

ALEXANDERS INC  
Form 10-K  
February 26, 2007

**UNITED STATES**

**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

**WASHINGTON, DC 20549**

**FORM 10-K**

**ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**For the fiscal year ended:**

**December 31, 2006**

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

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For the transition period from  
Commission file number: 001-6064 to

**ALEXANDER S, INC.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Delaware** 51-0100517  
(State or other jurisdiction of (IRS Employer  
incorporation or organization) Identification No.)  
**210 Route 4 East, Paramus, New Jersey** 07652  
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code (201) 587-8541

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, \$1 par value per share	New York Stock Exchange

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: NONE

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act.

YES  NO

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15 (d) of the Act.

YES  NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES  NO

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of the registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definitions of accelerated filer and large accelerated filer in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated Filer  Accelerated Filer  Non-Accelerated Filer

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Indicate by check mark if whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). YES  NO

The aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting common shares held by non-affiliates of the registrant, (i.e., by persons other than officers and directors of Alexander s, Inc.) was \$541,580,721 at June 30, 2006

As of February 1, 2007 there were 5,035,950 of the registrant s common shares of beneficial interest outstanding.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

**Part III:** Portions of the Proxy Statement for Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be held on May 17, 2007.

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(1) These items are omitted in part or in whole because the registrant will file a definitive Proxy Statement pursuant to Regulation 14A under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 with the Securities and Exchange Commission no later than 120 days after December 31, 2006, portions of which are incorporated by reference herein. See Executive Officers of the Registrant on page 19 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K for information relating to executive officers.

**FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

Certain statements contained herein constitute forward-looking statements as such term is defined in Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance. They involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Our future results, financial condition, results of operations and business may differ materially from those expressed in these forward-looking statements. You can find many of these statements by looking for words such as approximates, believes, expects, anticipates, estimates, intends, plans, would, may or other similar expressions in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. These forward-looking statements represent our intentions, plans, expectations and beliefs and are subject to numerous assumptions, risks and uncertainties. Many of the factors that will determine these items are beyond our ability to control or predict. For a further discussion of these factors, see Item 1A - Risk Factors in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

For these statements, we claim the protection of the safe harbor for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on the forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this Annual Report on Form 10-K or the date of any document incorporated by reference. All subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to us or any person acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements contained or referred to in this section. We do not undertake any obligation to release publicly, any revisions to our forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

**PART I**

**ITEM 1. BUSINESS**

**GENERAL**

Alexander s, Inc. is a real estate investment trust ( REIT ), incorporated in Delaware, engaged in leasing, managing, developing and redeveloping its properties. All references to we, us, our, Company and Alexander s refer to Alexander s, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries. We are managed by, and our properties are leased and developed by, Vornado Realty Trust ( Vornado ).

We have seven properties in the greater New York City metropolitan area consisting of:

Operating properties

- (i) the 731 Lexington Avenue property, a 1,307,000 square foot multi-use building which comprises the entire square block bounded by Lexington Avenue, East 59<sup>th</sup> Street, Third Avenue and East 58<sup>th</sup> Street in Manhattan, New York. The building contains 885,000 and 174,000 of net rentable square feet of office and retail space, respectively, which we own, and 248,000 square feet of residential space consisting of 105 condominium units, which have all been sold. The building is 100% leased. Principal office tenants include Bloomberg L.P. (697,000 square feet) and Citibank N.A. (176,000 square feet). Principal retail tenants include The Home Depot (83,000 square feet), The Container Store (34,000 square feet) and Hennes & Mauritz (27,000 square feet);
- (ii) the Kings Plaza Regional Shopping Center, located on Flatbush Avenue in Brooklyn, New York, which contains 1,098,000 square feet that is 97% leased and is comprised of a two-level mall containing 470,000 square feet, a 289,000 square foot department store leased to Sears and another anchor department store owned and operated as a Macy s by Federated Department Stores, Inc.;
- (iii) the Rego Park I property, located on Queens Boulevard and 63<sup>rd</sup> Road in Queens, New York, which contains a 351,000 square foot building that is 100% leased to Sears, Circuit City, Bed Bath & Beyond, Marshalls and Old Navy;
- (iv) the Paramus property, which consists of 30.3 acres of land located at the intersection of Routes 4 and 17 in Paramus, New Jersey, which is leased to IKEA Property, Inc.;
- (v) the Flushing property, located at Roosevelt Avenue and Main Street in Queens, New York, which contains a 177,000 square foot building that is currently vacant;

Property under development

- (vi) the Rego Park II property, containing approximately 6.6 acres of land adjacent to our Rego Park I property in Queens, New York, which comprises the entire square block bounded by the Horace Harding Service Road (of the Long Island Expressway), 97th Street, 62nd Drive and Junction Boulevard. The proposed development at Rego Park II consists of a mixed-use building containing 600,000 square feet of retail space on four levels, a parking deck containing approximately 1,400 spaces and may also include up to 450 apartments in one or two towers. The funding required for the proposed development may be in excess of \$500,000,000. We are currently exploring various alternatives for financing this project. As of December 31, 2006, we have leased 404,000 square feet of the retail space, of which, 135,000, 134,000 and 135,000 have been leased to Century 21, Kohl s and Home Depot, respectively. There can be no assurance that this project will be completed, completed on time or completed for the budgeted amount; and

Property to be developed

- (vii) the Rego Park III property, containing approximately 3.4 acres of land adjacent to our Rego Park II property in Queens, New York, which comprises one-quarter square block at the intersection of Junction Boulevard and the Horace Harding Service Road.

### Significant Tenants

Bloomberg L.P. accounted for 34%, 34% and 36% of our consolidated revenues for the years ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004, respectively. Sears accounted for 11% of our consolidated revenues in 2004. No other tenant accounted for more than 10% of revenues in any of the last three years.

### Relationship with Vornado

Vornado owned 32.8% of our outstanding common stock as of December 31, 2006. Steven Roth is the Chairman of our Board and Chief Executive Officer, the Managing General Partner of Interstate Properties ( Interstate ), a New Jersey general partnership, and the Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of Vornado. At December 31, 2006, Mr. Roth, Interstate and its other two general partners, David Mandelbaum and Russell B. Wight, Jr. (who are also directors of the Company and trustees of Vornado) owned, in the aggregate, 27.6% of our outstanding common stock, and 8.5% of the outstanding common shares of beneficial interest of Vornado.

We are managed by, and our properties are leased and developed by, Vornado, pursuant to agreements which expire in March of each year and are automatically renewable. Vornado is a fully-integrated Real Estate Investment Trust ( REIT ) with significant experience in managing, leasing, developing, and operating retail and office properties.

At December 31, 2006, we owed Vornado \$34,214,000 for leasing fees and \$1,152,000 for management, property management and cleaning fees.

### Environmental Matters

In June 1997, the Kings Plaza Regional Shopping Center commissioned an Environmental Study and Contamination Assessment Site Investigation (the Phase II Study ) to evaluate and delineate environmental conditions disclosed in a Phase I study. The results of the Phase II Study indicated the presence of petroleum and bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate contamination in the soil and groundwater. We delineated the contamination, developed a remediation approach, and in July 2000 entered into a voluntary cleanup agreement with the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation ( NYSDEC ). We have completed the remediation work required pursuant to the NYSDEC remedial action workplan and have paid \$2,675,000, which was accrued in previous years, for our estimated obligation with respect to the cleanup of the site.

In July 2006, we discovered an oil spill at the above site. Based on a preliminary investigation, the spill may have occurred as a result of the actions of independent contractors retained by us. We have notified the NYSDEC about the spill and will be developing a remediation approach to clean up the site. The estimated costs associated with the clean up of the site will aggregate approximately \$2,500,000, which we expect to be covered under our insurance policy, subject to our \$500,000 deductible, which we have accrued. We intend to pursue all available remedies against parties believed to be at fault to the extent it is cost effective.

### Competition

We operate in a highly competitive environment. All of our properties are located in the greater New York City metropolitan area. We compete with a large number of real estate property owners and developers. Principal factors of competition are the amount of rent charged, attractiveness of location and quality and breadth of services provided. Our success depends upon, among other factors, trends of national and local economies, the financial condition and operating results of current and prospective tenants, the availability and cost of capital, interest rates, construction and renovation costs, taxes, governmental regulations and legislation, population trends, zoning laws, and our ability to lease, sublease or sell



our properties, at profitable levels. Our success is also subject to our ability to refinance existing debt as it comes due and on acceptable terms.

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## Employees

We currently have 96 employees.

## Executive Office

Our principal executive office is located at 210 Route 4 East, Paramus, New Jersey, 07652 and our telephone number is (201) 587-8541.

## Available Information

Copies of our Annual Report on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K, and amendments to these reports, as well as Reports on Forms 3, 4 and 5 regarding officers, directors, and 10% beneficial owners filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a), 15(d) or 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, are available free of charge through our website ([www.alx-inc.com](http://www.alx-inc.com)) as soon as reasonably practicable after they are electronically filed with, or furnished to, the Securities and Exchange Commission ( SEC ). We also have made available on our website, copies of our (i) Audit Committee charter, (ii) Compensation Committee Charter, (iii) Code of Business Conduct and Ethics and (iv) Corporate Governance Guidelines. In the event of any changes to these items, revised copies will be made available on our website.

Vornado and Interstate filed, on April 11, 2000, the 26<sup>th</sup> amendment to, a Form 13D with the SEC indicating that they, as a group, own in excess of 51% of our common stock. This ownership level makes us a controlled company for the purposes of the New York Stock Exchange, Inc.'s Corporate Governance Standards (the NYSE Rules ). This means that we are not required to, among other things, have a majority of the members of our Board of Directors be independent under the NYSE Rules, have all of the members of our Compensation Committee be independent under the NYSE Rules or to have a Nominating Committee. While we have voluntarily complied with the majority independence requirements, we are under no obligation to do so and this situation may change at anytime.

**ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS**

Set forth below are material factors that may adversely affect our business and operations.

**REAL ESTATE INVESTMENTS VALUE AND INCOME FLUCTUATE DUE TO VARIOUS FACTORS.**

The value of real estate fluctuates depending on conditions in the general economy and the real estate business. These conditions may also limit our revenues and available cash.

The factors that affect the value of our real estate include, among other things:

- national, regional and local economic conditions;
- consequences of any armed conflict involving, or terrorist attack against, the United States;
- our ability to secure adequate insurance;
- local conditions such as an oversupply of space or a reduction in demand for real estate in the area;
- competition from other available space;
- whether tenants and users such as customers and shoppers consider a property attractive;
- the financial condition of our tenants, including the extent of tenant bankruptcies or defaults;
- whether we are able to pass some or all of any increased operating costs through to tenants;
- how well we manage our properties;
- fluctuations in interest rates;
- changes in real estate taxes and other expenses;
- changes in market rental rates;
- the timing and costs associated with property improvements and rentals;
- changes in taxation or zoning laws;
- government regulation;
- availability of financing on acceptable terms or at all;
- potential liability under environmental or other laws or regulations; and
- general competitive factors.

The rents we receive and the occupancy levels at our properties may decline as a result of adverse changes in any of these factors. If our rental revenues decline, we generally would expect to have less cash available to pay our indebtedness and distribute to our stockholders. In addition, some of our major expenses, including mortgage payments, real estate taxes and maintenance costs, generally do not decline when the related rents decline.

*We depend on leasing space to tenants on economically favorable terms and collecting rent from our tenants, who may not be able to pay.*

Our financial results depend significantly on leasing space in our properties to tenants on economically favorable terms. In addition, because a majority of our income comes from renting real property, our income, funds available to pay indebtedness and funds available for distribution to

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our stockholders will decrease if a significant number of our tenants cannot pay their rent or if we are not able to maintain our level of occupancy on favorable terms. If a tenant does not pay its rent, we might not be able to enforce our rights as landlord without delays and might incur substantial legal and other costs.

***Bankruptcy or insolvency of tenants may decrease our revenues, net income and available cash.***

From time to time, some of our tenants have declared bankruptcy, and other tenants may declare bankruptcy or become insolvent in the future. If a major tenant declares bankruptcy or becomes insolvent, the rental property at which it leases space may have lower revenues and operational difficulties. In the case of our shopping centers, the bankruptcy or insolvency of a major tenant could cause us to have difficulty leasing the remainder of the affected property. Our leases generally do not contain restrictions designed to ensure the creditworthiness of our tenants. As a result, the bankruptcy or insolvency of a major tenant could result in a lower level of net income and funds available for the payment of our indebtedness or distribution to our stockholders.

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***Some of our tenants represent a significant portion of our revenues. Loss of these tenant relationships or deterioration in the tenants credit quality could adversely affect results.***

Bloomberg L.P. accounted for 34%, 34% and 36% of our consolidated revenues for the years ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004, respectively. Sears accounted for 11% of our consolidated revenues in 2004. If we fail to maintain a relationship with any of our significant tenants or fail to perform our obligations under agreements with these tenants, or if any of these tenants fail or become unable to perform their obligations under the agreements, we expect that any one or more of these events would adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

***Inflation may adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations.***

Although inflation has not materially impacted our operations in the recent past, increased inflation could have a pronounced negative impact on our mortgage and debt interest and general and administrative expenses, as these costs could increase at a rate higher than our rents. Inflation could also have an adverse effect on consumer spending which could impact our tenants sales and, in turn, our overage rents, where applicable.

***Real estate is a competitive business.***

We operate in a highly competitive environment. All of our properties are located in the greater New York City metropolitan area. We compete with a large number of real estate property owners and developers, some of which may be willing to accept lower returns on their investments. Principal factors of competition are rents charged, attractiveness of location, the quality of the property and breadth and quality of services provided. Our success depends upon, among other factors, trends of national and local economies, the financial condition and operating results of current and prospective tenants and customers, availability and cost of capital, construction and renovation costs, taxes, governmental regulations, legislation and population trends.

***We may incur costs to comply with environmental laws.***

Our operations and properties are subject to various federal, state and local laws and regulations concerning the protection of the environment including air and water quality, hazardous or toxic substances and health and safety. Under some environmental laws, a current or previous owner or operator of real estate may be required to investigate and clean up hazardous or toxic substances released at a property. The owner or operator may also be held liable to a governmental entity or to third parties for property damage or personal injuries and for investigation and clean-up costs incurred by those parties because of the contamination. These laws often impose liability without regard to whether the owner or operator knew of the release of the substances or caused the release. The presence of contamination or the failure to remediate contamination may impair our ability to sell or lease real estate or to borrow using the real estate as collateral. Other laws and regulations govern indoor and outdoor air quality including those that can require the abatement or removal of asbestos-containing materials in the event of damage, demolition, renovation or remodeling and also govern emissions of and exposure to asbestos fibers in the air. The maintenance and removal of lead paint and certain electrical equipment containing polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) and underground storage tanks are also regulated by federal and state laws. We are also subject to risks associated with human exposure to chemical or biological contaminants such as molds, pollens, viruses and bacteria which, above certain levels, can be alleged to be connected to allergic or other health effects and symptoms in susceptible individuals. We could incur fines for environmental compliance and be held liable for the costs of remedial action with respect to the foregoing regulated substances or tanks or related claims arising out of environmental contamination or human exposure at or from our properties.

Each of our properties has been subjected to varying degrees of environmental assessment at various times. Except as referenced below, the environmental assessments did not, as of the date of this Annual Report on Form 10-K, reveal any environmental condition material to our business. However, identification of new compliance concerns or undiscovered areas of contamination, changes in the extent or known scope of contamination, discovery of additional sites, human exposure to the contamination or changes in cleanup or compliance requirements could result in significant costs to us.

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In June 1997, the Kings Plaza Regional Shopping Center commissioned an Environmental Study and Contamination Assessment Site Investigation (the Phase II Study ) to evaluate and delineate environmental conditions disclosed in a Phase I study. The results of the Phase II Study indicated the presence of petroleum and bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate contamination in the soil and groundwater. We delineated the contamination, developed a remediation approach, and in July 2000 entered into a voluntary cleanup agreement with the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation ( NYSDEC ). We have completed the remediation work required pursuant to the NYSDEC remedial action workplan and have paid \$2,675,000, which was accrued in previous years, for our estimated obligation with respect to the cleanup of the site.

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In July 2006, we discovered an oil spill at the above site. Based on a preliminary investigation, the spill may have occurred as a result of the actions of independent contractors retained by us. We have notified the NYSDEC about the spill and will be developing a remediation approach to clean up the site. The estimated costs associated with the clean up of the site will aggregate approximately \$2,500,000, which we expect to be covered under our insurance policy, subject to our \$500,000 deductible, which we have accrued. We intend to pursue all available remedies against parties believed to be at fault to the extent it is cost effective.

### *Some of our potential losses may not be covered by insurance.*

We carry comprehensive liability and all risk property insurance for (i) fire, (ii) flood, (iii) extended coverage, (iv) acts of terrorism as defined in the Terrorism Risk Insurance Extension Act of 2005, which expires in 2007, and (v) rental loss insurance with respect to our assets, with limits of (i) \$965,000,000 per occurrence, including certified terrorist acts and \$350,000,000 for non-certified terrorist acts for our 731 Lexington Avenue property, and (ii) \$500,000,000 per occurrence, including certified terrorist acts and \$350,000,000 for non-certified terrorist acts for our other properties. To the extent that we incur losses in excess of our insurance coverage, these losses would be borne by us and could be material.

Our debt instruments, consisting of mortgage loans secured by our properties (which are generally non-recourse to us), contain customary covenants requiring us to maintain insurance. Although we believe that we have adequate insurance coverage under these agreements, we may not be able to obtain an equivalent amount of coverage at reasonable costs in the future. Further, if lenders insist on greater coverage than we are able to obtain, or if the Terrorism Risk Insurance Extension Act of 2005 is not extended past 2007, it could adversely affect our ability to finance and/or refinance our properties.

### *Compliance or failure to comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act or other safety regulations and requirements could result in substantial costs.*

The Americans with Disabilities Act generally requires that public buildings, including our properties, be made accessible to disabled persons. Noncompliance could result in the imposition of fines by the federal government or the award of damages to private litigants. If, under the Americans with Disabilities Act, we are required to make substantial alterations and capital expenditures in one or more of our properties, including the removal of access barriers, it could adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations, as well as the amount of cash available for distribution to our stockholders.

Our properties are subject to various federal, state and local regulatory requirements, such as state and local fire and life safety requirements. If we fail to comply with these requirements, we could incur fines or private damage awards. We do not know whether existing requirements will change or whether compliance with future requirements will require significant unanticipated expenditures that will affect our cash flow and results of operations.

### **OUR INVESTMENTS ARE CONCENTRATED IN THE GREATER NEW YORK CITY METROPOLITAN AREA. CIRCUMSTANCES AFFECTING THIS AREA GENERALLY COULD ADVERSELY AFFECT OUR BUSINESS.**

#### *All of our properties are in the greater New York City metropolitan area and are affected by the economic cycles and risks inherent in that area.*

During the years ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004, all of our revenues came from properties located in the greater New York City metropolitan area. Like other real estate markets, the real estate market in this area has experienced economic downturns in the past, and we cannot predict how economic conditions will impact this market in either the short or long term. Declines in the economy or a decline in the real estate market in this area could hurt the value of our properties and our financial performance. The factors affecting economic conditions in this region include:

business layoffs or downsizing;

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industry slowdowns;

relocations of businesses;

changing demographics;

increased telecommuting and use of alternative work places;

financial performance and productivity of the publishing, advertising, financial, technology, retail, insurance and real estate industries;

infrastructure quality; and

any oversupply of, or reduced demand for, real estate.

