

RIVERVIEW BANCORP INC
Form 10-Q
January 31, 2012
UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended December 31, 2011

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number: 0-22957

RIVERVIEW BANCORP, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Washington

91-1838969

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer I.D. Number)

900 Washington St., Ste. 900, Vancouver,
Washington

98660

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code:

(360) 693-6650

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of “large accelerated filer”, “accelerated filer” and “smaller reporting company” in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller Reporting Company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer’s classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date: Common Stock, \$.01 par value per share, 22,471,890 shares outstanding as of January 27, 2012.

Form 10-Q

RIVERVIEW BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY
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Forward Looking Statements

As used in this Form 10-Q, the terms “we,” “our” and “Company” refer to Riverview Bancorp, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries, unless the context indicates otherwise. When we refer to “Bank” in this Form 10-Q, we are referring to Riverview Community Bank, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Riverview Bancorp, Inc.

“Safe Harbor” statement under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995: When used in this Form 10-Q the words “believes,” “expects,” “anticipates,” “estimates,” “forecasts,” “intends,” “plans,” “targets,” “potentially,” “probably,” “outlook,” or similar expressions or future or conditional verbs such as “may,” “will,” “should,” “would,” and “could.” or similar expression are intended to identify “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements include statements with respect to our beliefs, plans, objectives, goals, expectations, assumptions and statements about future performance. These forward-looking statements are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the results anticipated, including, but not limited to: the credit risks of lending activities, including changes in the level and trend of loan delinquencies and write-offs and changes in the Company’s allowance for loan losses and provision for loan losses that may be impacted by deterioration in the housing and commercial real estate markets; changes in general economic conditions, either nationally or in the Company’s market areas; changes in the levels of general interest rates, and the relative differences between short and long term interest rates, deposit interest rates, the Company’s net interest margin and funding sources; fluctuations in the demand for loans, the number of unsold homes, land and other properties and fluctuations in real estate values in the Company’s market areas; secondary market conditions for loans and the Company’s ability to sell loans in the secondary market; results of examinations of our bank subsidiary, Riverview Community Bank by the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency and of the Company by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, or other regulatory authorities, including the possibility that any such regulatory authority may, among other things, require the Company to increase its reserve for loan losses, write-down assets, change Riverview Community Bank’s regulatory capital position or affect the Company’s ability to borrow funds or maintain or increase deposits, which could adversely affect its liquidity and earnings; the Company’s compliance with regulatory enforcement actions entered into with its banking regulators and the possibility that noncompliance could result in the imposition of additional enforcement actions and additional requirements or restrictions on its operations; legislative or regulatory changes that adversely affect the Company’s business including changes in regulatory policies and principles, or the interpretation of regulatory capital or other rules; the Company’s ability to attract and retain deposits; further increases in premiums for deposit insurance; the Company’s ability to control operating costs and expenses; the use of estimates in determining fair value of certain of the Company’s assets, which estimates may prove to be incorrect and result in significant declines in valuation; difficulties in reducing risks associated with the loans on the Company’s balance sheet; staffing fluctuations in response to product demand or the implementation of corporate strategies that affect the Company’s workforce and potential associated charges; computer systems on which the Company depends could fail or experience a security breach; the Company’s ability to retain key members of its senior management team; costs and effects of litigation, including settlements and judgments; the Company’s ability to implement its business strategies; the Company’s ability to successfully integrate any assets, liabilities, customers, systems, and management personnel it may acquire into its operations and the Company’s ability to realize related revenue synergies and cost savings within expected time frames and any goodwill charges related thereto; increased competitive pressures among financial services companies; changes in consumer spending, borrowing and savings habits; the availability of resources to address changes in laws, rules, or regulations or to respond to regulatory actions; the Company’s ability to pay dividends on its common stock and interest or principal payments on its junior subordinated debentures; adverse changes in the securities markets; inability of key third-party providers to perform their obligations to us; changes in accounting policies and practices, as may be adopted by the financial institution regulatory agencies or the Financial Accounting Standards Board, including additional guidance and interpretation on accounting issues and details of the implementation of new accounting methods; other economic, competitive, governmental, regulatory, and technological factors affecting the Company’s operations, pricing, products and services and the other risks described from time to time in our filings

with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The Company cautions readers not to place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements. Moreover, you should treat these statements as speaking only as of the date they are made and based only on information then actually known to the Company. The Company does not undertake to revise any forward-looking statements to reflect the occurrence of anticipated or unanticipated events or circumstances after the date of such statements. These risks could cause our actual results for fiscal 2012 and beyond to differ materially from those expressed in any forward-looking statements by, or on behalf of, us, and could negatively affect the Company's operating and stock price performance.

