HALOZYME THERAPEUTICS INC

Form S-3 June 10, 2005

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## AS FILED WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION ON JUNE 10, 2005 REGISTRATION NO. 333-\_\_\_\_

#### SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM S-3

REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

### HALOZYME THERAPEUTICS, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

**NEVADA** 

(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

88-0488686

(IRS Employer Identification Number)

11588 Sorrento Valley Road, Suite 17 San Diego, California 92121 (858) 794-8889

(Address, Including Zip Code, and Telephone Number, Including Area Code, of Registrant s Principal Executive Offices)

David A. Ramsay Halozyme Therapeutics, Inc. 11588 Sorrento Valley Road, Suite 17 San Diego, California 92121 (858) 794-8889

(Name, Address, Including Zip Code, and Telephone Number, Including Area Code, of Agent for Service)

## **COPIES TO:**

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San Diego, CA 92121-2133
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## APPROXIMATE DATE OF COMMENCEMENT OF PROPOSED SALE TO THE PUBLIC:

From time to time after the effective date of this Registration Statement.

If the only securities being registered on this Form are being offered pursuant to dividend or interest reinvestment plans, please check the following box. o

If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, other than securities offered only in connection with dividend or interest reinvestment plans, check the following box. b

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, please check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. o

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. o

If delivery of the prospectus is expected to be made pursuant to Rule 434, please check the following box. o

#### CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

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- (1) This Registration Statement also covers contracts which may be issued by the Registrant under which the counterparty may be required to purchase Debt Securities, Common Stock, Preferred Stock or Warrants.
- (2) Not specified as to each class of securities to be registered hereunder pursuant to General Instruction II.D. of Form S-3. In no event will the aggregate maximum offering price of all securities registered under this Registration Statement exceed \$50,000,000. Any securities registered hereunder may be sold separately or as units with other securities registered hereunder.
- (3) Subject to footnote (2), there are being registered hereunder an indeterminate number of Debt Securities as may be sold from time to time by Halozyme Therapeutics, Inc.

- (4) Subject to footnote (2), there are being registered hereunder an indeterminate number of shares of Common Stock as may be sold, from time to time, by Halozyme Therapeutics, Inc. There is also being registered hereunder an indeterminate number of shares of Common Stock that may be issued upon conversion, as applicable, of Preferred Stock or Debt Securities registered hereunder or upon exercise of Warrants registered hereunder, as the case may be.
- (5) Subject to footnote (2), there are being registered hereunder an indeterminate number of shares of Preferred Stock, as may be sold, from time to time, by Halozyme Therapeutics, Inc. or as may be issued upon conversion of Debt Securities registered hereunder or upon the exercise of Warrants registered hereunder, as the case may be.
- (6) Subject to footnote (2), there are being registered hereunder an indeterminate number of Warrants representing rights to purchase Debt Securities, Preferred Stock or Common Stock (as shall be designated by the Company at the time of any such offering) registered hereunder.
  - (7) Units may consist of two or more of the securities listed in this table offered and sold together.
  - (8) Calculated pursuant to Rule 457(o) of the rules and regulations under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

THE REGISTRANT HEREBY AMENDS THIS REGISTRATION STATEMENT ON SUCH DATE OR DATES AS MAY BE NECESSARY TO DELAY ITS EFFECTIVE DATE UNTIL THE REGISTRANT SHALL FILE A FURTHER AMENDMENT WHICH SPECIFICALLY STATES THAT THIS REGISTRATION STATEMENT SHALL THEREAFTER BECOME EFFECTIVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 8(a) OF THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933 OR UNTIL THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT SHALL BECOME EFFECTIVE ON SUCH DATE AS THE COMMISSION, ACTING PURSUANT TO SAID SECTION 8(a), MAY DETERMINE.

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## SUBJECT TO COMPLETION, DATED JUNE 10, 2005

The information in this prospectus is not complete and may be changed. We may not sell these securities under this prospectus until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell nor does it seek an offer to buy these securities in any state where the offer and sale would not be permitted.

## **PROSPECTUS**

\$50,000,000

## HALOZYME THERAPEUTICS, INC.

Common Stock Preferred Stock Debt Securities Warrants

We may from time to time issue, in one or more series or classes, up to \$50,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of our common stock, preferred stock, debt securities and/or warrants. We may offer these securities separately or together. We will specify in the accompanying prospectus supplement the terms of the securities being offered. We may not sell any securities under this prospectus without delivery of the applicable prospectus supplement.

We will provide the specific terms of these securities in supplements to this prospectus. Any prospectus supplement may also add, update or change information contained in this prospectus. You should read this prospectus and any accompanying prospectus supplement carefully before you invest. THIS PROSPECTUS MAY NOT BE USED TO OFFER OR SELL ANY SECURITIES UNLESS ACCOMPANIED BY A PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT.

Our common stock is listed on The American Stock Exchange under the symbol HTI. On June 8, 2005, the last reported sale price for our common stock was \$2.00 per share.

The securities offered by this prospectus or any prospectus supplement may be offered directly to investors or to or through underwriters, dealers or other agents. If any underwriters or dealers are involved in the sale of any securities offered by this prospectus and any prospectus supplement, their names, and any applicable purchase price, fee, commission or discount arrangement between or among them, will be set forth, or will be calculable from the information set forth, in the applicable prospectus supplement.

INVESTING IN OUR SECURITIES INVOLVES A HIGH DEGREE OF RISK. SEE RISK FACTORS BEGINNING ON PAGE 3 FOR A DISCUSSION OF MATERIAL RISKS YOU SHOULD CONSIDER BEFORE YOU INVEST IN OUR SECURITIES.

NEITHER THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION NOR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION HAS APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED THESE SECURITIES OR DETERMINED IF THIS PROSPECTUS IS TRUTHFUL OR COMPLETE. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

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THE DATE OF THIS PROSPECTUS IS	, 2005.

You should rely only on the information provided or incorporated by reference in this prospectus. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with additional or different information. This document may only be used where it is legal to sell these securities. You should not assume that any information in this prospectus is accurate as of any date other than the date of this prospectus. Information incorporated by reference in this prospectus is accurate only as of the date of the document incorporated by reference. In this prospectus, unless otherwise indicated, the words Halozyme, we, us, and our refer to Halozyme Therapeutics, Inc. and its subsidiaries.

