EXXON MOBIL CORP Form 10-Q November 07, 2007

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D. C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(X) QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF

THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2007

or

() TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF

THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from ______to____

Commission File Number 1-2256

EXXON MOBIL CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

NEW JERSEY	13-5409005
(State or other jurisdiction of	(I.R.S. Employer
incorporation or organization)	Identification Number)
5959 Las Colinas Boulevard, Irving, Texas	75039-2298
(Address of principal executive offices)	(Zip Code)

(972) 444-1000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes <u>X</u> No__

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer <u>X</u> Accelerated filer <u>Non-accelerated filer</u>

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes $_$ No \underline{X}

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class

Common stock, without par value

Outstanding as of September 30, 2007

5,463,625,615

EXXON MOBIL CORPORATION

FORM 10-Q

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

EXXON MOBIL CORPORATION

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME

(millions of dollars)

	Three Mont Septemb		Nine Month Septemb	
	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
REVENUES AND OTHER INCOME				
Sales and other operating revenue (1)	\$ 99,130	\$ 96,268	\$ 278,363	\$ 278,609
Income from equity affiliates	2,158	1,778	6,088	5,265
Other income	1,049	1,547	3,459	3,733
Total revenues and other income	102,337	99,593	287,910	287,607
COSTS AND OTHER DEDUCTIONS				
Crude oil and product purchases	51,973	49,364	139,642	140,365
Production and manufacturing expenses	7,884	7,057	22,845	21,897
Selling, general and administrative expenses	3,656	3,412	10,836	10,435
Depreciation and depletion	3,159	2,730	9,095	8,134
Exploration expenses, including dry holes	349	352	974	810
Interest expense	73	281	272	553
Sales-based taxes (1)	7,970	7,764	23,064	23,639
Other taxes and duties	10,229	10,163	29,708	29,206
	284	292	722	727

Income applicable to minority interests				
Total costs and other deductions	85,577	81,415	237,158	235,766
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	16,760	18,178	50,752	51,841
Income taxes	7,350	7,688	21,802	22,591
NET INCOME	\$ 9,410	\$ 10,490	\$ 28,950	\$ 29,250
NET INCOME PER COMMON SHARE (dollars)	\$ 1.72	\$ 1.79	\$ 5.21	\$ 4.91
NET INCOME PER COMMON SHARE - ASSUMING DILUTION (dollars)	\$ 1.70	\$ 1.77	\$ 5.15	\$ 4.86
DIVIDENDS PER COMMON SHARE (dollars)	\$ 0.35	\$ 0.32	\$ 1.02	\$ 0.96
(1) Sales-based taxes included in sales and other operating revenue	\$ 7,970	\$ 7,764	\$ 23,064	\$ 23,639

The information in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements is an integral part of these statements.

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EXXON MOBIL CORPORATION

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

(millions of dollars)

	Sept. 30,	Dec. 31,
ASSETS	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 31,423	\$ 28,244
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted (note 3)	4,604	4,604
Marketable securities	190	0
Notes and accounts receivable - net	31,832	28,942
Inventories		
Crude oil, products and merchandise	10,883	8,979
Materials and supplies	2,136	1,735
Prepaid taxes and expenses	4,179	3,273
Total current assets	85,247	75,777
Property, plant and equipment - net	119,102	113,687
Investments and other assets	32,312	29,551
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 236,661	\$ 219,015
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Notes and loans payable	\$ 2,095	\$ 1,702
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	43,525	39,082
Income taxes payable	10,300	8,033
Total current liabilities	55,920	48,817
Long-term debt	6,896	6,645
Deferred income tax liabilities	22,329	20,851
Other long-term liabilities	32,913	28,858
TOTAL LIABILITIES	118,058	105,171

Commitments and contingencies (note 3)

SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Common stock, without par value:

Authorized:

9,000 million shares		
Issued:	4,988	4,786
8,019 million shares		
Earnings reinvested	218,761	195,207
Accumulated other comprehensive income		
Cumulative foreign exchange translation adjustment	7,433	3,733
Postretirement benefits reserves adjustment	(6,584)	(6,495)
Common stock held in treasury:		
2,556 million shares at September 30, 2007	(105,995)	
2,290 million shares at December 31, 2006		(83,387)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	118,603	113,844
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 236,661	\$ 219,015

The number of shares of common stock issued and outstanding at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006 were 5,463,625,615 and 5,728,702,212, respectively.