Part I. Financial Information

Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)

RIVERVIEW BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

DECEMBER 31, 2011 AND MARCH 31, 2011

(In thousands, except share and per share data) (Unaudited)	December 31, 2011	March 31, 2011
ASSETS		
Cash (including interest-earning accounts of \$23,146 and \$37,349)	\$ 36,313	\$ 51,752
Certificates of deposit held for investment	42,718	14,900
Loans held for sale	659	173
Investment securities held to maturity, at amortized cost (fair value of \$542 and \$556)	493	506
Investment securities available for sale, at fair value (amortized cost of \$8,123 and \$8,514)	6,337	6,320
Mortgage-backed securities held to maturity, at amortized cost (fair value of \$182 and \$199)	177	190
Mortgage-backed securities available for sale, at fair value (amortized cost of \$1,107 and \$1,729)	1,146	1,777
Loans receivable (net of allowance for loan losses of \$15,926 and \$14,968)	678,626	672,609
Real estate and other personal property owned	20,667	27,590
Prepaid expenses and other assets	6,087	5,887
Accrued interest receivable	2,378	2,523
Federal Home Loan Bank stock, at cost	7,350	7,350
Premises and equipment, net	16,351	16,100
Deferred income taxes, net	594	9,447
Mortgage servicing rights, net	299	396
Goodwill	25,572	25,572
Core deposit intangible, net	157	219
Bank owned life insurance	16,406	15,952
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 862,330	\$ 859,263

LIABILITIES AND EQUITY**LIABILITIES:**

Deposit accounts	\$ 735,046	\$ 716,530
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	9,574	9,396
Advanced payments by borrowers for taxes and insurance	409	680
Junior subordinated debentures	22,681	22,681
Capital lease obligations	2,531	2,567
Total liabilities	770,241	751,854

COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (See Note 15)**EQUITY:**

Shareholders' equity

- -

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Serial preferred stock, \$.01 par value; 250,000 authorized, issued and outstanding: none		
Common stock, \$.01 par value; 50,000,000 authorized		
December 31, 2011 – 22,471,890 issued and outstanding	225	225
March 31, 2011 – 22,471,890 issued and outstanding		
Additional paid-in capital	65,621	65,639
Retained earnings	27,493	43,193
Unearned shares issued to employee stock ownership trust	(619)	(696)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(1,153)	(1,417)
Total shareholders' equity	91,567	106,944
Noncontrolling interest	522	465
Total equity	92,089	107,409
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	\$ 862,330	\$ 859,263

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

RIVERVIEW BANCORP, INC. AND
SUBSIDIARYCONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF
OPERATIONSFOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED
DECEMBER 31, 2011 AND 2010

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

(Unaudited)

Three Months Ended
December 31,Nine Months Ended
December 31,

2011

2010

2011

2010

Interest Income:

Interest and fees on loans receivable	\$9,669	\$ 10,593	\$29,764	\$ 32,458
Interest on investment securities – taxable	28	28	109	115
Interest on investment securities – nontaxable	11	14	35	43
Interest on mortgage-backed securities	12	21	41	70
Other interest and dividends	109	77	273	140
Total interest and dividend income	9,829	10,733	30,222	32,826

Interest Expense:

Interest on deposits	1,061	1,567	3,449	5,232
Interest on borrowings	381	359	1,121	1,119
Total interest expense	1,442	1,926	4,570	6,351
Net interest income	8,387	8,807	25,652	26,475
Less provision for loan losses	8,100	1,600	11,850	4,575
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	287	7,207	13,802	21,900

Non-interest income:

Fees and service charges	962	955	3,082	3,131
Asset management fees	568	520	1,763	1,533
Net gain on sale of loans held for sale	29	96	73	339
Bank owned life insurance	151	151	455	451
Other	(180)	142	(107)	696
Total non-interest income	1,530	1,864	5,266	6,150

Non-interest expense:

Salaries and employee benefits	4,014	4,090	12,039	12,115
Occupancy and depreciation	1,211	1,208	3,540	3,497
Data processing	306	274	1,136	774
Amortization of core deposit intangible	20	23	62	72
Advertising and marketing expense	286	187	814	577
FDIC insurance premium	289	402	848	1,240
State and local taxes	150	184	410	502
Telecommunications	109	105	324	317
Professional fees	334	311	971	958
Real estate owned expenses	2,781	897	3,967	1,183
Other	692	572	2,083	1,695
Total non-interest expense	10,192	8,253	26,194	22,930

