \$.08 for the quarter ended June 30, 2001.

**Table of Contents****Six months ended June 30, 2002 compared with six months ended June 30, 2001**

The following table sets forth certain statement of operations data as a percentage of net sales for the periods indicated. All items are included in or derived from our statement of operations.

	For the six months ended June 30,	
	2002	2001
Net sales	100.0%	100.0%
Cost of sales	40.8%	40.6%
Gross margin	59.2%	59.4%
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	47.6%	40.5%
Research & development expense	14.2%	13.9%
Operating income (loss)	(2.6%)	4.9%
Other income (expense)	.9%	(0.4%)
Income (loss) before taxes	(1.8%)	4.6%
Income taxes (benefit)	(0.5%)	1.1%
Net income (loss)	(1.3%)	3.4%

**Net Sales**

Net sales for the six months ended June 30, 2002 were \$16,507,997, compared with sales of \$17,911,404 for the six months ended June 30, 2001. This represents a decrease of \$1,403,407, or 7.8%. Revenues derived from certain segments, including automotive, were weak in the six months ended June 30, 2002, and contributed to the decrease in revenue. However, Dimension sales were very strong and exceeded our internal expectations. Sales of our Titan and Maxum systems improved from the results achieved in the first quarter of 2002. Neither Titan nor Dimension was available for sale in the six months ended June 30, 2001. Revenues from both consumables and maintenance also increased in the six months ended June 30, 2002 as compared with the same 2001 period. Maintenance and consumable revenue were enhanced by the larger installed base of systems and continued emphasis on the sale of maintenance contracts.

Domestic sales accounted for approximately 53% of total revenue in six months ended June 30, 2002, a slight increase from approximately 52% recorded in the comparable six month period of 2001. However, system sales in the six months ended June 30, 2002, were stronger internationally than in our domestic markets. In the United States, our eastern region recorded the highest revenue, while internationally our Far East region reported the highest revenues after a relatively weak first quarter. Our combined Asia Pacific region, which comprises Japan, China, the Far East and India, accounted for approximately 25% of total revenue in six months ended June 30, 2002, an increase from the 23% attained in the comparable period in 2001.

**Gross Profit**

Gross profit declined to \$9,765,534, or 59.2% of sales, in the six months ended June 30, 2002, compared with \$10,630,614, or 59.4% of sales, in the comparable period of 2001. This represents a decrease of \$865,080, or 8.1%. Gross profit declined due to lower revenues coupled with a shift in mix to systems with lower margins.

**Operating Expenses**

SG&A expenses increased to \$7,862,517 for the six months ended June 30, 2002, from \$7,257,209 for the comparable period of 2001. This represents an increase of \$605,308, or 8.3%. Bad debt expense in the period exceeded \$200,000, principally the result of a customer's bankruptcy, and marketing, promotional, and sales expenses associated with the Dimension product launch accounted for much of the remainder

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of the increases in the period.

R&D expenses declined to \$2,338,259 for the six months ended June 30, 2002 from \$2,487,661 for the six months ended June 30, 2001. The decrease amounted to \$149,402, or 6.0%. On lower revenues, R&D expenses increased as a percentage of sales to 14.2% in the six months ended June 30, 2002, from 13.9% in the 2001 period.

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Our R&D expenses for the second half of 2002, with some modest fluctuations, should be consistent with the results reported in the first six months of the year.

Our operating loss for the six months ended June 30, 2002 amounted to \$435,242, or 2.6% of sales, compared with operating income of \$885,744, or 4.9% of sales, for the six months ended June 30, 2001. This represents a decline of \$1,320,986, or 149.1%. The operating loss in the six months ended June 30, 2002, was due to lower revenue, product mix, the above-mentioned bankruptcy and associated bad debt expense, and Dimension-related promotional expenses.

### **Other Income (Expense)**

Other income netted to \$145,629 in the six months ended June 30, 2002 compared with other expense of \$66,868 in the comparable 2001 period. Interest income declined to \$80,903 in the current six month period, compared with \$204,531 in prior year's six month period. The reduction in interest income was primarily due to lower interest rates. Interest expense increased to \$91,262 in the six months ended June 30, 2002 from \$19,657 in the same period of 2001, primarily due to interest expense on the mortgage of our manufacturing facility. In the six months ended June 30, 2002, we recognized other income of approximately \$156,000 on foreign currency transactions related to the euro, which compared with a loss on foreign currency transactions of approximately \$222,000 in the same period of 2001.