The information in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements is an integral part of these statements.

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EXXON MOBIL CORPORATION

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(millions of dollars)

	Nine Months Ended		
	September	r 30,	
	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net income	\$ 28,950	\$ 29,250	
Depreciation and depletion	9,095	8,134	
Changes in operational working capital, excluding cash and debt	1,283	3,836	
All other items - net	1,339	(796)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	40,667	40,424	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(10,827)	(11,301)	
Sales of subsidiaries, investments, and property, plant and equipment	2,422	2,328	
Other investing activities - net	(1,660)	(1,791)	
Net cash used in investing activities	(10,065)	(10,764)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Additions to long-term debt	104	123	
Reductions in long-term debt	(111)	(31)	
Additions/(reductions) in short-term debt - net	186	245	
Cash dividends to ExxonMobil shareholders	(5,718)	(5,775)	
Cash dividends to minority interests	(252)	(207)	

Changes in minority interests and sales/(purchases)		
of affiliate stock	(510)	(380)
Tax benefits related to stock-based awards	356	270
Common stock acquired	(23,884)	(21,208)
Common stock sold	891	829
Net cash used in financing activities	(28,938)	(26,134)
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash	1,515	537
Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	3,179	4,063
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	28,244	28,671
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	\$ 31,423	\$ 32,734
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES		
Income taxes paid	\$ 17,947	\$ 18,637
Cash interest paid	\$ 376	\$ 1,099

The information in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements is an integral part of these statements.

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EXXON MOBIL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1.

Basis of Financial Statement Preparation

These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in the context of the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission in the Corporation's 2006 Annual Report on Form 10-K. In the opinion of the Corporation, the information furnished herein reflects all known accruals and adjustments necessary for a fair statement of the results for the periods reported herein. All such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. The Corporation's exploration and production activities are accounted for under the "successful efforts" method.

2.

Accounting Change for Uncertainty in Income Taxes

Effective January 1, 2007, the Corporation adopted the Financial Accounting Standards Board s (FASB) Interpretation No. 48 (FIN 48), "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes". FIN 48 is an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes", and prescribes a comprehensive model for recognizing, measuring, presenting and disclosing in the financial statements uncertain tax positions that the Corporation has taken or expects to take in its income tax returns. Upon the adoption of FIN 48, the Corporation recognized a transition gain of \$267 million in shareholders equity. The gain reflected the recognition of several refund claims, partly offset by increased liability reserves.

The Corporation is subject to income taxation in many jurisdictions around the world. The total amount of unrecognized income tax benefits in these jurisdictions at January 1, 2007, was \$3.7 billion, almost all of which is classified as long term. Resolution of the related tax positions through negotiations with the relevant tax authorities or through litigation will take many years to complete. Accordingly, it is difficult to predict the timing of resolution for individual tax positions. However, the Corporation does not anticipate that the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits will significantly increase or decrease in the next 12 months. Given the long time periods involved in resolving individual tax positions, the Corporation does not expect that the recognition of unrecognized tax benefits will have a material impact on the Corporation s effective income tax rate in any given year.

The unrecognized tax benefits described above will not be included in the Corporation's annual Form 10-K contractual obligations table because the Corporation is unable to make reasonably reliable estimates of the timing of cash settlements with the respective taxing authorities. The total amount of unrecognized tax benefits will be disclosed in a footnote to the contractual obligations table.