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## FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus, including the documents that we incorporate by reference, contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act. Any statements about our expectations, beliefs, plans, objectives, assumptions or future events or performance are not historical facts and may be forward-looking. These statements are often, but are not always, made through the use of words or phrases such as anticipates, estimates, plans, projects, continuing, ongoing, manageme we believe. we intend and similar words or phrases. Accordingly, these statements involve estimates, assumptions and uncertainties which could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in them. Any forward-looking statements are qualified in their entirety by reference to the factors discussed throughout this prospectus, and in particular those factors listed under the section entitled Risk Factors.

Because the factors referred to in the preceding paragraph could cause actual results or outcomes to differ materially from those expressed in any forward-looking statements we make, you should not place undue reliance on any such forward-looking statements. Further, any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which it is made, and we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statement or statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which such statement is made or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events. New factors emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for us to predict which factors will arise. In addition, we cannot assess the impact of each factor on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements.

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#### PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

The following summary highlights selected information from this prospectus and in information incorporated by reference. Because this is a summary, it does not contain all the information about us that may be important to you. You should read this entire prospectus and the other documents and the financial statements and related notes which are incorporated by reference in this prospectus.

#### **Our Business**

Halozyme is a development stage biopharmaceutical company dedicated to the development and commercialization of recombinant human enzymes for the infertility, ophthalmology, and oncology markets.

Our products under development are based on intellectual property covering the family of human enzymes known as hyaluronidases. Hyaluronidases are enzymes (proteins) that break down hyaluronic acid, which is a naturally occurring substance in the human body. Currently, we have no product revenue and all of our potential products, with the exception of Cumulase , are either in the discovery, pre-clinical, or pre-NDA approval stage. It may be years, if ever, before we are able to obtain the necessary regulatory approvals necessary to generate meaningful revenue from the sale of these potential products. In addition, we have never generated any revenue from our biopharmaceutical operations and we have had operating and net losses each year since inception. We have accumulated a deficit of \$16,264,958 from inception through March 31, 2005.

Our technology is based on recombinant human PH20 (rHuPH20), a human synthetic version of hyaluronidase that degrades hyaluronic acid, a space-filling, gel -like substance that is a major component of tissues throughout the body, such as the skin and eyes. The PH20 enzyme is a naturally occurring enzyme that digests hyaluronic acid to temporarily break down the gel, thereby facilitating the penetration and dispersion of other drugs that are injected in the skin or in the muscle.

Bovine and ovine derived hyaluronidases have been used in multiple therapeutic areas, including in vitro fertilization and ophthalmology, where a FDA-approved bovine version was used as a drug delivery agent to enhance dispersion of local anesthesia for cataract surgery for over 50 years. Despite the multiple potential therapeutic applications for hyaluronidase, there are problems with existing and potential animal derived product offerings, including:

Impurity: Most such commercial enzyme preparations are crude extracts from cattle testes and are typically less than 1-5% pure.

Prion disease: Cattle testes are an organ with the highest concentration of hyaluronidase, but also with the highest levels of a protein implicated in the development of neurodegenerative disorders associated with prion disease, such as Mad Cow Disease.

Immunogenicity: Hyaluronidases can also be found in bacteria, leeches, certain venoms, and marine organisms. Very few companies are pursuing clinical development of any of these enzymes. Regardless, all such preparations are non-human, and are therefore likely to elicit potent immune reactions, possess endotoxin, or have some of the same defects as slaughterhouse derivations.

There have been successes in replacing animal-derived drugs with human recombinant biologics, as in the case of insulin, Pulmozyme® and human growth hormone. Our objective is to execute this recombinant human enzyme replacement strategy by applying our products under development to key markets in multiple therapeutic areas, beginning with in vitro fertilization and ophthalmology.

As an alternative to the existing animal-derived drugs, our proprietary technology, as evidenced by our exclusive license with the University of Connecticut of the patent covering the DNA sequence which encodes human hyaluronidase, may be utilized to expand existing markets and create new markets. Gaps in existing hyaluronidase offerings may create demand for our solution.

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Deliatroph Pharmaceuticals, Inc., our predecessor company, was founded on February 26, 1998. Our operations to date have been limited to organizing and staffing, acquiring, developing and securing technology and undertaking product development for a limited number of product candidates. As we have not begun principal operations of commercializing a product candidate, our financial statements have historically been presented as a development stage company.

Our principal executive offices are located at 11588 Sorrento Valley Road, Suite 17, San Diego, California 92121. Our telephone number is (858) 794-8889.

## **This Prospectus**

This prospectus is part of a registration statement that we filed with the SEC utilizing a shelf registration process. Under this shelf process, we may sell the securities described in this prospectus in one or more offerings up to a total dollar amount of \$50 million. We have provided in this prospectus a general description of the securities we may offer. Each time we sell securities, we will provide a prospectus supplement that will contain specific information about the terms of that offering. We may also add, update or change in the prospectus supplement any of the information contained in this prospectus. This prospectus, together with applicable prospectus supplements, includes all material information relating to this offering. You should read both this prospectus and any prospectus supplement together with the additional information described under the heading Where You Can Find More Information.

#### **Risk Factors**

You should consider carefully all of the information contained in and incorporated by reference in this prospectus, including the information set forth under the caption Risk Factors, before making an investment in the securities offered.

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#### RISK FACTORS

You should carefully consider the following risk factors before purchasing any of our securities. The risks and uncertainties described below are not the only ones we face. There may be additional risks and uncertainties that are not known to us or that we do not consider to be material at this time. If the events described in these risks occur, our business, financial condition and results of operations would likely suffer. This prospectus contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results may differ significantly from the results discussed in the forward-looking statements. This section discusses the risk factors that might cause those differences. You should also consider the additional information set forth in our SEC reports on Forms 10-KSB, 10-QSB and 8-K and in the other documents considered a part of this prospectus. See Where You Can Find More Information.

#### **Risks Related To Our Business**

We have not generated any revenue from product sales to date; we have a history of net losses and negative cash flow, and may never achieve or maintain profitability.

We have not generated any revenue from product sales to date and may never generate significant revenues from future product sales. Even if we do achieve significant revenues from product sales, we expect to incur significant operating losses over the next several years. We have never been profitable, and may never become profitable. Through March 31, 2005, we have incurred aggregate net losses of \$16,264,958.

We may need to raise funds in the next twelve months, and there can be no assurance that such funds will be available.