### **Net Income (Loss)**

For the reasons cited above, the net loss for the six months ended June 30, 2002, amounted to \$207,075 or 1.3% of sales, compared with net income of \$614,127, or 3.4% of sales, in the comparable 2002 period. This resulted in a loss per common share of \$.04 in the six months ended June 30, 2002, compared with earnings per diluted common share of \$.11 for the comparable period ended June 30, 2001.

### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2002, provided cash of \$2,247,810, primarily reflecting a decrease in accounts receivable of \$2,230,900. Strong collections of our first quarter receivables accounted for this decrease. An increase in inventories and a decrease in accounts payable and other current liabilities used cash of \$485,750 and \$482,988, respectively. Inventories increased due to acceleration of Dimension material receipts, and we reduced our accounts payable and other current liabilities that had increased due to higher inventories and overall operating expenses. In the six months ended June 30, 2001, our net income of \$614,127, coupled with a decrease in accounts receivable and an increase in unearned maintenance provided cash of \$1,319,158, and \$451,066, respectively. A decrease in accounts payable and other current liabilities used cash of \$831,649 in the same 2001 period.

Our investing activities used cash of \$807,969 in the six months ended June 30, 2002, reflecting the acquisition of machinery and equipment of \$491,639 and payments for intangible assets, including patents and capitalized software, of \$316,330. Our investing activities used cash of \$910,715 in the six months ended June 30, 2001, including \$586,911 for the acquisition of machinery and equipment and \$326,163 for payments for intangible assets, including patents and capitalized software.

Our financing activities used cash of \$1,742,207, which included the purchase of treasury stock for an aggregate of \$3,462,557, and for payments of obligations under capital leases of \$65,861. We purchased 392,337 outstanding shares in the six months ended June 30, 2002. Net proceeds from the sale of common stock pursuant to the exercise of employee and director options provided cash of \$1,812,260, which represented 334,997 shares exercised. In the six months ended June 30, 2001, our financing activities used cash of \$108,409 for repayments under capitalized leases.

The net decrease in cash in the six months ended June 30, 2002, for the reasons cited above, amounted to \$288,859. In the comparable 2001 period, the net increase in cash amounted to \$2,074,016. Our ending cash and cash equivalents balance as of June 30, 2002 and 2001 was \$9,922,539 and \$8,811,322, respectively.

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For the remainder of 2002, we expect to use our cash for working capital purposes; for improvements to our manufacturing facility; for new product development and sustaining engineering; for the acquisition of equipment, including production equipment, tooling, and computers; for the purchase of intangible assets, including patents; for increased selling and marketing activities, especially as they relate to the Dimension product launch and market development; for acquisitions; and for our common stock buyback program. While we believe that the primary source of liquidity during the balance of 2002 will be derived from current cash balances and cash flows from operations, we have maintained a line of credit for the lesser of \$4,000,000 or a defined borrowing base. To date, we have not borrowed against this credit facility.

As of June 30, 2002, we had gross accounts receivable of \$10,375,623, less an allowance of \$473,785 for returns and doubtful accounts. Historically, our bad debt expense has been minimal. However, in the quarter ended June 30, 2002, principally due to the bankruptcy of a customer, we wrote-off receivables in excess of \$200,000. Certain customers, especially those that purchased our Maxum or Titan systems, continue to carry high balances. Additionally, at June 30, 2002, large balances were concentrated with certain international distributors. Default by one or more of these distributors or customers would result in a significant charge against our current reported earnings. We have reviewed our policies that govern credit and collections, and will continue to monitor them in light of current payment status and economic conditions. While we can give no assurances, we believe that most, if not all, of the accounts receivable balances will ultimately be collected.

Our total current assets amounted to \$27,891,087 at June 30, 2002, the majority of which consisted of cash and cash equivalents, inventories and accounts receivable. Total current liabilities amounted to \$7,704,737. Our debt is minimal, consisting of a mortgage payable of \$2,244,928 and principal payments due under a capital lease of \$64,459. We will pay off the capital lease by the end of 2002. We estimate that we will spend approximately \$1,200,000 in 2002 for facility improvements, production and R&D equipment, computers and integrated software, and tooling. As of June 30, 2002, material commitments for inventory purchases from selected vendors for the ensuing twelve-month period ending June 30, 2003, should amount to approximately \$3,500,000. We intend to finance these purchases from existing cash or from cash flows from operations.

### **Inflation**

We believe that inflation has not had a material effect on our operations or on our financial condition during the three most recent fiscal years.

