CONSOLIDATED EDISON INC

Form 10-Q

August 06, 2015

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**UNITED STATES** 

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

Quarterly Report Pursuant To Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
 FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2015
 OR

Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the transition period from

~		~ ~	* D G D 1
Commission	Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter	State of	I.R.S. Employer
File Number	and principal office address and telephone number	Incorporation	ID. Number
1-14514	Consolidated Edison, Inc.	New York	13-3965100
	4 Irving Place, New York, New York 10003		
	(212) 460-4600		
1-1217	Consolidated Edison Company of New York, Inc.	New York	13-5009340
	A Irving Place New York New York 10003		

4 Irving Place, New York, New York 10003

(212) 460-4600

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Consolidated Edison, Inc. (Con Edison)

Yes x No "

Consolidated Edison Company of New York, Inc. (CECONY)

Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Con Edison

CECONY

Yes x No "

Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Con Edison

Large accelerated filer " Non-accelerated filer " Smaller reporting company "

#### **CECONY**

Large accelerated filer " Accelerated filer " Non-accelerated filer x Smaller reporting company "
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Con Edison

Yes " No x

Yes " No x

As of July 31, 2015, Con Edison had outstanding 292,871,896 Common Shares (\$.10 par value). All of the outstanding common equity of CECONY is held by Con Edison.

Filing Format

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q is a combined report being filed separately by two different registrants: Consolidated Edison, Inc. (Con Edison) and Consolidated Edison Company of New York, Inc. (CECONY). CECONY is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Con Edison and, as such, the information in this report about CECONY also applies to Con Edison. As used in this report, the term the "Companies" refers to Con Edison and CECONY. However,

CECONY makes no representation as to the information contained in this report relating to Con Edison or the subsidiaries of Con Edison other than itself.

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#### Glossary of Terms

The following is a glossary of abbreviations or acronyms that are used in the Companies' SEC reports:

Con Edison Companies

Con Edison Consolidated Edison, Inc.

CECONY Consolidated Edison Company of New York, Inc.

Con Edison Development
Con Edison Energy
Con Edison Solutions
Con Edison Transmission
Con Edison Transmission
Con Edison Transmission
Con Edison Transmission
Consolidated Edison Solutions, Inc.
Consolidated Edison Transmission, LLC
Consolidated Edison Transmission, LLC
Consolidated Edison Transmission, LLC
Consolidated Edison Development, Inc.
Consolidated Edison Energy, Inc.
Consolidated Edison Solutions, Inc.
Consolidated Edison Solutions, Inc.
Consolidated Edison Solutions, Inc.
Consolidated Edison Solutions, Inc.
Consolidated Edison Transmission, LLC
Orange and Rockland Utilities, Inc.
Pike County Light & Power Company

RECO Rockland Electric Company
The Companies Con Edison and CECONY
The Utilities CECONY and O&R

Regulatory Agencies, Government Agencies, and Quasi-governmental Not-for-Profits

EPA U. S. Environmental Protection Agency FERC Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

IRS Internal Revenue Service

NJBPU New Jersey Board of Public Utilities

NJDEP New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection

NYISO New York Independent System Operator

NYPA New York Power Authority

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation NYSERDA New York State Energy Research and Development Authority

NYSPSC New York State Public Service Commission NYSRC New York State Reliability Council, LLC PAPUC Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission

PJM Interconnection LLC

SEC U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission

Accounting

ASU Accounting Standards Update

FASB Financial Accounting Standards Board

GAAP Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in the United States of America

LILO Lease In/Lease Out

OCI Other Comprehensive Income
VIE Variable interest entity

Environmental

Superfund

CO2 Carbon dioxide GHG Greenhouse gases

MGP Sites Manufactured gas plant sites
PCBs Polychlorinated biphenyls
PRP Potentially responsible party

Federal Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act

of 1980 and similar state statutes

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Units of Measure

AC Alternating current

Dt Dekatherms kV Kilovolt kWh Kilowatt-hour

MDt Thousand dekatherms
MMlb Million pounds
MVA Megavolt ampere

MW Megawatt or thousand kilowatts

MWH Megawatt hour

Other

AFUDC Allowance for funds used during construction

COSO Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission

DER Distributed energy resources
DSP Distributed System Platform

Fitch Fitch Ratings

First Quarter Form 10-Q

The Companies' combined Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period

ended March 31 of the current year

Second Quarter Form 10-Q

The Companies' combined Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period

ended June 30 of the current year

Form 10-K

The Companies' combined Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended

December 31, 2014

LTIP Long Term Incentive Plan
Moody's Moody's Investors Service
REV Reforming the Energy Vision

S&P Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC

VaR Value-at-Risk

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#### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This report includes forward-looking statements intended to qualify for the safe-harbor provisions of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Forward-looking statements are statements of future expectation and not facts. Words such as "forecasts," "expects," "estimates," "anticipates," "intends," "believes," "plans," "will" and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are based on information available at the time the statements are made, and accordingly speak only as of that time. Actual results or developments might differ materially from those included in the forward-looking statements because of various factors including:

- the Companies are extensively regulated and are subject to penalties;
- the Utilities' rate plans may not provide a reasonable return;
- •he Companies may be adversely affected by changes to the Utilities' rate plans;
- the intentional misconduct of employees or contractors could adversely affect the Companies;
- the failure of, or damage to, the Companies' facilities could adversely affect the Companies;
- a cyber attack could adversely affect the Companies;
- the Companies are exposed to risks from the environmental consequences of their operations;
- a disruption in the wholesale energy markets or failure by an energy supplier could adversely affect the Companies;
- the Companies have substantial unfunded pension and other postretirement benefit liabilities;
- Con Edison's ability to pay dividends or interest depends on dividends from its subsidiaries;
- the Companies require access to capital markets to satisfy funding requirements;
- the Companies' strategies may not be effective to address changes in the external business environment; and
- the Companies also face other risks that are beyond their control.

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Consolidated Edison, Inc.

