

COMMUNITY TRUST BANCORP INC /KY/  
Form 10-Q  
November 09, 2011

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE  
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2011

Or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE  
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number 0-11129

COMMUNITY TRUST BANCORP, INC.  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Kentucky 61-0979818  
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) IRS Employer Identification No.

346 North Mayo Trail 41501  
Pikeville, Kentucky (Zip Code)  
(address of principal executive offices)

(606) 432-1414  
(Registrant's telephone number)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during

the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files.)

Yes

No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definition of “accelerated filer, large accelerated filer, and smaller reporting company” in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Non-accelerated filer  Smaller reporting company

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes

No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer’s classes of common stock, as of the latest practical date.

Common stock – 15,428,177 shares outstanding at October 31, 2011

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

The accompanying information has not been audited by independent registered public accountants; however, in the opinion of management such information reflects all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the interim period. All such adjustments are of a normal and recurring nature.

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in accordance with the requirements of Form 10-Q and consequently do not include all of the disclosures normally required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America or those normally made in the Registrant's annual report on Form 10-K. Accordingly, the reader of the Form 10-Q should refer to the Registrant's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010 for further information in this regard.

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Community Trust Bancorp, Inc.  
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

	(unaudited) September 30 2011	December 31 2010
(dollars in thousands)		
Assets:		
Cash and due from banks	\$73,236	\$62,559
Interest bearing deposits	172,075	70,086
Federal funds sold	5,095	26,338
Cash and cash equivalents	250,406	158,983
Certificates of deposits in other banks	13,279	14,762
Securities available-for-sale at fair value (amortized cost of \$447,891 and \$332,658, respectively)	463,610	338,675
Securities held-to-maturity at amortized cost (fair value of \$1,663 and \$1,662, respectively)	1,662	1,662
Loans held for sale	826	455
Loans	2,573,557	2,605,180
Allowance for loan losses	(34,999 )	(34,805 )
Net loans	2,538,558	2,570,375
Premises and equipment, net	55,168	55,343
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	25,673	25,673
Federal Reserve Bank stock	4,883	4,434
Goodwill	65,490	65,499
Core deposit intangible (net of accumulated amortization of \$7,446 and \$7,260, respectively)	1,170	1,342
Bank owned life insurance	43,126	39,697
Mortgage servicing rights	2,400	3,161
Other real estate owned	58,004	42,935
Other assets	32,406	32,876
Total assets	\$3,556,661	\$3,355,872
Liabilities and shareholders' equity:		
Deposits:		
Noninterest bearing	\$602,061	\$525,478
Interest bearing	2,206,761	2,180,639
Total deposits	2,808,822	2,706,117
Repurchase agreements	229,000	188,275
Federal funds purchased and other short-term borrowings	16,345	9,680
Advances from Federal Home Loan Bank	21,658	21,238
Long-term debt	61,341	61,341
Other liabilities	58,217	30,583
Total liabilities	3,195,383	3,017,234

Shareholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, 300,000 shares authorized and unissued	-	-
Common stock, \$5 par value, shares authorized 25,000,000; shares outstanding 2011 – 15,414,993; 2010 – 15,334,410	76,592	76,408
Capital surplus	156,172	154,880
Retained earnings	118,296	103,439
Accumulated other comprehensive income, net of tax	10,218	3,911
Total shareholders' equity	361,278	338,638
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$3,556,661	\$3,355,872

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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Community Trust Bancorp, Inc.  
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income and Other Comprehensive Income  
(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30		September 30	
(in thousands except per share data)	2011	2010	2011	2010
<b>Interest income:</b>				
Interest and fees on loans, including loans held for sale	\$36,180	\$35,402	\$109,048	\$105,718
<b>Interest and dividends on securities</b>				
Taxable	2,598	2,308	7,631	6,916
Tax exempt	455	388	1,263	1,206
<b>Interest and dividends on Federal Reserve and Federal Home Loan Bank stock</b>				
Other, including interest on federal funds sold	329	65	1,042	1,027
Total interest income	39,708	38,315	119,409	115,256
<b>Interest expense:</b>				
Interest on deposits	5,193	7,454	16,534	22,687
<b>Interest on repurchase agreements and other short-term borrowings</b>				
Interest on advances from Federal Home Loan Bank	397	466	1,251	1,513
Interest on long-term debt	23	18	77	56
Total interest expense	1,000	1,000	3,000	3,000
Net interest income	6,613	8,938	20,862	27,256
Provision for loan losses	33,095	29,377	98,547	88,000
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	2,515	3,676	10,222	12,504
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	30,580	25,701	88,325	75,496
<b>Noninterest income:</b>				
Service charges on deposit accounts	6,681	5,920	18,999	17,166
Gains on sales of loans, net	438	575	1,166	1,354
Trust income	1,597	1,492	4,790	4,374
Loan related fees	250	862	1,609	1,748
Bank owned life insurance	433	451	1,269	1,263
Other noninterest income	1,543	1,297	4,440	3,975
Total noninterest income	10,942	10,597	32,273	29,880
<b>Noninterest expense:</b>				
Officer salaries and employee benefits	2,087	2,193	6,597	6,039
Other salaries and employee benefits	10,153	9,367	30,444	28,598
Occupancy, net	2,013	1,725	6,043	5,208
Equipment	1,008	950	2,781	2,892
Data processing	1,550	1,759	4,992	5,042
Bank franchise tax	1,120	1,002	3,403	2,957
Legal fees	631	700	2,131	1,980
Professional fees	285	315	970	873
FDIC insurance	591	1,118	2,554	3,257

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Other real estate owned provision and expense	1,465	584	4,497	2,062
Other noninterest expense	4,924	4,285	15,108	12,186
Total noninterest expense	25,827	23,998	79,520	71,094
Income before income taxes	15,695	12,300	41,078	34,282
Income taxes	5,030	3,850	12,139	10,488
Net income	10,665	8,450	28,939	23,794
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:				
Unrealized holding gains on securities available-for-sale	2,661	2,225	6,307	3,506
Comprehensive income	\$13,326	\$10,675	\$35,246	\$27,300
Basic earnings per share	\$0.70	\$0.55	\$1.89	\$1.56
Diluted earnings per share	\$0.70	\$0.55	\$1.89	\$1.56
Weighted average shares outstanding-basic	15,318	15,239	15,307	15,223
Weighted average shares outstanding-diluted	15,339	15,275	15,331	15,260
Dividends declared per share	\$0.310	\$0.305	\$0.920	\$0.905

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Community Trust Bancorp, Inc.  
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows  
(unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended	
	September 30	
(in thousands)	2011	2010
<b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b>		
Net income	\$28,939	\$23,794
<b>Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:</b>		
Depreciation and amortization	3,123	3,366
Deferred taxes	(3,373 )	1,709
Stock-based compensation	589	597
Excess tax benefits of stock-based compensation	(122 )	3
Dividends on restricted stock	90	0
Provision for loan losses	10,222	12,504
Fair value adjustments to other real estate owned	2,890	478
Gains on sale of mortgage loans held for sale	(1,166 )	(1,354 )
Losses on sale of assets, net	80	4
Proceeds from sale of mortgage loans held for sale	53,986	66,971
Funding of mortgage loans held for sale	(53,191 )	(65,022 )
Amortization of securities premiums and discounts, net	2,430	1,587
Change in cash surrender value of bank owned life insurance	(1,051 )	(1,240 )
Death benefits received on bank owned life insurance	79	0
<b>Mortgage servicing rights:</b>		
Fair value adjustments	1,139	1,194
New servicing assets created	(378 )	(433 )
<b>Changes in:</b>		
Other assets	508	(1,533 )
Other liabilities	27,312	5,398
Net cash provided by operating activities	72,106	48,023
<b>Cash flows from investing activities:</b>		
<b>Certificates of deposit in other banks:</b>		
Purchase of certificates of deposit	0	(16,363 )
Maturity of certificates of deposit	1,483	955
<b>Securities available-for-sale (AFS):</b>		
Purchase of AFS securities	(188,002 )	(133,604 )
Proceeds from prepayments and maturities of AFS securities	70,341	75,413
<b>Securities held-to-maturity (HTM):</b>		
Purchase of HTM securities	0	(480 )
Proceeds from prepayments and maturities of HTM securities	0	13,154
Change in loans, net	(2,666 )	(29,409 )
Purchase of premises and equipment	(2,806 )	(1,540 )
Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment	39	9
Additional investment in Federal Reserve Bank stock	(449 )	(9 )
Proceeds from sale of other real estate and other repossessed assets	6,437	4,788
Additional investment in other real estate and other repossessed assets	(254 )	(203 )



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Additional investment in bank owned life insurance	(2,458 )	0
Net cash used in investing activities	(118,335 )	(87,289 )
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Change in deposits, net	102,705	113,086
Change in repurchase agreements, federal funds purchased, and other short-term borrowings, net	47,390	8,137
Proceeds from Federal Home Loan Bank advances	571	0
Payments on advances from Federal Home Loan Bank	(151 )	(615 )
Issuance of common stock	1,009	1,263
Excess tax benefits of stock-based compensation	122	(3 )
Dividends paid	(13,994 )	(13,683 )
Net cash provided by financing activities	137,652	108,185
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	91,423	68,919
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	158,983	142,129
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$250,406	\$211,048
Supplemental disclosures:		
Income taxes paid	\$8,380	\$12,550
Interest paid	18,841	22,767
Non-cash activities:		
Loans to facilitate the sale of other real estate and other repossessed assets	1,375	577
Common stock dividends accrued, paid in subsequent quarter	4,749	4,667
Real estate acquired in settlement of loans	25,551	9,105

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Community Trust Bancorp, Inc.  
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

In the opinion of management, the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include all adjustments (which consist of normal recurring accruals) necessary, to present fairly the condensed consolidated financial position as of September 30, 2011, the results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, and the cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010. In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information, these statements do not include certain information and footnote disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete annual financial statements. The results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, and the cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. The condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2010 has been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements of Community Trust Bancorp, Inc. ("CTBI") for that period. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2010, included in CTBI's Annual Report on Form 10-K.

**Principles of Consolidation** – The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of CTBI and its separate and distinct, wholly owned subsidiaries Community Trust Bank, Inc. (the "Bank") and Community Trust and Investment Company. All significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

**Reclassifications** – Certain reclassifications considered to be immaterial have been made in the prior year condensed consolidated financial statements to conform to current year classifications. These reclassifications had no effect on net income.

**New Accounting Standards** –

Ø **Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements** – In January 2010, the FASB released Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2010-06, Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements. ASU 2010-06 amends Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Subtopic 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, and Subtopic 715-20, Compensation—Retirement Benefits—Defined Benefit Plans. This ASU expanded the existing fair value disclosures required by these two subtopics. Additional disclosures required by the new standard must be made for each period beginning after the effective date. Expansion of disclosures for prior periods to include those required by the ASU is optional.

Disclosure changes made by ASU 2010-06 include:

- The amounts of and reasons for significant transfers in and out of Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 fair value measurements and the accounting policy for the date used to recognize such transfers, e.g., actual transaction date, beginning of reporting period date or end of reporting period date
- Presentation of purchases, sales, issuances and settlements as separate lines, rather than one net number, in the table reconciling activity for assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis using Level 3 inputs
- Provision of fair value measurement disclosures for each class of assets and liabilities with a class often being a subset of assets or liabilities within a balance sheet line item. Class should be determined on the basis of the nature and risks of investments in debt and equity securities and generally will not require change from the classifications

already employed in disclosures for those investments

- Provision of explanations about the valuation techniques and inputs used to determine fair value for both recurring and nonrecurring fair value measurements falling in either Level 2 or Level 3
- Revision of the existing disclosures made by a plan sponsor about fair value for assets of defined benefit pension and other postretirement benefit plans to require those disclosures be made by asset class instead of asset category

ASU 2010-06 was effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2009, with early adoption permitted. The one exception involves reporting certain items gross instead of net in the existing activity table for items measured at fair value on a recurring basis using Level 3 inputs, which was effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2010, and for interim periods within those fiscal years and may be adopted earlier if desired. Except for the Level 3 table item, each SEC issuer must apply the ASU starting with its first interim period beginning after December 15, 2009. CTBI did not elect to early adopt the provisions which were effective for years beginning after December 15, 2009 or the December 15, 2010 provisions. ASU 2010-06 has not had a material impact on CTBI's consolidated financial statements.

Ø Effect of a Loan Modification When the Loan is Part of a Pool that is Accounted for as a Single Asset – a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force – In April 2010, the FASB issued ASU No. 2010-18, Receivables (Topic 310) – Effect of a Loan Modification When the Loan is Part of a Pool that is Accounted for as a Single Asset – a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force. ASU 2010-18 provides guidance on account for acquired loans that have evidence of credit deterioration upon acquisition. It allows acquired assets with common risk characteristics to be accounted for in the aggregate as a pool. ASU 2010-18 was effective for modifications of loans accounted for within pools under Subtopic 310-30 in the first interim or annual reporting period ending on or after July 15, 2010. ASU 2010-18 did not have an impact on our financial condition, results of operations, or disclosures.

Ø Disclosures about the Credit Quality of Financing Receivables and the Allowance for Credit Losses – In July 2010, the FASB released ASU 2010-20, Receivables (Topic 310): Disclosures about the Credit Quality of Financing Receivables and the Allowance for Credit Losses. The standard will help investors assess the credit risk of a company's receivables portfolio and the adequacy of its allowance for credit losses held against the portfolios by expanding credit risk disclosures. Companies will be required to provide more information about the credit quality of their financing receivables in the disclosures to financial statements, such as aging information and credit quality indicators. Both new and existing disclosures must be disaggregated by portfolio segment or class. The disaggregation of information is based on how a company develops its allowance for credit losses and how it manages its credit exposure.

The standard requires CTBI to expand disclosures about the credit quality of our loans and the related reserves against them. The additional disclosures include details on our past due loans, credit quality indicators, and modifications of loans, and are included in note 4. CTBI adopted the standard beginning with our December 31, 2010 financial statements.

Ø Deferral of the Effective Date of Disclosures about Troubled Debt Restructurings – In January 2011, the FASB released ASU 2011-01, Receivables (Topic 310): Deferral of the Effective Date of Disclosures about Troubled Debt Restructurings. The amendments in this ASU temporarily delayed the effective date of the disclosures about troubled debt restructurings in ASU 2010-20 discussed above. The delay was intended to allow the Board time to complete its deliberations on what constitutes a troubled debt restructuring. CTBI adopted the new disclosures effective for the reporting period ending September 30, 2011 with no significant impact on our consolidated financial statements.

Ø A Creditor's Determination of Whether a Restructuring is a Troubled Debt Restructuring – In April 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-02, A Creditor's Determination of Whether a Restructuring is a Troubled Debt Restructuring. The provisions of ASU No. 2011-02 provide additional guidance related to determining whether a

creditor has granted a concession, include factors and examples for creditors to consider in evaluating whether a restructuring results in a delay in payment that is insignificant, prohibit creditors from using the borrower's effective rate test to evaluate whether a concession has been granted to the borrower, and add factors for creditors to use in determining whether a borrower is experiencing financial difficulties. A provision in ASU No. 2011-02 also ends the FASB's deferral of the additional disclosures about troubled debt restructurings as required by ASU No. 2010-20. The provisions of ASU No. 2011-02 were effective for CTBI's reporting period ending September 30, 2011. The adoption of ASU No. 2011-02 did not have a material impact on CTBI's consolidated financial statements.

Ø **Reconsideration of Effective Control for Repurchase Agreements** – In April 2011, the FASB issued ASU 2011-03, **Reconsideration of Effective Control for Repurchase Agreements**. The main objective in developing this ASU is to improve the accounting for repurchase agreements and other agreements that both entitle and obligate a transferor to repurchase or redeem financial assets before their maturity. The amendments in this ASU remove from the assessment of effective control (1) the criterion requiring the transferor to have the ability to repurchase or redeem the financial assets on substantially the agreed terms, even in the event of default by the transferee, and (2) the collateral maintenance implementation guidance related to that criterion. Other criteria applicable to the assessment of effective control are not changed by the amendments in this Update. The guidance in this Update is effective for the first interim or annual period beginning on or after December 15, 2011. The guidance should be applied prospectively to transactions or modifications of existing transactions that occur on or after the effective date. Early adoption is not permitted. The adoption of ASU No. 2011-03 is not expected to have a material impact on CTBI's consolidated financial statements.

Ø **Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRSs** – In May 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-04, **Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRSs**. The amendments in this ASU generally represent clarifications of Topic 820, but also include some instances where a particular principle or requirement for measuring fair value or disclosing information about fair value measurements has changed. This ASU results in common principles and requirements for measuring fair value and for disclosing information about fair value measurements in accordance with U.S. GAAP and IFRSs.

The amendments in this ASU are to be applied prospectively. For public entities, the amendments are effective during interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2011. Early application by public entities is not permitted. CTBI will adopt the methodologies prescribed by this ASU by the date required and does not anticipate that the ASU will have a material effect on our financial position or results of operations.

Ø **Amendments to Topic 220, Comprehensive Income** – In June 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-05, **Amendments to Topic 220, Comprehensive Income**. Under the amendments in this ASU, an entity has the option to present the total of comprehensive income, the components of net income, and the components of other comprehensive income either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate but consecutive statements. In both choices, an entity is required to present each component of net income along with total net income, each component of other comprehensive income along with a total for other comprehensive income, and a total amount for comprehensive income. This ASU eliminates the option to present the components of other comprehensive income as part of the statement of changes in stockholders' equity. The amendments in this ASU do not change the items that must be reported in other comprehensive income or when an item of other comprehensive income must be reclassified to net income.

The amendments in this ASU should be applied retrospectively. For public entities, the amendments are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2011. Early adoption is permitted, because compliance with the amendments is already permitted. The amendments do not require any transition disclosures. In October 2011, the FASB decided that the specific requirement to present items that are reclassified from other comprehensive income to net income alongside their respective components of net income and other comprehensive income will be deferred. Therefore, those requirements will not be effective for public entities for

fiscal years and interim periods within those years beginning after December 15, 2011. CTBI will adopt ASU 2011-05 retrospectively by the due date and does not anticipate that it will have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

Ø Testing Goodwill for Impairment – In September 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-08, Intangibles-Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Testing Goodwill for Impairment. The amendments in this ASU will allow an entity to first assess qualitative factors to determine whether it is necessary to perform the two-step quantitative goodwill impairment test. Under these amendments, an entity would not be required to calculate the fair value of a reporting unit unless the entity determines, based on a qualitative assessment, that it is more likely than not that its fair value is less than its carrying amount. The amendments include a number of events and circumstances for an entity to consider in conducting the qualitative assessment. ASU 2011-08 is effective for annual and interim goodwill impairment tests performed for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2011. Early adoption is permitted, including for annual and interim goodwill impairment tests performed as of a date before September 15, 2011, if an entity's financial statements for the most recent annual or interim period have not yet been issued. CTBI will adopt this ASU by the date required and does not anticipate that it will have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

#### Note 2 – Stock-Based Compensation

CTBI's compensation expense related to stock option grants was \$72 thousand and \$324 thousand for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. Restricted stock expense for the first nine months of 2011 and 2010 was \$517 thousand and \$273 thousand, respectively. As of September 30, 2011, there was a total of \$0.1 million of unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested stock option awards that will be recognized as expense as the awards vest over a weighted average period of 1.6 years and a total of \$1.8 million of unrecognized compensation expense related to restricted stock grants that will be recognized as expense as the awards vest over a weighted average period of 2.7 years.

There were no shares of restricted stock granted during the three months ended September 30, 2011, and 45,542 shares granted during the nine months ended September 30, 2011. The restrictions on the restricted stock will lapse at the end of five years. However, in the event of a change in control of CTBI or the death of the participant, the restrictions will lapse. In the event of the disability of the participant, the restrictions will lapse on a pro rata basis (with respect to 20% of the participant's restricted stock for each year since the date of award). The Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors will have discretion to review and revise restrictions applicable to a participant's restricted stock in the event of the participant's retirement. There were no options granted to purchase shares of CTBI common stock during the three or nine months ended September 30, 2011. There were options to purchase 4,525 shares of CTBI common stock and 44,996 shares of restricted stock granted during the nine months ended September 30, 2010.

The fair values of options granted during the nine months ended September 30, 2010, were established at the date of grant using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the weighted average assumptions as follows:

	Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2010	
Expected dividend yield	4.78	%
Risk-free interest rate	3.14	%
Expected volatility	39.12	%
Expected term (in years)	7.5	

Weighted average fair value of options

\$6.53

## Note 3 – Securities

Securities are classified into held-to-maturity and available-for-sale categories. Held-to-maturity securities are those that CTBI has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity and are reported at amortized cost. Available-for-sale securities are those that CTBI may decide to sell if needed for liquidity, asset-liability management or other reasons. Available-for-sale securities are reported at fair value, with unrealized gains or losses included as a separate component of equity, net of tax.

The amortized cost and fair value of securities at September 30, 2011 are summarized as follows:

## Available-for-Sale

(in thousands)	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
U.S. Treasury and government agencies	\$32,093	\$1,275	\$0	\$33,368
State and political subdivisions	60,342	3,151	(9)	63,484
U.S. government sponsored agency mortgage-backed securities	334,874	10,322	(42)	345,154
Total debt securities	427,309	14,748	(51)	442,006
Marketable equity securities	20,582	1,022	0	21,604
Total available-for-sale securities	\$447,891	\$15,770	\$(51)	\$463,610

## Held-to-Maturity

(in thousands)	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
State and political subdivisions	\$1,182	\$1	\$0	\$1,183
Other debt securities	480	0	0	480
Total held-to-maturity securities	\$1,662	\$1	\$0	\$1,663

The amortized cost and fair value of securities as of December 31, 2010 are summarized as follows:

## Available-for-Sale

(in thousands)	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
U.S. Treasury and government agencies	\$29,154	\$330	\$(230)	\$29,254
State and political subdivisions	52,017	690	(842)	51,865
U.S. government sponsored agency mortgage-backed securities	230,905	6,690	(352)	237,243
Total debt securities	312,076	7,710	(1,424)	318,362
Marketable equity securities	20,582	41	(310)	20,313
Total available-for-sale securities	\$332,658	\$7,751	\$(1,734)	\$338,675

## Held-to-Maturity

(in thousands)	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
State and political subdivisions	\$1,182	\$0	\$0	\$1,182
Other debt securities	480	0	0	480
Total held-to-maturity securities	\$1,662	\$0	\$0	\$1,662

The amortized cost and fair value of securities at September 30, 2011 by contractual maturity are shown below. Expected maturities will differ from contractual maturities because issuers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

(in thousands)	Available-for-Sale		Held-to-Maturity	
	Amortized Cost	Fair Value	Amortized Cost	Fair Value
Due in one year or less	\$5,700	\$5,768	\$0	\$0
Due after one through five years	20,145	20,752	0	0
Due after five through ten years	39,743	41,368	1,182	1,183
Due after ten years	26,847	28,964	0	0
U.S. government sponsored agency mortgage-backed securities	334,874	345,154	0	0
Other securities	0	0	480	480
Total debt securities	427,309	442,006	1,662	1,663
Marketable equity securities	20,582	21,604	0	0
Total securities	\$447,891	\$463,610	\$1,662	\$1,663

There were no pre-tax gains or losses as of September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010.

The amortized cost of securities pledged as collateral, to secure public deposits and for other purposes, was \$160.5 million at September 30, 2011 and \$106.2 million at December 31, 2010.

The amortized cost of securities sold under agreements to repurchase amounted to \$229.0 million at September 30, 2011 and \$188.3 million at December 31, 2010.

CTBI evaluates its investment portfolio on a quarterly basis for impairment. The analysis performed as of September 30, 2011 indicates that all impairment is considered temporary, market driven, and not credit-related. The percentage of total investments with unrealized losses as of September 30, 2011 was 4.2% compared to 18.9% as of December 31, 2010. The following tables provide the amortized cost, gross unrealized losses, and fair market value, aggregated by investment category and length of time the individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position as of September 30, 2011 that are not deemed to be other-than-temporarily impaired.

#### Available-for-Sale

(in thousands)	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
Less Than 12 Months			
U.S. Treasury and government agencies	\$0	\$0	\$0
State and political subdivisions	1,318	(4 )	1,314
U.S. government sponsored agency mortgage-backed securities	17,796	(42 )	17,754
Total debt securities	19,114	(46 )	19,068
Marketable equity securities	0	0	0

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Total securities	19,114	(46	)	19,068
12 Months or More				
U.S. Treasury and government agencies	0	0		0
State and political subdivisions	590	(5	)	585
U.S. government sponsored agency mortgage-backed securities	0	0		0
Total debt securities	590	(5	)	585
Marketable equity securities	0	0		0
Total securities	590	(5	)	585
Total				
U.S. Treasury and government agencies	0	0		0
State and political subdivisions	1,908	(9	)	1,899
U.S. government sponsored agency mortgage-backed securities	17,796	(42	)	17,754
Total debt securities	19,704	(51	)	19,653
Marketable equity securities	0	0		0
Total securities	\$19,704	\$(51	)	\$19,653

As of September 30, 2011, there were no held-to-maturity securities with unrealized losses.

The analysis performed as of December 31, 2010 indicated that all impairment was considered temporary, market driven, and not credit-related. The following tables provide the amortized cost, gross unrealized losses, and fair market value, aggregated by investment category and length of time the individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position as of December 31, 2010 that are not deemed to be other-than-temporarily impaired.

Available-for-Sale

(in thousands)	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
Less Than 12 Months			
U.S. Treasury and government agencies	\$10,384	\$(230	) \$10,154
State and political subdivisions	24,624	(826	) 23,798
U.S. government sponsored agency mortgage-backed securities	30,016	(352	) 29,664
Total debt securities	65,024	(1,408	) 63,616
Marketable equity securities	42	(17	) 25
Total securities	65,066	(1,425	) 63,641
12 Months or More			
U.S. Treasury and government agencies	0	0	0
State and political subdivisions	590	(16	) 574
U.S. government sponsored agency mortgage-backed securities	0	0	0
Total debt securities	590	(16	) 574
Marketable equity securities	329	(293	) 36
Total securities	919	(309	) 610
Total			
U.S. Treasury and government agencies	10,384	(230	) 10,154
State and political subdivisions	25,214	(842	) 24,372
U.S. government sponsored agency mortgage-backed securities	30,016	(352	) 29,664



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Total debt securities	65,614	(1,424 )	64,190
Marketable equity securities	371	(310 )	61
Total securities	\$65,985	\$(1,734 )	\$64,251

As of December 31, 2010, there were no held-to-maturity securities with unrealized losses.

Note 4 – Loans

Major classifications of loans, net of unearned income and deferred loan origination costs, are summarized as follows:

(in thousands)	September 30 2011	December 31 2010
Commercial construction	\$121,142	\$135,091
Commercial secured by real estate	806,178	807,049
Equipment lease financing	10,765	14,151
Commercial other	376,890	388,746
Real estate construction	50,450	56,910
Real estate mortgage	644,779	623,851
Home equity	84,173	85,103
Consumer direct	124,441	126,046
Consumer indirect	354,739	368,233
Total loans	\$2,573,557	\$2,605,180

Not included in the loan balances above were loans held for sale in the amount of \$0.8 million and \$0.5 million at September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively. The amount of capitalized fees and costs related to origination of loans under ASC 310-20, included in the above loan totals were \$0.9 million and \$0.8 million at September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively.

CTBI acquired loans through the acquisition of First National Bank of LaFollette in the fourth quarter 2010. At acquisition, the transferred loans with evidence of deterioration of credit quality since origination were not significant; therefore, none of the loans acquired were accounted for under the guidance in ASC 310-30.

Credit discounts representing principal losses expected over the life of the loans are a component of the initial fair value for purchased loans acquired that are not deemed impaired at acquisition. Accordingly, an allowance for credit losses related to these loans is not carried over and recorded at the acquisition date. Subsequent to the acquisition date, the methods used to estimate the required allowance for credit losses for these loans is similar to originated loans; however, the Bank records a provision for loan losses only when the required allowance exceeds any remaining credit discounts. The remaining difference between the purchase price and the unpaid principal balance at the date of acquisition is recorded in interest income over the life of the loans. Management estimated the cash flows expected to be collected at acquisition using a third party that incorporated estimates of current key assumptions, such as default rates, severity, and prepayment speeds. The carrying amounts of those loans included in the balance sheet are \$93.6 million and \$115.7 million at September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively.

