APPLIED MATERIALS INC/DE

Form 10-O February 21, 2019 **Table of Contents**

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

to

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-O

(Mark One)

$\mathsf{p}_{1934}^{\mathsf{QUARTERLY}}$ REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF

For the quarterly period ended January 27, 2019

..TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF

1934

For the transition period from

Commission File Number 000-06920

Applied Materials, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter) Delaware 94-1655526 (State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

3050 Bowers Avenue, 95052-8039

P.O. Box 58039

Santa Clara, California (Zip Code)

(Address of principal executive offices)

(408) 727-5555

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past

90 days. Yes b No .

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes b

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer b Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer " Smaller reporting company "

Emerging growth company "

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes " No $\,$ b

Number of shares outstanding of the issuer's common stock as of January 27, 2019: 949,392,609

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

APPLIED MATERIALS, INC.

CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(In millions, except per share amounts)

Three Months

Ended

January Lanuary 28,

2019 2018

	(Unaudited)		
Net sales	\$3,753	\$ 4,205	
Cost of products sold	2,088	2,265	
Gross profit	1,665	1,940	
Operating expenses:			
Research, development and engineering	516	489	
Marketing and selling	131	126	
General and administrative	110	110	
Total operating expenses	757	725	
Income from operations	908	1,215	
Interest expense	60	59	
Interest and other income, net	40	27	
Income before income taxes	888	1,183	
Provision for income taxes	117	1,018	
Net income	\$771	\$ 165	
Earnings per share:			
Basic	\$0.81	\$ 0.16	
Diluted	\$0.80	\$ 0.15	
Weighted average number of shares:			
Basic	957	1,056	

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements.

965

1,071

3

Diluted

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APPLIED MATERIALS, INC.

CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In millions)

Three Months
Ended
JanuaryJ2ffuary 28,
2019 2018

Net income (Unaudited) \$771 \$ 165

Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:

Change in unrealized gain (losses) on available-for-sale investments 5 6
Change in unrealized net loss on derivative instruments (17) (19)
Change in defined and postretirement benefit plans — (2)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax (12) (15)
Comprehensive income \$759 \$ 150

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements.

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APPLIED MATERIALS, INC. CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS (In millions)

(III IIIIIIIIII)	January 2 2019	7October 28 2018	8,
ASSETS Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$3,192	\$ 3,440	
Short-term investments	520	590	
Accounts receivable, net	2,444	2,323	
Inventories	3,703	3,721	
Other current assets	426	530	
Total current assets	10,285	10,604	
Long-term investments	1,588	1,568	
Property, plant and equipment, net	1,456	1,407	
Goodwill	3,368	3,368	
Purchased technology and other intangible assets, net	199	213	
Deferred income taxes and other assets	2,026	473	
Total assets	\$18,922	\$ 17,633	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$2,420	\$ 2,721	
Contract liabilities	1,356	1,201	
Total current liabilities	3,776	3,922	
Income taxes payable	1,303	1,254	
Long-term debt	5,310	5,309	
Other liabilities	324	303	
Total liabilities	10,713	10,788	
Stockholders' equity:			
Common stock	9	10	
Additional paid-in capital	7,265	7,274	
Retained earnings	23,032	•	
Treasury stock	(21,943)	(21,194)

Amounts as of January 27, 2019 are unaudited. Amounts as of October 28, 2018 are derived from the October 28, 2018 audited consolidated financial statements.

(154

8,209

) (125

\$18,922 \$17,633

6,845

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements.

Accumulated other comprehensive loss

Total liabilities and stockholders' equity

Total stockholders' equity

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APPLIED MATERIALS, INC CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (In millions)

Three Months Ended January 27, 2019	Stock Share	ζ	Additiona Paid-In t Capital	Retained Earnings		ury Stock sAmount	Accumulat Other Comprehen Income (Loss)		′eTotal	
	(Una	udited)								
Balance as of October 28, 2018	967	\$ 10	\$ 7,274	\$20,880	1,019	\$(21,194)	\$ (125)	\$6,845	1
Adoption of new accounting standards (a)		_	_	1,570	_	_	(17)	1,553	
Net income	_			771	_				771	
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax		_	_	_	_	_	(12)	(12)
Dividends declared (\$0.20 per common share)		_	_	(189)	_	_	_		(189)
Share-based compensation			65	_			_		65	
Issuance under stock plans	4	_	(74)	_	_		_		(74)
Common stock repurchases	(22)	(1)			22	(749)			(750)
Balance as of January 27, 2019	949	\$ 9	\$ 7,265	\$23,032	1,041	\$(21,943)	\$ (154)	\$8,209	!

⁽a) - Represents the reclassification adjustment related to the adoption of Accounting Standard Update (ASU) 2016-01 Financial Instruments-Overall (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities and ASU 2016-16 Income Tax (Topic 740): Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets Other Than Inventory. See Note 1.

Comm	on			Tro	neury Stook	Accumula	ated		
Stock Additional Retained		116	asury Stock	Other					
		Paid-In	Earnings			Compreh	ensi	veTotal	
Shares	Amoun	t Capital	(b)	Sha	r e smount	Income			
						(Loss)			
(Unauc	dited)								
1,060	\$ 11	\$ 7,056	\$18,539	917	\$(15,912)	\$ (64)	\$9,630	
	_	_	165	_	_	_		165	
	_		_	_	_	(15)	(15)	
			(105)					(105)	
			(103)					(103)	
		65		—				65	
5		(141) —	_	_	_		(141)	
(15)				15	(782)	_		(782)	
1,050	\$ 11	\$ 6,980	\$18,599	932	\$(16,694)	\$ (79)	\$8,817	
	Stock Shares (Unaud 1,060 — — — 5 (15)	(Unaudited) 1,060 \$ 11	Stock Additional Paid-In Shares Amount Capital (Unaudited) 1,060 \$ 11 \$ 7,056	Stock Additional Retained Paid-In Earnings Shares Amount Capital (b) (Unaudited) 1,060 \$ 11 \$ 7,056 \$ 18,539 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Stock Additional Retained Paid-In Earnings Shares Amount Capital (b) Sha (Unaudited) 1,060 \$ 11 \$ 7,056 \$ 18,539 917 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Stock Additional Retained Paid-In Earnings Shares Amount Capital (b) Share Amount (Unaudited) 1,060 \$ 11 \$ 7,056 \$ 18,539 \$ 917 \$ (15,912) — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Stock Additional Retained Paid-In Earnings Treasury Stock Other Compreh Compreh Compreh Compreh Compreh Class) Shares Amount Capital (b) Shares mount Income (Loss) (Unaudited) 1,060 \$ 11 \$ 7,056 \$ 18,539 \$ 917 \$ (15,912) \$ (64 (15 (15 (15 (15 (105 (15 (15 (141 - (15 (15 (15 (15 (15 - (141 - (15 (15 - (15 (15 - (15 - (15 (15 -	Stock Additional Retained Paid-In Earnings Treasury Stock Other Comprehensi Comprehensi Income (Loss) Shares Amount Capital (b) Shares Amount Income (Loss) (Unaudited) 1,060 \$ 11 \$ 7,056 \$ 18,539 \$ 917 \$ (15,912) \$ (64) (64) — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Stock Additional Retained Paid-In Earnings Treasury Stock Other Comprehensivational Comprehensivational Comprehensivational Income (Loss) (Unaudited) 1,060 \$ 11 \$ 7,056 \$ 18,539 \$ 917 \$ (15,912) \$ (64) \$ 9,630 \$

⁽b) - Retained earnings balance as of October 29, 2017 included adjustment of \$281 million related to the adoption of the standard related to revenue recognition.

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements.

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APPLIED MATERIALS, INC. CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In millions)

	Three M Ended January 2019	Aonths 27Anuary 2 2018	28,
	(Unaudi	ited)	
Cash flows from operating activities:	4.771	A 165	
Net income	\$771	\$ 165	
Adjustments required to reconcile net income to cash provided by operating activities:	0.0	440	
Depreciation and amortization	88	119	
Share-based compensation	65	65	
Deferred income taxes	41	32	
Other	1	_	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	. ,	156	
Inventories	18	(211)
Other current and non-current assets	76	78	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(127)
Contract liabilities	155	350	
Income taxes payable	41	807	
Other liabilities	12	32	
Cash provided by operating activities	834	1,466	
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Capital expenditures	(133)	(203)
Cash paid for acquisitions, net of cash acquired		(5)
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	464	1,944	
Purchases of investments	(397)) (384)
Cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(66)	1,352	
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Common stock repurchases	(750)) (782)
Tax withholding payments for vested equity awards	(74)	(141)
Payments of dividends to stockholders	(192)	(106)
Cash used in financing activities	(1,016)	(1,029)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(248)	1,789	
Cash and cash equivalents — beginning of period	3,440	5,010	
Cash and cash equivalents — end of period	\$3,192	\$ 6,799	
Supplemental cash flow information:			
Cash payments for income taxes	\$34	\$ 78	
Cash refunds from income taxes	\$8	\$ 40	
Cash payments for interest	\$34	\$ 34	

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements.

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APPLIED MATERIALS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

Note 1 Basis of Presentation

Basis of Presentation

In the opinion of management, the unaudited interim consolidated condensed financial statements of Applied Materials, Inc. and its subsidiaries (Applied or the Company) included herein have been prepared on a basis consistent with the October 28, 2018 audited consolidated financial statements and include all material adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, necessary to fairly present the information set forth therein. These unaudited interim consolidated condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in Applied's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 28, 2018 (2018 Form 10-K). Applied's results of operations for the three months ended January 27, 2019 are not necessarily indicative of future operating results. Applied's fiscal year ends on the last Sunday in October of each year. Fiscal 2019 and 2018 each contain 52 weeks, and the first three months of fiscal 2019 and 2018 each contained 13 weeks.

At the beginning of the first quarter of fiscal 2019, Applied adopted the new revenue recognition standard using the full retrospective method. All financial statements and disclosures have been recast to comply with this new guidance. See "Recent Accounting Pronouncements - Accounting Standards Adopted" section below for further information. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates. On an ongoing basis, Applied evaluates its estimates, including those related to standalone selling price (SSP) related to revenue recognition, accounts receivable and sales allowances, fair values of financial instruments, inventories, intangible assets and goodwill, useful lives of intangible assets and property and equipment, fair values of share-based awards, and income taxes, among others. Applied bases its estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities.

Changes to Significant Accounting Policies

Applied adopted various amended guidance during the first quarter of fiscal 2019. The following accounting policies have been updated as part of the adoption of the new standards.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Applied maintains an allowance for doubtful accounts for estimated losses resulting from the inability of its customers to make required payments. This allowance is based on historical experience, credit evaluations, specific customer collection history and any customer-specific issues Applied has identified. Changes in circumstances, such as an unexpected material adverse change in a major customer's ability to meet its financial obligation to Applied or its payment trends, may require Applied to further adjust its estimates of the recoverability of amounts due to Applied. Bad debt expense and any reversals are recorded in marketing and selling expenses in the Consolidated Condensed Statement of Operations.