During the next twelve months we may need to raise additional capital to complete the steps required to obtain FDA or other regulatory approval for any of our products. If we engage in acquisitions of companies, products, or technology in order to execute our business strategy, we may need to raise additional capital. We may be required to raise additional capital in the future through the public offering of securities, collaborative agreements, private financings and various other equity or debt financings, including calling outstanding warrants to purchase our common stock.

Currently, warrants to purchase approximately 11.7 million shares of our common stock are outstanding and this amount of outstanding warrants may make us a less desirable candidate for investment for some potential investors. Approximately 5.9 million of our outstanding warrants contain a call feature that, potentially, will allow us to raise funds from the holders of these warrants. If our common stock closes at a price equal to or greater than \$2.00 per share for twenty consecutive trading days, we have the ability, at our sole discretion, to call warrants exercisable for up to approximately 1,971,000 shares of common stock, provided that we have not exercised a call right in the preceding three months. Upon such a call, the holders of these warrants have thirty days to decide whether to either exercise their warrants at a price of \$1.75 per share or receive \$0.01 from us for each share of common stock that is not exercised. If we need to raise funds in the future and we wish to utilize this call right, we will not be able to exercise the call right if we do not meet the minimum closing price condition and, even if we meet this condition, we cannot be sure of the amounts that will be raised by such a call because some or all warrant holders may decide not to exercise their warrants.

Considering our stage of development and the nature of our capital structure, if we are required to raise additional capital in the future, the additional financing may not be available on favorable terms, or at all. If we are successful in raising additional capital, a substantial number of additional shares will be outstanding and would dilute the ownership interest of our investors.

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If we do not receive and maintain regulatory approvals for our product candidates, we will not be able to commercialize our products, which would substantially impair our ability to generate revenues.

With the exception of the December 2004 receipt of a CE (European Conformity) Mark and April 2005 FDA clearance for Cumulase, none of our product candidates have received regulatory approval from the FDA or from any similar national regulatory agency or authority in any other country in which we intend to do business. Approval from the FDA is necessary to manufacture and market pharmaceutical products in the United States. Many other countries including major European countries and Japan have similar requirements.

During March 2005, we filed a new drug application ( NDA ) for the spreading agent Hylenex , the first product in our Enhanze Technology platform. Other manufacturers have FDA approved products for use as spreading agents, including ISTA Pharmaceuticals, Inc. ( ISTA ), with an ovine-derived hyaluronidase (Vitrase®) and Amphastar Pharmaceuticals, Inc., with a bovine (bull) hyaluronidase, Amphadase . The FDA determined that each of these products were new chemical entities and hence afforded market exclusivity, precluding identical products from being marketed for a period of five years. On March 3, 2005, the FDA confirmed to us that Hylenex would be designated a new chemical entity. Therefore, we believe that it is unlikely that the Vitrase or Amphadase marketing exclusivity will apply to Hylenex; but if the FDA later changes its determination and decides that either or both apply to Hylenex, then such a decision could have a material adverse impact on our operations.

The processes for obtaining FDA approval are extensive, time-consuming and costly, and there is no guarantee that the FDA will approve our recently filed NDA application for Hylenex or any NDAs that we intend to file with respect to any of our product candidates, or that the timing of any such approval will be appropriate for our product launch schedule and other business priorities, which are subject to change. We have not currently begun the NDA approval process for any of our other potential products, and we may not be successful in obtaining such approvals for any of our potential products.

### If we are unsuccessful in our clinical trials, we will not receive regulatory approvals for our product candidates.

Clinical testing of pharmaceutical products is also a long, expensive and uncertain process. Even if initial results of pre-clinical studies or clinical trial results are positive, we may obtain different results in later stages of drug development, including failure to show desired safety and efficacy.

The clinical trials of any of our product candidates could be unsuccessful, which would prevent us from obtaining regulatory approval and commercializing the product. FDA approval can be delayed, limited or not granted for many reasons, including, among others:

FDA officials may not find a product candidate safe or effective to merit an approval;

FDA officials may not find that the data from pre-clinical testing and clinical trials justify approval, or they may require additional studies that would make it commercially unattractive to continue pursuit of approval;

the FDA may not approve our manufacturing processes or facilities, or the processes or facilities of our contract manufacturers or raw material suppliers;

the FDA may change its approval policies or adopt new regulations; and

the FDA may approve a product candidate for indications that are narrow or under conditions that place the product at a competitive disadvantage, which may limit our sales and marketing activities or otherwise adversely impact the commercial potential of a product.

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If the FDA does not approve our product candidates in a timely fashion on commercially viable terms or we terminate development of any of our product candidates due to difficulties or delays encountered in the regulatory approval process, it will have a material adverse impact on our business and we will be dependent on the development of our other product candidates and/or our ability to successfully acquire other products and technologies.

In order to begin clinical testing of our Chemophase product candidate, we need to file an investigational new drug application ( IND ), which the FDA needs to determine is satisfactory to allow the initiation of clinical trials. If the FDA determines that our IND is deficient, we may be required to perform substantial additional work. This could require significant additional expense and delay any initiation of our clinical trials.

In addition, we intend to market certain of our products, and perhaps have certain of our products manufactured, in foreign countries. The process of obtaining regulatory approvals in foreign countries is subject to delay and failure for many of the same reasons set forth above as well as for reasons that vary from jurisdiction to jurisdiction.

## If our product candidates are approved by the FDA but do not gain market acceptance, our business will suffer because we may not be able to fund future operations.

Assuming that we obtain the necessary regulatory approvals, a number of factors may affect the market acceptance of any of our existing product candidates or any other products we develop or acquire in the future, including, among others:

the price of our products relative to other therapies for the same or similar treatments;

the perception by patients, physicians and other members of the health care community of the effectiveness and safety of our products for their prescribed treatments;

our ability to fund our sales and marketing efforts;

the degree to which the use of our products is restricted by the product label approved by the FDA;

the effectiveness of our sales and marketing efforts; and

the introduction of generic competitors.

If our products do not gain market acceptance, we may not be able to fund future operations, including the development or acquisition of new product candidates and/or our sales and marketing efforts for our approved products, which would cause our business to suffer.

If we are unable to sufficiently develop our sales, marketing and distribution capabilities or enter into agreements with third parties to perform these functions, we will not be able to commercialize products.