The following table summarizes the tax years that remain subject to examination by major tax jurisdiction:

Country of Operation	<u>Open Tax Years</u>	
Abu Dhabi		2000-2006
Angola		2002-2006
Australia		2000-2006
Canada		1990-2006
Equatorial Guinea		2004-2006
Germany		1998-2006
Japan		2002-2006
Malaysia		1983-2006
Nigeria		1998-2006
Norway		1993-2006
United Kingdom		2002-2006
United States		1989-2006

The Corporation classifies interest on income tax related balances as interest expense or interest income and classifies tax related penalties as operating expense.

At January 1, 2007, the Corporation had accrued interest payable of \$0.5 billion related to income tax reserve balances.

3.

Litigation and Other Contingencies

Litigation

A variety of claims have been made against ExxonMobil and certain of its consolidated subsidiaries in a number of pending lawsuits and tax disputes. Management has regular litigation and tax reviews, including updates from corporate and outside counsel, to assess the need for accounting recognition or disclosure of these contingencies. The Corporation accrues an undiscounted liability for those contingencies where the incurrence of a loss is probable and the amount can be reasonably estimated. If a range of amounts can be reasonably estimated and no amount within the range is a better estimate than any other amount, then the minimum of the range is accrued. The Corporation does not record liabilities when the likelihood that the liability has been incurred is probable but the amount cannot be reasonably estimated or when the liability is believed to be only reasonably possible or remote. For contingencies where an unfavorable outcome is reasonably possible and which are significant, the Corporation discloses the nature of the contingency and, where feasible, an estimate of the possible loss. ExxonMobil will continue to defend itself vigorously in these matters. Based on a consideration of all relevant facts and circumstances, the Corporation does not believe the ultimate outcome of any currently pending lawsuit against ExxonMobil will have a materially adverse effect upon the Corporation 's operations or financial condition.

A number of lawsuits, including class actions, were brought in various courts against Exxon Mobil Corporation and certain of its subsidiaries relating to the accidental release of crude oil from the tanker Exxon Valdez in 1989. All the compensatory claims have been resolved and paid. All of the punitive damage claims were consolidated in the civil trial that began in 1994. The first judgment from the United States District Court for the District of Alaska in the amount of \$5 billion was vacated by the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit as being excessive under the Constitution. The second judgment in the amount of \$4 billion was vacated by the Ninth Circuit panel without argument and sent back for the District Court to reconsider in light of the recent U.S. Supreme Court decision in Campbell v. State Farm. The most recent District Court judgment for punitive damages was for \$4.5 billion plus interest and was entered in January 2004. The Corporation posted a \$5.4 billion letter of credit. ExxonMobil and the plaintiffs appealed this decision to the Ninth Circuit, which ruled on December 22, 2006, that the award be reduced to \$2.5 billion. On January 12, 2007, ExxonMobil petitioned the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals for a rehearing en banc of its appeal. On May 23, 2007, with two dissenting opinions, the Ninth Circuit determined not to re-hear ExxonMobil's appeal before the full court. ExxonMobil filed a petition for writ of certiorari to the U.S. Supreme Court on August 20, 2007. On October 29, 2007, the U.S. Supreme Court granted ExxonMobil's petition for a writ of certiorari. While it is reasonably possible that a liability for punitive damages may have been incurred from the Exxon Valdez grounding, it is not possible to predict the ultimate outcome or to reasonably estimate any such potential liability.