Sales and Value Added Taxes

Taxes collected from customers and remitted to governmental authorities are presented on a net basis in the accompanying Consolidated Condensed Statements of Operations.

Shipping and Handling Costs

Applied accounts for shipping and handling activities related to contracts with customers as costs to fulfill our promise to transfer the associated products. Accordingly, amounts billed for shipping and handling costs are recorded as a component of net sales and costs as a component of cost of products sold.

Warranty

Applied provides for the estimated cost of warranty when revenue is recognized. Estimated warranty costs are determined by analyzing specific product, current and historical configuration statistics and regional warranty support costs. Applied's warranty obligation is affected by product and component failure rates, material usage and labor costs incurred in correcting product failures during the warranty period. If actual warranty costs differ substantially from Applied's estimates, revisions to the estimated warranty liability would be required.

APPLIED MATERIALS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Applied also sells extended warranty contracts to its customers which provide an extension of the standard warranty coverage period of up to 2 years. Applied receives payment at the inception of the contract and recognizes revenue ratably over the extended warranty coverage period, as the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits of the extended warranty.

Revenue Recognition from Contracts with Customers

Applied recognizes revenue when promised goods or services are transferred to a customer in an amount that reflects the consideration to which Applied expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Applied determines revenue recognition through the following five steps; (1) identification of the contract(s) with customers, (2) identification of the performance obligations in the contract, (3) determination of the transaction price, (4) allocation of the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract, and (5) recognition of revenue when, or as, a performance obligation is satisfied.

Identifying the contract(s) with customers. Applied sells manufacturing equipment, services, and spare parts directly to its customers in the semiconductor, display, and related industries. The Company generally considers written documentation including, but not limited to, signed purchase orders, master agreements, and sales orders as contracts provided that collection is probable. Collectability is assessed based on the customer's creditworthiness determined by reviewing the customer's published credit and financial information, historical payment experience, as well as other relevant factors.

Identifying the performance obligations. Applied's performance obligations include delivery of manufacturing equipment, service agreements, spare parts, installation, extended warranty and training. Applied's service agreements are considered one performance obligation and may include multiple goods and services that we provide to the customer to deliver against a performance metric. Judgment is used to determine whether multiple promised goods or services in a contract should be accounted for separately or as a group.

Determine the transaction price. The transaction price for Applied's contracts with customers may include fixed and variable consideration. Applied includes variable consideration in the transaction price to the extent that it is probable that a significant reversal of revenue will not occur when the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations. A contract's transaction price is allocated to each distinct performance obligation identified within the contract. Applied generally estimates the standalone selling price of a distinct performance obligation based on historical cost plus an appropriate margin. For contracts with multiple performance obligations, Applied allocates the contract's transaction price to each performance obligation using the relative standalone selling price of each distinct good or service in the contract.

Recognizing the revenue as performance obligations are satisfied. Applied recognizes revenue from equipment and spares parts at a point in time when Applied has satisfied its performance obligation by transferring control of the goods to the customer which typically occurs at shipment or delivery. Revenue from service agreements is recognized over time as customers receive the benefits of services.

The incremental costs to obtain a contract are not material.

Payment Terms. Payment terms vary by contract. Generally, the majority of payments are due within a certain number of days from shipment of goods or performance of service. The remainder is typically due upon customer technical acceptance. Applied typically receives deposits on future deliverables from customers in the Display and Adjacent Markets segment and, in certain instances, may also receive deposits from customers in the Applied Global Services segment. Applied's payment terms do not generally contain a significant financing component. Investments

All of Applied's investments, except equity investments held in privately-held companies, are classified as available-for-sale at the respective balance sheet dates. Investments classified as available-for-sale are measured and recorded at fair value with changes in fair value recorded in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of

Operations. Interest earned on cash and investments, as well as realized gains and losses on sale of securities, are included in interest and other income, net in the accompanying Consolidated Condensed Statements of Operations. Equity investments without readily determinable fair value are measured at cost, less impairment, adjusted by observable price changes. Adjustments resulting from impairments and observable prices changes will be recorded in the accompanying Consolidated Condensed Statements of Operations.

APPLIED MATERIALS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Accounting Standards Adopted

Retirement Benefits. In March 2017, the FASB issued authoritative guidance which requires companies to present the service cost component of net benefit cost in the same line items in which they report compensation cost. The other components of net benefit cost are required to be presented in the income statement separately from the service cost component and outside a subtotal of income from operations, if one is presented. Applied adopted this guidance in the first quarter of fiscal 2019 on a retrospective basis. The adoption of this guidance resulted in reclassification of other components of net benefit costs outside of income from operations and did not have a significant impact on Applied's consolidated financial statements.

Business Combinations. In January 2017, the FASB issued authoritative guidance that clarifies the definition of a business to help companies evaluate whether acquisition or disposal transactions should be accounted for as asset groups or as businesses. Applied adopted this guidance in the first quarter of fiscal 2019 on a prospective basis. The impact of the adoption depends on the facts and circumstances of future acquisition or disposal transactions. Income Taxes: Intra-Entity Asset Transfers. In October 2016, the FASB issued authoritative guidance that changed the tax accounting for intra-entity transfers of assets other than inventory. After adoption, the income tax effect of intra-entity transfers is realized at the time of the transfer instead of over the life of the asset. Applied adopted this guidance in the first quarter of fiscal 2019 using a modified retrospective approach, resulting in a cumulative effect adjustment to retained earnings. Upon adoption, deferred tax assets increased by \$1.6 billion related to the estimated income tax effects of future amortization of intra-entity intangible asset transfers, with an offset to retained earnings. Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments. In August 2016, the FASB issued authoritative guidance which addresses classification of certain cash receipts and cash payments related to the statement of cash flows. Effective in the first quarter of fiscal 2019, Applied adopted the authoritative guidance retrospectively. The adoption of this guidance did not have a significant impact and only impacts disclosures in Applied's consolidated condensed statements of cash flow.

Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement. In January 2016, the FASB issued authoritative guidance that requires equity investments that do not result in consolidation, and are not accounted for under the equity method, to be measured at fair value, and requires recognition of any changes in fair value in net income unless the investments qualify for a new measurement alternative. For financial liabilities measured at fair value, the change in fair value caused by a change in instrument-specific credit risk will be required to be presented separately in other comprehensive income. Applied adopted this standard in the first quarter of fiscal year 2019. Upon adoption, Applied elected to apply the measurement alternative for equity investments without readily determinable fair value. Under the alternative, Applied measures investments without readily determinable fair value at cost, less impairment, adjusted by observable price changes prospectively to all equity investments that exist as of adoption and will reassess at each reporting period whether an investment qualifies for the alternative. Adopting this standard required Applied to record a cumulative net increase to retained earnings of approximately \$21 million with the corresponding \$17 million decrease in accumulated other comprehensive income, net of tax, for the unrealized gains and losses associated with equity investments with readily determinable fair values, as the authoritative guidance is required to be adopted prospectively. Going forward, the impact of this new standard could result in volatility in Applied's consolidated statement of operations.

Revenue Recognition. In May 2014, the FASB issued authoritative guidance that requires revenue recognition to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to a customer in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services and requires certain additional disclosures. Applied adopted this authoritative guidance in the first quarter of fiscal 2019 using the full retrospective method, which required restating each prior reporting period presented. Refer to the Impacts to Previously Reported Results section below for the impact of the adoption of the standard to Applied's consolidated financial statements.

For all periods prior to the date of initial adoption of this standard, Applied elected to use the practical expedient pursuant to which Applied excluded disclosures of both transaction prices allocated to remaining performance obligations and when these performance obligations are expected to be recognized as revenue.

The most significant impact from the adoption of this standard is fewer constraints on revenue recognition upon shipment of manufacturing equipment.

APPLIED MATERIALS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Impacts to Previously Reported Results

Adoption of the standards related to revenue recognition and retirement benefits impacted Applied's Consolidated Condensed Statement of Operations for the first quarter of fiscal 2018 as follows:

Three Months Ended

January 28, 2018

As Revenue Retirement Previously Recognition Benefit Reported Adjustment Adjustment Adjustment

(In millions, except per share amounts)

Net sales	\$ 4,204	\$ 1	\$		\$ 4,205
Cost of products sold	\$ 2,284	\$ (20) \$	1	\$ 2,265
Gross profit	\$ 1,920	\$ 21	\$	(1)	\$ 1,940
Research, development and engineering	\$ 488	\$ —	\$	1	\$ 489
Interest and other income, net	\$ 25	\$ —	\$	2	\$ 27
Income before income taxes	\$ 1,162	\$ 21	\$	(2)	\$ 1,183
Provision for income taxes	\$ 1,027	\$ (9) \$	_	\$ 1,018
Net income	\$ 135	\$ 30	\$		\$ 165
Earnings per share: basic	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.03	\$		\$ 0.16
Earnings per share: diluted	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.02	\$		\$ 0.15

Adoption of the retirement benefits standard did not have any impact on Applied's Consolidated Balance Sheet or Consolidated Condensed Statement of Cash Flows.

Adoption of the standard related to revenue recognition impacted Applied's Consolidated Balance Sheet at October 28, 2018 as follows:

	October 28, 2018					
	As Previous Aydjustment As					
	Reported Adjustment Adjustment					
	(In millions)					
Accounts receivable, net	\$2,565	\$ (242) \$ 2,323			
Inventories	\$3,722	\$ (1) \$ 3,721			
Other current assets	\$430	\$ 100	\$ 530			
Deferred income taxes and other assets	\$470	\$ 3	\$473			
Customer deposits and deferred revenue	\$1,347	\$ (1,347) \$ —			
Contract liabilities	\$ —	\$ 1,201	\$ 1,201			
Retained earnings	\$20,874	1 \$ 6	\$ 20,880			

APPLIED MATERIALS, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Adoption of the revenue recognition standard did not impact cash provided by or used in investing or financing activities in Applied's consolidated Condensed Statement of Cash Flows for the first quarter of fiscal 2018. The adoption did not impact total cash provided by operating activities, however it impacted individual components of cash provided by operating activities for the first quarter of fiscal 2018 as follows:

	Three Months Ended January 28, 2018 As PreviouAldjustment Aejorted (In millions)
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Net income	\$135 \$ 30 \$ 165
Adjustments required to reconcile net income to cash provided by operating activities:	
Deferred income taxes	\$41 \$ (9) \$ 32
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
Inventories	\$(195)\$ (16) \$(211)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ (125) \$ (2) \$ (127)
Contract liabilities	\$353 \$ (3) \$ 350

Accounting Standards Not Yet Adopted

Retirement Benefits: Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Defined Benefit and other Postretirement Plans. In August 2018, the FASB issued authoritative guidance that adds, removes, and clarifies disclosure requirements for defined benefit and other postretirement plans. This authoritative guidance will be effective for Applied in fiscal 2021 on a retrospective basis, with early adoption permitted. Applied is currently evaluating the effect of this new guidance on Applied's consolidated financial statements.