It is impossible for us to assess the future effects of the current uncertain trends in the economic and investment climates of the greater New York City metropolitan region, and more generally of the United States, on the real estate market in this area. If these conditions persist, or if there is any local, national or global economic downturn, our businesses and future profitability may be adversely affected.



*We are subject to risks that affect the general retail environment.*

A substantial proportion of our properties are in the retail shopping center real estate market. This means that we are subject to factors that affect the retail environment generally, including the level of consumer spending and consumer confidence, the threat of terrorism and increasing competition from discount retailers, outlet malls, retail websites and catalog companies. These factors could adversely affect the financial condition of our retail tenants and the willingness of retailers to lease space in our shopping centers.

*Terrorist attacks, such as those of September 11, 2001 in New York City, may adversely affect the value of our properties and our ability to generate cash flow.*

All of our properties are located in the greater New York City metropolitan area. In the aftermath of any terrorist attacks, tenants in this area may choose to relocate their businesses to less populated, lower-profile areas of the United States that are not as likely to be targets of future terrorist activity and fewer customers may choose to patronize businesses in this area. This would trigger a decrease in the demand for space in these markets, which could increase vacancies in our properties and force us to lease our properties on less favorable terms. As a result, the value of our properties and the level of our revenues could decline materially.

**WE MAY ACQUIRE OR SELL ADDITIONAL ASSETS OR DEVELOP ADDITIONAL PROPERTIES. OUR FAILURE OR INABILITY TO CONSUMMATE THESE TRANSACTIONS OR MANAGE THE RESULTS OF THESE TRANSACTIONS COULD ADVERSELY AFFECT OUR OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL RESULTS.**

*We may acquire or develop properties and this may create risks.*

Although our stated business strategy is not to engage in acquisitions, we may acquire or develop properties when we believe that an acquisition or development project is consistent with our business strategy. We may not, however, succeed in consummating desired acquisitions or in completing developments on time or within budget. In addition, we may face competition in pursuing acquisition or development opportunities that could increase our costs. When we do pursue a project or acquisition, we may not succeed in leasing newly developed or acquired properties at rents sufficient to cover their costs of acquisition or development and operations. Difficulties in integrating acquisitions may prove costly or time-consuming and could divert management's attention. Acquisitions or developments in new markets or industries where we do not have the same level of market knowledge may result in poorer than anticipated performance. We may abandon acquisition or development opportunities that we have begun pursuing and consequently fail to recover expenses already incurred and have devoted management time to a matter not consummated.

*It may be difficult to buy and sell real estate quickly.*

Real estate investments are relatively difficult to buy and sell quickly. Consequently, we may have limited ability to vary our portfolio promptly in response to changes in economic or other conditions.

**OUR ORGANIZATIONAL AND FINANCIAL STRUCTURE GIVES RISE TO OPERATIONAL AND FINANCIAL RISKS.**

*We depend on dividends and distributions from our direct and indirect subsidiaries. The creditors of these subsidiaries are entitled to amounts payable to them by the subsidiaries before the subsidiaries may pay any dividends or distributions to us.*

Substantially all of our properties and assets are held through subsidiaries. We depend on cash distributions and dividends from our subsidiaries for substantially all of our cash flow. The creditors of each of our direct and indirect subsidiaries are entitled to payment of that subsidiary's obligations to them, when due and payable, before that subsidiary may make distributions or dividends to us. Thus, our ability to pay dividends, if any, to our security holders depends on our subsidiaries' ability to first satisfy their obligations to their creditors and our ability to satisfy our obligations, if any, to our creditors.

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In addition, our participation in any distribution of the assets of any of our direct or indirect subsidiaries upon the liquidation, reorganization or insolvency of the subsidiary, is only after the claims of the creditors, including trade creditors, and preferred security holders, if any, of the applicable direct or indirect subsidiaries are satisfied.

***Our existing financing documents contain covenants and restrictions that may restrict our operational and financial flexibility.***

At December 31, 2006, individual properties we own are encumbered by mortgages. These mortgages contain covenants that limit our ability to incur additional indebtedness on these properties, provide for lender approval of tenants' leases in certain circumstances, and provide for yield maintenance to prepay them. These mortgages may significantly restrict our operational and financial flexibility. In addition, if we were to fail to perform our obligations under existing indebtedness or become insolvent or were liquidated, secured creditors would be entitled to payment in full from the proceeds of the sale of the pledged assets prior to any proceeds being paid to other creditors or to any holders of our securities. In such an event, it is possible that we would have insufficient assets remaining to make payments to other creditors or to any holders of our securities.

***We have indebtedness, and this indebtedness and the cost to service it, may increase.***

As of December 31, 2006, we had approximately \$1,068,498,000 in total debt outstanding. Our ratio of total debt to total enterprise value was 41.6% at December 31, 2006. Enterprise value means the market equity value of our common stock, plus debt, less cash and cash equivalents at such date. In addition, we have significant debt service obligations. For the year ended December 31, 2006, our scheduled cash payments for principal and interest were \$77,492,000. In the future, we may incur additional debt, and thus increase the ratio of total debt to total enterprise value. If our level of indebtedness increases, there may be an increased risk of default that could adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations. In addition, in a rising interest rate environment, the cost of refinancing our existing debt and any new debt or market rate security or instrument may increase.

***We have issued outstanding and exercisable stock appreciation rights. The exercise of these stock appreciation rights may impact our liquidity.***

As of December 31, 2006, 850,000 stock appreciation rights (SARs) were outstanding and exercisable, of which 350,000 expire on March 14, 2007 and 500,000 expire on March 4, 2009. These SARs have a weighted-average exercise price of \$141.80. Since the SARs agreements require that they be settled in cash, we would have had to pay \$236,176,000 if the holders of these SARs had exercised their SARs on December 31, 2006. Any change in our stock price from the closing price of \$419.65 at December 31, 2006 would increase or decrease the amount we would have to pay upon exercise.

***We might fail to qualify or remain qualified as a REIT, and may be required to pay income taxes at corporate rates.***

Although we believe that we will remain organized and will continue to operate so as to qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes, we might fail to remain qualified. Qualification as a REIT for federal income tax purposes are governed by highly technical and complex provisions of the Internal Revenue Code (the Code) for which there are only limited judicial or administrative interpretations. Qualification as a REIT also depends on various facts and circumstances that are not entirely within our control. In addition, legislation, new regulations, administrative interpretations or court decisions might significantly change the tax laws with respect to the requirements for qualification as a REIT or the federal income tax consequences of qualification as a REIT.

In order to qualify and maintain our qualification as a REIT for federal income tax purposes, we are required, among other conditions, to distribute as dividends to our stockholders, at least 90% of annual REIT taxable income. As of December 31, 2006, we had reported net operating loss carryovers (NOLs) of \$2,001,000, which generally would be available to offset the amount of REIT taxable income that we otherwise would be required to distribute. However, the NOLs reported on the tax returns are not binding on the Internal Revenue Service and are subject to adjustment as a result of future audits. In addition, under Section 382 of the Code, the ability to use our NOLs could be limited if, generally, there are significant changes in the ownership of our outstanding stock. Since our reorganization as a REIT commencing in 1995, we have not paid regular dividends and do not believe that we will be required to, and may not, pay regular dividends until the NOLs have been fully utilized.



*We face possible adverse changes in tax laws.*

From time to time changes in state and local tax laws or regulations are enacted, which may result in an increase in our tax liability. The shortfall in tax revenues for states and municipalities in recent years may lead to an increase in the frequency and size of such changes. If such changes occur, we may be required to pay additional taxes on our assets or income. These increased tax costs could adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations and the amount of cash available for payment of dividends.

*Loss of our key personnel could harm our operations and adversely affect the value of our common stock.*

We are dependent on the efforts of Steven Roth, our Chief Executive Officer, and Michael D. Fascitelli, our President. While we believe that we could find replacements for these key personnel, the loss of their services could harm our operations and adversely affect the value of our common stock.

**ALEXANDER S CHARTER DOCUMENTS AND APPLICABLE LAW MAY HINDER ANY ATTEMPT TO ACQUIRE US.**

Provisions in Alexander s certificate of incorporation and by laws, as well as provisions of the Code and Delaware corporate law, may delay or prevent a change of control of the Company or a tender offer, even if such action might be beneficial to stockholders, and limit the stockholders opportunity to receive a potential premium for their shares of common stock over then prevailing market prices.

Primarily to facilitate maintenance of its qualification as a REIT, Alexander s certificate of incorporation generally prohibits ownership, directly, indirectly or beneficially, by any single stockholder of more than 9.9% of the outstanding shares of preferred stock of any class or 4.9% of outstanding common stock of any class. The Board of Directors may waive or modify these ownership limits with respect to one or more persons if it is satisfied that ownership in excess of these limits will not jeopardize Alexander s status as a REIT for federal income tax purposes. In addition, the Board of Directors has, subject to certain conditions and limitations, exempted Vornado and certain of its affiliates from these ownership limitations. Stocks owned in violation of these ownership limits will be subject to the loss of rights and other restrictions. These ownership limits may have the effect of inhibiting or impeding a change in control.

Alexander s Board of Directors is divided into three classes of directors. Directors of each class are chosen for three-year staggered terms. Staggered terms of directors may have the effect of delaying or preventing changes in control or management, even though changes in management or a change in control might be in the best interest of our stockholders.

In addition, Alexander s charter documents authorize the Board of Directors to:

- cause Alexander s to issue additional authorized but unissued common stock or preferred stock;
- classify or reclassify, in one or more series, any unissued preferred stock;
- set the preferences, rights and other terms of any classified or reclassified stock that Alexander s issues; and
- increase, without stockholder approval, the number of shares of beneficial interest that Alexander s may issue.

The Board of Directors could establish a series of preferred stock with terms that could delay, deter or prevent a change in control of Alexander s or other transaction that might involve a premium price or otherwise be in the best interest of our stockholders, although the Board of Directors do not, at present, intend to establish a series of preferred stock of this kind. Alexander s charter documents contain other provisions that may delay, deter or prevent a change in control of the Company or other transaction that might involve a premium price or otherwise be in the best interest of our stockholders.

In addition, Vornado and Interstate (the three general partners of which are both trustees of Vornado and Directors of Alexander's) together beneficially own approximately 60.3% of our outstanding shares of common stock. This degree of ownership may also reduce the possibility of a tender offer or an attempt to change control of the Company.

*We may change our policies without obtaining the approval of our stockholders.*

Our operating and financial policies, including our policies with respect to acquisitions of real estate or other assets, growth, operations, indebtedness, capitalization and dividends, are exclusively determined by our Board of Directors. Accordingly, our stockholders do not control these policies.

**OUR OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE AND RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS MAY GIVE RISE TO CONFLICTS OF INTEREST.**

*Steven Roth, Vornado and Interstate may exercise substantial influence over us. They and some of our other directors and officers have interests or positions in other entities that may compete with us.*

As of December 31, 2006, Interstate and its partners owned approximately 8.5% of the common shares of beneficial interest of Vornado and approximately 27.6% of our outstanding common stock. Steven Roth, David Mandelbaum and Russell B. Wight, Jr. are the partners of Interstate. Mr. Roth is the Chairman of our Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer, the Chairman of the Board of Trustees and Chief Executive Officer of Vornado and the Managing General Partner of Interstate. Mr. Wight and Mr. Mandelbaum are both trustees of Vornado and members of our Board of Directors. In addition, Vornado manages and leases the real estate assets of Interstate.

As of December 31, 2006, Vornado owned 32.8% of our outstanding common stock, in addition to that owned by Interstate and its partners. In addition to the relationships described in the immediately preceding paragraph, Michael D. Fascitelli, the President and a trustee of Vornado, is our President and a member of our Board of Directors. Richard West is a trustee of Vornado and a member of our Board of Directors. In addition, Joseph Macnow, our Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, holds the same positions with Vornado.

Because of their overlapping interests, Vornado, Mr. Roth, Interstate and the other individuals noted in the preceding paragraphs may have substantial influence over Alexander's, and on the outcome of any matters submitted to Alexander's stockholders for approval. In addition, certain decisions concerning our operations or financial structure may present conflicts of interest among Vornado, Messrs. Roth, Mandelbaum and Wight and Interstate and other security holders. Vornado, Mr. Roth and Interstate may, in the future, engage in a wide variety of activities in the real estate business which may result in conflicts of interest with respect to matters affecting us, such as which of these entities or persons, if any, may take advantage of potential business opportunities, the business focus of these entities, the types of properties and geographic locations in which these entities make investments, potential competition between business activities conducted, or sought to be conducted, by us, competition for properties and tenants, possible corporate transactions such as acquisitions, and other strategic decisions affecting the future of these entities.

*There may be conflicts of interest between Vornado, its affiliates and us.*

Vornado manages, develops and leases our properties under agreements that have one-year terms expiring in March of each year, which are automatically renewable. Because we share common senior management with Vornado and because five of the trustees of Vornado also constitute the majority of our directors, the terms of the foregoing agreements and any future agreements may not be comparable to those we could have negotiated with an unaffiliated third party.

For a description of Interstate's ownership of Vornado and Alexander's, see *Steven Roth, Vornado and Interstate may exercise substantial influence over us. They and some of our other directors and officers have interests or positions in other entities that may compete with us.* above.





**THE NUMBER OF SHARES OF ALEXANDER S COMMON STOCK AND THE MARKET FOR THOSE SHARES GIVE RISE TO VARIOUS RISKS.**

*Alexander s has available for issuance, shares of its common stock and outstanding and exercisable options to purchase its common stock. The issuance of this stock or the exercise of these options could decrease the market price of the shares of common stock currently outstanding.*

As of December 31, 2006, we had authorized but unissued 4,826,550 shares of common stock, par value of \$1.00 per share and 3,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$1.00 per share. In addition, as of December 31, 2006, 69,900 options were outstanding and exercisable at a weighted-average exercise price of \$70.38 and as of December 31, 2006, 850,000 SARs were outstanding and exercisable at a weighted-average exercise price of \$141.80. Additionally, 895,000 shares are available for future grant under the terms of our Omnibus Stock Plan that may be in the form of options, restricted stock, SARs or other equity-based interests. Since the SARs agreements require that they be settled in cash, the number of shares available for future grant under the terms of our Omnibus Stock Plan will increase upon the exercise of the outstanding SARs. We cannot predict the impact that future issuances of common or preferred stock or any exercise of outstanding options or grants of additional equity-based interests would have on the market price of our common stock.

*Changes in market conditions could decrease the market price of our securities.*

The value of our securities depends on various market conditions, which may change from time to time. Among the market conditions that may affect the value of our securities are the following:

the extent of institutional investor interest in us;

the reputation of REITs generally and the attractiveness of their equity securities in comparison to other equity securities, including securities issued by other real estate companies, and fixed income securities;  
our financial condition and performance; and

general financial market conditions.

The stock market in recent years has experienced extreme price and volume fluctuations that have often been unrelated or disproportionate to the operating performance of companies.

**ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS**

There are no unresolved comments from the staff of the Securities and Exchange Commission as of the date of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

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### ITEM 2. PROPERTIES

The following table shows the location, ownership, approximate size and leasing status of each of our properties as of December 31, 2006.

Property	Land Area	Building Area	Average Annualized Base Rent Per Square Foot	Percent Leased	Significant Tenants	Square Footage Leased	Lease Expiration/Option Expiration
<b><u>Operating Properties:</u></b>							
731 Lexington Avenue New York, New York Office	84,420 sq.ft.	885,000	\$ 54.41	100%	Bloomberg L.P. Citibank N.A.	697,000 176,000	2030/2040 2016
Retail		174,000 1,059,000 <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 137.05	100%	The Home Depot The Container Store Hennes & Mauritz	83,000 34,000 27,000	2025/2035 2021 2020
Kings Plaza Regional Shopping Center Brooklyn, New York	24.3 acres	759,000 <sup>(2)(3)</sup>	\$ 37.13	97%	Sears 123 Mall tenants	289,000 455,000	2023/2033 Various
Rego Park I Queens Boulevard and 63 <sup>rd</sup> Rd Queens, New York	4.8 acres	351,000 <sup>(2)</sup>	\$ 33.75	100%	Sears Circuit City Bed Bath & Beyond Marshalls	195,000 50,000 46,000 39,000	2021/2031 2021 2013/2021 2008/2021
Routes 4 and 17 Paramus, New Jersey	30.3 acres	N/A, Ground Lease	N/A, Ground Lease	100%	IKEA	N/A, Ground Lease	2041
Roosevelt Avenue and Main Street <sup>(4)</sup> Queens, New York	44,975 sq.ft.	177,000 <sup>(2)</sup>  2,346,000		0%			
<b><u>Property Under Development:</u></b>							
Rego Park II Adjacent to Rego Park I Queens, New York	6.6 acres				Century 21 Kohl's Home Depot		
<b><u>Property to be Developed:</u></b>							
Rego Park III Adjacent to Rego Park II Queens, New York	3.4 acres						

(1) Excludes 248,000 square feet of residential space consisting of 105 condominium units, which have all been sold.

(2) Excludes parking garages.

(3) Excludes the 339,000 square foot Macy's store, owned and operated by Federated Department Stores, Inc.

(4) Ground leased through January 2037.

For details of encumbrances, see descriptions of properties which follows.



## Operating Properties

### 731 Lexington Avenue

The 731 Lexington Avenue property which comprises the entire square block bounded by Lexington Avenue, East 59<sup>th</sup> Street, Third Avenue and East 58<sup>th</sup> Street, is situated in the heart of one of Manhattan's busiest business and shopping districts, with convenient access to several subway and bus lines. The property is located directly across the street from Bloomingdale's flagship store and only a few blocks away from Fifth Avenue and 57<sup>th</sup> Street.

731 Lexington Avenue is a 1,307,000 square foot multi-use building containing 885,000 and 174,000 of net rentable square feet of office and retail space, respectively, which we own, and 248,000 square feet of residential space consisting of 105 condominium units, which have all been sold. The building is 100% leased. Principal office tenants include Bloomberg L.P. (697,000 square feet) and Citibank N.A. (176,000 square feet). Principal retail tenants include The Home Depot (83,000 square feet), The Container Store (34,000 square feet) and Hennes & Mauritz (27,000 square feet).

The office and retail spaces are encumbered by first mortgage loans with balances of \$393,232,000 and \$320,000,000, respectively, at December 31, 2006. Such loans mature in February 2014 and July 2015 and bear interest at 5.33% and 4.93%, respectively.

### Kings Plaza Regional Shopping Center

The Kings Plaza Regional Shopping Center (the Center) contains 1,098,000 square feet that is 97% leased and is comprised of a two-level mall (the Mall) containing 470,000 square feet and two four-level anchor stores. One of the anchor stores is owned by Federated Department Stores, Inc. and operated as a Macy's store. The Center occupies a 24.3 acre site at the intersection of Flatbush Avenue and Avenue U in Brooklyn, New York. Among the Center's features are a marina, a five-level parking garage and an energy plant that generates electrical power at the Center.