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT (UNAUDITED)

	For the Three Months			
	Ended June 30,		Ended Jun	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
ODED ATTING DEVENIUES	(Millions o	of Dollars/ E	except Share	e Data)
OPERATING REVENUES	<b>#2</b> 0.40	Φ2.12.4	<b>4.177</b>	Φ.4.0 <b>7.0</b>
Electric	\$2,040	\$2,134	\$4,175	\$4,372
Gas	324	395	1,056	1,277
Steam	96	98	471	439
Non-utility	328	284	702	612
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	2,788	2,911	6,404	6,700
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Purchased power	660	783	1,544	1,746
Fuel	31	34	185	189
Gas purchased for resale	89	151	351	551
Other operations and maintenance	802	801	1,616	1,627
Depreciation and amortization	276	265	555	526
Taxes, other than income taxes	458	467	955	966
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	2,316	2,501	5,206	5,605
Gain on sale of solar energy projects	_	45	_	45
OPERATING INCOME	472	455	1,198	1,140
OTHER INCOME (DEDUCTIONS)				
Investment and other income	14	14	19	25
Allowance for equity funds used during construction	1	1	2	3
Other deductions	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
TOTAL OTHER INCOME	10	9	14	20
INCOME BEFORE INTEREST AND INCOME TAX EXPENSE	482	464	1,212	1,160
INTEREST EXPENSE				
Interest on long-term debt	156	147	311	293
	7	4	13	(5)
	(1)	(1)	(1)	
NET INTEREST EXPENSE	162	150	323	286
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX EXPENSE	320	314	889	874
	101	102	300	
MILLIONS)		292.9	292.9	292.9
AVERAGE NUMBER OF SHARES OUTSTANDING—DILUTED (	IN	-0.1.5		
MILLIONS)	294.0	294.0	293.9	294.0
Other interest (income) Allowance for borrowed funds used during construction	7 (1) 162 320 101 \$219 \$0.75 \$0.74 \$0.65	4 (1) 150	13 (1) 323	(5) (2)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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Consolidated Edison, Inc.

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED)

	For the Three Months		For the Six	Months
	Ended June 30,		Ended June	e 30,
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	(Millions o	of Dollars)		
NET INCOME	\$219	\$212	\$589	\$574
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME, NET OF TAXES				
Pension and other postretirement benefit plan liability adjustments, net of taxes	1	1	6	5
TOTAL OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME, NET OF TAXES	1	1	6	5
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR COMMON STOCK	\$220	\$213	\$595	\$579
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial stateme	nts.			

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Consolidated Edison, Inc.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

	For the Six June 30,	Months Ended
	2015	2014
	(Millions of	Dollars)
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<b>* * 0 0</b>	<b></b>
Net income	\$589	\$574
PRINCIPAL NON-CASH CHARGES/(CREDITS) TO INCOME	555	506
Depreciation and amortization Deferred income taxes	555 202	526 162
Rate case amortization and accruals	(20)	61
Common equity component of allowance for funds used during construction	(20)	(3)
Net derivative gains (loss)	8	(15)
Pre-tax gain on sale of solar electric production projects	<del></del>	(45)
Other non-cash items (net)	18	(6)
CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	10	(0)
Accounts receivable – customers, less allowance for uncollectibles	35	24
Special deposits	4	312
Materials and supplies, including fuel oil and gas in storage	48	40
Other receivables and other current assets	(21)	2
Income taxes receivable	224	_
Prepayments	(144)	(11)
Accounts payable	(158)	21
Pensions and retiree benefits obligations (net)	379	404
Pensions and retiree benefits contributions	(407)	(406)
Accrued taxes	(20)	(407)
Accrued interest	(1)	(76)
Superfund and environmental remediation costs (net)	15	16
Distributions from equity investments related to renewable electric production projects	18	<del>-</del>
Deferred charges, noncurrent assets and other regulatory assets	(3)	(35)
Deferred credits and other regulatory liabilities	136	158
Other current and noncurrent liabilities	31	(39)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES INVESTING ACTIVITIES	1,486	1,257
	(1,174)	(1,073)
Utility construction expenditures Cost of removal less salvage	(1,174) $(105)$	(99)
Non-utility construction expenditures	(103)	(113)
Investments in/acquisitions of renewable electric production projects	(252)	(107)
Proceeds from grants related to solar electric production projects	(232) —	36
Proceeds from sale of solar electric production projects		108
Return of equity investments related to renewable electric production projects	6	_
Restricted cash	(22)	15
NET CASH FLOWS USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(1,725)	(1,233)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	, ,	
Net issuance of short-term debt	445	80
Issuance of long-term debt	238	850
Retirement of long-term debt	(45)	(478)
Debt issuance costs	(2)	(6)

Common stock dividends	(380)	(368)
Issuance of common shares for stock plans, net of repurchases	(7)	(2)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	249	76
CASH AND TEMPORARY CASH INVESTMENTS:		
NET CHANGE FOR THE PERIOD	10	100
BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	699	674
BALANCE AT END OF PERIOD	\$709	\$774
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH INFORMATION		
Cash paid/(received) during the period for:		
Interest	\$305	\$277
Income taxes	\$(9)	\$518
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH INFORMATION		
Construction expenditures in accounts payable	\$213	\$140
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.		
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Consolidated Edison, Inc.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (UNAUDITED)

	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
	(Millions o	f Dollars)
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and temporary cash investments	\$709	\$699
Special deposits	4	8
Accounts receivable – customers, less allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$91 and \$96 in 2015 and 2014, respectively	1,084	1,201
Other receivables, less allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$10 in 2015 and 2014	255	133
Income taxes receivable		224
Accrued unbilled revenue	361	500
Fuel oil, gas in storage, materials and supplies, at average cost	321	372
Prepayments	307	163
Regulatory assets	75	148
Deferred tax assets	173	128
Assets held for sale	167	_
Other current assets	223	278
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	3,679	3,854
INVESTMENTS	848	816
UTILITY PLANT, AT ORIGINAL COST		
Electric	25,741	25,091
Gas	6,329	6,102
Steam	2,288	2,251
General	2,517	2,465
TOTAL	36,875	35,909
Less: Accumulated depreciation	7,826	7,614
Net	29,049	28,295
Construction work in progress	996	1,031
NET UTILITY PLANT	30,045	29,326
NON-UTILITY PLANT		
Non-utility property, less accumulated depreciation of \$85 and \$91 in 2015 and 2014, respectively	475	388
Construction work in progress	403	113
NET PLANT	30,923	29,827
OTHER NONCURRENT ASSETS		
Goodwill	429	429
Intangible assets, less accumulated amortization of \$4 in 2015 and 2014	3	3
Regulatory assets	8,646	9,156
Other deferred charges and noncurrent assets	223	223
TOTAL OTHER NONCURRENT ASSETS	9,301	9,811
TOTAL ASSETS	\$44,751	\$44,308
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.		