Changes in accretable yield for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 and the year ended December 31, 2010 are as follows:

(in thousands)	September 30 2011	December 31 2010
Beginning balance	\$2,995	\$0

Additions	0	3,152
Accretion	(806 )	(126 )
Disposals	(1,033 )	(31 )
Ending balance	\$1,156	\$2,995

The amount of loans on a non-accruing income status was \$28.0 million at September 30, 2011 and \$45.0 million at December 31, 2010. The total of loans on non-accrual that were in homogeneous pools and not evaluated individually for impairment were \$6.5 million, and \$7.6 million at September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively. Additional interest which would have been recorded during the quarter ended September 30, 2011 was \$0.2 million compared to \$0.3 million and \$0.4 million for quarters ended December 31, 2010 and September 30, 2010, respectively. Any loan greater than 90 days past due must be well secured and in the process of collection to continue accruing interest. The amount of loans 90 days or more past due and still accruing interest was \$9.5 million, \$17.0 million, and \$20.3 million at September 30, 2011, December 31, 2010, and September 30, 2010, respectively. Refer to note 1 to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2010 included in CTBI's Annual Report on Form 10-K for further information regarding our nonaccrual policy. Nonaccrual loans segregated by class of loans were as follows:

(in thousands)	September 30 2011	December 31 2010
<b>Commercial:</b>		
Commercial construction	\$10,078	\$13,138
Commercial secured by real estate	9,235	15,608
Commercial other	2,131	9,338
<b>Residential:</b>		
Real estate construction	873	636
Real estate mortgage	5,484	6,137
Home equity	185	164
<b>Total nonaccrual loans</b>	<b>\$27,986</b>	<b>\$45,021</b>

The following tables present the Bank's loan portfolio aging analysis, segregated by class, as of September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

(in thousands)	September 30, 2011						Total Loans	90+ and Accruing*
	30-59 Days Past Due	60-89 Days Past Due	90+ Days Past Due	Total Past Due	Current			
<b>Commercial:</b>								
Commercial construction	\$1,140	\$0	\$12,355	\$13,495	\$107,647	\$121,142	\$2,821	
Commercial secured by real estate	7,119	2,432	12,434	21,985	784,193	806,178	3,327	
Equipment lease financing	0	0	0	0	10,765	10,765	0	
Commercial other	3,270	275	1,950	5,495	371,395	376,890	667	
<b>Residential:</b>								
Real estate construction	179	281	885	1,345	49,105	50,450	26	
Real estate mortgage	1,555	3,622	6,802	11,979	632,800	644,779	1,912	

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Home equity	1,075	196	421	1,692	82,481	84,173	287
Consumer:							
Consumer direct	1,347	241	87	1,675	122,766	124,441	87
Consumer indirect	2,808	809	416	4,033	350,706	354,739	416
Total	\$18,493	\$7,856	\$35,350	\$61,699	\$2,511,858	\$2,573,557	\$9,543

(in thousands)	December 31, 2010						
	30-59 Days Past Due	60-89 Days Past Due	90+ Days Past Due	Total Past Due	Current	Total Loans	90+ and Accruing*
Commercial:							
Commercial construction	\$1,800	\$545	\$14,290	\$16,635	\$118,456	\$135,091	\$1,178
Commercial secured by real estate	6,382	8,618	22,195	37,195	769,854	807,049	9,641
Equipment lease financing	0	0	0	0	14,151	14,151	0
Commercial other	6,737	539	5,039	12,315	376,431	388,746	1,692
Residential:							
Real estate construction	109	767	1,009	1,885	55,025	56,910	372
Real estate mortgage	1,478	3,764	8,844	14,086	609,765	623,851	3,337
Home equity	885	276	295	1,456	83,647	85,103	226
Consumer:							
Consumer direct	1,569	242	70	1,881	124,165	126,046	70
Consumer indirect	2,851	684	498	4,033	364,200	368,233	498
Total	\$21,811	\$15,435	\$52,240	\$89,486	\$2,515,694	\$2,605,180	\$17,014

\*90+ and Accruing are also included in 90+ Days Past Due column.

Bank procedures for assessing and maintaining adequate credit quality grading differ slightly depending on whether a new or renewed loan is being underwritten, or whether an existing loan is being re-evaluated for potential credit quality concerns. The latter usually occurs upon receipt of updated financial information, or other pertinent data, that would potentially cause a change in the loan grade.

The Bank categorizes loans into risk categories based on relevant information about the ability of borrowers to service their debt such as: current financial information, historical payment experience, public information, and current economic trends. The Bank also considers the fair value of the underlying collateral and the strength and willingness of the guarantor(s). The Bank analyzes loans individually and based on this analysis, establishes a credit risk rating. The Bank uses the following definitions for risk ratings:

Ø Pass grades include investment grade, low risk, moderate risk, and acceptable risk loans. The loans range from loans that have no chance of resulting in a loss to loans that have a limited chance of resulting in a loss. Customers in this grade have excellent to fair credit ratings. The cash flows are adequate to meet required debt repayments.

Ø Watch graded loans are loans that warrant extra management attention but are not currently criticized. Loans on the watch list may be potential troubled credits or may warrant “watch” status for a reason not directly related to the asset quality of the credit. The watch grade is a management tool to identify credits which may be candidates for future classification or may temporarily warrant extra management monitoring.

- Ø Other assets especially mentioned (OAEM) reflects loans that are currently protected but are potentially weak. These loans constitute an undue and unwarranted credit risk but not to the point of justifying a classification of substandard. The credit risk may be relatively minor yet constitute an unwarranted risk in light of circumstances surrounding a specific asset. Loans in this grade display potential weaknesses which may, if unchecked or uncorrected, inadequately protect the Bank's credit position at some future date. The loans may be adversely affected by economic or market conditions.
- Ø Substandard grading indicates that the loan is inadequately protected by the current sound worth and paying capacity of the obligor or of the collateral pledged. These loans have a well-defined weakness or weaknesses that jeopardize the orderly liquidation of the debt with the distinct possibility that the Bank will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected.
- Ø Doubtful graded loans have the weaknesses inherent in the substandard grading with the added characteristic that the weaknesses make collection or liquidation in full, on the basis of currently existing facts, conditions, and values, highly questionable and improbable. The probability of loss is extremely high, but because of certain important and reasonably specific pending factors which may work to the Bank's advantage or strengthen the asset(s), its classification as an estimated loss is deferred until its more exact status may be determined. Pending factors include proposed merger, acquisition, or liquidation procedures, capital injection, perfecting liens on additional collateral, and refinancing plans.
- Ø A loss grading applies to loans that are considered uncollectible and of such little value that their continuance as bankable assets is not warranted. This classification does not mean that the asset has absolutely no recovery value, but rather it is not practical or desirable to defer writing off the asset. Losses must be taken in the period in which they surface as uncollectible, or in the case of collateral-dependent loans, a specific reserve in the amount of the expected loss is applied to the loan until the collateral is liquidated or we have taken possession and moved it into other real estate owned.

The following tables present the credit risk profile of the Bank's commercial loan portfolio based on rating category and payment activity, segregated by class of loans, as of September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

(in thousands)	Commercial				Total
	Commercial Construction	Secured by Real Estate	Commercial Other	Equipment Leases	
September 30, 2011					
Pass	\$ 80,207	\$ 650,654	\$ 322,494	\$ 10,765	\$ 1,064,120
Watch	18,079	76,034	38,392	0	132,505
OAEM	998	15,663	1,559	0	18,220
Substandard	10,949	53,926	10,086	0	74,961
Doubtful	9,857	8,985	1,879	0	20,721
Loss	1,052	916	2,480	0	4,448
Total	\$ 121,142	\$ 806,178	\$ 376,890	\$ 10,765	\$ 1,314,975
December 31, 2010					
Pass	\$ 80,064	\$ 651,281	\$ 313,444	\$ 14,151	\$ 1,058,940
Watch	27,510	80,128	57,716	0	165,354
OAEM	853	8,163	731	0	9,747
Substandard	13,987	53,141	7,348	0	74,476
Doubtful	12,506	13,813	7,456	0	33,775
Loss	171	523	2,051	0	2,745
Total	\$ 135,091	\$ 807,049	\$ 388,746	\$ 14,151	\$ 1,345,037

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The following tables present the credit risk profile of the Bank's residential real estate and consumer loan portfolios based on performing or nonperforming status, segregated by class, as of September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

(in thousands)	Real Estate Construction	Real Estate Mortgage	Home Equity	Consumer Direct	Consumer Indirect
September 30, 2011					
Performing	\$ 49,551	\$637,383	\$83,701	\$124,354	\$354,323
Nonperforming	899	7,396	472	87	416
Total	\$ 50,450	\$644,779	\$84,173	\$124,441	\$354,739
December 31, 2010					
Performing	\$ 55,902	\$614,377	\$84,713	\$125,976	\$367,735
Nonperforming	1,008	9,474	390	70	498
Total	\$ 56,910	\$623,851	\$85,103	\$126,046	\$368,233

A loan is considered nonperforming if it is 90 days or more past due or on nonaccrual.

A loan is considered impaired, in accordance with the impairment accounting guidance (ASC 310-10-35-16), when based on current information and events, it is probable the Bank will be unable to collect all amounts due from the borrower in accordance with the contractual terms of the loan. Impaired loans include nonperforming commercial loans but also include loans modified in troubled debt restructurings where concessions have been granted to borrowers experiencing financial difficulties. These concessions could include a reduction in the interest rate on the loan, payment extensions, forgiveness of principal, forbearance or other actions intended to maximize collection.

The following table presents impaired loans at September 30, 2011:

(in thousands)	September 30, 2011		
	Recorded Balance	Unpaid Principal Balance	Specific Allowance
Loans without a specific valuation allowance:			
Commercial construction	\$5,748	\$5,748	\$0
Commercial secured by real estate	31,308	32,483	0
Commercial other	2,996	3,091	0
Real estate construction	28	28	0
Real estate mortgage	83	83	0
Consumer direct	78	78	0
Consumer indirect	121	121	0
Loans with a specific valuation allowance:			
Commercial construction	9,247	10,756	3,714
Commercial secured by real estate	4,619	4,754	1,826
Commercial other	1,793	4,373	765
Commercial	55,711	61,205	6,305
Residential	111	111	0
Consumer	199	199	0
Total	\$56,021	\$61,515	\$6,305

The following table presents the average investment in impaired loans and interest income recognized on impaired loans for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2011		September 30, 2011	
(in thousands)	Average Investment in Impaired Loans	Interest Income Recognized	Average Investment in Impaired Loans	Interest Income Recognized
Loans without a specific valuation allowance:				
Commercial construction	\$5,733	\$ 76	\$9,239	\$ 193
Commercial secured by real estate	30,910	666	31,901	1,239
Commercial other	3,129	38	3,677	126
Real estate construction	28	0	19	1
Real estate mortgage	83	1	84	4
Consumer direct	79	2	78	6
Consumer indirect	124	3	101	8
Loans with a specific valuation allowance:				
Commercial construction	9,440	0	8,614	0
Commercial secured by real estate	4,632	0	5,025	23
Commercial other	1,873	0	4,666	0
Commercial	55,717	780	63,122	1,581
Residential	111	1	103	5
Consumer	203	5	179	14
Total	\$56,031	\$ 786	\$63,404	\$ 1,600

The following table presents impaired loans at December 31, 2010 and the average investment in impaired loans and interest income recognized on impaired loans for the year ended December 31, 2010:

	December 31, 2010				
	Recorded Balance	Unpaid Contractual Principal Balance	Specific Allowance	Average Investment in Impaired Loans	Interest Income Recognized
(in thousands)					
Loans without a specific valuation allowance:					
Commercial construction	\$6,313	\$6,313	\$0	\$6,262	\$ 43
Commercial secured by real estate	23,503	24,034	0	23,629	330
Commercial other	4,357	4,616	0	4,407	71
Real estate construction	790	790	0	790	0
Real estate mortgage	950	950	0	950	0
Loans with a specific valuation allowance:					
Commercial construction	9,528	10,813	2,554	9,686	0
Commercial secured by real estate	9,188	9,358	2,575	9,191	2
Commercial other	8,680	10,338	3,093	8,090	85
Commercial	61,569	65,472	8,222	61,265	531
Residential	1,740	1,740	0	1,740	0
Total	\$63,309	\$67,212	\$8,222	\$63,005	\$ 531

The recorded investments in impaired loans at September 30, 2010 are summarized below:

	September 30 2010
(in thousands)	
Impaired loans without specific reserves	\$26,871
Impaired loans with specific reserves	19,070
Restructured loans	6,377
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$52,318</b>

The average investment in impaired loans for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 was \$56.3 million and interest income recognized on impaired loans was \$0.4 million for the same period.

Included in certain loan categories of impaired loans are certain loans and leases that have been modified in a troubled debt restructuring, where economic concessions have been granted to borrowers who have experienced financial difficulties. These concessions typically result from our loss mitigation activities and could include reductions in the interest rate, payment extensions, forgiveness of principal, forbearance or other actions. Modifications of terms for our loans and their inclusion as troubled debt restructurings are based on individual facts and circumstances. Loan modifications that are included as troubled debt restructurings may involve either an increase or reduction of the interest rate, extension of the term of the loan, or deferral of principal payments, regardless of the period of the modification. All of the loans were modified due to financial stress of the borrower.

When we modify loans and leases in a troubled debt restructuring, we evaluate any possible impairment similar to other impaired loans based on the present value of expected future cash flows, discounted at the contractual interest rate of the original loan or lease agreement, or use the current fair value of the collateral, less selling costs for collateral dependent loans. If we determined that the value of the modified loan is less than the recorded investment in the loan (net of previous charge-offs, deferred loan fees or costs and unamortized premium or discount), impairment is recognized through a specific reserve or a charge-off to the allowance. In periods subsequent to modification, we evaluate all troubled debt restructuring, including those that have payment defaults, for possible impairment and recognize impairment through the allowance.

Restructured loans segregated by class of loans were as follows:

	September 30 2011	December 31 2010
(in thousands)		
<b>Commercial:</b>		
Commercial construction	\$5,388	\$2,973
Commercial secured by real estate	18,871	2,511
Commercial other	2,320	1,156
<b>Residential:</b>		
Real estate construction	28	0
Real estate mortgage	83	0
<b>Consumer:</b>		
Consumer direct	78	0
Consumer indirect	121	0
<b>Total restructured loans</b>	<b>\$26,889</b>	<b>\$6,640</b>

Presented below, segregated by class of loans, are troubled debt restructurings that occurred during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011:



(in thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30, 2011			Nine Months Ended September 30, 2011		
	Number of Loans	Post-Modification Outstanding Balance	Net Charge-offs Resulting from Modification	Number of Loans	Post-Modification Outstanding Balance	Net Charge-offs Resulting from Modification
<b>Commercial:</b>						
Commercial construction	5	\$ 138	\$ 0	7	\$ 3,372	\$ 0
Commercial secured by real estate	7	6,949	0	17	17,626	0
Commercial other	1	3	(1 )	9	1,977	(1 )
<b>Residential:</b>						
Real estate construction	0	0	0	1	28	0
Real estate mortgage	0	0	0	2	88	0
<b>Consumer:</b>						
Consumer direct	1	6	0	6	82	0
Consumer indirect	2	41	0	8	131	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>\$ 7,137</b>	<b>\$ (1 )</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>\$ 23,304</b>	<b>\$ (1 )</b>

Loan modifications resulted in no additional specific reserve allocations during the three months ended September 30, 2011 and an additional specific reserve allocation of \$200 thousand during the nine months ended September 30, 2011 as a result of a loan modification in the commercial other loan classification.

Presented below, segregated by class of loans, are troubled debt restructurings that were performing in accordance with their modified terms. CTBI considers a troubled debt restructuring to be performing in accordance with its modified terms if the loan is not past due 30 days or more as of the reporting date.

(in thousands)	September 30 2011	December 31 2010
<b>Commercial:</b>		
Commercial construction	\$1,324	\$1,633
Commercial secured by real estate	16,066	2,427
Commercial other	393	771
<b>Residential:</b>		
Real estate construction	0	0
Real estate mortgage	67	0
<b>Consumer:</b>		
Consumer direct	48	0
Consumer indirect	121	0
<b>Total current restructured loans</b>	<b>\$18,019</b>	<b>\$4,831</b>

Loans retain their accrual status at the time of their modification. As a result, if a loan is on nonaccrual at the time it is modified, it stays as nonaccrual, and if a loan is on accrual at the time of the modification, it generally stays on accrual. Commercial and consumer loans modified in a troubled debt restructuring are closely monitored for delinquency as an early indicator of possible future default. If loans modified in a troubled debt restructuring subsequently default, CTBI evaluates the loan for possible further impairment. The allowance for loan losses may be



increased, adjustments may be made in the allocation of the allowance, or partial charge-offs may be taken to further write-down the carrying value of the loan. Presented below, segregated by class of loans, are loans that were modified as troubled debt restructurings within the previous 12 months which have subsequently defaulted. CTBI considers a loan in default when it is 90 days or more past due or transferred to nonaccrual.

(in thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30 2011		Nine Months Ended September 30 2011	
	Number of Loans	Recorded Balance	Number of Loans	Recorded Balance
<b>Commercial:</b>				
Commercial construction	2	\$ 3,913	2	\$3,913
Commercial secured by real estate	0	0	0	0
Commercial other	0	0	2	83
<b>Residential:</b>				
Real estate construction	0	0	0	0
Real estate mortgage	0	0	0	0
<b>Consumer:</b>				
Consumer direct	1	7	1	7
Consumer indirect	0	0	0	0
Total defaulted restructured loans	3	\$ 3,920	5	\$4,003

The following tables present the activity in the allowance for loan losses and the recorded investment in loans based on portfolio segment and impairment method for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 and the year ended December 31, 2010:

(in thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30, 2011									
	Commercial Construction	Commercial Secured by Real Estate	Commercial Other	Equipment Lease Financing	Real Estate Construction	Real Estate Mortgage	Home Equity	Consumer Direct	Consumer Indirect	Total
Allowance for loan losses										
Beginning balance	\$4,637	\$13,202	\$5,452	\$123	\$296	\$3,938	\$514	\$1,067	\$5,923	\$35,152
Provision charged to expense	1,162	(134 )	366	0	261	692	56	(6 )	118	2,515
Losses charged off	304	369	856	0	244	566	44	261	716	3,360
Recoveries	16	27	127	0	6	17	7	141	351	692
Ending balance	\$5,511	\$12,726	\$5,089	\$123	\$319	\$4,081	\$533	\$941	\$5,676	\$34,999
Ending balance:										
Individually evaluated	\$3,714	\$1,826	\$765	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$6,305

for impairment Collectively evaluated for impairment	\$1,797	\$10,900	\$4,324	\$123	\$319	\$4,081	\$533	\$941	\$5,676	\$28,694
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Loans Ending balance: Individually evaluated for impairment	\$14,995	\$35,927	\$4,789	\$0	\$28	\$83	\$0	\$78	\$121	\$56,021
Collectively evaluated for impairment	\$106,147	\$770,251	\$372,101	\$10,765	\$50,422	\$644,696	\$84,173	\$124,363	\$354,618	\$2,517,536

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2011

(in thousands)	Commercial Construction	Commercial Secured by Real Estate	Commercial Other	Equipment Lease Financing	Real Estate Construction	Real Estate Mortgage	Home Equity	Consumer Direct	Consumer Indirect	Total
Allowance for loan losses Beginning balance	\$4,332	\$12,327	\$7,392	\$148	\$271	\$2,982	\$407	\$1,169	\$5,777	\$34,805
Provision charged to expense	1,958	2,858	1,039	(25 )	347	2,247	282	70	1,446	10,222
Losses charged off	808	2,582	3,691	0	319	1,217	171	670	2,630	12,088
Recoveries	29	123	349	0	20	69	15	372	1,083	2,060
Ending balance	\$5,511	\$12,726	\$5,089	\$123	\$319	\$4,081	\$533	\$941	\$5,676	\$34,999
Ending balance: Individually evaluated for impairment	\$3,714	\$1,826	\$765	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$6,305
Collectively evaluated for impairment	\$1,797	\$10,900	\$4,324	\$123	\$319	\$4,081	\$533	\$941	\$5,676	\$28,694

Loans

Ending balance:										
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$14,995	\$35,927	\$4,789	\$0	\$28	\$83	\$0	\$78	\$121	\$56,021
Collectively evaluated for impairment	\$106,147	\$770,251	\$372,101	\$10,765	\$50,422	\$644,696	\$84,173	\$124,363	\$354,618	\$2,517,536

Twelve Months Ended

	Commercial Secured	Commercial Real Estate	Commercial Other	Equipment Lease Finance	Real Estate Construction	Real Estate Mortgage	Home Equity
(in thousands)							
Allowance for loan losses							
Beginning balance	\$3,381	\$10,961	\$7,472	\$221	\$291	\$3,041	\$455
Provision charged to expense	2,640	5,029	4,416	(73)	(17)	526	287
Losses charged off	1,695	3,826	5,184	0	22	684	358
Recoveries	6	163	688	0	19	99	23

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**Indirect Payments made by J.P. Morgan to Turkcell**

As part of its service to Turkcell, J.P. Morgan has agreed to waive fees and expenses estimated to total \$50,000. The table below sets forth the fees waived ended December 31, 2010.

**Category of Expenses**  
 Third-party expenses paid directly  
 Fees waived

**ITEM 13      DEFAULTS, DIVIDEND ARREARAGES AND DIVIDENDS IN ARREAR**  
 Not Applicable.

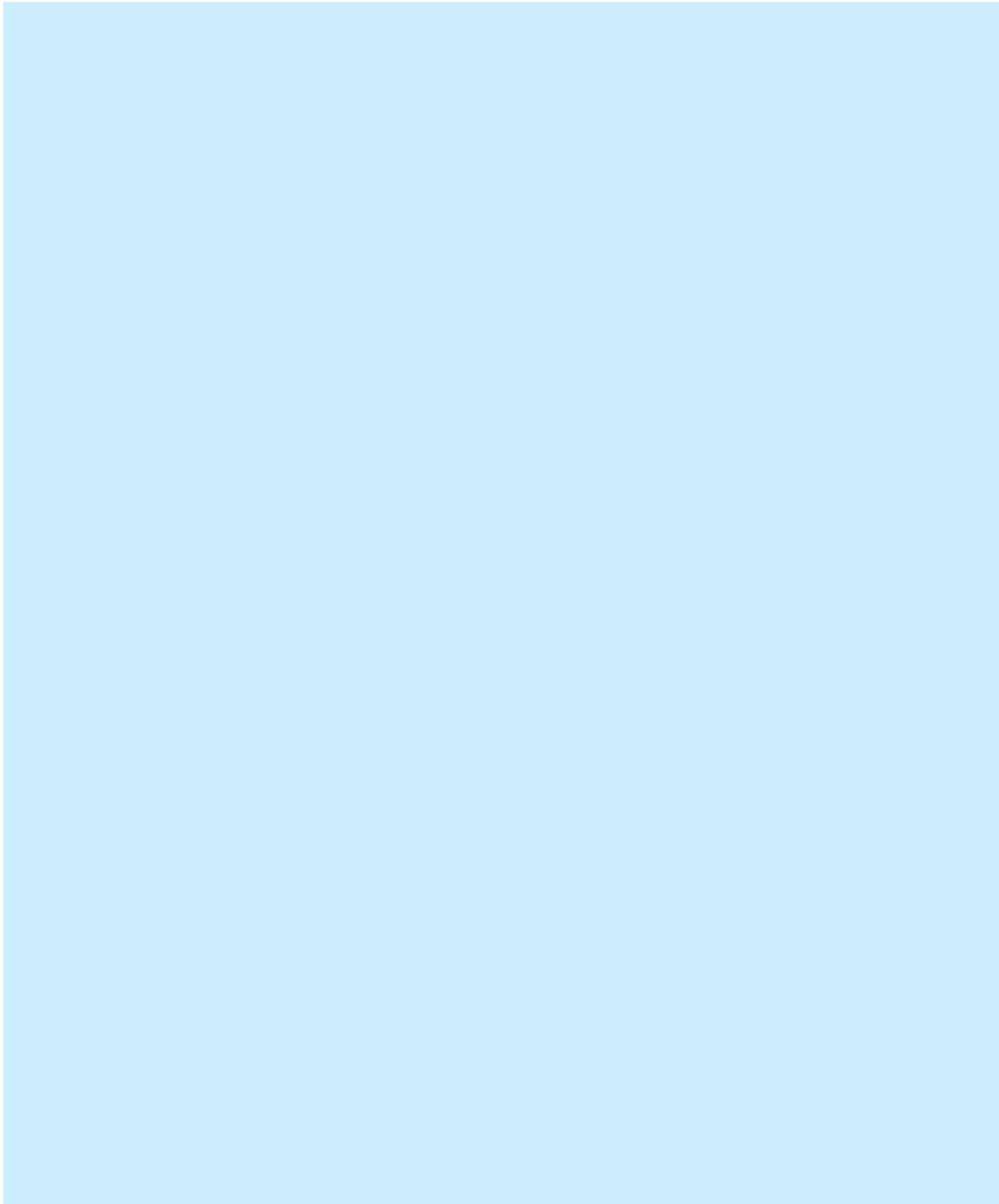
**ITEM 14      MATERIAL MODIFICATIONS TO THE RIGHT OF FIRST REFUSAL**  
 Not applicable.

**ITEM 15      CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**  
 (a) *Disclosure Controls and Procedures.* The Chief Executive Officer and I have reviewed the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in U.S. Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(e)) and concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

(b) *Management's Annual Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting.* The Company's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) was tested as of December 31, 2010. The Company's internal control over financial reporting provides reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The Company's internal control over financial reporting is designed to prevent or detect material misstatements of financial statements.

1.      Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and events that are required to be recorded in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; and
2.      Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as required by generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are supported by valid and supporting documentation; and
3.      Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, disposition of, or destruction of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Internal control over financial reporting has inherent limitations. It is not possible to design an internal control system that eliminates all risk of material misstatements resulting from human failures. In addition, it can be designed to provide reasonable assurance that material misstatements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis. The Company's internal control over financial reporting is designed to prevent or detect material misstatements of financial statements. Therefore, it is possible to design an internal control system that eliminates all risk of material misstatements resulting from human failures.



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Management assessed the effectiveness of the internal control over Internal Control-Integrated Framework, issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations (COSO). Management concluded that the Company's internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2014.

The effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2014, was audited by Deloitte LLP, our independent registered public accounting firm. Deloitte LLP is a Registered Public Accounting Firm.

(c) Attestation Report of the Independent Public Accounting Firm.

**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of

Turkcell İletişim Hizmetleri AŞ.

We have audited the internal control over financial reporting of Turkcell İletişim Hizmetleri AŞ. ("Turkcell") as of December 31, 2014, based on the criteria established in Internal Control-Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations (COSO). Management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for preparing the accompanying Management's Report. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the effectiveness of Turkcell's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (PCAOB). Those standards require that we perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was in place as of December 31, 2014. Obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting is required to plan the audit. The audit is not designed to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion on the effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk, and performance of the audit procedures may not be sufficient to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process of those policies and procedures that are designed to ensure the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that: (1) pertain to the recording, processing, summarizing, and reporting of financial transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide a reasonable assurance that transactions and dispositions of the company are recorded as required by generally accepted accounting principles and that all transactions and dispositions of the company are properly authorized by management and directors of the company; and (3) provide a reasonable assurance that the disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements is properly recorded.

Because of the inherent limitations of internal control over financial reporting, misstatements due to error or fraud may not be prevented or detected. Internal control over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the company's internal control policies or procedures may deteriorate.

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In our opinion, based on our audit, the Group maintained, in all material aspects, the criteria established in Internal Control-Integrated Framework issued by the Public Accounting Chamber of Turkey.

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Accounting Chamber of Turkey, the year ended December 31, 2010 of the Group and our report dated April 18, 2011, is subject to the report of the other auditors.

Istanbul, Turkey

April 18, 2011

/s/ DRT BAĞIMSIZ DENETİM VE SERBEST MUHASEBECİ MÜŞAVİRLİK A.Ş.

Member of **DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU LIMITED**

(d) *Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting.* There were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the period that could be expected to affect, or are reasonably likely to affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting. This information is presented for informational purposes only and is not intended to be relied upon in making any investment decision.

**ITEM 16. AUDIT COMMITTEE FINANCIAL EXPERTISE**

Currently no independent audit committee member is an audit committee financial expert. The audit committee members did not consider themselves, individually, as audit committee financial experts. We believe that our audit committee members are qualified to carry out their duties.

**ITEM 16B. CODE OF ETHICS**

We have adopted a code of ethics that applies to our Chief Executive Officer and other key personnel. A copy of the code of ethics is posted on our website, [www.turkcell.com.tr](http://www.turkcell.com.tr).

**ITEM 16C. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES**

Deloitte served as our independent registered public accountant for our 2010 financial statements. Mali Musavirlik A.S. served as our independent registered public accountant for our 2009 financial statements. The three year period ended December 31, 2010 appear in this annual report. For the year ended December 31, 2010, Deloitte was appointed as our independent auditors for our 2010 financial statements.

The following table presents the aggregate fees for professional services rendered to us by Deloitte for the year ended December 31, 2010:

Audit Fees(1)
Audit-Related Fees(2)
Tax Fees
All Other Fees(3)
Total

(1)

Audit Fees consist of fees billed for professional services per  
provided by the principal accountant in connection with statu



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(2) Audit-Related Fees consist of fees billed for assurance and related services provided in connection with the audit of financial statements.

(3) All Other Fees consist of fees billed for products and services not related to the audit.

***Audit Committee Pre-approval Policies and Procedures***

Our audit committee has determined that all work performed by our independent member has been pre-approved by the audit committee under the adopted blanket pre-approval policies and procedures.

**ITEM 16D. EXEMPTIONS FROM THE LISTING STANDARDS**

One of our audit committee members, Mr. Khudyakov, is a representative of the issuer and is not considered independent under Rule 10A-3(b) of the Exchange Act. The issuer is exempt from the requirements contained in Rule 10A-3(b)(1)(iv)(D). We do not believe that such exemptions satisfy other requirements of Rule 10A-3.

**ITEM 16E. PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES**

To our best knowledge and in accordance with the official Share Buyback Program, we did not purchase any of our common shares during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010.

**ITEM 16F. CHANGE IN REGISTRANT'S CERTIFYING ACCOUNTANTS**

Incorporated by reference to our annual report on Form 20-F filed on February 11, 2011.

