FTI CONSULTING INC Form 10-Q July 26, 2018

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2018

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission file number 001-14875

FTI CONSULTING, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Maryland 52-1261113 (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization) Identification No.)

555 12th Street NW

Washington, D.C. 20004

(Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

(202) 312-9100

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes No Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class Outstanding at July 19, 2018

Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share 38,207,093

FTI CONSULTING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES INDEX

		Page
PART I	<u>—FINANCIAL INFORMATIO</u> N	C
Item 1.	Financial Statements	<u>3</u>
	Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets—June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017	<u>3</u>
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income—Three and Six Months Ended June 30 2018 and 2017) <u>4</u>
	Condensed Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity—Six Months Ended June 30, 2018	<u>5</u>
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows—Six Months Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017	<u>6</u>
	Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	7
Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	<u>21</u>
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	<u>42</u>
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures	<u>42</u>
PART I	I—OTHER INFORMATION	
Item 1.	<u>Legal Proceedings</u>	<u>44</u>
Item 1A	Risk Factors	<u>44</u>
Item 2.	<u>Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u>	<u>44</u>
Item 3.	Defaults Upon Senior Securities	<u>44</u>
Item 4.	Mine Safety Disclosures	<u>45</u>
Item 5.	Other Information	<u>45</u>
Item 6.	<u>Exhibits</u>	<u>46</u>
SIGNA'	<u>TURES</u>	<u>47</u>
2		

PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

FTI Consulting, Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (in thousands, except per share data) Item 1. Financial Statements

Assets	June 30, 2018 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2017
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$116,556	\$189,961
Accounts receivable:		
Billed receivables	455,707	390,996
Unbilled receivables	368,360	312,569
Allowance for doubtful accounts and unbilled services	(216,612)	(180,687)
Accounts receivable, net	607,455	522,878
Current portion of notes receivable	28,619	25,691
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	54,806	55,649
Total current assets	807,436	794,179
Property and equipment, net	75,046	75,075
Goodwill	1,198,732	1,204,803
Other intangible assets, net	39,379	44,150
Notes receivable, net	90,904	98,105
Other assets	45,915	40,929
Total assets	\$2,257,412	\$ 2,257,241
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other	\$93,988	\$ 94,873
Accrued compensation	224,663	268,513
Billings in excess of services provided	33,653	46,942
Total current liabilities	352,304	410,328
Long-term debt, net	371,662	396,284
Deferred income taxes	134,081	124,471
Other liabilities	123,564	134,187
Total liabilities	981,611	1,065,270
Commitments and contingent liabilities (Note 11)		
Stockholders' equity		
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value; shares authorized — 5,000; none outstanding	_	_
Common stock, \$0.01 par value; shares authorized — 75,000;	202	277
shares issued and outstanding — 38,179 (2018) and 37,729 (2017) ³⁸²	377
Additional paid-in capital	280,201	266,035
Retained earnings	1,128,670	1,045,774
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(133,452)	(120,215)
Total stockholders' equity	1,275,801	1,191,971
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$2,257,412	\$ 2,257,241

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

FTI Consulting, Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (in thousands, except per share data) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended June	
	June 30,		30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Revenues	\$512,098	\$444,715	\$1,009,872	\$891,059
Operating expenses				
Direct cost of revenues	330,318	304,071	651,435	613,143
Selling, general and administrative expenses	117,897	108,119	230,025	215,809
Special charges		30,074		30,074
Amortization of other intangible assets	2,052	2,422	4,322	4,915
	450,267	444,686	885,782	863,941
Operating income	61,831	29	124,090	27,118
Other income (expense)				
Interest income and other	2,474	1,592	674	2,197
Interest expense	(6,583)	(6,250	(12,827)	(12,051)
	(4,109)	(4,658)	(12,153)	(9,854)
Income (loss) before income tax provision	57,722	(4,629	111,937	17,264
Income tax provision	14,113	527	29,383	8,404
Net income (loss)	\$43,609	\$(5,156)	\$82,554	\$8,860
Earnings (loss) per common share — basic	\$1.18	\$(0.13)	\$2.24	\$0.22
Earnings (loss) per common share — diluted	\$1.14	\$(0.13)	\$2.18	\$0.22
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax				
Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax expense of $\$0$	\$(23,683)	\$10,174	\$(13,237)	\$17,544
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	(23,683)	10,174	(13,237)	17,544
Comprehensive income	\$19,926	\$5,018	\$69,317	\$26,404

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

FTI Consulting, Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity (in thousands) (Unaudited)

			Additional	Retained	Accumulated Other	
	Shares	Amount	Paid-in Capital	Earnings	Comprehensive Loss	e Total
Balance at December 31, 2017	37,729	\$ 377	\$266,035	\$1,045,774	\$ (120,215	\$1,191,971
Net income		\$ <i>—</i>	\$ —	\$82,554	\$ —	\$82,554
Other comprehensive income:						
Cumulative translation adjustment		_	_		(13,237	(13,237)
Issuance of common stock in connection with:						
Exercise of options	513	5	20,595		_	20,600
Restricted share grants, less net settled shares of 39	274	3	(1,834)	_	_	(1,831)
Stock units issued under incentive compensation plan			1,059	_	_	1,059
Purchase and retirement of common stock	(337)	(3)	(14,217)	_	_	(14,220)
Cumulative effect due to adoption of new accounting standard	_	_	_	342	_	342
Share-based compensation	_	_	8,563		_	8,563
Balance at June 30, 2018	38,179	\$ 382	\$280,201	\$1,128,670	\$ (133,452	\$1,275,801

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

FTI Consulting, Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (in thousands) (Unaudited)

	Six Month June 30,	s Ended
Operating activities	2018	2017
Net income	\$82,554	\$8,860
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	16,253	16,298
Amortization and impairment of other intangible assets	4,322	4,915
Acquisition-related contingent consideration	232	1,172
Provision for doubtful accounts	8,710	5,971
Non-cash share-based compensation	8,563	9,959
Non-cash interest expense and other	993	992
Other	798	242
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects from acquisitions:		
Accounts receivable, billed and unbilled	(99,299	(78,100)
Notes receivable	4,214	2,241
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(4,151	947
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other	352	(1,887)
Income taxes	13,143	3,087
Accrued compensation	(58,547	(64,531)
Billings in excess of services provided	(12,722)	7,634
Net cash used in operating activities	(34,585	(82,200)
Investing activities		
Purchases of property and equipment	(16,220	(13,127)
Other	689	72
Net cash used in investing activities	(15,531	(13,055)
Financing activities		
Borrowings (repayments) under revolving line of credit, net	(25,000	115,000
Deposits	2,602	3,262
Purchase and retirement of common stock	(14,220	(102,513)
Net issuance of common stock under equity compensation plans	18,740	(500)
Payments for acquisition-related contingent consideration	(3,029) (79)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(20,907	15,170
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(2,382)	2,438
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(73,405	(77,647)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	189,961	216,158
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$116,556	\$138,511
Supplemental cash flow disclosures		
Cash paid for interest	\$13,020	\$14,903
Cash paid for income taxes, net of refunds	\$16,137	\$5,336
Non-cash investing and financing activities:		
Issuance of stock units under incentive compensation plans	\$1,059	\$1,547

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

FTI Consulting, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (dollar and share amounts in tables in thousands, except per share data) (Unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies Basis of Presentation

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of FTI Consulting, Inc., including its consolidated subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company," "we," "our" or "FTI Consulting"), presented herein, have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("GAAP") and under the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") for interim financial information. Some of the information and footnote disclosures normally included in annual financial statements have been condensed or omitted pursuant to those rules and regulations. Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation. In management's opinion, the interim financial statements reflect all adjustments that are necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the interim periods presented. All adjustments made were normal recurring accruals. Results of operations for the interim periods presented herein are not necessarily indicative of results of operations for a full year. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 filed with the SEC.

Revenue Recognition

As of January 1, 2018, the Company adopted Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("ASC 606"), which impacts the timing of when certain types of revenue will be recognized. Revenues are recognized when we satisfy a performance obligation by transferring goods or services promised in a contract to a customer, in an amount that reflects the consideration that we expect to receive in exchange for those goods and services. Performance obligations in our contracts represent distinct or separate service streams that we provide to our customers.

We evaluate our revenue contracts with customers based on the five-step model under ASC 606: (1) identify the contract with the customer; (2) identify the performance obligations in the contract; (3) determine the transaction price; (4) allocate the transaction price to separate performance obligations; and (5) recognize revenues when (or as) each performance obligation is satisfied. If, at the outset of an arrangement, we determine that a contract with enforceable rights and obligations does not exist, revenues are deferred until all criteria for an enforceable contract are met.

We generate the majority of our revenues by providing consulting services to our clients. Most of our consulting service contracts are based on one of the following types of arrangements:

Time and expense arrangements require the client to pay us based on the number of hours worked at contractually agreed-upon rates. We recognize revenues for these arrangements based on hours incurred and contracted rates utilizing a right-to-invoice practical expedient, because we have a right to consideration for services completed to date. When a time and expense arrangement has a not-to-exceed or "cap" amount and we expect to perform work in excess of the cap, we recognize up to the cap amount specified by the client, based on the efforts or hours incurred as a percentage of total efforts or hours expected to be incurred (e.g. proportional performance method). Certain time and materials arrangements may be subject to third party approval, e.g. a court or other regulatory institution, with interim billing and payments made and received based upon preliminarily agreed upon rates. We record revenues for the portion of our services based on our assessment of the expected probability of amounts ultimately to be agreed upon by the court or regulator. These assessments are made on a case-by-case basis depending on the nature of the engagement, client economics, historical experience and other appropriate factors.