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Consolidated Edison, Inc.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (UNAUDITED)

	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
LIADILITIES AND SHADEHOLDEDS FOLITY	(Millions of	Dollars)
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY CURRENT LIABILITIES		
	\$460	\$560
Long-term debt due within one year	1,245	800
Notes payable	845	
Accounts payable		1,019
Customer deposits Accrued taxes	348 52	344 72
	-	
Accrued interest	131	132
Accrued wages	100	95
Fair value of derivative liabilities	32	64
Regulatory liabilities	142	187
Liabilities held for sale	91	
Other current liabilities	489	508
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	3,935	3,781
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		
Provision for injuries and damages	186	182
Pensions and retiree benefits	3,420	3,914
Superfund and other environmental costs	751	764
Asset retirement obligations	193	188
Fair value of derivative liabilities	24	13
Deferred income taxes and investment tax credits	9,408	9,076
Regulatory liabilities	1,947	1,993
Other deferred credits and noncurrent liabilities	165	181
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	16,094	16,311
LONG-TERM DEBT	11,925	11,631
EQUITY		
Common shareholders' equity	12,788	12,576
Noncontrolling interest	9	9
TOTAL EQUITY (See Statement of Equity)	12,797	12,585
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	\$44,751	\$44,308
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.		

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Consolidated Edison, Inc.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

(Millions of Dollars/Except Share Data)	Common Stor		Additional Paid-In Retained Paid-In Earnings Capital	Treasury St. Shares	ock Capital Stock Amount Expense	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss)	Noncontr Interest	olling Total
BALANCE AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2013	292,872,396	\$32	\$4,995\$8,338	23,210,200	\$(1,0\$(46)1)	\$(25)	\$—	\$12,245
Net income for common stock			361					361
Common stock dividends			(184)					(184)
Issuance of common shares for stock plans, net of repurchases Other	51,656		(2)	(51,656	)2			_
comprehensive income						4		4
Noncontrolling interest							_	_
BALANCE AS OF MARCH 31, 2014	292,924,052	\$32	\$4,993\$8,515	23,158,544	\$(1,0\$(26)1)	\$(21)	\$—	\$12,426
Net income for common stock			212					212
Common stock dividends			(184)					(184)
Issuance of								
common shares for stock plans, net of repurchases	(45,658	)	_	45,658	_			_
Other comprehensive income						1		1
Noncontrolling interest							_	_
BALANCE AS OF JUNE 30, 2014 BALANCE AS OF	292,878,394	\$32	\$4,993\$8,543	23,204,202	\$(1,0\$(26)1)	\$(20)	\$—	\$12,455
DECEMBER 31, 2014	292,876,196	\$32	\$4,991\$8,691	23,206,400	\$(1,0\$(26)1)	\$(45)	\$9	\$12,585
Net income for common stock			370					370
Common stock dividends			(190)					(190)
Issuance of common shares for	24,600		2	(24,600	)(2)			_

stock plans, net of								
repurchases								
Other								
comprehensive						5		5
income								
Noncontrolling								
interest								
BALANCE AS OF	292,900,796	¢22	\$4,993\$8,871	22 101 000	¢(1,00%(c)1)	\$(40)	¢ດ	¢12.770
MARCH 31, 2015	292,900,790	\$32	\$4,993\$6,671	23,181,800	\$(1,U\$( <del>40</del> )1)	\$(40)	\$9	\$12,770
Net income for			210					210
common stock			219					219
Common stock			(100)					(100)
dividends			(190)					(190)
Issuance of								
common shares for	(20.124	`		20 124	(2)			(2)
stock plans, net of	(28,134	)	_	28,134	(3)			(3)
repurchases								
Other								
comprehensive						1		1
income								
Noncontrolling								
interest								_
BALANCE AS OF	202.052.662	4.2.2	<b>4.4.00240.000</b>		do (d. Odnamod.)	<b>4</b> (20)	40	<b>442 = 2</b>
JUNE 30, 2015	292,872,662	\$32	\$4,993\$8,900	23,209,934	\$(1,0\$(6)1)	\$(39)	\$9	\$12,797
The accompanying	notes are an i	nteoral n	art of these finance	cial statemen	ts			

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# Consolidated Edison Company of New York, Inc. CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT (UNAUDITED)

CONSOCIDATED INCOME STATEMENT (CNAUDITED)				
	For the Three Months		For the Six Months	
	Ended June 30,		Ended Jui	*
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	(Millions	of Dollars)		
OPERATING REVENUES				
Electric	\$1,879	\$1,978	\$3,858	\$4,053
Gas	308	360	963	1,149
Steam	96	98	471	439
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	2,283	2,436	5,292	5,641
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Purchased power	358	517	897	1,135
Fuel	31	34	185	189
Gas purchased for resale	54	104	252	451
Other operations and maintenance	687	699	1,390	1,424
Depreciation and amortization	254	247	511	486
Taxes, other than income taxes	439	449	914	926
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	1,823	2,050	4,149	4,611
OPERATING INCOME	460	386	1,143	1,030
OTHER INCOME (DEDUCTIONS)				
Investment and other income	2	1	3	8
Allowance for equity funds used during construction	1	1	2	1
Other deductions	(5)	(5)	(6)	(7)
TOTAL OTHER INCOME (DEDUCTIONS)	(2)	(3)	(1)	2
INCOME BEFORE INTEREST AND INCOME TAX EXPENSE	458	383	1,142	1,032
INTEREST EXPENSE				
Interest on long-term debt	141	130	282	258
Other interest	5	3	9	7
Allowance for borrowed funds used during construction	_		(1)	(1)
NET INTEREST EXPENSE	146	133	290	264
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX EXPENSE	312	250	852	768
INCOME TAX EXPENSE	101	78	293	262
NET INCOME FOR COMMON STOCK	\$211	\$172	\$559	\$506
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial state	ments.			