Fair Value Measurement: Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement. In August 2018, the FASB issued authoritative guidance that eliminates, amends, and adds disclosure requirements for fair value measurements. While the amended and new disclosure requirements primarily relate to Level 3 fair value measurements, the authoritative guidance also eliminates disclosure requirements related to the amount and reasons for transfer between Level 1 and Level 2 of fair value hierarchy, policy for timing of transfer between levels, and the valuation processes for Level 3 fair value measurements. The authoritative guidance will be effective for Applied in the first quarter of fiscal 2020. Early adoption is permitted only for the removal and amendment of certain disclosures, while the new disclosures requirements are to be applied prospectively. Applied is currently evaluating the effect of this new guidance on Applied's consolidated financial statements.

Derivatives and Hedging. In August 2017, the FASB issued authoritative guidance that modifies the recognition and presentation of hedge accounting to better align an entity's risk management strategies and financial reporting for hedging relationships. The authoritative guidance expands the application of hedge accounting for non-financial and financial risk components and eases certain hedge effectiveness assessment requirements. The authoritative guidance will be effective for Applied in the first quarter of fiscal 2020, with early adoption permitted. Applied is currently evaluating the effect of this new guidance on Applied's consolidated financial statements.

Receivables: Nonrefundable Fees and Other Costs. In March 2017, the FASB issued authoritative guidance that will shorten the amortization period for certain callable debt securities held at a premium to the earliest call date to more closely align with expectations incorporated in market pricing. This authoritative guidance will be effective for Applied in the first quarter of fiscal 2020 on a modified retrospective basis, with early adoption permitted. Applied is currently evaluating the impact of adopting this new accounting guidance on Applied's consolidated financial

statements.

Goodwill Impairment. In January 2017, the FASB issued authoritative guidance that simplifies the process required to test goodwill for impairment. The authoritative guidance will be effective for Applied in the first quarter of fiscal 2021. Early adoption is permitted. The adoption of this guidance is not expected to have a significant impact on Applied's consolidated financial statements.

APPLIED MATERIALS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Financial Instruments: Credit Losses. In June 2016, the FASB issued authoritative guidance that modifies the impairment model for certain financial assets by requiring use of an expected loss methodology, which will result in more timely recognition of credit losses. The authoritative guidance will be effective for Applied in the first quarter of fiscal 2021. Early adoption is permitted beginning in the first quarter of fiscal 2020. Applied is currently evaluating the effect of this new guidance on Applied's consolidated financial statements.

Leases. In February 2016, the FASB issued authoritative guidance for lease accounting, which requires lessees to recognize lease assets and liabilities on the balance sheet for certain lease arrangements that are classified as operating leases under the previous standard, and to provide for enhanced disclosures. The authoritative guidance will be effective for Applied in the first quarter of fiscal 2020 and should be applied using a modified retrospective approach. Early adoption is permitted. Applied is currently evaluating the effect of this new guidance on Applied's consolidated financial statements.

APPLIED MATERIALS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Note 2 Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is determined using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is determined using the weighted average number of common shares and potential common shares (representing the dilutive effect of stock options, restricted stock units, and employee stock purchase plan shares) outstanding during the period. Applied's net income has not been adjusted for any period presented for purposes of computing basic or diluted earnings per share due to the Company's non-complex capital structure.

	Three Months Ended		
	January 27,	January 28,	
	2019	2018	
	(In millions	,	
	except per s	hare amounts)	
Numerator:			
Net income	\$ 771	\$ 165	
Denominator:			
Weighted average common shares outstanding	957	1,056	
Effect of weighted dilutive stock options, restricted stock units and employee stock purchase	, 8	15	
plan shares	O	13	
Denominator for diluted earnings per share	965	1,071	
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.81	\$ 0.16	
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.80	\$ 0.15	
Potentially weighted dilutive securities	8		

Potentially weighted dilutive securities attributable to outstanding stock options and restricted stock units are excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share where the combined exercise price and average unamortized fair value are greater than the average market price of Applied common stock, and therefore their inclusion would be anti-dilutive.

APPLIED MATERIALS, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Note 3 Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments Summary of Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments The following tables summarize Applied's cash, cash equivalents and investments:

		Gross	Gross	Estimated
January 27, 2019	Cost	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair
		Gains	Losses	Value
	(In mill	lions)		
Cash	\$1,016	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,016
Cash equivalents:				
Money market funds	1,911			1,911
Commercial paper, corporate bonds and medium-term notes	265		_	265
Total Cash equivalents	2,176		_	2,176
Total Cash and Cash equivalents	\$3,192	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 3,192
Short-term and long-term investments:				
U.S. Treasury and agency securities	\$375	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 375
Non-U.S. government securities*	9	_	_	9
Municipal securities	402	1	2	401
Commercial paper, corporate bonds and medium-term notes	628	1	3	626
Asset-backed and mortgage-backed securities	565	_	3	562
Total fixed income securities	1,979	2	8	1,973
Publicly traded equity securities	15	20	4	31
Equity investments in privately-held companies	104		_	104
Total equity investments	119	20	4	135
Total short-term and long-term investments	\$2,098	\$ 22	\$ 12	\$ 2,108
Total Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments	\$5,290	\$ 22	\$ 12	\$ 5,300

^{*} Includes agency debt securities guaranteed by Canada.

APPLIED MATERIALS, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

October 28, 2018	Cost Unrealized				Estimated Fair Value	
	(In mill	lions	s)			
Cash	\$1,489	\$		\$		\$ 1,489
Cash equivalents:						
Money market funds	1,599	_		—		1,599
Commercial paper, corporate bonds and medium-term notes	352	_		—		352
Total Cash equivalents	1,951	_		—		1,951
Total Cash and Cash equivalents	\$3,440	\$		\$	_	\$ 3,440
Short-term and long-term investments:						
U.S. Treasury and agency securities	\$335	\$		\$	2	\$ 333
Non-U.S. government securities*	10	_		—		10
Municipal securities	399	_		4		395
Commercial paper, corporate bonds and medium-term notes	705	_		3		702
Asset-backed and mortgage-backed securities	595	_		4		591
Total fixed income securities	2,044	_		13		2,031
Publicly traded equity securities	17	25		4		38
Equity investments in privately-held companies	89	_		—		89
Total equity investments	106	25		4		127
Total short-term and long-term investments	\$2,150	\$	25	\$	17	\$ 2,158
Total Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments	\$5,590	\$	25	\$	17	\$ 5,598

^{*} Includes agency debt securities guaranteed by Canada.

Maturities of Investments

The following table summarizes the contractual maturities of Applied's investments as of January 27, 2019:

	Cost	Estimated Fair Value	
	(In millions)		
Due in one year or less	\$429	\$ 428	
Due after one through five years	985	983	
No single maturity date**	684	697	
Total	\$2,098	\$ 2,108	

^{**} Securities with no single maturity date include publicly-traded and privately-held equity securities and asset-backed and mortgage-backed securities.

Gains and Losses on Investments

During the three months ended January 27, 2019 and January 28, 2018, gross realized gains and losses on investments for these periods were not material.

As of January 27, 2019, and October 28, 2018, gross unrealized losses related to Applied's debt investment portfolio were not material. Applied regularly reviews its debt investment portfolio to identify and evaluate investments that have indications of possible impairment. Factors considered in determining whether an unrealized loss is considered to be temporary, or other-than-temporary and therefore impaired, include: the length of time and extent to which fair value has been lower than the cost basis; the financial condition, credit quality and near-term prospects of the investee; and whether it is more likely than not that Applied will be required to sell the security prior to recovery.

APPLIED MATERIALS, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Applied determined that the gross unrealized losses on its marketable fixed-income securities as of January 27, 2019 and January 28, 2018 were temporary in nature and therefore it did not recognize any impairment of its marketable fixed-income securities during the three months ended January 27, 2019 or January 28, 2018. Impairment charges on equity investments in privately-held companies during the three months ended January 27, 2019 and January 28, 2018 were not material. These impairment charges are included in interest and other income, net in the Consolidated Condensed Statement of Operations.

Unrealized gains and losses on investments classified as equity investments are recognized in other income (expense), net in the Consolidated Condensed Statement of Operations. Prior to the adoption of Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016-01 Financial Instruments-Overall (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities in the first quarter of fiscal 2019, these unrealized gains and temporary losses were included within accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of any related tax effect.

The components of gain (losses) on equity investments for the three months ended January 27, 2019 were as follows:

	Month	
		S
	Ended	
	Januar	y
	27, 201	19
	(In	
	million	ıs)
Publicly traded equity securities		
Unrealized gain	\$ 6	
Unrealized loss	(2)
Gain on sales	1	
Loss on sales		
Equity investments in privately-held companies		
Unrealized gain	7	
Unrealized loss	(1)
Gain on sales	1	
Loss on sales		
Total gain on equity investments, net	\$ 12	

APPLIED MATERIALS, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Note 4 Fair Value Measurements

Applied's financial assets are measured and recorded at fair value, except for equity investments in privately-held companies. These equity investments are generally accounted for under the measurement alternative, defined as cost, less impairments, adjusted for subsequent observable price changes and are periodically assessed for impairment when events or circumstances indicate that a decline in value may have occurred. Applied's nonfinancial assets, such as goodwill, intangible assets, and property, plant and equipment, are recorded at cost and are assessed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable. Fair Value Hierarchy

Applied uses the following fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels and bases the categorization within the hierarchy upon the lowest level of input that is available and significant to the fair value measurement:

Level 1 — Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 — Inputs other than Level 1 that are observable, either directly or indirectly, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities; and

Level 3 — Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

Applied's investments consist primarily of debt securities that are classified as available-for-sale and recorded at their fair values. In determining the fair value of investments, Applied uses pricing information from pricing services that value securities based on quoted market prices and models that utilize observable market inputs. In the event a fair value estimate is unavailable from a pricing service, Applied generally obtains non-binding price quotes from brokers. Applied then reviews the information provided by the pricing services or brokers to determine the fair value of its short-term and long-term investments. In addition, to validate pricing information obtained from pricing services, Applied periodically performs supplemental analysis on a sample of securities. Applied reviews any significant unanticipated differences identified through this analysis to determine the appropriate fair value. As of January 27, 2019, substantially all of Applied's available-for-sale, short-term and long-term investments were recognized at fair value that was determined based upon observable inputs.

Applied's equity investments with readily determinable values consist of publicly traded equity securities. Upon adoption of ASU 2016-01, these investments are measured at fair value using quoted prices for identical assets in an active market and the changes in fair value of these equity investments are recognized in the consolidated statements of operations. Applied adopted the standard using a modified retrospective transition method, and reclassified the unrealized gains on these equity investments of \$21 million to retained earnings as a cumulative-effect adjustment on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Investments with remaining effective maturities of 12 months or less from the balance sheet date are classified as short-term investments. Investments with remaining effective maturities of more than 12 months from the balance sheet date are classified as long-term investments.