Fixed fee arrangements require the client to pay a pre-established fee in exchange for a predetermined set of professional services. We recognize revenues for these arrangements based on the proportional performance related to individual performance obligations within each arrangement, however, these arrangements generally have one performance obligation.

Performance based or contingent arrangements represent forms of variable consideration. In these arrangements, our fees are based on the attainment of contractually defined objectives with our client, such as completing a business transaction or assisting the client in achieving a specific business objective. When our performance obligation(s) are satisfied over time, we determine the transaction price based on the expected probability of achieving the agreed-upon outcome and recognize revenues earned to date by applying the proportional performance method. These

arrangements include conditional payments, commonly referred to as success fees, which were previously recognized when the cash was collected.

In addition, we generate certain revenues from our Technology segment that are based on units of data stored or processed. Unit based revenues are recognized as services are provided, based on either the amount of data stored or processed, the number of concurrent users accessing the information, or the number of pages or images processed for a client, and agreed-upon per unit rates. We also generate revenues from our on-premise software licenses. Software license revenues are generally recognized at a point in time when the customer acceptance occurs, in accordance with the provision of the arrangements.

Certain of our time and expense and fixed fee billing arrangements may include client incentives in the form of volume-based discounts, where if certain fee levels are reached, the client can receive future services at a discounted hourly rate. Contracts with customers that have a prospective discounted pricing option based on predetermined volume thresholds are evaluated to determine whether they include a material right, which is an option that provides a customer the right to acquire free or discounted goods or services in the future. If the option provides a material right to the customer, we allocate a portion of the transaction price to the material right and defer revenues during the pre-discount period, compared to our previous practice of recognizing the reduction in revenues when customers became eligible to receive the volume discount.

Reimbursable expenses, including those relating to travel, out-of-pocket expenses, outside consultants and other outside service costs, are generally included in revenues, and an equivalent amount of reimbursable expenses is included in costs of services in the period in which the expense is incurred.

2. Earnings (Loss) Per Common Share

Basic earnings (loss) per common share is calculated by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings (loss) per common share adjusts basic earnings (loss) per common share for the effects of potentially dilutive common shares. Potentially dilutive common shares include the dilutive effects of shares issuable under our equity compensation plans, including stock options and restricted shares, each using the treasury stock method.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Mon Ended Ju	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Numerator — basic and diluted				
Net income (loss)	\$43,609	\$(5,156)	\$82,554	\$8,860
Denominator				
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding — basic	37,001	39,555	36,851	40,039
Effect of dilutive stock options	558	_	430	129
Effect of dilutive restricted shares	712		661	334
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding — diluted	38,271	39,555	37,942	40,502
Earnings (loss) per common share — basic	\$1.18	\$(0.13)	\$2.24	\$0.22
Earnings (loss) per common share — diluted	\$1.14	\$(0.13)	\$2.18	\$0.22
Antidilutive stock options and restricted shares	44	1,947	330	1,469

- (1) For the three months ended June 30, 2017, we excluded 377,389 potentially dilutive securities from the computation as their effect would be anti-dilutive due to a net loss applicable to common stockholders.
- 3. New Accounting Standards

Adopted Accounting Standards

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers. On January 1, 2018, we adopted ASC 606 using the modified retrospective method and recorded an immaterial cumulative effect adjustment to the beginning balance of retained earnings for revenue contracts that existed at the adoption date. Under the modified retrospective method, prior year information has not been adjusted and continues to be reported under the accounting standards in effect for periods prior to the adoption date. We have

not retroactively restated the existing contracts for modifications that occurred before January 1, 2018.

See Note 1, "Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies" in Part I, Item 1, of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for a description of the significant accounting policies and methods used in preparation of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. See Note 4, "Revenues" in Part I, Item 1, of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the disclosures required under ASC 606. The adoption of ASC 606 had an immaterial impact on our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income and Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets and had no impact on our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

In March 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-05, Amendments to SEC Paragraphs Pursuant to SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 118 (SEC Update), Income Taxes (Topic 740). ASU 2018-05 provides guidance regarding the recording of tax impacts where uncertainty exists, in the period of adoption of the 2017 U.S. Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "2017 Tax Act"), which allowed companies to reflect provisional amounts for those specific income tax effects of the 2017 Tax Act for which the accounting under ASC Topic 740 is incomplete but for which a reasonable estimate could be determined. During the six months ended June 30, 2018, the Company has not recognized any material changes to the provisional amounts recorded in our 2017 Annual Report on Form 10-K in connection with the 2017 Tax Act. The accounting for the tax effects of the 2017 Tax Act will be finalized in the second half of 2018 as we complete our federal and state tax returns and incorporate any additional guidance that may be issued by the U.S. tax authorities. Accounting Standards Not Yet Adopted

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases ("ASC 842"), which supersedes existing lease guidance. Under ASC 842, we will be required to record right-of-use assets and corresponding lease liabilities on the balance sheet. Previously, there was no requirement to recognize an asset or liability on the balance sheet for an operating lease. ASC 842 also requires disclosure of key information about leasing arrangements. This guidance is effective beginning January 1, 2019 using a modified retrospective approach for each prior reporting period presented. In January 2018, the FASB issued an exposure draft of the proposed ASU, Leases (Topic 842): Targeted Improvements. The proposed ASU provides an alternative transition method of adoption, permitting the recognition of a cumulative-effect adjustment to retained earnings on the date of adoption.

The Company's implementation plan is under way and includes an information system and business process change to accumulate the appropriate data in order to calculate and record the recognition of right-of-use assets, lease liabilities and the related expense recognition. We are creating an inventory of our existing portfolio of leases and continue to review other contracts to determine if they contain leases as defined by ASC 842. Our existing portfolio of leases is primarily composed of operating leases related to our offices. While this assessment continues, we have not yet determined the effect of ASC 842 on our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. We do not expect that the adoption of ASC 842 will have a material impact on our results of operations or cash flow presentation.

4. Revenues

Revenues recognized during the current period may include revenues recognized from performance obligations satisfied or partially satisfied in previous periods. This primarily occurs when the estimated transaction price has changed based on a re-assessment of the expected probability of achieving the agreed-upon outcome for our performance based and contingent arrangements, resulting in a catch-up adjustment for service provided in previous periods. The aggregate amount of revenues recognized related to the catch-up adjustment due to a change in the transaction price during the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 was \$4.5 million and \$6.5 million, respectively. Unfulfilled performance obligations represent the remaining contract transaction prices allocated to the performance obligations that are unsatisfied, or partially unsatisfied, and therefore revenues have not yet been recorded. Unfulfilled performance obligations primarily consist of the remaining fees not yet recognized under our proportional performance method for both our fixed fee arrangements, and the portion of performance-based and contingent arrangements that we have deemed probable. As of June 30, 2018, the aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to unfulfilled performance obligations was \$3.8 million, and we expect to recognize the majority of the related revenues over the next 18 months. We elected to utilize the optional exemption to exclude from this disclosure fixed fee and performance-based and contingent arrangements with an original expected duration of one year or less, and to exclude our time and expense arrangements for which revenues are recognized using the right to invoice practical expedient.

Contract assets are defined as assets for which we have recorded revenue because we determined that it is probable that we will earn a performance based or contingent fee, but we are not yet entitled to receive our fees because certain

events, such as completion of the measurement period or client approval, must occur. The contract asset balance was immaterial as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017.

Contract liabilities are defined as liabilities incurred when we have received consideration from a client but have not yet performed the agreed upon services. This may occur when we receive advance billings before delivery and acceptance of

software licenses in our Technology segment and when clients pay us upfront fees before we begin work for them. The contract liability balance was immaterial as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017.

5. Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Timing of revenue recognition often differs from the timing of billing to our customers. Generally, we transfer goods or services to a customer before the customer pays consideration or payment is due. If we have an unconditional right to invoice and receive payment for goods or services already provided, we record billed and unbilled receivables on our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. Payment terms and conditions vary depending on the jurisdiction, market and type of service and whether regulatory or other third-party approvals are required. In addition, contracts may be negotiated per the client's request, or at times we are asked to execute contracts in a form provided by customers that might include different terms. Our standard contract terms generally include a requirement of payment within 30 days where no contingencies exist.

We record adjustments to the allowance for doubtful accounts and unbilled services as a reduction in revenues when there are changes in estimates of fee reductions, such as those fee reductions imposed by bankruptcy courts and other regulatory institutions for both billed and unbilled receivables. The allowance for doubtful accounts and unbilled services is also adjusted after the related work has been billed to the client and we discover that collectability is not reasonably assured. These adjustments are recorded to "Selling, general and administrative expenses" on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income. Our bad debt expense totaled \$3.0 million and \$8.7 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively, and \$2.4 million and \$6.0 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively.