**ITEM 16G. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

**Significant Differences in Corporate Governance Practices**

Matters related to corporate governance in Turkey are regulated by the Capital Markets Board of Turkey (the "CMB"), the regulatory and supervisory authority for the capital markets in Turkey.

In addition, corporate governance practices in Turkey are also guided by the CMB Principles of Corporate Governance, which are issued on a comply-or-explain basis on January 1, 2004. Effective from 2005, the CMB Principles are included in the Corporate Governance Report, which compares the CMB Principles to the Corporate Governance Principles of the NYSE. For more information, please visit [www.turkcell.com.tr](http://www.turkcell.com.tr).

We believe that we have, in all cases, either followed the recommendations of the CMB Principles or explained why we have not. Thus, we believe that we are in compliance with the CMB Principles of Corporate Governance according to the criteria set forth therein. In Turkey, other than the CMB Principles, there is also a Code of Corporate Governance communiqué, which only requires that committee members be independent. In accordance with these principles, we disclose in our Corporate Governance Report the names of the members of the audit committee and the compensation committee.

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Below is a summary of the significant differences between our corporate governance rules:

**NYSE Corporate Governance Rule for U.S. Issuers**

*Listed companies must have a majority of independent directors.*

*The non-management directors of each company must meet at regular executive sessions without management.*

*Listed companies must have a nominating/corporate governance committee composed entirely of independent directors, with a written charter that provides the committee with duties, which are to identify individuals qualified to become board members; with criteria approved by the board, and to select, or to recommend to the board, the director nominees for the next annual meeting of shareholders; to recommend to the board a set of corporate governance guidelines applicable to the corporation; and oversee the evaluation of the board and management, including the annual performance evaluation of the committee.*

*Listed companies must have a compensation committee composed of independent directors, with a written charter that covers certain minimum specifications.*

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**NYSE Corporate Governance Rule for U.S. Issuers**

*Listed companies must have an audit committee that satisfies requirements of Exchange Act Rule 10A-3 and additional requirements, including: (i) independence as defined in NYSE Rule 303A.02; (ii) members; (iii) addresses minimum duties in addition to those required by Exchange Act Rule 10A-3.*

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**NYSE Corporate Governance Rule for U.S. Issuers**

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**NYSE Corporate Governance Rule for U.S. Issuers**

*Listed companies must adopt and disclose corporate governance guidelines on certain minimum specified subjects.*

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**ITEM 17 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

We have responded to Item 18 in lieu of responding to this item.

**ITEM 18 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Our audited consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2002, are included in our 2002 annual report, on pages F-4 through F-111.

**ITEM 19 EXHIBITS**

<b>EXHIBIT NUMBER</b>	<b>DESCRIPTION</b>
1.1	Articles of Association of Turkcell Iletisim Hizmetleri AS
8.1	Subsidiaries of Turkcell.
12.1	Certification of Sureyya Ciliv, Chief Executive Officer, 2002.
12.2	Certification of Serkan Okandan, Chief Financial Officer, 2002.
13.1	Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1351, 2002.
15.1	Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm, 2002.
15.2	Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm, 2002.
15.3	Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm, 2002.
15.4	Auditor Letter Pertaining to Item 16F (incorporated by reference), 2002.

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The registrant hereby certifies that it meets all of the requirements for filing this annual report on its behalf.

Date: April 20, 2011

Date: April 20, 2011

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In

**Consolidated Financial Statements of Turkcell İletisim Hizmetleri**  
**Reports of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firms**  
**Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as at December 31, 2019**  
**Consolidated Income Statement for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018**  
**Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018**  
**Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended December 31, 2019**  
**Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018**  
**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**



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***REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS***

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of

Turkcell İletişim Hizmetleri A.Ş.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated statement of financial position as of December 31, 2010 and the related consolidated statement of income, consolidated statement of cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2010. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements. Turkcell İletişim Hizmetleri A.Ş. is a 41.45 percent owned equity accounted investee of the Group. The consolidated net income for the year 2010 was \$153 million. Those statements were audited by our other auditors. Our report included for Fintur, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (PCAOB). We performed the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, in all material aspects, support the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. We also evaluated the internal control over financial management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Our opinion.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the report of the other auditors, the consolidated financial statements of the Group as of December 31, 2010 and the results of their operations and cash flows presented in accordance with the International Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (PCAOB), the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2010 based on the criteria established in International Standards on Auditing issued by the International Auditing and Taxation Commission and our report dated April 18, 2011 expressed an unqualified opinion.

Istanbul, Turkey

April 18, 2011

/s/ DRT BAĞIMSIZ DENETİM VE SERBEST MUHASEBECİLER

Member of **DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU LIMITED**



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**TURKCELL IL**

**CONSOLID**

(Amounts expressed in thou

**Assets**

Property, plant and equipment  
 Intangible assets  
*GSM and other telecommunication operating licenses*  
*Computer software*  
*Other intangible assets*  
 Investments in equity accounted investees  
 Other investments  
 Due from related parties  
 Other non-current assets  
 Trade receivables  
 Deferred tax assets

**Total non-current assets**

Inventories  
 Other investments  
 Due from related parties  
 Trade receivables and accrued income  
 Other current assets  
 Cash and cash equivalents

**Total current assets**

**Total assets**

**Equity**

Share capital  
 Share premium  
 Capital contributions  
 Reserves  
 Retained earnings

**Total equity attributable to equity holders of  
 Turkcell Iletisim Hizmetleri AS**

**Non-controlling interests**

**Total equity**

**Liabilities**

Loans and borrowings  
 Employee benefits  
 Provisions

Other non-current liabilities  
Deferred tax liabilities

**Total non-current liabilities**

Bank overdraft  
Loans and borrowings  
Income taxes payable  
Trade and other payables  
Due to related parties  
Deferred income  
Provisions

**Total current liabilities**

**Total liabilities**

**Total equity and liabilities**

The notes on page F-10 to

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**TURKCELL IL**

**CON**

(Amounts expressed in thou

Revenue  
Direct costs of revenue

**Gross profit**

Other income  
Selling and marketing expenses  
Administrative expenses  
Other expenses

**Results from operating activities**

Finance income  
Finance costs

**Net finance income**

Share of profit of equity accounted investees

**Profit before income tax**

Income tax expense

**Profit for the year**

**Profit attributable to:**

Owners of Turkcell Iletisim Hizmetleri AS  
Non-controlling interest

**Profit for the year**

Basic and diluted earnings per share (in full USD)

The notes on page F-10 to

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**TURKCELL IL**

**CONSOLIDAT**

(Amounts expressed in thou

**Profit for the year**

**Other comprehensive income/(expense):**

Foreign currency translation differences

Net change in fair value of available-for-sale securities

Income tax on other comprehensive (expense)/income

**Other comprehensive income/(expense) for the year, net of income tax**

**Total comprehensive income for the year**

**Total comprehensive income/(expense) attributable to:**

Owners of Turkcell Iletisim Hizmetleri AS

Non-controlling interest

**Total comprehensive income for the year**

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TURKCELL IL

CONSOLID

(Amounts expressed in thou

	Share Capital	Capital ContributionP
<b>Balance at 1 January 2008</b>	1,636,204	
<b>Total comprehensive income</b>		
Profit for the year		
<b>Other comprehensive income/(expense)</b>		
Foreign currency translation differences, net of tax		
Net change in fair value of available-for-sale securities, net of tax		
<b>Total other comprehensive income/(expense)</b>		
<b>Total comprehensive income/(expense)</b>		
Increase in legal reserves		
Dividends paid		
Change in non-controlling interest		
Change in reserve for non-controlling interest put option		
Capital contribution granted		18,202
<b>Balance at 31 December 2008</b>	<b>1,636,204</b>	<b>18,202</b>
<b>Balance at 1 January 2009</b>	1,636,204	18,202
<b>Total comprehensive income</b>		
Profit for the year		
<b>Other comprehensive income/(expense)</b>		
Foreign currency translation differences, net of tax		
Net change in fair value of available-for-sale securities, net of tax		
<b>Total other comprehensive income/(expense)</b>		
<b>Total comprehensive income/(expense)</b>		
Increase in legal reserves		
Dividends paid		
Change in non-controlling interest		
Change in reserve for non-controlling interest put option		
Capital contribution granted		4,570

<b>Balance at 31 December 2009</b>	<b>1,636,204</b>	<b>22,772</b>
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**TURKCELL IL**

**CONSOLIDATED**

(Amounts expressed in thou

	<b>Share Capital</b>	<b>Capital Contribution</b>
<b>Balance at 1 January 2010</b>	1,636,204	22,772
<b>Total comprehensive income</b>		
Profit for the year		
<b>Other comprehensive income/(expense)</b>		
Foreign currency translation differences, net of tax		
Net change in fair value of available-for-sale securities, net of tax		
<b>Total other comprehensive income/(expense)</b>		
<b>Total comprehensive income/(expense)</b>		
Increase in legal reserves		
Dividends paid		
Change in non-controlling interest		
Change in reserve for non-controlling interest put option		
<b>Balance at 31 December 2010</b>	<b>1,636,204</b>	<b>22,772</b>

The notes on page F-10 to

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**TURKCELL IL**

**CONSO**

(Amounts expressed in thou

**Cash flows from operating activities**

**Profit for the year**

**Adjustments for:**

Depreciation and impairment of fixed assets  
 Amortization of intangible assets  
 Net finance (income)  
 Income tax expense  
 Share of profit of equity accounted investees  
 (Gain)/loss on sale of property, plant and equipment  
 Gain on sale of subsidiary  
 Unrealized foreign exchange gain and loss on operating assets  
 Impairment losses on goodwill  
 Provision for impairment of trade receivables  
 Deferred income

Change in trade receivables  
 Change in due from related parties  
 Change in inventories  
 Change in other current assets  
 Change in other non-current assets  
 Change in due to related parties  
 Change in trade and other payables  
 Change in other current liabilities  
 Change in other non-current liabilities  
 Change in employee benefits  
 Change in provisions

Interest paid  
 Income tax paid  
 Dividends received

**Net cash generated by operating activities**

**Cash flows from investing activities**

Acquisition of property, plant and equipment  
 Acquisition of intangible assets  
 Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment  
 Proceeds from currency option contracts  
 Payment of currency option contracts premium  
 Acquisition of available-for-sale securities  
 Proceeds from sale of available-for-sale securities  
 Acquisition of subsidiary, net of cash acquired  
 Interest received

**Net cash used in investing activities**

**Cash flows from financing activities**

Proceeds from issuance of loans and borrowings  
Loan transaction costs  
Repayment of borrowings  
Change in non-controlling interest  
Proceeds from capital contribution  
Dividends paid

**Net cash used in financing activities**

**Net decrease/(increase) in cash and cash equivalents**

**Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January**

**Effects of foreign exchange rate fluctuations on cash and cash equivalents**

**Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December**

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As a

(Amounts expressed in thou

**Notes to the consolidated financial statements**

- 1. Reporting entity**
- 2. Basis of preparation**
- 3. Significant accounting policies**
- 4. Determination of fair values**
- 5. Financial risk management**
- 6. Operating segments**
- 7. Revenue**
- 8. Other expenses**
- 9. Personnel expenses**
- 10. Finance income and costs**
- 11. Income tax expense**
- 12. Property, plant and equipment**
- 13. Intangible assets**
- 14. Investments in equity accounted investees**
- 15. Other investments**
- 16. Other non-current assets**
- 17. Deferred tax assets and liabilities**
- 18. Trade receivables and accrued income**
- 19. Other current assets**
- 20. Cash and cash equivalents**
- 21. Share capital and reserves**
- 22. Earnings per share**
- 23. Other non-current liabilities**
- 24. Loans and borrowings**
- 25. Employee benefits**
- 26. Deferred income**
- 27. Provisions**
- 28. Trade and other payables**
- 29. Financial instruments**
- 30. Operating leases**
- 31. Guarantees and purchase obligations**
- 32. Commitments and Contingencies**
- 33. Related parties**
- 34. Group entities**
- 35. Subsequent events**

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**TURKCELL IL**

**NOTES TO THE CO**

**As a**

(Amounts expressed in thou

**1. Reporting entity**

Turkcell Iletisim Hizmetleri Anonim Sirketi (the Company ) was Company s registered office is Turkcell Plaza, Mesrutiyet Caddesi Communications ( GSM ) network in Turkey and regional states.

In April 1998, the Company signed a license agreement (the 2G L which it was granted a 25 year GSM license in exchange for a licen it from some of the operating constraints in the Revenue Sharing Ag revenue generated from the operations of its GSM network and pay from Turkish GSM operations. The Company continues to build and charge peak and off-peak rates, offer a variety of service and pricing Following the 3G tender held by the Information Technologies and infrastructure, the Company has been granted the A-Type license (t Added Tax ( VAT )). Payment of the 3G license was made in cash

On 25 June 2005, the Turkish Government declared that GSM oper service fund contribution in accordance with Law No: 5369. As a re 10% to the Turkish Ministry as universal service fund.

In July 2000, the Company completed an initial public offering with on the New York Stock Exchange.

As at 31 December 2010, two significant founding shareholders, Sc respectively of the Company s share capital and are ultimate count available information, Alfa Group, which previously held, indirectly has reduced its stake to 4.99% following litigation with Telenor AS 62.2% of its holdings in Alfa Telecom Turkey Limited ( ATTL ) ( Limited ( HSL ) and in July 2010, redeemed these shares.

The consolidated financial statements of the Company as at and for Group ) and the Group s interest in one associate and one joint v each of its subsidiaries , associate s and joint venture s financial s

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**TURKCELL IL**

**NOTES TO THE CO**

**As a**

(Amounts expressed in thou

**2. Basis of preparation**

**(a) Statement of compliance**

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards Board ( IASB ).

The Company selected the presentation form of function of expense

The Company reports cash flows from operating activities by using the indirect method for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of non-cash items with investing or financing cash flows.

The consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended 31 March 2011 were prepared by the management for any subsequent events up until 18 April 2011.

Authority for restatement and approval of consolidated financial statements was given by the Board of Directors by the recommendation of Audit Committee of the Company.

**(b) Basis of measurement**

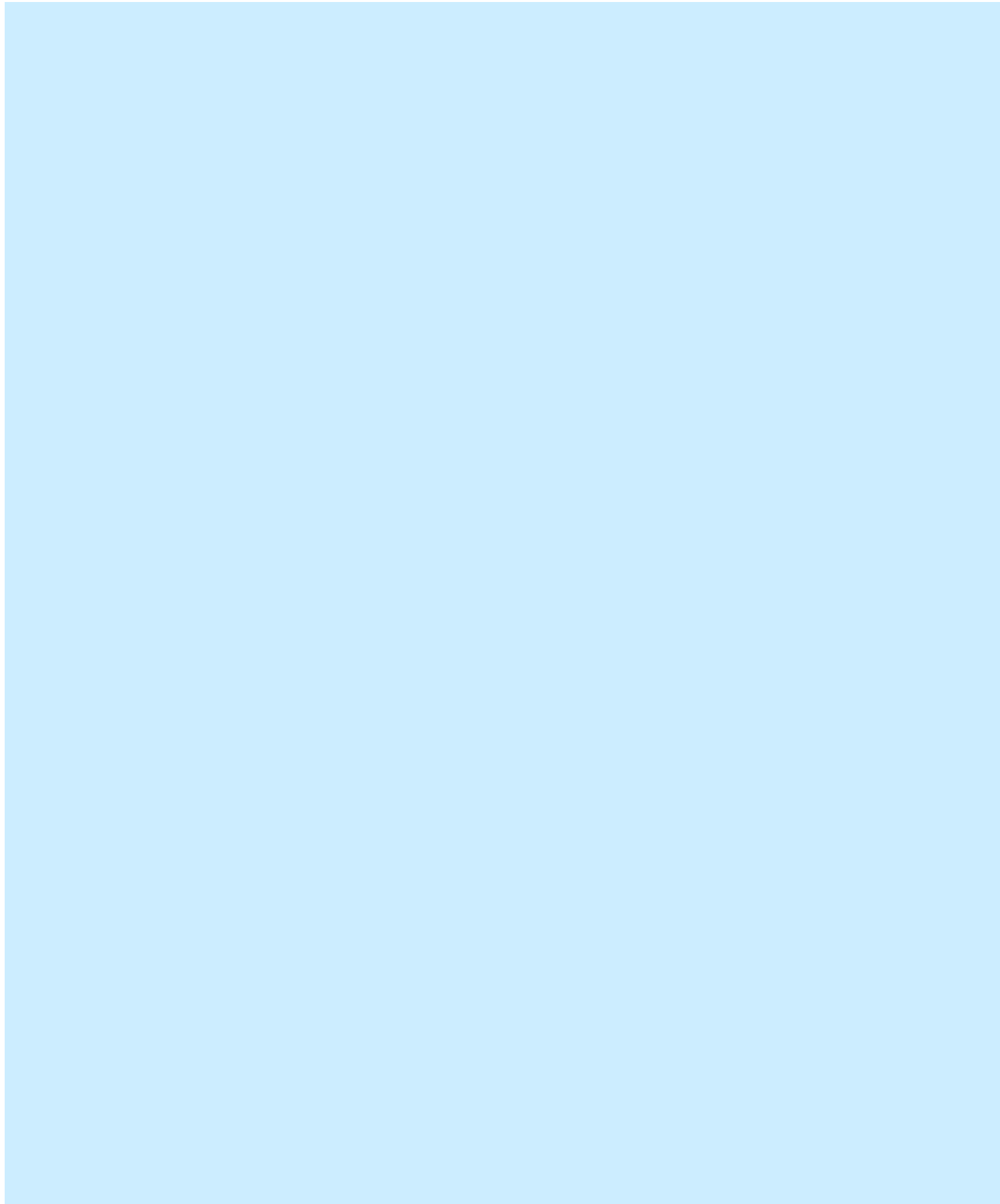
The accompanying consolidated financial statements are based on the historical cost method with IFRSs as issued by the IASB. They are prepared on the historical cost method as of 31 March 2005, except that the following assets and liabilities are stated at fair value: available-for-sale. The methods used to measure fair value are further described in Note 1.

**(c) Functional and presentation currency**

The consolidated financial statements are presented in US Dollars ( USD ). The functional currency of subsidiaries located in Turkey and Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus is Turkish Lira ( TL ), Euro ( EUR ), Ukrainian Hryvnia ( HRV ) and Swedish Krona ( SEK ). The functional currency of East Asian Communications Company (EACC) BV ( Financell ) is USD. The functional currency of East Asian Communications Company (EACC) Astelit ( Astelit ), LLC Global Bilgi ( Global LLC ) and UkrTov ( UkrTov ) is USD. The functional currency of FLLC Global Bilgi ( Global FLLC ) is Belarusian Ruble ( BYN ).

**(d) Use of estimates and judgments**

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities.



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**TURKCELL IL**

**NOTES TO THE CO**

**As a**

(Amounts expressed in thou

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis and adjusted as necessary in any future periods affected.

Information about significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and risk related to the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements are described in the notes. The allowance for doubtful receivables, useful lives or expected patterns of depreciation, impairment recognition and income taxes are provided below:

**Key sources of estimation uncertainty**

In Note 29, detailed analysis is provided for the foreign exchange exposure.

**Critical accounting judgments in applying the Group's accounting policies**

Certain critical accounting judgments in applying the Group's accounting policies are:

***Allowance for doubtful receivables***

During the current year, the Group has changed its accounting estimate for doubtful receivables was based on management's evaluation of the volume of receivables and the accounting estimate, the Group maintains an allowance for doubtful receivables based on the likelihood of making required payments. The Group bases the allowance on the likelihood of collection trends and general economic conditions. The allowance is calculated as a specified percentage of the outstanding balance in each period and is no longer.

This change is accounted as a change in accounting estimates in accordance with GAAP. Upon evaluation performed, the change in the estimates regarding the determination of the allowance for doubtful receivables is not material.

Bad debt expense for the year ended 31 December 2010 was \$1.2 million. Due to the impracticability, the Group has not disclosed the effect of the change in the allowance for doubtful receivables on the consolidated financial statements.



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**TURKCELL IL**

**NOTES TO THE CO**

**As a**

(Amounts expressed in thou

***Useful lives of assets***

The economic useful lives of the Group's assets are determined by the useful life of its assets in terms of the assets' expected utility to the Group. In determining the useful life of an asset, the Group also follows technical and/or commercial standards. For intangible assets, licenses are based on the duration of the license agreements.

In accordance with IAS 16 *Property, Plant and Equipment* and IAS 38 *Intangible Assets*, the Group reviews the useful life of its assets at each financial year-end and, if expectations differ from previous estimates, the Group adjusts the useful life. *Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors*. The Group considers current technologic and economic conditions and recent business plans when determining the useful life on depreciation and amortization charges;

Depreciation and amortization charge for the year ended 31 December 2019 was \$1,000. Due to the impracticability, the Group has not disclosed the effect of

***Commission fees***

Commission fees relate to services performed in relation to betting. The Group has issued amendments to the illustrative guidance in the appendix to IAS 18. Based on this guidance; management considered the following factors:

The Group does not take the responsibility for

The Group does not collect the proceeds from

The Group earns a pre-determined percentage

***Revenue recognition***

In arrangements which include multiple elements, the Group considers the nature of the contracts relating to the bundled contracts is allocated among the different un

the component has standalone value to the c

the fair value of the component can be meas  
The arrangement consideration is allocated to each deliverable in pr  
separately identifiable component, then it is accounted for as an inte

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(Amounts expressed in thou

***Income taxes***

The calculation of income taxes involves a degree of estimation and has not always been reached with the relevant tax authority or, as appropriate, through

As part of the process of preparing the consolidated financial statements of the entities they operate. This process involves estimating the actual current tax expense and deferred revenue and reserves for tax and accounting purposes. The amount of income and to the extent the recovery is not considered probable the

The recognition of deferred tax assets is based upon whether it is probable that they will be recognized, therefore, involves judgment regarding the future financial

**Changes in accounting policies**

Changes to the accounting policies are applied retrospectively and to the accounting policies during the current year.

**Changes in accounting estimates**

If the application of changes in the accounting estimates affects the financial results of the period, if they affect the financial results of current and following periods, a change in the measurement basis applied is a change in an accounting estimate. If the change in an accounting policy from a change in an accounting estimate, the change

The Group did not have any major changes in the accounting estimates for plant and equipment and intangible assets.

**Comparative information and revision of prior period financial statements**

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared to present a true and fair view of the Group's financial position and performance. If the presentation or classification of the financial statements for prior periods are also reclassified in line with the related changes.

The Company has for 2010 revised the manner in which it accounts for the presentation of prior periods, resulting in a change in the allocation of the statement of financial position items and Effect of foreign exchange

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(Amounts expressed in thou

underlying functional currency cash flows into the presentation currency. The effect of the translation of the statement of cash flows will not impact the Company's previously reported earnings, other comprehensive income and cash equivalents at the end of any period. The effect of the change in the

Net cash from operating activities  
Effects of foreign exchange on statement of financial position  
Effects of foreign exchange rate changes on cash  
Cash and cash equivalents

Net cash from operating activities  
Effects of foreign exchange on statement of financial position  
Effects of foreign exchange rate changes on cash  
Cash and cash equivalents

**3. Significant accounting policies**

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all Group entities.

**(a) Basis of consolidation**

*(i) Subsidiaries*

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. Control exists when the Group has the power to direct or influence the financial and operating policies of an entity from its activities. In assessing control, potential voting rights that are exercisable or convertible are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that they become exercisable or convertible, unless necessary to align them with the policies adopted by the Group.

*(ii) Acquisition from entities under common control*

Business combinations arising from transfers of interests in entities  
Business Combinations . In business combinations under common  
consolidated financial statements. Statements of income are

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(Amounts expressed in thou

consolidated starting from the beginning of the financial year in wh same manner in order to maintain consistency and comparability. A consolidated financial statements. Residual balance calculated by ne transactions (i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owne

*(iii) Associates and jointly controlled entities (equity accounted i*  
 Associates are those entities in which the Group has significant infl  
 when the Group holds between 20 and 50 percent of the voting pow  
 established by contractual agreement and requiring unanimous cons

Associates and jointly controlled entities (equity accounted investee  
 includes goodwill identified on acquisition, net of any accumulated  
 expenses and equity movements of equity accounted investees, after  
 influence or joint control commences until the date that significant i  
 investee, the carrying amount of that interest (including any long-te  
 the Group has an obligation or has made payments on behalf of the  
 and A-Tel Pazarlama ve Servis Hizmetleri AS ( A-Tel ).

*(iv) Transactions eliminated on consolidation*  
 Intragroup balances and transactions and any unrealized income an  
 statements. Unrealized gains arising from transactions with equity a  
 Unrealized losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealized gain

*(v) Non-controlling interests*  
 Where a put option is granted by the Group to the non-controlling in  
 the Group recognizes a liability for the present value of the estimate  
 are derecognized when the financial liability is recognized. The cor  
 attributable to the equity holders of the parent and not as attributabl  
 and the amount of non-controlling interests shareholders derecogn  
 non-controlling shareholders in existing subsidiaries are also recogn  
 income.

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**As a**

(Amounts expressed in thou

**(b) Foreign currency**

*(i) Foreign currency transactions*

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the respective functional currencies. Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are translated at the reporting rate. Gains and losses on translation of foreign currency transactions are recognized in the period in which they occur. Intangible assets at amortized cost in the functional currency at the beginning of the period are translated at the exchange rate at the end of the period.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the end of the period that the fair value was determined. Foreign currency differences arising from the retranslation of available-for-sale equity instruments, which are recognized in other comprehensive income.

*(ii) Foreign operations*

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations, including goodwill and intangible assets, are translated at the exchange rate at the reporting date.

Foreign currency differences arising on retranslation are recognized in other comprehensive income. From January 1, 2005, the Group's date of transition to IFRSs, such differences have been recognized in other comprehensive income, partially or fully, the relevant amount in the foreign currency translation reserve.

Foreign exchange gains and losses arising from a monetary item recognized in other comprehensive income, which are expected in the foreseeable future, are considered to form part of a net investment in the foreign operation.

*(iii) Translation from functional to presentation currency*

Items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured in their local currencies.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in USD, which is the functional currency of the Group for the convenience of investor and analyst community.

Assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the exchange rate at the reporting date. Income and expenses for each statement of income (including

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(Amounts expressed in thou

Foreign currency differences arising on retranslation are recognized

*(iv) Net investment in foreign operations*

Foreign currency differences arising from the translation of the net  
transferred to the statement of income upon disposal of the foreign

**(c) Financial instruments**

*(i) Non-derivative financial instruments*

Non-derivative financial instruments comprise investments in equit  
and other payables.

Non-derivative financial instruments which are not recognized or d  
any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial reco

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits  
integral part of the Group's cash management are included as a cor

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount present  
amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the a

Accounting for finance income and costs is discussed in Note 3(m).

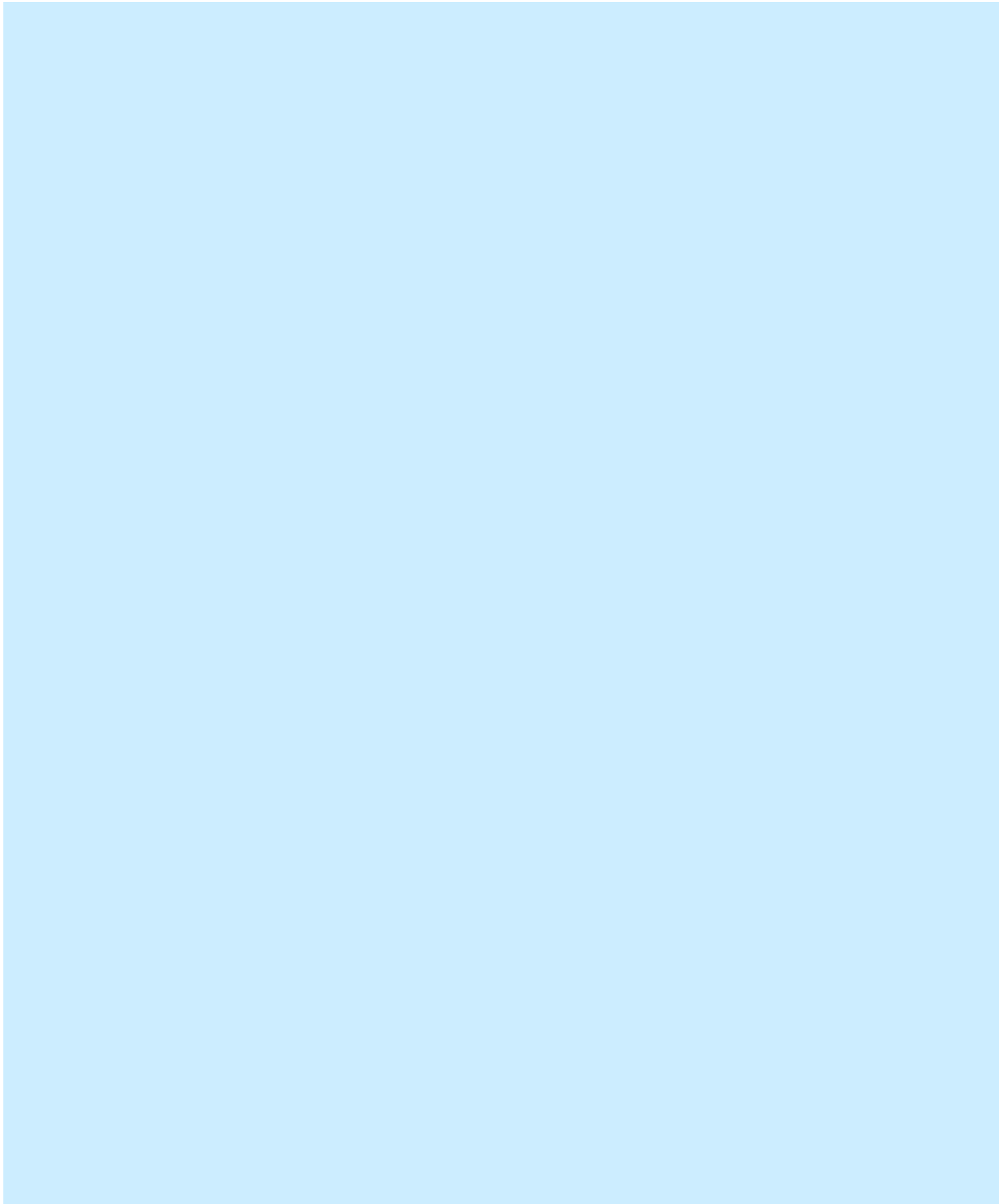
*Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss*

An instrument is classified as financial asset at fair value through p  
designated at fair value through profit or loss if the Group manages  
Group's risk management or investment strategy. Upon initial reco  
instruments at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair v

*Held-to-maturity financial assets*

If the Group has the positive intent and ability to hold debt securitie  
initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs.  
the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.