APPLIED MATERIALS, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

Financial assets (excluding cash balances) measured at fair value on a recurring basis are summarized below:

	January 27, 2019		Octobe	18		
	Level	Level 2	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Total
	(In mill	lions)				
Assets:						
Available-for-sale debt security investments						
Money market funds	\$1,911	\$ —	\$1,911	\$1,599	\$ —	\$1,599
U.S. Treasury and agency securities	343	32	375	297	36	333
Non-U.S. government securities	_	9	9		10	10
Municipal securities		401	401	_	395	395
Commercial paper, corporate bonds and medium-term notes		891	891	_	1,054	1,054
Asset-backed and mortgage-backed securities		562	562	_	591	591
Total available-for-sale debt security investments	\$2,254	\$1,895	\$4,149	\$1,896	\$2,086	\$3,982
Equity investments with readily determinable values						
Publicly traded equity securities	\$31	\$	\$31	\$38	\$ —	\$38
Total equity investments with readily determinable values	\$31	\$	\$31	\$38	\$—	\$38

Total

\$2,285 \$1,895 \$4,180 \$1,934 \$2,086 \$4,020

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements during the three months ended January 27, 2019 or January 28, 2018. Applied did not have any financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis within Level 3 fair value measurements as of January 27, 2019 or October 28, 2018.

Assets and Liabilities without Readily Determinable Values Measured on a Non-recurring Basis Applied's equity investments without readily determinable values consist of equity investments in privately-held companies. Upon adoption of ASU 2016-01, Applied elected the measurement alternative, defined as cost, less impairments, adjusted for subsequent observable price changes on a prospective basis for certain equity investments without readily determinable fair values and is required to account for any subsequent observable changes in fair value within the statements of operations. Applied adopted the guidance prospectively, effective October 29, 2018, and there was no impact to Applied's condensed consolidated financial statements. Prior to the adoption of ASU 2016-01, these investments were generally accounted for under the cost method of accounting. These investments are periodically assessed for impairment when an event or circumstance indicates that a decline in value may have occurred. Impairment charges on equity investments in privately-held companies during the three months ended January 27, 2019 and January 28, 2018 were not material.

Other

The carrying amounts of Applied's financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, notes payable - short term, and accounts payable and accrued expenses, approximate fair value due to their short maturities. As of January 27, 2019, the aggregate principal amount of long-term debt was \$5.4 billion and the estimated fair value was \$5.5 billion. As of October 28, 2018, the aggregate principal and estimated fair value amounts of long-term debt were both \$5.4 billion. The estimated fair value of long-term debt is determined by Level 2 inputs and is based primarily on quoted market prices for the same or similar issues. See Note 10 of the Notes to the Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements for further detail of existing debt.

APPLIED MATERIALS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Note 5 Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

Derivative Financial Instruments

Applied conducts business in a number of foreign countries, with certain transactions denominated in local currencies, such as the Japanese yen, euro, Israeli shekel and Taiwanese dollar. Applied uses derivative financial instruments, such as forward exchange contracts and currency option contracts, to hedge certain forecasted foreign currency denominated transactions expected to occur typically within the next 24 months. The purpose of Applied's foreign currency management is to mitigate the effect of exchange rate fluctuations on certain foreign currency denominated revenues, costs and eventual cash flows. The terms of currency instruments used for hedging purposes are generally consistent with the timing of the transactions being hedged.

Applied does not use derivative financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes. Derivative instruments and hedging activities, including foreign currency exchange and interest rate contracts, are recognized on the balance sheet at fair value. Changes in the fair value of derivatives that do not qualify for hedge treatment, as well as the ineffective portion of any hedges, are recognized currently in earnings. All of Applied's derivative financial instruments are recorded at their fair value in other current assets or in accounts payable and accrued expenses.

Hedges related to anticipated transactions are designated and documented at the inception of the hedge as cash flow hedges and foreign exchange derivatives are typically entered into once per month. Cash flow hedges are evaluated for effectiveness quarterly. The effective portion of the gain or loss on these hedges is reported as a component of AOCI in stockholders' equity and is reclassified into earnings when the hedged transaction affects earnings. The majority of the after-tax net income or loss related to foreign exchange derivative instruments included in AOCI as of January 27, 2019 is expected to be reclassified into earnings within 12 months. Changes in the fair value of currency forward exchange and option contracts due to changes in time value are excluded from the assessment of effectiveness. Both ineffective hedge amounts and hedge components excluded from the assessment of effectiveness are recognized in earnings. If the transaction being hedged is no longer probable to occur, or if a portion of any derivative is deemed to be ineffective, Applied promptly recognizes the gain or loss on the associated financial instrument in earnings. The amount recognized due to discontinuance of cash flow hedges that were probable not to occur by the end of the originally specified time period was not significant for the three months ended January 27, 2019 and January 28, 2018. Additionally, forward exchange contracts are generally used to hedge certain foreign currency denominated assets or liabilities. These derivatives are typically entered into once per month and are not designated for hedge accounting treatment. Accordingly, changes in the fair value of these hedges are recorded in earnings to offset the changes in the fair value of the assets or liabilities being hedged.

The fair values of foreign exchange derivative instruments as of January 27, 2019 and October 28, 2018 were not material.

APPLIED MATERIALS, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

The effects of derivative instruments and hedging activities on the Consolidated Condensed Statements of Operations were as follows:

were as follows:													
				Months Er									
			Janua	ry 27, 2019			Janua	•	28, 20				
						effective Portion				ctive Port	ion		
					and						nd		
			Effect	tive	Amo		Effec	tive			mou		
			Portic	n		luded	Portic	n			xclu	ded	
					from					from Effectiveness		•	
						fectiveness esting							
					Gair	_	•				estin Iain c	_	
			Gain	Gain or (I	Loss) (Los		Gain	Ga	ain or	(Los		71	
	Location of Ga	in or	or	Reclassifi	ed	oo <i>)</i> oonize	dor	Re	eclass				
	(Loss)		(Loss	Reclassifi from AOC	Clinto	oginze	(Loss)	om A	117		nized	
			(L033	Income	Inco		(L033	' Ind	come		i icom	e.	
					meo	,,,,,,					100111	C	
			(In m	illions)									
Derivatives in Cash Flow Hedging			(
Relationships													
Foreign exchange contracts	AOCI		\$(16)	\$ —	\$ -		\$(18)	\$		\$	_	_	
Foreign exchange contracts	Cost of product	s sold		12	5			8		2			
Engine analysis contracts	General and			(5	(1	`		(1	,	(,	`	
Foreign exchange contracts	administrative		_	(5)	(1)	_	(1) (2	۷_)	
Interest rate contracts	Interest expense	e			—		_	(1	,) –	_		
Total			\$(16)	\$ 7	\$	4	\$(18)	\$	6	\$	-	_	
						Amoun				oss)			
						Recogr							
		_		~ .		Three I	Months	En	ded				
		tion of Gain or			January	27, January		y 28,					
) Recog	gnized		2019)18	,			
		in Inc	ome										
					((In mil	lions)						
Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments					((111 11111	nons)						
Foreign exchange contracts	sing monuments	Gener	ral and	administrat	tive S	\$ (10)	\$	(8)			
Total		Gener	ai aiiu	aummisual		\$ (10)	\$	(8)			
Total						ψ (1U	,	φ	(0)			

Credit Risk Contingent Features

If Applied's credit rating were to fall below investment grade, it would be in violation of credit risk contingent provisions of the derivative instruments discussed above, and certain counterparties to the derivative instruments could request immediate payment on derivative instruments in net liability positions. The aggregate fair value of all derivative instruments with credit-risk related contingent features that were in a net liability position was immaterial as of January 27, 2019.

Entering into derivative contracts with banks exposes Applied to credit-related losses in the event of the banks' nonperformance. However, Applied's exposure is not considered significant.

APPLIED MATERIALS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Note 6 Accounts Receivable, Net

Applied has agreements with various financial institutions to sell accounts receivable and discount promissory notes from selected customers. Applied sells its accounts receivable without recourse. Applied, from time to time, also discounts letters of credit issued by customers through various financial institutions. The discounting of letters of credit depends on many factors, including the willingness of financial institutions to discount the letters of credit and the cost of such arrangements.

Applied sold \$464 million and \$376 million of accounts receivable during the three months ended January 27, 2019 and January 28, 2018, respectively. Applied did not discount letters of credit issued by customers or discount promissory notes during the three months ended January 27, 2019 and January 28, 2018. Financing charges on the sale of receivables and discounting of letters of credit are included in interest expense in the accompanying Consolidated Condensed Statements of Operations and were not material for all periods presented.

Accounts receivable are presented net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$33 million as of January 27, 2019 and October 28, 2018. Applied sells its products principally to manufacturers within the semiconductor and display industries. While Applied believes that its allowance for doubtful accounts is adequate and represents its best estimate as of January 27, 2019, it continues to closely monitor customer liquidity and industry and economic conditions, which may result in changes to Applied's estimates.

Note 7 Contract Balances

Contract assets primarily result from receivables for goods transferred to customers and where payment is conditional upon technical sign off and not just the passage of time. Contract liabilities consist of unsatisfied performance obligations related to advance payments received and billings in excess of revenue recognized. Applied's contract assets and liabilities are reported in a net position on a contract-by-contract basis at the end of each reporting period. Contract assets are generally classified as current and included in Other Current Assets in the Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheets. Contract liabilities are classified as current or non-current based on the timing of when performance obligations will be satisfied and associated revenue is expected to be recognized.

Contract balances at the end of each reporting period were as follows:

January 28, 2019 288, 2018 (In millions)

Contract assets \$100 \$99 Contract liabilities \$1,356 \$1,201

The increase in net contract liabilities was primarily due to netted contract assets being classified to accounts receivable as conditions for payments were met.

During the three months ended January 27, 2019, Applied recognized revenue of approximately \$288 million related to contract liabilities at October 28, 2018.

There were no impairment losses recognized on Applied's accounts receivables and contract assets during the three months ended January 27, 2019.

As of January 27, 2019, the amount of remaining unsatisfied performance obligations on contracts with an original estimated duration of one year or more was approximately \$232 million, which is expected to be recognized within the next 36 months. Applied has elected the available practical expedient to exclude the value of unsatisfied performance obligations for contracts with an original expected duration of one year or less.

APPLIED MATERIALS, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Note 8 Balance Sheet Detail

January **27**tober 28, 2019 2018

(In millions)

Inventories

 Customer service spares
 \$1,093
 \$989

 Raw materials
 1,018
 1,020

 Work-in-process
 526
 505

 Finished goods
 1,066
 1,207

 \$3,703
 \$3,721

Included in finished goods inventory are \$8 million as of January 27, 2019, and \$19 million as of October 28, 2018, of newly-introduced systems at customer locations where the sales transaction did not meet Applied's revenue recognition criteria as set forth in Note 1. Finished goods inventory includes \$341 million and \$350 million of evaluation inventory as of January 27, 2019 and October 28, 2018, respectively.