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Income (loss) before income tax	(8,375)	818	(7,126)	5,120
Provision for income tax	8,220	239	8,574	1,659
Net income (loss)	\$(16,595)	\$ 579	\$(15,700)	\$ 3,461
Earnings (loss) per common share:				
Basic	\$(0.74)	\$ 0.03	\$(0.70)	\$ 0.20
Diluted	(0.74)	0.03	(0.70)	0.20
Weighted average number of shares outstanding:				
Basic	22,321,011	22,296,378	22,314,876	17,044,751
Diluted	22,321,011	22,297,043	22,314,876	17,044,751

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

RIVERVIEW BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY
FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011 AND 2010

(In thousands, except share data) (Unaudited)	Common Stock		Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings	Unearned Shares Issued to Employee Stock Ownership Trust	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Noncontrolling Interest	Total
	Shares	Amount						
Balance April 1, 2010	10,923,773	\$ 109	\$ 46,948	\$ 38,878	\$ (799)	\$ (1,202)	\$ 420	\$ 84,354
Issuance of common stock (net)	11,548,117	116	18,653	-	-	-	-	18,769
Stock based compensation expense	-	-	73	-	-	-	-	73
Earned ESOP shares	-	-	(32)	-	77	-	-	45
	22,471,890	225	65,642	38,878	(722)	(1,202)	420	103,241
Comprehensive income:								
Net income	-	-	-	3,461	-	-	-	3,461
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:								
Unrealized holding loss on securities available for sale	-	-	-	-	-	(252)	-	(252)
Noncontrolling interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	35	35
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,244
Balance December 31, 2010	22,471,890	\$ 225	\$ 65,642	\$ 42,339	\$ (722)	\$ (1,454)	\$ 455	\$ 106,485
Balance April 1, 2011	22,471,890	\$ 225	\$ 65,639	\$ 43,193	\$ (696)	\$ (1,417)	\$ 465	\$ 107,409

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Stock based compensation expense	-	-	11	-	-	-	-	11
Earned ESOP shares	-	-	(29)	-	77	-	-	48
	22,471,890	225	65,621	43,193	(619)	(1,417)	465	107,468
Comprehensive loss:								
Net loss	-	-	-	(15,700)	-	-	-	(15,700)
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax:								
Unrealized holding gain on securities available for sale	-	-	-	-	-	264	-	264
Noncontrolling interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	57	57
Total comprehensive loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(15,379)
Balance December 31, 2011	22,471,890	225	65,621	27,493	(619)	(1,153)	522	92,089

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

RIVERVIEW BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011 AND
2010

(In thousands) (Unaudited)	Nine Months Ended December 31,	
	2011	2010
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income (loss)	\$ (15,700)	\$ 3,461
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	1,429	1,470
Provision for loan losses	11,850	4,575
Noncash expense related to ESOP	48	45
Provision for deferred income taxes	8,717	-
Decrease in deferred loan origination fees, net of amortization	(33)	(124)
Origination of loans held for sale	(2,858)	(10,711)
Proceeds from sales of loans held for sale	2,399	10,517
Stock based compensation expense	11	73
Writedown of real estate owned, net	3,304	628
Net (gain) loss on loans held for sale, sale of real estate owned, mortgage-backed securities, investment securities and premises and equipment	233	(713)
Income from bank owned life insurance	(455)	(451)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(353)	1,614
Accrued interest receivable	145	351
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	342	3,018
Net cash provided by operating activities	9,079	13,753
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Loan repayments (originations), net	(19,913)	27,173
Proceeds from call, maturity, or sale of investment securities available for sale	5,000	9,990
Principal repayments on investment securities available for sale	392	203
Principal repayments on investment securities held to maturity	13	12
Purchase of investment securities available for sale	(5,000)	(10,000)
Principal repayments on mortgage-backed securities available for sale	622	794
Principal repayments on mortgage-backed securities held to maturity	13	65
Purchase of certificates of deposit held for investment, net	(27,818)	(17,141)
Purchase of premises and equipment and capitalized software	(1,474)	(452)
Capitalized improvements related to real estate owned	(207)	(49)
Proceeds from sale of real estate owned and premises and equipment	5,645	3,727
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(42,727)	14,322
Cash flows from financing activities:		