We have never successfully marketed any products, and we may not be successful in marketing and promoting our existing product candidates or any other products we develop or acquire in the future. We are currently in the process of developing our sales, marketing and distribution capabilities. However, our current capabilities in these areas are very limited. In order to commercialize any products successfully, we must internally develop substantial sales, marketing and distribution capabilities, or establish collaborations or other arrangements with third parties to perform these services. We do not have extensive experience in these areas, and we may not be able to establish adequate in-house sales, marketing and distribution capabilities or engage and effectively manage relationships with third parties to perform any or all of such services. To the extent that we enter into co-promotion or other licensing arrangements, our product revenues are likely to be lower

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than if we directly marketed and sold our products, and any revenues we receive will depend upon the efforts of third parties, whose efforts may not be successful.

In addition, our ability to market and promote our product candidates will be restricted to the labels approved by the FDA. If the approved labels are restrictive, our sales and marketing efforts may be negatively affected.

We have entered into non-exclusive distribution agreements with MediCult AS, a Denmark-based distributor, MidAtlantic Diagnostics, Inc., a New Jersey-based distributor, and Cook Ob/Gyn Incorporated, an Indiana-based distributor, to market and sell our Cumulase product. We have entered into an exclusive sales and marketing agreement with Baxter Healthcare Corporation to market and sell our Hylenex product candidate, pending FDA approval. We depend upon the efforts of these third parties to promote and sell our Cumulase product and our Hylenex product candidate, pending FDA approval, but there can be no assurance that the efforts of these third parties will result in product sales.

## If we have problems with our sole contract manufacturer, our product development and commercialization efforts for our product candidates could be delayed or stopped.

We have signed a commercial supply agreement with Avid Bioservices Incorporated ( Avid ), a contract manufacturing organization, to produce bulk recombinant human hyaluronidase for clinical use. Avid will produce the active pharmaceutical ingredient under current good manufacturing practices for commercial scale production and will provide support for chemistry, manufacturing and controls sections for FDA regulatory filings. The active pharmaceutical ingredient is used in Hylenex, which will require a pre-approval inspection. If Avid fails this pre-approval inspection, it will likely delay the potential approval of our Hylenex NDA and have a material adverse effect on our business. We have not established and may not be able to establish arrangements with additional manufacturers for these ingredients or products should the existing supplies become unavailable or in the event that our sole contract manufacturer is unable to adequately perform its responsibilities. Difficulties in our relationship with Avid or delays or interruptions in Avid s supply of its requirements could limit or stop our ability to provide sufficient quantities of our products, on a timely basis, for clinical trials and, if our products are approved, could limit or stop commercial sales, which would have a material adverse effect on our business and financial condition.

# If we have problems with the third parties that prepare, package and fill and finish our product candidates for distribution, our product development and commercialization efforts for these candidates could be delayed or stopped.

In the event that any of our product candidates are used in clinical trials or receive the necessary regulatory approval for commercialization, we rely on third parties to prepare, package and fill and finish the products prior to their distribution. If we are unable to locate third parties to perform these functions on terms that are economically acceptable to us, the progress of clinical trials could be delayed or even suspended and the commercialization of approved product candidates could be delayed or prevented. We currently utilize a third party to fill and finish Cumulase. In addition, we currently utilize Baxter Healthcare Corporation (Baxter) to fill and finish Hylenex under a development and supply agreement. Baxter may receive a pre-approval inspection by the FDA. If Baxter fails this pre-approval inspection, the potential approval of our Hylenex NDA, will likely be delayed. This could have a material adverse effect on our business.

## Our inability to attract, hire and retain key management and scientific personnel, and to recruit qualified independent directors, could negatively affect our business.

Our success depends on the performance of key management and scientific employees with biotechnology experience. Given our small staff size and programs currently under development, we depend substantially on our

ability to hire, train, retain and motivate high quality personnel, especially our scientists and management team in this field. In addition, we also rely on the expertise and guidance of independent directors to develop business strategies and to guide our execution of these strategies. Due to changes in the regulatory environment for public companies over the past few years, the demand for independent directors

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has increased and it may be difficult for us, due to competition from both like-sized and larger companies, to recruit qualified independent directors.

Furthermore, if we were to lose key management personnel, particularly Jonathan E. Lim, MD, our chief executive officer, or Gregory I. Frost, PhD, our chief scientific officer, then we would likely lose some portion of our institutional knowledge and technical know-how, potentially causing a substantial delay in one or more of our development programs until adequate replacement personnel could be hired and trained. For example, Dr. Frost has been with us from soon after our inception, and he possesses a substantial amount of knowledge about our development efforts. If we were to lose his services, we would experience delays in meeting our product development schedules. We have not entered into employment agreements with any of our employees or officers, including Dr. Lim and Dr. Frost. We do not have key man life insurance policies on the lives of any of our employees, including Dr. Lim and Dr. Frost.

Future sales of shares of our common stock, including sales of shares issued in our most recent financings, may negatively affect our stock price.

As a result of our January 2004 private financing transaction, we issued 19,046,721 shares of common stock to certain private investors. In connection with this transaction we also issued warrants to the private investors for the purchase of 10,461,943 shares of common stock at purchase prices ranging from \$0.77 to \$1.75 per share. Currently, 8.3 million shares of common stock remain issuable upon exercise of these warrants. The exercise of these warrants could result in significant dilution to stockholders at the time of exercise. We filed a registration statement on Form S-3 (Registration No. 333-114776), which was declared effective on April 1, 2005, covering 23,902,482 of the shares issued in the January 2004 private financing transaction and issuable upon exercise of the warrants issued in that transaction.

As a result of our October 2004 financing transaction, we issued 7,925,715 shares of common stock to certain institutional and accredited investors for \$13.9 million in gross proceeds. In connection with this transaction, we also issued warrants for the purchase of 2,609,542 shares of common stock. We filed a registration statement on Form S-3 (Registration No. 333-120448), which was declared effective on November 26, 2004, covering the 10,535,257 shares issued to the private investors and issuable upon exercise of the warrants. In the future, we may issue additional options, warrants or other derivative securities convertible into Halozyme common stock.

Sales of substantial amounts of shares of our common stock, or even the potential for such sales through the exercise of warrants, could lower the market price of our common stock and impair the Company s ability to raise capital through the sale of equity securities.

## Our stock price is subject to significant volatility.

Our stock price is subject to significant volatility. Overall market conditions, in addition to other risks and uncertainties described in this section and elsewhere in this report, may cause the market price of our common stock to fall. We participate in a highly dynamic industry, which often results in significant volatility in the market price of common stock irrespective of company performance. As a result, our high and low stock prices during the last twelve months were \$4.40 and \$1.41, respectively. Fluctuations in the price of our common stock may be exacerbated by conditions in the healthcare and technology industry segments or conditions in the financial markets generally.