Lowe's Home Improvement Warehouse (Lowe's) will construct its own building adjacent to the Mall, on land leased from us for a 20-year term with five 5-year renewal options. In connection with this project, we have expended approximately \$7,000,000, comprised of \$5,100,000 in environmental remediation and \$1,900,000 in site work. Lowe's will reimburse us for the \$1,900,000 incurred in site work. We have capitalized the remainder of the costs to the basis of the land. The ground lease is expected to commence in the first quarter of 2007 and provides for an initial annual rent of approximately \$2,000,000.

Prior to April 15, 2005, we owned and operated an energy plant that generates electrical power at this property. On April 15, 2005, we contributed this 35 year old plant, which has been fully depreciated, and \$750,000 in cash for a 25% interest in a joint venture. The joint venture is rebuilding the plant at a total cost of approximately \$18,350,000, of which \$14,500,000 has been expended through December 31, 2006. We provided the joint venture with a \$15,350,000 loan, of which \$11,426,000 (eliminated in consolidation) has been drawn as of December 31, 2006. The loan bears interest at 8% and matures in April 2020. Pursuant to the provisions of EITF Issue No. 04-5, we are presumed to have control over the joint venture and accordingly consolidate this joint venture. There can be no assurance that this project will be completed, completed on time or completed for the budgeted amount.

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The following table sets forth lease expirations for the Mall tenants in the Center as of December 31, 2006, for each of the next ten years, assuming none of the tenants exercise their renewal options.

Year	Number of Expiring Leases	Square Feet of Expiring Leases	Annual Fixed Rent of Expiring Leases		Percent of Total Leased Square Feet	Percent of 2006 Gross Annual Base Rentals
			Total	Per Square Foot		
Month to month	5	38,164	\$ 1,452,071	\$ 38.05	8.6%	6.2%
2007	14	56,415	2,409,427	42.71	12.7%	10.3%
2008	11	50,352	2,058,765	40.89	11.4%	8.8%
2009	14	62,136	2,151,149	34.62	14.0%	9.2%
2010	12	20,284	1,687,467	83.19	4.6%	7.2%
2011	14	37,994	2,414,915	63.56	8.6%	10.3%
2012	11	43,407	2,248,294	51.80	9.8%	9.6%
2013	12	38,521	2,499,061	64.88	8.7%	10.7%
2014	7	31,133	1,123,954	36.10	7.0%	4.8%
2015	5	11,385	548,145	48.15	2.6%	2.3%
2016	8	42,522	1,816,025	42.71	9.6%	7.8%
2017	4	10,880	485,730	44.64	2.5%	2.1%

The following table sets forth the occupancy rate and the average annual rent per square foot for the Mall stores for each of the past five years.

As of December 31,	Occupancy Rate	Average Annual Base Rent Per Square Foot
2006	94%	\$ 52.78
2005	96%	51.15
2004	97%	49.65
2003	98%	47.95
2002	97%	45.59

The Center is encumbered by a first mortgage loan with a balance of \$207,131,000 at December 31, 2006. The loan matures in June 2011 and bears interest at 7.46%.

### Rego Park I

The Rego Park I property, located in Queens, New York, encompasses the entire block fronting on Queens Boulevard and bounded by 63<sup>rd</sup> Road, 62<sup>nd</sup> Drive, 97<sup>th</sup> Street and Junction Boulevard. The existing 351,000 square foot building was redeveloped in 1996 and is fully leased to Sears, Circuit City, Bed Bath & Beyond, Marshalls and Old Navy. In conjunction with the redevelopment, a multi-level parking structure was constructed and provides paid parking spaces for approximately 1,200 vehicles.

The property is encumbered by a first mortgage loan with a balance of \$80,135,000 at December 31, 2006. The loan matures in June 2009 and bears interest at 7.25%.

### Paramus

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We own 30.3 acres of land located at the intersection of Routes 4 and 17 in Paramus, New Jersey. The property is located directly across from the Garden State Plaza regional shopping mall and is within two miles of three other regional shopping malls and ten miles of New York City. This land is leased to IKEA Property, Inc. The lease has a 40-year term expiring in 2041, with a purchase option in 2021 for \$75,000,000. We have a \$68,000,000 interest only, non-recourse mortgage loan on the property from a third party lender. The fixed interest rate on the debt is 5.92% with interest payable monthly until maturity in October 2011. The annual triple-net rent is the sum of \$700,000 plus the amount of debt service on the mortgage loan. If the purchase option is exercised, we will receive net cash proceeds of approximately \$7,000,000 and recognize a net gain on the sale of the land of approximately \$62,000,000. If the purchase option is not exercised, the triple-net rent for the last 20 years must include debt service sufficient to fully amortize \$68,000,000 over the remaining 20-year lease term.

Flushing

The Flushing property is located on Roosevelt Avenue and Main Street in the downtown, commercial section of Flushing, Queens, New York. Roosevelt Avenue and Main Street are active shopping districts and there are many national retailers located in the area. A subway entrance is located directly in front of the property with bus service across the street. The property comprises a vacant four-floor building containing 177,000 square feet and a parking garage.

In the fourth quarter of 2003, we recognized \$1,289,000 of income representing a non-refundable purchase deposit of \$1,875,000, net of \$586,000 of costs associated with the transaction, from a party that agreed to purchase this property. The party failed to meet its obligations under a May 30, 2002 purchase contract. On September 10, 2002, November 7, 2002, and July 8, 2004, we received letters from the party demanding return of the deposit. On December 28, 2005, the party filed a complaint against us in the Supreme Court of the State of New York alleging that we failed to honor the terms and conditions of the agreement. The complaint seeks specific performance and, if specific performance is denied, it seeks the return of the deposit plus interest and \$50,000 in costs. Pursuant to discussions with our legal counsel, we do not believe the party is entitled to either specific performance or a return of the deposit and are defending against the action.

We are currently in negotiations with various retailers to lease all or a portion of the property.

**Property Under Development**

Rego Park II

We own approximately 6.6 acres of land adjacent to our Rego Park I property in Queens, New York, which comprises the entire square block bounded by the Horace Harding Service Road (of the Long Island Expressway), 97<sup>th</sup> Street, 62<sup>nd</sup> Drive and Junction Boulevard.

The proposed development at Rego Park II consists of a mixed-use building containing 600,000 square feet of retail space on four levels, a parking deck containing approximately 1,400 spaces and may also include up to 450 apartments in one or two towers. The funding required for the proposed development may be in excess of \$500,000,000. We are currently exploring various alternatives for financing this project. As of December 31, 2006, we have leased 404,000 square feet of the retail space, of which, 135,000, 134,000 and 135,000 have been leased to Century 21, Kohl's and Home Depot, respectively. There can be no assurance that this project will be completed, completed on time or completed for the budgeted amount.

**Property to be Developed**

Rego Park III

We own approximately 3.4 acres of land adjacent to our Rego Park II property in Queens, New York, which comprises one-quarter square block and is located at the intersection of Junction Boulevard and the Horace Harding Service Road.

The land is currently being used for public paid parking and while the current plans for the development of this parcel are preliminary, it may include up to 80,000 square feet of retail space. There can be no assurance that this project will commence, be completed, completed on time or completed for the budgeted amount.

**Insurance**

We carry comprehensive liability and all risk property insurance for (i) fire, (ii) flood, (iii) extended coverage, (iv) acts of terrorism as defined in the Terrorism Risk Insurance Extension Act of 2005, which expires in 2007, and (v) rental loss insurance with respect to our assets, with limits of (i) \$965,000,000 per occurrence, including certified terrorist acts and \$350,000,000 for non-certified terrorist acts for our 731 Lexington Avenue property, and (ii) \$500,000,000 per occurrence, including certified terrorist acts and \$350,000,000 for non-certified terrorist acts for our other properties. To the extent that we incur losses in excess of our insurance coverage, these losses would be borne by us and could be material.

Our debt instruments, consisting of mortgage loans secured by our properties (which are generally non-recourse to us), contain customary covenants requiring us to maintain insurance. Although we believe that we have adequate insurance coverage under these agreements, we may not be able to obtain an equivalent amount of coverage at reasonable costs in the future. Further, if lenders insist on greater coverage than we are able to obtain, or if the Terrorism Risk Insurance Extension Act of 2005 is not extended past 2007, it could adversely affect our ability to finance and/or refinance our properties.



**ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

We are from time to time involved in legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. In our opinion, after consultation with our legal counsel, the outcome of such matters will not have a material effect on our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

For a discussion of the litigation concerning the sale of our subsidiary which owns the building and has the ground lease for our property in Flushing, New York, see Item 2. Properties Operating Properties Flushing.

For discussion concerning environmental matters, see Item 1. Business Environmental Matters.

**ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS**

No matters were submitted to a vote of security holders during the fourth quarter of the year ended December 31, 2006.

**EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF THE REGISTRANT**

The following is a list of the names, ages, principal occupations and positions with us of our executive officers and the positions held by such officers during the past five years.

Name	Age	Principal Occupation, Position and Office (Current and during past five years with the Company unless otherwise stated)
Steven Roth	65	Chairman of the Board of Directors since May 2004 and Chief Executive Officer since March 1995; Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of Vornado Realty Trust since May 1989; Chairman of Vornado Realty Trust's Executive Committee of the Board since April 1980; and a trustee of Vornado Realty Trust since 1979; and Managing General Partner of Interstate Properties.
Michael D. Fascitelli	50	President since August 2000; Director of the Company and President and trustee of Vornado Realty Trust since December 1996; Partner at Goldman Sachs & Co., in charge of its real estate practice, from December 1992 to December 1996; and, prior thereto, Vice President at Goldman Sachs & Co.
Stephen Mann	71	Chief Operating Officer since May 2004; Chairman of the Board of Directors from March 1995 to May 2004; Interim Chairman of the Board of Directors from August 1994 to March 1995; Chief Executive Officer of Prescott Funding Company from January 2003 to 2005; and Chairman of the Clifford Companies from 1990 to January 2003.
Joseph Macnow	61	Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer since June 2002; Executive Vice President Finance and Administration from March 2001 to June 2002; Vice President and Chief Financial Officer from August 1995 to March 2001; Executive Vice President Finance and Administration of Vornado Realty Trust since January 1998 and Chief

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Financial Officer of Vornado Realty Trust since March 2001; and Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Vornado Realty Trust from 1985 to January 1998.

**PART II****ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES**

Our common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol ALX. Set forth below are the high and low sales prices for the shares of common stock for each full quarterly period within the two most recent years.

Quarter	Year Ended December 31, 2006		2005	
	High	Low	High	Low
First	\$ 289.00	\$ 234.59	\$ 257.75	\$ 210.48
Second	288.55	250.00	259.29	223.00
Third	314.25	256.63	295.00	248.00
Fourth	449.90	305.52	271.63	231.75

As of February 1, 2007, there were approximately 459 holders of record of our common stock. We pay dividends only if, and when declared by our Board of Directors. No dividends were paid in 2006 and 2005. In order to qualify and maintain our qualification as a REIT, we are required, among other conditions, to distribute as dividends to our stockholders at least 90% of annual REIT taxable income. As of December 31, 2006, we had Net Operating Loss Carryovers ( NOLs ) of approximately \$2,001,000, which generally would be available to offset the amount of REIT taxable income that otherwise would be required to be distributed as a dividend to our stockholders.

*Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities*

During 2006, we did not sell any unregistered securities.

*Recent Purchases of Equity Securities*

During the fourth quarter of 2006, we did not repurchase any of our equity securities.

*Performance Graph*

The following graph is a comparison of the five-year cumulative return of our common stock, the Standard & Poor's 500 Index (the S&P 500 Index) and the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts (NAREIT) All Equity Index (excluding health care real estate investment trusts), a peer group index. The graph assumes that \$100 was invested on December 31, 2001 in our common stock, the S&P 500 Index and the NAREIT All Equity Index and that all dividends were reinvested without the payment of any commissions. There can be no assurance that the performance of our stock will continue in line with the same or similar trends depicted in the graph below.

	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>
Alexander's	100	113	219	378	431	738
S&P 500 Index	100	80	119	141	147	174
The NAREIT All Equity Index	100	104	142	187	210	284

**ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA**

The following table sets forth selected financial and operating data. This data should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto and Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. This data may not be comparable to, or indicative of, future operating results.

(Amounts in thousands, except per share data)	Year Ended December 31,				
	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
Total revenues	\$ 198,772	\$ 187,085	\$ 148,895	\$ 87,162	\$ 76,800
(Loss) income from continuing operations	\$ (88,239 ) <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 21,298 <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ (37,331 ) <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ (18,948 ) <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 12,400
Income from discontinued operations				1,206	11,184
Net gain on sale of condominiums in 2006 and 2005 and other real estate in 2004, after income taxes	13,256	60,943	3,862		
Net (loss) income	\$ (74,983 )	\$ 82,241	\$ (33,469 )	\$ (17,742 )	\$ 23,584
(Loss) income per common share (basic and diluted):					
(Loss) income from continuing operations-- basic	\$ (17.56 )	\$ 4.24	\$ (7.45 )	\$ (3.79 )	\$ 2.48
(Loss) income from continuing operations-- diluted	(17.56 )	4.19	(7.45 )	(3.79 )	2.48
(Loss) income per common share-- basic	(14.92 )	16.38	(6.68 )	(3.53 )	4.72
(Loss) income per common share-- diluted	(14.92 )	16.19	(6.68 )	(3.53 )	4.72
Balance sheet data:					
Total assets	\$ 1,447,242	\$ 1,403,317	\$ 1,244,801	\$ 920,996	\$ 664,912
Real estate, at cost	692,388	699,136	955,107	826,546	600,661
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	80,779	88,976	74,028	62,744	57,686
Debt	1,068,498	1,079,465	952,528	731,485	543,807
Stockholders' equity	27,182	101,324	18,368	50,923	68,665

(1) Includes SARs compensation expense accruals of \$148,613,000, \$27,588,000, \$76,789,000 and \$44,917,000 in 2006, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively.

**ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

**Overview**

Alexanders, Inc. is a real estate investment trust ( REIT ) engaged in leasing, managing, developing and redeveloping properties. All references to we, us, our, Company, and Alexanders, refer to Alexanders, Inc. We are managed by, and our properties are leased and developed by, Vornado Realty Trust ( Vornado ). We have six properties in the greater New York City metropolitan area including the 731 Lexington Avenue property, a 1,307,000 square foot multi-use building in Manhattan, and the Kings Plaza Regional Shopping Center located in Brooklyn.

Competition

We compete with a large number of real estate property owners and developers. Our success depends upon, among other factors, trends of national and local economies, the financial condition and operating results of current and prospective tenants, the availability and cost of capital, interest rates, construction and renovation costs, taxes, governmental regulations and legislation, population trends, zoning laws, and our ability to lease, sublease or sell our properties, at profitable levels. Our success is also subject to our ability to refinance existing debt as it comes due and on acceptable terms.

Year Ended December 31, 2006 Financial Results Summary

Net loss for the year ended December 31, 2006 was \$74,983,000, or \$14.92 per diluted share, compared to net income of \$82,241,000, or \$16.19 per diluted share, for the year ended December 31, 2005. Funds from operations ( FFO ) for the year ended December 31, 2006 was a negative \$53,242,000, or \$10.59 per diluted share, compared to a positive \$102,037,000, or \$20.09 per diluted share, for the year ended December 31, 2005.

Net loss and negative FFO for the year ended December 31, 2006 include \$148,613,000 for an accrual of stock appreciation rights ( SARs ) compensation expense, partially offset by \$13,256,000 for an after-tax net gain from the sale of residential condominium units at 731 Lexington Avenue. These items, in the aggregate, decreased net income and FFO by \$135,357,000, or \$26.92 per diluted share. Net income and FFO for the year ended December 31, 2005 include \$60,943,000 for an after-tax net gain from the sale of residential condominium units at 731 Lexington Avenue and \$2,088,000 of income from the settlement of claims against third parties for environmental remediation at Kings Plaza, partially offset by \$27,588,000 for an accrual of SARs compensation expense. These items, in the aggregate, increased net income and FFO by \$35,443,000, or \$6.98 per diluted share.

**Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Set forth below is a summary of the accounting policies that we believe are critical to the preparation of our consolidated financial statements. This summary should be read in conjunction with a more complete discussion of our accounting policies included in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

*Real Estate*

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Real estate is carried at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis over the assets estimated useful lives, which range from 7 to 50 years. Betterments, significant renewals and certain costs directly related to the acquisition, improvement and leasing of real estate are capitalized. Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. As real estate is undergoing development activities, all property operating expenses, including interest expense, are capitalized to the cost of the real property to the extent that we believe such costs are recoverable through the value of the property. The recognition of depreciation expense requires estimates by us of the useful life of each property and improvement, as well as an allocation of the costs associated with a property, including capitalized costs, to its various components. If we do not allocate these costs appropriately or incorrectly estimate the useful lives of our real estate, depreciation expense could be misstated.

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Our properties are reviewed for impairment if events or circumstances change, indicating that the carrying amount of the property may not be recoverable. In such an event, a comparison is made of the current and projected operating cash flows of each such property into the foreseeable future on an undiscounted basis to the carrying amount of the property. The carrying amount of an asset would be adjusted, if necessary, to reflect an impairment in the value of the asset. If we incorrectly estimate undiscounted cash flows, impairment charges may be different. The impact of such estimates in connection with future impairment analyses could be material to our consolidated financial statements. As of December 31, 2006 and 2005, we had no impairment charges.

### *Allowance for Doubtful Accounts*

We periodically evaluate the collectibility of amounts due from tenants and maintain an allowance for doubtful accounts for estimated losses resulting from the inability of tenants to make required payments under the lease agreements. We also maintain an allowance for receivables arising from the straight-lining of rents. This receivable arises from earnings recognized in excess of amounts currently due under the lease agreements. We exercise judgment in establishing these allowances and consider payment history and current credit status in developing these estimates.

### *Revenue Recognition*

We have the following revenue sources and revenue recognition policies:

Base rent (revenue arising from tenant leases) These rents are recognized over the non-cancelable term of the related leases on a straight-line basis, which includes the effects of rent steps and free rent abatements under the leases. We commence rental revenue recognition when the tenant takes possession of the leased space and the leased space is substantially ready for its intended use. In addition, in circumstances where we provide a tenant improvement allowance for improvements that are owned by the tenant, we recognize the allowance as a reduction of rental revenue on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.



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Percentage Rent (revenue arising from retail tenant leases that is contingent upon the sales of tenants exceeding defined thresholds)  
These rents are recognized in accordance with Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 104, *Revenue Recognition*, which states that this contingent revenue is only to be recognized after the contingency has been removed (i.e., the sales threshold has been achieved).

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Expense Reimbursement (revenue arising from tenant leases which provide for the recovery of all or a portion of the operating expenses and real estate taxes of the respective properties) This revenue is accrued in the same periods as the expenses are incurred.

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Condominium Sales (income arising from the sales of condominium units at the Lexington Avenue property) Income on deposits received for sales of condominium units has been deferred in accordance with the deposit method of SFAS No. 66, *Accounting for Sales of Real Estate*. Gains on sales of condominium units are recognized under the percentage of completion method.

We assess, among other things, the collectibility of revenue before recognition. If we incorrectly assess collectibility of revenue, net earnings and assets could be misstated.

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### *Income Taxes*

We operate in a manner intended to enable us to continue to qualify as a REIT under Sections 856 through 860 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the Code). Under the Code, our net operating loss carryovers (NOLs) generally would be available to offset the amount of our REIT taxable income that would otherwise be required to be distributed as dividends to our stockholders.