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Net increase in deposit accounts	18,516	8,701
Proceeds from issuance of common stock, net	-	18,769
Proceeds from borrowings	5,000	121,200
Repayment of borrowings	(5,000)	(154,200)
Principal payments under capital lease obligation	(36)	(32)
Net decrease in advance payments by borrowers	(271)	(200)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	18,209	(5,762)
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(15,439)	22,313
Cash, beginning of period	51,752	13,587
Cash, end of period	\$ 36,313	\$ 35,900
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		
Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest	\$ 3,481	\$ 5,343
Income taxes	830	255
Noncash investing and financing activities:		
Transfer of loans to real estate owned, net	\$ 2,108	\$ 21,278
Fair value adjustment to securities available for sale	399	(382)
Income tax effect related to fair value adjustment	(135)	130

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

RIVERVIEW BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with instructions for Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and, therefore, do not include all disclosures necessary for a complete presentation of financial condition, results of operations and cash flows in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“GAAP”). However, all adjustments that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the interim unaudited financial statements have been included. All such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature.

The unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements included in the Riverview Bancorp, Inc. Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2011 (“2011 Form 10-K”). The results of operations for the nine months ended December 31, 2011 are not necessarily indicative of the results, which may be expected for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2012. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Riverview Bancorp, Inc. (“Bancorp” or the “Company”); its wholly-owned subsidiary, Riverview Community Bank (“Bank”); the Bank’s wholly-owned subsidiary, Riverview Services, Inc.; and the Bank’s majority-owned subsidiary, Riverview Asset Management Corp. (“RAMCorp.”) All inter-company transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

3. STOCK PLANS AND STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

In July 1998, shareholders of the Company approved the adoption of the 1998 Stock Option Plan (“1998 Plan”). The 1998 Plan was effective October 1, 1998 and expired on October 1, 2008. Accordingly, no further option awards may be granted under the 1998 Plan; however, any awards granted prior to its expiration remain outstanding subject to their terms.

In July 2003, shareholders of the Company approved the adoption of the 2003 Stock Option Plan (“2003 Plan”). The 2003 Plan was effective July 2003 and will expire on the tenth anniversary of the effective date, unless terminated sooner by the Company’s Board of Directors (the “Board”). Under the 2003 Plan, the Company may grant both incentive and non-qualified stock options to purchase up to 458,554 shares of its common stock to officers, directors and employees. Each option granted under the 2003 Plan has an exercise price equal to the fair market value of the Company’s common stock on the date of grant, a maximum term of ten years and a vesting period from zero to five years. At December 31, 2011, there were options for 92,154 shares of the Company’s common stock available for future grant under the 2003 Plan.

The following table presents information on stock options outstanding for the period shown.

Nine Months Ended
December 31, 2011

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Balance, beginning of period	468,700	\$ 9.00
Grants	-	-
Options exercised	-	-
Forfeited	(18,200)	10.18
Expired	-	-
Balance, end of period	450,500	\$ 8.96

The following table presents information on stock options outstanding for the periods shown, less estimated forfeitures.

	Nine Months Ended December 31, 2011	Nine Months Ended December 31, 2010
Stock options fully vested and expected to vest:		
Number	449,575	463,675
Weighted average exercise price	\$ 8.96	\$ 9.05
Aggregate intrinsic value (1)	\$ -	\$ -
Weighted average contractual term of options (years)	5.24	5.84
Stock options fully vested and currently exercisable:		
Number	441,800	445,300
Weighted average exercise price	\$ 9.06	\$ 9.22
Aggregate intrinsic value (1)	\$ -	\$ -
Weighted average contractual term of options (years)	5.19	6.09

(1) The aggregate intrinsic value of a stock options represents the total pre-tax intrinsic value (the amount by which the current market value of the underlying stock exceeds the exercise price) that would have been received by the option holders had all option holders exercised. This amount changes based on changes in the market value of the Company's common stock.

Stock-based compensation expense related to stock options for the nine months ended December 31, 2011 and 2010 was approximately \$11,000 and \$73,000, respectively. As of December 31, 2011, there was approximately \$5,000 of unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested stock options, which will be recognized over the remaining vesting periods of the underlying stock options through December 2014.

The fair value of each stock option granted is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes based stock option valuation model. The fair value of all awards is amortized on a straight-line basis over the requisite service periods, which are generally the vesting periods. The expected life of options granted represents the period of time that they are expected to be outstanding. The expected life is determined based on historical experience with similar options, giving consideration to the contractual terms and vesting schedules. Expected volatility was estimated at the date of grant based on the historical volatility of the Company's common stock. Expected dividends are based on dividend trends and the market value of the Company's common stock at the time of grant. The risk-free interest rate for periods within the contractual life of the options is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of the grant. During the nine months ended December 31, 2010, the Company granted 18,000 stock options. The weighted average fair value of stock options granted during the nine months ended December 31, 2010 was \$0.83. There were no stock options granted for the nine months ended December 31, 2011.

