## AULT INC

Form 10-Q
April 11, 2001
FORM 10-Q
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549
[ x ] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended February 25, 2001
Commission file number 0-12611
AULT INCORPORATED


Indicate by check mark whether registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or $15(\mathrm{~d})$ of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months, and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

YES $\qquad$
$\qquad$ NO $\qquad$

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Outstanding at
Class of Common Stock

No par value

March 21, 2001
---------------
$4,512,782$ shares

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Total pages 15 Exhibits Index on Page 14
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PART 1. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1 - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AULT INCORPORATED \& SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
(Dollars in Thousands, Except Amounts Per Share)

|  | (Unaudited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Third Quarter Ended |  |  |  | Nine Months Ended |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } 25 \\ & 2001 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } 27 \\ 2000 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } 25 \\ 2001 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } 27 \\ 2000 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Net Sales | \$ | 22,248 | \$ | 17,570 | \$ | 70,163 | \$ | 45,491 |
| Cost of Goods Sold |  | 17,304 |  | 13,154 |  | 54,659 |  | 33,796 |
| Gross Profit |  | 4,944 |  | 4,416 |  | 15,504 |  | 11,695 |
| Operating Expenses: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marketing |  | 1,552 |  | 1,381 |  | 5,009 |  | 3,890 |
| Design Engineering |  | 792 |  | 863 |  | 2,322 |  | 2,466 |
| General and Administrative |  | 1,602 |  | 1,291 |  | 4,881 |  | 3,659 |
|  |  | 3,946 |  | 3,535 |  | 12,212 |  | 10,015 |
| Operating Income |  | 998 |  | 881 |  | 3,292 |  | 1,680 |
| Other Income (Expense): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest Expense |  | (143) |  | (131) |  | (427) |  | (240) |
| Interest Income |  | 8 |  | 3 |  | 58 |  | 20 |
| Other |  | 279 |  | (59) |  | 507 |  | (55) |
|  |  | 144 |  | (187) |  | 138 |  | (275) |
| Income Before Income Taxes | 1,142 |  | 694 |  | 3,430 |  | 1,405 |  |
| Income Taxes |  | 426 |  | 180 |  | 1,240 |  | 368 |
| Net Income | \$ | 716 | \$ | 514 | \$ | 2,190 | \$ | 1,037 |
| Earnings Per Share |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Basic | \$ | 0.16 | \$ | 0.12 | \$ | 0.49 | \$ | 0.24 |
| Diluted | \$ | 0.15 | \$ | 0.11 | \$ | 0.47 | \$ | 0.22 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Outstanding |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Basic | 4,495,121 |  | 4,393,224 |  | 4,475,793 |  | 4,378,045 |  |
| Diluted | 4,715,262 |  | 4,773,523 |  | 4,705,762 |  | 4,694,671 |  |

SEE NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Page 2
(Unaudited)
February 25,2001
Assets:Current Assets
Cash and Cash Equivalents\$ 1,207
Available-for-sale InvestmentsTrade Receivables, Less Allowance for Doubtful Accounts of$\$ 528,000$ at February 25, 2001; \$94,000 at May 28, 2000
Inventories (Note 2) ..... 14,141
Prepaid Expenses and Other ..... 567
Deferred Taxes ..... 211
Total Current Assets ..... 35,867
Other Assets:Intangibles, less accumulated amortization of $\$ 226,000$ atFebruary 25, 2001; \$150,000 at May 28, 2000 1,278
Deferred Taxes ..... 75
Other ..... 14
Property Equipment and Leasehold
Improvements:
Land ..... 1,669
Building ..... 6,512
Machinery and Equipment ..... 7,526
Office Furniture ..... 1,427
E.D.P. Equipment ..... 2,145
19,279Less Accumulated Depreciation7,102
12,177
\$ 49,411\$============19,741
1,367
\$
, 867





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Depreciation ..... 733
Amortization ..... 75
Adjustment Related to Change in subsidiary Year End ..... 61

```Sale
```

Stock Compensation ..... 51

```Changes in Assets and Liabilities:
```

(Increase) Decrease In:

```Trade ReceivablesInventories
```

Prepaid and Other Expenses
Increase (Decrease) in

```Accounts Payable
```

Accrued Expenses
Income Tax Payable
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:

```Purchase of Equipment and Leasehold ImprovementsNet Cash Used in Investment ActivitiesCash Flows From Financing Activities:Net Borrowings on Revolving Credit AgreementsProceeds from Issuance of Common Stock
```