6. Special Charges

There was no special charge recorded during the three and six months ended June 30, 2018.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, we recorded a special charge of \$30.1 million. The charge includes the impact of certain targeted reductions in areas of each segment where we needed to realign our workforce with then-current business demand and in certain corporate departments where we were able to streamline support activities. In addition, certain strategic actions were taken to reduce our future real estate costs. The special charge included the following components:

- \$16.1 million of employee severance and other employee-related costs.
- \$12.4 million of exit costs associated with the curtailment of our lease on our executive office in Washington, D.C.
- \$1.6 million of other expenses, including costs related to disposing or closing several small international offices. The following table details the special charges by segment for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017:

	Inree	SIX
	Months	Months
	Ended	Ended
	June 30,	June 30,
Special Charges by Segment	20 20 17	20 20 17
Corporate Finance & Restructuring	\$-\$3,049	\$-\$3,049
Forensic and Litigation Consulting	10,445	10,445
Economic Consulting	5,910	5,910
Technology	3,827	-3,827
Strategic Communications	-3,599	-3,599
	26,830	-26,830
Unallocated Corporate	-3,244	-3,244
Total	\$-\$30,074	\$-\$30,074

7. Research and Development Costs

Research and development costs related to software development in our Technology segment totaled \$2.9 million and \$5.8 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively, and \$4.3 million and \$8.5 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively. Research and development costs are included in "Selling, general and administrative expenses" on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income.

8. Financial Instruments

The following table presents the carrying amounts and estimated fair values of our financial instruments by hierarchy level as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017.

	June 30, 2018		
	Hierarchy Level		evel
	Carrying	Level 2	Level
	Amount	1 Level 2	3
Liabilities			
Acquisition-related contingent consideration, including current portion (1)	\$2,960	\$-\$	\$2,960
Long-term debt	375,000	-381,750	
Total	\$377,960	\$ -\$ 381,750	\$2,960
	December	r 31, 2017	
		Hierarchy Le	evel
	Carrying	Level 2	Level
	Amount	1 Level 2	3
Liabilities			
Acquisition-related contingent consideration, including current portion (1)	\$3,750	\$ -\$	\$3,750
Long-term debt	400,000	-409,000	_
Total	\$403,750	\$ -\$ 409,000	\$3,750

(1) The short-term portion is included in "Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other," and the long-term portion is included in "Other liabilities" on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The fair values of financial instruments not included in this table are estimated to be equal to their carrying values as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017.

We determine the fair value of our long-term debt primarily based on quoted market prices for our 6% senior notes due 2022 (the "2022 Notes") as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017. The fair value of our borrowings on our senior secured bank revolving credit facility ("Credit Facility") approximates the carrying amount. The fair value of our long-term debt is classified within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy because it is traded in less active markets. We estimate the fair value of acquisition-related contingent consideration using a probability-weighted discounted cash flow model. This fair value estimate represents a Level 3 measurement as it is based on significant inputs not observed in the market and reflect our own assumptions. The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurements of our acquisition-related contingent consideration are our measures of the future profitability and related cash flows and discount rates. The fair value of the contingent consideration is reassessed at each reporting period by the Company based on additional information as it becomes available.

Any change in the fair value of an acquisition's contingent consideration liability results in a remeasurement gain or loss that is recorded in "Selling, general and administrative expenses" on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income. During the six months ended June 30, 2018 there was no change in the estimated fair value of future expected contingent consideration payments. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, we recorded a remeasurement loss of \$0.7 million.

9. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

Goodwill

The table below summarizes the changes in the carrying amount of goodwill by reportable segment:

	Corporate Finance & Restructuring	Forensic and Litigation gConsulting	Economic Consulting	Technology	Strategic Communicatio	Total ns
Balance at December 31, 2017						
Goodwill	\$ 454,816	\$233,719	\$268,995	\$117,740	\$ 323,672	\$1,398,942
Accumulated goodwill impairment	_				(194,139)	(194,139)
Goodwill, net at December 31, 2017	454,816	233,719	268,995	117,740	129,533	1,204,803
Foreign currency translation adjustment and other	(2,454)	(1,168)	(213)	(38)	(2,198)	(6,071)
Balance at June 30, 2018						
Goodwill	452,362	232,551	268,782	117,702	321,474	1,392,871
Accumulated goodwill impairment	_				(194,139)	(194,139)
Goodwill, net at June 30, 2018 Other Intangible Assets	\$ 452,362	\$ 232,551	\$268,782	\$117,702	\$ 127,335	\$1,198,732

Other intangible assets with finite lives, comprised primarily of customer relationships, are amortized over their estimated useful lives. We recorded amortization expense of \$2.1 million and \$4.3 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively, and \$2.4 million and \$4.9 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively.

We estimate our future amortization expense for our intangible assets with finite lives to be as follows:

	As of
Year	June 30,
	2018 (1)
2018 (remaining)	\$3,884
2019	7,437
2020	7,274
2021	6,731
2022	4,939
Thereafter	3,514
	\$33,779

⁽¹⁾ Actual amortization expense to be reported in future periods could differ from these estimates because of new intangible asset acquisitions, changes in useful lives or other relevant factors or changes.

10. Long-Term Debt

The table below summarizes the components of the Company's long-term debt.

	June 30,	December 31,
	2018	2017
2022 Notes	\$300,000	\$ 300,000
Credit Facility	75,000	100,000
Total debt	375,000	400,000
Less: deferred debt issue costs	(3,338)	(3,716)
Long-term debt, net (1)	\$371,662	\$ 396,284

⁽¹⁾ There were no current portions of long-term debt as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017.

The Company has classified the borrowings under the Company's Credit Facility as long-term debt in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, as amounts due under the credit agreement entered into on June 26, 2015, which expires on June 26, 2020, are not contractually required or expected to be liquidated for more than one year from the applicable balance sheet date. Additionally, \$1.0 million of the borrowing limit under the Credit Facility was utilized for letters of credit as of June 30, 2018.

11. Commitments and Contingencies

We are subject to legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. In management's opinion, we believe we have adequate legal defenses and/or insurance coverage with respect to the eventuality of such actions. We do not believe any settlement or judgment relating to any pending legal action would materially affect our financial position or results of operations.

12. Share-Based Compensation

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, we granted 216,761 restricted stock awards, 32,374 restricted stock units and 91,370 performance-based restricted stock units. These awards are recorded as equity on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. During the six months ended June 30, 2018, stock options exercisable for up to 190,927 shares and 7,907 shares of restricted stock awards were forfeited prior to the completion of the applicable vesting requirements.

Total share-based compensation expense, net of forfeitures, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 is detailed in the following table:

	Three Months		Six Mon	ths
	Ended 3	June 30,	Ended Ju	ine 30,
Income Statement Classification	2018	2017	2018	2017
Direct cost of revenues	\$2,427	\$1,183	\$6,206	\$7,021
Selling, general and administrative expenses	3,158	1,209	5,347	2,052
Special charges		96	_	96
Total share-based compensation expense	\$5,585	\$2,488	\$11,553	\$9,169
12 Ct - 11 - 11 - 12 F 't				

13. Stockholders' Equity

On June 2, 2016, our Board of Directors authorized a stock repurchase program of up to \$100.0 million (the "Repurchase Program"). On each of May 18, 2017 and December 1, 2017, our Board of Directors authorized an additional \$100.0 million increasing the Repurchase Program to an aggregate authorization of \$300.0 million. No time limit has been established for the completion of the Repurchase Program, and the Repurchase Program may be suspended, discontinued or replaced by the Board of Directors at any time without prior notice. As of June 30, 2018, we have \$99.1 million available under the Repurchase Program to repurchase additional shares.

The following table details our stock repurchases under the Repurchase Program:

	Three		
	Months	ths Ended	
	Ended	June 30,	
	June 30,		
	20 20 17	2018	2017
Shares of common stock repurchased and retired	1,887	337	2,767
Average price paid per share	\$ -\$ 34.74	\$42.17	\$37.03
Total cost	\$-\$65,556	\$14,213	\$102,457

14. Segment Reporting

We manage our business in five reportable segments: Corporate Finance & Restructuring ("Corporate Finance"), Forensic and Litigation Consulting ("FLC"), Economic Consulting, Technology and Strategic Communications. Our Corporate Finance segment focuses on the strategic, operational, financial and capital needs of our clients around the world and delivers a wide range of service offerings related to restructuring, business transformation and transaction support. Our restructuring practice includes corporate restructuring, including bankruptcy and interim management services. Our business transformation and transaction practices include financings, mergers and acquisitions ("M&A"), M&A integration, valuations and tax advice, as well as financial, operational and performance

improvement services.

Our FLC segment provides law firms, companies, government clients and other interested parties with multidisciplinary, independent dispute advisory, investigations, data analytics, forensic accounting, business intelligence and risk mitigation services, as well as interim management and performance improvement services for our health solutions practice clients.

Our Economic Consulting segment provides law firms, companies, government entities and other interested parties with analysis of complex economic issues for use in legal, regulatory and international arbitration proceedings, strategic decision making and public policy debates in the U.S. and around the world.

Our Technology segment offers a comprehensive portfolio of information governance and e-discovery software, services and consulting support to companies, law firms, courts and government agencies worldwide. Our services allow our clients to control the risk and expense of e-discovery events, as well as manage their data in the context of compliance and risk.