The Black-Scholes model uses the assumptions listed in the following table:

Risk Free Interest Rate	Expected Life (years)	Expected Volatility	Expected Dividends
-------------------------------	-----------------------------	------------------------	-----------------------

Fiscal 2011	2.47	%	6.25	44.98	%	2.73	%
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4.

EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share (“EPS”) is computed by dividing net income or loss applicable to common stock by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period, without considering any dilutive items. Diluted EPS is computed by dividing net income or loss applicable to common stock by the weighted average number of common shares and common stock equivalents for items that are dilutive, net of shares assumed to be repurchased using the treasury stock method at the average share price for the Company’s common stock during the period. Common stock equivalents arise from assumed conversion of outstanding stock options. Shares owned by the Company’s Employee Stock Ownership Plan (“ESOP”) that have not been allocated are not considered to be outstanding for the purpose of computing earnings per share. For the three and nine months ended December 31, 2011, stock options for 451,000 and 458,000 shares, respectively, of common stock were excluded in computing diluted EPS because they were antidilutive. For the three and nine months ended December 31, 2010, stock options for 465,000 and 466,000 shares, respectively, of common stock were excluded in computing diluted EPS because they were antidilutive.

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	Three Months Ended December 31,		Nine Months Ended December 31,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Basic EPS computation:				
Numerator-net income (loss)	\$(16,595,000)	\$579,000	\$(15,700,000)	\$3,461,000
Denominator-weighted average common shares outstanding	22,321,011	22,296,378	22,314,876	17,044,751
Basic EPS	\$(0.74) \$0.03	\$(0.70) \$0.20
Diluted EPS computation:				
Numerator-net income (loss)	\$(16,595,000)	\$579,000	\$(15,700,000)	\$3,461,000
Denominator-weighted average common shares outstanding	22,321,011	22,296,378	22,314,876	17,044,751
Effect of dilutive stock options	-	665	-	-
Weighted average common shares and common stock equivalents	22,321,011	22,297,043	22,314,876	17,044,751
Diluted EPS	\$(0.74) \$0.03	\$(0.70) \$0.20

5. INVESTMENT SECURITIES

The amortized cost and fair value of investment securities held to maturity consisted of the following (in thousands):

	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Estimated Fair Value
December 31, 2011				
Municipal bonds	\$493	\$49	\$-	\$542
March 31, 2011				
Municipal bonds	\$506	\$50	\$-	\$556

The contractual maturities of investment securities held to maturity are as follows (in thousands):

	Amortized Cost	Estimated Fair Value
December 31, 2011		
Due in one year or less	\$-	\$-
Due after one year through five years	-	-
Due after five years through ten years	493	542
Due after ten years	-	-
Total	\$493	\$542

The amortized cost and fair value of investment securities available for sale consisted of the following (in thousands):

	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Estimated Fair Value
December 31, 2011				
Trust preferred	\$2,974	\$-	\$(1,786)	\$1,188
Agency securities	5,000	-	-	5,000

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Municipal bonds	149	-	-	149
Total	\$8,123	\$-	\$(1,786)	\$6,337
March 31, 2011				
Trust preferred	\$2,974	\$-	\$(2,058)	\$916
Agency securities	5,000	-	(136)	4,864
Municipal bonds	540	-	-	540
Total	\$8,514	\$-	\$(2,194)	\$6,320

The contractual maturities of investment securities available for sale are as follows (in thousands):

December 31, 2011	Amortized Cost	Estimated Fair Value
Due in one year or less	\$-	\$-
Due after one year through five years	5,000	5,000
Due after five years through ten years	-	-
Due after ten years	3,123	1,337
Total	\$8,123	\$6,337

The fair value of temporarily impaired securities, the amount of unrealized losses and the length of time these unrealized losses existed are as follows (in thousands):

	Less than 12 months		12 months or longer		Total	
	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses
December 31, 2011						
Trust preferred	\$-	\$-	\$1,188	\$(1,786)	\$1,188	\$(1,786)
March 31, 2011						
Trust preferred	\$-	\$-	\$916	\$(2,058)	\$916	\$(2,058)
Agency securities	4,864	(136)	-	-	4,864	(136)
Total	\$4,864	\$(136)	\$916	\$(2,058)	\$5,780	\$(2,194)

At December 31, 2011, the Company had a single collateralized debt obligation which is secured by trust preferred securities issued by 18 other financial institution holding companies, which we refer to as a pooled trust preferred security. The Company holds the mezzanine tranche of this security. Four of the issuers in this pool have defaulted (representing 40% of the remaining collateral), and seven others are currently in deferral (31% of the remaining collateral). The Company has estimated an expected default rate of 44% for the security. The expected default rate was estimated based primarily on an analysis of the financial condition of the underlying financial institution holding companies and their subsidiary banks. There was no excess subordination on this security.