In December 2000, a jury in the 15th Judicial Circuit Court of Montgomery County, Alabama, returned a verdict against the Corporation in a dispute over royalties in the amount of \$88 million in compensatory damages and \$3.4 billion in punitive damages in the case of *Exxon Corporation v. State of Alabama, et al.* The verdict was upheld by the

trial court in May 2001. In December 2002, the Alabama Supreme Court vacated the \$3.5 billion jury verdict. The case was retried and in November 2003, a state district court jury in Montgomery, Alabama, returned a verdict against Exxon Mobil Corporation. The verdict included \$63.5 million in compensatory damages and \$11.8 billion in punitive damages. In March 2004, the district court judge reduced the amount of punitive damages to \$3.5 billion. ExxonMobil appealed the decision to the Alabama Supreme Court. On November 1, 2007, the Alabama Supreme Court reversed the trial court's fraud judgment and instructed the district court to enter judgment for ExxonMobil, eliminating the punitive damage award. The Court also ruled in ExxonMobil's favor on some of the disputed lease issues, reducing the compensatory award to \$52 million. In May 2004, the Corporation posted a \$4.5 billion supersedeas bond as required by Alabama law to stay execution of the judgment pending appeal. The Corporation pledged to the issuer of the bond collateral consisting of cash and short-term, high-quality securities with an aggregate value of approximately \$4.6 billion. This collateral is reported as restricted cash and cash equivalents on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet. Under the terms of the pledge agreement, the Corporation is entitled to receive the income generated from the cash and securities and to make investment decisions, but is restricted from using the pledged cash and securities for any other purpose until such time the bond is canceled. The Company will pursue the cancellation of the bond and the release of the pledged collateral.

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In 2001, a Louisiana state court jury awarded compensatory damages of \$56 million and punitive damages of \$1 billion to a landowner for damage caused by a third party that leased the property from the landowner. The third party provided pipe cleaning and storage services for the Corporation and other entities. The Louisiana Fourth Circuit Court of Appeals reduced the punitive damage award to \$112 million in 2005. The Corporation appealed this decision to the Louisiana Supreme Court which, in March 2006, refused to hear the appeal. ExxonMobil has fully accrued and paid the compensatory and punitive damage awards. The Corporation appealed the punitive damage award to the U.S. Supreme Court, which on February 26, 2007, vacated the judgment and remanded the case to the Louisiana Fourth Circuit Court of Appeals for reconsideration in light of the recent U.S. Supreme Court decision in *Williams v. Phillip Morris USA*. On August 8, 2007, the Fourth Circuit issued its decision on remand and declined to reduce the punitive damage award. ExxonMobil is seeking further review in the Louisiana Supreme Court.

Tax issues for 1989 to 1993 remain pending before the U.S. Tax Court. The ultimate resolution of these issues is not expected to have a materially adverse effect upon the Corporation s operations or financial condition.

Other Contingencies

		As of September 30, 2007					
	Equity				Other		
	Company				Third Party	7	
	Obligations			_(<u> Obligations</u>		<u>Total</u>
				(million	s of dollars)		
Total guarantees		\$	3,796	\$	697	\$	4,493

The Corporation and certain of its consolidated subsidiaries were contingently liable at September 30, 2007, for \$4,493 million, primarily relating to guarantees for notes, loans and performance under contracts. Included in this amount were guarantees by consolidated affiliates of \$3,796 million, representing ExxonMobil s share of obligations of certain equity companies. These guarantees are not reasonably likely to have a material effect on the Corporation s financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources.

Additionally, the Corporation and its affiliates have numerous long-term sales and purchase commitments in their various business activities, all of which are expected to be fulfilled with no adverse consequences material to the Corporation's operations or financial condition. The Corporation's outstanding unconditional purchase obligations at September 30, 2007, were similar to those at the prior year-end period. Unconditional purchase obligations as defined by accounting standards are those long-term commitments that are noncancelable or cancelable only under certain conditions, and that third parties have used to secure financing for the facilities that will provide the contracted goods or services.

The operations and earnings of the Corporation and its affiliates throughout the world have been, and may in the future be, affected from time to time in varying degree by political developments and laws and regulations, such as forced divestiture of assets; restrictions on production, imports and exports; price controls; tax increases and retroactive tax claims; expropriation of property; cancellation of contract rights and environmental regulations. Both the likelihood of such occurrences and their overall effect upon the Corporation vary greatly from country to country and are not predictable.