Recent trading in our stock has been limited, so investors may not be able to sell as much stock as they want to at prevailing market prices.

During the last ninety days, our average daily trading volume was approximately 60,000 shares. If limited trading in our stock continues, it may be difficult for stockholders to sell their shares in the public market at any given time at prevailing prices.

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## Our decision to redeem outstanding warrants may drive down the market price of our stock.

As discussed above in the Risk Factor titled *We may need to raise funds in the next twelve months, and there can be no assurance that such funds will be available* we may have the ability to redeem certain outstanding warrants, under certain conditions, that may be exercised for approximately 5.9 million shares of common stock. The redemption price for these warrants is \$0.01 per share, but the warrant holders have the opportunity to exercise their warrants prior to redemption at the price of \$1.75 per share. If we decide to redeem any portion of our outstanding warrants in the future, some selling security holders may choose to sell outstanding shares of common stock in order to finance the exercise of the warrants prior to their redemption. This pattern of selling may result in a reduction of our common stock s market price.

## **Risks Related To Our Industry**

Compliance with the extensive government regulations to which we are subject is expensive and time consuming, and may result in the delay or cancellation of product sales, introductions or modifications.

Extensive industry regulation has had, and will continue to have, a significant impact on our business. All pharmaceutical companies, including Halozyme, are subject to extensive, complex, costly and evolving regulation by the federal government, principally the FDA and to a lesser extent by the U.S. Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA), and foreign and state government agencies. The Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, the Controlled Substances Act and other domestic and foreign statutes and regulations govern or influence the testing, manufacturing, packaging, labeling, storing, record keeping, safety, approval, advertising, promotion, sale and distribution of our products. Under certain of these regulations, Halozyme and its contract suppliers and manufacturers are subject to periodic inspection of its or their respective facilities, procedures and operations and/or the testing of products by the FDA, the DEA and other authorities, which conduct periodic inspections to confirm that Halozyme and its contract suppliers and manufacturers are in compliance with all applicable regulations. The FDA also conducts pre-approval and post-approval reviews and plant inspections to determine whether our systems, or our contract suppliers and manufacturers processes, are in compliance with current good manufacturing practices and other FDA regulations. If we, or our contract supplier, fail these inspections, we may not be able to commercialize our product in a timely manner without incurring significant additional costs, or at all.

In addition, the FDA imposes a number of complex regulatory requirements on entities that advertise and promote pharmaceuticals, including, but not limited to, standards and regulations for direct-to-consumer advertising, off-label promotion, industry-sponsored scientific and educational activities, and promotional activities involving the Internet.

We are dependent on receiving FDA and other governmental approvals prior to manufacturing, marketing and shipping our products. Consequently, there is always a risk that the FDA or other applicable governmental authorities will not approve our products, or will take post-approval action limiting or revoking our ability to sell our products, or that the rate, timing and cost of such approvals will adversely affect our product introduction plans or results of operations.

Our suppliers and sole manufacturer are subject to regulation by the FDA and other agencies, and if they do not meet their commitments, we would have to find substitute suppliers or manufacturers, which could delay the supply of our products to market.

Regulatory requirements applicable to pharmaceutical products make the substitution of suppliers and manufacturers costly and time consuming. We have no internal manufacturing capabilities and are, and expect to be in the future, entirely dependent on contract manufacturers and suppliers for the manufacture of our products and for their active and other ingredients. The disqualification of these manufacturers and suppliers through their failure to

comply with regulatory requirements could negatively impact our business because the delays and costs in obtaining and qualifying alternate suppliers (if such alternative suppliers are available, which we cannot assure) could delay clinical trials or otherwise inhibit our ability to bring approved products to market, which would have a material adverse affect on our business and financial condition.

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We may be required to initiate or defend against legal proceedings related to intellectual property rights, which may result in substantial expense, delay and/or cessation of the development and commercialization of our products.

We rely on patents to protect our intellectual property rights. The strength of this protection, however, is uncertain. For example, it is not certain that:

our patents and pending patent applications cover products and/or technology that we invented first;

we were the first to file patent applications for these inventions;

others will not independently develop similar or alternative technologies or duplicate our technologies;

any of our pending patent applications will result in issued patents; and

any of our issued patents, or patent pending applications that result in issued patents, will be held valid and infringed in the event the patents are asserted against others.

We currently own or license several U.S. patents and also have pending patent applications. There can be no assurance that our existing patents, or any patents issued to us as a result of such applications, will provide a basis for commercially viable products, will provide us with any competitive advantages, or will not face third-party challenges or be the subject of further proceedings limiting their scope or enforceability.

We may become involved in interference proceedings in the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office to determine the priority of our inventions. In addition, costly litigation could be necessary to protect our patent position. We also rely on trademarks to protect the names of our products. These trademarks may be challenged by others. If we enforce our trademarks against third parties, such enforcement proceedings may be expensive. We also rely on trade secrets, unpatented proprietary know-how and continuing technological innovation that we seek to protect with confidentiality agreements with employees, consultants and others with whom we discuss our business. Disputes may arise concerning the ownership of intellectual property or the applicability or enforceability of these agreements, and we might not be able to resolve these disputes in our favor.

In addition to protecting our own intellectual property rights, third parties may assert patent, trademark or copyright infringement or other intellectual property claims against us based on what they believe are their own intellectual property rights. While we have not ever been and are currently not involved in any litigation, in the event we become involved, we may be required to pay substantial damages, including but not limited to treble damages, for past infringement if it is ultimately determined that our products infringe a third party—s intellectual property rights. Even if infringement claims against us are without merit, defending a lawsuit takes significant time, may be expensive and may divert management—s attention from other business concerns. Further, we may be stopped from developing, manufacturing or selling our products until we obtain a license from the owner of the relevant technology or other intellectual property rights. If such a license is available at all, it may require us to pay substantial royalties or other fees.