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Consolidated Edison Company of New York, Inc. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED)

	For The Th	ree Months	For the Six	Months
	Ended June	e 30,	Ended June 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	(Millions o	f Dollars)		
NET INCOME	\$211	\$172	\$559	\$506
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME, NET OF TAXES				
Pension and other postretirement benefit plan liability adjustments, net	1		1	1
of taxes	1		1	1
TOTAL OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME, NET OF TAXES	1		1	1
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$212	\$172	\$560	\$507
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial stateme	nts			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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Consolidated Edison Company of New York, Inc.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

	For the Six Months Ende	
	June 30,	
	2015	2014
	(Millions o	of Dollars)
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income	\$559	\$506
PRINCIPAL NON-CASH CHARGES/(CREDITS) TO INCOME		
Depreciation and amortization	511	486
Deferred income taxes	135	135
Rate case amortization and accruals	(32)	55
Common equity component of allowance for funds used during construction	(2)	(2)
Other non-cash items (net)	(10)	(17)
CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES		
Accounts receivable – customers, less allowance for uncollectibles	53	44
Materials and supplies, including fuel oil and gas in storage	42	37
Other receivables and other current assets	11	(93)
Accounts receivable from affiliated companies	(4)	<u> </u>
Prepayments	18	13
Accounts payable	(101)	(71)
Pensions and retiree benefits obligations (net)	360	382
Pensions and retiree benefits contributions	(406)	(405)
Superfund and environmental remediation costs (net)	14	17
Accrued taxes	(1)	(240)
Accrued taxes to affiliated companies	(10)	_
Accrued interest	(1)	12
Deferred charges, noncurrent assets and other regulatory assets	(22)	(86)
Deferred credits and other regulatory liabilities	119	142
Other current and noncurrent liabilities	(31)	(33)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	1,202	882
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Utility construction expenditures	(1,108)	(1,007)
Cost of removal less salvage	(101)	(97)
NET CASH FLOWS USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(1,209)	(1,104)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Net issuance of short-term debt	545	272
Issuance of long-term debt		850
Retirement of long-term debt		(475)
Debt issuance costs	(1)	(6)
Dividend to parent	(516)	(356)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	28	285
CASH AND TEMPORARY CASH INVESTMENTS:		
NET CHANGE FOR THE PERIOD	21	63
BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	645	633
BALANCE AT END OF PERIOD	\$666	\$696
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information		
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH INFORMATION		

Cash paid during the period for:

Interest	\$277	\$248
Income taxes	\$160	\$392
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH INFORMATION		
Construction expenditures in accounts payable	\$151	\$119
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.		

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Consolidated Edison Company of New York, Inc. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (UNAUDITED)

	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
	(Millions of D	Oollars)
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and temporary cash investments	\$666	\$645
Special deposits	2	2
Accounts receivable – customers, less allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$86 and	1,011	1,064
\$90 in 2015 and 2014, respectively	1,011	1,004
Other receivables, less allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$8 in 2015 and 2014	56	71
Accrued unbilled revenue	329	384
Accounts receivable from affiliated companies	136	132
Fuel oil, gas in storage, materials and supplies, at average cost	270	312
Prepayments	108	126
Regulatory assets	60	132
Deferred tax assets	144	94
Other current assets	157	158
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	2,939	3,120
INVESTMENTS	296	271
UTILITY PLANT AT ORIGINAL COST		
Electric	24,219	23,599
Gas	5,679	5,469
Steam	2,288	2,251
General	2,310	2,265
TOTAL	34,496	33,584
Less: Accumulated depreciation	7,161	6,970
Net	27,335	26,614
Construction work in progress	935	971
NET UTILITY PLANT	28,270	27,585
NON-UTILITY PROPERTY	•	,
Non-utility property, less accumulated depreciation of \$25 in 2015 and 2014	5	5
NET PLANT	28,275	27,590
OTHER NONCURRENT ASSETS	•	,
Regulatory assets	8,011	8,481
Other deferred charges and noncurrent assets	180	175
TOTAL OTHER NONCURRENT ASSETS	8,191	8,656
TOTAL ASSETS	\$39,701	\$39,637
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.		•

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Consolidated Edison Company of New York, Inc. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (UNAUDITED)

	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
	(Millions of I	Oollars)
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Long-term debt due within one year	\$350	\$350
Notes payable	995	450
Accounts payable	657	802
Accounts payable to affiliated companies	28	23
Customer deposits	333	330
Accrued taxes	45	46
Accrued taxes to affiliated companies		10
Accrued interest	116	117
Accrued wages	93	84
Fair value of derivative liabilities	23	48
Regulatory liabilities	107	142
Other current liabilities	381	415
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	3,128	2,817
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		
Provision for injuries and damages	180	176
Pensions and retiree benefits	3,011	3,493
Superfund and other environmental costs	656	666
Asset retirement obligations	189	185
Fair value of derivative liabilities	19	10
Deferred income taxes and investment tax credits	8,516	8,257
Regulatory liabilities	1,772	1,837
Other deferred credits and noncurrent liabilities	133	144
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	14,476	14,768
LONG-TERM DEBT	10,865	10,864
COMMON SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY (See Statement of Shareholder's Equity)	11,232	11,188
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY	\$39,701	\$39,637
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.		