Our Strategic Communications segment designs and executes communications strategies for management teams and boards of directors to help them seize opportunities, manage financial, regulatory and reputational challenges, navigate market disruptions, articulate their brand, stake a competitive position, and preserve and grow their operations.

We evaluate the performance of our operating segments based on Adjusted Segment EBITDA. We define Adjusted Segment EBITDA as a segment's share of consolidated operating income before depreciation, amortization of intangible assets, remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent consideration, special charges and goodwill impairment charges. We define Total Adjusted Segment EBITDA, a non-GAAP financial measure, as the total of Adjusted Segment EBITDA for all segments, which excludes unallocated corporate expenses. We use Adjusted Segment EBITDA to internally evaluate the financial performance of our segments because we believe it reflects current core operating performance and provides an indicator of the segment's ability to generate cash.

The table below presents revenues and Adjusted Segment EBITDA for our reportable segments:

r				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Three Mo	nths	Six Months Ended		
	Ended Jur	Ended June 30, J			
	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Revenues					
Corporate Finance & Restructuring	\$141,355	\$117,487	\$284,277	\$223,388	
Forensic and Litigation Consulting	133,527	111,410	261,566	222,816	
Economic Consulting	133,308	124,004	266,417	263,225	
Technology	46,429	45,566	87,343	91,653	
Strategic Communications	57,479	46,248	110,269	89,977	
Total revenues	\$512,098	\$444,715	\$1,009,872	\$891,059	
Adjusted Segment EBITDA					
Corporate Finance & Restructuring	\$35,777	\$20,048	\$70,581	\$30,373	
Forensic and Litigation Consulting	27,615	13,032	53,372	26,553	
Economic Consulting	15,472	15,509	34,608	35,619	
Technology	7,508	5,421	13,240	13,225	
Strategic Communications	10,967	4,876	20,819	9,133	
Total Adjusted Segment EBITDA	\$97,339	\$58,886	\$192,620	\$114,903	

The table below reconciles net income (loss) to Total Adjusted Segment EBITDA:

	Three Mo	Six Months Ended			
	Ended Jui	ne 30,	June 30,		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Net income (loss)	\$43,609	\$(5,156)	\$82,554	\$8,860	
Add back:					
Income tax provision	14,113	527	29,383	8,404	
Interest income and other	(2,474)	(1,592)	(674)	(2,197)	
Interest expense	6,583	6,250	12,827	12,051	
Unallocated corporate expenses	25,882	22,286	49,770	41,339	
Segment depreciation expense	7,574	6,783	14,438	13,999	
Amortization of intangible assets	2,052	2,422	4,322	4,915	
Segment special charges	_	26,830	_	26,830	
Remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent consideration	_	536	_	702	
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Total Adjusted Segment EBITDA \$97,339 \$58,886 \$192,620 \$114,903

15. Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Guarantor and Non-Guarantor Financial Information Substantially all domestic subsidiaries are guarantors of borrowings under our Credit Facility and 2022 Notes. The guarantees are full and unconditional and joint and several. Our guarantors are wholly owned, direct or indirect, subsidiaries.

The following financial information presents condensed consolidating balance sheets, statements of comprehensive income and statements of cash flows for FTI Consulting, all the guarantor subsidiaries, all the non-guarantor subsidiaries and the eliminations necessary to arrive at the consolidated information for FTI Consulting and its subsidiaries. For purposes of this presentation, we have accounted for our investments in our subsidiaries using the equity method of accounting. The principal eliminating entries eliminate investment in subsidiary and intercompany balances and transactions.

Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2018

	FTI	Guarantor	Non-Guarantor	Eliminations	Consolidated
	Consulting	Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Elilillations	Consondated
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$14,117	\$151	\$ 102,288	\$ —	\$ 116,556
Accounts receivable, net	194,004	194,976	218,475		607,455
Intercompany receivables		1,123,906		(1,123,906)	
Other current assets	33,030	24,765	25,630	_	83,425
Total current assets	241,151	1,343,798	346,393	(1,123,906)	807,436
Property and equipment, net	37,147	13,397	24,502		75,046
Goodwill	570,876	416,053	211,803		1,198,732
Other intangible assets, net	16,678	10,525	25,564	(13,388)	39,379
Investments in subsidiaries	2,199,577	491,143	_	(2,690,720)	
Other assets	34,322	64,889	37,608		136,819
Total assets	\$3,099,751	\$2,339,805	\$ 645,870	\$(3,828,014)	\$ 2,257,412
Liabilities					
Intercompany payables	\$1,117,874	\$ —	\$ 6,032	\$(1,123,906)	\$ <i>—</i>
Other current liabilities	123,468	124,473	104,363		352,304
Total current liabilities	1,241,342	124,473	110,395	(1,123,906)	352,304
Long-term debt, net	371,662				371,662
Other liabilities	210,946	11,407	35,292		257,645
Total liabilities	1,823,950	135,880	145,687	(1,123,906)	981,611
Stockholders' equity	1,275,801	2,203,925	500,183	(2,704,108)	1,275,801
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$3,099,751	\$2,339,805	\$ 645,870	\$(3,828,014)	\$ 2,257,412

Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2017

	FTI	Guarantor	Non-Guarantor	Eliminations	Consolidated
	Consulting	Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Elililliations	Consondated
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$10,186	\$159	\$ 179,616	\$—	\$ 189,961
Accounts receivable, net	155,124	156,859	210,895	_	522,878
Intercompany receivables	_	1,093,211	32,695	(1,125,906)	_
Other current assets	31,933	21,840	27,567		81,340
Total current assets	197,243	1,272,069	450,773	(1,125,906)	794,179
Property and equipment, net	39,137	13,572	22,366	_	75,075
Goodwill	570,876	416,053	217,874	_	1,204,803
Other intangible assets, net	18,426	11,251	29,441	(14,968)	44,150
Investments in subsidiaries	2,175,362	566,911	_	(2,742,273)	_
Other assets	34,454	60,566	44,014	_	139,034
Total assets	\$3,035,498	\$2,340,422	\$ 764,468	\$(3,883,147)	\$ 2,257,241
Liabilities					
Intercompany payables	\$1,125,906	\$—	\$ —	\$(1,125,906)	\$—
Other current liabilities	127,295	144,474	138,559	_	410,328
Total current liabilities	1,253,201	144,474	138,559	(1,125,906)	410,328
Long-term debt, net	396,284	_	_	_	396,284
Other liabilities	194,042	14,753	49,863	_	258,658
Total liabilities	1,843,527	159,227	188,422	(1,125,906)	1,065,270
Stockholders' equity	1,191,971	2,181,195	576,046	(2,757,241)	1,191,971
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$3,035,498	\$2,340,422	\$ 764,468	\$(3,883,147)	\$ 2,257,241

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2018

	FTI	Guarantor	Non-Guarantor	Elimination	•	Consolidat	ad
	Consulting	Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Elimination	118	Consonuat	ea
Revenues	\$187,569	\$159,288	\$ 166,503	\$ (1,262)	\$ 512,098	
Operating expenses							
Direct cost of revenues	115,751	110,665	105,334	(1,432)	330,318	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	53,472	30,494	33,797	134		117,897	
Amortization of other intangible assets	874	313	1,637	(772)	2,052	
	170,097	141,472	140,768	(2,070)	450,267	
Operating income	17,472	17,816	25,735	808		61,831	
Other income (expense)	(32,179)	(572)	5,642	23,000		(4,109)
Income (loss) before income tax provision	(14,707)	17,244	31,377	23,808		57,722	
Income tax provision	2,547	4,977	6,589	_		14,113	
Equity in net earnings of subsidiaries	60,863	32,779		(93,642)	_	
Net income	\$43,609	\$45,046	\$ 24,788	\$ (69,834)	\$ 43,609	
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax:							
Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax expense of \$0	\$—	\$—	\$ (23,683)	\$ <i>—</i>		\$ (23,683)
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	_		(23,683)	_		(23,683)
Comprehensive income	\$43,609	\$45,046	\$ 1,105	\$ (69,834)	\$ 19,926	

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2017

	FII	Guarantor	Non-Guarantor	Elimination	s Consolidated
	Consulting	Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Lillilliatioi	is Consolidated
Revenues	\$163,649	\$ 151,716	\$ 131,480	\$ (2,130) \$ 444,715
Operating expenses					
Direct cost of revenues	108,445	108,388	89,307	(2,069) 304,071
Selling, general and administrative expenses	45,908	31,730	30,542	(61) 108,119
Special charges	13,592	7,306	9,176	_	30,074
Amortization of other intangible assets	883	540	1,741	(742) 2,422
	168,828	147,964	130,766	(2,872) 444,686
Operating income (loss)	(5,179)	3,752	714	742	29
Other income (expense)	(5,361)	(71)	774		(4,658)
Income (loss) before income tax provision	(10,540)	3,681	1,488	742	(4,629)
Income tax provision (benefit)	(7,034)	4,219	3,342		527
Equity in net earnings of subsidiaries	(1,650)	(3,862)		5,512	
Net loss	\$(5,156)	\$ (4,400)	\$ (1,854)	\$ 6,254	\$ (5,156)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:					
Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax expense of \$0	\$—	\$—	\$ 10,174	\$ —	\$ 10,174
Other comprehensive income, net of tax			10,174	_	10,174
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$(5,156)	\$ (4,400)	\$ 8,320	\$ 6,254	\$ 5,018