During the three and nine months ended December 31, 2011, the Company determined that there was no additional other than temporary impairment (“OTTI”) charge on the above pooled trust preferred security. The Company does not intend to sell this security and it is not more likely than not that the Company will be required to sell the security before the anticipated recovery of the remaining amortized cost basis.

To determine the component of gross OTTI related to credit losses, the Company compared the amortized cost basis of the OTTI security to the present value of the revised expected cash flows, discounted using the current pre-impairment yield. The revised expected cash flow estimates are based primarily on an analysis of default rates, prepayment speeds and third-party analytical reports. Significant judgment of management is required in this analysis that includes, but is not limited to, assumptions regarding the ultimate collectibility of principal and interest on the underlying collateral.

6. MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES

Mortgage-backed securities held to maturity consisted of the following (in thousands):

	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Estimated Fair Value
December 31, 2011				
FHLMC mortgage-backed securities	\$72	\$4	\$-	\$76
FNMA mortgage-backed securities	105	1	-	106
Total	\$177	\$5	\$-	\$182
March 31, 2011				

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FHLMC mortgage-backed securities	\$78	\$4	\$-	\$82
FNMA mortgage-backed securities	112	5	-	117
Total	\$190	\$9	\$-	\$199

The contractual maturities of mortgage-backed securities classified as held to maturity are as follows (in thousands):

December 31, 2011	Amortized Cost	Estimated Fair Value
Due in one year or less	\$-	\$-
Due after one year through five years	4	4
Due after five years through ten years	-	-
Due after ten years	173	178
Total	\$177	\$182

Mortgage-backed securities held to maturity with an amortized cost of \$71,000 and \$76,000 and a fair value of \$73,000 and \$80,000 at December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011, respectively, were pledged as collateral for governmental public funds held by the Bank. Mortgage-backed securities held to maturity with an amortized cost of \$93,000 and \$98,000 and a fair value of \$96,000 and \$103,000 at December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011, respectively, were pledged as collateral for treasury tax and loan funds held by the Bank.

Mortgage-backed securities available for sale consisted of the following (in thousands):

	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Estimated Fair Value
December 31, 2011				
Real estate mortgage investment conduits	\$343	\$11	\$-	\$354
FHLMC mortgage-backed securities	754	27	-	781
FNMA mortgage-backed securities	10	1	-	11
Total	\$1,107	\$39	\$-	\$1,146
March 31, 2011				
Real estate mortgage investment conduits	\$421	\$12	\$-	\$433
FHLMC mortgage-backed securities	1,270	34	-	1,304
FNMA mortgage-backed securities	38	2	-	40
Total	\$1,729	\$48	\$-	\$1,777

The contractual maturities of mortgage-backed securities available for sale are as follows (in thousands):

	Amortized Cost	Estimated Fair Value
December 31, 2011		
Due in one year or less	\$-	\$-
Due after one year through five years	868	902
Due after five years through ten years	-	-
Due after ten years	239	244
Total	\$1,107	\$1,146

Mortgage-backed securities available for sale with an amortized cost of \$861,000 and \$178,000 and a fair value of \$895,000 and \$187,000 at December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011, respectively, were pledged as collateral for government public funds held by the Bank. Mortgage-backed securities available for sale with an amortized cost of \$71,000 and \$128,000 and a fair value of \$72,000 and \$131,000 at December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011, respectively, were pledged as collateral for treasury tax and loan funds held by the Bank.

7. LOANS RECEIVABLE

Loans receivable, excluding loans held for sale, consisted of the following (in thousands):

	December 31, 2011	March 31, 2011
Commercial and construction		
Commercial business	\$86,759	\$85,511
Other real estate mortgage (1)	448,288	461,955
Real estate construction	27,544	27,385
Total commercial and construction	562,591	574,851
Consumer		
Real estate one-to-four family	129,780	110,437
Other installment	2,181	2,289
Total consumer	131,961	112,726
Total loans	694,552	687,577

Less: Allowance for loan losses	15,926	14,968
Loans receivable, net	\$678,626	\$672,609

(1) Other real estate mortgage consists of commercial real estate, land and multi-family loan portfolios

The Company's loan portfolio has very little exposure to sub-prime mortgage loans since the Company has not historically engaged in this type of lending.