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Consolidated Edison Company of New York, Inc.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

	Common Sto	ock	Additional Paid-In	l	Repurchased	lCapital	Accumulate	ed
(Millions of Dollars/Except Share Data)	Shares	Amount	Paid-In Capital	Earnings Earnings	Con Edison Stock	•	Other Comprehen Income/(Lo	
BALANCE AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2013	235,488,094	\$589	\$4,234	\$7,053	\$(962)	\$(61)	\$(6)	\$10,847
Net income				334				334
Common stock dividend to parent				(178)				(178)
Other comprehensive income							1	1
BALANCE AS OF MARCH 31 2014	235,488,094	\$589	\$4,234	\$7,209	\$(962)	\$(61)	\$(5)	\$11,004
Net income				172				172
Common stock dividend to parent				(178)				(178)
Other comprehensive income							_	_
BALANCE AS OF JUNE 30, 2014	235,488,094	\$589	\$4,234	\$7,203	\$(962)	\$(61)	\$(5)	\$10,998
BALANCE AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2014	235,488,094	\$589	\$4,234	\$7,399	\$(962)	\$(61)	\$(11)	\$11,188
Net income				348				348
Common stock dividend to parent				(338)				(338)
Other comprehensive income							_	_
BALANCE AS OF MARCH 31 2015	, 235,488,094	\$589	\$4,234	\$7,409	\$(962)	\$(61)	\$(11)	\$11,198
Net income				211				211
Common stock dividend to parent				(178)				(178)
Other comprehensive income							1	1
BALANCE AS OF JUNE 30, 2015	235,488,094	\$589	\$4,234	\$7,442	\$(962)	\$(61)	\$(10)	\$11,232

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

#### General

These combined notes accompany and form an integral part of the separate consolidated financial statements of each of the two separate registrants: Consolidated Edison, Inc. and its subsidiaries (Con Edison) and Consolidated Edison Company of New York, Inc. and its subsidiaries (CECONY). CECONY is a subsidiary of Con Edison and as such its financial condition and results of operations and cash flows, which are presented separately in the CECONY consolidated financial statements, are also consolidated, along with those of Con Edison's other utility subsidiary, Orange and Rockland Utilities, Inc. (O&R) and Con Edison's competitive energy businesses (discussed below) in Con Edison's consolidated financial statements. The term "Utilities" is used in these notes to refer to CECONY and O&R. As used in these notes, the term "Companies" refers to Con Edison and CECONY and, except as otherwise noted, the information in these combined notes relates to each of the Companies. However, CECONY makes no representation as to information relating to Con Edison or the subsidiaries of Con Edison other than itself.

The separate interim consolidated financial statements of each of the Companies are unaudited but, in the opinion of their respective managements, reflect all adjustments (which include only normally recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the interim periods presented. The Companies' separate interim consolidated financial statements should be read together with their separate audited financial statements (including the combined notes thereto) included in Item 8 of their combined Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 and their separate unaudited financial statements (including the combined notes thereto) included in Part I, Item 1 of their combined Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2015. Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation.

Con Edison has two regulated utility subsidiaries: CECONY and O&R. CECONY provides electric service and gas service in New York City and Westchester County. The company also provides steam service in parts of Manhattan. O&R, along with its regulated utility subsidiaries, provides electric service in southeastern New York and adjacent areas of northern New Jersey and eastern Pennsylvania and gas service in southeastern New York and adjacent areas of eastern Pennsylvania. Con Edison has the following competitive energy businesses: Consolidated Edison Solutions, Inc. (Con Edison Solutions), a company which sells to retail customers electricity purchased in wholesale markets (see Note O), enters into related hedging transactions and also provides energy-related products and services to retail customers; Consolidated Edison Energy, Inc. (Con Edison Energy), a company that provides energy-related products and services to wholesale customers; and Consolidated Edison Development, Inc. (Con Edison Development), a company that develops, owns and operates renewable and energy infrastructure projects. In addition, in 2014 Con Edison formed Consolidated Edison Transmission, LLC (Con Edison Transmission) to invest in a transmission company. See information about Con Edison Transmission under "Guarantees" in Note H.

Note A – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Earnings Per Common Share

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) for Con Edison are calculated as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Sanded Ju	ix Months ne 30,
(Millions of Dollars, except per share amounts/Shares in Millions)	2015	2014	2015	2014
Net income for common stock	\$219	\$212	\$589	\$574
Weighted average common shares outstanding – basic	292.9	292.9	292.9	292.9
Add: Incremental shares attributable to effect of potentially dilutive securities	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.1
Adjusted weighted average common shares outstanding – diluted	294.0	294.0	293.9	294.0
Net Income for common stock per common share – basic	\$0.75	\$0.73	\$2.01	\$1.96

Net Income for common stock per common share – diluted \$0.74 \$0.72 \$2.01 \$1.95 The computation of diluted EPS for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 excludes immaterial amounts of performance share awards that were not included because of their anti-dilutive effect.

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Changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss) by Component For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, changes to accumulated other comprehensive income/(loss) (OCI) for Con Edison and CECONY are as follows:

For the Three Months Ended June 30,			
Cor	n Edison	CE	CONY
2015	2014	2015	2014
\$(40)	\$(21)	\$(11)	\$(5)
1	1	1	_
1	1	1	
\$(39)	\$(20)	\$(10)	\$(5)
For the S	Six Month	s Ended .	June 30,
Cor	n Edison	CE	CONY
2015	2014	2015	2014
\$(45)	\$(25)	\$(11)	\$(6)
3	2	_	_
3	3	1	1
6	5	1	1
\$(39)	\$(20)	\$(10)	\$(5)
	Con 2015 \$(40) 1 1 \$(39) For the S Con 2015 \$(45) 3	Con Edison 2015 2014 \$(40) \$(21)  1 1  1 1 \$(39) \$(20)  For the Six Month Con Edison 2015 2014 \$(45) \$(25) 3 2 3 3 6 5	Con Edison         CE           2015         2014         2015           \$(40)         \$(21)         \$(11)           1         1         1           \$(39)         \$(20)         \$(10)           For the Six Months Ended Con Edison           Con Edison         CE           2015         2014         2015           \$(45)         \$(25)         \$(11)           3         2         —           3         3         1           6         5         1

<sup>(</sup>a) Tax reclassified from accumulated OCI is reported in the income tax expense line item of the income statement. For the portion of unrecognized pension and other postretirement benefit costs relating to the regulated Utilities, costs are recorded into, and amortized out of, regulatory assets instead of OCI. The net actuarial losses and prior

#### Reclassifications and Revisions

Prior period amounts have been reclassified where necessary to conform to the current period presentation.