Januar 2018 2018

(In millions)

Other Current Assets

Useful Life January 20 ctober 28, 2019 2018

(In years) (In millions)

	(In years)	(In millio	ons)	
Property, Plant and Equipment, Net				
Land and improvements		\$245	\$ 245	
Buildings and improvements	3-30	1,460	1,448	
Demonstration and manufacturing equipment	3-5	1,335	1,282	
Furniture, fixtures and other equipment	3-5	639	634	
Construction in progress		243	203	
Gross property, plant and equipment		3,922	3,812	
Accumulated depreciation		(2,466)	(2,405)
		\$1,456	\$ 1,407	

January October 27, 28,

2018

(In millions)

Deferred Income Taxes and Other Assets

Non-current deferred income taxes and income taxes receivable \$1,856 \$ 319 Other assets 170 154

\$2,026 \$ 473

APPLIED MATERIALS, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

	January 2019	Oc tober 28, 2018	
	(In millions)		
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses			
Accounts payable	\$978	\$ 996	
Compensation and employee benefits	426	639	
Warranty	200	208	
Dividends payable	190	193	
Income taxes payable	129	136	
Other accrued taxes	73	112	
Interest payable	59	38	
Other	365	399	
	\$2,420	\$ 2,721	
	Januar	267 ber 28,	
	2019 20	018	
Other Liabilities	(In milli	ions)	
Defined and postretirement benefit plans	\$178 \$	177	
Other	146 12		
Ould	\$324 \$	_ 0	

APPLIED MATERIALS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Note 9 Goodwill, Purchased Technology and Other Intangible Assets Goodwill and Purchased Intangible Assets

Applied's methodology for allocating the purchase price relating to purchase acquisitions is determined through established and generally accepted valuation techniques. Goodwill is measured as the excess of the purchase price over the sum of the amounts assigned to tangible and identifiable intangible assets acquired less liabilities assumed. Applied assigns assets acquired (including goodwill) and liabilities assumed to one or more reporting units as of the date of acquisition. Typically, acquisitions relate to a single reporting unit and thus do not require the allocation of goodwill to multiple reporting units. If the products obtained in an acquisition are assigned to multiple reporting units, the goodwill is distributed to the respective reporting units as part of the purchase price allocation process. Goodwill and purchased intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortized, but are reviewed for impairment annually during the fourth quarter of each fiscal year and whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable. The process of evaluating the potential impairment of goodwill and intangible assets requires significant judgment, especially in emerging markets. Applied regularly monitors current business conditions and considers other factors including, but not limited to, adverse industry or economic trends, restructuring actions and lower projections of profitability that may impact future operating results. To test goodwill for impairment, Applied first performs a qualitative assessment to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying value. If it is concluded that this is the case, Applied then performs the two-step goodwill impairment test. Otherwise, the two-step goodwill impairment test is not required. Under the two-step goodwill impairment test, Applied would in the first step compare the estimated fair value of each reporting unit to its carrying value. Applied determines the fair value of each of its reporting units based on a weighting of income and market approaches. If the carrying value of a reporting unit exceeds its fair value, Applied would then perform the second step of the impairment test in order to determine the implied fair value of the reporting unit's goodwill. If Applied determines that the carrying value of a reporting unit's goodwill exceeds its implied fair value, Applied would record an impairment charge equal to the difference.

As of January 27, 2019, Applied's reporting units include Semiconductor Product Group and Imaging and Process Control Group, which combine to form the Semiconductor Systems reporting segment, Applied Global Services, and Display and Adjacent Markets.

The evaluation of goodwill and intangible assets for impairment requires the exercise of significant judgment. In the event of future changes in business conditions, Applied will be required to reassess and update its forecasts and estimates used in future impairment analyses. If the results of these future analyses are lower than current estimates, a material impairment charge may result at that time.

Details of goodwill as of January 27, 2019 and October 28, 2018 were as follows:

January **Ø**ctober 28, 2019 2018

(In millions)

Semiconductor Systems \$2,151 \$ 2,151 Applied Global Services 1,018 1,018 Display and Adjacent Markets 199 199 Carrying amount \$3,368 \$ 3,368

A summary of Applied's purchased technology and intangible assets is set forth below:

Januar Ø 26 ber 28,

Purchased technology, net $\$99 \ \$ \ 109$ Intangible assets - finite-lived, net $\$100 \ 104$ Total $\$199 \ \$ \ 213$

APPLIED MATERIALS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Finite-Lived Purchased Intangible Assets

Applied amortizes purchased intangible assets with finite lives using the straight-line method over the estimated economic lives of the assets, ranging from 1 to 15 years.

Applied evaluates long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value of an asset group may not be recoverable. Applied assesses the fair value of the assets based on the amount of the undiscounted future cash flow that the assets are expected to generate and recognizes an impairment loss when estimated undiscounted future cash flow expected to result from the use of the asset, plus net proceeds expected from disposition of the asset, if any, are less than the carrying value of the asset. When Applied identifies an impairment, Applied reduces the carrying value of the group of assets to comparable market values, when available and appropriate, or to its estimated fair value based on a discounted cash flow approach.

Intangible assets, such as purchased technology, are generally recorded in connection with a business acquisition. The value assigned to intangible assets is usually based on estimates and judgments regarding expectations for the success and life cycle of products and technology acquired. Applied evaluates the useful lives of its intangible assets each reporting period to determine whether events and circumstances require revising the remaining period of amortization. In addition, Applied reviews intangible assets for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate their carrying value may not be recoverable. Management considers such indicators as significant differences in actual product acceptance from the estimates, changes in the competitive and economic environments, technological advances, and changes in cost structure.

October 28, 2018

Details of finite-lived intangible assets were as follows:

January 27 2019

	January 27, 2019				October 28, 2018						
	Other Purchased				Purchased Other						
	Technolo	Intangib	le	Total	Technolo	Intangible Sy Assets	Total				
	Technolo	Assets			1 cciiiioio	Assets					
	(In millio	ons)									
Gross carrying amount:											
Semiconductor Systems	\$1,449	\$ 252		\$1,701	\$1,449	\$ 252	\$1,701				
Applied Global Services	33	44		77	33	44	77				
Display and Adjacent Markets	163	38		201	163	38	201				
Corporate and Other	_	9		9	_	9	9				
Gross carrying amount	\$1,645	\$ 343		\$1,988	\$1,645	\$ 343	\$1,988				
Accumulated amortization:											
Semiconductor Systems	\$(1,382)	\$ (154)	\$(1,536)	\$(1,375)	\$ (150)	\$(1,525)				
Applied Global Services	(29)	(44)	(73)	(29)	(44)	(73)				
Display and Adjacent Markets	(135)	(36)	(171)	(132)	(36)	(168)				
Corporate and Other	_	(9)	(9)	_	(9)	(9)				
Accumulated amortization	\$(1,546)	\$ (243)	\$(1,789)	\$(1,536)	\$ (239)	\$(1,775)				
Carrying amount	\$99	\$ 100		\$199	\$109	\$ 104	\$213				
Details of amortization expens	e by segm	ent were	as	follows:							
	Three Mo	onths									
	Ended										
	Januar y aî	Mary 28,									
	2019 20	18									

	(In m	ns)	
Semiconductor Systems	\$ 11	\$	46
Display and Adjacent Markets	3	4	
Total	\$ 14	\$	50
26			

APPLIED MATERIALS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Amortization expense was charged to the following categories:

Three Months

Ended

Januar Januar 28,

2019 2018

(In millions)

Cost of products sold \$9 \$ 45

Marketing and selling 5

Total \$ 14 \$ 50

As of January 27, 2019, future estimated amortization expense is expected to be as follows:

Amortization

Expense

(In millions)

2019 (remaining 9 months) \$ 43 2020 52 2021 39 2022 24 2023 11 Thereafter 30

\$ 199 Total

APPLIED MATERIALS, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Note 10 Borrowing Facilities and Debt

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Applied has credit facilities for unsecured borrowings in various currencies of up to \$1.6 billion, of which \$1.5 billion is comprised of a committed revolving credit agreement with a group of banks that is scheduled to expire in September 2021. This agreement provides for borrowings in United States dollars at interest rates keyed to one of various benchmark rates selected by Applied for each advance, plus a margin based on Applied's public debt rating and includes financial and other covenants. Remaining credit facilities in the amount of approximately \$73 million are with Japanese banks. Applied's ability to borrow under these facilities is subject to bank approval at the time of the borrowing request, and any advances will be at rates indexed to the banks' prime reference rate denominated in Japanese yen. No amounts were outstanding under any of these facilities as of both January 27, 2019 and October 28, 2018, and Applied has not utilized these credit facilities. In fiscal 2011, Applied established a short-term commercial paper program of up to \$1.5 billion. As of January 27, 2019, Applied did not have any commercial paper outstanding. Debt outstanding as of January 27, 2019 and October 28, 2018 was as follows:

	January	200 ctober 28,	Effective	Interest
	2019	2018	Interest Rate	Pay Dates
	(In milli	ons)		
Long-term debt:				
2.625% Senior Notes Due 2020	\$600	\$ 600	2.640%	April 1, October 1
4.300% Senior Notes Due 2021	750	750	4.326%	June 15, December 15
3.900% Senior Notes Due 2025	700	700	3.944%	April 1, October 1
3.300% Senior Notes Due 2027	1,200	1,200	3.342%	April 1, October 1
5.100% Senior Notes Due 2035	500	500	5.127%	April 1, October 1
5.850% Senior Notes Due 2041	600	600	5.879%	June 15, December 15
4.350% Senior Notes Due 2047	1,000	1,000	4.361%	April 1, October 1
	5,350	5,350		
Total unamortized discount	(10)	(11)		
Total unamortized debt issuance costs	(30)	(30)		
Total long-term debt	\$5,310	\$ 5,309		
-				

Principal Amount

APPLIED MATERIALS, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Note 11 Stockholders' Equity, Comprehensive Income and Share-Based Compensation Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)
Changes in the components of AOCI, net of tax, were as follows:

	Gain on Inves	Unrealize Gain (Los adized Derivativ Instrumer sQuadisyin as Cash Flow Hedges	e nts	Defined and Postretireme Benefit Plan	ent	Trai	nulative nslation ustments	Total
Balance as of October 28, 2018 Adoption of new accounting standards (a)		nillions) \$ (9 —)	\$ (137 —)	\$	14	\$(125) (17)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications Amounts reclassified out of AOCI Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax		(12 (5 (17)			_ _ _		(7) (5) (12)
Balance as of January 27, 2019	\$(5)	\$ (26)	\$ (137)	\$	14	\$(154)

(a) - Represents the reclassification adjustment related to the adoption of Accounting Standard Update (ASU) 2016-01 Financial Instruments-Overall (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities in the first quarter of fiscal 2019. See Note 1.

Liabilities in the first quarter of fiscal 2019. See Note 1.									
•		Unrealize	d						
	Gain (Loss) Unrealized Gain Derivative (Loss) Instruments on Qualifying Investments Net Flow Hedges		Defined and Postretirement Benefit Plans		Cumulative Translation Adjustments		Total		
	(in m	nillions)							
Balance as of October 29, 2017	\$53	\$ (11)	\$	(120)	\$	14	\$(64)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	6	(14)	_					(8)
Amounts reclassified out of AOCI	_	(5)	(2)	—		(7)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	6	(19)	(2)	_		(15)
Balance as of January 28, 2018	\$59	\$ (30)	\$	(122)	\$	14	\$(79)
The tax effects on net income of amounts reclassified from	ΔOCI	for the th	ree	mo	nthe ende	d I	้ากบา	ry 27 20	lo and

The tax effects on net income of amounts reclassified from AOCI for the three months ended January 27, 2019 and January 28, 2018 were not material.