We have elected to treat our wholly owned subsidiary, 731 Residential LLC, as a taxable REIT subsidiary (TRS). The TRS is subject to income tax at regular corporate tax rates. Our NOLs will not be available to offset taxable income of TRS. As of December 31, 2006, all of the 105 residential condominium units were sold and closed. In connection therewith, during the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, TRS recognized \$11,273,000 and \$51,825,000 of income tax expense, respectively, of which \$12,558,000 and \$13,870,000 were paid in the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively. TRS deferred income taxes, where applicable, are accounted for in accordance with Statements of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) 109, *Accounting For Income Taxes* using the asset and liability method. Under this method, deferred income taxes are recognized for temporary differences between the financial reporting basis of assets and liabilities and their respective tax basis and for operating loss and tax credit carryforwards based on enacted tax rates expected to be in effect when such amounts are realized or settled. However, deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is more likely than not that they will be realized based on consideration of available evidence, including tax planning strategies and other factors.

### *Stock Appreciation Rights*

Stock Appreciation Rights (SARs) are granted at 100% of the market price of our common stock on the date of grant. Compensation expense for each SAR is measured by the excess of the stock price at the current balance sheet date over the stock price at the previous balance sheet date. If the stock price is lower at the current balance sheet date, previously recognized expense is reversed, but not below zero.

### **Recently Issued Accounting Literature**

On December 16, 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statement No. 123(R), *Share-Based Payment* (SFAS 123R). SFAS 123R replaces SFAS 123 and requires that the compensation cost relating to share-based payment transactions be recognized in financial statements and measured based on the fair value of the equity or liability instruments issued. We adopted SFAS 123R on the modified prospective method on January 1, 2006. This adoption did not have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

In May 2005, the FASB issued SFAS 154, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - A Replacement of APB Opinion 20 and SFAS 3*. SFAS 154 changes the requirements for the accounting and reporting of a change in accounting principle by requiring retrospective application to prior periods' financial statements of the change in accounting principle, unless it is impracticable to do so. SFAS 154 also requires that a change in depreciation or amortization for long-lived, non-financial assets be accounted for as a change in accounting estimate effected by a change in accounting principle. SFAS 154 is effective for accounting changes and corrections of errors made in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2005. We adopted SFAS 154 on January 1, 2006. This adoption had no effect on our consolidated financial statements.

In February 2006, the FASB issued SFAS 155, *Accounting for Certain Hybrid Financial Instruments - an amendment of FASB Statements No. 133 and 140*. The purpose of SFAS 155 is to simplify the accounting for certain hybrid financial instruments by permitting fair value re-measurement for any hybrid financial instrument that contains an embedded derivative that otherwise would require bifurcation. SFAS 155 is effective for all financial instruments acquired or issued after the beginning of an entity's first fiscal year that begins after September 15, 2006. The adoption of SFAS 155 on January 1, 2007, did not have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

In March 2006, the FASB issued SFAS 156, *Accounting for Servicing Financial Assets - an amendment of FASB Statement No. 140*. SFAS 156 requires separate recognition of a servicing asset and a servicing liability each time an entity undertakes an obligation to service a financial asset by entering into a servicing contract. This statement also requires that servicing assets and liabilities be initially recorded at fair value and

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subsequently be adjusted to the fair value at the end of each reporting period. SFAS 156 is effective for an entity's first fiscal year that begins after September 15, 2006. The adoption of SFAS 156 on January 1, 2007, did not have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

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In July 2006, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, an Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109* ( FIN 48 ). FIN 48 establishes new evaluation and measurement processes for all income tax positions taken. We are currently in the process of analyzing our uncertain tax positions, however, based on information currently available, we believe that the adoption of FIN 48 could result in a cumulative effect adjustment in the range of \$3,500,000 to \$4,800,000, which would be accounted for as a reduction to the January 1, 2007 balance of retained earnings. This estimate is subject to revision upon the completion of our analysis.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS 157, *Fair Value Measurements*. SFAS 157 does not address what to measure at fair value; instead, it addresses how to measure fair value. SFAS 157 applies (with limited exceptions) to existing standards that require assets or liabilities to be measured at fair value. SFAS 157 establishes a fair value hierarchy, giving the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets and the lowest priority to unobservable data and requires new disclosures for assets and liabilities measured at fair value based on their level in the hierarchy. SFAS 157 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. We do not believe that the adoption of SFAS 157 on January 1, 2008, will have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS 158, *Employer's Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans, an Amendment of SFAS No. 87, 88, 106 and 132R*. SFAS 158 requires an employer to (i) recognize in its statement of financial position an asset for a plan's overfunded status or a liability for a plan's underfunded status; (ii) measure a plan's assets and its obligations that determine its funded status as of the end of the employer's fiscal year (with limited exceptions); and (iii) recognize changes in the funded status of a defined benefit postretirement plan in the year in which the changes occur. Those changes will be reported in comprehensive income. The requirement to recognize the funded status of a benefit plan and the disclosure requirements are effective as of the end of the fiscal year ending after December 15, 2006. The requirement to measure plan assets and benefit obligations as of the measurement date provisions is effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2008. The adoption of SFAS 158 is not expected to have any effect on our consolidated financial statements.

In September 2006, the Securities and Exchange Commission issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 108 ( SAB 108 ), which becomes effective for the first fiscal period ending after November 15, 2006. SAB 108 provides guidance on the consideration of the effects of prior period misstatements in quantifying current year misstatements for the purpose of a materiality assessment. SAB 108 requires an entity to evaluate the impact of correcting all misstatements, including both the carryover and reversing effects of prior year misstatements, on current year financial statements. The adoption of SAB 108 on December 31, 2006 did not have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities*. SFAS 159 expands opportunities to use fair value measurement in financial reporting and permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. SFAS 159 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. We have not decided if we will early adopt SFAS 159 or if we will choose to measure any eligible financial assets and liabilities at fair value.

## Results of Operations

### Years Ended December 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005

We had a net loss of \$74,983,000 for the year ended December 31, 2006, compared to net income of \$82,241,000, for the year ended December 31, 2005. Net loss for 2006 includes \$148,613,000 for an accrual of SARs compensation expense, partially offset by \$13,256,000 for an after-tax net gain from the sale of residential condominium units at 731 Lexington Avenue. The items, in the aggregate, decreased net income by \$135,357,000. Net income for the year ended December 31, 2005 includes \$60,943,000 for an after-tax net gain from the sale of residential condominium units at 731 Lexington Avenue and \$2,088,000 of income from the settlement of claims against third parties for environmental remediation at Kings Plaza, partially offset by \$27,588,000 for an accrual of SARs compensation expense. These items, in the aggregate, increased net income by \$35,443,000.

Property rentals were \$137,072,000 in 2006, compared to \$132,949,000 in 2005, an increase of \$4,123,000. This increase was primarily attributable to rents from tenants at 731 Lexington Avenue whose space was placed into service subsequent to the second quarter of 2005.

Tenant expense reimbursements were \$61,700,000 in 2006, compared to \$54,136,000 in 2005, an increase of \$7,564,000. This increase was largely due to reimbursements from tenants at 731 Lexington Avenue under leases that commenced subsequent to the second quarter of 2005.

Operating expenses were \$71,980,000 in 2006, compared to \$64,872,000 in 2005, an increase of \$7,108,000. This increase was primarily due to (i) \$4,900,000 at 731 Lexington Avenue as a result of the property becoming fully operational in the fourth quarter of 2005; (ii) \$800,000 in connection with operating the energy plant and (iii) \$500,000 for environmental remediation in connection with an oil spill at our Kings Plaza Regional Shopping Center.

General and administrative expenses were \$154,844,000 in 2006, compared to \$32,393,000 in 2005, an increase of \$122,451,000. This increase was primarily due to higher accruals for SARs compensation expense.

Depreciation and amortization expense was \$21,813,000 in 2006, compared to \$19,877,000 in 2005, an increase of \$1,936,000. This increase was due to depreciation on the 731 Lexington Avenue building and improvements, which became fully operational in the fourth quarter of 2005.

Interest and other income, net was \$28,257,000 in 2006, compared to \$14,769,000 in 2005, an increase of \$13,488,000. This increase was primarily due to higher average cash balances of \$209,000,000 and an increase in average yields on investments of approximately 1.4%, partially offset by, a decrease in other income (2005 included income of \$2,088,000 from the settlement of claims against third parties for environmental remediation at Kings Plaza).

Interest and debt expense was \$67,726,000 in 2006, compared to \$62,678,000 in 2005, an increase of \$5,048,000. This increase was primarily due to a lower amount of interest capitalized in the current year (interest of \$1,378,000 was capitalized in 2006, compared to \$6,935,000 in 2005).

Minority interest of partially owned entity represents our venture partner's 75% prorata share of net income or loss in our consolidated partially owned entity, the Kings Plaza energy plant joint venture. In the current year, we expensed \$1,460,000 of organization costs incurred in connection with forming the joint venture, of which the minority partner's share was \$1,095,000.





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Years Ended December 31, 2005 and December 31, 2004

The Company had net income of \$82,241,000 for the year ended December 31, 2005, compared to a net loss of \$33,469,000 in the prior year, an increase of \$115,710,000. Net income for 2005 includes (i) \$60,943,000 for an after-tax net gain from the sale of residential condominium units at 731 Lexington Avenue, (ii) \$2,088,000 of income from the settlement of claims against third parties for environmental remediation at Kings Plaza, partially offset by, (iii) \$27,588,000 for an accrual of SARs compensation expense. Net loss for the year ended December 31, 2004 includes (i) \$76,789,000 for an accrual of SARs compensation expense, (ii) \$3,050,000 for the write-off of the proportionate share of unamortized debt issuance costs in connection with the reduction of the principal amount of a construction loan, partially offset by, (iii) \$3,862,000 for a net gain on sale of non-depreciable real estate.

Property rentals were \$132,949,000 in 2005, compared to \$110,541,000 in 2004, an increase of \$22,408,000. The following table details the increase by property:

<b>Tenant</b>	<b>Delivery Date</b>	<b>Increase</b>
731 Lexington Avenue:		
Citibank N.A.	Feb. 2005	\$ 11,150,000
The Container Store	Mar. 2005	4,132,000
Hennes & Mauritz	May 2004	2,136,000
The Home Depot	Mar. 2004	1,925,000
Other tenants	Various	2,145,000
		21,488,000
Other properties		920,000
		\$ 22,408,000

Tenant expense reimbursements were \$54,136,000 in 2005, compared to \$38,354,000 in 2004, an increase of \$15,782,000. This increase was largely due to reimbursements from tenants at 731 Lexington Avenue under leases that commenced subsequent to the second quarter of 2004.

Operating expenses were \$64,872,000 in 2005, compared to \$47,615,000 in 2004, an increase of \$17,257,000. This increase was primarily due to lower amounts being capitalized in the current year period as well as additional operating costs being incurred at 731 Lexington Avenue as a result of the property being substantially placed into service during 2005.

General and administrative expenses were \$32,393,000 in 2005, compared to \$81,285,000 in 2004, a decrease of \$48,892,000. This decrease was primarily due to a \$49,201,000 decrease in the accrual for SARs compensation expense in 2005.

Depreciation and amortization expense was \$19,877,000 in 2005, compared to \$15,527,000 in 2004, an increase of \$4,350,000. This increase was due to depreciation on the 731 Lexington Avenue building and improvements, which were substantially placed into service during 2005.

Interest and other income, net was \$14,769,000 in 2005, compared to \$1,571,000 in 2004, an increase of \$13,198,000. This increase was primarily due to (i) an increase in average cash balances of \$274,000,000, (ii) an increase in the average yield on investments of approximately 2%, and (iii) income of \$2,088,000 from the settlements of claims against third parties for environmental remediation at Kings Plaza.

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Interest and debt expense was \$62,678,000 in 2005, compared to \$40,320,000 in 2004, an increase of \$22,358,000. This increase was primarily due to (i) lower amounts of capitalized interest in the current year as a result of 731 Lexington Avenue being substantially placed into service during 2005 (interest of \$6,935,000 was capitalized in 2005, compared to \$25,087,000 in 2004) and (ii) an increase of \$131,000,000 in the average debt outstanding, primarily due to the 731 Lexington Avenue retail financing of \$320,000,000 in July 2005.

## RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

### Vornado

Vornado owned 32.8% of our outstanding common stock as of December 31, 2006. We are managed by, and our properties are leased and developed by, Vornado, pursuant to the agreements described below, which expire in March of each year and are automatically renewable.

#### Management and Development Agreements

We pay Vornado an annual management fee equal to the sum of (i) \$3,000,000, (ii) 3% of gross income from the Kings Plaza Regional Shopping Center, (iii) \$0.50 per square foot of the tenant-occupied office and retail space at 731 Lexington Avenue and (iv) \$220,000, escalating at 3% per annum, for managing the common area of 731 Lexington Avenue.

In addition, Vornado is entitled to a development fee of 6% of development costs, as defined, with minimum guaranteed fees of \$750,000 per annum.

#### Leasing Agreements

Vornado also provides us with leasing services for a fee of 3% of rent for the first ten years of a lease term, 2% of rent for the eleventh through the twentieth year of a lease term, and 1% of rent for the twenty-first through thirtieth year of a lease term, subject to the payment of rents by tenants. In the event of a sale of an asset, the fee is 3% of gross proceeds, as defined. In the event third party real estate brokers are used, the fees to Vornado increase by 1% and Vornado is responsible for the fees to the third party real estate brokers. Such amounts are payable annually in an amount not to exceed \$2,500,000, with interest at 9% per annum on the unpaid balance.

Effective January 1, 2007, we modified our leasing agreement with Vornado. Pursuant to the modification, (i) the existing 3% commission on asset sales was adjusted so that for asset sales greater than \$50,000,000, the fee is 1% of gross proceeds, as defined; (ii) in the event third party real estate brokers are used in connection with asset sales, the fees to Vornado no longer increase by 1% and Vornado continues to be responsible for the fees to such third party real estate brokers; and (iii) the annual amount payable for fees under this agreement was increased to \$4,000,000, and the interest rate on the unpaid balance was adjusted to one-year LIBOR plus 100 bps per annum (6.34 % at January 1, 2007).

#### Other Agreements

We have also entered into agreements with Building Management Services, a wholly owned subsidiary of Vornado, to supervise cleaning, engineering and security services at our Lexington Avenue and Kings Plaza properties for an annual fee of the cost for such services plus 6%.

#### 731 Lexington Avenue Fees

On July 6, 2005, we completed a \$320,000,000 mortgage financing of the retail space. In connection therewith, we repaid the remaining balance of the construction loan and the \$124,000,000 loan to Vornado. In addition, we paid Vornado the unpaid balance of the development fee of \$20,624,000 and \$6,300,000 for the Completion Guarantee Fee.

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The following table shows the amounts incurred under the management, leasing and development agreements.

(Amounts in thousands)	Year Ended December 31,		
	2006	2005	2004
Company management fees	\$ 3,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 3,000
Development fee, guarantee fee and rent for development office	755	4,431	5,955
Leasing fees	4,505	11,671	12,156
Property management fees and payments for cleaning, engineering and security services	3,383	4,776	2,481
	\$ 11,643	\$ 23,878	\$ 23,592

At December 31, 2006, we owed Vornado \$34,214,000 for leasing fees, and \$1,152,000 for management, property management and cleaning fees.

**RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS - Continued**

**Other**

In the years ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004, Winston & Strawn LLP, a law firm in which Neil Underberg, a member of our Board of Directors, is of counsel, performed legal services for us for which it was paid \$106,000, \$368,000 and \$323,000, respectively.

**LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES**

We anticipate that cash from operations, together with existing cash balances, will be adequate to fund our business operations, recurring capital expenditures, and debt amortization over the next twelve months.

**Development Projects**

*Rego Park II*

We own approximately 6.6 acres of land adjacent to our Rego Park I property in Queens, New York, which comprises the entire square block bounded by the Horace Harding Service Road (of the Long Island Expressway), 97<sup>th</sup> Street, 62<sup>nd</sup> Drive and Junction Boulevard.

The proposed development at Rego Park II consists of a mixed-use building containing 600,000 square feet of retail space on four levels, a parking deck containing approximately 1,400 spaces and may also include up to 450 apartments in one or two towers. The funding required for the proposed development may be in excess of \$500,000,000. We are currently exploring various alternatives for financing this project. As of December 31, 2006, we have leased 404,000 square feet of the retail space, of which, 135,000, 134,000 and 135,000 have been leased to Century 21, Kohl's and Home Depot, respectively. There can be no assurance that this project will be completed, completed on time or completed for the budgeted amount.

*Kings Plaza*

The Kings Plaza Regional Shopping Center (the Center) contains 1,098,000 square feet and is comprised of a two-level mall (the Mall) containing 470,000 square feet and two four-level anchor stores. One of the anchor stores is owned by Federated Department Stores, Inc. and operated as a Macy's store. The Center occupies a 24.3 acre site at the intersection of Flatbush Avenue and Avenue U in Brooklyn, New York. Among the Center's features are a marina, a five-level parking garage and an energy plant that generates electrical power at the Center.

Lowe's Home Improvement Warehouse (Lowe's) will construct its own building adjacent to the Mall, on land leased from us for a 20-year term with five 5-year renewal options. In connection with this project, we have expended approximately \$7,000,000, comprised of \$5,100,000 in

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environmental remediation and \$1,900,000 in site work. Lowe's will reimburse us for the \$1,900,000 incurred in site work. We have capitalized the remainder of the costs to the basis of the land. The ground lease is expected to commence in the first quarter of 2007 and provides for an initial annual rent of approximately \$2,000,000.

Prior to April 15, 2005, we owned and operated an energy plant that generates electrical power at this property. On April 15, 2005, we contributed this 35 year old plant, which has been fully depreciated, and \$750,000 in cash for a 25% interest in a joint venture. The joint venture is rebuilding the plant at a total cost of approximately \$18,350,000, of which \$14,500,000 has been expended through December 31, 2006. We provided the joint venture with a \$15,350,000 loan, of which \$11,426,000 (eliminated in consolidation) has been drawn as of December 31, 2006. The loan bears interest at 8% and matures in April 2020. Pursuant to the provisions of EITF Issue No. 04-5, we are presumed to have control over the joint venture and accordingly consolidate this joint venture. There can be no assurance that this project will be completed, completed on time or completed for the budgeted amount.

**LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES** Continued**Insurance**

We carry comprehensive liability and all risk property insurance for (i) fire, (ii) flood, (iii) extended coverage, (iv) acts of terrorism as defined in the Terrorism Risk Insurance Extension Act of 2005, which expires in 2007, and (v) rental loss insurance with respect to our assets, with limits of (i) \$965,000,000 per occurrence, including certified terrorist acts and \$350,000,000 for non-certified terrorist acts for our 731 Lexington Avenue property, and (ii) \$500,000,000 per occurrence, including certified terrorist acts and \$350,000,000 for non-certified terrorist acts for our other properties. To the extent that we incur losses in excess of our insurance coverage, these losses would be borne by us and could be material.

Our debt instruments, consisting of mortgage loans secured by our properties (which are generally non-recourse to us), contain customary covenants requiring us to maintain insurance. Although we believe that we have adequate insurance coverage under these agreements, we may not be able to obtain an equivalent amount of coverage at reasonable costs in the future. Further, if lenders insist on greater coverage than we are able to obtain, or if the Terrorism Risk Insurance Extension Act of 2005 is not extended past 2007, it could adversely affect our ability to finance and/or refinance our properties.