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(Amounts expressed in thou

Any sale or reclassification of a more than insignificant amount of held-to-maturity investments as available-for-sale, and prevent the financial years.

*Available-for-sale financial assets*

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets

The Group's investments in equity securities and certain debt securities at fair value and changes therein, other than impairment losses (see notes 1 and 2) are recognized directly in equity. When an investment is derecognized,

*Estimated exercise price of put options*

Under the terms of certain agreements, the Group is committed to acquire non-controlling interests wish to sell their share of interests.

As the Group has unconditional obligations to fulfill its liabilities under the put option to be presented as a financial liability on the statement of financial position for such transactions under the anticipated acquisition method and the liability is recognized. The Group accounts for the difference between the fair value of interests in equity.

*Other*

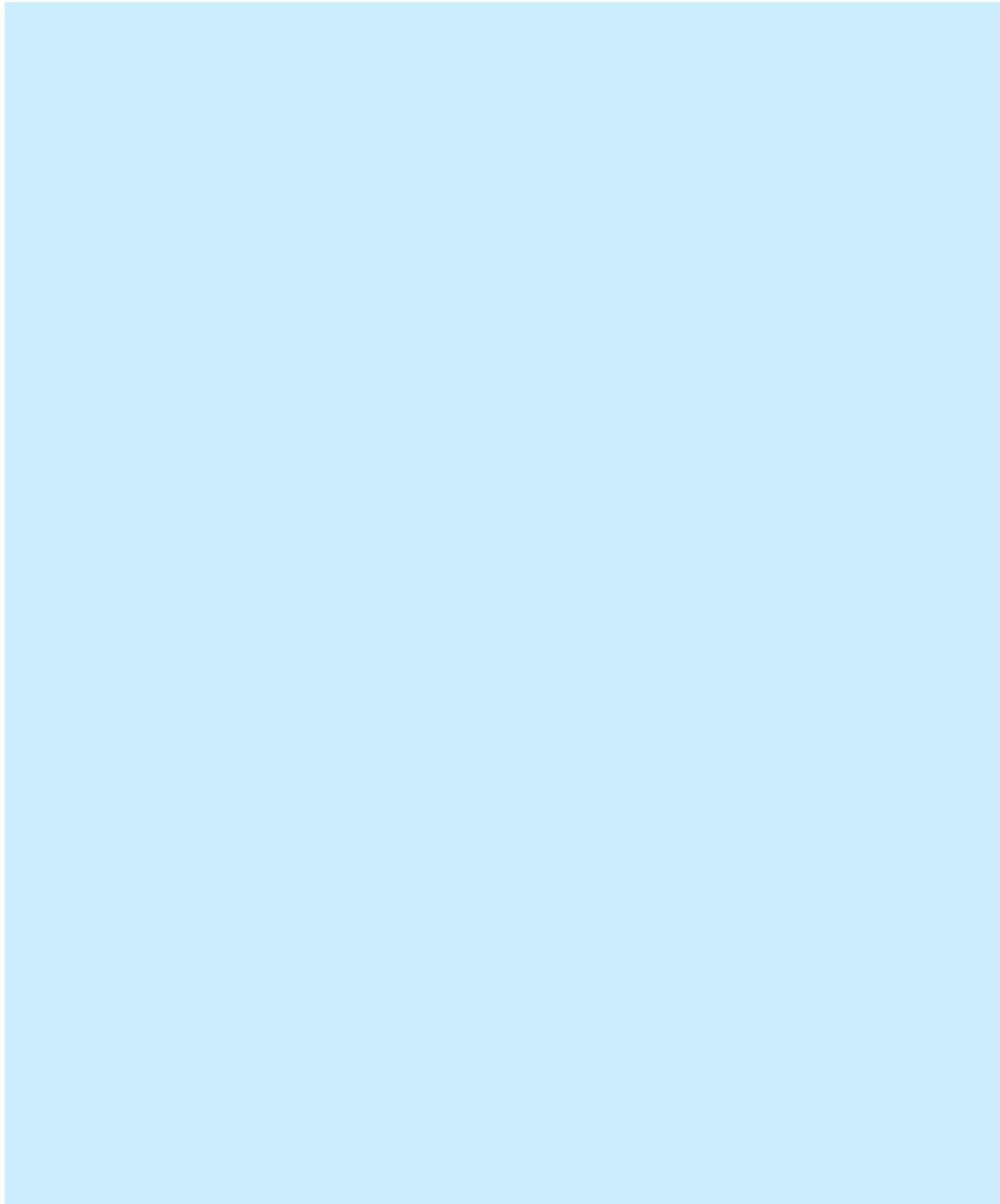
Other non-derivative financial instruments are measured at amortized cost

*(ii) Derivative financial instruments*

The Group holds derivative financial instruments to hedge its foreign currency risk. In accordance with its treasury policy, the Group engages in forward and option contracts.

Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract and accounted for as a derivative if a) the derivative are not closely related, b) a separate instrument with the same risk characteristics is not measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Derivatives are recognized initially at fair value; attributable transaction costs are recognized. Derivatives are measured at fair value and changes therein are recognized in profit or loss.



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**As a**

(Amounts expressed in thou

**(d) Property, plant and equipment**

*(i) Recognition and measurement*

Items of property, plant and equipment are stated at cost adjusted for depreciation (see below) and accumulated impairment losses (see n

Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of assets. Costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to a working condition for its intended use, including those incurred in transporting the asset to its location, if any. Borrowing costs related to the acquisition of

Purchased software that is integral to the functionality of the related

When parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have differ

Gains/losses on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are recognized net within other income or other exp

Changes in the obligation to dismantle, remove assets on sites and to restore the land to its original condition are recognized as a liability and deducted from the cost of the assets in the period in which they occur. Changes in the estimate of the liability are recognized in the period of change, and any excess balance is recognized immediately i

*(ii) Subsequent costs*

The cost of replacing part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized if the replacement part will flow to the Group and its cost can be reliably measured. Repairs and servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognized in the sta

*(iii) Depreciation*

Depreciation is recognized in the statement of income on a straight-line basis over the useful life of the asset. The useful life most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the asset, or their useful lives unless it is reasonably certain that the Group will

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(Amounts expressed in thou

The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods a

- Buildings
- Mobile network infrastructure
- Fixed network infrastructure
- Call center equipment
- Equipment, fixtures and fittings
- Motor vehicles
- Central betting terminals
- Leasehold improvements

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed

**(e) Intangible assets**

*(i) GSM and other telecommunication operating licenses*

GSM and other telecommunication operating licenses that are acqui  
period lasted by 31 December 2005 less accumulated amortization

*Amortization*

Amortization is recognized in the statement of income on a straight  
telecommunication operating licenses are as follows:

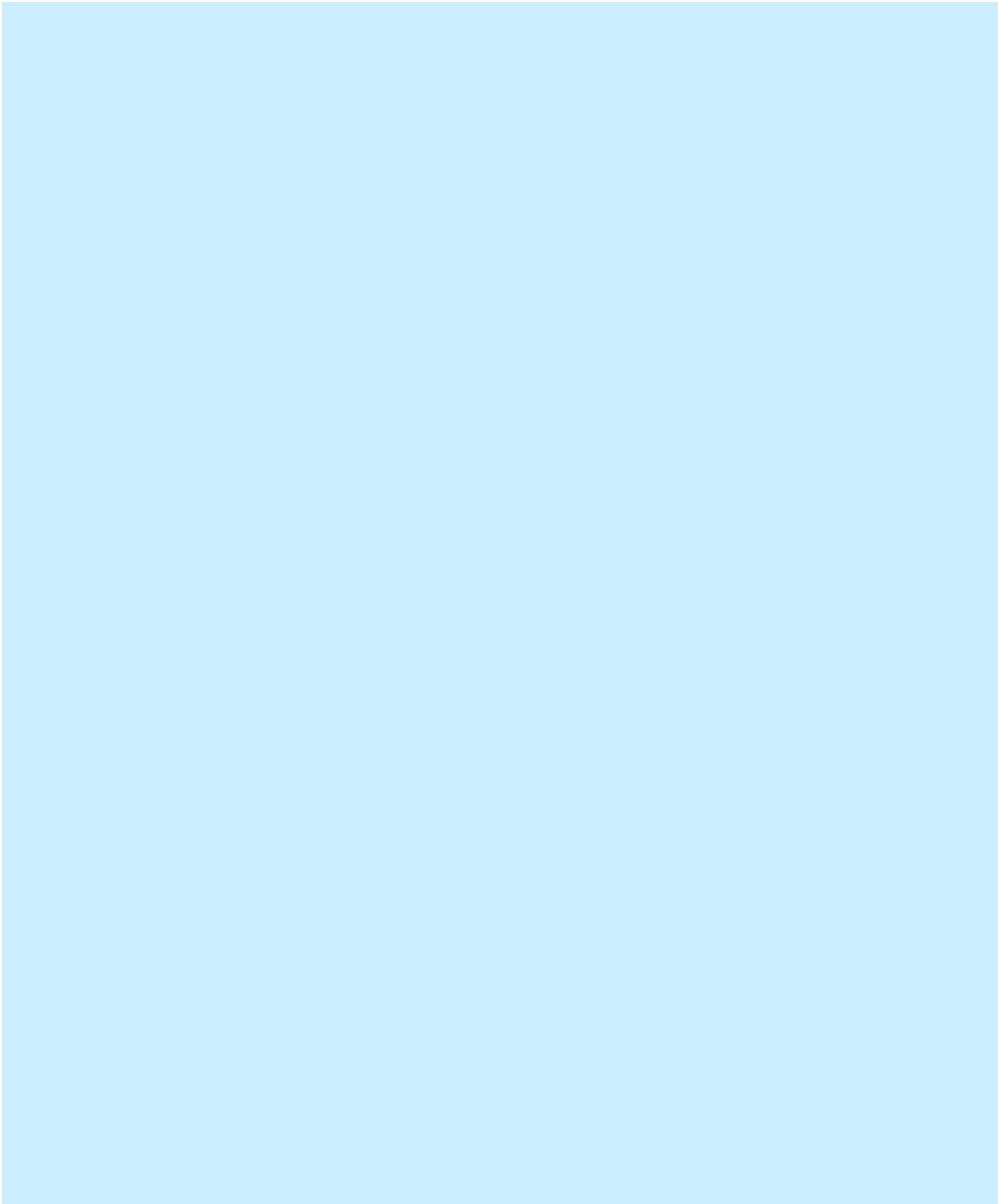
GSM and other telecommunications licenses

In accordance with the new legislation issued by ICTA, the infrastru  
( Superonline ), has become infinite. As a result, Superonline revi  
years.

*(ii) Computer Software*

Acquired computer software licenses are capitalized on the basis of

Costs associated with maintaining computer software programs are  
and unique software products controlled by the Group, and that will  
Costs include the software development employee costs and an app



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(Amounts expressed in thou

*Amortization*

Amortization is recognized in the statement of income on a straight-line basis. Amortization for computer software are as follows:

Computer software

*(iii) Other intangible assets*

Intangible assets that are acquired by the Group which have finite useful lives are measured at cost less accumulated amortization (see below) as at 31 December 2005 less accumulated amortization (see below) and

Indefeasible Rights of Use ( IRU ) correspond to the right to use an identified intangible asset when the Group has specific indefeasible right to use an identified intangible asset over its economic life. IRUs are amortized over the shorter of the expected useful life and the

*Subsequent expenditure*

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefits which it relates. All other expenditure, including expenditure on intangible assets, costs generally relate to the application of development stage; any costs incurred are expensed as incurred.

*Amortization*

Amortization is recognized in the statement of income on a straight-line basis from the date that they are available for use. The estimated useful lives for the

Transmission lines

Central betting system operating right

Customer base

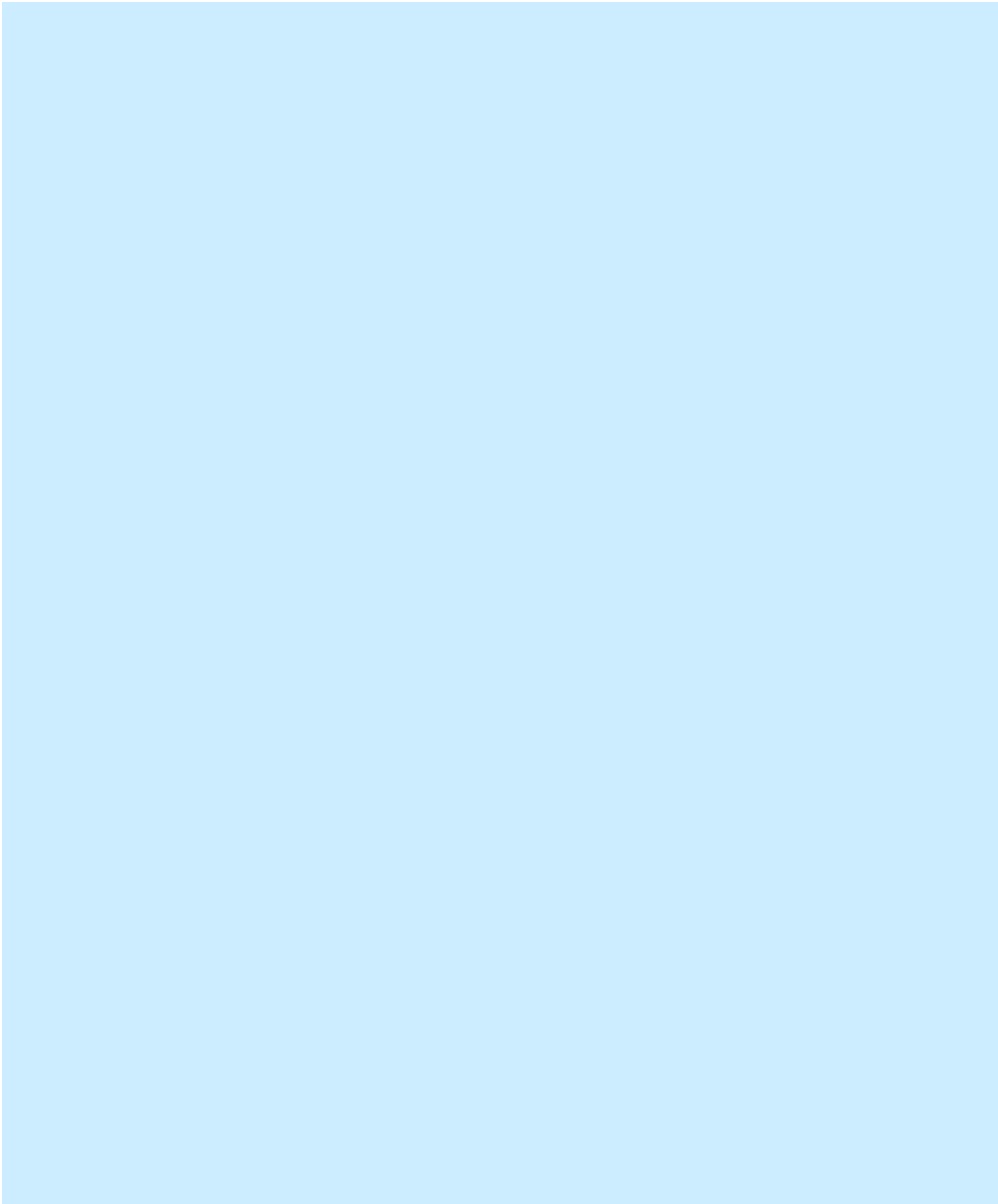
Brand name

Customs duty and VAT exemption right

Amortization methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed

*Goodwill*

From 1 January 2010 the Group has applied IFRS 3 (2008) *Business Combinations* prospectively and had no effect as there is no business combination





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(Amounts expressed in thou

For acquisitions on or after 1 January 2010, the Group measures go  
equity interest in the acquiree) and the recognized amount of any no  
identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed, all measured as

When the excess is negative, a bargain purchase gain is recognized

*Subsequent measurement*

Goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses. I  
of the investment and an impairment loss on such an investment is r  
investees.

(iv) *Internally generated intangible assets – research and develop*  
Expenditure on research activities is recognized as an expense in the

An internally generated intangible asset arising from development (C  
been demonstrated:

The technical feasibility of completing the in

The intention to complete the intangible asse

The ability to use or sell the intangible asset;

How the intangible asset will generate probab

The availability of adequate technical, financ

The ability to measure reliably the expenditu  
The amount initially recognized for internally generated intangible  
criteria listed above. Where no internally-generated intangible asset  
is incurred.

Subsequent to initial recognition, internally generated intangible assets are measured and reported as intangible assets acquired separately.

**(f) Leased assets**

Leases in terms of which the Group assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are measured at an amount equal to the lower of its fair value or the present value of the minimum lease payments in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to that asset.

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Other leases are operating leases and the leased assets are not recog

**(g) Inventories**

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost or net realizable value. The cost of inventory is determined using the weighted average method. Location and condition. As at 31 December 2010, inventories mainly

**(h) Impairment**

*(i) Financial assets*

A financial asset not carried at fair value through profit or loss is impaired if objective evidence indicates that a loss in the estimated future cash flows of that asset that can be estimated reliably.

An impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at amortized cost is calculated as the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss.

Individually significant financial assets are tested for impairment on a regular basis. Credit risk characteristics.

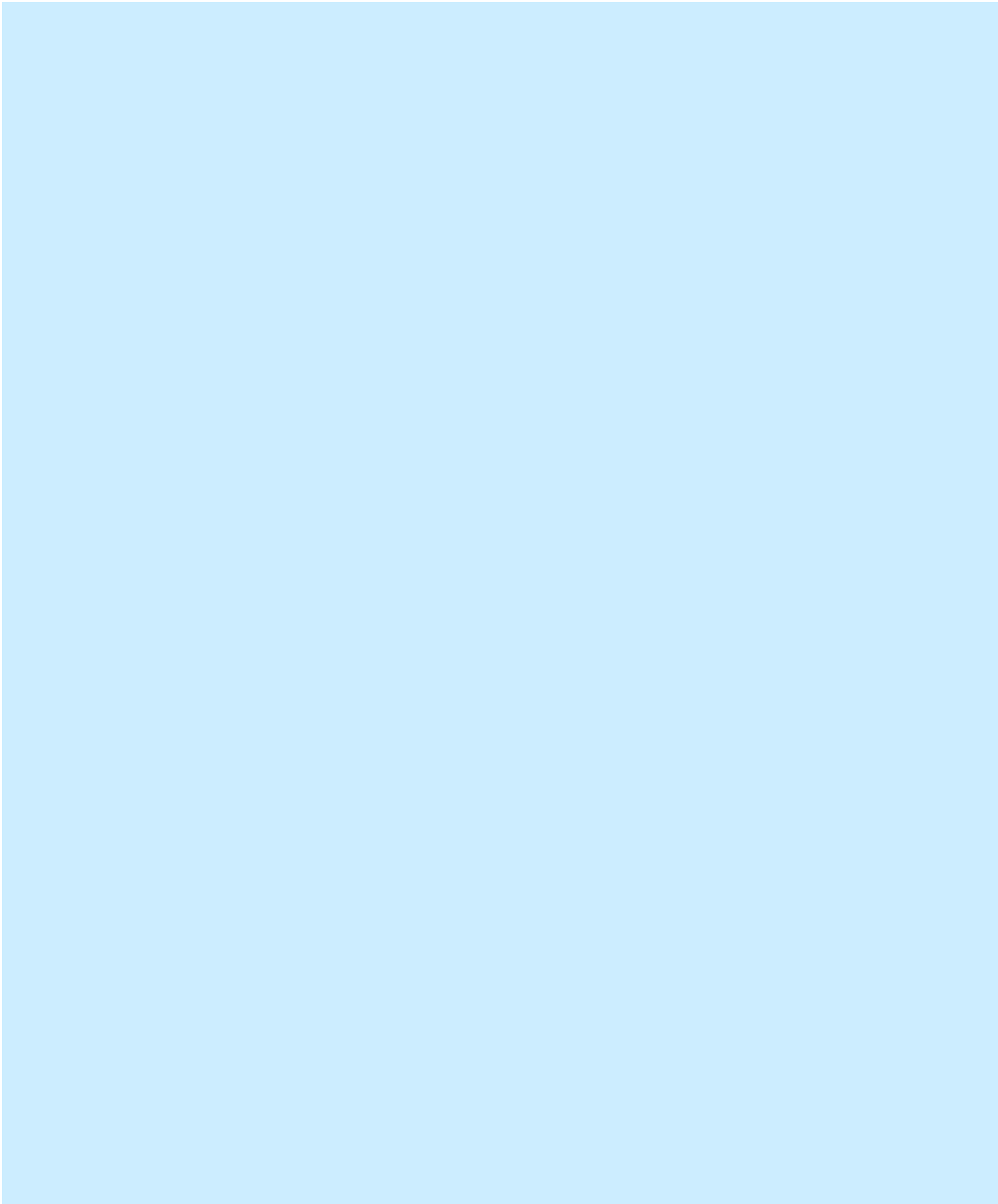
All impairment losses are recognized in the statement of income. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in the statement of income.

An impairment loss is reversed if the reversal can be related objectively to an event or events occurring after the impairment loss was recognized. For amortized cost and available-for-sale financial assets that are debt securities, the reversal is recognized directly in other comprehensive income.

*(ii) Non-financial assets*

The carrying amounts of the Group's non-financial assets, other than goodwill, are reviewed for impairment at the end of each reporting period. If any such indication exists, then the asset's carrying amount is compared to its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the maximum of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a discount rate that reflects the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

For the purpose of impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generate cash flows that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or group of assets (the cash-generating unit). The carrying amount of the cash-generating unit is compared to its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a discount rate that reflects the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.



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of tax cash outflows that reflects current market assessments of the  
the purpose of impairment testing, is allocated to cash-generating un

The Group's corporate assets do not generate separate cash inflows  
from the cash-generating unit to which corporate asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset  
the statement of income. Impairment losses recognized in respect of  
and then to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the uni

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. In respect  
indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impai

An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's ca  
amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

Goodwill that forms part of the carrying amount of an investment in  
entire amount of the investment in an associate is tested for impairm

**(i) Employee benefits**

*(i) Retirement pay liability*

In accordance with existing labor law in Turkey, the Company and  
year of service and whose employment is terminated without cause  
pay maximum full TL 2,623 as at 31 December 2010 (equivalent to  
rate of pay applicable at the date of retirement or termination. Reser  
The reserve has been calculated by estimating the present value of f  
employees.

*(ii) Defined contribution plans*

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan unde  
obligation to pay further amounts. Obligations for contributions to c  
they are due.

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The assets of the plan are held separately from the consolidated financial statements. The assets of a contribution retirement plan are required to contribute a specified percentage of the Group's earnings. The Group with respect to the retirement plan is to make the specified contribution.

**(j) Provisions**

A provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the Group has a present obligation that the settlement of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are measured at the present value of market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risk specific to the liability.

*Onerous contracts*

Present obligations arising under onerous contracts are recognized when the Group has a present obligation under which the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the expected benefits. The provision for onerous contracts as at 31 December 2010 (31 December 2009) is nil.

*Dismantling, removal and restoring sites obligation*

The Group is required to incur certain costs in respect of a liability for dismantling, removal and restoring sites. These costs are calculated according to best estimate of future expected payments and the risks specific to the liability.

*Bonus*

Provision for bonus is provided when the bonus is a legal obligation of the Group. The provision is measured at the present value of the obligation.

**(k) Revenue**

Revenues are recognized as the fair value of the consideration received from incoming and outgoing calls, additional services, prepaid revenues and other services. Revenues from prepaid services are recognized as services are rendered.

With respect to prepaid revenues, the Group generally collects cash from subscribers before they use the telecommunications services. Deferred income is recognized as subscribers use the services.

The Group offers free right of use to its subscribers, and recognizes the fair value of the right of use. The Group does not have any other customer loyalty program in the scope of these financial statements.

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In connection with campaigns, both postpaid and prepaid services may require consideration in the form of fixed fee or a fixed fee coupled with other services. Total arrangement considerations relating to the bundle

the component has standalone value to the customer.

the fair value of the component can be measured. The arrangement consideration is allocated to each deliverable in proportion to its fair value.

If a delivered element of a transaction is not a separately identifiable benefit, the entire transaction is treated as a single benefit.

Revenues allocated to handsets given in connection with campaigns are recognized when the handset has been transferred to the buyer, collection is probable, the associated costs have been incurred, and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

Monthly fixed fees represent a fixed amount charged to postpaid subscribers on a monthly basis when billed.

Commission fees mainly comprised of net takings earned to a maximum of 7% (between 15 March 2007 and 1 March 2009, commission rate was 7% for games operated on Central Betting System).

Commission revenues are recognized at the time all the services related to the bet ( Spor Toto ), Inteltek Internet Teknoloji Yatirim ve Danismanlik fees.

Simcard sales are recognized upfront upon delivery to distributors, net of the distributors.

Call center revenues are recognized at the time services are rendered to the customer.

The revenue recognition policy for other revenues is to recognize revenue when the revenue is earned and collectible.

Volume rebates or discounts and other contractual changes in the price of services they have been earned or will take effect. Thus, contractual rebates and discounts do not affect the definitions of asset and liability would not be met.

**(I) Lease payments**

Payments made under operating leases are recognized in the statement of income as an integral part of the total lease expense, over the term of the lease.



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(Amounts expressed in thou

Minimum lease payments made under finance leases are apportioned over the lease period during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest.

*Determining whether an arrangement contains a lease*

At inception of an arrangement, the Group determines whether such arrangement is dependent on the use of that specified asset. An arrangement is dependent on the use of the underlying asset. At inception or upon reassessment of the arrangement, the Group compares those for the lease and those for other elements on the basis of their relative importance.

**(m) Finance income and costs**

Finance income comprises interest income on funds invested (including loans, receivables, gains on the disposal of available-for-sale financial assets and other instruments that are recognized in the statement of income. Interest income is recognized on a accrual basis.

Finance costs comprise interest expense on borrowings, litigation and other assets at fair value through profit or option premium expense.

Foreign currency gains and losses are reported on a net basis.

*Borrowing Costs*

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until the completion of the temporary investment of the part of the borrowing not yet used in the acquisition, construction or production of the asset.

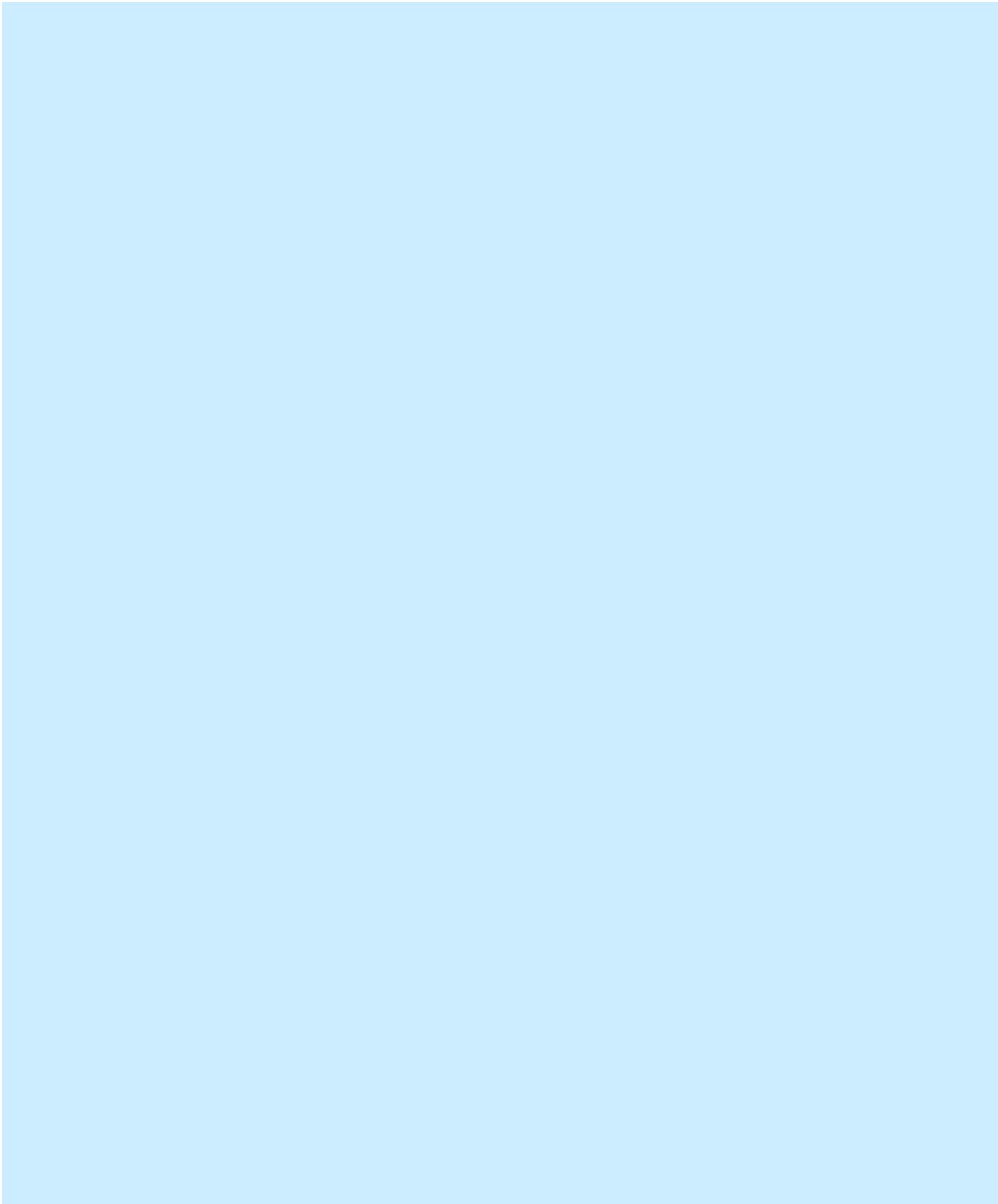
All other borrowing costs are recognized in the statement of income as an expense.