Principal Payments on Long-Term Borrowings ..... (561)

```Proceeds from Long-Term BorrowingsRetire Common StockNet Cash Provided by Financing ActivitiesEffect of Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Changeson Cash
```

Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period
Supplemental Disclos
Cash payments for
Interest ..... 427
Taxes
============= =============
\$

```(56)\((2,428)\)554
\((1,874)\)2,128203(13)
1,757-------------
\(\square\)

\((3,930)\) ..... (850) ..... 300 ..... 300 ..... (274) ..... 707 ..... 707 ..... (33)\((1,027)\)
---------
\((2,73\)\((3,119\)
\$ 1,207 \(\$ \quad 1,321\)

\section*{1 Summary of Consolidation Principles}

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Ault Incorporated, its wholly owned subsidiaries, Ault Shanghai and Ault Korea Corporation, and its wholly owned subsidiary, Ault Xianghe Co. Ltd. All significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated. The foreign currency translation adjustment in footnote 4 represents the translation into United States dollars of the Company's investment in the net assets of its foreign subsidiaries in accordance with the provisions of FASB Statement No. 52.

The balance sheet of the Company as of February 25,2001 and the related statements of income and cash flows for the nine months ended February 25, 2001 have been prepared without being audited. In the opinion of the management, these statements reflect all adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly the position of Ault Incorporated and subsidiaries as of February 25, 2001, and the results of operations and cash flows for all periods presented.

Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted. Therefore, these statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's May 28, 2000 Form 10-K.

The results of operations for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results that will be realized for the full fiscal year.

Effective May 29, 2000 the company changed its fiscal year end for its Korean subsidiary from May 31 to April 30 and will consolidate the subsidiary for financial reporting purposes on a one-month lag basis. This change was done to facilitate timely and accurate consolidation and in order to meet financial reporting deadlines of the company. The results of operations for the subsidiary for May 2000 ( \(\$ 61,000\) net loss) was included in the consolidated results of operations for the first quarter of fiscal 2001. Retained earnings was adjusted during the first quarter of fiscal 2001 to eliminate the subsidiary net loss for May 2000 which was included in operations for the year ended May 28, 2000 . The effect of the change in year-end for future periods is expected to be
insignificant.

\section*{2 Inventories}

The components of inventory (in thousands) at February 25, 2001 and May 28, 2000 are as follows:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\[
\begin{gathered}
\text { February } 25, \\
2001
\end{gathered}
\]} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{\[
\begin{gathered}
\text { May } 28, \\
2000
\end{gathered}
\]} \\
\hline Raw Materials & \$ & 8,372 & \$ & 7,275 \\
\hline Work-in-process & & 304 & & 406 \\
\hline Finished Goods & & 5,465 & & 6,579 \\
\hline & \$ & 14,141 & \$ & 14,260 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

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THIRD QUARTER ENDED FEBRUARY 25, 2001
3 Long-term Debt
Long-term debt (in thousands) including current maturities contain the
following:

```
Various Term Loans, 7.2\%-8.0\% interest due in monthly
    installments through December 2003, secured by
    equipment
Various note payables, 7.5\% interest due in quarterly
    installments through April 2002, unsecured
Term loan, 7.94\% interest rate due in monthly installments
    through September 2005, secured by furniture
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline \[
\begin{array}{r}
\text { FEBRUARY 25, } \\
2001
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { MAY 28, } \\
2000
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\$ \(319 \quad \$ \quad 494\)
224
265
Term loan, 8.05\% interest rate due in monthly installments to
        February 2015, secured by Minneapolis building
            Total
        Less Current Maturities
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 417 & & 735 \\
\hline & 224 & & 265 \\
\hline & 2,883 & & 2,965 \\
\hline \$ & 3,843 & \$ & 4,459 \\
\hline & 459 & & 802 \\
\hline \$ & 3,384 & \$ & 3,657 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{4 Stockholders' Equity}

difference between average common and common equivalent shares is the result of outstanding stock options.