In accordance with a nationalization decree issued by Venezuela's President Chavez in February of this year, by May 1, 2007, a subsidiary of the Venezuelan National Oil Company (PdVSA) assumed the operatorship of the Cerro Negro Heavy Oil Project. This Project had been operated and owned by ExxonMobil affiliates (ExxonMobil) holding a 41.67 percent ownership interest in the Project. The decree also required conversion of the Cerro Negro Project into a "mixed enterprise" structure and an increase in PdVSA's or one of its affiliate's ownership interest in the Project, with the stipulation that if an agreement was not reached for the formation of the mixed enterprise during a specified period of time, the government would "directly take on the activities" carried out by the joint venture. ExxonMobil and Venezuela were not able to reach agreement on the formation of a mixed enterprise and on June 27, 2007, the government expropriated ExxonMobil's 41.67 percent interest in the Cerro Negro Project.

Subsequent discussions with Venezuelan authorities have not resulted in an agreement on the amount of compensation to be paid to ExxonMobil. On September 6, 2007, ExxonMobil filed a Request for Arbitration with the International Centre for Settlement of Investment Disputes. At this time the net impact of this matter on the Corporation's consolidated financial results cannot be reasonably estimated. However, the Corporation does not expect the resolution to have a material effect upon the Corporation's operations or financial condition. At the time the assets were expropriated, ExxonMobil's remaining net book investment in Cerro Negro producing assets was about \$750 million.

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4.

Comprehensive Income

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
		(millions o	of dollars)	
Net income	\$ 9,410	\$ 10,490	\$ 28,950	\$ 29,250
Other comprehensive income				
(net of income taxes)				
Foreign exchange translation adjustment	2,052	43	3,700	1,933
Postretirement benefits reserves adjustment				
(excluding amortization)	(119)	0	(694)	0
Amortization of postretirement benefits reserves				
adjustment included in net periodic benefit	190	0	605	0
costs				
Minimum pension liability adjustment				
(before December 31, 2006, adoption of FAS 158)	0	(8)	0	(106)
Total comprehensive income	\$ 11,533	\$ 10,525	\$ 32,561	\$ 31,077

5.

Earnings Per Share

Three Months Ended		Nine Months	Ended
September 30,		September	30,
<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>

NET INCOME PER COMMON SHARE Net income (millions of dollars)	\$ 9,410	\$ 10,490	\$ 28,950	\$ 29,250
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding (millions of shares)	5,470	5,861	5,559	5,967
Net income per common share (dollars)	\$ 1.72	\$ 1.79	\$ 5.21	\$ 4.91
NET INCOME PER COMMON SHARE - ASSUMING DILUTION Net income (millions of dollars)	\$ 9,410	\$ 10,490	\$ 28,950	\$ 29,250
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding (millions of shares) Effect of employee stock-based awards Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - assuming dilution	5,470 66 5,536	5,861 61 5,922	5,559 61 5,620	5,967 55 6,022
Net income per common share - assuming dilution (dollars)	\$ 1.70	\$ 1.77		\$ 4.86

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6.