## Future acquisitions could disrupt our business and harm our financial condition.

In order to remain competitive, we may decide to acquire additional businesses, products and technologies. As we have limited experience in evaluating and completing acquisitions, our ability as an organization to make such acquisitions is unproven. Acquisitions could require significant capital infusions and could involve many risks, including, but not limited to, the following:

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we may have to issue convertible debt or equity securities to complete an acquisition, which would dilute our stockholders and could adversely affect the market price of our common stock;

an acquisition may negatively impact our results of operations because it may require us to incur large one-time charges to earnings, amortize or write down amounts related to goodwill and other intangible assets, or incur or assume substantial debt or liabilities, or it may cause adverse tax consequences, substantial depreciation or deferred compensation charges;

we may encounter difficulties in assimilating and integrating the business, technologies, products, personnel or operations of companies that we acquire;

certain acquisitions may disrupt our relationship with existing customers who are competitive with the acquired business;

acquisitions may require significant capital infusions and the acquired businesses, products or technologies may not generate sufficient revenue to offset acquisition costs;

an acquisition may disrupt our ongoing business, divert resources, increase our expenses and distract our management;

acquisitions may involve the entry into a geographic or business market in which we have little or no prior experience; and

key personnel of an acquired company may decide not to work for us.

If any of these risks occurred, it could adversely affect our business, financial condition and operating results. We cannot assure you that we will be able to identify or consummate any future acquisitions on acceptable terms, or at all. If we do pursue any acquisitions, it is possible that we may not realize the anticipated benefits from such acquisitions or that the market will not view such acquisitions positively.

## If third-party reimbursement is not available, our products may not be accepted in the market.

Our ability to earn sufficient returns on our products will depend in part on the extent to which reimbursement for our products and related treatments will be available from government health administration authorities, private health insurers, managed care organizations and other healthcare providers.

Third-party payers are increasingly attempting to limit both the coverage and the level of reimbursement of new drug products to contain costs. Consequently, significant uncertainty exists as to the reimbursement status of newly approved healthcare products. If we succeed in bringing one or more of our product candidates to market, third-party payers may not establish adequate levels of reimbursement for our products, which could limit their market acceptance and result in a material adverse effect on our financial condition.

## We face intense competition and rapid technological change that could result in the development of products by others that are superior to the products we are developing.

We have numerous competitors in the United States and abroad, including, among others, major pharmaceutical and specialized biotechnology firms, universities and other research institutions that may be developing competing products. Such competitors include Sigma-Aldrich Corporation, ISTA Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (ISTA), and Allergan, Inc., among others. These competitors may develop technologies and products that are more effective or less costly than our current or future product candidates or that could render our technologies and product candidates obsolete or noncompetitive. Many of these competitors have substantially more resources and product development, manufacturing and marketing experience and

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capabilities than we do. In addition, many of our competitors have significantly greater experience than we do in undertaking pre-clinical testing and clinical trials of pharmaceutical product candidates and obtaining FDA and other regulatory approvals of products and therapies for use in healthcare. Other manufacturers have FDA approved products for use as spreading agents, including ISTA Pharmaceuticals, Inc. ( ISTA ), with an ovine-derived hyaluronidase (Vitrase®) and Amphastar Pharmaceuticals, Inc., with a bovine (bull) hyaluronidase, Amphadase . The FDA determined that each of these products were new chemical entities and hence afforded market exclusivity, precluding identical products from being marketed for a period of five years. On March 3, 2005, the FDA confirmed to us that Hylenex would be designated a new chemical entity. Therefore, we believe that it is unlikely that the Vitrase or Amphadase marketing exclusivity will apply to Hylenex; but if the FDA later changes its determination and decides that either or both apply to Hylenex, then such a decision could have a material adverse impact on our operations.

We are exposed to product liability claims, and insurance against these claims may not be available to us on reasonable terms or at all.

We might incur substantial liability in connection with clinical trials or the sale of our products. Product liability insurance is expensive and in the future may not be available on commercially acceptable terms, or at all. We currently carry a limited amount of product liability insurance. A successful claim or claims brought against us in excess of our insurance coverage could materially harm our business and financial condition.

We may have difficulty implementing in a timely manner the internal controls over financial reporting necessary to allow our management to report on the effectiveness of our internal controls over financial reporting, and we may incur substantial costs in order to comply with the requirements of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

Pursuant to Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, we will be required to furnish a report of management s assessment of the effectiveness of our internal controls over financial reporting as part of our Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2006. Our registered public accountant will then be required to attest to, and report on, our assessment. In order to issue our report, our management must document both the design for our internal controls over financial reporting and the testing processes that support management s evaluation and conclusion. There can be no assurance that we will be able to complete the work necessary for our management to issue its management report in a timely manner, or that management will be able to report that our internal controls over financial reporting are effective.

## RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

The following table sets forth ratios of earnings to fixed charges for the periods shown.

	Twelv	e Months Ended Decemb	oer 31,	
2004	2003	2002	2001	2000
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

The ratio of earnings to fixed charges was computed by dividing earnings by fixed charges. For this purpose, earnings consist of net loss before fixed charges. Fixed charges consist of interest expense plus the interest factor in lease expenses. During the fiscal years covered by this table, we did not have any material fixed charges or preferred stock dividends. However, our total lease expenses, which comprised most of our total commitments, were \$147,638, \$123,110, \$64,958, \$26,292 and zero for the twelve months ended December 31, 2004, 2003, 2002, 2001 and 2000.

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Earnings have been inadequate to cover fixed charges and total commitments. The dollar amount of the coverage deficiency was approximately \$9.1 million, \$2.1 million, \$1.1 million, \$0.6 million and \$0.1 million for the twelve months ended December 31, 2004, 2003, 2002, 2001 and 2000.

#### **USE OF PROCEEDS**

We cannot guarantee that we will receive any proceeds in connection with this offering because we may choose not to issue any securities covered by this prospectus.

Unless otherwise provided in a supplement or amendment to this prospectus, we intend to use any net proceeds from this offering, together with other available funds, for operating costs, capital expenditures and working capital needs and for other general corporate purposes.

We have not specifically identified the precise amounts we will spend on each of these areas or the timing of these expenditures. The amounts actually expended for each purpose may vary significantly depending upon numerous factors, including the amount and timing of the proceeds from this offering, progress with clinical product development and other research programs. In addition, expenditures may also depend on the establishment of new collaborative arrangements with other companies, the availability of additional financing, and other factors.

We anticipate that we will be required to raise substantial additional capital to continue to fund the clinical development of our technologies and products. We may raise additional capital through additional public or private financing, as well as collaborative relationships, incurring debt and other available sources.

## WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We file annual, quarterly and special reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. You may read and copy any document we file at the SEC s public reference rooms located at Room 1024, 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the public reference rooms. We are also required to file electronic versions of these documents with the SEC, which may be accessed from the SEC s Internet site at <a href="http://www.sec.gov">http://www.sec.gov</a> or at our website <a href="http://www.halozyme.com">http://www.halozyme.com</a>.