<sup>(</sup>b) service costs recognized during the period are included in the computation of total periodic pension and other postretirement benefit cost. See Notes E and F.

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Note B — Regulatory Matters

Rate Plans

CECONY — Electric

In June 2015, the New York State Public Service Commission (NYSPSC) approved an April 2015 Joint Proposal entered into by CECONY, the staff of the NYSPSC and other parties. Under the Joint Proposal, the rate plan for 2016 does not include a rate increase or decrease. The rate plan for 2016 includes additional revenues from the amortization to income of net regulatory liabilities. The following table contains a summary of the rate plan for 2016:

Effective period January 2016 – December 2016

Base rate changes None (a)

Amortizations to income of net regulatory

(assets) and liabilities

Continued retention of \$90 million of annual transmission Other revenue sources

congestion revenues.

Continued reconciliation of actual electric delivery revenues to those Revenue decoupling mechanism

authorized in the rate plan.

Continued current rate recovery of purchased power and fuel costs Recoverable energy costs

Continued potential penalties (up to \$400 million annually) if Negative revenue adjustments

certain performance targets are not met.

Continued reconciliation of expenses for pension and other

Additional \$123 million of net regulatory liabilities (b).

postretirement benefits, variable-rate tax-exempt debt, major storms, property taxes (d), municipal infrastructure support, the impact of

Cost reconciliations

new laws and environmental remediation to amounts reflected in

rates.

Target levels reflected in rates are as follows:

Transmission and distribution: \$17,929 million Net utility plant reconciliations

Storm hardening: \$268 million

Other: \$2.069 million

\$18,282 million Average rate base Weighted average cost of capital (after-tax) 6.91 percent Authorized return on common equity 9.0 percent

Most earnings above an annual earnings threshold of 9.6 percent are

to be applied to reduce regulatory assets for environmental Earnings sharing

remediation and other costs.

5.09 percent Cost of long-term debt 48 percent Common equity ratio

The impact of 2014 and 2015 base rate changes under the current electric rate plan will continue to be deferred.

(a) \$249 million of annual revenues collected from electric customers will continue to be subject to potential refund following NYSPSC staff review of certain costs. Revenues will continue to include \$21 million as funding for major storm reserve.

Annual amortization of \$107 million of the regulatory asset for deferred Superstorm Sandy and other major storm

(b) costs will continue. The costs recoverable from customers will be reduced by \$4 million. The costs will no longer be subject to NYSPSC staff review and the recovery of the costs will no longer be subject to refund.

For transmission service provided pursuant to the open access transmission tariff of PJM Interconnection LLC (PJM), unless and until changed by the NYSPSC, the company will recover all charges incurred associated with the

(c) transmission service. In January 2014, PJM submitted to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) a request that would substantially increase the charges for the transmission service. FERC has granted the request and rejected CECONY's protests. CECONY is challenging the FERC's decision.

Deferrals for property taxes will continue to be limited to 90 percent of the difference from amounts reflected in (d) rates, subject to an annual maximum for the remaining difference of not more than a 10 basis point impact on return on common equity.

#### O&R New York - Electric and Gas

In June 2015, O&R entered into a Joint Proposal with the NYSPSC staff and other parties for new electric and gas rate plans. Under the Joint Proposal, which is subject to NYSPSC review and approval, the new rate plans would be effective November 2015. The following tables contain a summary of the new rate plans:

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Average rate base

O&R New York - Electric

Effective period November 2015 - October 2017

Base rate changes

Yr. 1 - \$9.3 million
Yr. 2 - \$8.8 million
Yr. 1 - \$(8.5) million
Yr. 1 - \$(8.5) million

(assets) and liabilities (a)

Yr. 2 - \$(9.4) million

Continued reconciliation of actual electric delivery revenues to those

Revenue decoupling mechanism authorized in the rate plan.

Recoverable energy costs Continued current rate recovery of purchased power costs.

Negative revenue adjustments

Potential penalties (up to \$4 million annually) if certain performance

targets are not met.

Continued reconciliation of expenses for pension and other

Cost reconciliations postretirement benefits, property taxes, the impact of new laws and

environmental remediation to amounts reflected in rates.

Target levels reflected in rates are:

Net utility plant reconciliations (b) Yr. 1 - \$928 million

Yr. 2 - \$970 million Yr. 1 - \$763 million Yr. 2 - \$805 million

Weighted average cost of capital (after-tax)

Yr. 1 - 7.10 percent
Yr. 2 - 7.06 percent

Authorized return on common equity 9.0 percent

Earnings sharing

Most earnings above an annual earnings threshold of 9.6 percent are

to be applied to reduce regulatory assets.

Cost of long-term debt

Yr. 1 - 5.42 percent
Yr. 2 - 5.35 percent

Common equity ratio 48 percent

The Joint Proposal provides that the company should be allowed to recover from customers \$59.3 million of its regulatory asset for deferred storm costs over a five-year period, including \$11.85 million in each of years 1 and 2, \$1 million of the regulatory asset for such costs will not be recovered from customers, and all outstanding issues related to Superstorm Sandy and other past major storms prior to November 2014 are

(a) all outstanding issues related to Superstorm Sandy and other past major storms prior to November 2014 ar resolved. The Joint Proposal also provides that a total of approximately \$4 million of regulatory assets for property tax and interest rate reconciliations will not be recovered from customers. Amounts that will not be recovered from customers were charged-off in June 2015.

Excludes electric advanced metering infrastructure as to which the company will be required to defer as a (b) regulatory liability the revenue requirement impact of the amount, if any, by which actual average net utility plant balances are less than amounts reflected in rates: \$1 million in year 1 and \$9 million in year 2.