Pension and Other Postretirement Benefits

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,				
		<u>2007</u>		<u>2006</u>		<u>2007</u>		<u>2006</u>
	(millions of				dollars)			
Pension Benefits - U.S.								
Components of net benefit cost								
Service cost	\$	89	\$	85	\$	279	\$	253
Interest cost		172		159		516		476
Expected return on plan assets		(212)		(157)		(634)		(469)
Amortization of actuarial loss/(gain)								
and prior service cost		67		69		201		205
Net pension enhancement and								
curtailment/settlement cost		48		39		143		118
Net benefit cost	\$	164	\$	195	\$	505	\$	583
Pension Benefits - Non-U.S. Components of net benefit cost								
Service cost	\$	109	\$	109	\$	330	\$	319
Interest cost		261		225		745		661
Expected return on plan assets		(283)		(247)		(816)		(729)
Amortization of actuarial loss/(gain)								
and prior service cost		108		131		331		384
Net pension enhancement and								
curtailment/settlement cost		(13)		10		(4)		12
Net benefit cost	\$	182	\$	228	\$	586	\$	647
Other Postretirement Benefits								
Components of net benefit cost								
Service cost	\$	26	\$	19	\$	83	\$	56
Interest cost		99		79		309		231
Expected return on plan assets		(11)		(10)		(34)		(30)

Amortization of actuarial loss/(gain)				
and prior service cost	86	57	244	163
Net benefit cost	\$ 200	\$ 145	\$ 602	\$ 420

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7.

Disclosures about Segments and Related Information

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Months Ended September 30,		
		<u>2007</u>		<u>2006</u>		<u>2007</u>		<u>2006</u>
		(mi	illion	ns of dollars	5)			
EARNINGS AFTER INCOME TAX								
Upstream								
United States	\$	1,196	\$	1,192	\$	3,595	\$	4,116
Non-U.S.		5,103		5,301		14,698		15,894
Downstream								
United States		914		1,272		3,498		3,305
Non-U.S.		1,087		1,466		3,808		3,189
Chemical								
United States		296		458		846		976
Non-U.S.		906		893		2,605		2,164
All other		(92)		(92)		(100)		(394)
Corporate total	\$	9,410	\$	10,490	\$	28,950	\$	29,250
SALES AND OTHER OPERATING RE	VENUE (1)							
Upstream								
United States	\$	1,311	\$	1,514	\$	4,109	\$	4,691
Non-U.S.		5,136		6,059		15,932		21,860
Downstream								
United States		26,243		25,068		73,148		71,852
Non-U.S.		57,233		54,602		158,346		154,583
Chemical								
United States		3,453		3,565		10,102		10,050
Non-U.S.		5,743		5,454		16,707		15,559
All other		11		6		19		14
Corporate total	\$	99,130	\$	96,268	\$	278,363	\$	278,609

(1) Includes sales-based taxes

INTERSEGMENT REVENUE

Upstream				
United States	\$ 1,868	\$ 1,675	\$ 5,211	\$ 5,614
Non-U.S.	12,181	11,588	34,446	30,812
Downstream				
United States	3,819	3,619	10,162	9,695
Non-U.S.	13,225	12,955	37,051	36,287
Chemical				
United States	2,462	2,067	6,376	5,990
Non-U.S.	2,030	1,874	5,718	5,272
All other	70	65	239	197

8.

Accounting for Suspended Exploratory Well Costs

For the category of exploratory well costs at year-end 2006 that were suspended more than one year, a total of \$46 million was expensed in the first nine months of 2007.

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9.

Condensed Consolidating Financial Information Related to Guaranteed Securities Issued by Subsidiaries

Exxon Mobil Corporation has fully and unconditionally guaranteed the deferred interest debentures due 2012 (\$1,683 million long-term at September 30, 2007) and the debt securities due 2007-2011 (\$52 million long-term and \$13 million short-term) of SeaRiver Maritime Financial Holdings, Inc., a 100 percent owned subsidiary of Exxon Mobil Corporation.

The following condensed consolidating financial information is provided for Exxon Mobil Corporation, as guarantor, and for SeaRiver Maritime Financial Holdings, Inc., as issuer, as an alternative to providing separate financial statements for the issuer. The accounts of Exxon Mobil Corporation and SeaRiver Maritime Financial Holdings, Inc. are presented utilizing the equity method of accounting for investments in subsidiaries.