Income Applicable to Common Shareholders Basic - Weighted Average Shares Outstanding Diluted Effect of Stock Options Diluted - Weighted Average Shares Outstanding Basic Earnings per Share

Diluted Earnings per Share


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AULT INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
THIRD QUARTER ENDED FEBRUARY 25, 2001

\section*{6 Accounting Pronouncements}

On June 4, 2001 the Company is required to adopt Statement of Financial Accounting Standard (SFAS) No. 133, ACCOUNTING FOR DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES, as amended by SFAS No. 138, Accounting for Certain Derivative Instruments and Certain Hedging Activities. SFAS No. 133 establishes accounting and reporting standards for derivative instruments and for hedging activities. It requires that all derivatives, including those embedded in other contracts, be recognized as either assets or liabilities and that those financial instruments be measured at fair value. The accounting for changes in the fair value of derivatives depends on their intended use and designation. Management has reviewed the requirements of SFAS No. 133 and has determined that the Company has no free-standing or embedded derivatives. All agreements that contain provisions meeting the definition of a derivative also meet the requirements of, and have been designated as normal purchases or sales. The Company's policy is to not use free-standing derivatives and to not enter into contracts with terms that cannot be designated as normal purchases or sales.

In December 1999, The Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) issued Staff Accounting Bulletin (SAB) No. 101 REVENUE RECOGNITION IN FINANCIAL STATEMENTS. SAB No. 101 summarizes certain of the SEC staff's views in applying generally accepted accounting principles to selected revenue recognition issues. SAB No. 101 is to be implemented by the Company no later than the fourth quarter of fiscal 2001. Management is reviewing SAB No. 101 and believes that it will not have a material effect on financial statements on the current year.

In the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2001, the Company will be required to adopt the Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) issue number 00-10, ACCOUNTING FOR SHIPPING AND HANDLING FEES AND COSTS. This EITF will require the Company to reclass certain shipping and handling costs that were netted in sales and cost of goods sold. This will result in a \(\$ 1,790,000\) and \(\$ 1,074,000\) increase to sales and cost of goods sold in the 2000 and 1999 statements of income, respectively. If this EITF was implemented at February 25, 2001 it would have resulted in a \(\$ 1,137,000\)

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and \(\$ 1,530,000\) increase to sales and cost of sales for the nine months ended February 25, 2001 and February 27, 2000, respectively.

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ITEM 2 - MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITIONS AND RESULTS of operations

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS
Third Quarter Ended February 25, 2001
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(\$000)} & Fiscal & Fiscal & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Increase / (Decrease)} \\
\hline & 2001 & 2000 & Amount & Percent \\
\hline Net Sales & \$22,248 & \$17,570 & \$4,678 & 27\% \\
\hline Operating Income & 998 & 881 & 117 & 13\% \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Net sales were \(\$ 22,248,000\) for the third quarter of fiscal 2001 up 27\% from \(\$ 17,570,000\) for the third quarter of fiscal 2000. The growth was primarily due to significantly higher power supply volume to major OEMs of high-speed ADSL modems of \(\$ 1,000,000\). The quarter also includes growing business volumes with OEMs of PDAs of \(\$ 2,000,000\). In addition, the Company has continued growth in the Asian markets, which amounted to \(\$ 2,000,000\).

Gross margin for the third quarter was 22.2 percent as a percent of sales, compared with 21.8 percent for the first quarter this year and 22.2 percent for the second quarter of this year. Third quarter gross margin last year was 25.1 percent. Margins continue to be affected by a growth in lower-margin linear power supplies used by our ADSL customers (\$217,000).

As a percentage of sales, operating expenses declined to 17.7 percent in the third quarter of fiscal 2001, down from 20.1 percent in the third quarter of fiscal 2000. Operating expenses were \(\$ 3,946,000\) for the third quarter of fiscal 2001 up \(11.6 \%\) from \(\$ 3,535,000\) for the third quarter of fiscal 2000. The increase is due to bad debt expense of \(\$ 175,000\) relating to a customer who has filed chapter 11, the creation of a new subsidiary in Shanghai, China with office expenses of \(\$ 115,000\), and other variable costs associated with the increase in sales.

Nine Months Ended February 25, 2001
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(\$000)} & Fiscal & Fiscal & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Increase / (Decrease)} \\
\hline & 2001 & 2000 & Amount & Percent \\
\hline Net Sales & \$70,163 & \$45,491 & \$24,672 & 54\% \\
\hline Operating Income & 3,292 & 1,680 & 1,612 & 96\% \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Net sales were \(\$ 70,163,000\) for the first nine months of fiscal 2001 up 54\% from \(\$ 45,491,000\) for the first nine months of fiscal 2000 . The growth was primarily due to significantly higher power supply volume to major OEMs of high-speed ADSL modems of \(\$ 6,000,000\), PDAs of \(\$ 4,000,000\). The Company is also benefiting from growing business volumes with OEMs serving the medical equipment market of \(\$ 2,000,000\) and distributors \(\$ 500,000\). In addition, the Company has experienced growth in both European and Asian markets of \(\$ 4,000,000\) each.