**Debt and Contractual Obligations**

*Below is a summary of our properties and their encumbrances at December 31, 2006:*

(Amounts in thousands)	<b>Balance</b>	<b>Interest Rate</b>	<b>Maturity</b>
Lexington Office	\$ 393,232	5.33%	Feb. 2014
Lexington Retail <sup>(1)</sup>	320,000	4.93%	July 2015
Kings Plaza	207,131	7.46%	June 2011
Rego Park I	80,135	7.25%	June 2009
Paramus	68,000	5.92%	Oct. 2011
Rego Park II (land)		N/A	N/A
Rego Park III (land)		N/A	N/A
Flushing (leasehold interest)		N/A	N/A
	<b>\$ 1,068,498</b>		

(1) In the event of a substantial casualty, up to \$75,000,000 of this loan may become recourse.

*Below is a summary of our contractual obligations at December 31, 2006:*

(Amounts in thousands)	<b>Total</b>	<b>Less than One Year</b>	<b>One to Three Years</b>	<b>Three to Five Years</b>	<b>More than Five Years</b>
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Contractual obligations					
Long-term debt obligations	\$ 1,463,289	\$ 76,799	\$ 228,262	\$ 432,982	\$ 725,246
Operating lease obligations	16,204	785	1,598	2,407	11,414
Purchase obligations, primarily construction					
commitments	58,227	58,227			
Other obligations	300,933	240,176 <sup>(1)</sup>	8,000	12,000	40,757
	\$ 1,838,653	\$ 375,987	\$ 237,860	\$ 447,389	\$ 777,417
Commitments					
Standby letters of credit	\$ 3,900	\$ 3,900	\$	\$	\$

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(1) Includes \$236,176,000 of liabilities for SARs.

**LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES**    *Continued*

**Cash Flows**

*Year Ended December 31, 2006*

Cash and cash equivalents were \$615,516,000 at December 31, 2006, compared to \$578,406,000 at December 31, 2005, an increase of \$37,110,000. This increase resulted primarily from \$56,844,000 of net cash provided by operating activities, partially offset by \$9,608,000 of net cash used in investing activities and \$10,126,000 of net cash used in financing activities.

Rental income from our properties is our principal source of operating cash flow. Our property rental income is dependent on a number of factors including the occupancy level and rental rates of our properties, as well as our tenants' ability to pay their rents. Our properties provide us with a relatively consistent stream of cash flow that enables us to pay our operating expenses, non-development capital improvements and interest expense. Other sources of liquidity to fund our cash requirements include our existing cash, proceeds from debt financings, including mortgage or construction loans secured by our properties and proceeds from asset sales.

Net cash provided by operating activities of \$56,844,000 was primarily comprised of (i) adjustments for non-cash items of \$132,460,000, partially offset by, (ii) net loss of \$74,983,000 and (iii) a net change in operating assets and liabilities of \$633,000. The adjustments for non-cash items were primarily comprised of (i) liabilities for SARs compensation expense of \$148,613,000, and (ii) depreciation and amortization of \$24,461,000, partially offset by, (iii) a pre-tax net gain of \$24,529,000 from the sale of residential condominiums at 731 Lexington Avenue, (ii) straight-lining of rental income of \$14,990,000 and (iv) minority interest of \$1,095,000.

Net cash used in investing activities of \$9,608,000 was primarily comprised of (i) capital expenditures of \$48,073,000 and (ii) restricted cash of \$918,000, partially offset by, (iii) \$39,383,000 of net proceeds from the sale of residential condominiums at 731 Lexington Avenue.

Net cash used in financing activities of \$10,126,000 was primarily comprised of repayments of borrowings of \$10,967,000, partially offset by, \$841,000 for the exercise of share options.

*Year Ended December 31, 2005*

Cash and cash equivalents were \$578,406,000 at December 31, 2005, compared to \$128,874,000 at December 31, 2004, an increase of \$449,532,000. This increase resulted primarily from \$337,516,000 and \$118,135,000 of net cash provided by investing activities and financing activities, respectively, partially offset by, \$6,119,000 of net cash used in operating activities.

Net cash used in operating activities of \$6,119,000 was primarily comprised of (i) adjustments for non-cash items of \$150,387,000, partially offset by, (ii) net income of \$82,241,000 and (iii) a net change in operating assets and liabilities of \$62,027,000. The adjustments for non-cash items were primarily comprised of (i) a pre-tax net gain of \$112,768,000 from the sale of residential condominiums at 731 Lexington Avenue, (ii) liabilities for SARs compensation expense of \$34,143,000, (iii) straight-lining of rental income of \$29,298,000, partially offset by (iv) depreciation and amortization of \$22,836,000, and (v) minority interest of \$2,250,000.

Net cash provided by investing activities of \$337,516,000 was primarily comprised of (i) net proceeds from the sale of residential condominiums at 731 Lexington Avenue of \$455,012,000, partially offset by (ii) capital expenditures of \$110,481,000 and (iii) real estate acquisitions of

\$7,121,000.

Net cash provided by financing activities of \$118,135,000 was primarily comprised of (i) proceeds from borrowing of \$344,832,000, partially offset by (ii) repayments of borrowings of \$217,895,000 and (iii) debt issuance costs of \$9,517,000.

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**LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES**    *Continued*

*Year Ended December 31, 2004*

Net cash provided by operating activities of \$27,853,000 was comprised of (i) non-cash items of \$51,468,000, partially offset by (ii) a net loss of \$33,469,000 and (iii) a net change in operating assets and liabilities of \$9,854,000. The adjustments for non-cash items were comprised of (i) liabilities for SARs compensation expense of \$76,789,000, (ii) \$18,818,000 of depreciation and amortization and (iii) \$3,050,000 resulting from the write-off of unamortized deferred debt expense, partially offset by, (iv) the effect of straight-lining of rental income of \$43,327,000, and (v) the gain on sale of real estate of \$3,862,000.

Net cash used in investing activities of \$138,942,000 was comprised of (i) capital expenditures of \$146,232,000, partially offset by (ii) net cash restricted for operating liabilities of \$2,996,000 and (iii) proceeds from the sale of real estate of \$4,294,000. The capital expenditures were primarily related to the 731 Lexington Avenue project.

Net cash provided by financing activities of \$218,627,000 resulted primarily from (i) borrowings collateralized by 731 Lexington Avenue of \$477,798,000, partially offset by (ii) debt repayments of \$256,755,000 and (iii) debt issuance costs of \$3,330,000.

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### Funds from Operations ( FFO ) for the Years Ended December 31, 2006 and 2005

FFO is computed in accordance with the definition adopted by the Board of Governors of the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ( NAREIT ). NAREIT defines FFO as net income or loss determined in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ( GAAP ), excluding extraordinary items as defined under GAAP and gains or losses from sales of previously depreciated operating real estate assets, plus specified non-cash items, such as real estate asset depreciation and amortization, and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures. FFO and FFO per diluted share are used by management, investors and industry analysts as supplemental measures of operating performance of equity REITs. FFO and FFO per diluted share should be evaluated along with GAAP net income and income per diluted share (the most directly comparable GAAP measures), as well as cash flow from operating activities, investing activities and financing activities, in evaluating the operating performance of equity REITs. Management believes that FFO and FFO per diluted share are helpful to investors as supplemental performance measures because these measures exclude the effect of depreciation, amortization and gains or losses from sales of real estate, all of which are based on historical costs which implicitly assumes that the value of real estate diminishes predictably over time. Since real estate values instead have historically risen or fallen with market conditions, these non-GAAP measures can facilitate comparisons of operating performance between periods and among other equity REITs. FFO does not represent cash generated from operating activities in accordance with GAAP and is not necessarily indicative of cash available to fund cash needs as disclosed in the Company's Statements of Cash Flows. FFO should not be considered as an alternative to net income as an indicator of the Company's operating performance or as an alternative to cash flows as a measure of liquidity.

FFO for the year ended December 31, 2006 was a negative \$53,242,000, or \$10.59 per diluted share, compared to a positive \$102,037,000 or \$20.09 per diluted share, for the year ended December 31, 2005.

Negative FFO for the year ended December 31, 2006 includes \$148,613,000 for an accrual of SARs compensation expense, partially offset by, \$13,256,000 for an after-tax net gain from the sale of residential condominium units at 731 Lexington Avenue. These items, in the aggregate, decreased FFO by \$135,357,000, or \$26.92 per diluted share. FFO for the year ended December 31, 2005 includes, \$60,943,000 for an after-tax net gain from the sale of residential condominium units at 731 Lexington Avenue and \$2,088,000 of income from the settlement of claims against third parties for environmental remediation at Kings Plaza, partially offset by, \$27,588,000 for an accrual of SARs compensation expense. These items, in the aggregate, increased FFO by \$35,443,000, or \$6.98 per diluted share.

	<b>For the Year Ended</b>	
	<b>December 31,</b>	
(Amounts in thousands, except share and per share amounts)	<b>2006</b>	<b>2005</b>
Net (loss) income	\$(74,983 )	\$82,241
Depreciation and amortization of real property	21,741	19,796
(Negative FFO) FFO	\$(53,242 )	\$102,037
 (Negative FFO) FFO per common share diluted	 \$(10.59 )	 \$20.09
 Weighted average shares used in computing diluted FFO per share	 5,025,726	 5,080,171

#### ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

At December 31, 2006, we had \$1,068,498,000 of fixed rate debt at a weighted average interest rate of 5.80%; as such we have no exposure to changes in interest rates for the remaining terms of our existing debt.

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The fair value of our debt, estimated by discounting the future cash flows using the current rates available to borrowers with similar credit ratings for the remaining terms of such debt, is less than the aggregate carrying amount by approximately \$50,110,000 at December 31, 2006.

**ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA**

<b>Index to Consolidated Financial Statements</b>	<b>Page Number</b>
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	36
Consolidated Balance Sheets at December 31, 2006 and 2005	37
Consolidated Statements of Operations for the Years Ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004	38
Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity for the Years Ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004	39
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Years Ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004	40
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	41

**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of

Alexander s, Inc.

Paramus, New Jersey

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Alexander s, Inc. and subsidiaries (the Company ) as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders equity, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2006. Our audits also included the financial statement schedules included in the index at Item 15. These financial statements and financial statement schedules are the responsibility of the Company s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and financial statement schedules based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, such consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company at December 31, 2006 and 2005, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2006, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Also, in our opinion, such financial statement schedules, when considered in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole, present fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein.

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the effectiveness of the Company s internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2006, based on the criteria established in *Internal Control Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission and our report dated February 26, 2007 expressed an unqualified opinion on management s assessment of the effectiveness of the Company s internal control over financial reporting and an unqualified opinion on the effectiveness of the Company s internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP

Parsippany, New Jersey

February 26, 2007





## ALEXANDER S, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Amounts in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	<b>December 31,</b>	
	<b>2006</b>	<b>2005</b>
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Real estate, at cost:		
Land	\$ 69,455	\$ 69,455
Buildings, leaseholds and leasehold improvements	579,595	594,574
Construction in progress	43,338	35,107
Total	692,388	699,136
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(80,779 )	(88,976 )
Real estate, net	611,609	610,160
Cash and cash equivalents	615,516	578,406
Restricted cash	3,682	2,764
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$481 and \$526, respectively	3,593	3,215
Receivable arising from the straight-lining of rents	115,027	100,037
Deferred lease and other property costs, net (including unamortized leasing fees to Vornado of \$43,163 and \$44,831, respectively)	69,119	72,600
Deferred debt issuance costs, net	18,201	20,849
Other assets	10,495	15,286
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$ 1,447,242</b>	<b>\$ 1,403,317</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Debt	\$ 1,068,498	\$ 1,079,465
Amounts due to Vornado	35,366	34,324
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	41,140	44,867
Liability for stock appreciation rights	236,176	87,563
Other liabilities	37,725	53,524
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>1,418,905</b>	<b>1,299,743</b>
<b>MINORITY INTEREST</b>	<b>1,155</b>	<b>2,250</b>
<b>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES</b>		
<b>STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Preferred stock: \$1.00 par value per share; authorized, 3,000,000 shares; issued, none		
Common stock: \$1.00 par value per share; authorized, 10,000,000 shares; issued, 5,173,450 shares	5,173	5,173
Additional paid-in capital	27,118	26,343
(Deficit) retained earnings	(4,344 )	70,639
	27,947	102,155
Treasury stock: 137,500 and 149,450 shares, at cost	(765 )	(831 )
<b>TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>	<b>27,182</b>	<b>101,324</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>	<b>\$ 1,447,242</b>	<b>\$ 1,403,317</b>

See notes to consolidated financial statements.



## ALEXANDER S, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(Amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)

	<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>		
	<b>2006</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>
<b>REVENUES</b>			
Property rentals	\$ 137,072	\$ 132,949	\$ 110,541
Expense reimbursements	61,700	54,136	38,354
Total revenues	198,772	187,085	148,895
<b>EXPENSES</b>			
Operating (including fees to Vornado of \$2,310, \$2,451 and \$1,937, respectively)	71,980	64,872	47,615
General and administrative (including stock appreciation rights compensation expense of \$148,613, \$27,588 and \$76,789, respectively, and management fees to Vornado of \$2,160 in each year)	154,844	32,393	81,285
Depreciation and amortization	21,813	19,877	15,527
Total expenses	248,637	117,142	144,427
<b>OPERATING (LOSS) INCOME</b>	(49,865 )	69,943	4,468
Interest and other income, net	28,257	14,769	1,571
Interest and debt expense (including interest to Vornado of \$3,025, \$8,853 and \$14,554, respectively)	(67,726 )	(62,678 )	(40,320 )
Write off of unamortized deferred debt expense		(736 )	(3,050 )
Minority interest of partially owned entity	1,095		
(Loss) Income from continuing operations	(88,239 )	21,298	(37,331 )
Net gain on sale of condominiums in 2006 and 2005, and other real estate in 2004	24,529	112,768	3,862
Income tax expense of taxable REIT subsidiary	(11,273 )	(51,825 )	
<b>NET (LOSS) INCOME</b>	\$ (74,983 )	\$ 82,241	\$ (33,469 )
<b>(Loss) Income per common share Basic:</b>			
(Loss) Income from continuing operations	\$ (17.56 )	\$ 4.24	\$ (7.45 )
Net gain on sale of condominiums in 2006 and 2005 and other real estate in 2004, after income taxes	2.64	12.14	.77
Net (loss) income per common share	\$ (14.92 )	\$ 16.38	\$ (6.68 )
<b>(Loss) Income per common share Diluted:</b>			
(Loss) Income from continuing operations	\$ (17.56 )	\$ 4.19	\$ (7.45 )
Net gain on sale of condominiums in 2006 and 2005 and other real estate in 2004, after income taxes	2.64	12.00	.77
Net (loss) income per common share	\$ (14.92 )	\$ 16.19	\$ (6.68 )

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

## ALEXANDER'S, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

(Amounts in thousands)

	<b>Common Stock</b>	<b>Additional Capital</b>	<b>Retained Earnings (Accumulated Deficit)</b>	<b>Treasury Shares</b>	<b>Total Stockholders Equity</b>
Balance, January 1, 2004	\$ 5,173	\$ 24,843	\$ 21,867	\$ (960	)\$ 50,923
Net loss			(33,469	)	(33,469 )
Common shares issued under share option plan		842		72	914
Balance, December 31, 2004	5,173	25,685	(11,602	) (888	) 18,368
Net income			82,241		82,241
Common shares issued under share option plan		658		57	715
Balance, December 31, 2005	5,173	26,343	70,639	(831	) 101,324
Net loss			(74,983	)	(74,983 )
Common shares issued under share option plan		775		66	841
Balance, December 31, 2006	\$ 5,173	\$ 27,118	\$ (4,344	)\$ (765	)\$ 27,182

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

## ALEXANDER S, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Amounts in thousands)

	<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>		
	<b>2006</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Net (loss) income:	\$ (74,983 )	\$ 82,241	\$ (33,469 )
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:			
Liability for stock appreciation rights	148,613	(34,143 )	76,789
Net gain on sale of condominiums in 2006 and 2005 and other real estate in 2004	(24,529 )	(112,768 )	(3,862 )
Straight-lining of rental income	(14,990 )	(29,298 )	(43,327 )
Depreciation and amortization (including amortization of debt issuance costs)	24,461	22,836	18,818
Minority interest of partially owned entity	(1,095 )	2,250	
Write-off of unamortized deferred debt expense		736	3,050
Change in operating assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable, net	(378 )	1,657	(1,771 )
Other assets	(4,017 )	(8,414 )	(3,706 )
Amounts due to Vornado	1,042	8,628	9,977
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	4,070	7,840	5,564
Income tax liability of taxable REIT subsidiary	(1,285 )	37,955	
Other liabilities	(65)	14,361	(210 )
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	56,844	(6,119 )	27,853
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Net proceeds from sale of condominiums in 2006, 2005 and other real estate in 2004	39,383	455,012	4,294
Additions to real estate	(48,073 )	(110,481 )	(146,232 )
Real estate acquisitions		(7,121 )	
Cash restricted for operating liabilities	(918 )	106	2,996
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(9,608 )	337,516	(138,942 )
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Proceeds from borrowings		344,832	477,798
Repayments of borrowings	(10,967 )	(217,895 )	(256,755 )
Debt issuance costs		(9,517 )	(3,330 )
Exercise of share options	841	715	914
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(10,126 )	118,135	218,627
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	37,110	449,532	107,538
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	578,406	128,874	21,336
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 615,516	\$ 578,406	\$ 128,874
<b>SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION</b>			
Cash payments for interest (of which \$1,378, \$6,935 and \$25,087 have been capitalized)	\$ 66,526	\$ 66,321	\$ 60,968
Cash payments for income taxes	\$ 12,558	\$ 13,870	\$

See notes to consolidated financial statements.



**ALEXANDERS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**1. ORGANIZATION**

Alexanders, Inc. is a real estate investment trust ( REIT ), incorporated in Delaware, engaged in leasing, managing, developing and redeveloping its properties. All references to we, us, our, Company and Alexanders refer to Alexanders, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries. We are managed by, and our properties are leased and developed by, Vornado Realty Trust ( Vornado ).

We have seven properties in the greater New York City metropolitan area consisting of:

Operating properties

- (i) the 731 Lexington Avenue property, a 1,307,000 square foot multi-use building which comprises the entire square block bounded by Lexington Avenue, East 59<sup>th</sup> Street, Third Avenue and East 58<sup>th</sup> Street in Manhattan, New York. The building contains 885,000 and 174,000 of net rentable square feet of office and retail space, respectively, which we own, and 248,000 square feet of residential space consisting of 105 condominium units, which have all been sold. The building is 100% leased. Principal office tenants include Bloomberg L.P. (697,000 square feet) and Citibank N.A. (176,000 square feet). Principal retail tenants include The Home Depot (83,000 square feet), The Container Store (34,000 square feet) and Hennes & Mauritz (27,000 square feet);
- (ii) the Kings Plaza Regional Shopping Center, located on Flatbush Avenue in Brooklyn, New York, which contains 1,098,000 square feet that is 97% leased and is comprised of a two-level mall containing 470,000 square feet, a 289,000 square foot department store leased to Sears and another anchor department store owned and operated as a Macys by Federated Department Stores, Inc.;
- (iii) the Rego Park I property, located on Queens Boulevard and 63<sup>rd</sup> Road in Queens, New York, which contains a 351,000 square foot building that is 100% leased to Sears, Circuit City, Bed Bath & Beyond, Marshalls and Old Navy;
- (iv) the Paramus property, which consists of 30.3 acres of land located at the intersection of Routes 4 and 17 in Paramus, New Jersey, which is leased to IKEA Property, Inc;
- (v) the Flushing property, located at Roosevelt Avenue and Main Street in Queens, New York, which contains a 177,000 square foot building that is currently vacant;

Property under development

- (vi) the Rego Park II property, containing approximately 6.6 acres of land adjacent to our Rego Park I property in Queens, New York, which comprises the entire square block bounded by the Horace Harding Service Road (of the Long Island Expressway), 97th Street, 62nd Drive and Junction Boulevard; and

Property to be developed



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(vii) the Rego Park III property, containing approximately 3.4 acres of land adjacent to our Rego Park II property in Queens, New York, which comprises one-quarter square block at the intersection of Junction Boulevard and the Horace Harding Service Road.