	Exxon Mobil	SeaRiver Maritime		Consolidating	
	Corporation	Financial		and	
	Parent	Holdings,	All Other	Eliminating	
	Guarantor	Inc.	Subsidiaries	Adjustments	Consolidated
			(millions of dolld	urs)	
Condensed consolidated Revenues and other income	d statement of ind	come for three	months ended Sep	<u>ptember 30, 2007</u>	
Sales and other operating revenue,					
including sales-based taxes	\$ 4,064	\$ -	\$ 95,066	\$ -	\$ 99,130
Income from equity affiliates	9,588	(2)	2,148	(9,576)	2,158
Other income	75	-	974	-	1,049
Intercompany revenue	10,424	27	92,089	(102,540)	-
Total revenues and other income	24,151	25	190,277	(112,116)	102,337
Costs and other deductions					

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Crude oil and product purchases	10,088	-	138,100	(96,215)	51,973				
Production and manufacturing									
expenses	1,758	-	7,476	(1,350)	7,884				
Selling, general and administrative									
	629	-	3,201	(174)	3,656				
expenses									
Depreciation and depletion	455	-	2,704	-	3,159				
Exploration expenses, including dry									
holes	73	-	276	-	349				
Interest expense	1,550	50	3,492	(5,019)	73				
Sales-based taxes	-	-	7,970	-	7,970				
Other taxes and duties	11	-	10,218	-	10,229				
Income applicable to minority interests	-	-	284	-	284				
Total costs and other deductions	14,564	50	173,721	(102,758)	85,577				
Income before income taxes	9,587	(25)	16,556	(9,358)	16,760				
Income taxes	177	(9)	7,182	-	7,350				
Net income	\$ 9,410	\$ (16)	\$ 9,374	\$ (9,358)	\$ 9,410				

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	Exxon Mobil Corporation Parent Guarantor	SeaRiver Maritime Financial Holdings, Inc.	All Other Subsidiaries (millions of dolla	Consolidating and Eliminating Adjustments ars)	Consolidated
Condensed consolidate	d statement of in	come for three	months ended Se	ptember 30, 2006	
Revenues and other income					
Sales and other operating revenue,					
including sales-based taxes	\$ 4,286	\$ -	\$ 91,982	\$ -	\$ 96,268
Income from equity affiliates	10,302	(5)	1,774	(10,293)	1,778
Other income	314	-	1,233	-	1,547
Intercompany revenue	10,558	26	89,101	(99,685)	-
Total revenues and other income	25,460	21	184,090	(109,978)	99,593
Costs and other deductions					
Crude oil and product purchases	10,187	-	132,976	(93,799)	49,364
Production and manufacturing					
expenses	1,799	-	6,464	(1,206)	7,057
Selling, general and administrative					
	584	-	2,987	(159)	3,412
expenses					
Depreciation and depletion	374	-	2,356	-	2,730
Exploration expenses, including dry					
holes	60	-	292	-	352
Interest expense	1,327	46	3,439	(4,531)	281
Sales-based taxes	-	-	7,764	-	7,764
Other taxes and duties	10	-	10,153	-	10,163
	-	-	292	-	292

Income applicable to minority interests					
Total costs and other deductions	14,341	46	166,723	(99,695)	81,415
Income before income taxes	11,119	(25)	17,367	(10,283)	18,178
Income taxes	629	(7)	7,066	-	7,688
Net income	\$ 10,490	\$ (18)	\$ 10,301	\$ (10,283)	\$ 10,490