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2018

	FTI	Guarantor	Non-Guarantor	Eliminations	Consolidated
	Consulting	Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Elililliations	Consolidated
Revenues	\$372,890	\$316,417	\$ 324,275	\$(3,710)	\$1,009,872
Operating expenses					
Direct cost of revenues	231,211	220,063	203,931	(3,770)	651,435
Selling, general and administrative expenses	104,153	59,474	66,374	24	230,025
Amortization of other intangible assets	1,748	727	3,427	(1,580)	4,322
	337,112	280,264	273,732	(5,326)	885,782
Operating income	35,778	36,153	50,543	1,616	124,090
Other income (expense)	(15,249)	(881)	3,977		(12,153)
Income before income tax provision	20,529	35,272	54,520	1,616	111,937
Income tax provision	6,917	11,017	11,449		29,383
Equity in net earnings of subsidiaries	68,942	67,567		(136,509)	_
Net income	\$82,554	\$91,822	\$ 43,071	\$(134,893)	\$82,554
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax:					
Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax expense of \$0	\$—	\$—	\$ (13,237)	\$—	\$(13,237)
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax		_	(13,237)	_	(13,237)
Comprehensive income	\$82,554	\$91,822	\$ 29,834	\$(134,893)	\$69,317

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2017

	FTI	Guarantor	Non-Guarantor	Elimination	20	Consolidated
	Consulting	Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Lillilliatioi	15	Consolidated
Revenues	\$315,456	\$ 322,742	\$ 257,583	\$ (4,722)	\$ 891,059
Operating expenses						
Direct cost of revenues	219,703	226,174	171,868	(4,602)	613,143
Selling, general and administrative expenses	91,706	63,109	61,114	(120)	215,809
Special charges	13,592	7,306	9,176	_		30,074
Amortization of other intangible assets	1,785	1,080	3,511	(1,461)	4,915
	326,786	297,669	245,669	(6,183)	863,941
Operating income (loss)	(11,330)	25,073	11,914	1,461		27,118
Other income (expense)	(10,613)	(498)	1,257			(9,854)
Income (loss) before income tax provision	(21,943)	24,575	13,171	1,461		17,264
Income tax provision (benefit)	(12,617)	15,137	5,884			8,404
Equity in net earnings of subsidiaries	18,186	4,711		(22,897)	_
Net income	\$8,860	\$ 14,149	\$ 7,287	\$ (21,436)	\$ 8,860
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:						
Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax expense of \$0	\$—	\$—	\$ 17,544	\$ <i>—</i>		\$ 17,544
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	_		17,544	_		17,544
Comprehensive income	\$8,860	\$ 14,149	\$ 24,831	\$ (21,436)	\$ 26,404

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows for the Six				2018 Non-Guaranto	antor _		
		σ		Subsidiaries	L	Consolidate	ed.
Operating activities	Comparin	0	5 a 5 5 a a a a a a a a a a	5 4 6 5 1 4 1 4 1 5 5			
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 37,040		\$ 65,711	\$ (137,336))	\$ (34,585)
Investing activities	, ,		. ,	, , ,		, ,	
Purchases of property and equipment	(4,376)	(5,181)	(6,663))	(16,220)
Other	39	ĺ		650		689	
Net cash used in investing activities	(4,337)	(5,181)	(6,013))	(15,531)
Financing activities		•	,	,		•	_
Repayments under revolving line of credit, net	(25,000)		_		(25,000)
Deposits			_	2,602		2,602	
Purchase and retirement of common stock	(14,220)	_	_		(14,220)
Net issuance of common stock under equity compensation	10.740					10.740	
plans	18,740		_	_		18,740	
Payments for acquisition-related contingent consideration	(500)	(2,529)			(3,029)
Intercompany transfers	(7,792)	(58,009)	65,801		_	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(28,772)	(60,538)	68,403		(20,907)
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	_			(2,382))	(2,382)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	3,931		(8)	(77,328))	(73,405)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	10,186		159	179,616		189,961	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 14,117		\$ 151	\$ 102,288		\$ 116,556	
Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows for the Six	Months Er	nd	led June 30, 2	2017			
	FTI		Guarantor	Non-Guaranto	r	Consolidate	ьd
	Consultin	ıg	Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries		Consondan	лu
Operating activities							
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$(56,917)	\$ 1,386	\$ (26,669))	\$ (82,200)
Investing activities							
Purchases of property and equipment)	(4,655)	(3,032))	(13,127)
Other	72		_			72	
Net cash used in investing activities	(5,368)	(4,655)	(3,032))	(13,055)
Financing activities							
Borrowings under revolving line of credit, net	115,000		_			115,000	
Deposits				3,262		3,262	
Purchase and retirement of common stock	(102,513)				(102,513)
Net issuance of common stock under equity compensation plans	(500)	_	_		(500)
Payments for acquisition-related contingent consideration	(79)				(79)
Intercompany transfers	18,070	_	3,271	(21,341))	_	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	29,978		3,271	(18,079)	15,170	
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents				2,438		2,438	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(32,307)	2)	(77,647)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	47,420	_	156	168,582		216,158	_
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$15,113		\$ 158	\$ 123,240		\$ 138,511	
20	•			·		,	

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following is a discussion and analysis of our consolidated financial condition, results of operations, liquidity and capital resources for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 and significant factors that could affect our prospective financial condition and results of operations. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes and with our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). In addition to historical information, the following discussion includes forward-looking statements based on current expectations that involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions, such as our plans, objectives, expectations and intentions. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements contained herein are reasonable, these expectations or any of the forward-looking statements could prove to be incorrect, and actual results could differ materially from those projected or assumed in the forward-looking statements.

BUSINESS OVERVIEW

FTI Consulting is a global business advisory firm dedicated to helping organizations manage change, mitigate risk and resolve disputes: financial, legal, operational, political and regulatory, reputational and transactional. Individually, each of our practices is staffed with experts recognized for the depth of their knowledge and a track record of making an impact. Collectively, FTI Consulting, Inc. ("FTI Consulting") offers a comprehensive suite of services designed to assist clients across the business cycle, from proactive risk management and rapid response to unexpected events and dynamic environments.

We report financial results for the following five reportable segments:

Our Corporate Finance & Restructuring ("Corporate Finance") segment focuses on the strategic, operational, financial and capital needs of our clients around the world and delivers a wide range of service offerings related to restructuring, business transformation and transaction support. Our restructuring practice includes corporate restructuring, including bankruptcy and interim management services. Our business transformation and transactions practices include financings, mergers and acquisitions ("M&A"), M&A integration, valuations and tax advice, as well as financial, operational and performance improvement services.

Our Forensic and Litigation Consulting ("FLC") segment provides law firms, companies, government clients and other interested parties with multidisciplinary, independent dispute advisory, investigations, data analytics, forensic accounting, business intelligence and risk mitigation services, as well as interim management and performance improvement services for our health solutions practice clients.

Our Economic Consulting segment provides law firms, companies, government entities and other interested parties with analysis of complex economic issues for use in legal, regulatory and international arbitration proceedings, strategic decision making and public policy debates in the United States ("U.S.") and around the world. Our Technology segment offers a comprehensive portfolio of information governance and electronic discovery ("e-discovery") software, services and consulting support to companies, law firms, courts and government agencies worldwide. Our services allow our clients to control the risk and expense of e-discovery events more confidently, as well as manage their data in the context of compliance and risk.

Our Strategic Communications segment designs and executes communications strategies for board of directors and management teams to help them seize opportunities, manage financial, regulatory and reputational challenges, navigate market disruptions, articulate their brand, stake a competitive position, and preserve and grow their operations.

We derive substantially all of our revenues from providing professional services to both U.S. and global clients. Most of our services are rendered under time and expense arrangements that obligate the client to pay us a fee for the hours that we incur at agreed-upon rates. Under this arrangement, we typically bill our clients for reimbursable expenses, which may include the cost of producing our work product and other direct expenses that we incur on behalf of the client, such as travel costs. We also render services for which certain clients may be required to pay us a fixed-fee or recurring retainer. These arrangements are generally cancelable at any time. Some of our engagements contain performance-based arrangements in which we earn a contingent or success fee when and if certain predefined outcomes occur. This type of success fee may supplement a time and expense or fixed-fee arrangement. Success fee revenues may cause variations in our revenues and operating results due to the timing of when achieving the

performance-based criteria becomes probable. Seasonal factors, such as the timing of our employees' and clients' vacations and holidays, may impact the timing of our revenues across our segments.

In our Technology segment, certain clients are billed based on the amount of data stored on our electronic systems, the volume of information processed or the number of users licensing our Ringtail® software products. We license certain products

directly to end users, as well as indirectly through our channel partner relationships. Unit-based revenues are defined as revenues billed on a per item, per page or some other unit-based method and include revenues from data processing and hosting, software usage and software licensing. Unit-based revenues include revenues associated with our proprietary software that are made available to customers, either via a web browser ("on-demand") or installed at our customer or partner locations ("on-premise"). On-demand revenues are charged on a unit or monthly basis and include, but are not limited to, processing and review related functions. On-premise revenues are composed of upfront license fees, with recurring support and maintenance.