APPLIED MATERIALS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Stock Repurchase Program

In February 2018, the Board of Directors approved a common stock repurchase program authorizing up to an aggregate of \$6.0 billion in repurchases. As of January 27, 2019, \$3.6 billion remained available for future stock repurchases under this repurchase program.

The following table summarizes Applied's stock repurchases for the three months ended January 27, 2019 and January 28, 2018:

Three Months

Ended

January 227, January 28,

2019 2018

(in millions, except per share amount)

Shares of common stock repurchased 22 15
Cost of stock repurchased \$750 \$ 782
Average price paid per share \$34.04 \$ 53.41

Applied records treasury stock purchases under the cost method using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Upon reissuance of treasury stock, amounts in excess of the acquisition cost are credited to additional paid in capital. If Applied reissues treasury stock at an amount below its acquisition cost and additional paid in capital associated with prior treasury stock transactions is insufficient to cover the difference between the acquisition cost and the reissue price, this difference is recorded against retained earnings.

Dividends

In December 2018, Applied's Board of Directors declared a quarterly cash dividend, payable in March 2019, in the amount of \$0.20 per share. Dividends paid during the three months ended January 27, 2019 and January 28, 2018 totaled \$192 million and \$106 million, respectively. Applied currently anticipates that cash dividends will continue to be paid on a quarterly basis, although the declaration of any future cash dividend is at the discretion of the Board of Directors and will depend on Applied's financial condition, results of operations, capital requirements, business conditions and other factors, as well as a determination by the Board of Directors that cash dividends are in the best interests of Applied's stockholders.

Share-Based Compensation

Applied has a stockholder-approved equity plan, the Employee Stock Incentive Plan, which permits grants to employees of share-based awards, including stock options, restricted stock, restricted stock units, performance shares and performance units. In addition, the plan provides for the automatic grant of restricted stock units to non-employee directors and permits the grant of share-based awards to non-employee directors and consultants. Share-based awards made under the plan may be subject to accelerated vesting under certain circumstances in the event of a change in control of Applied. Applied also has two Employee Stock Purchase Plans, one generally for United States employees and a second for employees of international subsidiaries (collectively, ESPP), which enable eligible employees to purchase Applied common stock.

During the three months ended January 27, 2019 and January 28, 2018, Applied recognized share-based compensation expense related equity awards and ESPP shares. The effect of share-based compensation on the results of operations was as follows:

Three Months Ended

Januar**J**a**2**70ary 28, 2019 2018

(In millions)

			/	
Cost of products sold	\$ 22	\$	22	
Research, development and engineering	24	24		
Marketing and selling	8	8		
General and administrative	11	11		
Total share-based compensation	\$ 65	\$	65	

APPLIED MATERIALS, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

The cost associated with share-based awards that are subject solely to time-based vesting requirements, less expected forfeitures, is recognized over the awards' service period for the entire award on a straight-line basis. The cost associated with performance-based equity awards, which include both performance and market goals, is recognized for each tranche over the service period. The cost of equity awards related to performance goals is based on an assessment of the likelihood that the applicable performance goals will be achieved. For the equity awards based on market goals, the cost is recognized based upon the assumption of 100% achievement of the goal.

As of January 27, 2019, Applied had \$514 million in total unrecognized compensation expense, net of estimated forfeitures, related to grants of share-based awards and shares issued under Applied's ESPP, which will be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.9 years. As of January 27, 2019, there were 67 million shares available for grants of share-based awards under the Employee Stock Incentive Plan, and an additional 17 million shares available for issuance under the ESPP.

Restricted Stock Units, Restricted Stock, Performance Shares and Performance Units

A summary of the changes in any restricted stock units, restricted stock, performance shares and performance units outstanding under Applied's equity compensation plans during the three months ended January 27, 2019 is presented below:

Weighted
Average
Shares
Grant Date
Fair Value

(In millions, except per share amounts)

 Outstanding as of October 28, 2018
 18
 \$ 32.64

 Granted
 7
 \$ 35.39

 Vested
 (7)
 \$ 27.83

 Canceled
 —
 \$ 32.06

Outstanding as of January 27, 2019 18 \$ 35.46

As of January 27, 2019, 1.6 million additional performance-based awards could be earned based upon achievement of certain levels of specified performance goals.

During the first quarter of fiscal 2019, certain executive officers were granted awards that are subject to the achievement of targeted levels of adjusted operating margin and targeted levels of total shareholder return relative to a peer group, comprised of companies in the Standard & Poor's 500 Index. Each metric will be weighted 50% and will be measured over a three-year period.

The awards become eligible to vest only if performance goals are achieved and will vest only if the grantee remains employed by Applied through each applicable vesting date, subject to a qualifying retirement described below. The number of shares that may vest in full after three years ranges from 0% to 200% of the target amount. The awards provide for a partial payout based on actual performance at the conclusion of the three-year performance period in the event of a qualifying retirement based on age and years of service.

The fair value of the portion of the awards subject to targeted levels of adjusted operating margin is estimated on the date of grant. If the performance goals are not met as of the end of the performance period, no compensation expense is recognized and any previously recognized compensation expense is reversed. The expected cost is based on the portion of the awards that is probable to vest and is reflected over the service period and reduced for estimated forfeitures.

The fair value of the portion of the awards subject to the targeted levels of relative total shareholder return is estimated on the date of grant using a Monte Carlo simulation model. Compensation expense is recognized based upon the assumption of 100% achievement of the TSR goal and will not be reversed even if the threshold level of TSR is never achieved, and is reflected over the service period and reduced for estimated forfeitures.

Employee Stock Purchase Plans

Under the ESPP, substantially all employees may purchase Applied common stock through payroll deductions at a price equal to 85 percent of the lower of the fair market value of Applied common stock at the beginning or end of each 6-month purchase period, subject to certain limits. There was no purchase during both of the three months ended January 27, 2019 and January 28, 2018, respectively. Compensation expense is calculated using the fair value of the employees' purchase rights under the Black-Scholes model.

APPLIED MATERIALS, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Note 12 Income Taxes

On December 22, 2017, the U.S. government enacted the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "Tax Act"). The Tax Act requires a one-time transition tax on certain unrepatriated earnings of foreign subsidiaries payable over eight years. U.S. deferred tax assets and liabilities were subject to remeasurement due to the reduction of the U.S. federal corporate tax rate. The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 118, which provided guidance on accounting for the income tax effects of the Tax Act and a measurement period for companies to complete this accounting. Applied completed the accounting for the Tax Act during the measurement period, which ended one year after the enactment date of the Tax Act, including the accounting for the remeasurement of deferred tax assets completed in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2018 and the accounting for the transition tax completed in the first quarter of fiscal 2019.

The Tax Act also includes provisions that impact Applied starting in fiscal 2019, including a provision designed to tax global intangible low-taxed income ("GILTI"). On September 13, 2018, the U.S. government issued proposed regulations that, if finalized, would significantly affect how the Tax Act is interpreted related to a tax benefit of \$46 million realized by Applied in the first quarter of fiscal 2019. Proposed regulations are not authoritative and may change in the regulatory review process. Pursuant to our accounting policies for uncertain tax positions, the tax benefit might reverse if the regulations are finalized as proposed. An accounting policy choice is allowed to either treat taxes due on future U.S. inclusions related to GILTI in taxable income as a current-period expense when incurred (the "period cost method") or factor such amounts into the measurement of deferred taxes (the "deferred method"). Applied has chosen the period cost method.

Applied's effective tax rates for the first quarter of fiscal 2019 and 2018 were 13.2 percent and 86.1 percent, respectively. The effective tax rate for the first quarter of fiscal 2019 was lower than the same period in the prior fiscal year primarily due to tax expense of \$1.0 billion in the first quarter of fiscal 2018 for the transition tax and remeasurement of deferred tax assets as a result of the Tax Act. This decrease was partially offset by tax expense in the first quarter of fiscal 2019 related to the resolution of tax liabilities for uncertain tax positions and by the excess tax benefit from share-based compensation being lower in the first quarter of fiscal 2019 than in the same period in the prior fiscal year. The first quarter of fiscal 2019 also included tax expense related to GILTI and changes in the geographical composition of income which includes jurisdictions with differing tax rates.

Note 13 Warranty, Guarantees and Contingencies Warranty

Changes in the warranty reserves are presented below:

Three Months Ended JanuaryJ27Juary 28, 2019 2018 (In millions) Beginning balance \$208 \$ 206 Warranties issued 39 45 Change in reserves related to preexisting warranty 1 2 Consumption of reserves (48) (43)) Ending balance \$200 \$ 210

Applied products are generally sold with a warranty for a 12-month period following installation. The provision for the estimated cost of warranty is recorded when revenue is recognized. Parts and labor are covered under the terms of

the warranty agreement. The warranty provision is based on historical experience by product, configuration and geographic region. Quarterly warranty consumption is generally associated with sales that occurred during the preceding four quarters, and quarterly warranty provisions are generally related to the current quarter's sales.

APPLIED MATERIALS, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Guarantees

In the ordinary course of business, Applied provides standby letters of credit or other guarantee instruments to third parties as required for certain transactions initiated by either Applied or its subsidiaries. As of January 27, 2019, the maximum potential amount of future payments that Applied could be required to make under these guarantee agreements was approximately \$68 million. Applied has not recorded any liability in connection with these guarantee agreements beyond that required to appropriately account for the underlying transaction being guaranteed. Applied does not believe, based on historical experience and information currently available, that it is probable that any amounts will be required to be paid under these guarantee agreements.

Applied also has agreements with various banks to facilitate subsidiary banking operations worldwide, including overdraft arrangements, issuance of bank guarantees, and letters of credit. As of January 27, 2019, Applied has provided parent guarantees to banks for approximately \$150 million to cover these arrangements.

Legal Matters

From time to time, Applied receives notification from third parties, including customers and suppliers, seeking indemnification, litigation support, payment of money or other actions by Applied in connection with claims made against them. In addition, from time to time, Applied receives notification from third parties claiming that Applied may be or is infringing or misusing their intellectual property or other rights. Applied also is subject to various other legal proceedings and claims, both asserted and unasserted, that arise in the ordinary course of business. Although the outcome of the above-described matters, claims and proceedings cannot be predicted with certainty, Applied does not believe that any will have a material effect on its consolidated financial condition or results of operations.

APPLIED MATERIALS, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Note 14 Industry Segment Operations

Applied's three reportable segments are: Semiconductor Systems, Applied Global Services, and Display and Adjacent Markets. As defined under the accounting literature, Applied's chief operating decision-maker has been identified as the President and Chief Executive Officer, who reviews operating results to make decisions about allocating resources and assessing performance for the entire Company. Segment information is presented based upon Applied's management organization structure as of January 27, 2019 and the distinctive nature of each segment. Future changes to this internal financial structure may result in changes to Applied's reportable segments.

The Semiconductor Systems reportable segment includes semiconductor capital equipment for etch, rapid thermal processing, deposition, chemical mechanical planarization, metrology and inspection, wafer packaging, and ion implantation.