The SEC allows us to incorporate by reference the information we file with it, which means that we can disclose important information to you by referring you to those documents. The information incorporated by reference is considered to be part of this prospectus, and information that we file with the SEC later will automatically update and supersede the information in this prospectus or incorporated by reference. The following documents filed by us and any future filings made by us with the SEC under Sections 13(a), 13(c) 14 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, until we sell all of the securities offered hereby, are incorporated by reference in this prospectus:

- 1. Our Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2004, as amended on the Form 10-KSB/A filed on March 29, 2005;
- 2. Our Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2005;
- 3. Our Current Reports on Form 8-K filed with SEC on February 22, 2005; March 28, 2005; March 30, 2005; and April 19, 2005;

4.

The description of our common stock set forth in our registration statement on Form SB-2/A, file No. 333-114776, filed with the SEC on July 23, 2004; and

5. All of the filings pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act that we may make prior to the effectiveness of this registration statement, and prior to the termination of the offering contemplated by this prospectus.

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We will furnish without charge to you, on written or oral request, a copy of any or all of the documents incorporated by reference. You should direct any requests for documents to David Ramsay, Chief Financial Officer, 11588 Sorrento Valley Road, Suite 17, San Diego, California 92121, telephone: (858) 794-8889.

#### THE SECURITIES WE MAY OFFER

The descriptions of the securities contained in this prospectus, together with the applicable prospectus supplements, summarize all the material terms and provisions of the various types of securities that we may offer. We will describe in the applicable prospectus supplement the particular terms of the securities offered by that prospectus supplement. If we indicate in the applicable prospectus supplement, the terms of the securities may differ from the terms we have summarized below. We will also include in the prospectus supplement information, where applicable, about material U.S. federal income tax considerations relating to the securities, and the securities exchange, if any, on which the securities will be listed.

### DESCRIPTION OF COMMON STOCK

The following is only a summary of the material terms of our common stock and, because it is only a summary, it does not contain all the information that may be important to you. Accordingly, you should read carefully the more detailed provisions of our articles of incorporation and bylaws, each of which has been filed with the SEC, as well as applicable Nevada law.

#### General

We currently have authorized 100,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.001, and, as of May 1, 2005, we had 49,922,468 shares of common stock outstanding. As of June 1, 2005, we had an aggregate of 10,000,000 shares of common stock reserved for issuance upon exercise of stock options granted, or to be granted, under our Amended and Restated 2001 Stock Plan and 2004 Stock Plan. As of June 1, 2005, we had warrants to purchase an aggregate of approximately 11,675,846 shares of our common stock outstanding.

## **Voting Rights**

Holders of our common stock are entitled to one vote per share on all matters to be voted upon by the stockholders. The holders of common stock are not entitled to cumulate voting rights with respect to the election of directors, which means that the holders of a majority of the shares voted can elect all of the directors then standing for election.

#### **Dividends**

Subject to limitations under Nevada law and preferences that may apply to any outstanding shares of preferred stock, holders of our common stock are entitled to receive ratably such dividends or other distribution, if any, as may be declared by our board of directors out of funds legally available therefor.

## Liquidation

In the event of our liquidation, dissolution or winding up, holders of our common stock are entitled to share ratably in all assets remaining after payment of liabilities, subject to the liquidation preference of any outstanding preferred stock.

## **Rights and Preferences**

The common stock has no preemptive, conversion or other rights to subscribe for additional securities. There are no redemption or sinking fund provisions applicable to our common stock. The rights, preferences and privileges of holders of common stock are subject to, and may be adversely affected by, the rights of the holders of shares of any series of preferred stock that we may designate and issue in the future.

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## **Fully Paid and Nonassessable**

All outstanding shares of our common stock are, and all shares of common stock to be outstanding upon completion of the offering will be, validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable.

## **Transfer Agent and Registrar**

The transfer agent and registrar for our common stock is Corporate Stock Transfer Company.

#### DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED STOCK

We currently have authorized 20,000,000 shares of preferred stock, \$0.001 par value per share. All shares of preferred stock are undesignated. As of the date of this prospectus, we did not have any shares of preferred stock outstanding.

Our Board of Directors is authorized to fix and determine designations, preferences, privileges, rights, and powers and relative, participating, optional, or other special rights, qualifications, limitations, or restrictions on the preferred stock of Halozyme as provided by Nevada Revised Statutes.

The purpose of authorizing our Board of Directors to issue preferred stock in one or more series and determine the number of shares in the series and its rights and preferences is to eliminate delays associated with a stockholder vote on specific issuances. Examples of rights and preferences that the Board of Directors may fix are: (1) dividend rights, (2) dividend rates, (3) conversion rights, (4) voting rights, (5) terms of redemption, and (6) liquidation preferences. The issuance of preferred stock, while providing desirable flexibility in connection with possible acquisitions and other corporate purposes, could make it more difficult for a third party to acquire, or could discourage a third party from acquiring, a majority of our outstanding voting stock. The rights of holders of our common stock described above, will be subject to, and may be adversely affected by, the rights of any preferred stock that we may designate and issue in the future.

We will incorporate by reference as an exhibit to the registration statement which includes this prospectus the form of any certificate of designation which describes the terms of the series of preferred stock we are offering. This description and the applicable prospectus supplement will include:

the title and stated value;

the number of shares authorized;

the liquidation preference per share;

the purchase price;

the dividend rate, period and payment date, and method of calculation for dividends;

whether dividends will be cumulative or non-cumulative and, if cumulative, the date from which dividends will accumulate;

the procedures for any auction and remarketing, if any;

the provisions for a sinking fund, if any;

the provisions for redemption or repurchase, if applicable, and any restrictions on our ability to exercise those redemption and repurchase rights;

any listing of the preferred stock on any securities exchange or market;

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whether the preferred stock will be convertible into our common stock, and, if applicable, the conversion price, or how it will be calculated, and the conversion period;

whether the preferred stock will be exchangeable into debt securities, and, if applicable, the exchange price, or how it will be calculated, and the exchange period;

voting rights, if any, of the preferred stock;

preemptive rights, if any;

restrictions on transfer, sale or other assignment, if any;

whether interests in the preferred stock will be represented by depositary shares;

a discussion of any material U.S. federal income tax considerations applicable to the preferred stock;

the relative ranking and preferences of the preferred stock as to dividend rights and rights if we liquidate, dissolve or wind up our affairs;

any limitations on issuance of any class or series of preferred stock ranking senior to or on a parity with the series of preferred stock as to dividend rights and rights if we liquidate, dissolve or wind up our affairs; and

any other specific terms, preferences, rights or limitations of, or restrictions on, the preferred stock. If we issue shares of preferred stock under this prospectus, the shares will fully be paid and nonassessable and will not have, or be subject to, any preemptive or similar rights.