Condensed consolidated st	atement of inco	ome for nine mo	onths ended Septe	mber 30, 2007	
Revenues and other					
income					
Sales and other operating revenue,					
including sales-based	\$ 12,063	\$-	\$ 266,300	\$ -	\$ 278,363
taxes	φ 12,005	Ψ	φ 200,500	Ψ	ψ 270,505
Income from equity affiliates	28,906	4	6,051	(28,873)	6,088
Other income	357	-	3,102	-	3,459
Intercompany revenue	28,172	78	255,917	(284,167)	-
Total revenues and other income	69,498	82	531,370	(313,040)	287,910
Costs and other deductions					
Crude oil and product purchases	26,587	-	378,106	(265,051)	139,642
Production and manufacturing					
expenses	5,305	-	21,423	(3,883)	22,845
Selling, general and administrative					
	1,901	-	9,498	(563)	10,836
expenses					
Depreciation and depletion	1,240	-	7,855	-	9,095
Exploration expenses, including dry					
holes	215	-	759	-	974
Interest expense	4,566	151	10,824	(15,269)	272
Sales-based taxes	-	-	23,064	-	23,064
Other taxes and duties	35	-	29,673	-	29,708

Income applicable to minority interests	-	-	722	-	722
Total costs and other deductions	39,849	151	481,924	(284,766)	237,158
Income before income taxes	29,649	(69)	49,446	(28,274)	50,752
Income taxes	699	(26)	21,129	-	21,802
Net income	\$ 28,950	\$ (43)	\$ 28,317	\$ (28,274)	\$ 28,950

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	Exxon Mobil Corporation Parent Guarantor	SeaRiver Maritime Financial Holdings, Inc.	All Other Subsidiaries (millions of dolla	Consolidating and Eliminating Adjustments ars)	Consolidated
Condensed consolidated Revenues and other income	d statement of in	come for nine	months ended Sep	<u>otember 30, 2006</u>	
Sales and other operating revenue, including sales-based	\$ 12,436	\$-	\$ 266,173	\$-	\$ 278,609
taxes					
Income from equity affiliates	28,646	7	5,256	(28,644)	5,265
Other income	722	-	3,011	-	3,733
Intercompany revenue	30,374	69	251,345	(281,788)	-
Total revenues and other income	72,178	76	525,785	(310,432)	287,607
Costs and other deductions					
Crude oil and product purchases	28,914	-	377,212	(265,761)	140,365
Production and manufacturing					
expenses	5,588	-	20,031	(3,722)	21,897
Selling, general and administrative					
	1,939	-	8,946	(450)	10,435
expenses					
Depreciation and depletion	1,027	-	7,107	-	8,134
Exploration expenses, including dry					
holes	215	-	595	-	810
Interest expense	3,403	137	8,884	(11,871)	553
Sales-based taxes	-	-	23,639	-	23,639

Other taxes and duties	26	-	29,180	-	29,206
Income applicable to minority interests	-	-	727	-	727
Total costs and other deductions	41,112	137	476,321	(281,804)	235,766
Income before income taxes	31,066	(61)	49,464	(28,628)	51,841
Income taxes	1,816	(24)	20,799	-	22,591
Net income	\$ 29,250	\$ (37)	\$ 28,665	\$ (28,628)	\$ 29,250

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	Exxon Mobil Corporation Parent Guarantor	SeaRiver Maritime Financial Holdings, Inc.	All Other Subsidiaries (millions of dollars)	Consolidating and Eliminating Adjustments	Consolidated				
Condensed consolidated balance sheet as of September 30, 2007									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,055	\$ -	\$ 28,368	\$ -	\$31,423				
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	-	-	4,604	-	4,604				
Notes and accounts receivable - net	5,585	10	29,844	(3,607)	31,832				
Inventories	1,352	-	11,667	-	13,019				
Prepaid taxes and expenses	471	-	3,898	-	4,369				
Total current assets	10,463	10	78,381	(3,607)	85,247				
Property, plant and equipment - net	16,262	-	102,840	-	119,102				
Investments and other assets	216,886	427	433,474	(618,475)	32,312				
Intercompany receivables	11,258	1,938	439,850	(453,046)	-				
Total assets	\$ 254,869	\$ 2,375	\$ 1,054,545	\$ (1,075,128)	\$36,661				
Notes and loan payables	\$ 261	\$ 13	\$ 1,821	\$-	\$ 2,095				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	2,955	1	40,569						