#### **Table of Contents**

O&R New York - Gas

Effective period November 2015 - October 2018

Yr. 1 - \$27.5 million Base rate changes (a) Yr. 2 - \$4.4 million

Yr. 3 - \$6.7 million Yr. 1 - \$(1.7) million

Amortizations to income of net regulatory

Yr. 2 - \$(2.1) million (assets) and liabilities (b)

Yr. 3 - \$(2.5) million

Continued reconciliation of actual gas delivery revenues to those authorized in the rate plan, including through weather normalization Revenue decoupling mechanism

clause.

Recoverable energy costs Continued current rate recovery of purchased gas costs.

Potential penalties (up to \$3.7 million in Yr. 1, \$4.7 million in Yr. 2 Negative revenue adjustments

and \$5.8 million in Yr. 3) if certain performance targets are not met.

Continued reconciliation of expenses for pension and other Cost reconciliations postretirement benefits, property taxes, the impact of new laws and

environmental remediation to amounts reflected in rates.

Target levels reflected in rates are:

Yr. 1 - \$492 million Net utility plant reconciliations (c)

Yr. 2 - \$518 million Yr. 3 - \$546 million Yr. 1 - \$366 million Yr. 2 - \$391 million

Average rate base Yr. 3 - \$417 million

Yr. 1 - 7.10 percent Yr. 2 - 7.06 percent Yr. 3 - 7.06 percent

9.0 percent Authorized return on common equity

Weighted average cost of capital (after-tax)

Most earnings above an annual earnings threshold of 9.6 percent are Earnings sharing

to be applied to reduce regulatory assets.

Yr. 1 - 5.42 percent Yr. 2 - 5.35 percent Yr. 3 - 5.35 percent

48 percent Common equity ratio

The base rate changes may be implemented, at the NYSPSC's option, with increases of \$16.4 million in each of (a) years 1 and 2 and an increase of \$5.8 million, together with a surcharge of \$10.6 million, in year 3.

Reflects that the company will not recover from customers a total of approximately \$14 million of regulatory assets

(b) for property tax and interest rate reconciliations. Amounts that will not be recovered from customers were charged-off in June 2015.

Excludes gas advanced metering infrastructure as to which the company will be required to defer as a regulatory

(c) liability the revenue requirement impact of the amount, if any, by which actual average net utility plant balances are less than amounts reflected in rates: \$0.5 million in year 1, \$4.2 million in year 2 and \$7.2 million in year 3.

#### Other Regulatory Matters

Cost of long-term debt

In February 2009, the NYSPSC commenced a proceeding to examine the prudence of certain CECONY expenditures following the arrests of employees for accepting illegal payments from a construction contractor. Subsequently, additional employees were arrested for accepting illegal payments from materials suppliers and an engineering firm. The arrested employees were terminated by the company and have pled guilty or been convicted. Pursuant to NYSPSC orders, a portion of the company's revenues (currently, \$249 million, \$32 million and \$6 million on an

annual basis for electric, gas and steam service, respectively) is being collected subject to potential refund to customers. The amount of electric revenues collected subject to refund, which was established in a different proceeding, and the amount of gas and steam revenues collected subject to refund were not established as indicative of the company's potential liability in this proceeding. At June 30, 2015, the company had collected an estimated \$1,818 million from customers subject to potential refund in connection with this proceeding. In January 2013, a NYSPSC consultant reported its estimate, with which the company does not agree, of \$208 million of overcharges with respect to a substantial portion of the company's construction expenditures from January 2000 to January 2009. The company is disputing the consultant's estimate, including its determinations as to overcharges regarding specific construction expenditures it selected to review and its methodology of extrapolating such determinations over a substantial portion of the construction expenditures during this period. The NYSPSC's consultant has not reviewed the company's other expenditures. The company and NYSPSC staff are exploring a settlement in this proceeding. In May 2014, the NYSPSC's Chief Administrative Law Judge appointed a settlement judge to assist the parties. There is no assurance that there will be a settlement, and any settlement would be subject to NYSPSC approval. At June 30, 2015, the company had a \$103 million regulatory liability relating to this matter. The company currently estimates that any additional amount the NYSPSC requires the company to refund to customers in excess of the regulatory liability accrued could range up to an amount based on the NYSPSC consultant's \$208 million estimate of overcharges.

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In late October 2012, Superstorm Sandy caused extensive damage to the Utilities' electric distribution system and interrupted service to approximately 1.4 million customers. Superstorm Sandy also damaged CECONY's steam system and interrupted service to many of its steam customers. As of June 30, 2015, CECONY and O&R incurred response and restoration costs for Superstorm Sandy of \$507 million and \$91 million, respectively (including capital expenditures of \$147 million and \$15 million, respectively). Most of the costs that were not capitalized were deferred for recovery as a regulatory asset under the Utilities' electric rate plans. Collection from customers of these costs is provided for under CECONY's current electric rate plan, the June 2015 Joint Proposal with respect to O&R's electric rates (which is subject to NYSPSC approval) and RECO's current electric rate plan. See "Rate Plans," above. In June 2014, the NYSPSC initiated a proceeding to investigate the practices of qualifying persons to perform plastic fusions on gas facilities. New York State regulations require gas utilities to qualify and, except in certain circumstances, annually requalify workers that perform fusion to join plastic pipe. The NYSPSC directed the New York gas utilities to provide information in this proceeding about their compliance with the qualification and requalification requirements and related matters; their procedures for compliance with all gas safety regulations; and their annual chief executive officer certifications regarding these and other procedures. CECONY's qualification and requalification procedures had not included certain required testing to evaluate specimen fuses. In addition, CECONY and O&R had not timely requalified certain workers that had been qualified under their respective procedures to perform fusion to join plastic pipe. CECONY and O&R have requalified their workers who perform plastic pipe fusions, In May 2015, the NYSPSC, which indicated that it would address enforcement at a later date, ordered CECONY, O&R and other gas utilities to perform risk assessment and remediation plans, additional leakage surveying and reporting; CECONY to hire an independent statistician to develop a risk assessment and remediation plan; and the gas utilities to implement certain new plastic fusion requirements.