We have determined that our properties have similar economic characteristics and meet the other criteria which permit the properties to be aggregated into one reportable segment (the leasing, management, development and redeveloping of properties in the greater New York City metropolitan area). Our chief operating decision-maker assesses and measures segment operating results based on a performance measure referred to as net operating income at the individual operating segment. Net operating income for each property represents its net rental revenues less its real estate operating expenses.

ALEXANDER S, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

**2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**Basis of Presentation** The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and all of its wholly owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany amounts have been eliminated. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Real Estate** Real estate is carried at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis over the assets' estimated useful lives, which range from 7 to 50 years. Betterments, significant renewals and certain costs directly related to the acquisition, improvement and leasing of real estate are capitalized. Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. As real estate is undergoing development activities, all property operating expenses, including interest expense, are capitalized to the cost of the real property to the extent that we believe such costs are recoverable through the value of the property.

Our properties are reviewed for impairment if events or circumstances change indicating that the carrying amount of the property may not be recoverable. In such an event, a comparison is made of the current and projected operating cash flows of each such property into the foreseeable future on an undiscounted basis to the carrying amount of the property. The carrying amount of an asset would be adjusted, if necessary, to reflect an impairment in the value of the asset. As of December 31, 2006 and 2005, we had no impairment charges.

**Cash and Cash Equivalents** Cash and cash equivalents consist of highly liquid investments purchased with original maturities of three months or less. Cash and cash equivalents do not include cash restricted under financing arrangements. Such cash is reflected on the consolidated balance sheets as restricted cash.

**Allowance for Doubtful Accounts** We periodically evaluate the collectibility of amounts due from tenants and maintain an allowance for doubtful accounts for estimated losses resulting from the inability of tenants to make required payments under the lease agreements. We also maintain an allowance for receivables arising from the straight-lining of rents. This receivable arises from earnings recognized in excess of amounts currently due under the lease agreements. We exercise judgment in establishing these allowances and consider payment history and current credit status in developing these estimates.

**Deferred Charges** Direct financing costs are deferred and amortized over the terms of the related agreements as a component of interest and debt expense. Direct costs related to leasing activities are capitalized and amortized on a straight-line basis over the lives of the related leases. All other deferred charges are amortized on a straight-line basis, which approximates the effective interest rate method, in accordance with the terms of the agreements to which they relate.

**Fair Value of Financial Instruments** The fair value of our debt, estimated by discounting the future cash flows using the current rates available to borrowers with similar credit ratings for the remaining terms of such debt, is less than the aggregate carrying amount by approximately \$50,110,000 at December 31, 2006.

**Revenue Recognition** We have the following revenue sources and revenue recognition policies:

Base rent (revenue arising from tenant leases) These rents are recognized over the non-cancelable term of the related leases on a straight-line basis which includes the effects of rent steps and free rent abatements under the leases. We commence rental revenue recognition when the tenant takes possession of the leased space and the leased space is substantially ready for its intended use. In addition, in circumstances where we provide a tenant improvement allowance for improvements that are owned by the tenant, we recognize the allowance as a reduction of rental revenue on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

## ALEXANDER S, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

**2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued**

**Percentage Rent** (revenue arising from retail tenant leases that is contingent upon the sales of tenants exceeding defined thresholds) These rents are recognized in accordance with Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 104, *Revenue Recognition*, which states that this contingent revenue is only to be recognized after the contingency has been removed (i.e., the sales threshold has been achieved).

**Expense Reimbursement** (revenue arising from tenant leases which provide for the recovery of all or a portion of the operating expenses and real estate taxes of the respective properties) This revenue is accrued in the same periods as the expenses are incurred.

**Condominium Sales** (income arising from the sales of condominium units at the Lexington Avenue property) Income on deposits received for sales of condominium units has been deferred in accordance with the deposit method of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ( SFAS ) No. 66, *Accounting for Sales of Real Estate*. Gains on sales of condominium, units are recognized under the percentage of completion method.

**Income Taxes** We operate in a manner intended to enable us to continue to qualify as a REIT under Sections 856 through 860 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the Code ). Under the Code, our net operating loss carryovers ( NOLs ) generally would be available to offset the amount of our REIT taxable income that would otherwise be required to be distributed as dividends to our stockholders.

At December 31, 2006 we have reported NOLs for federal tax purposes of approximately \$2,001,000, expiring in 2020. We also have investment and targeted jobs tax credits of approximately \$2,755,000 expiring from 2008 to 2014.

The following table reconciles net (loss) income to estimated REIT taxable income for the years ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004.

(Unaudited and in thousands)	Years Ended December 31,		
	2006	2005	2004
Net (loss) income	\$(74,983 )	\$82,241	\$(33,469 )
Straight-line rent adjustments	(14,990 )	(29,298 )	(43,327 )
Depreciation and amortization timing differences	(1,256 )	345	1,480
Interest expense	(410 )	3,622	(2,733 )
Stock appreciation rights compensation expense	148,613	16,751	76,789
Interest income	(6,193 )	8,336	17,684
Differences on gain of sale of assets	(13,256 )	(60,943 )	
Other	(7,787 )	(3,582 )	(1,117 )
Taxable income	29,738	17,472	15,307
NOL carry forward beginning balance	(31,739 )	(49,211 )	(64,518 )
NOL carry forward ending balance	\$(2,001 )	\$(31,739 )	\$(49,211 )

At December 31, 2006, the net basis of our assets and liabilities for tax purposes are approximately \$17,333,000 lower than the amount reported for financial statement purposes.



ALEXANDER S, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

**2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued**

We have elected to treat our wholly owned subsidiary, 731 Residential LLC, as a taxable REIT subsidiary ( TRS ). The TRS is subject to income tax at regular corporate tax rates. Our NOLs will not be available to offset taxable income of TRS. As of December 31, 2006, all of the 105 residential condominium units were sold and closed. In connection therewith, during the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, TRS recognized \$11,273,000 and \$51,825,000 of income tax expense, respectively, of which \$12,558,000 and \$13,870,000 were paid in the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively. TRS deferred income taxes, where applicable, are accounted for in accordance with Statements of Financial Accounting Standards ( SFAS ) 109, *Accounting For Income Taxes*, using the asset and liability method. Under this method, deferred income taxes are recognized for temporary differences between the financial reporting basis of assets and liabilities and their respective tax basis and for operating loss and tax credit carryforwards based on enacted tax rates expected to be in effect when such amounts are realized or settled. However, deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is more likely than not that they will be realized based on consideration of available evidence, including tax planning strategies and other factors.

**Income Per Share** Basic income per share is computed based on weighted average shares outstanding. Diluted income per share considers the effect of outstanding stock options.

**Stock Options** We account for stock-based compensation using the intrinsic value method. Under the intrinsic value method, compensation cost is measured as the excess, if any, of the quoted market price of our common stock at the date of grant over the exercise price of the option granted. Compensation cost for stock options, if any, is recognized ratably over the vesting period. Our policy is to grant options with an exercise price equal to the quoted market price of our common stock on the grant date. Accordingly, no compensation expense has been recognized for our stock options. Since we had no option grants in each of the past five years, there were no pro forma effects for stock based compensation.

**Stock Appreciation Rights** Stock Appreciation Rights ( SARs ) are granted at 100% of the market price of the Company's common stock on the date of grant. Compensation expense for each SAR is measured by the excess of the stock price at the current balance sheet date over the stock price at the previous balance sheet date. If the stock price is lower at the current balance sheet date, previously recognized expense is reversed, but not below zero.

**Recently Issued Accounting Literature** - On December 16, 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ( FASB ) issued Statement No. 123(R), *Share-Based Payment* ( SFAS 123R ). SFAS 123R replaces SFAS 123 and requires that the compensation cost relating to share-based payment transactions be recognized in financial statements and measured based on the fair value of the equity or liability instruments issued. We adopted SFAS 123R on the modified prospective method on January 1, 2006. This adoption did not have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

In May 2005, the FASB issued SFAS 154, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - A Replacement of APB Opinion 20 and SFAS 3*. SFAS 154 changes the requirements for the accounting and reporting of a change in accounting principle by requiring retrospective application to prior periods' financial statements of the change in accounting principle, unless it is impracticable to do so. SFAS 154 also requires that a change in depreciation or amortization for long-lived, non-financial assets be accounted for as a change in accounting estimate effected by a change in accounting principle. SFAS 154 is effective for accounting changes and corrections of errors made in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2005. We adopted SFAS 154 on January 1, 2006. This adoption had no effect on our consolidated financial statements.

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In February 2006, the FASB issued SFAS 155, *Accounting for Certain Hybrid Financial Instruments - an amendment of FASB Statements No. 133 and 140*. The purpose of SFAS 155 is to simplify the accounting for certain hybrid financial instruments by permitting fair value re-measurement for any hybrid financial instrument that contains an embedded derivative that otherwise would require bifurcation. SFAS 155 is effective for all financial instruments acquired or issued after the beginning of an entity's first fiscal year that begins after September 15, 2006. The adoption of SFAS 155 on January 1, 2007, did not have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

ALEXANDER S, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

**2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued**

In March 2006, the FASB issued SFAS 156, *Accounting for Servicing Financial Assets* an amendment of FASB Statement No. 140. SFAS 156 requires separate recognition of a servicing asset and a servicing liability each time an entity undertakes an obligation to service a financial asset by entering into a servicing contract. This statement also requires that servicing assets and liabilities be initially recorded at fair value and subsequently be adjusted to the fair value at the end of each reporting period. SFAS 156 is effective for an entity's first fiscal year that begins after September 15, 2006. The adoption of SFAS 156 on January 1, 2007, did not have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

In July 2006, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, an Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109* ( FIN 48 ). FIN 48 establishes new evaluation and measurement processes for all income tax positions taken. We are currently in the process of analyzing our uncertain tax positions, however, based on information currently available, we believe that the adoption of FIN 48 could result in a cumulative effect adjustment in the range of \$3,500,000 to \$4,800,000, which would be accounted for as a reduction to the January 1, 2007 balance of retained earnings. This estimate is subject to revision upon the completion of our analysis.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS 157, *Fair Value Measurements*. SFAS 157 does not address what to measure at fair value; instead, it addresses how to measure fair value. SFAS 157 applies (with limited exceptions) to existing standards that require assets or liabilities to be measured at fair value. SFAS 157 establishes a fair value hierarchy, giving the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets and the lowest priority to unobservable data and requires new disclosures for assets and liabilities measured at fair value based on their level in the hierarchy. SFAS 157 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. We do not believe that the adoption of SFAS 157 on January 1, 2008, will have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS 158, *Employer's Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans, an Amendment of SFAS No. 87, 88, 106 and 132R*. SFAS 158 requires an employer to (i) recognize in its statement of financial position an asset for a plan's overfunded status or a liability for a plan's underfunded status; (ii) measure a plan's assets and its obligations that determine its funded status as of the end of the employer's fiscal year (with limited exceptions); and (iii) recognize changes in the funded status of a defined benefit postretirement plan in the year in which the changes occur. Those changes will be reported in comprehensive income. The requirement to recognize the funded status of a benefit plan and the disclosure requirements are effective as of the end of the fiscal year ending after December 15, 2006. The requirement to measure plan assets and benefit obligations as of the measurement date provisions is effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2008. The adoption of SFAS 158 is not expected to have any effect on our consolidated financial statements.

In September 2006, the Securities and Exchange Commission issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 108 ( SAB 108 ), which becomes effective for the first fiscal period ending after November 15, 2006. SAB 108 provides guidance on the consideration of the effects of prior period misstatements in quantifying current year misstatements for the purpose of a materiality assessment. SAB 108 requires an entity to evaluate the impact of correcting all misstatements, including both the carryover and reversing effects of prior year misstatements, on current year financial statements. The adoption of SAB 108 on December 31, 2006 did not have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities*. SFAS 159 expands opportunities to use fair value measurement in financial reporting and permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. SFAS 159 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. We have not decided if we will early adopt SFAS 159 or if we will choose to measure any eligible financial assets and liabilities at fair value.





ALEXANDER S, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

**3. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

**Vornado**

Vornado owned 32.8% of our outstanding common stock as of December 31, 2006. We are managed by, and our properties are leased and developed by, Vornado, pursuant to the agreements described below, which expire in March of each year and are automatically renewable.

Management and Development Agreements

We pay Vornado an annual management fee equal to the sum of (i) \$3,000,000, (ii) 3% of gross income from the Kings Plaza Regional Shopping Center, (iii) \$0.50 per square foot of the tenant-occupied office and retail space at 731 Lexington Avenue and (iv) \$220,000, escalating at 3% per annum, for managing the common area of 731 Lexington Avenue.

In addition, Vornado is entitled to a development fee of 6% of development costs, as defined, with minimum guaranteed fees of \$750,000 per annum.

Leasing Agreements

Vornado also provides us with leasing services for a fee of 3% of rent for the first ten years of a lease term, 2% of rent for the eleventh through the twentieth year of a lease term, and 1% of rent for the twenty-first through thirtieth year of a lease term, subject to the payment of rents by tenants. In the event of a sale of an asset, the fee is 3% of gross proceeds, as defined. In the event third party real estate brokers are used, the fees to Vornado increase by 1% and Vornado is responsible for the fees to the third party real estate brokers. Such amounts are payable annually in an amount not to exceed \$2,500,000, with interest at 9% per annum on the unpaid balance.

Effective January 1, 2007, we modified our leasing agreement with Vornado. Pursuant to the modification, (i) the existing 3% commission on asset sales was adjusted so that for asset sales greater than \$50,000,000, the fee is 1% of gross proceeds, as defined; (ii) in the event third party real estate brokers are used in connection with asset sales, the fees to Vornado no longer increase by 1% and Vornado continues to be responsible for the fees to such third party real estate brokers; and (iii) the annual amount payable for fees under this agreement was increased to \$4,000,000, and the interest rate on the unpaid balance was adjusted to one-year LIBOR plus 100 bps per annum (6.34% at January 1, 2007).

Other Agreements

We have also entered into agreements with Building Management Services, a wholly owned subsidiary of Vornado, to supervise cleaning, engineering and security services at our Lexington Avenue and Kings Plaza properties for an annual fee of the cost for such services plus 6%.

731 Lexington Avenue Fees

On July 6, 2005, we completed a \$320,000,000 mortgage financing of the retail space. In connection therewith, we repaid the remaining balance of the construction loan and the \$124,000,000 loan to Vornado. In addition, we paid Vornado the unpaid balance of the development fee of \$20,624,000 and \$6,300,000 for the completion guarantee fee.

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The following table shows the amounts incurred under the management, leasing and development agreements.

(Amounts in thousands)	Year Ended December 31,		
	2006	2005	2004
Company management fees	\$3,000	\$3,000	\$3,000
Development fee, guarantee fee and rent for development office	755	4,431	5,955
Leasing fees	4,505	11,671	12,156
Property management fees and payments for cleaning, engineering and security services	3,383	4,776	2,481
	\$11,643	\$23,878	\$23,592

## ALEXANDER S, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

**3. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS - Continued**

At December 31, 2006, we owed Vornado \$34,214,000 for leasing fees, and \$1,152,000 for management, property management and cleaning fees.

**Other**

In the years ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004, Winston & Strawn LLP, a law firm in which Neil Underberg, a member of our Board of Directors, is of counsel, performed legal services for us for which it was paid \$106,000, \$368,000 and \$323,000, respectively.

**4. DEBT**

On July 6, 2005, the Company completed a \$320,000,000 mortgage financing on the retail space at 731 Lexington Avenue. The loan is interest only at a fixed rate of 4.93% and matures in July 2015. Of the net proceeds of approximately \$312,000,000 (net of mortgage recording tax and closing costs), \$90,000,000 was used to repay the construction loan and \$124,000,000 was used to repay the loans from Vornado. In the event of a substantial casualty, up to \$75,000,000 of this loan may become recourse.

The following is a summary of our outstanding debt, all of which have fixed interest rates.

(Amounts in thousands)	Maturity	Interest Rate at December 31, 2006	Balance at December 31, 2006	2005
First mortgage, secured by the office space at the 731 Lexington Avenue property	Feb. 2014	5.33%	\$ 393,232	\$ 400,000
First mortgage, secured by the retail space at the 731 Lexington Avenue property <sup>(1)</sup>	Jul. 2015	4.93%	320,000	320,000
First mortgage, secured by the Kings Plaza Regional Shopping Center	Jun. 2011	7.46%	207,131	210,539
First mortgage, secured by the Rego Park I Shopping Center	Jun. 2009	7.25%	80,135	80,926
First mortgage, secured by the Paramus property	Oct. 2011	5.92%	68,000	68,000
			\$ 1,068,498	\$ 1,079,465

(1) In the event of a substantial casualty, up to \$75,000,000 of this loan may become recourse to us.

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At December 31, 2006, the principal repayments for the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

(Amounts in thousands) <b>Year Ending December 31,</b>	<b>Amount</b>
2007	\$ 14,088
2008	14,850
2009	93,304
2010	15,842
2011	270,523
Thereafter	659,891

All of our debt is secured by mortgages and/or pledges of the stock of the subsidiaries holding the properties. The net carrying value of real estate collateralizing the debt amounted to \$583,744,000 at December 31, 2006. Our existing financing documents contain covenants that limit our ability to incur additional indebtedness on these properties, provide for lender approval of tenants' leases in certain circumstances, and provide for yield maintenance to prepay them. As of December 31, 2006, we were in compliance with our debt covenants.

## ALEXANDER S, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

**5. MINORITY INTEREST**

Prior to April 15, 2005, we owned and operated an energy plant that generates electrical power at our Kings Plaza Regional Shopping Center. On April 15, 2005, we contributed this 35 year old plant, which has been fully depreciated, and \$750,000 in cash for a 25% interest in a joint venture. The joint venture is rebuilding the plant at a total cost of approximately \$18,350,000, of which \$14,500,000 has been expended through December 31, 2006. We provided the joint venture with a \$15,350,000 loan, of which \$11,426,000 (eliminated in consolidation) has been drawn as of December 31, 2006. The loan bears interest at 8% and matures in April 2020. Pursuant to the provisions of EITF Issue No. 04-5, we are presumed to have control over the joint venture and accordingly consolidate this joint venture. There can be no assurance that this project will be completed, completed on time or completed for the budgeted amount.