The Applied Global Services segment provides integrated solutions to optimize equipment and fab performance and productivity, including spares, upgrades, services, certain remanufactured earlier generation equipment and factory automation software for semiconductor, display and other products.

The Display and Adjacent Markets segment includes products for manufacturing liquid crystal displays (LCDs), organic light-emitting diodes (OLEDs), equipment upgrades and flexible coating systems and other display technologies for TVs, monitors, laptops, personal computers, smart phones, and other consumer-oriented devices. Each operating segment is separately managed and has separate financial results that are reviewed by Applied's chief operating decision-maker. Each reportable segment contains closely related products that are unique to the particular segment. Segment operating income is determined based upon internal performance measures used by Applied's chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker does not evaluate operating segments using total asset information.

Applied derives the segment results directly from its internal management reporting system. The accounting policies Applied uses to derive reportable segment results are substantially the same as those used for external reporting purposes. Management measures the performance of each reportable segment based upon several metrics including orders, net sales and operating income. Management uses these results to evaluate the performance of, and to assign resources to, each of the reportable segments.

The Corporate and Other category includes revenues from products, as well as costs of products sold, for fabricating solar photovoltaic cells and modules, and certain operating expenses that are not allocated to its reportable segments and are managed separately at the corporate level. These operating expenses include costs related to share-based compensation; certain management, finance, legal, human resources, and research, development and engineering functions provided at the corporate level; and unabsorbed information technology and occupancy. In addition, Applied does not allocate to its reportable segments restructuring and asset impairment charges and any associated adjustments related to restructuring actions, unless these actions pertain to a specific reportable segment. Segment operating income also excludes interest income/expense and other financial charges and income taxes. Management does not consider the unallocated costs in measuring the performance of the reportable segments.

Net sales and operating income (loss) for each reportable segment were as follows:

Three Months Ended Net Operating

Sales Income (Loss)

(In millions)

January 27, 2019:

Semiconductor Systems \$2,268 \$ 631 Applied Global Services 962 285 Display and Adjacent Markets 507 115

Corporate and Other 16 (123)
Total \$3,753 \$ 908

January 28, 2018:

Semiconductor Systems \$2,852 \$ 1,024
Applied Global Services 881 255
Display and Adjacent Markets 443 90
Corporate and Other 29 (154)

Total \$4,205 \$ 1,215

APPLIED MATERIALS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Net sales by geographic region, determined by the location of customers' facilities to which products were shipped to, were as follows:

Three Months Ended January 27, January 28, 2019 2018 (In millions, except percentages) China \$968 26 % \$964 23 % Korea 572 15 % 1,203 29 % Taiwan 656 18 % 741 18 % 651 17 % 482 11 % Japan 4 % 193 Southeast Asia 160 4 % 3,007 80 % 3,583 Asia Pacific 85 % United States 450 12 % 370 9 % 8 % 252 Europe 296 % 6 \$3,753 100% \$4,205 100% Total

Foundry, logic and other

Flash memory

Net sales for Semiconductor Systems by end use application for the periods indicated were as follows:

Three Months Ended January 27 Juary 28, 2019 2018 44 % 37 % Dynamic random-access memory (DRAM) 21 % 26 % 35 % 37 %

100% 100

The reconciling items included in Corporate and Other were as follows:

Three Months

Ended

January 23, January 28,

%

2019 2018

(In millions) \$16 \$ 29 Unallocated net sales Unallocated cost of products sold and expenses (74) (118) Share-based compensation (65) (65) Total \$(123) \$ (154)

The following customers accounted for at least 10 percent of Applied's net sales for the three months ended January 27, 2019, and sales to these customers included products and services from multiple reportable segments.

> Percentage of Net Sales 14 %

Toshiba

SK Hynix Inc.	13	%
Intel Corporation	13	%
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited	11	%

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations
The following management's discussion and analysis is provided in addition to the accompanying consolidated
condensed financial statements and notes, and for a full understanding of Applied's results of operations and financial
condition should be read in conjunction with the consolidated condensed financial statements and notes included in
this Form 10-Q and the financial statements and notes for the fiscal year ended October 28, 2018 contained in the
Company's Form 10-K filed December 13, 2018.

This report contains forward-looking statements that involve a number of risks and uncertainties. Examples of forward-looking statements include those regarding Applied's future financial or operating results, customer demand and spending, end-use demand, market and industry trends and outlooks, cash flows and cash deployment strategies, declaration of dividends, share repurchases, business strategies and priorities, costs and cost controls, products, competitive positions, management's plans and objectives for future operations, research and development, strategic acquisitions and investments, growth opportunities, restructuring activities, backlog, working capital, liquidity, investment portfolio and policies, taxes, supply chain, manufacturing, properties, legal proceedings and claims, and other statements that are not historical facts, as well as their underlying assumptions. Forward-looking statements may contain words such as "may," "will," "should," "could," "would," "expect," "plan," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "poten "continue," the negative of these terms, or other comparable terminology. All forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties and other important factors, including those discussed in Part II, Item 1A, "Risk Factors," below and elsewhere in this report. These and many other factors could affect Applied's future financial condition and operating results and could cause actual results to differ materially from expectations based on forward-looking statements made in this document or elsewhere by Applied or on its behalf. Forward-looking statements are based on management's estimates, projections and expectations as of the date hereof, and Applied undertakes no obligation to revise or update any such statements.

Overview

Applied provides manufacturing equipment, services and software to the semiconductor, display, and related industries. Applied's customers include manufacturers of semiconductor wafers and chips, liquid crystal and organic light-emitting diode (OLED) displays, and other electronic devices. These customers may use what they manufacture in their own end products or sell the items to other companies for use in advanced electronic components. Each of Applied's businesses is subject to variable industry conditions, as demand for manufacturing equipment and services can change depending on supply and demand for chips, display technologies, and other electronic devices, as well as other factors, such as global economic and market conditions, and the nature and timing of technological advances in fabrication processes.

Applied operates in three reportable segments: Semiconductor Systems, Applied Global Services, and Display and Adjacent Markets. A summary of financial information for each reportable segment is found in Note 14 of Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements. A discussion of factors that could affect Applied's operations is set forth under "Risk Factors" in Part II, Item 1A, which is incorporated herein by reference. Product development and manufacturing activities occur primarily in the United States, Europe, Israel, and Asia. Applied's broad range of equipment and service products are highly technical and are sold primarily through a direct sales force. Applied's results are driven primarily by customer spending on capital equipment and services to support key technology transitions or to increase production volume in response to worldwide demand for semiconductors and displays. While certain existing technologies may be adapted to new requirements, some applications create the need for an entirely different technological approach. The timing of customer investment in manufacturing equipment is also affected by the timing of next-generation process development, and the timing of capacity expansion to meet end-market demand. In light of these conditions, Applied's results can vary significantly year-over-year, as well as quarter-over-quarter.

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The following table presents certain significant measurements for the periods indicated:

		onths Ended 27January 28, 2018						
	(In millions, except per share amounts and percentages)							
Net sales	\$3,753	\$ 4,205	\$(452)					
Gross margin	44.4 %	46.1 %	(1.7) points					
Operating income	\$908	\$ 1,215	\$(307)					
Operating margin	24.2 %	28.9 %	(4.7) points					
Net income Earnings per diluted share	\$771 \$0.80	\$ 165 \$ 0.15	\$ 606 \$ 0.65					

Fiscal 2019 and 2018 each contains 52 weeks, and the first three months of fiscal 2019 and 2018 each contained 13 weeks.

Investment in semiconductor and display manufacturing equipment and services continued to be the main driver of revenue during the first three months of fiscal 2019. Semiconductor equipment customers made investments in new capacity and technology transitions, although overall spending decreased compared to the same period in the prior year. Display equipment spending during the first quarter of fiscal 2019 reflected continued investment in new technology and manufacturing equipment for producing larger LCD TVs and in new equipment for mobile devices. Applied also continued to see strong growth in demand for services and continued demand for spares from customers as compared to the same period in the prior year.

While Applied anticipates major technology trends to continue driving long-term growth in the semiconductor industry, the trends characterizing the second half of 2018 continued into early fiscal 2019, with lower spending by memory customers, and foundry and logic customers prioritizing spending on longer lead-time equipment not in Applied's product portfolio. Applied also expects lower spending for display manufacturing equipment in fiscal 2019, although long-term demand drivers remain in place. Applied anticipates continued growth in semiconductor services spending in fiscal 2019.

The three months ended January 28, 2018 included a one-time expense related to the enactment of recent U.S. tax legislation that reduced diluted earnings per share by \$0.94.

Applied adopted the authoritative guidance related to revenue recognition in the first quarter of fiscal 2019 using the full retrospective method. Applied also adopted authoritative guidance related to retirement benefits in the first quarter of fiscal 2019 using the retrospective method. The adoption of these guidance required restating each prior reporting period presented.

Results of Operations

Net Sales

Net sales for the periods indicated were as follows:

Three Months Ended
January 27, January 28,
2019 2018 Change

(In millions, except percentages)

Semiconductor Systems \$2,268 60 % \$2,852 68 % (20)%

Applied Global Services	962	26	%	881	21	%	9	%
Display and Adjacent Markets	507	14	%	443	11	%	14	%
Corporate and Other	16	_ 9	%	29	—	%	(45)%
Total	\$3,753	1009	%	\$4,205	100	%	(11)%

For the three months ended January 27, 2019 compared to the same period in the prior year, net sales decreased primarily due to decreased customer investments in semiconductor equipment. The Semiconductor Systems segment's relative share of total net sales continued to represent the largest contributor of net sales.

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Net sales by geographic region, determined by the location of customers' facilities to which products were shipped, were as follows:

	Three Months Ended							
	January 27,			January	Ch			
	2019			2018			Cna	inge
	(In mill	ions	, ex	cept per	cen	tag	es)	
China	\$968	26	%	\$964	23	%	—	%
Korea	572	15	%	1,203	29	%	(52)%
Taiwan	656	18	%	741	18	%	(11)%
Japan	651	17	%	482	11	%	35	%
Southeast Asia	160	4	%	193	4	%	(17)%
Asia Pacific	3,007	80	%	3,583	85	%	(16)%
United States	450	12	%	370	9	%	22	%
Europe	296	8	%	252	6	%	17	%
Total	\$3,753	100	%	\$4,205	100	%	(11)%

The changes in net sales in all regions in the three months ended January 27, 2019 compared to the same period in the prior year primarily reflected changes in semiconductor equipment spending and customer and product mix. The increase in net sales to customers in Japan, United States and Europe, for the three months ended January 27, 2019 compared to the same period in the prior year was primarily due to increased investments in semiconductor equipment. The decrease in net sales to customers in Korea for the three months ended January 27, 2019 compared to the same period in the prior year primarily reflected decrease in investments in semiconductor equipment. Gross Margin

Gross margins for the periods indicated were as follows:

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Three Months Ended January 12th party 28, Change 2019 2018
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Gross margin 44.4% 46.1 % (1.7) points

Gross margin in the first three months of fiscal 2019 decreased compared to the same period in the prior year primarily due to the decrease in net sales and unfavorable changes in customer and product mix. Gross margin during the three months ended January 27, 2019 and January 28, 2018 each included \$22 million of share-based compensation expense.