**(n) Transactions with related parties**

A related party is essentially any party that controls or can significantly influence the financial and operating policies of the Group, preventing or hindering the Group from fully pursuing its own interests. For reporting purposes, related parties include management personnel, shareholders of the Group and the companies controlled by them.

**(o) Income taxes**

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.



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Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the period, less tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the balance sheet and their tax base for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognized for the following temporary differences: a combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit, and that probably will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is recognized based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities, and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but the entities are realized simultaneously.

A deferred tax asset is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the asset will be realized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that they are no longer probable of being realized.

Interest and penalties assessed on income tax deficiencies are presented as a liability.

**(p) Earnings per share**

The Group presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) to its shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period. The Group does not have any convertible notes or share options granted to employees.

**(q) Operating segment**

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities that are identifiable and that can be distinguished from the other components of the Group. The Group identifies its operating segments based on the way the Group manages its business and reports financial information. The Group identifies its operating segments based on the way the Group manages its business and reports financial information.

The Group identified Turkcell, Euroasia and Belarusian Telecom as its operating segments.

**(r) Subscriber acquisition costs**

The Group capitalizes directly attributable subscriber acquisition costs that are expected to be recovered over the useful life of the subscriber.

the capitalized costs can be measured reliably.

there is a contract binding the customer for a

it is probable that the amount of the capitaliz  
withdraws from the contract in advance, thro

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(Amounts expressed in thou

Capitalized subscriber acquisition costs are amortized on a straight-  
are expensed when incurred.

**(s) Government grants**

Grants from the government are recognized at their fair value where  
conditions.

Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognized in  
compensate.

Government grants relating to property, plant and equipment are inc  
a straight-line basis over the expected useful lives of the related ass

**(t) New standards and interpretations**

The following new and revised Standards and Interpretations have b  
statements. Details of other standards and interpretations adopted in  
section.

**(a) New and Revised IFRSs do not affect presentation and di  
*Amendments to IFRS 5, Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Dis***

The amendments to IFRS 5 clarify that the disclosure requirements  
or discontinued operations unless those IFRSs require

(i) specific disclosures in respect of non-current assets (C

(ii) disclosures about measurement of assets and liabilities  
disclosures are not already provided in the consolidat

Since the Group does not have any assets in this context, disclosure

***Amendments to IAS 7, Statement of Cash Flows (as part of Improv***

The amendments to IAS 7 specify that only expenditures that result  
statement of cash flows. The application of the amendments to IAS

meet the criteria in *IAS 38, Intangible Assets* for capitalization a

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(Amounts expressed in thou

Since, the development costs, which do not meet the criteria for cap  
of the previous periods, this amendment does not affect the consol

**(b) New and Revised IFRSs affecting the reported financial p  
IFRS 3 (revised in 2008), Business Combinations and IAS 27 (rev**

IFRS 3 (revised), Business Combinations and consequential am  
IAS 31, Interests in Joint Ventures are effective prospectively to  
period beginning on or after 1 July 2009. The main impact of the ad

- a) to allow a choice on a transaction-by-transaction basi  
value or at the non-controlling interests share of the
- b) to change the recognition and subsequent accounting
- c) to require that acquisition-related costs be accounted  
expense in the statement of income as incurred,
- d) in step acquisitions, previously held interests are to be  
calculation. Gain or loss arising from the re-measure

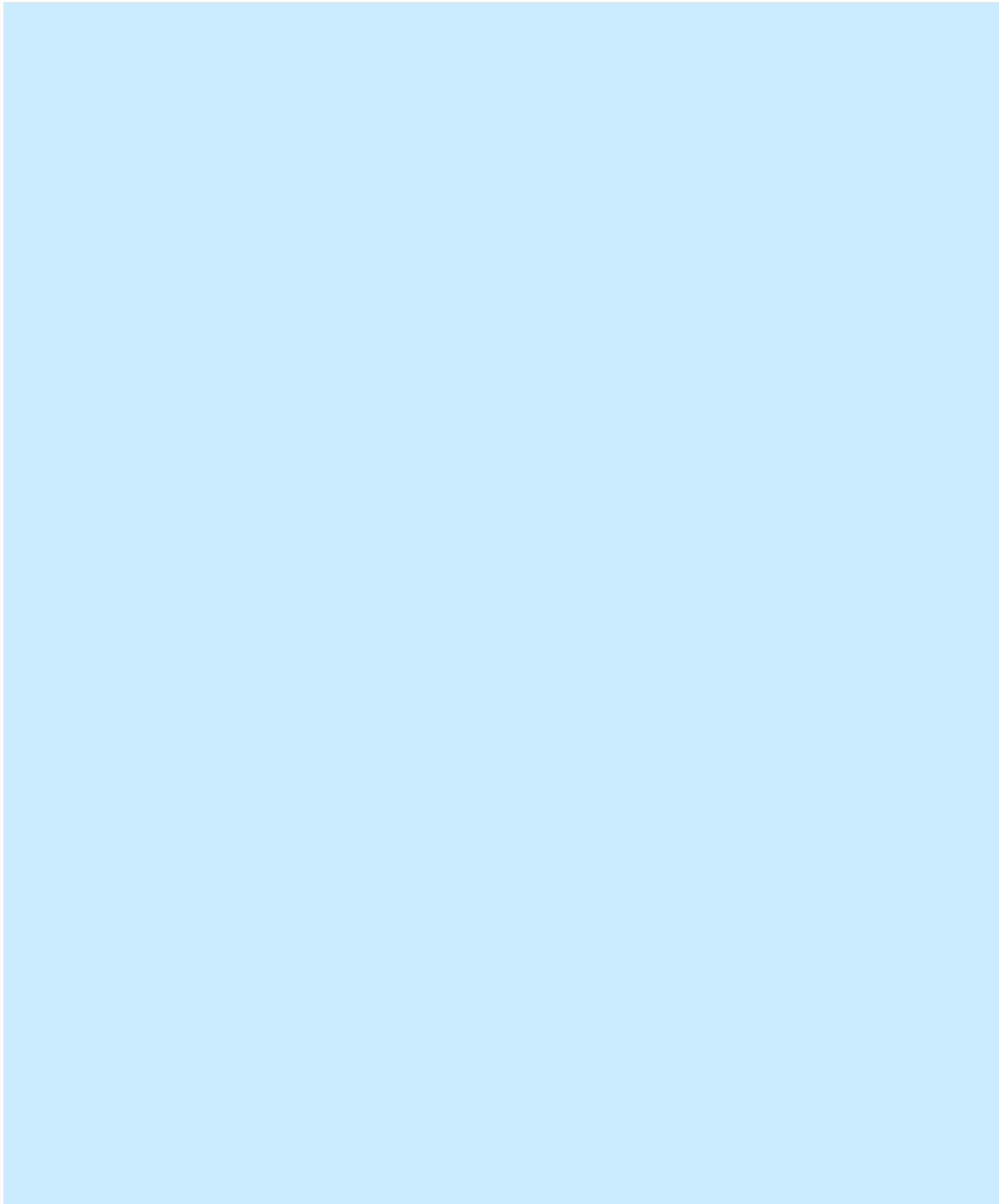
The application of IAS 27 (2008) has resulted in changes in the Gro

Specifically, the revised Standard has brought clarification to the G  
of control. Under IAS 27 (2008), all such increases or decreases are

When control of a subsidiary is lost as a result of a transaction, even  
non-controlling interests at their carrying amount and to recognize t  
fair value at the date control is lost. The resulting difference is recog

These changes in accounting policies have been applied prospectively

Since the non-controlling interests have a deficit balance, net loss a  
current period. There have been no transactions whereby an interest  
non-controlling interests.





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***IAS 28 (revised in 2008), Investments in Associates***

The principle adopted under IAS 27 (2008) that a loss of control is a loss of significant influence. This principle was amended by amendments to IAS 28. Therefore, when significant influence over an associate is lost, any consequential gain or loss recognized in profit or loss.

As part of Improvements to IFRSs issued in 2010, IAS 28 (2008) has been amended to require that significant influence over an associate should be applied prospectively from 1 January 2010 in advance of their effective dates (annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2010).

There have been no transactions whereby an interest in an entity is lost or disposed of shares in associates.

IFRIC 18, *Transfers of Assets from Customers*, is effective for the recognition of assets transferred to its customers.

**(c) New and Revised IFRSs applied with no material effect on**

The following new and revised IFRSs have also been adopted in the current and prior years but had no material impact on the amounts reported for the current and prior years.

*IFRIC 17, Distributions of non-cash assets to owners*, is effective for the recognition of non-cash distributions not made any non-cash distributions.

*Additional exemptions for first-time adopters (Amendment to IFRS 1)* is effective for the recognition of assets after 1 January 2010. This is not relevant to the Group, as it is an existing entity.

*IFRS 2, Share-based Payments Group Cash-settled Share Payments* is not applicable to the Group, as the Group does not have share-based payments.

*Amendments to IFRS 5, Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations* require that the liabilities of a subsidiary should be classified as held for sale when the subsidiary is held for sale and the Group will retain a non-controlling interest in the subsidiary after the disposal.

Improvements to International Financial Reporting Standards 2009

*Share-based Payments*, *IFRS 5, Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations*, *IFRS 7, Statement of Cash Flows*, *IAS 17, Leases*, *IAS 18, Revenue*, *IAS 32, Financial Instruments: Presentation*, *Measurement*, *IFRIC 9, Reassessment of Embedded Derivatives*

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*IFRIC 16, Hedges of Net Investment in a Foreign Operation* . Th

**(d) New and Revised IFRSs in issue but not yet effective**  
***IFRS 1 (amendments), First-time Adoption of IFRS Additional***

Amendments to IFRS 1 which are effective for annual periods on o  
disclosures.

On 20 December, IFRS 1 is amended to provide relief for first-time  
IFRSs and to provide guidance for entities emerging from severe hy  
for the first time.

These amendments are not relevant to the Group, as it is an existing

***IFRS 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures***

In October 2010, IFRS 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures is a  
allow users of financial statements to improve their understanding o  
effects of any risks that may remain with the entity that transferred  
transactions are undertaken around the end of a reporting period. Th  
had an opportunity to consider the potential impact of the adoption

***IFRS 9, Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement***

In November 2009, the first part of IFRS 9 relating to the classificat  
Instruments: Recognition and Measurement . The standard require  
assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial a  
standard is mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 Jan  
standard.

***IAS 24 (Revised 2009), Related Party Disclosures***

In November 2009, IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures was revised.  
disclosure requirements of IAS 24. The revised standard is mandate  
adoption of this amendment on the financial statements.

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***IAS 32 (Amendments), Financial Instruments: Presentation and***

The amendments to IAS 32 and IAS 1 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2005 (for options or warrants) that are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the entity's liabilities. However, the amendment requires that, provided certain conditions are met, the carrying amount of the price is denominated. The Group has not yet had an opportunity to

***IFRIC 14 (Amendments), Pre-payment of a Minimum Funding***

Amendments to IFRIC 14 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2005 for contributions to a defined benefit pension plan and choose to pre-pay contributions. The Group has voluntary pre-payments made. The Group does not expect any impact

***IFRIC 19, Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instru***

IFRIC 19 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2005 for the extinguishment, in full or part, a financial liability. The Group has not yet had an opportunity

***IAS 12, Income Taxes***

In December 2010, IAS 12 is amended. IAS 12 requires an entity to measure the carrying amount of the asset through use or sale. It can be difficult and subjective to determine the fair value model in IAS 40, Investment Property. The amendment provides that the carrying amount will normally be through sale. The amendment will be effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2011. The Group is currently assessing the potential impact of the adoption of this revised standard.

***Annual Improvements, May 2010***

Further to the above amendments and revised standards, the IASB has issued *IFRS 1, First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards*, *IFRS 2, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*, *IFRS 3, Business Combinations*, *IFRS 5, Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations*, *IFRS 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures*, *IFRS 8, Operating Segments*, *IFRS 9, Financial Instruments*, *IFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements*, *IAS 27, Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements*, and *IAS 28, Investments in Associates*. The Group has adopted these standards with the exception of amendments to IFRS 3 and IAS 27 which are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2011. The Group's early adoption of these amendments is allowed. The Group has not yet had an opportunity

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**4. Determination of fair values**

A number of the Group's accounting policies and disclosures require fair values to be determined for measurement and/or disclosure purposes based on the fair value of the asset or liability. The fair value of the asset or liability is disclosed in the notes specific to that asset or liability.

**(i) Property, plant and equipment**

The fair value of property, plant and equipment recognized as a result of a business combination is the amount for which a property could be exchanged on the date of valuation in an arm's length transaction wherein the parties had each acted knowledgeably, willingly. The fair value of similar items.

**(ii) Intangible assets**

The fair value of the brand acquired in the Superonline Uluslararası is based on the discounted estimated royalty payments that have been avoided. The fair value of the combination are valued using the multi-period excess earnings method, which is based on creating the related cash flows.

The fair value of the custom duty and VAT exemption agreement in the Superonline Uluslararası (approach) and this was used for the valuation analysis.

The fair value of mobile telephony licenses (GSM&UMTS) in the Superonline Uluslararası is to be appropriate and commonly used for the valuation of licenses, and this was used for the valuation analysis.

The fair value of other intangible assets is based on the discounted cash flows method.

**(iii) Investments in equity and debt securities**

The fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, is based on the quoted bid price or over the counter market price at the reporting date.

**(iv) Trade and other receivables / due from related parties**

The fair values of trade and other receivables and due from related parties are based on the reporting date.

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**(v) Derivatives**

The fair value of forward exchange contracts and option contracts a  
estimated by discounting the difference between the contractual for  
(based on government bonds) or option pricing models.

**(vi) Non-derivative financial liabilities**

Fair value, which is determined for disclosure purposes, is calculate  
interest at the reporting date. For finance leases, the market rate of i

**(vii) Exercise price of financial liability related to non-control**

The Group measures the estimated exercise price of the financial lia  
option redemption amount. Present value of the estimated option re

The Group has estimated a value based on multiple approaches in g  
(comparable market multiples). The average of the values determin  
2010.

**5. Financial risk management**

The Group has exposure to the following risks from its use of finan

Credit risk

Liquidity risk

Market risk

This note presents information about the Group's exposure to each  
Group's management of capital. Further quantitative disclosures ar

**Risk management framework**

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishm

The Group's risk management policies are established to identify and  
adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed

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The Group Audit Committee oversees how management monitors o  
management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Group.

The exchange rates were very volatile in 2009 but with a generally  
perception of global risk helped emerging market currencies apprec  
HRV depreciated against USD by 3.7% and BYR depreciated again  
As at 31 December 2010, TL depreciated against USD by 2.7% and  
USD by 4.8% when compared to the exchange rates as at 31 Decem

**Credit risk**

Credit risk is the risk of a financial loss to the Group if a customer o  
the Group's receivables from customers and investment securities.

Management has a credit policy in place and the exposure to credit  
the Group may demand letters of guarantee from third parties relate  
necessary in return for the credit support it gives related to certain f

In monitoring customer credit risk, customers are grouped accordin  
difficulties. Trade receivables and accrued service income are main  
mainly by the individual payment characteristics of postpaid subscri  
respect of trade receivables.

Investments are preferred to be in liquid securities and mostly with  
credit ratings that are lower than the Group's, or they may not be ra  
to ensure credit worthiness.

Transactions involving derivatives are with counterparties with who

At the reporting date, there were no significant concentrations of cr  
in the statement of financial position.

The Group establishes an allowance for doubtful receivables that re  
specific loss component that relates to individual subscribers expos  
collection trends.

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The Group's policy is to provide financial guarantees only to wholly owned subsidiaries (with a maximum of \$1,102,672).

**Liquidity risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Group's policy is, where possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities as they fall due to avoid any damage to the Group's reputation. Typically, the Group ensures that it has sufficient cash and liquid assets to meet its obligations.

**Market risk**

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, will affect the value of the Group's financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to minimize the Group's exposure to market risk.

The Group buys and sells derivatives in order to manage market risk.

**Currency risk**

The Group is exposed to currency risk on certain revenues such as royalties and resulting receivables and payables, borrowings, deferred payments and other financial instruments. The Group's acquisition of non-controlling shares of Belarusian Telecom that are denominated in US dollars for operations conducted in Turkey. The currencies in which these transactions are denominated are US dollars and Turkish Lira.

Derivative financial instruments such as forward contracts and options are used to hedge its currency risk.

The Group's investments in its equity accounted investee Fintur are denominated in US dollars. The Group's currency risk arising from the net assets as those net investments are denominated in US dollars.

**Interest rate risk**

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk is related to its financial instruments. The Group's use of financial derivatives is governed by the Group's policies and procedures, which are consistent with the Group's risk management strategy. In this respect, the Group's interest rate risk at 31 December 2010.



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**6. Operating segments**

The Group has three reportable segments, as described below, which are consistent with the Group's reporting structure. These strategic segments offer the same types of products and services and are affected by different economical conditions.

The Group comprises the following main operating segments: Turk

Other operations mainly include companies operating in telecommu  
value added services.

Information regarding the operations of each reportable segment is  
information is the most relevant in evaluating the results of certain s  
revenue, direct cost of revenues excluding depreciation and amortiz  
measure defined by IFRS as a measurement of financial performanc

The accounting policies of operating segments are the same as those

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	<b>Turkcell</b>	
	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>
Total external revenues	5,294,104	5,176,105
Intersegment revenue	14,682	22,784
Reportable segment adjusted EBITDA	1,751,094	1,819,250
Finance income	255,417	304,321
Finance costs	(34,569)	(162,939)
Depreciation and amortization	(474,703)	(396,259)
Share of profit of equity accounted investees		
Capital expenditure	538,776	1,239,477
Other material non-cash items:		
Impairment on goodwill		

	<b>Turkcell</b>	
	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>
Total external revenues	5,176,105	6,170,411
Intersegment revenue	22,784	41,940
Reportable segment adjusted EBITDA	1,819,250	2,383,940
Finance income	304,321	667,311
Finance cost	(162,939)	(100,710)
Depreciation and amortization	(396,259)	(528,460)
Share of profit of equity accounted investees		
Capital expenditure	1,239,477	404,650
Other material non-cash items:		
Impairment on goodwill		

	<b>Turkcell</b>	
	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>
Reportable segment assets	3,860,173	3,730,420
Investment in associates		
Reportable segment liabilities	1,092,496	1,305,200

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**Reconciliations of reportable segment revenues, adjusted EBITDA**

**Revenues**

Total revenue for reportable segments  
Other revenue  
Elimination of inter-segment revenue

Consolidated revenue

**Adjusted EBITDA**

Total adjusted EBITDA for reportable segments  
Other adjusted EBITDA  
Elimination of inter-segment adjusted EBITDA

Consolidated adjusted EBITDA

Finance income  
Finance costs  
Other income  
Other expense  
Share of profit of equity accounted investees  
Depreciation and amortization

Consolidated profit before income tax

**Finance income**

Total finance income for reportable segments  
Other finance income  
Elimination of inter-segment finance income

Consolidated finance income

**Finance costs**

Total finance costs for reportable segments  
Other finance costs  
Elimination of inter-segment finance costs

Consolidated finance costs

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**Depreciation and amortization**

Total depreciation and amortization for reportable segments

Other depreciation and amortization

Elimination of inter-segment depreciation and amortization

Consolidated depreciation and amortization

**Capital expenditure**

Total capital expenditure for reportable segments

Other capital expenditure

Elimination of inter-segment capital expenditure

Consolidated capital expenditure

**Assets**

Total assets for reportable segments

Other assets

Investments in equity accounted investees

Other unallocated assets

Consolidated total assets

**Liabilities**

Total liabilities for reportable segments

Other liabilities

Other unallocated liabilities

Consolidated total liabilities

**Geographical information**

In presenting the information on the basis of geographical segments  
geographical location of the assets.

**Revenues**  
Turkey  
Ukraine  
Belarus  
Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus

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**As a**

(Amounts expressed in thou

**Non-current assets**

Turkey

Ukraine

Belarus

Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus

Unallocated non-current assets

**7. Revenue**

Communication fees

Monthly fixed fees

Commission fees on betting business

Call center revenues

Simcard sales

Other revenues

**8. Other Expenses**

Other expenses amount to \$64,233, \$111,220 and \$17,990 for the y

Other expenses comprises impairment change recognized on goodw  
investigation of ICTA on tariff plans, VAS service subscriptions an  
Communication Tax ( SCT ) and VAT calculated on roaming serv  
set for SCT on the discounts applied to distributors for prepaid scrat  
gains. Besides, provision set for the SCT on the discounts applied to  
However, it has been settled at \$2,765 and the difference is reflecte

**9. Personnel expenses**

Wages and salaries(\*)

Increase in employee benefits  
Contributions to defined contribution plans

(\* ) Wages and salaries include compulsory social security co



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**10. Finance income and costs**

Recognized in the statement of income:

- Interest income on bank deposits
- Late payment interest income
- Interest income on contracted receivables
- Premium income on option contracts
- Interest income on available-for-sale financial assets
- Net gain on disposal of available-for-sale financial assets transfer
- Discount interest income
- Other interest income

Finance income

- Litigation late payment interest expense
- Interest expense on financial liabilities measured at amortized co
- Option premium expense
- Net foreign exchange loss
- Other

Finance cost

Net finance income

Late payment interest income is interest received from subscribers

Interest income on contracted receivables is recognized over the am

Litigation late payment interest expense is recognized in relation to calculated over SCT and VAT from roaming services that had to be over SCT on the discounts applied to distributors for prepaid scratch gains. Besides, accrued interests calculated over SCT on the discount 2009. However, after settlement, it has been calculated as \$5,671 and given in Note 32.

Borrowings costs capitalized on fixed assets are \$11,127, \$1,602 and 17.6%, 5.6% and 26.1% for the year ended 31 December 2010, 200

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**11. Income tax expense**

**Current tax expense**

Current period

**Deferred tax benefit**

Origination and reversal of temporary differences

Benefit of investment incentives recognized

Utilization of previously unrecognized tax losses

Total income tax expense

**Income tax recognized directly in equity**

**2010**

Foreign currency translation differences

Net change in fair value of available-for-sale securities

**2009**

Foreign currency translation differences

Net change in fair value of available-for-sale securities

**2008**

Foreign currency translation differences

Net change in fair value of available-for-sale securities

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**Reconciliation of effective tax rate**

The reported income tax expense for the years ended 31 December before income tax of the Company, as shown in the following recor

Profit for the year  
Total income tax expense

Profit before income tax

Income tax using the Company's domestic tax rate  
Effect of tax rates in foreign jurisdictions  
Tax exempt income  
Non-deductible expenses  
Tax incentives  
Utilization of previously unrecognized tax losses  
Unrecognized deferred tax assets  
Difference in effective tax rate of equity accounted investees  
Other

Total income tax expense

The income taxes payable of \$96,080 and \$93,260 as at 31 December profit for the years ended 31 December 2010 and 2009, respectively

The Turkish entities within the Group are subject to corporate tax at Companies file their tax returns at the end of April following the clo underlying accounting records and may revise assessments within f

Corporate tax is applied on taxable corporate income, which is calc exempt income.

In Turkey, the transfer pricing provisions have been stated under the General Communiqué on disguised profit distribution via Transfer I

If a taxpayer enters into transactions regarding sale or purchase of g then related profits are considered to be distributed in a disguised m as tax deductible for corporate income tax purposes.

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**12. Property, plant and equipment**

**Cost or deemed cost**

Network infrastructure (All Operational)  
 Land and buildings  
 Equipment, fixtures and fittings  
 Motor vehicles  
 Leasehold improvements  
 Construction in progress

**Total**

**Accumulated depreciation**

Network infrastructure (All Operational)  
 Land and buildings  
 Equipment, fixtures and fittings  
 Motor vehicles  
 Leasehold improvements

**Total**

**Total property, plant and equipment**

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**As a**

(Amounts expressed in thou

**Cost or deemed cost**

Network infrastructure (All operational) Operational)  
Land and buildings  
Equipment, fixtures and fittings  
Motor vehicles  
Leasehold improvements  
Construction in progress

**Total**

**Accumulated depreciation**

Network infrastructure (All operational)  
Land and buildings  
Equipment, fixtures and fittings  
Motor vehicles  
Leasehold improvements

**Total**

**Total property, plant and equipment**

Depreciation expenses for the years ended 31 December 2010, 2009  
in direct cost of revenues.

The impairment losses on property, plant and equipment for the year  
in depreciation expense.

**Leased assets**

The Group leases equipment under a number of finance lease agree  
beneficial price. As at 31 December 2010, net carrying amount of fi

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**As a**

(Amounts expressed in thou

**Property, plant and equipment under construction**

Construction in progress mainly consisted of capital expenditures in  
and Belarusian Telecom and non-operational items as at 31 Decem

As at 31 December 2010, a mortgage is placed on Izmir building in  
amounting to \$970 (31 December 2009: \$996) and also on Davutpa  
2009: \$332) due to previous debts of BMC Sanayi ve Ticaret A.S. T  
A.S. were paid and the Company has no liability to Savings Deposi  
of mortgage on Izmir building on 13 March 2006. However, the mo

**13. Intangible assets**

In April 1998, the Company signed the License with the Turkish M  
of \$364,349 as at 31 December 2010 (31 December 2009: \$404,636

On 30 April 2009, the Company signed a license agreement with IC  
acquired the A type license providing the widest frequency band fo  
from 30 April 2009. The carrying amount is \$456,221 as at 31 Dec

**Impairment testing for long-lived assets**

The carrying amounts of the Group's non-financial assets are review  
exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. Long-lived  
cash-generating unit are greater than the value in use, no impairment  
together into the smallest group of assets, cash generating units. As  
that Astelit and A-Tel are the cash generating unit. As the recoverab  
cash-generating units of Astelit and A-Tel, no impairment is recogn

**Astelit:** A 15.7% post-tax WACC rate and a 2.5% terminal growth  
Independent appraisal is obtained for fair value to determine recover

**A-Tel:** A 14.2% post-tax WACC rate and a 4.0% terminal growth r  
appraisal is obtained for fair value to determine recoverable amount

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**Cost**

GSM and other telecommunication operating licenses  
Computer software  
Transmission lines  
Central betting system operating right  
Brand name  
Customer base  
Customs duty and VAT exemption right  
Goodwill  
Other  
Construction in progress

**Total**

**Accumulated amortization**

GSM and other telecommunication operating licenses  
Computer software  
Transmission lines  
Central betting system operating right  
Brand name  
Customer base  
Customs duty and VAT exemption right  
Other

**Total**

**Total intangible assets**

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**As a**

(Amounts expressed in thou

**Cost**

GSM and other telecommunication operating licenses  
 Computer software  
 Transmission lines  
 Central betting system operating right  
 Indefeasible right of usage  
 Brand name  
 Customer base  
 Customs duty and VAT exemption right  
 Goodwill  
 Other  
 Construction in progress

**Total**

**Accumulated amortization**

GSM and other telecommunication operating licenses  
 Computer software  
 Transmission lines  
 Central betting system operating right  
 Indefeasible right of usage  
 Brand name  
 Customer base  
 Customs duty and VAT exemption right  
 Other

**Total**

**Total intangible assets**

Amortization expenses on intangible assets other than goodwill for including impairment losses and recognized in direct cost of revenue \$61,835 and nil respectively recognized in other expenses in the co



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Computer software includes internally generated capitalized software. Capitalized costs is \$29,142 for the year ended 31 December 2010 (

Superonline, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Group, won the tender for 15 years, including the right to install additional fiber optic cables for 20,900 to BOTAS for the right and this transaction has been considered as a finance lease. The Group recognized indefeasible right of use amounting to 2024.