Our financial results are primarily driven by:

the number, size and type of engagements we secure;

the rate per hour or fixed charges we charge our clients for services;

•the utilization rates of the revenue-generating professionals we employ;

the timing of revenue recognition related to revenues subject to certain performance-based contingencies;

the number of revenue-generating professionals;

dicensing of our software products and other technology services;

the types of assignments we are working on at different times;

the length of the billing and collection cycles; and

the geographic locations of our clients or locations in which services are rendered.

We define acquisition growth as revenues of acquired companies in the first 12 months following the effective date of an acquisition. Our definition of organic growth is the change in revenues, excluding the impact of all such acquisitions.

When significant, we identify the estimated impact of foreign currency translation ("FX") driven by our businesses with functional currencies other than the U.S. dollar ("USD"), on the period-to-period performance results. The estimated impact of FX is calculated as the difference between the prior period results multiplied by the average foreign currency exchange rates to USD in the current period and the prior period results, multiplied by the average foreign currency exchange rates to USD in the prior period.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

In the accompanying analysis of financial information, we sometimes use information derived from consolidated and segment financial information that may not be presented in our financial statements or prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the U.S. ("GAAP"). Certain of these financial measures are considered "not in conformity with GAAP" ("non-GAAP financial measures") under the SEC rules. Specifically, we have referred to the following non-GAAP financial measures:

Total Segment Operating Income

Adjusted EBITDA

Total Adjusted Segment EBITDA

Adjusted EBITDA Margin

Adjusted Net Income

Adjusted Earnings per Diluted Share

Free Cash Flow

We have included the definitions of Segment Operating Income (Loss) and Adjusted Segment EBITDA below in order to more fully define the components of certain non-GAAP financial measures in the accompanying analysis of financial information. As described in Note 14, "Segment Reporting" in Part I, Item 1, of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, we evaluate the performance of our operating segments based on Adjusted Segment EBITDA, and Segment Operating Income is a component of the definition of Adjusted Segment EBITDA.

We define Segment Operating Income (Loss), a GAAP financial measure, as a segment's share of consolidated operating income. We define Total Segment Operating Income, which is a non-GAAP financial measure, as the total of Segment Operating Income (Loss) for all segments, which excludes unallocated corporate expenses. We use Segment Operating Income (Loss) to calculate Adjusted Segment EBITDA. We define Adjusted Segment EBITDA, a GAAP financial measure, as a segment's share of consolidated operating income before depreciation, amortization of intangible assets, remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent consideration, special charges and goodwill impairment charges. We use Adjusted Segment EBITDA as a basis to internally evaluate the financial performance of our segments because we believe it reflects current core operating performance and provides an indicator of the segment's ability to generate cash. We define Adjusted EBITDA Margin as Adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of total revenues.

We define Total Adjusted Segment EBITDA, which is a non-GAAP financial measure, as the total of Adjusted Segment EBITDA for all segments, which excludes unallocated corporate expenses. We define Adjusted EBITDA, which is a non-GAAP financial measure, as consolidated net income (loss) before income tax provision, other non-operating income (expense), depreciation, amortization of intangible assets, remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent consideration, special charges, goodwill impairment charges and losses on early extinguishment of debt. We believe that these non-GAAP financial measures, which exclude the effects of remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent consideration, special charges, goodwill impairment charges and losses on early extinguishment of debt, when considered together with our GAAP financial results and GAAP financial measures, provide management and investors with a more complete understanding of our operating results, including underlying trends. In addition, EBITDA is a common alternative measure of operating performance used by many of our competitors. It is used by investors, financial analysts, rating agencies and others to value and compare the financial performance of companies in our industry. Therefore, we also believe that these measures, considered along with corresponding GAAP financial measures, provide management and investors with additional information for comparison of our operating results with the operating results of other companies.

We define Adjusted Net Income and Adjusted Earnings per Diluted Share ("Adjusted EPS"), which are non-GAAP financial measures, as net income (loss) and earnings (loss) per diluted share ("EPS"), respectively, excluding the impact of remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent consideration, special charges, goodwill impairment charges, losses on early extinguishment of debt and the impact of adopting the 2017 U.S. Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "2017 Tax Act"). We use Adjusted Net Income to calculate Adjusted EPS. Management uses Adjusted EPS to assess total Company operating performance on a consistent basis. We believe that this non-GAAP financial measure, which excludes the effects of the remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent consideration, special charges, goodwill impairment charges, losses on early extinguishment of debt and the impact of adopting the 2017 Tax Act, when considered together with our GAAP financial results, provides management and investors with an additional understanding of our business operating results, including underlying trends.

We define Free Cash Flow, which is a non-GAAP financial measure, as net cash provided by (used in) operating activities less cash payments for purchases of property and equipment. We believe this non-GAAP financial measure, when considered together with our GAAP financial results, provides management and investors with an additional understanding of the Company's ability to generate cash for ongoing business operations and other capital deployment. Non-GAAP financial measures are not defined in the same manner by all companies and may not be comparable with other similarly titled measures of other companies. Non-GAAP financial measures should be considered in addition to, but not as a substitute for or superior to, the information contained in our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income. Reconciliations of non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures are included elsewhere in this report.

EXECUTIVE HIGHLIGHTS

	Three months ended June 30, Six months ended June 30,							
	2018	2017	2018	2017				
	(dollar amour	nts in thousands,	(dollar amounts in thousands,					
	except per sha	are data)	except per share	e data)				
Revenues	\$ 512,098	\$ 444,715	\$ 1,009,872	\$ 891,059				
Special charges (1)	\$ —	\$ 30,074	\$	\$ 30,074				
Net income (loss)	\$ 43,609	\$ (5,156)	\$ 82,554	\$ 8,860				
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 72,371	\$ 40,788	\$ 144,665	\$ 79,107				
Earnings (loss) per common share — diluted	\$ 1.14	\$ (0.13)	\$ 2.18	\$ 0.22				
Adjusted earnings per common share — diluted	\$ 1.14	\$ 0.40	\$ 2.18	\$ 0.75				
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 34,615	\$ 10,887	\$ (34,585)	\$ (82,200)				
Total number of employees	4,608	4,629	4,608	4,629				

⁽¹⁾ Excluded from non-GAAP measures.

Second Quarter 2018 Executive Highlights

Revenues

Revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2018 increased \$67.4 million, or 15.2%, to \$512.1 million, as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2017. The increase included a 1.3% estimated positive impact from FX. Excluding the estimated impact from FX, revenues increased \$61.6 million, or 13.8%, as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2017. The increase in revenues was primarily driven by higher demand within the Corporate Finance, FLC, Strategic Communications and Economic Consulting segments.

On January 1, 2018, the Company adopted Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("ASC 606"), which changes the timing of when certain types of revenue will be recognized. Our adoption of the new standard had an immaterial transition impact on retained earnings as of January 1, 2018 and did not significantly impact our revenues during the three months ended June 30, 2018.

Special Charges

There were no special charges recorded during the three months ended June 30, 2018.

During the three months ended June 30, 2017, we recorded a special charge of \$30.1 million. The charge includes the impact of certain targeted reductions in areas of each segment where we needed to realign our workforce with then-current business demand and in certain corporate departments where we were able to streamline support activities. In addition, certain strategic actions were taken to reduce our future real estate costs. The special charge included the following components:

- \$16.1 million of employee severance and other employee-related costs.
- \$12.4 million of exit costs associated with the curtailment of our lease on our executive office in Washington, D.C.
- \$1.6 million of other expenses, including costs related to disposing or closing several small international offices.

The following table details the special charges by segment for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017:

Three months ended June 30, 202817 (in thousands)

Corporate Finance & Restructuring \$-\$3,049
Forensic and Litigation Consulting —10,445
Economic Consulting —5,910
Technology —3,827
Strategic Communications —3,599
Segment special charges —26,830
Unallocated Corporate —3,244
Total \$-\$30,074

Net income (loss)

Net income for the three months ended June 30, 2018 increased \$48.8 million to \$43.6 million, as compared to a loss of \$5.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017. This increase was due to the impact of higher operating profits driven by segment performance and a lower effective income tax rate. In addition, the three months ended June 30, 2017 included a pretax special charge of \$30.1 million related to headcount and real estate actions.

Adjusted EBITDA

Adjusted EBITDA for the three months ended June 30, 2018 increased \$31.6 million, or 77.4%, to \$72.4 million, as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2017. Adjusted EBITDA was 14.1% of revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared with 9.2% of revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2017. The increase in Adjusted EBITDA was primarily due to higher revenues and improved utilization largely within the Corporate Finance, FLC and Strategic Communications segments, partially offset by higher unallocated corporate expenses. EPS and Adjusted EPS

EPS for the three months ended June 30, 2018 increased \$1.27 to \$1.14 compared to a loss of \$0.13 for the three months ended June 30, 2017. The increase in EPS was due to the operating results described above, a lower effective income tax rate and lower weighted average shares outstanding resulting from repurchases under our stock repurchase program. In addition, loss per diluted share for the three months ended June 30, 2017 included a special charge, which reduced EPS by \$0.52.

Adjusted EPS, which excludes the impact of special charges, increased \$0.74 to \$1.14 for the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared with \$0.40 for the three months ended June 30, 2017.