Operating income totaled \(\$ 3,292,000\) for the first nine months of fiscal 2001 and \(\$ 1,680,000\) for the same period in fiscal 2000 equaling, respectively, \(4.7 \%\) and \(3.7 \%\) of net sales. Several factors partially offset the positive impact of Ault's strong sales growth. Bad debt expense increased ( \(\$ 400,000\) ) related to a customer-filing chapter 11 . Gross margins decreased due to a shift in the sales mix toward lower-margin linear power supplies ( \(\$ 684,000\) ). In response, the Company is re-engineering the entire line of power supplies to reduce manufacturing costs. The Company has completed one new family of products, replaced two product families and two families are almost complete. The significant growth of Asian sales also had a near-term negative impact on gross margins. As an aggressive new undertaking, the Asian sales effort entails the normal array of start-up costs and pricing initiatives ( \(\$ 60,000\) ). The company is forecasting strong Asian sales for the remainder of fiscal 2001, and believes that margins on this business should improve as the year progresses. To further strengthen margins, the Company is also implementing a global procurement system that will leverage purchasing power for key electronic components.

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ORDER BACKLOG: The Company's order backlog at February 25, 2001 totaled \(\$ 10,991,000\) compared to \(\$ 17,877,000\) at May 28, 2000. The order backlog represents sales for approximately nine weeks and reflected the posture of many OEMs to limit their contractual commitments to the best lead-times of their suppliers. This requires the Company to place greater reliability on its ability to forecast customer needs and requirements for on-time shipment of products.

NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES: Other income of \(\$ 565,000\) for the nine months of fiscal 2001 represented interest income \(\$ 58,000\), currency exchange rate gains by the Korean subsidiary \(\$ 300,000\), realized gain on the sale of securities available for sale \(\$ 56,000\) and income derived from rented portions of the Korean manufacturing facility \(\$ 15,000\). Other income of ( \(\$ 35,000\) ) for the same period in fiscal 2000 represented interest income \(\$ 20,000\), currency exchange rate loses by the Korean subsidiary ( \(\$ 40,000\) ) and income derived from rented portions of the Korean manufacturing facility \(\$ 15,000\). The Company incurred interest expenses of \(\$ 427,000\) in the first nine months of fiscal 2001 and \(\$ 240,000\) in the same period of fiscal 2000, paid on bank credit facilities and long-term borrowings. The interest expense increase is primarily related to additional debt on the new building in Minneapolis.

INCOME TAX: The Company had pre-tax income of \(\$ 3,430,000\) for the first nine months in fiscal 2001 on which it accrued US and Korean income taxes totaling \(\$ 1,240,000\). During the same period in fiscal 2000 the Company had pre-tax income of \(\$ 1,405,000\) on which US and Korean income taxes totaling \(\$ 368,000\) were accrued. The effective tax rate for the first nine months of fiscal 2001 is 36\% and \(26 \%\) in the same period of fiscal 2000 . The effective income tax rate has changed year to year due to the anticipated change in Research and Development credits that would be taken.

NET INCOME: The Company reported basic per share earnings of \(\$ 0.49\) for the first nine months of fiscal 2001 based on 4,476,000 outstanding weighted average shares, compared to basic per share earnings of \(\$ 0.24\) for the same period of fiscal 2000, based on 4,378,000 outstanding weighted average shares. For the first nine months of fiscal 2001 the Company reported diluted per share earnings of \(\$ 0.47\) based on \(4,706,000\) outstanding weighted average shares, compared to diluted per share earnings of \(\$ 0.22\) for the same period in fiscal 2000, which were based on 4,695,000 outstanding weighted average shares.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The following table describes the Company's liquidity and financial position on February 25, 2001, and on May 28, 2000:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { February } 25, \\
2001
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { May } 28, \\
2000
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline & (\$000) & (\$000) \\
\hline Working capital & \$18,136 & \$17,708 \\
\hline Cash & 1,207 & \$ 2,419 \\
\hline Securities Available for Sale & & 497 \\
\hline Unutilized bank credit facilities & 4,000 & \$ 4,041 \\
\hline Cash Provided by (used in) operations & \((1,027)\) & \((2,426)\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{CURRENT WORKING CAPITAL POSITION}

As of February 25, 2001, the Company had current assets of \(\$ 35,867,000\) and current liabilities of \(\$ 17,731,000\), which amounted to working capital of \(\$ 18,136,000\) and current ratio of 2.0 to 1.0 . This represents a change from its working capital of \(\$ 17,708,000\) as of May 28,2000 . The Company relies on its credit facilities and cash flows from operations as sources of working capital to support normal growth in revenue, capital expenditures and attainment of profit goals.