**6. NET GAIN ON SALE OF CONDOMINIUMS AND OTHER REAL ESTATE**731 Lexington Avenue

As of December 31, 2006, all of the 105 residential condominium units at 731 Lexington Avenue, were sold and closed. In connection therewith, from inception to December 31, 2006, we realized approximately \$513,800,000 in net sales proceeds, which produced a pre-tax gain of approximately \$137,300,000 and an after-tax net gain of approximately \$74,199,000. Of this income, \$13,256,000 and \$60,943,000 were recognized in the year ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

Other

On August 12, 2004, the Company sold 1.29 acres of land in White Plains, New York for \$4,500,000, resulting in a net gain on sale of \$3,862,000. The Company paid a commission of \$135,000 to Vornado, which was included in the expenses relating to the sale.

**7. LEASES**As Lessor

We lease space to tenants in retail centers and an office building. The rental terms range from approximately 5 to 25 years. The leases provide for the payment of fixed base rents payable monthly in advance as well as reimbursements of real estate taxes, insurance and maintenance costs. Retail leases also provide for the payment by the lessee of additional rents based on a percentage of their sales.

Future base rental revenue under these non-cancelable operating leases is as follows:

(Amounts in thousands)

<b>Year Ending December 31,</b>	<b>Amount</b>
2007	\$ 111,521
2008	113,998
2009	110,394
2010	109,757
2011	107,829
Thereafter	1,382,286

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These future minimum amounts do not include additional rents based on a percentage of tenants' sales. For the years ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004, these rents were \$649,000, \$804,000, and \$911,000, respectively.

Bloomberg L.P. accounted for 34%, 34%, and 36% of our consolidated revenues for the year ended December 31, 2006, 2005, and 2004, respectively. Sears accounted for 11% of our consolidated revenues in 2004. No other tenant accounted for more than 10% of revenues in any of the last three years.

## ALEXANDER S, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

**7. LEASES - continued**As Lessee

We are a tenant under long-term leases that range from approximately 12 to 21 years. Future minimum lease payments under these operating leases are as follows:

(Amounts in thousands)

Year Ending December 31,	Amount
2007	\$ 785
2008	795
2009	803
2010	803
2011	803
Thereafter	12,215

Rent expense was \$785,000, \$662,000 and \$416,000 for the years ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

**8. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**Insurance

We carry comprehensive liability and all risk property insurance for (i) fire, (ii) flood, (iii) extended coverage, (iv) acts of terrorism as defined in the Terrorism Risk Insurance Extension Act of 2005, which expires in 2007, and (v) rental loss insurance with respect to our assets, with limits of (i) \$965,000,000 per occurrence, including certified terrorist acts and \$350,000,000 for non-certified terrorist acts for our 731 Lexington Avenue property, and (ii) \$500,000,000 per occurrence, including certified terrorist acts and \$350,000,000 for non-certified terrorist acts for our other properties. To the extent that we incur losses in excess of our insurance coverage, these losses would be borne by us and could be material.

Our debt instruments, consisting of mortgage loans secured by our properties (which are generally non-recourse to us), contain customary covenants requiring us to maintain insurance. Although we believe that we have adequate insurance coverage under these agreements, we may not be able to obtain an equivalent amount of coverage at reasonable costs in the future. Further, if lenders insist on greater coverage than we are able to obtain, or if the Terrorism Risk Insurance Extension Act of 2005 is not extended past 2007, it could adversely affect our ability to finance and/or refinance our properties.



ALEXANDER S, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

**8. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES - continued**

Environmental Remediation

In June 1997, the Kings Plaza Regional Shopping Center commissioned an Environmental Study and Contamination Assessment Site Investigation (the Phase II Study ) to evaluate and delineate environmental conditions disclosed in a Phase I study. The results of the Phase II Study indicated the presence of petroleum and bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate contamination in the soil and groundwater. We delineated the contamination, developed a remediation approach, and in July 2000 entered into a voluntary cleanup agreement with the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation ( NYSDEC ). We have completed the remediation work required pursuant to the NYSDEC remedial action workplan and have paid \$2,675,000, which was accrued in previous years, for our estimated obligation with respect to the cleanup of the site.

In July 2006, we discovered an oil spill at the above site. Based on a preliminary investigation, the spill may have occurred as a result of the actions of independent contractors retained by us. We have notified the NYSDEC about the spill and will be developing a remediation approach to clean up the site. The estimated costs associated with the clean up of the site will aggregate approximately \$2,500,000, which we expect to be covered under our insurance policy, subject to our \$500,000 deductible, which we have accrued. We intend to pursue all available remedies against parties believed to be at fault to the extent it is cost effective.

On December 12, 2005, an independent contractor that was retained by us to perform services in connection with the environmental remediation at our Kings Plaza Regional Shopping Center, filed a complaint against us in the Supreme Court of the State of New York alleging that we failed to honor the terms and conditions under an August 2005 agreement. The complaint sought approximately \$1,800,000 in damages, based on costs incurred, plus interest and legal fees. In October 2006, we settled this matter for \$1,100,000, which we have capitalized.

Flushing Property

In the fourth quarter of 2003, we recognized \$1,289,000 of income representing a non-refundable purchase deposit of \$1,875,000, net of \$586,000 of costs associated with the transaction, from a party that agreed to purchase this property. The party failed to meet its obligations under a May 30, 2002 purchase contract. On September 10, 2002, November 7, 2002, and July 8, 2004, we received letters from the party demanding return of the deposit. On December 28, 2005, the party filed a complaint against us in the Supreme Court of the State of New York alleging that we failed to honor the terms and conditions of the agreement. The complaint seeks specific performance and, if specific performance is denied, it seeks the return of the deposit plus interest and \$50,000 in costs. Pursuant to discussions with our legal counsel, we do not believe the party is entitled to either specific performance or a return of the deposit and are defending against the action.

In our opinion, after consultation with our legal counsel, the outcome of such matters will not have a material effect on our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

ALEXANDER S, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

**8. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES - continued**

Rego Park II

We own approximately 6.6 acres of land adjacent to our Rego Park I property in Queens, New York, which comprises the entire square block bounded by the Horace Harding Service Road (of the Long Island Expressway), 97<sup>th</sup> Street, 62<sup>nd</sup> Drive and Junction Boulevard.

The proposed development at Rego Park II consists of a mixed-use building containing 600,000 square feet of retail space on four levels, a parking deck containing approximately 1,400 spaces and may also include up to 450 apartments in one or two towers. The funding required for the proposed development may be in excess of \$500,000,000. We are currently exploring various alternatives for financing this project. As of December 31, 2006, we have leased 404,000 square feet of the retail space, of which, 135,000, 134,000 and 135,000 have been leased to Century 21, Kohl's and Home Depot, respectively. There can be no assurance that this project will be completed, completed on time or completed for the budgeted amount.

Kings Plaza

Lowe's Home Improvement Warehouse (Lowe's) will construct its own building adjacent to the Mall, on land leased from us for a 20-year term with five 5-year renewal options. In connection with this project, we have expended approximately \$7,000,000, comprised of \$5,100,000 in environmental remediation and \$1,900,000 in site work. Lowe's will reimburse us for the \$1,900,000 incurred in site work. We have capitalized the remainder of the costs to the basis of the land. The ground lease is expected to commence in the first quarter of 2007 and provides for an initial annual rent of approximately \$2,000,000.

Prior to April 15, 2005, we owned and operated an energy plant that generates electrical power at this property. On April 15, 2005, we contributed this 35 year old plant, which has been fully depreciated, and \$750,000 in cash for a 25% interest in a joint venture. The joint venture is rebuilding the plant at a total cost of approximately \$18,350,000, of which \$14,500,000 has been expended through December 31, 2006. We provided the joint venture with a \$15,350,000 loan, of which \$11,426,000 (eliminated in consolidation) has been drawn as of December 31, 2006. The loan bears interest at 8% and matures in April 2020. There can be no assurance that this project will be completed, completed on time or completed for the budgeted amount.

Letters of Credit

Approximately \$3,900,000 of standby letters of credit were issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2006.

## ALEXANDER S, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

**9. STOCK OPTIONS AND STOCK APPRECIATION RIGHTS**

Our Omnibus Stock Plan (the Plan), which was approved by our stockholders on May 18, 2006, provides for grants of incentive and non-qualified stock options, restricted stock, SARs and performance shares, as defined, to the directors, officers and employees of the Company and Vornado, and any other person or entity as designated by the Omnibus Stock Plan Committee of our Board of Directors (the Committee). At December 31, 2006, there were 895,000 shares available for future grant under the Plan which will increase by the 850,000 SARs outstanding, upon their exercise.

Stock Options

Stock Options granted, have exercise prices equal to 100% of the market price of our common stock on the date of grant, vest on a graduated basis, becoming fully vested 36 months after grant, and expire ten years from the date of grant.

Prior to 2003, we accounted for stock-based compensation using the intrinsic value method. Under this method, we did not recognize compensation expense as the option exercise price equaled the closing share price of our common stock on the date of grant. On January 1, 2003, we adopted SFAS 123, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation*, as amended, on a prospective basis. SFAS 123 requires that compensation cost relating to share-based payment transactions be recognized in financial statements and measured based on the fair value of the equity or liability instruments issued. There were no stock option grants in 2006, 2005 and 2004; accordingly, no compensation expense was recognized during such years. There were 11,950, 10,150 and 13,000 options exercised during the years ended December 31, 2006, 2005, and 2004, respectively. Cash received from option exercises in each of the years ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004 was \$841,000, \$715,000 and \$914,000, respectively. Below is a summary of our stock option activity under the Plan for the year ended December 31, 2006.

	Options	Weighted- Average Exercise Price	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Term	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at January 1, 2006	81,850	\$ 70.38	3.2	
Granted				
Exercised	(11,950 )	70.38		
Cancelled				
Outstanding at December 31, 2006	69,900	\$ 70.38	2.2	\$4,919,000
Exercisable at December 31, 2006	69,900	\$ 70.38	2.2	\$4,919,000

Stock Appreciation Rights

SARs are granted at 100% of the market price of our common stock on the date of grant. Compensation expense for each SAR is measured by the excess of the stock price at the current balance sheet date over the stock price at the previous balance sheet date. If the stock price is lower at the current balance sheet date, previously recognized expense is reversed, but not below zero.

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On December 29, 2005, Michael Fascitelli, our President, exercised 350,000 of his existing SARs which were scheduled to expire in December 2006 and received \$173.82 for each SAR exercised, representing the difference between our stock price of \$247.70 (the average of the high and low market price) on the date of exercise and the exercise price of \$73.88. This exercise was consistent with our tax planning.

## ALEXANDER S, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## 9. STOCK OPTIONS AND STOCK APPRECIATION RIGHTS - continued

On January 10, 2006, the Committee granted Mr. Fascitelli a SAR covering 350,000 shares of our common stock. The exercise price of the SAR is \$243.83 per share of common stock, which is the average of the high and low trading price of our common stock on the date of grant. The SAR became exercisable on July 10, 2006. Mr. Fascitelli's early exercise and the related tax consequences for us were factors in our decision to make the new grant to him.

As of December 31, 2006, 850,000 SARs were outstanding and exercisable, of which 350,000 expire on March 14, 2007 and 500,000 expire on March 4, 2009. These SARs have a weighted-average exercise price of \$141.80. Since the SARs agreements require that they be settled in cash, we would have had to pay \$236,176,000 if the holders of these SARs had exercised their SARs on December 31, 2006. Any change in our stock price from the closing price of \$419.65 at December 31, 2006 would increase or decrease the amount we would have to pay upon exercise.

## 10. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share, including a reconciliation of net income and the number of shares used in computing basic and diluted earnings per share. Basic earnings per share are determined using the weighted average shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is determined using the weighted average shares of common stock outstanding during the period and assumes all potentially dilutive securities were converted into common shares at the earliest date possible.

	For the Year Ended December 31,		
	2006	2005	2004
(Amounts in thousands, except share and per share amounts)			
<b>Numerator:</b>			
(Loss) income from continuing operations	\$ (88,239 )	\$ 21,298	\$ (37,331 )
Net gain on sale of condominiums in 2006 and 2005 and other real estate in 2004, after income taxes	13,256	60,943	3,862
Net (loss) income applicable to common shares - Basic and Diluted	\$ (74,983 )	\$ 82,241	\$ (33,469 )
Weighted average shares outstanding - Basic	5,025,726	5,021,350	5,008,222
Effect of stock options		58,821	
Weighted average shares outstanding - Diluted	5,025,726	5,080,171	5,008,222
<b>(Loss) Income per common share - Basic:</b>			
(Loss) income from continuing operations	\$ (17.56 )	\$ 4.24	\$ (7.45 )
Net gain on sale of condominiums in 2006 and 2005 and other real estate in 2004, after income taxes	2.64	12.14	.77
Net (loss) income per common share	\$ (14.92 )	\$ 16.38	\$ (6.68 )
<b>(Loss) Income per common share - Diluted:</b>			
(Loss) income from continuing operations	\$ (17.56 )	\$ 4.19	\$ (7.45 )
Net gain on sale of condominiums in 2006 and 2005 and other real estate in 2004, after income taxes	2.64	12.00	.77
Net (loss) income per common share	\$ (14.92 )	\$ 16.19	\$ (6.68 )

Options to purchase 69,900 and 92,000 shares of our common stock were not included in the calculations of net loss per share in the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2004, respectively, as they were anti-dilutive.



## ALEXANDER S, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## 11. SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS (UNAUDITED)

(Amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)	Revenue	Net (Loss) Income Applicable to Common Shares	(Loss) Income Per Common Share <sup>(1)</sup> Basic	Diluted
<b>2006</b>				
December 31	\$ 50,226	\$ (74,361 )	\$ (14.79 )	\$ (14.79 )
September 30	50,799	(18,616 )	(3.70 )	(3.70 )
June 30	49,371	36,851	7.33	7.25
March 31	48,376	(18,857 )	(3.75 )	(3.75 )
<b>2005</b>				
December 31	\$ 50,286	\$ 40,313	\$ 8.02	\$ 7.93
September 30	47,388	(6,754 )	(1.34 )	(1.34 )
June 30	45,735	17,464	3.48	3.44
March 31	43,676	31,218	6.22	6.15
<b>2004</b>				
December 31	\$ 41,496	\$ (1,307 )	\$ (0.26 )	\$ (0.26 )
September 30	38,835	(11,693 )	(2.33 )	(2.33 )
June 30	34,799	2,523	0.50	0.50
March 31	33,765	(22,992 )	(4.60 )	(4.60 )

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(1) The total for the year may differ from the sum of the quarters as a result of weighting.

**ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE**

None.

**ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

(a) Disclosure Controls and Procedures Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, have evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) as of the end of the period covered by this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Based on such evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the end of such period, our disclosure controls and procedures are effective.

**MANAGEMENT'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER**

**FINANCIAL REPORTING**

Management of Alexander's, Inc., together with its consolidated subsidiaries (the Company), is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. The Company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed under the supervision of the Company's principal executive and principal financial officers to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of the Company's financial statements for external reporting purposes in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

As of December 31, 2006, management conducted an assessment of the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on the framework established in Internal Control - Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). Based on this assessment, management has determined that the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2006 is effective.

Our internal control over financial reporting includes policies and procedures that pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect transactions and dispositions of assets; provide reasonable assurances that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and the directors of the Company; and provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on our financial statements.

Management's assessment of the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2006 has been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report appearing on page 56 which expresses unqualified opinions on management's assessment and on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2006.





**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

Board of Directors and Stockholders

Alexander's, Inc.

Paramus, New Jersey

We have audited management's assessment, included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting, that Alexander's, Inc., and its consolidated subsidiaries (the Company) maintained effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2006, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. The Company's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on management's assessment and an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, evaluating management's assessment, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed by, or under the supervision of, the company's principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, and effected by the company's board of directors, management, and other personnel to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of the inherent limitations of internal control over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may not be prevented or detected on a timely basis. Also, projections of any evaluation of the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, management's assessment that the Company maintained effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2006, is fairly stated, in all material respects, based on the criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Also in our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2006, based on the criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

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We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated financial statements and the related financial statement schedules as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006 of the Company and our report dated February 26, 2007 expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements and financial statement schedules.

/s/ DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP

Parsippany, New Jersey

February 26, 2007

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**ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION**

None.

**PART III**

**ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

Information relating to our directors will be contained in a definitive Proxy Statement involving the election of directors and pursuant to Regulation 14A under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. We will file the Proxy Statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission no later than 120 days after December 31, 2006. Such information is incorporated by reference herein. For information concerning our executive officers, see Executive Officers of the Registrant in Part I of this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Also incorporated herein by reference is the information under the caption Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance of the Proxy Statement.

We have a code of business conduct and ethics that applies to our Chief Executive Officer and Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, among others. The code is posted on our website at [www.Alx-Inc.com](http://www.Alx-Inc.com). We intend to satisfy our disclosure obligation regarding amendments and waivers of this code applicable to our Chief Executive Office and Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer by posting such information on our website.

**ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

Information relating to executive compensation will be contained in the Proxy Statement referred to above in Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance. Such information is incorporated by reference herein.

**ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS**

Information relating to security ownership of certain beneficial owners and management and related stockholder matters, except as set forth below, will be contained in the Proxy Statement referred to in Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance of this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Such information is incorporated by reference herein.

*Equity Compensation Plan Information*

The following table provides information as of December 31, 2006, regarding our equity compensation.

Plan Category	(a) Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options,	Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding
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	warrants and rights		securities reflected in column (a)	
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	69,900	\$ 70.38	895,000	(1)
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Total	69,900	\$ 70.38	895,000	(1)

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(1) Excludes 850,000 SARs outstanding as of December 31, 2006, which upon exercise, will increase the number of securities available for future grant under the equity compensation plan.

**ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE**

Information relating to certain relationships and related transactions and director independence will be contained in the Proxy Statement referred to above in Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance. Such information is incorporated by reference herein.

**ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING FEES AND SERVICES**

Information relating to principal accounting fees and services will be contained in the Proxy Statement referred to in Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance of the Annual Report on Form 10-K. Such information is incorporated by reference herein.

**PART IV**

**ITEM 15. EXHIBITS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

(a) The following documents are filed as part of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

1. The consolidated financial statements are set forth in Item 8 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

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2. The following financial statement schedules should be read in conjunction with the financial statements included in Item 8 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

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	<b>Pages in this Annual Report on Form 10-K</b>
Schedule II Valuation and Qualifying Accounts years ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004	60
Schedule III Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation as of December 31, 2006	61

All other financial statement schedules are omitted because they are not applicable, not required, or the information is included elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements or the notes thereto.