Liquidity and capital allocation

Net cash provided by operating activities for the three months ended June 30, 2018 increased \$23.7 million to \$34.6 million compared with \$10.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017. The increase was primarily due to higher cash collections resulting from higher revenues, which was partially offset by higher income tax payments. Days sales outstanding ("DSO") of 101 days at June 30, 2018 compared to 103 days at June 30, 2017.

Free Cash Flow was an inflow of \$26.1 million and \$3.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The increase was primarily due to an increase in net cash provided by operating activities, as described above.

Headcount

Our total headcount decreased 0.02% from 4,609 at December 31, 2017 to 4,608 at June 30, 2018. The following table includes the net billable headcount additions (reductions) for the three months ended June 30, 2018:

Billable Headcount	Financ Restruc	e &	Litigati Consul	on	Econo Consu		Techn	ology	Strategi Commu	ic inications	Total
December 31, 2017	901		1,067		683		292		630		3,573
Additions (reductions), net	9		5		6		(4)	_		16
March 31, 2018	910		1,072		689		288		630		3,589
Additions (reductions), net	(39)	(7)	6		5		(2)	(37)
June 30, 2018	871		1,065		695		293		628		3,552
Percentage change in headcount from December 31, 2017	-3.3	%	-0.2	%	1.8	%	0.3	%	-0.3	%	-0.6 %

CONSOLIDATED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Segment and Consolidated Operating Results:

	Three Mor June 30,	nths Ended	Six Months Ended June 30,					
	2018	2017	2018	2017				
	(in thousar	nds, except per share data)						
Revenues								
Corporate Finance & Restructuring	\$141,355	\$117,487	\$284,277	\$223,388				
Forensic and Litigation Consulting	133,527	111,410	261,566	222,816				
Economic Consulting	133,308	124,004	266,417	263,225				
Technology	46,429	45,566	87,343	91,653				
Strategic Communications	57,479	46,248	110,269	89,977				
Total revenues	\$512,098	\$444,715	\$1,009,872	\$891,059				
Segment operating income (loss)								
Corporate Finance & Restructuring	\$34,041	\$15,447	\$67,252	\$24,196				
Forensic and Litigation Consulting	26,173	1,183	50,503	13,107				
Economic Consulting	14,024	8,008	31,672	26,510				
Technology	3,967	(1,568)	6,560	2,872				
Strategic Communications	9,508	(755)	17,873	1,772				
Total segment operating income	87,713	22,315	173,860	68,457				
Unallocated corporate expenses	(25,882)	(22,286)	(49,770)	(41,339)				
Operating income	61,831	29	124,090	27,118				
Other income (expense)								
Interest income and other	2,474	1,592	674	2,197				
Interest expense	(6,583)	(6,250)	(12,827)	(12,051)				
	(4,109)	(4,658)	(12,153)	(9,854)				
Income (loss) before income tax provision	57,722	(4,629)	111,937	17,264				
Income tax provision	14,113	527	29,383	8,404				
Net income (loss)	\$43,609	\$(5,156)	\$82,554	\$8,860				
Earnings (loss) per common share — basic	\$1.18	\$(0.13)	\$2.24	\$0.22				
Earnings (loss) per common share — dilute	e\$1.14	\$(0.13)	\$2.18	\$0.22				

Reconciliation of Net Income (Loss) to Adjusted EBITDA:

	Three Mo	onths	Six Months Ended			
	Ended Jun	ne 30,	June 30,			
	2018 2017		2018	2017		
	(in thousa	ınds)	(in thousands)			
Net income (loss)	\$43,609	\$(5,156)	\$82,554	\$8,860		
Add back:						
Income tax provision	14,113	527	29,383	8,404		
Interest income and other	(2,474)	(1,592)	(674)	(2,197)		
Interest expense	6,583	6,250	12,827	12,051		
Depreciation and amortization	8,488	7,727	16,253	16,298		
Amortization of other intangible assets	2,052	2,422	4,322	4,915		
Special charges	_	30,074	_	30,074		
Remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent consideration	_	536	_	702		
Adjusted EBITDA	\$72,371	\$40,788	\$144,665	\$79,107		

Reconciliation of Net Income (Loss) and Earnings (Loss) per Diluted Share to Adjusted Net Income and Adjusted EPS:

	Three M	onths	Six Months Ende			
	Ended Ju	ine 30,	June 30,			
	2018	2017	2018	2017		
	(in thous	ands,	(in thous	ands,		
	except p	er share	except p	er share		
	data)		data)			
Net income (loss)	\$43,609	\$(5,156)	\$82,554	\$8,860		
Add back:						
Special charges		30,074	_	30,074		
Tax impact of special charges		(9,103)		(9,103)	
Remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent consideration	_	536	_	702		
Tax impact of remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent consideration	_	(204)	_	(269)	
Adjusted net income	\$43,609	\$16,147	\$82,554	\$30,264	Į.	
Earnings (loss) per common share — diluted	\$1.14	\$(0.13)	\$2.18	\$0.22		
Add back:						
Special charges		0.75	_	0.74		
Tax impact of special charges		(0.23)		(0.22))	
Remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent consideration	_	0.01	_	0.02		
Tax impact of remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent consideration	_	_	_	(0.01)	
Adjusted earnings per common share — diluted	\$1.14	\$0.40	\$2.18	\$0.75		
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding — diluté₩	38,271	39,932	37,942	40,502		

For the three months ended June 30, 2017, the Company reported a net loss. For the period, the basic weighted average common shares outstanding equals the diluted weighted average common shares outstanding for purposes of calculating earnings per share because potentially dilutive securities would be antidilutive. For non-GAAP purposes, Adjusted EPS and diluted weighted average number of common shares outstanding presented herein reflect the impact of inclusion of share-based awards that are considered dilutive based on the impact of the add-backs included in Adjusted Net Income above.

Reconciliation of Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities to Free Cash Flow:

Three Months Six Months Ended Ended June 30. June 30. 2018 2017 2018 2017 (in thousands) (in thousands) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities \$34,615 \$10,887 \$(34,585) \$(82,200) Purchases of property and equipment (8,540) (7,296) (16,220) (13,127) Free Cash Flow \$26,075 \$3,591 \$(50,805) \$(95,327)

Three Months Ended June 30, 2018 Compared with Three Months Ended June 30, 2017 Revenues and operating income

See "Segment Results" for an expanded discussion of revenues, gross profit and selling, general and administrative ("SG&A") expenses.

Unallocated corporate expenses

Unallocated corporate expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2018 increased \$3.6 million, or 16.1%, to \$25.9 million compared to \$22.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017. Excluding the impact of special charges of \$3.2 million recorded in 2017, unallocated corporate expenses increased \$6.8 million, or 35.9%. The increase was primarily due to higher incentive compensation and higher costs for regional business development personnel and initiatives, as well as higher legal expenses.

Interest income and other

Interest income and other, which includes FX gains and losses, increased \$0.9 million to \$2.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared with \$1.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017. The increase was primarily due to net unrealized FX gains, which was \$2.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared with a \$0.7 million gain for the three months ended June 30, 2017. This increase was partially offset by a loss on sale of investment of \$0.4 million in the second quarter of 2018. Transaction gains and losses, both realized and unrealized, relate to the remeasurement or settlement of monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in a currency other than an entity's functional currency. These monetary assets and liabilities include cash, as well as third-party and intercompany receivables and payables.

Interest expense

Interest expense for the three months ended June 30, 2018 increased \$0.3 million to \$6.6 million compared to \$6.3 million for three months ended June 30, 2017.

Income tax provision

The effective income tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2018 was 24.4% compared with (11.4)% for the three months ended June 30, 2017. For the three months ended June 30, 2017, we generated a loss before income tax provision as a result of a pretax special charge of \$30.1 million, which yielded a negative effective tax rate. Excluding the impact of the special charge, the effective tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2017 was 37.8%.

The 2018 rate was favorably impacted by reductions in the U.S. income tax rate as a result of the 2017 Tax Act and a favorable discrete tax adjustment reflecting changes in certain state tax laws.

Six Months Ended June 30, 2018 Compared with Six Months Ended June 30, 2017

Revenues and operating income

See "Segment Results" for an expanded discussion of revenues, gross profit and SG&A expense.

Unallocated corporate expenses

Unallocated corporate expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2018 increased \$8.4 million, or 20.4%, to \$49.8 million compared to \$41.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017. Excluding the impact of special charges of \$3.2 million recorded in 2017, unallocated corporate expenses increased \$11.7 million, or 30.6%. The increase was primarily due to

higher incentive compensation and higher costs for regional business development personnel and initiatives, as well as higher legal expenses.

Interest income and other

Interest income and other, which includes FX gains and losses, decreased \$1.5 million to \$0.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018 compared with \$2.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017. The decrease was primarily due to net unrealized FX losses, which were \$0.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018 compared with a \$0.3 million gain for the six months ended June 30, 2017. Additionally, the decrease was due to loss on sale of investment of \$0.6 million in the second quarter of 2018. Transaction gains and losses, both realized and unrealized, relate to the remeasurement or settlement of monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in a currency other than an entity's functional currency. These monetary assets and liabilities include cash, as well as third-party and intercompany receivables and payables.

Interest expense

Interest expense for the six months ended June 30, 2018 increased \$0.8 million to \$12.8 million compared to \$12.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017.