CASH AND INVESTMENTS: As of February 25, 2001, the Company had cash and securities totaling \(\$ 1,207,000\), compared to \(\$ 2,916,000\) as of May 28,2000 . The decrease is primarily due to timing of payables and receivables.

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CREDIT FACILITIES: The Company maintains two credit facilities. Its primary credit facility is with US Bank and a facility with Korea Exchange Bank supports the South Korean subsidiary.

CASH FLOWS FOR FISCAL 2001
OPERATIONS: Operations used \(\$ 1,207,000\) of cash during the first nine months of fiscal 2001 due principally to the following activities in trade receivables, inventories and accounts payables:
(a) Increases in trade receivables mainly due to the increased net sales in fiscal 2001 and to a general slow down of payments by our customers used \(\$ 3,930,000\) of cash.
(b) Increases in inventories used \(\$ 850,000\) of cash. The increases are due primarily to inventory increases in Korea.
(c) Decreases in accounts payable used \(\$ 274,000\) of cash from liabilities associated with the accelerated payments to our Chinese subcontractors for the Chinese New Year used \(\$ 1,000,000\) of cash while increased purchases of material to support customer orders and emergency stockings of finished product provided \(\$ 700,000\) in cash. Increased liabilities for these purposes are anticipated for the remainder of fiscal year 2001.

INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Investing activities used net cash of \(\$ 1,874,000\) relating to the construction of a new facility in Korea ( \(\$ 1,300,000\) ) the purchase of manufacturing and IS equipment \((\$ 1,000,000)\) and the sale of securities available

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for sale provided \(\$ 500,000\). The Company is committed to completing the facility in Korea for approximately an additional \(\$ 1,000,000\). This will be paid for by funds already received from the sale of the existing building. This should be complete by the end of the fourth quarter.

FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Financing activities provided net cash of \(\$ 1,757,000\), primarily comprised of borrowings for raw material purchases in Korea and general funding due to the requirements of the building construction in Korea.

EFFECT OF FOREIGN CURRENCY EXCHANGE RATE FLUCTUATIONS: The effect of translating the Korean financial statements, which were prepared in Won to US dollars, had a decrease effect on cash of approximately \(\$ 68,000\) during the first nine months of the year. The effect of translating the Chinese financial statements, which were prepared in Yuan to US dollars, had minimal effect on cash for the first nine months of the year.

SUMMARY: The Company's cash and working capital positions are sound and together with its credit facilities, are adequate to support the Company's strategies for the remainder of fiscal 2001.

INFORMATION ABOUT PRODUCTS AND SERVICES: The Company's business operations are comprised of one activity--the design, manufacture and sale of equipment for converting electric power to a level used by OEMs in data
communications/telecommunications and medical markets to charge batteries, and/or power equipment. The Company supports these power requirements by making available to the OEMs products that have various technical features. These products are managed as one product segment under the Company's internal organizational structure and the Company does not consider any financial distinctive measures, including net profitability and segmentation of assets to be meaningful to performance assessment.

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\section*{INFORMATION ABOUT REVENUE BY GEOGRAPHY}

Distribution of revenue from the US, from each foreign country that is the source of significant revenue and from all other foreign countries as a group are as follows:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{NINE MONTHS ENDED} \\
\hline & February 25, 2001 & uary 27, 2000 \\
\hline & (\$000) & (\$000) \\
\hline US & \$44,786 & \$35,441 \\
\hline Korea & 5,636 & 2,235 \\
\hline Belgium & 2,728 & 1,350 \\
\hline UK & 5,087 & 2,538 \\
\hline China & 4,791 & 583 \\
\hline Canada & 1,987 & 1,426 \\
\hline Other Foreign & 5,148 & 1,918 \\
\hline Total & \$70,163 & \$45,491 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The Company considers a country to be the geographic source of revenue if it has contractual obligations, including obligation to pay for trade receivable invoices.