Most of the Bank's business activity is with customers located in the states of Washington and Oregon. Loans and extensions of credit outstanding at one time to one borrower or a group of related borrowers are generally limited by federal regulation to 15% of the Bank's shareholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive loss. As of December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011, the Bank had no loans to any one borrower in excess of the regulatory limit.

8.

ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES

Allowance for loan loss: The allowance for loan losses is maintained at a level sufficient to provide for probable loan losses based on evaluating known and inherent risks in the loan portfolio. The allowance is provided based upon the Company's ongoing quarterly assessment of the pertinent factors underlying the quality of the loan portfolio. These factors include changes in the size and composition of the loan portfolio, delinquency levels, actual loan loss experience, current economic conditions and detailed analysis of individual loans for which full collectibility may not be assured. The detailed analysis includes techniques to estimate the fair value of loan collateral and the existence of potential alternative sources of repayment. The allowance consists of specific, general and unallocated components. The specific component relates to loans that are considered impaired. For loans that are classified as impaired, an allowance is established when the discounted cash flows, or collateral value or observable market price, of the impaired loan is lower than the carrying value of that loan. The general component covers non-impaired loans based on the Company's risk rating system and historical loss experience adjusted for qualitative factors. An unallocated component is maintained to cover uncertainties that the Company believes have resulted in losses that have not yet been allocated to specific elements of the general component. Such factors include uncertainties in economic conditions and in identifying triggering events that directly correlate to subsequent loss rates, changes in appraised value of underlying collateral, risk factors that have not yet manifested themselves in loss allocation factors and historical loss experience data that may not precisely correspond to the current portfolio or economic conditions. The unallocated component of the allowance reflects the margin of imprecision inherent in the underlying assumptions used in the methodologies for estimating specific and general losses in the portfolio. The appropriate allowance level is estimated based upon factors and trends identified by the Company at the time the consolidated financial statements are prepared.

Commercial business, commercial real estate, multi-family, construction and land loans are considered to have a higher degree of credit risk than one-to-four family residential loans, and tend to be more vulnerable to adverse conditions in the real estate market and deteriorating economic conditions. While the Company believes the estimates and assumptions used in its determination of the allowance are reasonable, there can be no assurance that such estimates and assumptions will not be proven incorrect in the future, that the actual amount of future provisions will not exceed the amount of past provisions, or that any increased provisions that may be required will not adversely impact our financial condition and results of operations. In addition, bank regulators periodically review the Company's allowance for loan losses and may require the Company to increase its provision for loan losses or recognize additional loan charge-offs. An increase in the Company's allowance for loan losses or loan charge-offs as required by these regulatory authorities may have a material adverse effect on its financial condition and results of operations.

Loss factors are based on the Company's historical loss experience with additional consideration and adjustments made for changes in economic conditions, changes in the amount and composition of the loan portfolio, delinquency rates, changes in collateral values, seasoning of the loan portfolio, duration of current business cycle, a detailed analysis of impaired loans and other factors as deemed appropriate. These factors are evaluated on a quarterly basis. Loss rates used by the Company are affected as changes in these factors increase or decrease from quarter to quarter. The Company also considers Bank regulatory examination results, findings of its third-party independent credit reviewers and internal credit department analysis in its quarterly evaluation of the allowance for loan losses.

The following tables present a reconciliation of the allowance for loan losses (in thousands):

Three months ended	Commercial					Total
	Commercial Business	Real Estate	Land	Multi-Family	Real Estate Construction	
December 31, 2011					Consumer	Unallocated

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Beginning balance	\$ 1,675	\$ 4,432	\$2,486	\$1,785	\$ 1,060	\$ 1,577	\$ 1,657	\$14,672
Provision for loan losses	1,120	(489)	6,731	754	(517)	493	8	8,100
Charge-offs	(692)	-	(4,302)	(1,505)	-	(385)	-	(6,884)
Recoveries	5	-	33	-	-	-	-	38
Ending balance	\$ 2,108	\$ 3,943	\$4,948	\$1,034	\$ 543	\$ 1,685	\$ 1,665	\$15,926

Nine months ended
December 31, 2011

Beginning balance	\$1,822	\$4,744	\$2,003	\$2,172	\$820	\$1,339	\$2,068	\$14,968
Provision for loan losses	1,775	(694)	9,093	1,226	(277)	1,130	(403)	11,850
Charge-offs	(1,502)	(107)	(6,181)	(2,364)	-	(794)	-	(10,948)
Recoveries	13	-	33	-	-	10	-	56
Ending balance	\$2,108	\$3,943	\$4,948	\$1,034	\$543	\$1,685	\$1,665	\$15,926