**Impairment testing for cash-generating unit containing goodwill**

Goodwill allocated to cash generating units and carrying values of assets in use and fair value less cost to sell) are normally determined on the basis of fair values to determine recoverable amounts for Belarusian Telecom.

In calculating the net present value of the future cash flows, certain assumptions are made regarding expectations of growth in EBITDA, calculated as results from operations, future capital expenditure, long term growth rates, and the selection of

**Belarusian Telecom**

As at 31 December 2010, the aggregate carrying amount of goodwill for Belarusian Telecom was impaired by \$23,499 following the adverse movements in the value of the cash flows allocated fully to goodwill and is included in other expense. Value in use was determined. The calculation of the value in use was based on the following key assumptions:

The projection period for the purposes of goodwill impairment testing was 10 years.

Cash flows for further periods (perpetuity) were extrapolated using the 10 year projection.

A post-tax discount rate WACC of 14.4% was applied in determining the present value of other future tax cash flows and discrepancies between the cost of the

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**Superonline**

As at 31 December 2010, the aggregate carrying amount of goodwill generating units is estimated to be higher than carrying amount, no The calculation of the value in use was based on the following key

Values assigned to EBITDA for the periods forecasted include the c assumption reflect past experience except for efficiency improve which Superonline recoverable amount is based would not cause Su

The projection period for the purposes of goodwill impairment testi

Cash flows for further periods (perpetuity) were extrapolated using market in which Superonline operates.

A post-tax discount rate WACC of 15.8% was applied in determini discounting pre tax cash flows at pre-tax discount rate give same re timing of the future tax cash flows. For disclosure purposes pre-tax

After the acquisition of Superonline Uluslararasi Elektronik Bilgiler merged Superonline Uluslararasi s operations with its wholly owned Uluslararasi and Tellcom seized to be separate cash generating unit used for the purpose of the impairment testing represents the merge Superonline Iletisim Hizmetleri AS with General Assembly Meeting

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**14. Equity accounted investees**

The Group's share of profit in its equity accounted investees for the financial information for equity accounted investees adjusted for the percentage ownership held by the Group is as follows:

	<b>Ownership</b>
<b>31 December 2010</b>	
Fintur (associate)	41.45%
A-Tel (joint venture)*	50.00%

<b>31 December 2009</b>	
Fintur (associate)	41.45%
A-Tel (joint venture)*	50.00%

	<b>Revenues</b>	<b>D</b>	<b>of</b>
<b>2010</b>			
Fintur	1,736,576		
A-Tel	63,235		
	1,799,811		
<b>2009</b>			
Fintur	1,605,022		
A-Tel	73,897		
	1,678,919		
<b>2008</b>			
Fintur	1,823,095		
A-Tel	98,129		
	1,921,224		

\* Figures mentioned in the above table includes fair value adju

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**As a**

(Amounts expressed in thou

The Company's investment in Fintur and A-Tel amounts to \$303,6

During 2009, Fintur distributed a total dividend of \$200,000. The G  
in Fintur by \$82,900.

In 2010, Fintur has decided to distribute two dividends amounting t  
collected dividend of \$29,015 and \$78,755 on 5 May 2010 and 7 D

In April 2008, the privatization of the Republic of Azerbaijan's 35.  
completed. The non-controlling shareholders in Azercell acquired th  
the non-controlling shareholders was also granted a put option, givi  
regarding significant decisions at the General Assembly. Fintur has  
derecognized the non-controlling interest. The difference between t  
amounting to \$715,126 is accounted under equity, in accordance wi

During April 2010 and December 2009 at the General Assembly me  
carrying value of its investments in A-Tel by the dividends declared  
31 December 2010) as at 31 December 2010 and 2009, respectively

**15. Other investments**

***Non-current investments:***

Aks Televizyon Reklamcilik ve Filmcilik Sanayi ve Ticaret AS ( A  
T Medya Yatirim Sanayi ve Ticaret AS ( T-Medya )

On 2 February 2010, SDIF notified that lien was laid on priority ri  
AS. In case that, those shares are sold to third parties other than Cul  
determined within the context of the past agreements signed betwee

On 19 July 2010, at T-Medya's General Assembly Meeting, it has  
contribution, accordingly the ownership of the Group in T-Medya d

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**TURKCELL IL**

**NOTES TO THE CO**

**As a**

(Amounts expressed in thou

There is no active market available for investments Aks TV and T M considering the lower end limits of fair value calculations performed

***Current investments:***

**Available-for-sale financial assets**

*Government bonds, treasury bills*

**Time deposits**

*Deposits maturing after 3 months or more*

There are no government bonds as at 31 December 2010 (31 Decem

As at 31 December 2010, BYR denominated time deposits maturing deposits maturing after 3 months or more amounting to \$8,000 have

The Group s exposure to credit, currency and interest rate risks relat

**16. Other non-current assets**

VAT receivable  
Prepaid expenses  
Deposits and guarantees given  
Advances given for fixed assets  
Prepayment for subscriber acquisition cost  
Others

Subscriber acquisition costs are subsidies paid to dealers for engagi

**17. Deferred tax assets and liabilities**

***Unrecognized deferred tax liabilities***

At 31 December 2010, a deferred tax liability of \$15,687 (31 December 2009: \$15,687) relating to investments in subsidiaries was not recognized because the Company does not expect to realize the tax benefits in the foreseeable future.

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**NOTES TO THE CO**

**As a**

(Amounts expressed in thou

***Unrecognized deferred tax assets***

Deferred tax assets have not been recognized in respect of the follow

Deductible temporary differences  
Tax losses

Total unrecognized deferred tax assets

The deductible temporary differences do not expire under current ta  
Therefore, deferred tax assets have not been recognized in respect o  
profit will be available against which the Group can utilize the bene

As at 31 December 2010, expiration of tax losses is as follows:

**Year Originated**

2006  
2007  
2008  
2009  
2010

As at 31 December 2010, tax losses which will be carried indefinitely

**Year Originated**

2004  
2005  
2006  
2007  
2008  
2009  
2010



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**As a**

(Amounts expressed in thou

***Recognized deferred tax assets and liabilities***

Deferred tax assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2010 and 2009

Property, plant & equipment and intangible assets  
 Investment  
 Provisions  
 Trade and other payables  
 Other items

**Tax assets / (liabilities)**

Net off of tax

**Net tax assets / (liabilities)**

***Movement in temporary differences as at 31 December 2010 and 2009***

Property, plant & equipment and intangible assets  
 Investment  
 Provisions  
 Trade and other payables  
 Other items  
 Tax credit carry forwards

**Total**

Property, plant & equipment and intangible assets  
 Investment

Provisions  
Trade and other payables  
Other items

**Total**

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**As a**

(Amounts expressed in thou

**18. Trade receivables and accrued income**

Receivables from subscribers  
Accrued service income  
Accounts and checks receivable  
Receivables from Turk Telekomunikasyon AS ( Turk Telekom )

Trade receivables are shown net of allowance for doubtful debts and  
recognized for the years ended 31 December 2010, 2009 and 2008 a

Letters of guarantee received with respect to the accounts and check

The accrued service income represents revenues accrued for subscri  
will be billed within one year. Due to the volume of subscribers, the  
rendered but not yet billed. Contracted receivables related to handse  
amounting to \$35,024.

Receivables from Turk Telekom represent net amounts that are due  
Turk Telekom will pay to the Company for Turk Telekom s fixed-

The Group s exposure to credit and currency risks and impairment

**19. Other current assets**

Prepaid expenses  
Receivables from ICTA  
VAT receivable  
Receivables from Tax Office  
Advances to suppliers  
Interest income accruals  
Restricted cash  
Receivables from personnel  
Prepayment for subscriber acquisition cost  
Other

Receivables from ICTA is related to the fine applied on tariffs above  
27 January 2011. In Note 32, under legal proceedings section, detail

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**TURKCELL IL**

**NOTES TO THE C**

**As a**

(Amounts expressed in thou

As at 31 December 2010, restricted cash represents amounts deposi

Subscriber acquisition costs are subsidies paid to dealers for engagi

**20. Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash in hand  
Cheques received  
Banks  
-Demand deposits  
-Time deposits  
Bonds and bills

Cash and cash equivalents  
Bank overdrafts

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of cash flows

As at 31 December 2010, cash and cash equivalents deposited in ba  
amounting to \$90,000 (31 December 2009: nil).

As at 31 December 2010, average maturity of time deposits is 60 da

The Group s exposure to interest rate risk and a sensitivity analysis

**21. Capital and reserves**

***Share capital***

As at 31 December 2010, common stock represented 2,200,000,000  
In accordance with the Law No. 5083 with respect to TL, on 9 May

In connection with the redenomination of the TL and as per the rela  
1,000 units of shares, each having a nominal value of TL 0.001 sha  
The Company is still in the process of merging 1,000 existing ordin  
each. After the share merger which appears as a provisional article i  
shares will have a value of TL 1. Although the merger process has n  
consented by Capital Markets Board of Turkey ( CMB ). Accordin

The holders of shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared a

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**TURKCELL IL**

**NOTES TO THE CO**

**As a**

(Amounts expressed in thou

As at 31 December 2010, total number of pledged shares hold by va

***Capital contribution***

Capital contribution comprises the contributed assets and certain lia  
grant which the government is acting in its capacity as a shareholder

***Translation reserve***

The translation reserve comprises all foreign currency differences a  
functional currencies to presentation currency of USD.

***Fair value reserve***

The fair value reserve comprises the cumulative net change in the fa

***Legal reserve***

Under the Turkish Commercial Code, Turkish companies are requir  
5% of the distributable income per statutory accounts each year. Th  
20% of paid-up capital level has been reached. Second legal reserve  
minimum obligatory dividend pay-out (5% of the paid-up capital). 7

***Reserve for non-controlling interest put option liability***

The reserve for non-controlling interest put option liability includes  
subsidiaries recognized and the amount of non-controlling interest o  
reserve.

***Dividends***

The Company has adopted a dividend policy, which is set out in its  
shareholders with due regard to trends in the Company's operating

The Board of Directors intends to distribute cash dividends in an an  
prepared in accordance with the accounting principles accepted by t  
payment of dividends will still be subject to cash flow requirements  
Directors and the General Assembly of Shareholders.

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**TURKCELL IL**

**NOTES TO THE CO**

**As a**

(Amounts expressed in thou

On 10 March 2010, the Company's Board of Directors has proposed  
\$555,795 and \$573,451 as at 31 December 2010 and 29 April 2010.  
0.3905723 (equivalent to full \$0.2526341 and \$0.2606596 as at 31  
approved at the Ordinary General Assembly of Shareholders held on

Cash dividends

\* USD equivalents of dividends are computed by using the  
25 April 2008 which are the dates that the General Assembly  
In the Ordinary General Assembly of Shareholders Meeting of Intel  
\$36,210 as at 31 December 2010). The dividend was paid on 29 April

**22. Earnings per share**

The calculations of basic and diluted earnings per share as at 31 December  
2010, 2009 and 2008 of \$1,170,176, \$1,093,992 and \$1,836,824 respec  
2009 and 2008 of 2,200,000,000 calculated as follows:

Numerator:

Net profit for the period attributed to owners

Denominator:

Weighted average number of shares

Basic and diluted earnings per share

**23. Other non-current liabilities**

Consideration payable in relation to acquisition of BeST  
Financial liability in relation to put option  
Deposits and guarantees taken from agents



Payables to other suppliers  
Other

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**TURKCELL IL**

**NOTES TO THE CO**

**As a**

(Amounts expressed in thou

Consideration payable in relation to acquisition of Belarusian Telecom, contingent on financial performance of Belarusian Telecom, and based on the contingent consideration is \$78,402 as at 31 December 2010 (31

Non-controlling shareholders in Belarusian Telecom were granted a call option (AS ( Beltel )) at fair value during a specified period. The Group accounts for non-controlling interest. The Company has estimated a value based on market multiples (comparable market multiples). The average of the values determined as at 31 December 2010.

The difference between the present value of the estimated option and the value of non-controlling interest put option under equity.

**24. Loans and borrowings**

This note provides information about the contractual terms of the Group's debt about the Group's exposure to interest rate, foreign currency and li

**Non-current liabilities**

Unsecured bank loans  
Secured bank loans  
Finance lease liabilities

**Current liabilities**

Current portion of unsecured bank loans  
Current portion of secured bank loans  
Unsecured bank facility  
Secured bank facility  
Current portion of finance lease liabilities

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**TURKCELL IL**

**NOTES TO THE CO**

**As a**

(Amounts expressed in thou

Finance lease liabilities are payable as follows:

	<b>Future minimum lease payments</b>
Less than one year	5,199
More than one year	24,107
	29,306

Superonline, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Group, acquired indefeasible right of use amounting to \$22,531 which is calculated as the carrying amount of lease liability related to BOTAS agreement is \$

Some of the Group's borrowings are subject to covenant clauses, which the Group is in compliance with all borrowing covenants.

**Table of Contents****TURKCELL IL****NOTES TO THE CO**

As a

(Amounts expressed in thou

Terms and conditions of outstanding loans are as follows:

	<b>Currency</b>	<b>Year of maturity</b>	<b>Interest rate type</b>
Unsecured bank loans	USD	2012	Floating
Unsecured bank loans	USD	2011-2012	Floating
Unsecured bank loans	USD	2015	Floating
Unsecured bank loans	USD	2011-2015	Fixed
Unsecured bank loans	USD	2013	Floating
Unsecured bank loans	USD	2009-2014	Fixed
Unsecured bank loans	USD	2013	Fixed
Unsecured bank loans	USD	2011	Fixed
Unsecured bank loans	USD	2010-2016	Fixed
Unsecured bank loans	USD	2011	Floating
Unsecured bank loans	USD	2009-2014	Floating
Secured bank loans**	BYR	2020	Floating
Unsecured bank loans	USD	2010-2012	Fixed
Unsecured bank loans	EUR	2013	Floating
Unsecured bank loans	USD	2011-2013	Fixed
Secured bank loans	USD	2011	Fixed
Unsecured bank loans	USD	2011	
Unsecured bank loans	AZN	2011	Fixed
Secured bank loans	AZN	2011	Fixed
Unsecured bank loans	USD	2010	Floating
Unsecured bank loans	USD	2010	Fixed
Unsecured bank loans	BYR	2010	Floating
Finance lease liabilities	EUR	2011-2024	Fixed
Finance lease liabilities	USD	2010-2011	Fixed

\* Refinancing rate of the National Bank of the Republic of Belar

\*\* Secured by Rebpulic of Belarus Government.

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**TURKCELL IL**

**NOTES TO THE CO**

**As a**

(Amounts expressed in thou

**25. Employee benefits**

International Accounting Standard No. 19 ( IAS 19 ) *Employee* benefit plans. The liability for this retirement pay obligation is recor

Movement in the reserve for employee termination benefits as at 31

Opening balance  
 Provision set/reversed during the period  
 Payments made during the period  
 Unwind of discount  
 Effect of change in foreign exchange rate

Closing balance

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans are recog and \$4,182 in relation to defined contribution retirement plan for th

Total charge for the employee termination benefits is included in th

The liability is not funded, as there is no funding requirement.

**26. Deferred income**

Deferred income primarily consists of right of use sold but not used income is \$164,186 and \$248,518 as at 31 December 2010 and 2009

**27. Provisions**

*Non-current provisions:*

Balance at 1 January 2009  
 Provision made/used during the year

Unwind of discount  
Effect of change in foreign exchange rate

Balance at 31 December 2009

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**TURKCELL IL**

**NOTES TO THE CO**

**As a**

(Amounts expressed in thou

Balance at 1 January 2010  
 Provision made/used during the year  
 Unwind of discount  
 Effect of change in foreign exchange rate

Balance at 31 December 2010

Legal provisions are set for the probable cash outflows related to le

The Group is required to incur certain costs in respect of a liability  
 are calculated according to best estimate of future expected payment  
 and the risks specific to the liability.

The above mentioned additions to obligations for dismantling, remo  
 equipment.

***Current provisions:***

Balance at 1 January 2009  
 Provision made during the year  
 Provisions used during the year  
 Unwind of discount  
 Effect of change in foreign exchange rate

Balance at 31 December 2009

Balance at 1 January 2010  
 Provision made/(reversed) during the year  
 Provisions used during the year  
 Unwind of discount  
 Effect of change in foreign exchange rate

Balance at 31 December 2010

Legal provisions are set for the probable cash outflows related to legal provisions.

The bonus provision totalling to \$42,659 comprises mainly the prov



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**TURKCELL IL**

**NOTES TO THE CO**

**As a**

(Amounts expressed in thou

**28. Trade and other payables**

The breakdown of trade and other payables as at 31 December 2010

- Payables to other suppliers
- Taxes and withholdings payable
- Payables to Ericsson companies
- Selling and marketing expense accrual
- License fee accrual
- Roaming expense accrual
- ICTA share accrual
- Interconnection payables
- Interconnection accrual
- Payables to KKTC Tax Office
- Consideration payable in relation to acquisition of Belarusian Tel
- Other

Balances due to other suppliers are arising in the ordinary course of

Taxes and withholdings include VAT payable, special communicati

Payables to Ericsson companies comprise due to Ericsson Turkey, I

Turkcell is one of parties of two different signed agreements with E software responsibility within the scope of Supply Agreement below supply responsibility to Ericsson AB with the signed protocol between committed Turkcell to provide GSM network in operating condition non-exclusive, untransferable and perpetual software license for GS problem report processing service, consultancy service and emergen Turkey to Turkcell. For agreements signed between Turkcell and E 1 January 2010 and extended the period of GSM service agreement

Selling and marketing expense accrual is mainly resulted from servi

In accordance with the license agreement, Turkcell pays 90% of the fund to the Turkish Ministry.

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**TURKCELL IL**

**NOTES TO THE CO**

**As a**

(Amounts expressed in thou

Payables to interconnection suppliers arise from voice and SMS ter

Interconnection accrual represents net balance of uninvoiced call te

Consideration payable in relation to acquisition of Belarusian Telec  
\$100,000 was paid as of 31 December 2010. The remaining consid

The Group s exposure to currency and liquidity risk related to trad

**29. Financial instruments**

**Credit risk**

**Exposure to credit risk:**

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum cr

- Due from related parties-non current
- Other non-current assets\*
- Available-for-sale financial assets
- Due from related parties-current
- Trade receivables and accrued income
- Other current assets\*
- Cash and cash equivalents\*\*
- Time deposits maturing in 3 months or more

\* Non-financial instruments such as prepaid expenses a

\*\* Cash on hand is excluded from cash and cash equival

The maximum exposure to credit risk for trade receivables arising f  
customer is:

Receivable from subscribers

Receivables from distributors and other operators  
Other

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**NOTES TO THE CO**

**As a**

(Amounts expressed in thou

The aging of trade receivables and due from related parties as at 31

Not past due  
1-30 days past due  
1-3 months past due  
3-12 months past due  
1-5 years past due

**Impairment losses**

The movement in the allowance for impairment in respect of trade r

Opening balance  
Impairment loss recognized  
Write-off  
Effect of change in foreign exchange rate

Closing balance

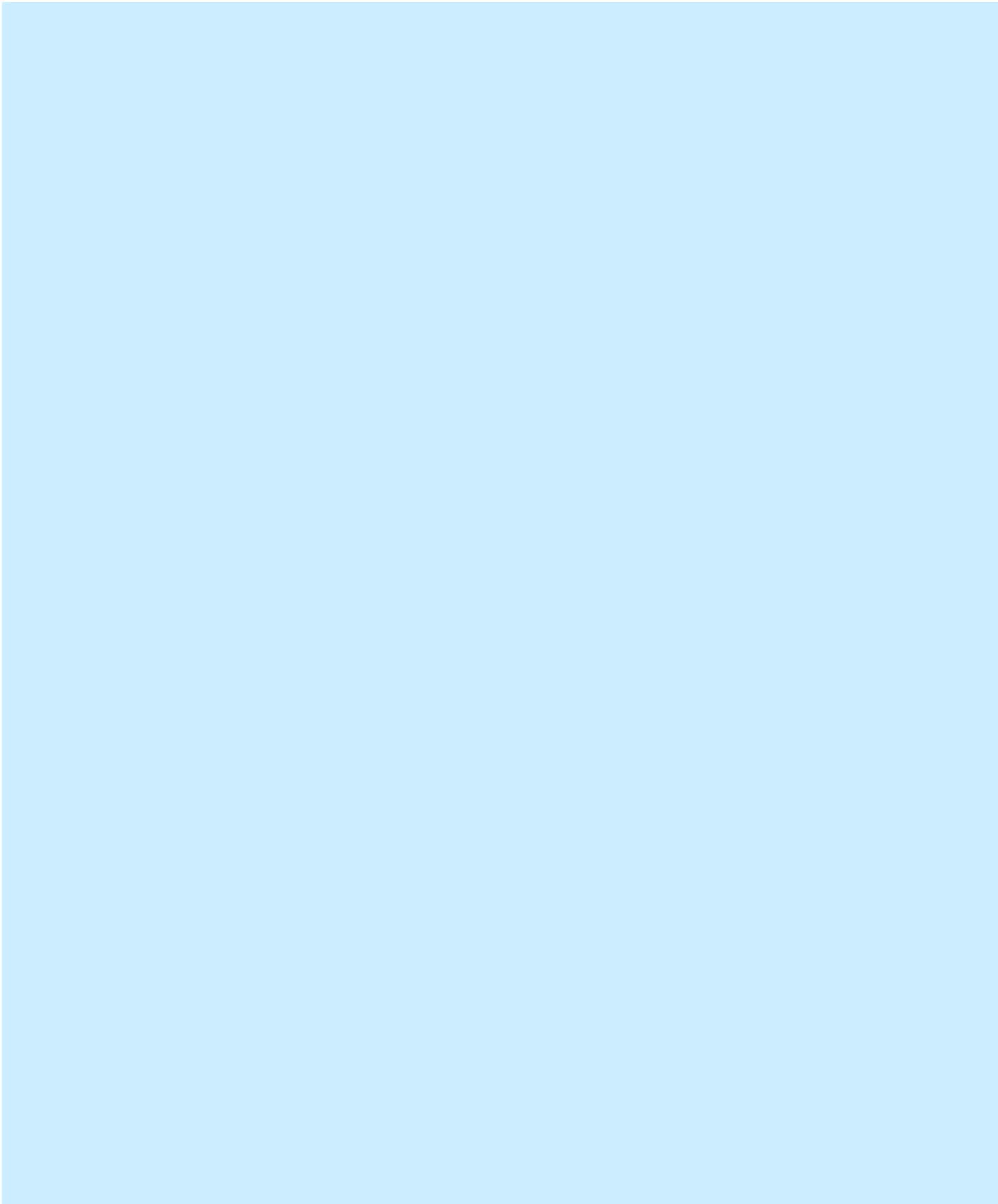
The impairment loss recognized of \$126,257 for the period ended 31  
related parties.

The allowance accounts in respect of trade receivables and due from  
amount owing is possible; at that point the amount considered irrec

**Liquidity risk**

Current cash debt coverage ratio as at 31 December 2010 and 2009

Cash and cash equivalents  
Current liabilities  
Current cash debt coverage ratio



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TURKCELL IL

NOTES TO THE CO

As a

(Amounts expressed in thou

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, 1

	31 December 2010				
	Carrying Amount	Contractual cash flows	6 months or less	6-12 months	1-2 years
<b>Non-derivative financial Liabilities</b>					
Secured bank loans	32,627	(48,327)	(2,273)	(9,165)	(5,15)
Unsecured bank loans	1,781,199	(1,920,204)	(208,363)	(218,000)	(523,02)
Finance lease liabilities	23,695	(29,306)	(3,206)	(1,993)	(1,90)
Trade and other payables*	676,187	(681,669)	(681,669)		
Bank overdraft	5,896	(5,896)	(5,896)		
Due to related parties	10,760	(10,787)	(10,787)		
Consideration payable in relation to acquisition of Belarusian Telecom	78,402	(100,000)			
Financial liability in relation to put option	53,435	(58,541)			
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>2,662,201</b>	<b>(2,854,730)</b>	<b>(912,194)</b>	<b>(229,158)</b>	<b>(530,08)</b>

\* Advances taken, taxes and withholding payable are excluded

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**NOTES TO THE CO**

**As a**

(Amounts expressed in thou

**Exposure to currency risk**

The Group s exposure to foreign currency risk based on notional a

**Foreign currency denominated assets**

Due from related parties-non current  
Other non-current assets  
Other investments  
Due from related parties-current  
Trade receivables and accrued income  
Other current assets  
Cash and cash equivalents

**Foreign currency denominated liabilities**

Loans and borrowings-non current  
Other non-current liabilities  
Loans and borrowings-current  
Trade and other payables  
Due to related parties

**Net exposure**

**Foreign currency denominated assets**

Due from related parties-non current  
Other non-current assets  
Other investments  
Due from related parties-current  
Trade receivables and accrued income  
Other current assets  
Cash and cash equivalents

**Foreign currency denominated liabilities**

Loans and borrowings-non current  
Other non-current liabilities  
Loans and borrowings-current  
Trade and other payables  
Due to related parties

**Net exposure**



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**TURKCELL IL**

**NOTES TO THE CO**

**As a**

(Amounts expressed in thou

The following significant exchange rates are applied during the period

TL/USD  
TL/EUR  
TL/SEK  
BYR/USD  
HRV/USD

**Sensitivity analysis**

The basis for the sensitivity analysis to measure foreign exchange risk is the change in the value of all assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies. The a

10% strengthening of the TL, HRV, BYR against the following currencies is shown in the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables

USD  
EUR  
SEK

10% weakening of the TL, HRV, BYR against the following currencies is shown in the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables

USD  
EUR  
SEK

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**TURKCELL IL**

**NOTES TO THE C**

(Amounts expressed in thou

**Interest rate risk**

As at 31 December 2010 and 2009 the interest rate profile of the Gr

**Fixed rate instruments**

Time deposits

USD

EUR

TL

Other

Available-for-sale securities

Government bonds, treasury bills

TL

Time deposits maturing after 3 months or more

USD

BYR

Finance lease obligations

USD

EUR

Unsecured bank loans

USD fixed rate loans

Secured bank loans

USD fixed rate loans

AZN fixed rate loans

**Variable rate instruments**

Available-for-sale securities

Government bonds, treasury bills

EUR

Secured bank loans

BYR floating rate loans

Unsecured bank loans

USD floating rate loans

EUR floating rate loans

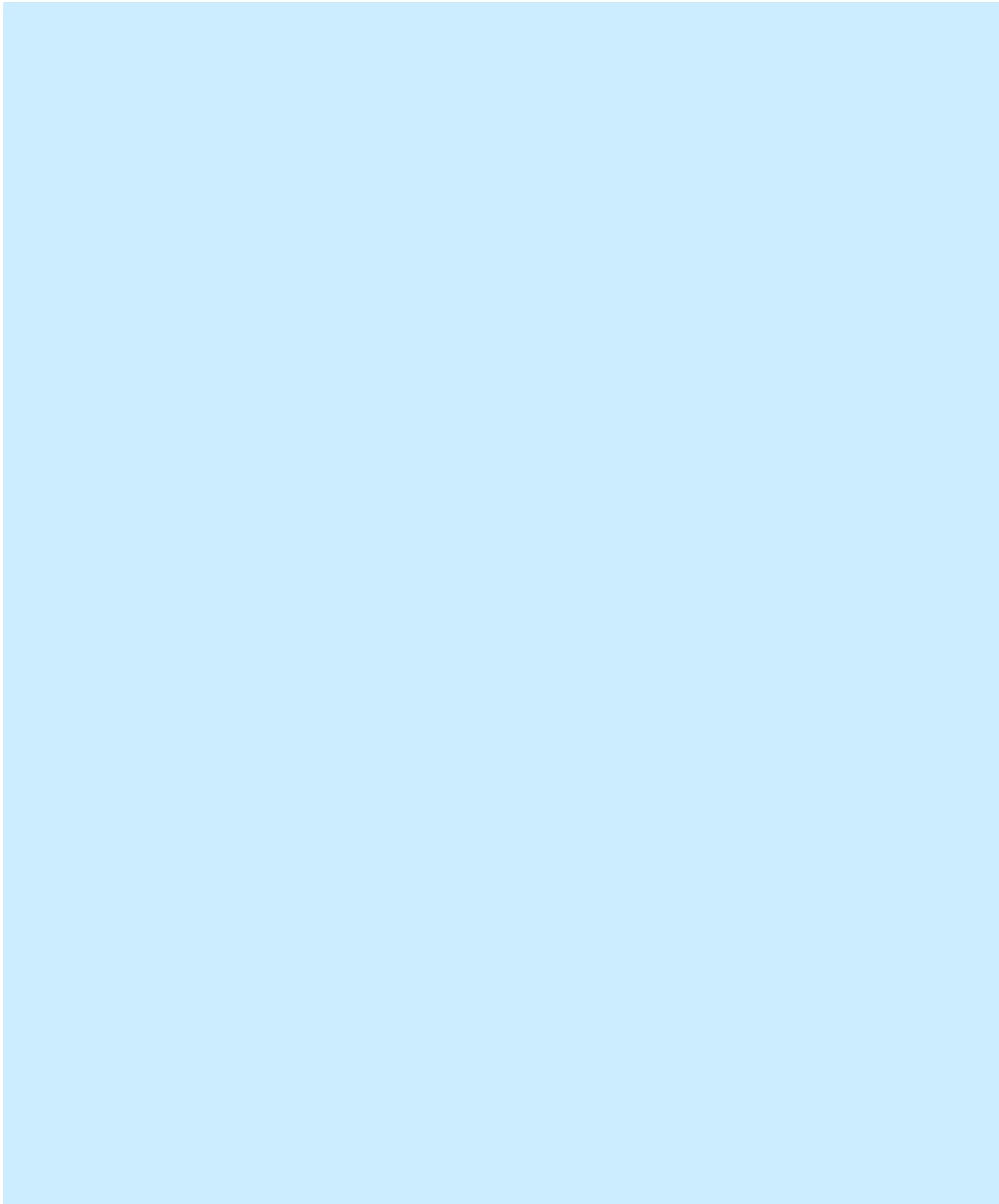
BYR floating rate loans

AZN fixed rate loans

**Sensitivity analysis**

**Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments:**

A change of 1% in interest rates for available for sale financial asse



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**TURKCELL IL**

**NOTES TO THE C**

**As a**

(Amounts expressed in thou

A change of 1% in interest rates for time deposits maturing after 3 m

**Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments:**

A change of 100 basis points in interest rates as at 31 December 20  
assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign exchange rates

**31 December 2010**

Variable rate instruments

Cash flow sensitivity (net)

**31 December 2009**

Variable rate instruments

Cash flow sensitivity (net)

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**TURKCELL IL**

**NOTES TO THE CO**

**As a**

(Amounts expressed in thou

**Fair values**

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities together with the ca

**Assets carried at fair value**

Available for sale securities

**Assets carried at amortized cost**

Due from related parties-long term

Other non-current assets\*

Due from related parties-short term

Trade receivables and accrued income\*\*\*

Other current assets\*

Cash and cash equivalents

Time deposits maturing after 3 months or more

**Liabilities carried at fair value**

Put option for Best acquisition

**Liabilities carried at amortized cost**

Loans and borrowings-long term

Bank overdrafts

Loans and borrowings-short term

Trade and other payables\*\*

Due to related parties

Deferred payments

\* Non-financial instruments such as prepaid expenses a

\*\* Advances taken, taxes and withholdings payable are c

\*\*\* Includes non-current trade receivables amounting to \$  
The methods used in determining the fair values of financial instrum

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**TURKCELL IL**

**NOTES TO THE CO**

**As a**

(Amounts expressed in thou

**Fair value hierarchy**

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value,

The different levels have been identified as follows:

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical a

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 tha

Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observ

**31 December 2010**

Financial liability in relation to put option

**31 December 2009**

Available-for sale financial assets

Financial liability in relation to put option

Balance as at 1 January 2010  
Total gains or losses:  
in profit or loss  
in other comprehensive income  
Total recognition in equity

Balance as at 31 December 2010

The table above shows a reconciliation from the beginning balances

Total gains or losses included in profit or loss for the period in the f

Total gains or losses included in profit or loss for the period:

Net financing costs

Total gains or losses for the period included in profit or loss for ass

end of the reporting period:

Net financing costs



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**TURKCELL IL**

**NOTES TO THE CO**

**As a**

(Amounts expressed in thou

**30. Operating leases**

The Company entered into various operating lease agreements. For \$287,259 and \$263,805 respectively.