Research, Development and Engineering

Research, Development and Engineering (RD&E) expenses for the periods indicated were as follows:

Three Months Ended Januar January 28, Change 2019 2018

(In millions)

Research, development and engineering \$516 \$ 489 \$ 27

Applied's future operating results depend to a considerable extent on its ability to maintain a competitive advantage in the equipment and service products it provides. Development cycles range from 12 to 36 months depending on whether the product is an enhancement of an existing product, which typically has a shorter development cycle, or a new product, which typically has a longer development cycle. Most of Applied's existing products resulted from internal development activities and innovations involving new technologies, materials and processes. In certain instances, Applied acquires technologies, either in existing or new product areas, to complement its existing

technology capabilities and to reduce time to market.

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Management believes that it is critical to continue to make substantial investments in RD&E to assure the availability of innovative technology that meets the current and projected requirements of its customers' most advanced designs. Applied has maintained and intends to continue its commitment to investing in RD&E in order to continue to offer new products and technologies.

RD&E expenses increased during the three months ended January 27, 2019 compared to the same period in the prior year primarily due to additional headcount and increased research and development program spending in Semiconductor Systems segment. This increase reflects Applied's ongoing investment in product development initiatives, consistent with the Company's strategy. Applied continued to prioritize existing RD&E investments in technical capabilities and critical research and development programs in current and new markets, with a focus on semiconductor technologies. RD&E expenses during the three months ended January 27, 2019 and January 28, 2018 each included \$24 million of share-based compensation expense.

Marketing and Selling

Marketing and selling expenses for the periods indicated were as follows:

Three Months Ended Januar January 28, 2019 2018 Change

(In millions)

Marketing and selling \$131 \$ 126 \$

Marketing and selling expenses increased in the three months ended January 27, 2019 compared to the same period in fiscal 2018 primarily due to additional headcount. Marketing and selling expenses during the three months ended January 27, 2019 and January 28, 2018 each included \$8 million of share-based compensation expense.

General and Administrative

General and administrative (G&A) expenses for the periods indicated were as follows:

Three Months Ended Januar January 28, Change 2019 2018

(In millions)

General and administrative \$110 \$ 110 \$

G&A expenses in the three months ended January 27, 2019 remained flat compared to the same period in the prior year. G&A expenses during the three months ended January 27, 2019 and January 28, 2018 each included \$11 million of share-based compensation expense.

Interest Expense and Interest and Other Income (Loss), net

Interest expense and interest and other income (loss), net for the periods indicated were as follows:

Three Months Ended Januakan 28, Change 20192018

(In millions)

Interest expense \$60 \$ 59 \$ 1 Interest and other income, net \$40 \$ 27 \$ 13

Interest expenses incurred were primarily associated with issued senior unsecured notes. Interest expense in the three months ended January 27, 2019 remained relatively flat compared to the same period in fiscal 2018.

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Interest and other income, net in the three months ended January 27, 2019 increased compared to the same period in fiscal 2018, primarily driven by unrealized gains on equity investment securities. Effective the first quarter of fiscal 2019, unrealized gains and losses on investments classified as equity investments are recognized in other income (expense), net in the Consolidated Condensed Statement of Operations. Prior to the adoption of Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016-01 Financial Instruments-Overall (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities in the first quarter of fiscal 2019, these unrealized gains and temporary losses were included within accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of any related tax effect.

Provision for income taxes and effective tax rates for the periods indicated were as follows:

Three Months Ended January 27January 28, 2019 2018 Change

(In millions, except percentages)

Provision for income taxes \$ 117 \$ 1,018 \$ (901) Effective tax rate 13.2 % 86.1 % (72.9) points

Applied's provision for income taxes and effective tax rate are affected by the geographical composition of pre-tax income which includes jurisdictions with differing tax rates, conditional reduced tax rates and other income tax incentives. It is also affected by events that are not consistent from period to period, such as changes in income tax laws and the resolution of prior years' income tax filings.

On December 22, 2017, the U.S. government enacted the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "Tax Act"). The Tax Act requires a one-time transition tax on certain unrepatriated earnings of foreign subsidiaries payable over eight years. U.S. deferred tax assets and liabilities were subject to remeasurement due to the reduction of the U.S. federal corporate tax rate. The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 118, which provided guidance on accounting for the income tax effects of the Tax Act and a measurement period for companies to complete this accounting. Applied completed the accounting for the Tax Act during the measurement period, which ended one year after the enactment date of the Tax Act, including the accounting for the remeasurement of deferred tax assets completed in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2018 and the accounting for the transition tax completed in the first quarter of fiscal 2019.

The Tax Act also includes provisions that impact Applied starting in fiscal 2019, including a provision designed to tax global intangible low-taxed income ("GILTI"). On September 13, 2018, the U.S. government issued proposed regulations that, if finalized, would significantly affect how the Tax Act is interpreted related to a tax benefit of \$46 million realized by Applied in the first quarter of fiscal 2019. Proposed regulations are not authoritative and may change in the regulatory review process. Pursuant to our accounting policies for uncertain tax positions, the tax benefit might reverse if the regulations are finalized as proposed. An accounting policy choice is allowed to either treat taxes due on future U.S. inclusions related to GILTI in taxable income as a current-period expense when incurred (the "period cost method") or factor such amounts into the measurement of deferred taxes (the "deferred method"). Applied has chosen the period cost method.

Excluding the tax expense of \$1.0 billion in the first quarter of fiscal 2018 for the transition tax and remeasurement of deferred tax assets as a result of the Tax Act, the effective tax rate for the first quarter of fiscal 2019 was higher than the same period in the prior fiscal year primarily due to tax expense of \$58 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2019 related to changes in uncertain tax positions and due to the excess tax benefit from share-based compensation in the first quarter of fiscal 2019 being \$43 million less than in the same period in the prior fiscal year. The first quarter of fiscal 2019 also included tax expense related to GILTI and changes in the geographical composition of income which includes jurisdictions with differing tax rates.

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Segment Information

Applied reports financial results in three segments: Semiconductor Systems, Applied Global Services, and Display and Adjacent Markets. A description of the products and services, as well as financial data, for each reportable segment can be found in Note 14 of Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements.

The Corporate and Other category includes revenues from products, as well as costs of products sold, for fabricating solar photovoltaic cells and modules and certain operating expenses that are not allocated to its reportable segments and are managed separately at the corporate level. These operating expenses include costs for share-based compensation; certain management, finance, legal, human resource, and RD&E functions provided at the corporate level; and unabsorbed information technology and occupancy. In addition, Applied does not allocate to its reportable segments restructuring and asset impairment charges and any associated adjustments related to restructuring actions, unless these actions pertain to a specific reportable segment.

The results for each reportable segment are discussed below.

Semiconductor Systems Segment

The Semiconductor Systems segment is comprised primarily of capital equipment used to fabricate semiconductor chips. Semiconductor industry spending on capital equipment is driven by demand for advanced electronic products, including smartphones and other mobile devices, servers, personal computers, automotive devices, storage, and other products, and the nature and timing of technological advances in fabrication processes, and as a result is subject to variable industry conditions. Development efforts are focused on solving customers' key technical challenges in transistor, interconnect, patterning and packaging performance as devices scale to advanced technology nodes. Semiconductor equipment customers made investments in new capacity and technology transitions, although overall spending decreased compared to the same period in the prior year. Applied continues to see customers optimize existing capacity and re-prioritize their capital spending plans on longer lead-time equipment not in Applied's product portfolio.

Certain significant measures for the periods indicated were as follows:

```
Three Months Ended
January 27January 28,
2019 2018 Change
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(In millions, except percentages and ratios)

Net sales \$2,268 \$2,852 \$(584) (20)% Operating income \$631 \$1,024 \$(393) (38)% Operating margin 27.8 % 35.9 %

Net sales for Semiconductor Systems by end use application for the periods indicated were as follows:

points

Net sales for the three months ended January 27, 2019 decreased compared to the same period in the prior year for all end use application customers. Operating margin for the three months ended January 27, 2019 decreased, primarily reflecting lower net sales, unfavorable changes in customer and product mix, as well as increased RD&E expenses. Four customers each accounted for at least 10 percent of this segment's net sales, and together they accounted for approximately 68 percent of this segment's total net sales, in the three months ended January 27, 2019.

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The following regions accounted for at least 30 percent of total net sales for the Semiconductor Systems segment for one or more of the periods indicated:

```
Three Months Ended
January 27, January 28,
2019 2018 Change
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(In millions, except percentages) Korea\$434 19% \$1,040 36% (58)%

Applied Global Services Segment

The Applied Global Services segment provides integrated solutions to optimize equipment and fab performance and productivity, including spares, upgrades, services, certain remanufactured earlier generation equipment and factory automation software for semiconductor, display and solar products. Customer demand for products and services is fulfilled through a global distribution system with trained service engineers located in close proximity to customer sites.

Demand for Applied Global Services' service solutions are driven by Applied's large and growing installed base of manufacturing systems, and customers' needs to shorten ramp times, improve device performance and yield, and optimize factory output and operating costs. Industry conditions that affect Applied Global Services' sales of spares and services are primarily characterized by increases in semiconductor manufacturers' wafer starts and continued strong utilization rates, growth of the installed base of equipment, growing service intensity of newer tools, and the company's ability to sell more comprehensive service agreements.

Certain significant measures for the periods indicated were as follows:

```
Three Months Ended
                 January 23 nuary 28, Change
                         2018
                 2019
                 (In millions, except percentages
                 and ratios)
Net sales
                 $962
                         $881
                                            %
                                    $81.9
Operating income $285
                                    $30 12 %
                         $ 255
                                         0.7
Operating margin 29.6 % 28.9
                                %
                                         points
```

Net sales for the three months ended January 27, 2019 increased compared to the same period in the prior year primarily due to higher customer spending for services and legacy systems. Operating income and operating margin for the three months ended January 27, 2019 compared to the same period in the prior year increased due to higher net sales, partially offset by higher expenses related to an increase in headcount. In the three months ended January 27, 2019, one customer accounted for more than 10 percent of this segment's total net sales.

There was no region that accounted for at least 30 percent of total net sales for the Applied Global Services segment for any of the periods presented.

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Display and Adjacent Markets Segment

The Display and Adjacent Markets segment encompasses products for manufacturing liquid crystal and OLED displays, and other display technologies for TVs, monitors, laptops, personal computers, electronic tablets, smart phones, and other consumer-oriented devices, equipment upgrades and flexible coating systems. The segment is focused on expanding its presence through technologically-differentiated equipment for manufacturing large-scale LCD TVs, OLEDs, low temperature polysilicon (LTPS), metal oxide, and touch panel sectors; and development of products that provide customers with improved performance and yields. Display industry growth depends primarily on consumer demand for increasingly larger and more advanced TVs as well as larger and higher resolution displays for next generation mobile devices.

The market environment for Applied's Display and Adjacent Markets segment in the first three months of fiscal 2019 was characterized by increased demand for manufacturing equipment for TVs and continued demand for mobile manufacturing equipment, compared to the same period in the prior year. Uneven spending patterns by customers in the Display