Income tax provision

The effective income tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2018 was 26.3% compared with 48.7% for the six months ended June 30, 2017. Our effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2017 was unfavorably impacted by non-deductible foreign losses on lower income before income taxes. Excluding the impact of a special charge, the effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2017 was 37.0%.

The 2018 rate was favorably impacted by reductions in the U.S. income tax rate as a result of the 2017 Tax Act and a favorable discrete tax adjustment reflecting changes in certain state tax laws.

SEGMENT RESULTS

Total Adjusted Segment EBITDA

We evaluate the performance of our operating segments based on Adjusted Segment EBITDA. We define Total Adjusted Segment EBITDA, which is a non-GAAP financial measure, as the total of Adjusted Segment EBITDA for all segments, which excludes unallocated corporate expenses. The following table reconciles Net Income (Loss) to Total Adjusted Segment EBITDA for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017:

	Three Mo		Six Months Ended			
	Ended Jur	ne 30,	June 30,			
	2018	2017	2018	2017		
	(in thousa	nds)	(in thousan	ds)		
Net income (loss)	\$43,609	\$(5,156)	\$82,554	\$8,860		
Add back:						
Income tax provision	14,113	527	29,383	8,404		
Interest income and other	(2,474)	(1,592)	(674)	(2,197)		
Interest expense	6,583	6,250	12,827	12,051		
Unallocated corporate expenses (1)	25,882	22,286	49,770	41,339		
Total segment operating income	87,713	22,315	173,860	68,457		
Add back:						
Segment depreciation expense	7,574	6,783	14,438	13,999		
Amortization of other intangible assets	2,052	2,422	4,322	4,915		
Segment special charges		26,830	_	26,830		
Remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent consideration	_	536	_	702		
Total Adjusted Segment EBITDA	\$97,339	\$58,886	\$192,620	\$114,903		

(1) Includes a \$3.2 million special charge for targeted reductions in certain corporate departments that took place in the three and six months ended June 30, 2017.

Other Segment Operating Data

		Ionth une 3	_	Six Months Ended June 30,				
	2018	3	2017	'	2018	;	2017	'
Number of revenue-generating professionals:								
(at period end)								
Corporate Finance & Restructuring	871		881		871		881	
Forensic and Litigation Consulting	1,065		1,070	C	1,065		1,070	
Economic Consulting	695		652		695		652	
Technology (1)	293		301		293		301	
Strategic Communications	628		659		628		659	
Total revenue-generating professionals	3,552		3,563		3,552		3,563	
Utilization rates of billable professionals: (2)								
Corporate Finance & Restructuring	67	%	60	%	69	%	60	%
Forensic and Litigation Consulting	67	%	60	%	67	%	60	%
Economic Consulting	69	69 %		%	70	%	70	%
Average billable rate per hour: (3)								
Corporate Finance & Restructuring	\$458		\$403		\$450		\$390	
Forensic and Litigation Consulting	\$340		\$310		\$334		\$320	
Economic Consulting	\$534		\$542	2	\$538		\$548	

The number of revenue-generating professionals for the Technology segment excludes as-needed professionals who we employ based on demand for the segment's services. We employed an average of 255 as-needed employees during the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared with 392 as-needed employees during the three months ended June 30, 2017.

We calculate the utilization rate for our billable professionals by dividing the number of hours that all of our billable professionals worked on client assignments during a period by the total available working hours for all of our billable professionals during the same period. Available hours are determined by the standard hours worked by

- each employee, adjusted for part-time hours, local country standard work weeks and local country holidays. Available working hours include vacation and professional training days, but exclude holidays. Utilization rates are presented for our segments that primarily bill clients on an hourly basis. We have not presented utilization rates for our Technology and Strategic Communications segments as most of the revenues of these segments are not generated on an hourly basis.
 - For engagements where revenues are based on number of hours worked by our billable professionals, average billable rate per hour is calculated by dividing revenues (excluding revenues from success fees, pass-through
- (3) revenues and outside consultants) for a period by the number of hours worked on client assignments during the same period. We have not presented average billable rates per hour for our Technology and Strategic Communications segments as most of the revenues of these segments are not based on billable hours.

CORPORATE FINANCE & RESTRUCTURING

	Three Months Ended June Six Months Ended June 30, 30,							ie
	2018	2017	2018 2017					
					(dollars in thousands,			
	*	-	except rate per hour)					
Revenues	except rate per hour) \$141,355 \$117,487				\$284,277	•	\$223,388	
Percentage change in revenues from prior year	20.3		-11.1		27.3		-13.8	%
Operating expenses	_0.0	, .		, c		, 0	10.0	, 0
Direct cost of revenues	84,429		77,078		171,032		151,743	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	22,102		21,129		44,419		42,821	
Special charges			3,049				3,049	
Amortization of other intangible assets	783		784		1,574		1,579	
C	107,314		102,040		217,025		199,192	
Segment operating income	34,041		15,447		67,252		24,196	
Percentage change in segment operating income from prior year	120.4	%	-49.3	%	177.9	%	-60.0	%
Add back:								
Depreciation and amortization of intangible assets	1,736		1,552		3,329		3,128	
Special charges	_		3,049		_		3,049	
Adjusted Segment EBITDA	\$35,777		\$20,048		\$70,581		\$30,373	
Gross profit (1)	\$56,926		\$40,409		\$113,245	5	\$71,645	
Percentage change in gross profit from prior year	40.9	%	-21.2	%	58.1	%	-30.4	%
Gross profit margin (2)	40.3	%	34.4	%	39.8	%	32.1	%
Adjusted Segment EBITDA as a percent of revenues	25.3	%	17.1	%	24.8	%	13.6	%
Number of revenue-generating professionals (at period end)	871		881		871		881	
Percentage change in number of revenue-generating professionals from prior year	-1.1	%	3.3	%	-1.1	%	3.3	%
Utilization rates of billable professionals	67	%	60	%	69	%	60	%
Average billable rate per hour	\$458		\$403		\$450		\$390	

⁽¹⁾ Revenues less direct cost of revenues

Three Months Ended June 30, 2018 Compared with Three Months Ended June 30, 2017

Revenues increased \$23.9 million, or 20.3%, to \$141.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018, which included a 3.9% positive impact from a prior period acquisition. Excluding the estimated impact of acquisition-related revenues, the revenue increase was driven by increased demand for our restructuring services in North America and EMEA, and higher realization due to mix of client engagements and staffing across restructuring services and business transformation and transaction services in North America and EMEA.

Gross profit increased \$16.5 million, or 40.9%, to \$56.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018. Gross profit margin increased 5.9 percentage points for the three months ended June 30, 2018. This was primarily due to increased utilization because of higher demand along with higher realization in our global restructuring services and business transformation and transaction services.

SG&A expenses increased \$1.0 million, or 4.6%, to \$22.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018. SG&A expenses were 15.6% of revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared with 18.0% of revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2017.

⁽²⁾ Gross profit as a percent of revenues

Six Months Ended June 30, 2018 Compared with Six Months Ended June 30, 2017

Revenues increased \$60.9 million, or 27.3%, to \$284.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018, which included a 1.6% estimated positive impact from FX and a 4.2% positive impact from a prior period acquisition. Excluding the estimated positive impact of FX and acquisition-related revenues, revenues increased \$47.8 million, or 21.4%. The revenue increase was largely driven by increased demand for our global restructuring services and our business transformation and transaction services, primarily in North America, along with higher realization due to mix of client engagements and staffing globally.

Gross profit increased \$41.6 million, or 58.1%, to \$113.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018. Gross profit margin increased 7.7 percentage points for the six months ended June 30, 2018. This was primarily due to increased utilization because of higher demand along with higher realization in our global restructuring services and business transformation and transaction services.

SG&A expenses increased \$1.6 million, or 3.7%, to \$44.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018. SG&A expenses were 15.6% of revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2018 compared with 19.2% of revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2017. The increase in SG&A expenses was primarily due to higher bad debt expense.

FORENSIC AND LITIGATION CONSULTING

					Six Months Ended June 30,			
	·		2018		2017			
				(dollars in thousands,				
	•				except rate per hour)			
Revenues	1 ,			\$261,566	5	\$222,816		
Percentage change in revenues from prior year	19.9	%	-5.7	%	17.4	%	-6.1	%
Operating expenses								
Direct cost of revenues	83,660		77,360		164,437		154,238	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	23,383		22,050		45,916		44,230	
Special charges			10,445		_		10,445	
Amortization of other intangible assets	311		372		710		796	
	107,354		110,227		211,063		209,709	
Segment operating income	26,173		1,183		50,503		13,107	
Percentage change in segment operating income from prior year	NM (3)		-90.1	%	285.3	%	-56.5	%
Add back:								
Depreciation and amortization of intangible assets	1,442		1,404		2,869		3,001	
Special charges	_		10,445		_		10,445	
Adjusted Segment EBITDA	\$27,615		\$13,032		\$53,372		\$26,553	
Gross profit (1)	\$49,867		\$34,050		\$97,129		\$68,578	
Percentage change in gross profit from prior year	46.5	%	-7.3	%	41.6	%	-9.3	%
Gross profit margin (2)	37.3	%	30.6	%	37.1	%	30.8	%
Adjusted Segment EBITDA as a percent of revenues	20.7	%	11.7	%	20.4	%		