The future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable leases a

Less than one year  
Between one and five years  
More than five years

**31. Guarantees and purchase obligations**

As at 31 December 2010, outstanding purchase commitments with advertisement services amount to \$594,910 (31 December 2009: \$2

As at 31 December 2010, the Group is contingently liable in respect public organizations and provided financial guarantees to subsidiar 1,986,052 equivalent to \$1,319,023 as at 31 December 2009).

**32. Commitments and Contingencies**

**License Agreements**

***Turkcell:***

On 27 April 1998, the Company signed the License Agreement with license for a license fee of \$500,000. The License Agreement permits the revenue generated from the operations of its GSM network and equal to 15% of its gross revenues from Turkish GSM operations. C existing treasury share to the Turkish Ministry as a universal service pays 90% of the treasury share to the Turkish Treasury and 10% to gross revenue once a year as ICTA Fee. The Company is authorized variety of service and pricing packages, issue invoices directly to su

In February 2002, the Company renewed its License with the ICTA quality and coverage of the Company's GSM network, prohibition meet any requirement in the renewed License, or the occurrence of

surrender of



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**NOTES TO THE CO**

**As a**

(Amounts expressed in thou

the GSM network without compensation, or limitation of the Comp  
conditions of the renewed License Agreement include the following

**Coverage:** The Company had to attain geographical coverage of 50  
respectively, of the License s effective date.

**Service offerings:** The Company must provide certain services in a  
free call forwarding to police and other public emergency services,  
identification and restrictions, call forwarding, call waiting, call hol  
incoming calls.

**Service quality:** In general, the Company must meet all the technic  
Secretariat of the GSM MoU. Service quality requirements include

**Tariffs:** ICTA sets the initial maximum tariffs in TL and USD. The  
months or, if necessary, more frequently. The Company is free to se

**Rights of the ICTA, Suspension and Termination:**

The revised License is not transferable without the approval of the I  
Company s technical and financial information and allows for insp  
obliged to submit financial statements, contracts and investment pla

The ICTA may suspend the Company s operations for a limited or  
suspension, the ICTA may operate the Company s GSM network.

The Company is entitled to any revenues collected during such peri  
be terminated upon a bankruptcy ruling against the Company or for  
such violations can include fines, loss of frequency rights, revocatio  
subscription system, including related technical equipment, immova

Based on the enacted law on 3 July 2005 with respect to the regulat  
service fund has been changed. According to this new regulation, in  
description of gross revenue. Calculation of gross revenue for treas  
approval on 10 March 2006.

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**TURKCELL IL**

**NOTES TO THE CO**

**As a**

(Amounts expressed in thou

**3G License**

On 30 April 2009, the Company signed a license agreement with IC acquired the A type license providing the widest frequency band for from 30 April 2009. According to the agreement, operators have pro

In accordance with the 3G License Agreement, the Company had to and municipalities in three and six years, respectively. Moreover, th and 1,000 within eight and ten years, respectively following the eff

***Belarusian Telecom:***

Belarusian Telecom owns a license issued on 28 August 2008 for a the State Property Committee of the Republic of Belarus committed shall be extended for an additional 10 years for an insignificant con and Purchase Agreement and submitted the related official document will be made upon the expiration of its validity period. Therefore, B amortization charge is recorded on the assumption that the license v

Under its license, Belarusian Telecom has several coverage require However, Belarusian Telecom s period of execution in relation to o

***Astelit:***

Astelit owns two GSM activity licenses, one is for GSM 900, the o microwave Radiorelay frequency licenses which are regional or nat connection with wireless access using D-AMPS standard, one licen Astelit holds number range two NDC codes for mobile network an

According to licenses, Astelit should adhere to state sanitary regula emissions. Licenses require Astelit to inform authorities about start present all the required documents for inspection by Ukrainian Tele operations of Astelit for a limited or an unlimited period if necessar frequencies use. If such a violation is determined, Ukrainian Teleco is not met, licenses may be terminated.

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(Amounts expressed in thou

***Inteltek:***

Inteltek signed a contract on 30 July 2002 which provides for the in  
the provision of sport betting games. The Central Betting System C

Inteltek signed another contract with General Directorate of Youth  
center and become head agent for fixed odds betting. The Fixed Od  
the operations of Inteltek, GDYS ceased the implementation of the  
Inteltek signed a new Fixed Odds Betting Contract on 15 March 20  
1 March 2008.

Inteltek signed a new Fixed Odds Betting Contract with Spor Toto,  
Contract with Spor Toto, which took effect on 31 March 2008 as ha  
until the operation started as a result of the new tender.

On 12 August 2008, Spor Toto conducted a tender which allowed p  
for the tender. On 29 August 2008, Inteltek signed a contract with S  
which is 1.4% of gross takings (until 1 March 2009, commission rat  
guaranteed TRY 1,500,000 (equivalent to \$970,246 as of 31 Decem

At 31 December 2010, the total amount of guarantee obtained from  
2010) (31 December 2009: TRY 159,752 equivalent to \$106,098 as  
obliged to pay the difference between the realized and the targeted p

***Kibris Telekom:***

On 27 April 2007, Kibris Telekom signed the License Agreement fo  
Communication License Agreement ) with the Ministry of Commu  
replacing the existing GSM-Mobile Telephony System Agreement t  
was granted an 18 year GSM 900, GSM 1800 and IMT 2000/UMTS  
subject to the fulfilment of certain conditions.

On 14 March 2008, Kibris Telekom was awarded a 3G infrastructure  
the license, the system had to be operational by mid-October 2008.  
voice and data connection with mainland and started using it from t  
besides Telecommunication Authority.

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Under the Mobile Communication License Agreement, Kibris Tele equal to 15% of gross revenues excluding accrued interest charges parties for value added services, interconnection revenues, roaming

***Superonline:***

Superonline was authorized to Fixed Telephony, Satellite Commun Operator.

Authorization By-Law for Telecommunication Services and Infrastr for Electronic Communications Sector dated 28 May 2009. Accordi Internet Service Provision, Satellite Communication Service has be Provision, Satellite Communication Service, Cable Broadcast Servi Authority relevant to the Fixed Telephony Services.

In accordance with the new legislation issued by ICTA, the infrastr expected useful lives of its operating license and related fixed netwo

***Azerinteltek:***

Azerinteltek, in which Inteltek s shareholding is 51%, was establish para-mutual sports betting games by the Ministry of Youth and Spo the Ministry of Youth and Sports of Azerbaijan is renewed with the betting games based on sports on 30 September 2010.

Azerinteltek officially commenced to conduct sports betting games

**Interconnection Agreements**

The Company has entered into interconnection agreements with a n Hizmetleri AS ( Telsim ), Vodafone Telekomunikasyon AS ( Vo Iletisim AS ( Globalstar ).

The Access and Interconnection Regulation (the Regulation ) bec

The Regulation is driven largely by a goal to improve the competi another operator s request for use of and access to its network. All terms and qualifications provided to their shareholders, subsidiaries

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In accordance with the Regulation, the telecommunications provide months following the issuance of the Regulation. As a result of inter 10 November 2003, Telsim on 21 November 2003, and Globalstar with Avea (formerly TT&TIM) was last renewed on 20 January 20 was signed between the Company and Vodafone at the end of July

On 21 February 2005, Superonline and Milleni.com GmbH have sig convey calls to the Company's switch and the Company may convey

In addition, the ICTA has required operators holding significant ma and to provide co-location on their premises for the equipment of ot number portability, which means allowing users to keep the same p

Under a typical interconnection agreement, each party agrees, amon transmitted to, and received from, the GSM system operated by each interconnection agreements also establish understandings between t performance standards, interconnection interfaces and other technic

The Company's interconnection agreements usually provide that ea responsible for ensuring that its network does not endanger the safe cause any deterioration in the operation of the other party's networ

Interconnection agreements also specify the amount of the payment payments vary by contract, and in some cases, may require the Com on the Company's network but switching to the counterparty's net

There are no minimum payment obligations under the interconnecti other penalties or loss of interconnection privileges for its own traff

On 10 February 2010, ICTA decreased Standard Interconnection 7 0.0313 (equivalent to \$0.0202 as at 31 December 2010) for voice ca video calls, effective from 1 April 2010. The Company started to re starting from 1 April 2010.

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As at 31 December 2010, the management believes that the Group i requirements in all material respects.

**Legal Proceedings**

The Group is involved in various claims and legal actions arising in

***Dispute with Turk Telekom with respect to call termination fees***

Upon application of Turk Telekom, the ICTA has set temporary (an from 10 August 2005. However, Turk Telekom did not apply these

Therefore, on 22 December 2005, the Company filed a lawsuit again (equivalent to \$7,743 as at 31 December 2010) including principal, reports and supplementary expert reports which are obtained for the

On 19 December 2006, the Company initiated another lawsuit again set by ICTA for the period between November 2005 and October 20 and penalty on late payment. The Court decided to consolidate this

On 2 November 2007, the Company initiated another lawsuit again by ICTA for the period between November 2006 and 1 March 2007 penalty on late payment. The Court also decided to consolidate this

Since it is not virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits v year ended 31 December 2010 (31 December 2009: None).

***Dispute on Turk Telekom Transmission Lines Leases***

Effective from 1 July 2000, Turk Telekom annulled the discount of and, at the same time, Turk Telekom started to provide a discount o application of the agreed 60% discount. However, on 30 July 2001, allowing Turk Telekom to terminate the 60% discount. Accordingly Although Turk Telekom did not charge any interest on late payment 3,023 (equivalent to \$1,955 as at 31 December 2010) for possible in nominal amount of TL 30,068 (equivalent to \$19,449 as at 31 Dec



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The Company did not agree with Turk Telekom's interest calculation and was not collecting any amounts relating to this interest charge. Also, the Court rejected the case. The Company appealed the decision. The Court rejected the correction of the decision request and the decision.

Based on the management opinion, the Company accrued provision for the amount from the receivables from Turk Telekom as at 31 December 2010.

Additionally, a lawsuit is commenced against Turk Telekom on 28 December 2010 (31 December 2010), overdue interest of TL 3,092 (equivalent to \$200,000) with the contractual default interest until payment date on the ground that in 2000, Turk Telekom has already collected the whole amount which is the receivable.

***Dispute regarding the Fine Applied by the Competition Board***

The Competition Board commenced an investigation of business decisions and decided that the Company disrupted the competitive environment through its actions under the Law on the Protection of Competition. As a result, the Company was enjoined to cease these infringements. The Company initiated a lawsuit before the Council of State in 2005, the Court cancelled the Competition Board's decision.

After the cancellation of the Competition Board's decision, the Company initiated a lawsuit before Council of State for the injunction and cancellation of the decision. The Council of State dismissed the lawsuit. The Company appealed the decision. Appeal is pending.

Based on the decision of Competition Board, Ankara Tax Office received a tax order dated 4 August 2006. On 25 September 2006, the Company notified the Council of State and dismissed the lawsuit, and the Company appealed this decision. On 18 December 2009, the Council of State with the decision of Council of State. On 18 December 2009, the Council of State of the Instance Court. The lawsuit is still pending.

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Since it is not virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits v  
year ended 31 December 2010 (31 December 2009: None).

***Dispute regarding the Fine Applied by the Competition Board reg***

The Competition Board decided to initiate an investigation in order  
appropriateness with respect to competition rules. On 23 December  
marketing services and fined the Company amounting to TL 36,072  
notification of the decision of the Competition Board. Therefore, 25  
monetary fine on 25 May 2010. The Company filed a legal case on  
rejected the Company's suspension of execution request. The Com

Avea, depending on the Competition Board decision, initiated a law  
1,000 (equivalent to \$647 as at 31 December 2010), with reservatio

Based on the management opinion, the probability of an outflow of  
in the consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended

***Dispute on National Roaming Agreement***

The Company conducted roaming negotiations in 2001 with İis-Tim  
19 October 2001, upon unsuccessful negotiations, ICTA granted tim  
and requested parties to come to an agreement until 15 November 2  
are impossible from technical aspects and unacceptable from econo  
which is subjected to the lawsuit is cancelled by another state coun  
Administrative Divisions decided to uphold the court decision.

In a letter dated 14 March 2002, the ICTA subjected Is-Tim's requ  
possible. Nevertheless, the ICTA declared that the Company is und  
initiated a lawsuit against ICTA. On 14 March 2006, Council of Sta  
the regulation on procedures and policies with respect to national ro  
State has decided to approve the decision of the Council of State.

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The ICTA decided that the Company has not complied with its resp of approximately TL 21,822 (equivalent to \$14,115 as at 31 Decem 2004, the Company filed a lawsuit. On 3 January 2005, with respect as at 31 December 2010).

On 13 December 2005, Council of State decided the cancellation of and policies with respect to national roaming. ICTA appealed the d of State has decided to approve the decision of the Council of State. (equivalent to \$4,600 as at 31 December 2010), the total amount of ICTA returned the same to the Company as the result of the stay of

Since it is not virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits v year ended 31 December 2010 (31 December 2009: None).

On 27 October 2006, Telecom Italia SPA and TIM International N. demand of roaming has not been met. Telecom Italia SPA and TIM has been appealed by Telecom Italia SPA and TIM International N.

Based on the management opinion, the probability of an outflow of in the consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended

***Dispute regarding of the Fine Applied by ICTA on pricing applica***

On 7 April 2010, ICTA decided to impose administrative fine to the Authority and TL 374 (equivalent to \$242 as at 31 December 2010) the decision of the ICTA. Therefore, 25% discount was applied and 2010. The Company filed two lawsuits on 9 July 2010 for the suspe suspension of execution requests and the Company objected to the c

Since it is not virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits v ended 31 December 2010.

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***Dispute regarding the Fine applied by ICTA on tariffs above upper***

On 15 October 2009, ICTA decided to initiate an investigation stating that the Company initiated a lawsuit for the cancellation of ICTA's decision.

On 21 April 2010, ICTA decided to impose administrative fine to the Company applied tariffs above the upper limits of GSM-GSM in GSM. The Company notified the decision of the ICTA. Therefore, 25% discount was applied on 3 June 2010. The Company filed a lawsuit on 28 June 2010, for the amount of \$25,938 as at 31 December 2010) on 27 January 2011. An income tax expense of \$25,938 (31 December 2009: None).

Amount to be reimbursed to the subscribers is calculated as TL 46,200,000 in the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2009.

***Dispute on Deposits at Banks***

The Company has disputes in connection with some accounts at two banks. The Company has recorded that amount as expense to its consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2010, excluding interest, in addition to the aforementioned amount at the other bank. In the end of the jurisdiction, the Court, on 27 April 2006, decided to award compensation. Such decision became final on 11 October 2004. The Company filed a lawsuit on 14 October 2004 to 14th Execution Office of Istanbul.

In the lawsuit initiated against the other bank, the Court decided in favor of the Company. On 3 April 2006, Supreme Court of Appeals decided the reversal of the Court of Appeals. The lawsuit is pending. The Company has not recorded any amount for the year ended 31 December 2010.

***Dispute on Special Communication Taxation Regarding Prepaid***

Tax Office imposed tax penalty in the total amount of TL 47,130 (excluding interest) for the year ended 31 December 2010) based on the ground that the Company had to pay special communication tax.

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wholesales for the years 2003 and 2004, respectively. On 31 Decem  
to await until the completion of settlement procedure in the lawsuit  
have settled on the amounts subjected to the lawsuits as explained in

According to the settlement made with the Ministry of Finance Sett  
(equivalent to \$963 as at 31 December 2010) and TL 2,834 (equiva  
interest was settled at TL 3,570 (equivalent to \$2,309 as at 31 Dec  
respectively. The aforementioned amounts were paid on 27 July 20

Provision set for the above mentioned special communication taxes  
consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 De  
in the consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended

Tax Office imposed tax penalty, including actual tax and penalty fo  
139,101 (equivalent to \$89,975 as at 31 December 2010) based on t  
distributors for the wholesales for the years 2005 and 2006, respect  
Lawsuits are still pending.

Company management decided to set provision for the special com  
2007 amounting to TL 9,087 (equivalent to \$5,878 as at 31 Decemb  
consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 De

On 28 February 2011, Tax Amnesty Law has been approved by the  
method for the settlement of previous disputes with the Tax Author  
decided to authorize the management to apply to the Turkish Minist  
and to pursue related negotiations. As of the date of this report, the

***Carrying International Voice Traffic***

In May 2003, the Company was informed that the ICTA had initiat  
some of its international voice traffic through an operator other than  
voice traffic. On 5 March 2004, ICTA fined the Company a nomina

The Company has initiated a lawsuit with the claim of annulment o  
5 November 2004, Council of State gave a

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decision, which is served to the Company, for stay of execution. WI  
26 January 2005 and deduct a sum of TL 13,731 (equivalent to \$8,8  
Council of State decided to accept the Company's claim and annul  
pending.

Turk Telekom initiated a lawsuit against the Company with respect  
which TL 219,149 (equivalent to \$141,752 as at 31 December 2010  
30 June 2005 and requesting a temporary injunction.

Considering the progresses at the court case, provision is set for the  
amounting to a nominal amount of TL 84,567 (equivalent to \$54,70  
2010.

In deciding upon the amount of the provision taking, the Company  
the expert report. Specifically, under Turkish Law, a person who is  
may only be sought in respect of lost profit. For this reason, the pro  
rather than the amounts requested by Turk Telekom and amounts re  
which supports the management opinion from an expert who is not

On 5 November 2009, the Court rejected the Turk Telekom's requ  
amounting to TL 279,227 (equivalent to \$180,613 as at 31 Decemb  
still pending.

***Dispute with Spor Toto***

On 9 November 2005, Spor Toto sent a notification letter to Inteltek  
31 December 2010) due to the difference in the reconciliation meth  
Inteltek management believes that those periods should be cumulat

Spor Toto, on behalf of GDYS, initiated a declaratory lawsuit again  
GDYS and Inteltek is not responsible for the uncollected amount of  
period should be six-month independent periods. GDYS appealed th  
decision, GDYS applied for the correction of the decision. GDYS's

Based on the decision of Supreme Court, Inteltek reversed the previ  
interest accrual amount of TL 1,894 (equivalent to \$1,225 as at 31 D

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(equivalent to \$1,517 as at 31 December 2010) principal and TL 97 reconciliation periods. Inteltek has initiated a lawsuit on 21 February the decision. The Supreme Court ruled to reverse the judgement of still pending.

Since it is not virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits year ended 31 December 2010 (31 December 2009: None).

***Dispute on over assessment following the settlement on VAT fine***

On 9 February 2009, the Company initiated a lawsuit claiming cancelled erroneously calculated after settlement with the Tax Office regarding rejected the Company's injunction request. The Company objected

Since it is not virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits year ended 31 December 2010 (31 December 2009: None).

***Dispute on Iranian GSM tender process***

The Company has initiated an arbitration case against Islamic Republic Investments and demanded its sustained loss, on 11 January 2008 at process is still pending.

Besides, related with GSM tender process, Eastasia one of the partners initiated an arbitration process against IEDC, another partner of the compensation for damages for the aforementioned breach. The arbit

***Dispute on Turk Telekom Transmission Tariffs***

On 19 January 2007, the Company initiated a lawsuit against Turk Telekom 1 July 2005. The Company requested a nominal amount of TL 8,13 favor of the Company. The court ruled to obtain supplementary exp

Since it is not virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits year ended 31 December 2010 (31 December 2009: None).

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***Dispute on the decision of CMB regarding Audit Committee Mem***

On 21 July 2006, Alexey Khudyakov was appointed to the audit co  
Khudyakov's current status, as an observer member on the audit co  
CMB. The CMB has stated that steps must be taken urgently in ord  
execution and to annul the decision of the CMB.

On 18 January 2008, Ankara 14<sup>th</sup> Administrative Court rejected the  
appeal request. The Company applied for the correction of the decis

On 15 October 2008, the CMB decided on an administrative fine an  
of CMB dated 26 January 2007 and required the Company to inform  
Administrative Court. The Court rejected the Company's suspensio

***Dispute on Mobile Number Portability***

On 29 March 2007, the Company initiated a lawsuit against the ICT  
the ICTA on 1 February 2007 on the ground that vested rights of th  
Court rejected the case. The Company appealed the decision. The a

***Dispute on Turk Telekom Interconnection Costs***

On 8 April 2009, Turk Telekom initiated a lawsuit for damages aga  
fees to operators than the fees applied to the Company's subscriber  
accrued interest starting from 2001 and TL 10 (equivalent to \$6 as a  
of decreasing traffic volume of Turk Telekom and subscriber lost d

Based on the management opinion, the probability of an outflow of  
in the consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended

***Dispute on Avea Interconnection Costs***

On 4 November 2010, Avea initiated a lawsuit on the ground that o  
on-net tariffs of the Company cannot be under the interconnection f  
31 December 2010) material compensation by reserving its right fo



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The Company has accrued provision amounting to TL 1,000 (equiv

***Dispute on Campaigns***

On 21 May 2008, ICTA decided that the Company damaged the sub requested TL 32,088 (equivalent to \$20,755 as at 31 December 2010). The lawsuit is still pending. However, the Company benefited from TL 31 December 2010) on 1 August 2008.

Since it is not virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will be realized, the Company has not recorded any provision for the year ended 31 December 2010 (31 December 2009: None).

***Dispute on Payment Request of Savings Deposits Insurance Fund***

On 26 July 2007, Savings Deposits Insurance Fund ( SDIF ) requested that the stated amount is recorded as receivable from the Company. SDIF filed a lawsuit for the injunction and cancellation of the SDIF 's request. The Court accepted the Company 's claim and cancelled the aforementioned request.

SDIF issued payment orders for the above mentioned amount and, on 6 February 2008, the Court accepted the Company 's injunction request. The appeal process is pending.

Based on the management opinion, the probability of an outflow of cash is not high. Therefore, no provision is recorded in the consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2010 (31 December 2009: None).

***Dispute on the Discounts which are paid over the Treasury Share***

At the end of 2006, Tax Auditors of the Company claimed that gross discounts recorded these discounts in a separate line item as sales discounts.

Starting from 1 January 2007, the Company started to deduct discounts. The Company decided that, it has paid excess treasury share and universal service fee.

Through the letter dated 23 February 2007, the Company requested the Tax Auditors to record the discounts as sales discounts. The amounting to TL 5,020 (equivalent to \$3,247 as at 31 December 2010).

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(equivalent to \$3,315 as at 31 December 2010) and interest accrued days. Since Turkish Treasury and Turkish Ministry have not made a 31 December 2007, the Company deducted TL 51,254 (equivalent to

Turkish Treasury sent a letter to the Company dated 17 July 2007 and Accordingly, the Company is asked to return TL 2,960 (equivalent to Company has not made the related payment and continued to deduct for the year 2006.

Management believes that the Company has the legal right to make respect to this matter in its consolidated financial statements as at an

According to the 51st article which is headed Applicable Law and arbitration and three arbitrator which are selected within the scope of shall primarily resolved by negotiations at the License Coordination regarding the arising dispute, structure and reasons of the dispute and notification date, dispute shall be resolved by arbitration.

The Company filed two lawsuits before ICC claiming that the Company concession agreement, respectively, on discounts granted to distributors Awards, the Company is not under obligation of paying Treasury Share Agreement dated March 10, 2006. ICTA filed lawsuits for cancellation

***Dispute on payments of additional treasury share payment for the***

Turkish Treasury, through a letter which is based on the Report of the 9 March 2006, requested additional treasury share payment regarding obtain a declaratory judgment on the Company is not obliged to pay the exchange differences arising from roaming revenue. The case is

ICTA, through a letter dated 14 May 2010 which is based on the Report to 9 March 2006, requested additional treasury share payment of TL (equivalent to \$7,873 as at 31 December 2010) on the ground that the entirely.

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On 26 May 2010, the Company, in order to provide the suspension grounds that the payment of additional treasury share payment of TL (equivalent to \$7,873 as at 31 December 2010) is a pending case before an objection to the preliminary injunction and this objection has been Controller's Board following the examinations covering the period \$46,913 as at 31 December 2010) and conventional penalty of TL 2 as at 31 December 2010) of the aforementioned amount.

On 13 December 2010, the Company, in order to provide the suspension grounds that the payment of treasury share of TL 70,992 (equivalent to 31 December 2010) is a pending case before ICC Arbitration Court

Based on the management opinion, the probability of an outflow of in the consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended

The company filed a lawsuit before ICC on 12 January 2011 regarding Company and the conventional penalty of TL 205,594 (equivalent to

***Dispute on treasury share amounts which are absorbed due to ret***

In consequence of collection of treasury share from the Company with procedure amendments of ICTA on both interconnection fees and share which collected from diminishing returns are unlawful and demanded payment of TL 1,600 (equivalent to \$1,035 as at 31 December ICTA due to its administrative act leading to this case and against T still pending.

Since it is not virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will for the year ended 31 December 2010 (31 December 2009: None).

***Dispute with the Ministry of Industry and Trade***

Ministry of Industry and Trade notified the Company that the Company administrative fine of TL 68,201 (equivalent to \$44,114 as at 31 December

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the cancellation of the payment order and related decision of the Ministry of Industry and Trade on 8 June 2010. Ministry of Industry and Trade appealed the

On 14 December 2009, the Company filed a lawsuit for the injunction in respect to the decision of Ministry of Industry and Trade. The Court of Administrative Court accepted the objection of the Company and decided to

Based on the management opinion, the probability of an outflow of cash in the consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2010 is

***Penalty of ICTA on Value Added Services***

On 1 March 2010, ICTA decided to initiate an investigation against the Company. The Ministry of Industry and Trade on the ground that the Company's decision is contrary to the article 11/A of the law numbered 4077. The ICTA.

On 13 January 2011, ICTA decided to apply administrative fine of 25% of the value of the services provided following the notification of the decision of ICTA, 25% discount was applied in the consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2010.

***Dispute of Astelit with its Distributor***

Astelit and one of its distributors had an agreement for the sale of Astelit's products. The distributor had to pay 30 days after delivery and proceeds from such sale had to be transferred to Astelit. After the termination of the relationship under this agreement, the distributor began to violate the agreement.

Despite the distributor is factually a debtor under the agreement, the Court of First Instance (31 December 2010), which is allegedly the sum of advance payments and the distributor's indebtedness in the amount of HRV 35,292 (equivalent to \$4,433 as at 31 December 2010).