	Three Months Ended December 31, 2010	Nine Months Ended December 31, 2010
Beginning balance	\$ 19,029	\$ 21,642
Provision for losses	1,600	4,575
Charge-offs	(3,170)	(8,778)
Recoveries	4	24
Ending balance	\$ 17,463	\$ 17,463

At December 31, 2010	Commercial							Total
	Commercial Business	Real Estate	Land	Multi- Family	Real Estate Construction	Consumer	Unallocated	
Ending balance	\$ 2,188	\$ 4,954	\$2,675	\$2,091	\$ 2,041	\$ 1,539	\$ 1,975	\$17,463

The following tables present an analysis of loans receivable and allowance for loan losses, which were evaluated individually and collectively for impairment at the dates indicated (in thousands):

December 31, 2011	Allowance for loan losses			Recorded investment in loans		
	Individually Evaluated for Impairment	Collectively Evaluated for Impairment	Total	Individually Evaluated for Impairment	Collectively Evaluated for Impairment	Total
Commercial business	\$1,007	\$ 1,101	\$2,108	\$10,983	\$75,776	\$86,759
Commercial real estate	1,602	2,341	3,943	25,603	332,897	358,500
Land	2,958	1,990	4,948	22,403	23,099	45,502
Multi-family	511	523	1,034	8,708	35,578	44,286
Real estate construction	354	189	543	10,221	17,323	27,544
Consumer	184	1,501	1,685	2,449	129,512	131,961
Unallocated	-	1,665	1,665	-	-	-
Total	\$6,616	\$9,310	\$15,926	\$80,367	\$614,185	\$694,552

March 31, 2011

Commercial business	\$207	\$1,615	\$1,822	\$3,382	\$82,129	\$85,511
Commercial real estate	59	4,685	4,744	8,976	355,712	364,688
Land	-	2,003	2,003	2,695	52,563	55,258
Multi-family	1,779	393	2,172	8,000	34,009	42,009
Real estate construction	-	820	820	4,206	23,179	27,385
Consumer	-	1,339	1,339	-	112,726	112,726
Unallocated	-	2,068	2,068	-	-	-
Total	\$2,045	\$12,923	\$14,968	\$27,259	\$660,318	\$687,577

Non-accrual loans: Loans are reviewed regularly and it is the Company's general policy that a loan is past due when it is 30 days to 89 days delinquent. In general, when a loan is 90 days delinquent or when collection of principal or

interest appears doubtful, it is placed on non-accrual status, at which time the accrual of interest ceases and a reserve for unrecoverable accrued interest is established and charged against operations. Payments received on non-accrual loans are applied to reduce the outstanding principal balance on a cash-basis method. As a general practice, a loan is not removed from non-accrual status until all delinquent principal, interest and late fees have been brought current and the borrower has demonstrated a history of performance based upon the contractual terms of the note. Interest income foregone on non-accrual loans was \$1.6 million and \$1.7 million during the nine months ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

The following tables present an analysis of past due loans at the dates indicated (in thousands):

December 31, 2011	30-89 Days Past Due	90 Days and Greater (Non- Accrual)	Total Past Due	Current	Total Loans Receivable	Recorded Investment Over 90 Days and Accruing
Commercial business	\$2,539	\$2,998	\$5,537	\$81,222	\$86,759	\$-
Commercial real estate	9,296	8,931	18,227	340,273	358,500	-
Land	5,599	14,503	20,102	25,400	45,502	-
Multi-family	442	598	1,040	43,246	44,286	-
Real estate construction	6,734	3,429	10,163	17,381	27,544	-
Consumer	3,631	1,578	5,209	126,752	131,961	-
Total	\$28,241	\$32,037	\$60,278	\$634,274	\$694,552	\$-

March 31, 2011	30-89 Days Past Due	90 Days and Greater (Non- Accrual)	Total Past Due	Current	Total Loans Receivable	Recorded Investment Over 90 Days and Accruing
Commercial business	\$1,415	\$2,871	\$4,286	\$81,225	\$85,511	\$-
Commercial real estate	2,112	1,385	3,497	361,191	364,688	-
Land	-	2,904	2,904	52,354	55,258	-
Multi-family	-	-	-	42,009	42,009	-
Real estate construction	-	4,206	4,206	23,179	27,385	-
Consumer	4,271	957	5,228	107,498		