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\section*{ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS}

On June 4, 2001 the Company is required to adopt Statement of Financial Accounting Standard (SFAS) No. 133, ACCOUNTING FOR DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES, as amended by SFAS No. 138, Accounting for Certain Derivative Instruments and Certain Hedging Activities. SFAS No. 133 establishes accounting and reporting standards for derivative instruments and for hedging activities. It requires that all derivatives, including those embedded in other contracts, be recognized as either assets or liabilities and that those financial instruments be measured at fair value. The accounting for changes in the fair value of derivatives depends on their intended use and designation. Management has reviewed the requirements of SFAS No. 133 and has determined that the Company has no free-standing or embedded derivatives. All agreements that contain provisions meeting the definition of a derivative also meet the requirements of, and have been designated as, normal purchases or sales. The Company's policy is to not use free-standing derivatives and to not enter into contracts with terms that cannot be designated as normal purchases or sales.

In December 1999, The Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) issued Staff Accounting Bulletin (SAB) No. 101 REVENUE RECOGNITION IN FINANCIAL STATEMENTS. SAB No. 101 summarizes certain of the SEC staff's views in applying generally accepted accounting principles to selected revenue recognition issues. SAB No. 101 is to be implemented by the Company no later than the fourth quarter of fiscal 2001. Management is reviewing SAB No. 101 and believes that it will not have a material effect on financial statements on current year.

In the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2001, the Company will be required to adopt the Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) issue number 00-10, ACCOUNTING FOR SHIPPING AND HANDLING FEES AND COSTS. This EITF will require the Company to reclass certain shipping and handling costs that were netted in sales and cost of goods sold. This will result in a \(\$ 1,790,000\) and \(\$ 1,074,000\) increase to sales and cost of goods sold in the 2000 and 1999 statements of income, respectively. If this EITF was implemented at February 25,2001 it would have resulted in a \(\$ 1,137,000\) and \(\$ 1,530,000\) increase to sales and cost of sales for the nine months ended February 25, 2001 and February 27, 2000, respectively.

IMPACT OF FOREIGN OPERATIONS AND CURRENCY CHANGES:

Products manufactured by the Korean subsidiary contributed a large portion of total sales. The value of the Won had no significant impact on the Company's consolidated sales for the quarter. The Company will experience normal valuation changes as the Korean and Chinese currency fluctuates. The effect of translating the Korean and Chinese financial statements resulted in a net asset value decrease of \(\$ 347,000\) during the first nine months of the year, the majority relating to the Korean currency fluctuations.

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\section*{FORWARD LOOKING INFORMATION}

From time to time, in reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, in press releases, and in other communications to shareholders or the investing public, the Company may make forward-looking statements concerning possible or anticipated future results of operations or business developments which are typically preceded by the words "believes", "expects", "anticipates", "intends" or similar expressions. For such forward-looking statements, the Company claims the protection of the safe harbor for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Shareholders and the

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investing public should understand that such forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause results or developments to differ significantly from those indicated in the forward-looking statements. Such risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, the overall level of sales by original equipment manufacturers (OEMs) in the telecommunications, data communications, computer peripherals and the medical markets; buying patterns of the Company's existing and prospective customers; the impact of new products introduced by competitors; delays in new product introductions; higher than expected expense related to sales and new marketing initiatives; availability of adequate supplies of raw materials and components; fuel prices; and other risks affecting the Company's target markets.

ITEM 3 - QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The Company experiences foreign currency gains and losses, which are reflected in the financial statements, due to the strengthening and weakening of the U.S. dollar against currencies of the Company's foreign subsidiaries. The Company anticipates that it will continue to have exchange gains or losses in the future. The company realized an exchange gain of \(\$ 300,000\) for the nine months ended February 25, 2001 and a loss of \(\$ 40,000\) for the same period ending February 27, 2000.

As of February 25, 2001, the Company only had fixed rate debt outstanding. Thus, interest rate fluctuations would not impact interest expense or cash flows. If the Company were to undertake additional debt, an interest rate changes would impact earnings and cash flows.

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PART II

ITEMS 1-3 OTHER INFORMATION: Not Applicable
ITEMS 4 Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders; Not Applicable

ITEM 5 OTHER INFORMATION: Not Applicable

ITEM 6 EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

Exhibits
Reference Title of Document Location
Title of Document
\(\qquad\)
Part 1 Exhibits

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\section*{SIGNATURES}

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.
(REGISTRANT)
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DATED: April 11, 2001

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DATED: April 11, 2001
/s/ Frederick M. Green
Frederick M. Green, President
Chief Executive Officer and Chairman
/s/ Donald L. Henry
Donald L. Henry
Chief Financial Officer

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