As a result of consideration of two claims, the Court of First Instance (Kiev Economic Court of Appeal repealed the decision of the Court of First Instance (HRV 106,443 (equivalent to \$13,369 as at 31 December 2010). The Court of First Instance

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appellate court's ruling. Thereafter, Astelit management has filed a  
jurisdiction against the resolution of the Higher Economic Court of

In December 2009 the Supreme Court of Ukraine has revoked the p  
new legal proceedings. New legal proceedings have started in Febru  
institute of judicial expertise in order to define real indebtedness. Th

Management believes that such conclusion of the courts has no prop  
not recorded any accruals with respect to this matter in its consolida

***Dispute of Astelit related to Withholding Tax on Interest Expense***

Ukrainian Tax Administration sent a tax notice to Astelit stating that  
2009. According to Ukrainian legislation and Convention on avoidi  
imposed Astelit to pay additional HRV 11,651 (equivalent to \$1,46  
30 November 2010. Tax Inspection appealed the case on 27 Decem  
years 2009 and 2010 in the consolidated financial statements as at a

***Dispute on VAT and SCT on Roaming Services***

On 21 October 2009, based on the Tax Investigation Reports dated  
VAT and SCT should be calculated on charges paid to international  
and requested TL 255,298 (equivalent to \$165,135 as at 31 Decemb  
date. The Company filed a lawsuit for the cancellation of the aforem  
withdrawn from the lawsuits.

As a result of the settlement made with Ministry of Finance Settlem  
31 December 2010) and late payment interest expense was settled a  
2010.

***Dispute on VAT and SCT regarding Shell & Turcas Petrol A.S Co***

Turkcell and Shell&Turcas Petrol A.S. signed an agreement on 27 M  
from Shell&Turcas Petrol AS.

As a result of the tax investigation, Tax Controllers notified that VA  
communication tax amounting to TL 1,214 (equivalent to \$785 as a  
amounting to TL 874 (equivalent to \$565 as at 31 December 2010)

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penalty of TL 1,315 (equivalent to \$851 as at 31 December 2010). C  
to accept the case. Tax Administration appealed the decisions. Base  
consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 De

***Lawsuit initiated by Mep Iletisim AS***

On 31 December 2008, Mep Iletisim AS, which is former distributo  
that it has a loss of TL 64,000 (equivalent to \$41,397 as at 31 Decem  
31 December 2010) and remaining amount to be reserved. The case

Based on the management opinion, the probability of an outflow of  
in the consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended

***Investigation of ICTA on the wrongful declarations of the Compa***

ICTA decided to initiate an investigation based on the reason that th  
and wrong, the Company is not in a helpful approach regarding the  
ICTA. Investigation report has been sent to the Company. The Com  
2011, no penalty has been charged for the Company.

Based on the management opinion, the probability of an outflow of  
in the consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended

***Decisions of ICTA on tariff plans***

On 15 November 2009, ICTA notified that the Company has chang  
On 1 February 2010, the Company initiated a lawsuit for the cancel  
pending.

Amount to be reimbursed to the subscribers is calculated as TL 15,6  
financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2009

On 17 May 2010, ICTA decided to impose TL 802 (equivalent to \$  
of Turkcell contradicts the board decision which sets lower limit to  
Therefore, 25% discount was applied and TL 601 (equivalent to \$3

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2010 in request for the cancellation of fine. The Court overruled the objection request of the Company. The lawsuit is still pending.

On 8 March 2010, ICTA informed the Company that an investigation penalty amounted TL 26,483 (equivalent to \$17,130 as at 31 December 2010) following the notification of the decision of ICTA. Therefore, 25% discount was granted to the Company in March 2010. The Company initiated a lawsuit to suspend the execution of the decision and the Company objected to this decision. On 17 February 2011, the Company requested full refund of the amount paid to ICTA. ICTA reimbursed

Amount to be reimbursed to the subscribers is calculated as TL 13,483 (equivalent to \$8,780) as at and for the year ended 31 December 2010.

***Decision of ICTA regarding telephone directory and unknown numbers***

On 7 July 2010, ICTA decided to fine the Company by TL 401 (equivalent to \$260) for not providing the telephone directory and equipment which make available the telephone directory and equipment. The Company objected to this decision and the Company requested full refund of the amount paid to ICTA following the notification of the decision of ICTA. Therefore, 25% discount was granted to the Company in July 2010.

The Company filed a lawsuit on 22 September 2010 for the suspension of the decision. The Company and the Company objected to this decision however the decision is still pending.

Since it is not virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will be realized, the Company has not recognized any amount for the year ended 31 December 2010 (31 December 2009: None).

***Investigation of the Competition Board regarding applications to the Competition Board***

On 11 November 2009, Competition Board decided to initiate an investigation into the Company for not complying with the related clauses of the Competition Act numbered 4054. An investigation took place as an on-site examination and inspection in March 2010. In the context of this file. Besides, the Company's action concerning abusive practices and other subscriber services by obstructing the activity of Avea is examined in the report submitted to the Company in August 2010 and the Company submitted its written defence to the Competition Board in February 2011 and the Company will submit its written defence to the Competition Board in February 2011.

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***Investigation of ICTA based on the complaint of a subscriber***

ICTA decided to initiate an investigation through its decision dated information and documents from the Company. The Company prov has submitted its defence statement to ICTA within the due date.

On 13 January 2011, ICTA decided to impose administrative fine to subscribers suffer and TL 2,005 (equivalent to \$ 1,297 as at 31 Dec following the notification of the decision of ICTA, 25% discount w consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 De cancellation of the administrative fine.

***Investigation on breaching confidentiality of personal data and re***

ICTA decided to launch preliminary investigation on breaching con unlawful wiretapping. ICTA authorities made an on-site inspection detailed examination of the matter. Information and documents dem The Company submitted its written defence within due date.

***Dispute on treasury share in accordance with the amended licens***

Based on the law enacted on 3 July 2005 with respect to the regulat According to this new regulation, accrued interest charges for the la revenue. Calculation method of gross revenue for treasury share stip with the claim of amendment of its license agreement in complianc between 21 July 2005 and 10 March 2006, when the amendment in

On 9 June 2008, the Company filed a lawsuit before Administrative \$66,397 as at 31 December 2010) and interest amounting to TL 68, Court rejected the case and the Company appealed the decision. The

Since it is not virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits v year ended 31 December 2010 (31 December 2009: None).

Based on the 9<sup>th</sup> article of the license agreement dated 10 March 20 However, in the previous license agreement, the Company was obli



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service fund and other indirect taxes from the calculation base when  
Therefore, on 12 April 2006, the Company has initiated a lawsuit for  
case. The Company appealed the decision. Appeal process is still pe

***Dispute on ICTA fee payment based on the amended license agree***

On 21 June 2006, ICTA notified the Company that the ICTA fee for  
license agreement dated 10 March 2006 instead of the previous lice  
additional TL 4,011 (equivalent to \$2,594 as at 31 December 2010)  
cancellation of the aforesaid decision of ICTA on 28 August 2006.  
ICTA. The ICTA appealed the decision. Appeal process is still pen  
31 December 2010) on 8 February 2010 and recorded income in the  
Company initiated a lawsuit for the accrued interest amounting to T

Since it is not virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits v  
financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2010

***Penalty issued to Superonline regarding trenching activities***

On 13 January 2011 Ankara Municipality issued a penalty of TL 8,  
activities. Based on the management opinion, the probability of an o  
provision is recognized in the consolidated financial statements as a

***Dispute with Avea on SMS interconnection termination fees***

On 22 December 2006, Avea initiated a lawsuit against the Compan  
would not charge any SMS interconnection termination fees, the Co  
assumed liabilities for the SMS terminating on Avea's network and  
Avea requested provisions of Interconnection Agreement regarding  
(equivalent to \$4,191 as at 31 December 2010) for the period betwe  
decided in favor of Avea. The Company has appealed the decision.  
31 December 2010), late payment interest of TL 5,103 (equivalent t  
on 30 March 2009.

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In line with the court decision stating that charging SMS interconnec revenue nor SMS interconnection expense has been recognized from

Moreover, the Company applied to ICTA for the determination SM interconnection termination fees announced by ICTA until January

Since it is not virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits v year ended 31 December 2010 (31 December 2009: None).

***Dispute with T-Medya***

Arbitration procedures regarding three real estates which are in the 2010 against T-Medya who is the lessee of the real estates and delir the amount of TL 8,914 (equivalent to \$5,766 as at 31 December 20

A bad debt reserve for the receivable amount of 8,755 TL (equivalen statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2010 in accord

***Investigation initiated by ICTA upon complaint of subscriber on i***

On 30 December 2010, ICTA decided to initiate an investigation ag order to investigate the billing and pricing problems arising from th campaigns and the Company submitted its explanations on the issue

***Investigation initiated by ICTA regarding Number Portability***

On 26 January 2011 ICTA decided to initiate an investigation again out an inspection in the Company between 28 February and 2 Marc

***Investigation initiated by ICTA upon complaint of subscriber of d***

On 9 March 2011, ICTA decided to initiate an investigation agains inspection was carried out between 30 March and 1 April in the Cor

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***Investigation initiated by ICTA regarding the Company's comput***

On 26 January 2011, ICTA decided to initiate an investigation against the Company regarding its Subscription Processes of End Users and ICTA's decision about the

***Dispute with Turk Telekom with respect to numbers beginning wi***

The Company filed a lawsuit on 25 April 2008 against Türk Telekom regarding the delay fee and delay fee which has been collected by Turk Telekom within the period of 2008-2009. The lawsuit was terminated at the numbers in form of 444 XX XX which are assigned to the Company. The Court ruled in favor of the Company on 23 March 2011. The Court has not prepared a final decision.

***Investigation of ICTA related with application of an article of the***

The ICTA decided to initiate an investigation related with application of article 10 of the Law on the Regulation of the Telecommunications Market dated 22 February 2011 and prepared an investigation report and a statement to ICTA within the due date.

**33. Related parties**

***Transactions with key management personnel:***

Key management personnel comprise the Group's directors and key management personnel.

As at 31 December 2010 and 2009, none of the Group's directors and key management personnel were related parties.

In addition to their salaries, the Group also provides non-cash benefits to its key management personnel. The Group is required to contribute a specified percentage of payroll costs to a pension fund.

Total compensation provided to key management personnel is \$11,300,000 for 2010 and \$11,300,000 for 2009.

The Company has agreements or protocols with several of its shareholders.

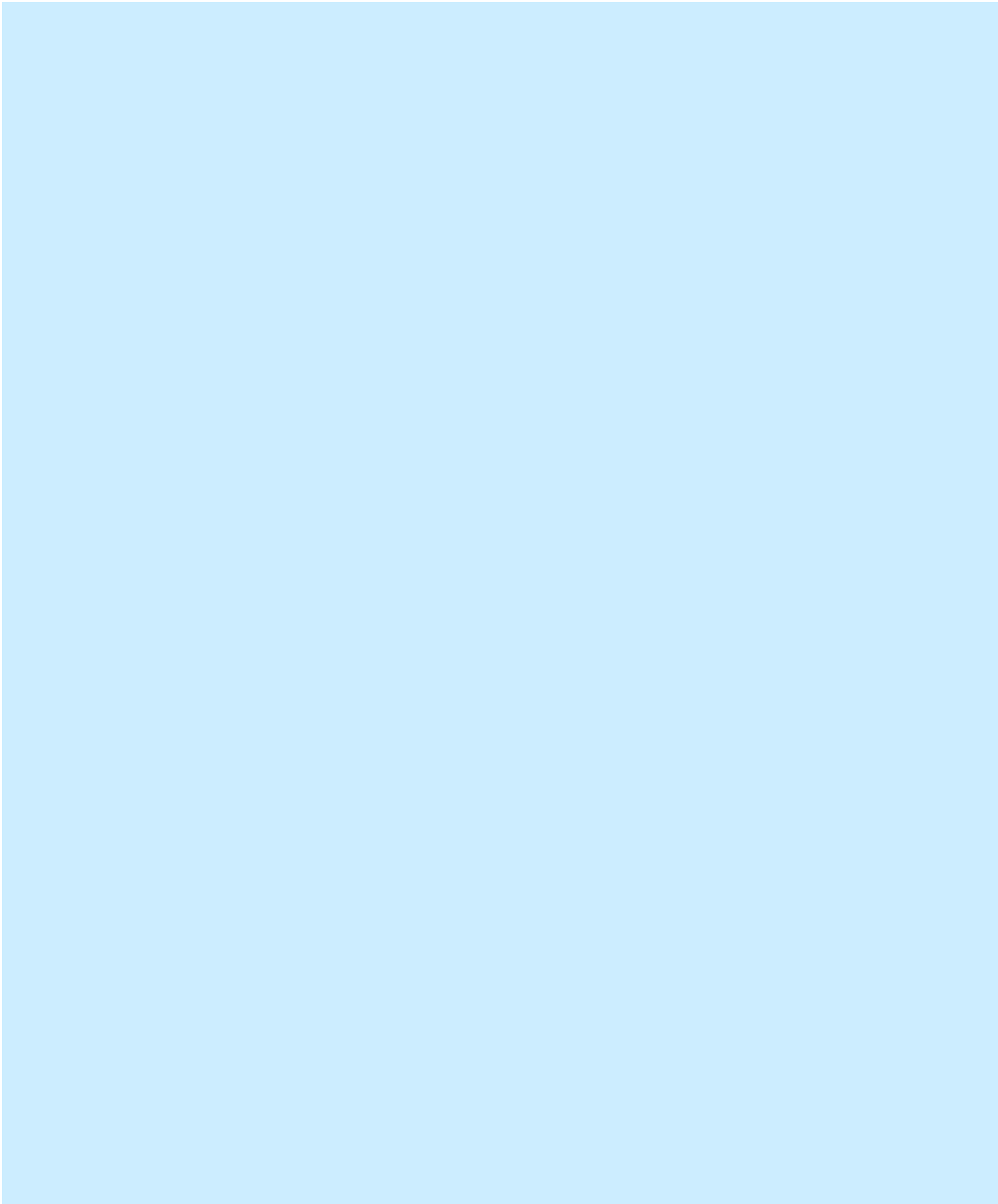
***Other related party transactions:***

**Due from related parties - long term**

T-Medya

Digital Platform İletisim Hizmetleri AS ( Digital Platform )

Other



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(Amounts expressed in thou

Receivables from T-Medya consists of receivables based on rent ag  
long term is shown net of allowance for doubtful debts amounting t  
ended 31 December 2010 is \$5,897 (31 December 2009 and 2008: r

**Due from related parties short term**

- System Capital Management ( SCM )
- Digital Platform
- A-Tel
- KVK Teknoloji Urunleri AS ( KVK Teknoloji )
- ADD Production Media AS. ( ADD )
- Kyivstar GSM JSC ( Kyivstar )
- Other

Due from related parties short term is shown net of allowance for d  
recognized for the years ended 31 December 2010 is \$2,998 (31 De

**Due to related parties short term**

- Hobim Bilgi Islem Hizmetleri AS ( Hobim )
- Intralot SA ( Intralot )
- KVK Teknoloji Urunleri AS ( KVK Teknoloji )
- Mapfre Genel Yasam Sigorta AS ( Mapfre )
- Kyivstar GSM JSC ( Kyivstar )
- Other

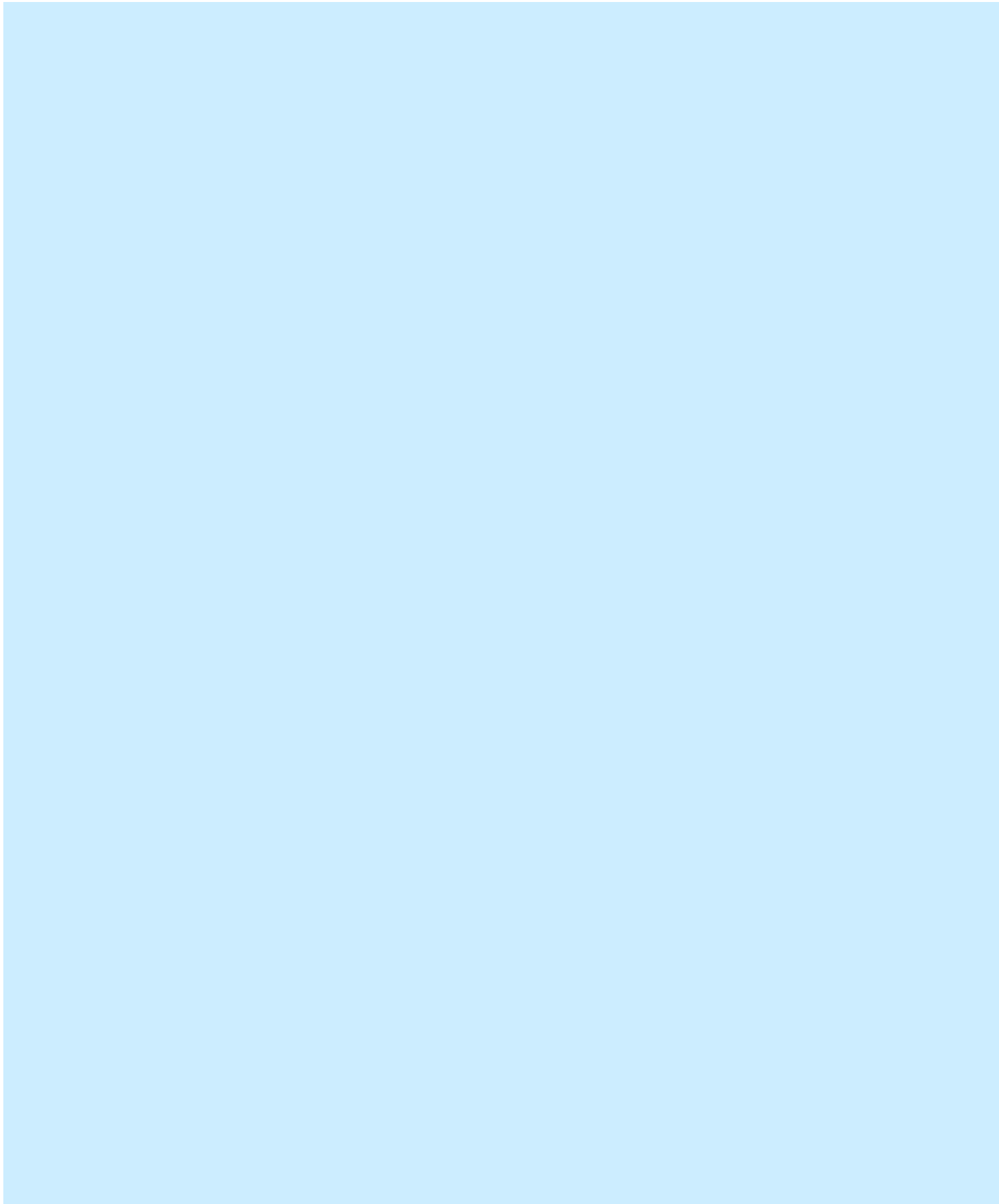
Substantially, all of the significant due from related party balances i

Due from SCM, non-controlling shareholder of Euroasia, resulted f

Due from Digital Platform, a company whose majority shares are o  
borrowing repayments and advances given for current and planned

Due from A-Tel, a 50-50 joint venture of the Company and SDIF m

Due from KVK Teknoloji, a company whose majority shares are ov



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Due from ADD, a company whose majority shares are owned by C

Due from Kyivstar, whose shares are owned by one of the sharehol  
rendered to this company.

Due to Hobim, a company whose majority shares are owned by Cul

Due to Intralot, a company incorporated under the laws of Greece a  
maintenance services.

Due to KVK, a company whose majority shares are owned by Cuku

Due to Mapfre, a company owned by one of the shareholders of the

Due to Kyivstar, whose shares are owned by one of the shareholder

The Group's exposure to currency and liquidity risk related to due

***Transactions with related parties***

All intragroup transactions have been eliminated and are not present

**Income from related parties**

*Sales to KVK Teknoloji*

Simcard and prepaid card sales

*Sales to Kyivstar*

Telecommunications services

*Sales to A-Tel*

Simcard and prepaid card sales

*Sales to Digital Platform*

Call center revenues and interest charges

*Finance income from SCM*

Interest income

*Sales to Teliasonera International*

Telecommunications services

*Sales to Millenicom Telekomunikasyon AS ( Millenicom )*

Telecommunications services

*Sales to CJSC Ukrainian Radiosystems*

Telecommunications services

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**Related party expenses**

*Charges from ADD*

Advertisement and sponsorship services

*Charges from Kyivstar*

Telecommunications services

*Charges from A-Tel (\*)*

Dealer activation fees and others

*Charges from KVK Teknoloji*

Dealer activation fees and others

*Charges from Hobim*

Invoicing and archieving services

*Charges from Teliasonera International*

Telecommunications services

*Charges from Millenicom*

Telecommunications services

*Charges from CJSC Ukrainian Radiosystems*

Telecommunications services

\* Charges from A-Tel have been eliminated to the extent of \$31,618, \$36,971 and \$49,065, respectively.

The significant agreements are as follows:

***Agreements with KVK Teknoloji:***

KVK Teknoloji, incorporated on 23 October 2002, one of the Company's shareholders. In addition to sales of simcards and scratch cards, the Company has entered into several promotional agreements with KVK Teknoloji, each lasting for different periods pursuant to which KVK Teknoloji's obligation under the agreements is to promote and increase handset sales with the Company in the prevailing market conditions. The prices of the contracts were determined in the prevailing market conditions. The prices of the contracts were received, reflected in the Company's market share in new subscribers.

The amount of handset sales to the subscribers of the Company per period (at 31 December 2010) which is paid to KVK Teknoloji in advance of the promotional campaign period.

***Agreements with Kyivstar:***

Alfa Group, a minor shareholder of the Company, holds the majority of shares in Kyivstar.



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***Agreements with A-Tel:***

A-Tel is involved in the marketing, selling and distributing the Com dealer of the Company for Muhabbet Kart (a prepaid card), and rece simcards and scratch cards through an extensive network of newspa campaigns and subscriber activations.

***Agreements with Digital Platform:***

Digital Platform, a direct-to-home digital television service compan Group. Digital Platform acquired the broadcasting rights for Turakis were extended until 31 May 2010 with a new agreement dated 5 Ma

On 23 December 2005, Restructuring Framework Agreement an framework of the agreement, Digital Platform will pay its liabilities 15 July 2011. On 4 June 2010, Digital Platform notified the Compa

Restructuring Framework Agreement and declared that Digital P Framework Agreement . With the protocol dated 31 January 2011, receivable balance from Digital Platform will be paid in 2 equal ins

The Company also has an agreement related to the corporate group provided by the Company s subsidiary Global Bilgi Pazarlama Dar

***Agreements with SCM:***

SCM, non-controlling shareholder of Euroasia, obtained loan from

***Agreements with Teliasonera International:***

Teliasonera International is the mobile operator that provides teleco receiving call termination and international traffic carriage services

***Agreements with Millenicom:***

European Telecommunications Holding AG ( ETH ), a subsidiary termination and international traffic carriage services to and from th

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***Agreements with CJSC Ukrainian Radiosystem:***

CJSC Ukrainian Radiosystems owned by Vimpelcom provides mobile services to and from the Astelit.

***Agreements with ADD:***

ADD, a media planning and marketing company, is a Turkish company. The company has a media purchasing agreement with ADD, which was revised on 1 September 2010. The expertise and bargaining power of ADD against third parties, regarding the agreement was annulled effective from 2 August 2010 as a result of

***Agreements with Hobim:***

Hobim, one of the leading data processing and application service providers, has data processing and archiving agreements with Hobim under which Hobim provides invoices and subscription documents for an indefinite period of time.

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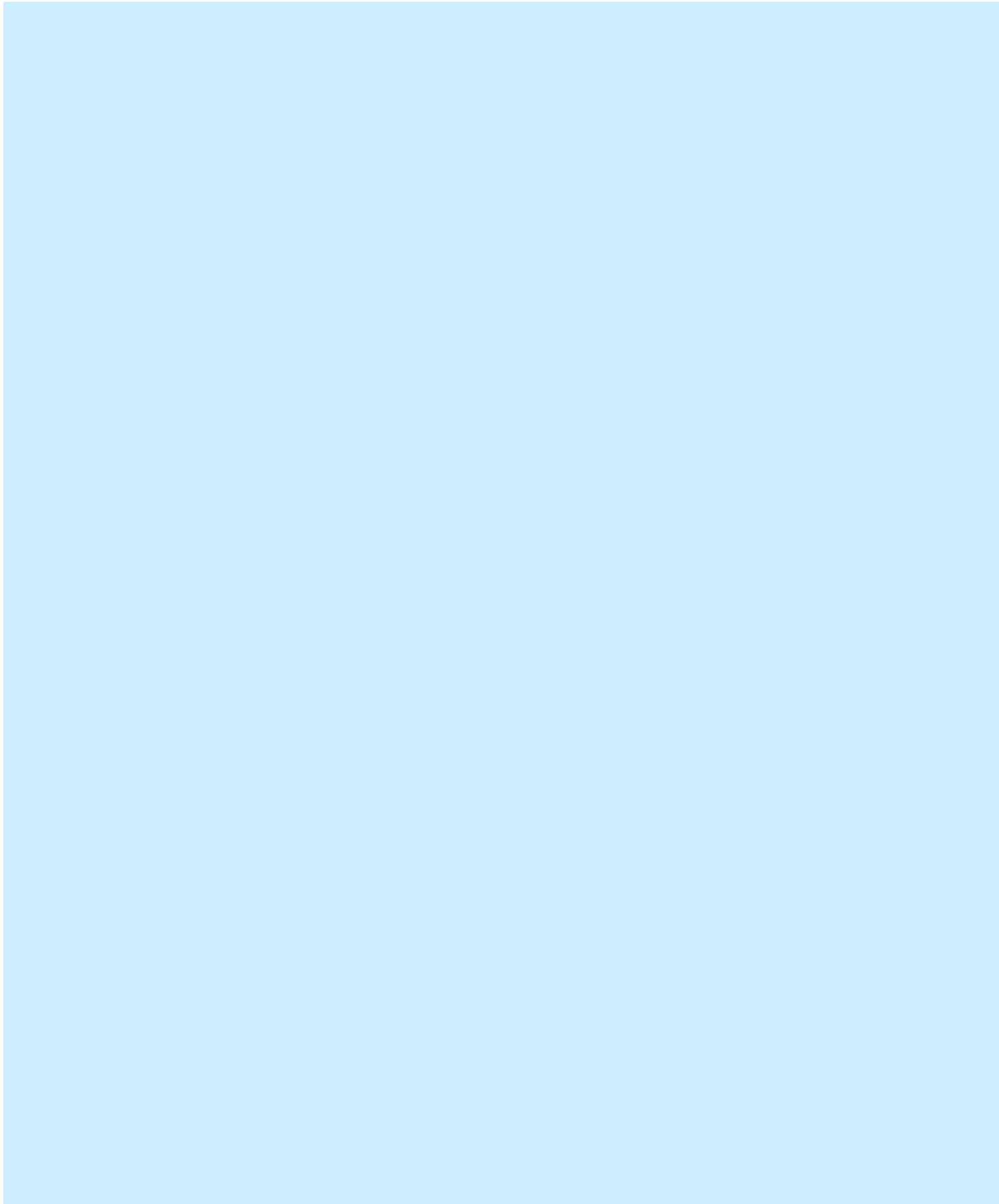
**34. Group entities**

The Group's ultimate parent company is Turkcell. Subsidiaries of t

**Subsidiaries**

<b>Name</b>	<b>Coun incorp</b>
Kibris Telekom	Turkish Republ
Global Turktell Bilisim Servisleri AS	
Superonline Turktell Uluslararası Yatırım Holding AS Turkcell Kurumsal Satış ve Dağıtım Hizmetleri AS	
Eastasia Turkcell Teknoloji Araştırma ve Geliştirme AS	
Kule Hizmet ve İşletmecilik AS*	
Sans Oyunları Yatırım Holding AS	
Financell Rehberlik Hizmetleri AS	
Beltur BV Surtur BV Beltel Turkcell Gayrimenkul Hizmetleri AS	
LLC Global FLLC Global	Rep
UkrTower Talih Kusu Altyapı Hizmetleri AS Turkcell Europe GmbH Corbuss Kurumsal Telekom Servis Hizmetleri AS	
Belarusian Telecom	Rep
Inteltek Euroasia Astelit Azerinteltek	

\* Brandname of Kule Hizmet ve İşletmecilik AS is Global To



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**35. Subsequent events**

On 23 March 2011, the Company's Board of Directors has proposed a dividend (amounting to \$859,442 as at 31 December 2010, respectively), which represented \$0.39 as at 31 December 2010) per share. This dividend proposal was

In the Ordinary General Assembly of Shareholders Meeting of Intel (amounting to \$10,831 as at 31 December 2010).

In March 2011, Fintur decided to distribute dividend amounting to \$

In March 2011, A-Tel decided to distribute dividend amounting to \$7,000 on 11 April 2011.

According to contract which was signed between Fizy Medya International and Fizey, Fizey's operations consists of providing all kind of advertising services, including accessing as well as downloading from the internet. Fizey restarted its

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**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS**

To the Shareholders and

Board of Directors of Fintur Holdings B.V.

We have audited the consolidated balance sheets of Fintur Holdings B.V. and its subsidiaries (the "Group") as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, and the consolidated income statement, statement of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, and the consolidated statement of financial position as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. The responsibility for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements is the responsibility of the Group's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audits of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. Our opinion is based on the results of our audit.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material aspects, the financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2010 and 2009 and the results of their operations and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, in accordance with International Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

Başaran Nas Bağımsız Denetim ve

Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş.

a member of

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Mert Tüten.SMMM Partner