### **Foreign Currency Transactions**

Prior to 2001, substantially all of our recognized revenues from foreign sales were invoiced in United States dollars. Therefore, our exposure to foreign currency exchange rates was immaterial. Commencing in late 2000 and continuing throughout 2001, we began to invoice sales to certain European distributors in euros. Our reported results have been subject to fluctuations based upon changes in the exchange rates of that currency in relation to the United States dollar. We have previously hedged using forward foreign exchange contracts, although this hedging involved relatively small positions. We will continue to monitor our exposure to currency fluctuations, and, when appropriate, may use financial hedging techniques in the future. Instruments to hedge our risks may include foreign currency forward, swap, and option contracts. These instruments will be used to selectively manage risk but there can be no assurances that we will be fully protected against material foreign currency fluctuations. Translation exposure to our balance sheet with respect to foreign operations is not hedged. We expect to continue to derive most of our revenue from regions where the transactions are negotiated, invoiced, and paid in US dollars. Fluctuations in the currency exchange rates in these other countries may therefore reduce the demand for our products by increasing the price of our products in the currency of countries in which the local currency has declined in value.

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**Forward-looking Statements and Factors That May Affect Future Results of Operations**

All statements herein that are not historical facts or that include such words as expect, anticipate, project, estimate or believe or other similar words are forward-looking statements that we deem to be covered by and to qualify for the safe harbor protection covered by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (the 1995 Act). Investors and prospective investors in our Company should understand that several factors govern whether any forward-looking statement herein will be or can be achieved. Any one of these factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected herein. These forward-looking statements include the expected increases in net sales of rapid prototyping systems, services and consumables, our ability to maintain our gross margins on these sales, and our plans and objectives to introduce new products, control expenses, improve the quality and reliability of our systems, and improve profitability. The forward-looking statements included herein are based on current expectations that involve a number of risks and uncertainties. These forward-looking statements are based on assumptions, among others, that we (1) will be able to continue to introduce new rapid prototyping systems and materials acceptable to the market and improve our existing technology and software in our current product offerings, (2) will be able to successfully launch the new Dimension product, and that the market will accept this product, (3) will be able to maintain our revenues and gross margins on our present products, (4) will be able to control our operating expenses, (5) will be able to expand our manufacturing capabilities to meet the expected demand generated by Dimension, and (6) will be able to retain and recruit employees with the necessary skills to produce, develop, market, and sell our products. Assumptions relating to the foregoing involve judgments with respect to, among other things, future economic, competitive, market and technology conditions and future business decisions, all of which are difficult or impossible to predict accurately and many of which are beyond our control. Although we believe that the assumptions underlying the forward-looking statements contained herein are reasonable, any of those assumptions could prove inaccurate, and therefore there is and can be no assurance that the results contemplated in any such forward-looking statement will be realized. The impact of actual experience and business developments may cause us to alter our marketing plans, our capital expenditure budgets, or our engineering, selling, manufacturing or other budgets, which may in turn affect our results of operations or the success of our new product development and introduction. Due to the factors noted above and elsewhere in the Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, our future earnings and stock price may be subject to significant volatility, particularly on a quarterly basis. Additionally, we may not learn of revenue or earnings shortfalls until late in a fiscal quarter, since we frequently receive the majority of our orders very late in a quarter. This could result in an immediate and adverse effect on the trading price of our common stock. Past financial performance should not be considered a reliable indicator of future performance, and investors should not use historical trends to anticipate results or trends in future periods.

**Table of Contents****PART II  
OTHER INFORMATION****Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.**

We held our Annual Meeting of Stockholders on May 9, 2002. The following directors, constituting all of the directors of the Company, were elected at the meeting to serve until the next annual meeting and until their respective successors are duly elected and qualified. The directors elected at the Annual Meeting received the number of votes set forth opposite their respective names:

	Votes Cast	
	For Election	Withheld Authority/Abstained
Scott Crump	4,189,302	115,472
Ralph E. Crump	4,264,282	40,492
Edward J. Fierko	4,270,682	34,092
Clifford H. Schwieter	4,265,372	39,402
Arnold J. Wasserman	4,266,372	38,402
Gregory L. Wilson	4,265,622	39,152

Holders of 1,588,961 shares voted to approve and adopt the Stratasys, Inc. 2002 Long-Term Performance and Incentive Plan, 241,857 shares were voted against the Plan, and there were 2,473,956 abstentions and broker non-votes.

**Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K**

## (a) Exhibits.

Exhibit 99.1 Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

Exhibit 99.2  
Certification of  
the Chief  
Financial  
Officer pursuant  
to 18 U.S.C.  
Section 1350, as  
adopted  
pursuant to  
Section 906 of  
the  
Sarbanes-Oxley  
Act of 2002.

## (b) Reports on Form 8-K.

None





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**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date: August 12, 2002

STRATASYS, INC.

By: /s/Thomas W. Stenoien

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Thomas W. Stenoien  
Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial Officer)