3. The following exhibits listed on the Exhibit Index are filed with this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

**Exhibit No.**

21	Subsidiaries of Registrant
23	Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
31.1	Rule 13a-14 (a) Certification of the Chief Executive Officer
31.2	Rule 13a-14 (a) Certification of the Chief Financial Officer
32.1	Section 1350 Certification of the Chief Executive Officer
32.2	Section 1350 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer

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### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

**ALEXANDER S, INC.**  
(Registrant)

Date: February 26, 2007

By: /s/ Joseph Macnow  
Joseph Macnow, Executive Vice President  
and Chief Financial Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<b>Signature</b>	<b>Title</b>	<b>Date</b>
By: /s/Steven Roth (Steven Roth)	Chairman of the Board of Trustees (Principal Executive Officer)	February 26, 2007
By: /s/Michael D. Fascitelli (Michael D. Fascitelli)	President and Trustee	February 26, 2007
By: /s/Joseph Macnow (Joseph Macnow)	Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)	February 26, 2007
By: /s/Thomas R. DiBenedetto (Thomas R. DiBenedetto)	Director	February 26, 2007
By: /s/David Mandelbaum (David Mandelbaum)	Director	February 26, 2007
By: /s/Stephen Mann (Stephen Mann)	Chief Operating Officer and Director	February 26, 2007
By: /s/Arthur Sonnenblick (Arthur Sonnenblick)	Director	February 26, 2007
By: /s/Neil Underberg (Neil Underberg)	Director	February 26, 2007
By: /s/Richard R. West Richard R. West	Director	February 26, 2007
By: /s/Russell B. Wight Jr. (Russell B. Wight Jr)	Director	February 26, 2007



## ALEXANDER S, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## SCHEDULE II

## VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS

(Amounts in thousands)

<b>Column A</b>	<b>Column B</b>	<b>Column C</b>	<b>Column D</b>	<b>Column E</b>
<b>Description</b>	<b>Balance at Beginning of Year</b>	<b>Additions: Charged Against Operations</b>	<b>Deductions: Uncollectible Accounts Written Off</b>	<b>Balance at End of Year</b>
<i>Allowance for doubtful accounts:</i>				
Year Ended December 31, 2006	\$ 526	\$ 97	\$ 142	\$ 481
Year Ended December 31, 2005	\$ 379	\$ 208	\$ 61	\$ 526
Year Ended December 31, 2004	\$ 55	\$ 384	\$ 60	\$ 379

ALEXANDERS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

SCHEDULE III - REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION

DECEMBER 31, 2006

(Amounts in thousands)

Column A	Column B	Column C Initial Cost to Company <sup>(1)</sup>		Column D	Column E Gross Amount at Which Carried at Close of Period			Column F	Column G	Column H	Column I	Life on Which Depreciation in Latest Income Statement is Computed
		Land	Building, Leaseholds and Leasehold Improvements <sup>(2)</sup>	Cost Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition <sup>(2)</sup>	Land	Building, Leaseholds and Leasehold Improvements	Construction In Progress	Total <sup>(2)</sup>	Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	Date of Construction	Date Acquired <sup>(3)</sup>	
Commercial Property:												
New York, NY												
Rego Park I	\$80,135	\$1,647	\$8,953	\$48,689	\$1,647	\$57,642	\$	\$59,289	\$16,455	1959	1992	15-39 years
Rego Park II		3,127	1,467	19,795	3,127		21,262	24,389		1965	1992	38-39 years
Rego Park III		779		479	779		479	1,258		1965	1992	38-39 years
Flushing			1,660	708		1,552	816	2,368	317	1975	(3)1992	26 years
Lexington Ave	713,232	14,432	12,355	424,978	27,498	424,267		451,765	29,940	2003	1992	5-39 years
Kings Plaza Regional Shopping Center	207,131	497	9,542	131,359	24,483	96,134	20,781	141,398	34,067	1970	1992	7-50 years
Paramus, NJ	68,000	1,441		10,313	11,754			11,754			1992	
Other Properties		167	1,804	(1,804)	(4)167			167		Various	1992	7-25 years
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$1,068,498</b>	<b>\$22,090</b>	<b>\$35,781</b>	<b>\$634,517</b>	<b>\$69,455</b>	<b>\$579,595</b>	<b>\$43,338</b>	<b>\$692,388</b>	<b>\$80,779</b>			

(1) Initial cost is as of May 15, 1992 (the date on which the Company commenced its real estate operations) unless acquired subsequent to that date. See Column H.

(2) The net basis of the Company's assets and liabilities for tax purposes is approximately \$17,333,000 lower than the amount reported for financial statement purposes.

(3) This date represents the lease acquisition date.

(4) Cost of fully depreciated assets that were written off.



## ALEXANDER S, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## SCHEDULE III - REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION

(Amounts in thousands)

	<b>December 31,</b>		
	<b>2006</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>
<b>REAL ESTATE:</b>			
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 699,136	\$ 955,107	\$ 826,546
Additions during the period:			
Land			181
Buildings, leaseholds and leasehold improvements	9,864	127,981	95,240
Construction in progress	8,231	(383,952)	33,140
	717,231	699,136	955,107
Assets sold and written off	24,843		
Balance at end of period	\$ 692,388	\$ 699,136	\$ 955,107
<b>ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION:</b>			
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 88,976	\$ 74,028	\$ 62,744
Additions charged to operating expenses	16,646	14,948	11,284
	105,622	88,976	74,028
Assets sold and written off	24,843		
Balance at end of period	\$ 80,779	\$ 88,976	\$ 74,028

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### EXHIBIT INDEX

#### Exhibit

#### No.

- |      |   |   |   |
|------|---|---|---|
| 3.1  | - | Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 3.1 to the registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-3 filed on September 20, 1995   | * |
| 3.2  | - | By-laws, as amended. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10.1 to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2000  | * |
| 10.1 | - | Limited Liability Company Operating Agreement of 731 Residential LLC, dated as of July 3, 2002, among 731 Residential Holding LLC, as the sole member, Domenic A. Borriello, as an Independent Manager and Kim Lutthang, as an Independent Manager. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(i)(A)(1) to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2002 | * |
| 10.2 | - | Limited Liability Company Operating Agreement of 731 Commercial LLC, dated as of July 3, 2002, among 731 Commercial Holding LLC, as the sole member, Domenic A. Borriello, as an Independent Manager and Kim Lutthang, as an Independent Manager. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(i)(A)(2) to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2002   | * |
| 10.3 | - | Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated July 3, 2002 between 59th Street Corporation and Vornado Lending, LLC (evidencing \$40,000,000 of debt on which 59th Street Corporation became the direct borrower). Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(i)(B)(1) to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2002                                    | * |
| 10.4 | - | Credit Agreement, dated July 3, 2002, between Alexander's Inc. and Vornado Lending LLC evidencing a \$20,000,000 loan. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(i)(B)(2) to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2002  | * |
| 10.5 | - | Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated July 3, 2002, between Alexander's Inc. and Vornado Lending LLC evidencing a \$50,000,000 line of credit facility. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(i)(B)(3) to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2002.  | * |
| 10.6 | - | Credit Agreement, dated July 3, 2002, between Alexander's Inc. and Vornado Lending LLC evidencing a \$35,000,000 loan. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(i)(B)(4) to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2002  | * |
| 10.7 | - | Building Loan Agreement, dated as of July 3, 2002, by and between 731 Commercial LLC and 731 Residential LLC, collectively as Borrower, and Bayerische Hypo-und Vereinsbank AG, New York Branch, as Agent for the Lenders. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(i)(C) to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2002                             | * |





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- 10.8 - Project Loan Agreement, dated as of July 3, 2002, by and between 731 Commercial LLC and 731 Residential LLC, collectively as Borrower, and Bayerische Hypo-und Vereinsbank AG, New York Branch, as Agent for the Lenders. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(i)(C)(1) to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2002 \*
- 10.9 - Supplemental Loan Agreement, dated as of July 3, 2002, by and between 731 Commercial LLC and 731 Residential LLC, collectively as Borrower, and Bayerische Hypo-und Vereinsbank AG, New York Branch, as Agent for the Lenders. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(i)(C)(2) to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2002 \*
- 10.10 - Consolidated, Amended and Restated Building Loan Mortgage, dated as of July 3, 2002, by and between 731 Commercial LLC and 731 Residential LLC, collectively as Borrower, and Bayerische Hypo-und Vereinsbank AG, New York Branch, as Agent for the Lenders. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(i)(C)(3) to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2002 \*
- 10.11 - Consolidated, Amended and Restated Building Loan Note, dated as of July 3, 2002 by and between 731 Commercial LLC and 731 Residential LLC, collectively as Borrower, and Bayerische Hypo-und Vereinsbank AG, New York Branch, as Agent for the Lenders. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(i)(C)(4) to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2002 \*
- 10.12 - Guaranty of Completion, dated as of July 3, 2002, executed by Vornado Realty L.P. for the benefit of Bayerische Hypo-und Vereinsbank AG, New York Branch, as Agent for the Lenders. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(i)(C)(5) to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2002 \*
- 10.13 - Guaranty of Carry Obligations, dated as of July 3, 2002, executed by Alexander's, Inc. for the benefit of Bayerische Hypo-und Vereinsbank AG, New York Branch, as Agent for the Lenders. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(i)(C)(6) to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2002 \*
- 10.14 - Environmental Indemnity Agreement, dated as of July 3, 2002, executed by Alexander's, Inc., 731 Residential LLC and 731 Commercial LLC in favor of Bayerische Hypo-und Vereinsbank AG, New York Branch, as Agent for the Lenders. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(i)(C)(7) to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2002 \*
- 10.15 - Reimbursement Agreement, dated as of July 3, 2002, by and between Alexander's, Inc., 731 Commercial LLC, 731 Residential LLC and Vornado Realty, L.P. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(i)(C)(8) to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2002 \*
- 10.16 - First Omnibus Amendment to Loan Documents, dated March 5, 2003, among 731 Commercial LLC and 731 Residential LLC, collectively as Borrower, and Hypo Real Estate Capital Corporation, as Agent for the Lenders. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10.16 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 \*

\* Incorporated by reference.



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- 10.17 - Second Omnibus Amendment to Loan Documents, dated February 13, 2004, among 731 Commercial LLC and 731 Residential LLC, collectively as Borrower, and Hypo Real Estate Capital Corporation, as Agent for the Lenders. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10.17 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 \*
- 10.18 - First Amendment to Building Loan Agreement, dated March 5, 2003, between 731 Commercial LLC and 731 Residential LLC, collectively as Borrower, and Hypo Real Estate Capital Corporation, as Agent for the Lenders. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10.18 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 \*
- 10.19 - Second Amendment to Building Loan Agreement, dated February 13, 2004, between 731 Commercial LLC and 731 Residential LLC, collectively as Borrower, and Hypo Real Estate Capital Corporation, as Agent for the Lenders. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10.19 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 \*
- 10.20 - Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of February 13, 2004, between 731 Office One LLC, as Borrower and German American Capital Corporation, as Lender. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10.20 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 \*
- 10.21 - Amended, Restated and Consolidated Mortgage, Security Agreement, Financing Statement and Assignment of Leases, Rent and Security Deposits by and between 731 Office One LLC as Borrower and German American Capital Corporation as Lender, dated as of February 13, 2004. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10.21 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 \*
- 10.22 - Amended, Restated and Consolidated Note, dated as of February 13, 2004, by 731 Office One LLC in favor of German American Capital Corporation. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10.22 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 \*
- 10.23 - Assignment of Leases, Rents and Security Deposits from 731 Office One LLC to German American Capital Corporation, dated as of February 13, 2004. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10.23 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 \*
- 10.24 - Account and Control Agreement, dated as of February 13, 2004, by and among German American Capital Corporation as Lender, and 731 Office One LLC as Borrower, and JP Morgan Chase as Cash Management Bank. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10.24 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 \*
- 10.25 - Manager's Consent and Subordination of Management Agreement dated February 13, 2004 by 731 Office One LLC and Alexander's Management LLC and German American Capital Corporation. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10.25 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 \*

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\* Incorporated by reference.



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- 10.26 - Note Exchange Agreement dated as of February 13, 2004 by and between 731 Office One LLC and German American Capital Corporation. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10.26 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 \*
- 10.27 - Promissory Note A-1 dated as of February 13, 2004 and 731 Office One LLC in favor of German American Capital Corporation. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10.27 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 \*
- 10.28 - Promissory Note A-2 dated as of February 13, 2004 and 731 Office One LLC in favor of German American Capital Corporation. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10.28 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 \*
- 10.29 - Promissory Note A-3 dated as of February 13, 2004 and 731 Office One LLC in favor of German American Capital Corporation. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10.29 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 \*
- 10.30 - Promissory Note A-4 dated as of February 13, 2004, and 731 Office One LLC in favor of German American Capital Corporation. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10.30 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 \*
- 10.31 - Promissory Note A-X dated as of February 13, 2004, and 731 Office One LLC in favor of German American Capital Corporation. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10.31 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 \*
- 10.32 - Promissory Note B dated as of February 13, 2004, and 731 Office One LLC in favor of German American Capital Corporation. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10.32 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 \*
- 10.33 - Guaranty of Recourse Obligations dated as of February 13, 2004, by Alexander's, Inc. to and for the benefit of German American Capital Corporation. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10.33 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 \*
- 10.34 - Environmental Indemnity dated as of February 13, 2004, by Alexander's, Inc. and 731 Office One LLC for the benefit of German American Capital Corporation. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10.34 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 \*
- 10.35 - Amended, Restated and Consolidated Mortgage and Security Agreement, dated May 12, 1999, between The Chase Manhattan Bank, as mortgagee, and Alexander's Rego Shopping Center Inc., as mortgagor. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(i)(E) to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2000 \*
- 10.36 - Real Estate Retention Agreement dated as of July 20, 1992, between Vornado Realty Trust and Keen Realty Consultants, Inc., each as special real estate consultants, and the \*

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Company. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(i)(O) to the registrant's  
Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended July 25, 1992

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\* Incorporated by reference.

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- 10.37 - Extension Agreement to the Real Estate Retention Agreement, dated as of February 6, 1995, between the Company and Vornado Realty Trust. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(i)(G)(2) to the registrant's Annual Report Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1994 \*
- 10.38 - Amendment to Real Estate Retention Agreement, dated as of July 3, 2002, by and between Alexander's, Inc. and Vornado Realty, L.P. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(i)(E)(3) to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2002 \*
- 10.39 - 59<sup>th</sup> Street Real Estate Retention Agreement, dated as of July 3, 2002, by and between Vornado Realty, L.P., 731 Residential LLC and 731 Commercial LLC. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(i)(E)(4) to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2002 \*
- 10.40 - Amended and Restated Management and Development Agreement, dated as of July 3, 2002, by and between Alexander's, Inc., the subsidiaries party thereto and Vornado Management Corp. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(i)(F)(1) to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2002 \*
- 10.41 - 59<sup>th</sup> Street Management and Development Agreement, dated as of July 3, 2002, by and between 731 Commercial LLC and Vornado Management Corp. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(i)(F)(2) to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2002 \*
- 10.42 - Kings Plaza Management Agreement, dated as of May 31, 2001, by and between Alexander's Kings Plaza LLC and Vornado Management Corp. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(i)(F)(3) to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2002 \*
- 10.43 - Agreement of Lease for Rego Park, Queens, New York, between Alexander's, Inc. and Sears Roebuck & Co. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10.1 to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 1994 \*
- 10.44 - Lease for Roosevelt Avenue, Flushing, New York, dated as of December 1, 1992, between the Company, as landlord, and Caldor, as tenant. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit (ii)(E)(7) to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended July 25, 1992 \*
- 10.45 - First Amendment to Sublease for Roosevelt Avenue, Flushing, New York, dated as of February 22, 1995 between the Company, as sublandlord, and Caldor, as tenant. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(ii)(A)(8)(b) to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1994 \*
- 10.46 - Lease Agreement, dated March 1, 1993 by and between the Company and Alex Third Avenue Acquisition Associates. Incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10(ii)(F) to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended July 31, 1993 \*
- 10.47 - Agreement of Lease for Rego Park, Queens, New York, between the Company and Marshalls of Richfield, MN, Inc., dated as of March 1, 1995. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(ii)(A)(12)(a) to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1994 \*





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- 10.48 - Guaranty, dated March 1, 1995, of the Lease described in Exhibit 10(ii)(A)(6)(a) above by the Company. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(ii)(A)(12)(b) to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1994 \*
- 10.49 - Employment Agreement, dated February 9, 1995, between the Company and Stephen Mann. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(iii)(B) to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1994 \*
- 10.50 - Registrant's Omnibus Stock Plan, as amended, dated May 28, 1997. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10 to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 1997 \*
- 10.51 - Amended and Restated Consolidated Mortgage and Security Agreement dated as of May 31, 2001 among Alexander's Kings Plaza LLC as mortgagor, Alexander's of King LLC as mortgagor and Kings Parking LLC as mortgagor, collectively borrower, to Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as mortgagee. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(v) A1 to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2001 \*
- 10.52 - Amended, Restated and Consolidated Promissory Note, dated as of May 31, 2001 by and between Alexander's Kings Plaza LLC, Alexander's of Kings LLC, and Kings Parking LLC collectively borrower, and Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York, lender. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(v) A2 to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2001 \*
- 10.53 - Cash Management Agreement dated as of May 31, 2001 by and between Alexander's Kings Plaza LLC, Alexander's of Kings LLC, and Kings Parking LLC collectively borrower, and Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York, lender. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(v) A3 to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2001 \*
- 10.54 - Note modification and Severance Agreement dated as of November 26, 2001, between Alexander's Kings Plaza LLC, Alexander's of Kings LLC, and Kings Parking LLC collectively borrower and JP Morgan Chase Bank of New York, lender. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(v)(A)(4) to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001 \*
- 10.55 - Agreement of Lease dated as of April 30, 2001 between Seven Thirty One Limited Partnership, landlord, and Bloomberg L.P., tenant. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(v) B to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2001 \*
- 10.56 - First Amendment of Lease, dated as of April 19, 2002, between Seven Thirty One Limited Partnership, landlord and Bloomberg L.P., tenant. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(v)(B)(2) to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2002. \*
- 10.57 - Loan Agreement dated as of October 2, 2001 by and between ALX of Paramus LLC as borrower, and SVENSKA HANDELSBANKEN AB (publ), as lender. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(v)(C)(1) to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001 \*



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- 10.58 - Mortgage, Security Agreement and Fixture Financing Statement dated as of October 2, 2001 by and between ALX of Paramus LLC as borrower, and SVENSKA HANDELSBANKEN AB (publ), as lender. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(v)(C)(2) to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001 \*
- 10.59 - Environmental undertaking letter dated as of October 2, 2001 by and between ALX of Paramus LLC, as borrower, and SVENSKA HANDELSBANKEN AB (publ), as lender. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(v)(C)(3) to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2001 \*
- 10.60 - Lease dated as of October 2, 2001 by and between ALX of Paramus LLC, as Landlord, and IKEA Property, Inc. as Tenant. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(v)(C)(4) to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001 \*
- 10.61 - Form of Stock Option Agreement between the Company and certain employees Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10.61 to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2005 \*
- 10.62 - Form of Restricted Stock Option Agreement between the Company and certain employees Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10.62 to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2005 \*
- 10.63 - Stock Appreciation Right Agreement dated as of January 10, 2006, between Michael D. Fascitelli and Alexander's Inc. Incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10.1 to the registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K for January 10, 2006 \*
- 10.64 - Amendment to Real Estate Retention Agreement, dated as of January 1, 2007, by and between Alexander's, Inc. and Vornado Realty L.P.
- 10.65 - Amendment to 59<sup>th</sup> Street Real Estate Retention agreement, dated as of January 1, 2007, by and among Vornado Realty L.P., 731 Retail One LLC, 731 Restaurant LLC, 731 Office One LLC and 731 Office Two LLC.
- 21 - Subsidiaries of Registrant
- 23 - Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- 31.1 - Rule 13a-14 (a) Certification of the Chief Executive Officer
- 31.2 - Rule 13a-14 (a) Certification of the Chief Financial Officer
- 32.1 - Section 1350 Certification of the Chief Executive Officer
- 32.2 - Section 1350 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer

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\* Incorporated by reference.