The Nevada Revised Statutes provides that the holders of preferred stock will have the right to vote separately as a class on any proposal involving an increase or decrease in the authorized number of shares of that class, or changes in the powers, preferences or special rights of holders of that preferred stock so as to affect the class adversely. This right is in addition to any voting rights that may be provided for in the applicable certificate of designation.

The transfer agent and registrar for any series of preferred stock will be set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement.

#### DESCRIPTION OF DEBT SECURITIES

The following description, together with the additional information we include in any applicable prospectus supplements, summarizes the material terms and provisions of the debt securities that we may offer under this prospectus. While the terms we have summarized below will apply generally to any future debt securities we may offer, we will describe the particular terms of any debt securities that we may offer in more detail in the applicable prospectus supplement. If we indicate in a prospectus supplement, the terms of any debt securities we offer under that prospectus supplement may differ from the terms we describe below.

We will issue any senior notes under the senior indenture which we will enter into with a trustee to be named in the senior indenture. We will issue any subordinated notes under the subordinated indenture which we will enter into with a trustee to be named in the subordinated indenture. We have filed forms of these documents as exhibits to the registration statement which includes this prospectus. We use the term indentures to refer to both the senior indenture and the subordinated indenture. The indentures will be qualified under the Trust Indenture Act of 1939. We use the

term debenture trustee to refer to either the senior trustee or the subordinated trustee, as applicable.

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The following summaries of material provisions of the senior notes, the subordinated notes and the indentures are subject to, and qualified in their entirety by reference to, all the provisions of the indenture applicable to a particular series of debt securities. Except as we may otherwise indicate, the terms of the senior indenture and the subordinated indenture are identical.

We conduct some of our operations through a subsidiary formed under the laws of California. Our rights and the rights of our creditors, including holders of debt securities, to the assets of any subsidiary of ours upon that subsidiary s liquidation or reorganization or otherwise would be subject to the prior claims of that subsidiary s creditors, except to the extent that we may be a creditor with recognized claims against the subsidiary. Our subsidiary s creditors would include trade creditors, debt holders, secured creditors and taxing authorities. Except as we may provide in a prospectus supplement, neither the debt securities nor the indentures restrict us or our subsidiary from incurring indebtedness.

#### General

We will describe in each prospectus supplement the following terms relating to a series of notes:

the title:

any limit on the amount that may be issued;

whether or not we will issue the series of notes in global form, the terms and who the depository will be;

the maturity date;

the annual interest rate, which may be fixed or variable, or the method for determining the rate;

the date interest will begin to accrue, the dates interest will be payable and the regular record dates for interest payment dates or the method for determining such dates;

whether or not the notes will be secured or unsecured, and the terms of any security;

the terms of the subordination of any series of subordinated debt;

the place where payments will be payable;

our right, if any, to defer payment of interest and the maximum length of any such deferral period;

the date, if any, after which, and the price at which, we may, at our option, redeem the series of notes pursuant to any optional redemption provisions;

the date, if any, on which, and the price at which we are obligated, pursuant to any mandatory sinking fund provisions or otherwise, to redeem, or at the holder s option to purchase, all or a portion of the series of notes;

whether the indenture will restrict our ability to pay dividends, or will require us to maintain any asset ratios or reserves;

whether we will be restricted from incurring any additional indebtedness;

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a discussion of any material United States federal income tax considerations applicable to the notes;

the denominations in which we will issue the series of notes, if other than denominations of \$1,000 and any integral multiple thereof; and

any other specific terms, preferences, rights or limitations of, or restrictions on, the debt securities.

## **Conversion or Exchange Rights**

We will set forth in the prospectus supplement the terms on which a series of notes may be convertible into or exchangeable for common stock or other securities of ours. We will include in that prospectus supplement provisions as to whether conversion or exchange is mandatory, at the option of the holder or at our option. We may include provisions pursuant to which the number of shares of common stock or other securities of ours that the holders of the series of notes receive would be subject to adjustment.

## Consolidation, Merger or Sale of Assets

The indentures do not contain any covenant which restricts our ability to merge or consolidate, or sell, convey, transfer or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of our assets. However, any successor to or acquirer of such assets must assume all of our obligations under the indentures or the notes, as appropriate.

#### **Events of Default Under the Indenture**

The following are events of default under the indentures with respect to any series of notes that we may issue:

if we fail to pay interest when due and our failure continues for 60 days and the time for payment has not been extended or deferred:

if we fail to pay the principal, or premium, if any, when due and the time for payment has not been extended or delayed;

if we fail to observe or perform any other covenant contained in the notes or the indentures, other than a covenant specifically relating to another series of notes, and our failure continues for 60 days after we receive notice from the debenture trustee or holders of at least 50% in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding notes of the applicable series; and

if specified events of bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization occur as to us.

If an event of default with respect to notes of any series occurs and is continuing, the debenture trustee or the holders of at least 50% in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding notes of that series, by notice to us in writing, and to the debenture trustee if notice is given by such holders, may declare the unpaid principal of, premium, if any, and accrued interest, if any, due and payable immediately.

The holders of a majority in principal amount of the outstanding notes of an affected series may waive any default or event of default with respect to the series and its consequences, except defaults or events of default regarding payment of principal, premium, if any, or interest, unless we have cured the default or event of default in accordance with the indenture. Any waiver shall cure the default or event of default.

Subject to the terms of the indentures, if an event of default under an indenture shall occur and be continuing, the debenture trustee will be under no obligation to exercise any of its rights or powers under such indenture at the request or direction of any of the holders of the applicable series of notes, unless such holders

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have offered the debenture trustee reasonable indemnity. The holders of a majority in principal amount of the outstanding notes of any series will have the right to direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the debenture trustee, or exercising any trust or power conferred on the debenture trustee, with respect to the notes of that series, provided that:

the direction so given by the holder is not in conflict with any law or the applicable indenture; and

subject to its duties under the Trust Indenture Act, the debenture trustee need not take any action that might involve it in personal liability or might be unduly prejudicial to the holde