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### Regulatory Assets and Liabilities

Regulatory assets and liabilities at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were comprised of the following items:

	Coı	n Edison	CEC	CONY
(Millions of Dollars)	2015	2014	2015	2014
Regulatory assets				
Unrecognized pension and other postretirement costs	\$4,400	\$4,846	\$4,191	\$4,609
Future income tax	2,326	2,273	2,216	2,166
Environmental remediation costs	897	925	796	820
Deferred storm costs	254	319	167	224
Revenue taxes	227	219	215	208
Pension and other postretirement benefits deferrals	54	66	27	42
Net electric deferrals	54	63	53	63
Unamortized loss on reacquired debt	54	57	51	55
Deferred derivative losses	46	25	41	23
Surcharge for New York State assessment	40	99	38	92
O&R property tax reconciliation	40	36	_	_
Preferred stock redemption	27	27	27	27
O&R transition bond charges	24	27	_	_
Workers' compensation	10	8	10	8
Recoverable energy costs	_	19	_	17
Other	193	147	179	127
Regulatory assets – noncurrent	8,646	9,156	8,011	8,481
Deferred derivative losses	65	97	60	92
Future income tax	8	10	_	_
Recoverable energy costs	2	41	_	40
Regulatory assets – current	75	148	60	132
Total Regulatory Assets	\$8,721	\$9,304	\$8,071	\$8,613
Regulatory liabilities				
Allowance for cost of removal less salvage	\$620	\$598	\$518	\$499
Property tax reconciliation	300	295	300	295
Base rate change deferrals	146	155	146	155
Net unbilled revenue deferrals	116	138	116	138
Prudence proceeding	103	105	103	105
Pension and other postretirement benefit deferrals	83	46	59	37
Variable-rate tax-exempt debt – cost rate reconciliation	80	78	69	78
Property tax refunds	65	87	65	87
New York State income tax rate change	64	62	61	59
Carrying charges on repair allowance and bonus depreciation	52	58	50	57
World Trade Center settlement proceeds	31	41	31	41
Net utility plant reconciliations	22	21	23	20
Earnings sharing – electric	21	19	21	18
Unrecognized other postretirement costs	17		17	
Other	227	290	193	248
Regulatory liabilities – noncurrent	1,947	1,993	1,772	1,837
Refundable energy costs	72	128	39	84
Revenue decoupling mechanism	42	30	41	30
Future income tax	22	24	21	24
Deferred derivative gains	6	5	6	4

Regulatory liabilities – current	142	187	107	142
Total Regulatory Liabilities	\$2,089	\$2,180	\$1,879	\$1,979

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#### Note C — Capitalization

In June 2015, O&R issued \$120 million aggregate principal amount of 4.95 percent debentures, due 2045. Also in June 2015, a Con Edison Development subsidiary issued \$118 million aggregate principal amount of 3.94 percent Senior Notes, due 2036. The Notes are secured by four of the company's solar projects.

The carrying amounts and fair values of long-term debt at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 are:

(Millions of Dollars)	2015		2014	
Long-Term Debt (including current portion)	Carrying	Fair	Carrying	Fair
	Amount	Value	Amount	Value
Con Edison	\$12,385	\$13,498	\$12,191	\$13,998
CECONY	\$11.215	\$12,206	\$11.214	\$12,846

Fair values of long-term debt have been estimated primarily using available market information. For Con Edison, \$12,862 million and \$636 million of the fair value of long-term debt at June 30, 2015 are classified as Level 2 and Level 3, respectively. For CECONY, \$11,570 million and \$636 million of the fair value of long-term debt at June 30, 2015 are classified as Level 2 and Level 3, respectively (see Note L). The \$636 million of long-term debt classified as Level 3 is CECONY's tax-exempt, auction-rate securities for which the market is highly illiquid and there is a lack of observable inputs.

#### Note D — Short-Term Borrowing

At June 30, 2015, Con Edison had \$1,245 million of commercial paper outstanding of which \$995 million was outstanding under CECONY's program. The weighted average interest rate at June 30, 2015 was 0.4 percent for both Con Edison and CECONY. At December 31, 2014, Con Edison had \$800 million of commercial paper outstanding of which \$450 million was outstanding under CECONY's program. The weighted average interest rate at December 31, 2014 was 0.4 percent for both Con Edison and CECONY.

At June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, no loans were outstanding under the credit agreement (Credit Agreement) and \$56 million (including \$11 million for CECONY) and \$11 million (including \$11 million for CECONY), respectively, of letters of credit were outstanding under the Credit Agreement.

#### Note E — Pension Benefits

Total Periodic Benefit Cost

The components of the Companies' total periodic benefit costs for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,				
	Con Edison		CECO	NY	
(Millions of Dollars)	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Service cost – including administrative expenses	\$74	\$57	\$70	\$53	
Interest cost on projected benefit obligation	144	143	135	134	
Expected return on plan assets	(222)	(208)	(210)	(198)	
Recognition of net actuarial loss	194	154	183	146	
Recognition of prior service costs	1	1		1	
NET PERIODIC BENEFIT COST	\$191	\$147	\$178	\$136	
Amortization of regulatory asset	1	1	1	1	
TOTAL PERIODIC BENEFIT COST	\$192	\$148	\$179	\$137	
Cost capitalized	(76)	(57)	(72)	(54)	
Reconciliation to rate level	(17)	30	(18)	28	
Cost charged to operating expenses	\$99	\$121	\$89	\$111	

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	For the Six Months Ended June 30,						
	Con Edison		CE	CONY			
(Millions of Dollars)	2015	2014	2015	2014			
Service cost – including administrative expenses	\$149	\$113	\$139	\$106			
Interest cost on projected benefit obligation	287	286	269	268			
Expected return on plan assets	(443)	(416)	(420)	(395)			
Recognition of net actuarial loss	388	309	367	293			
Recognition of prior service costs	2	2	1	1			
NET PERIODIC BENEFIT COST	\$383	\$294	\$356	\$273			
Amortization of regulatory asset	1	1	1	1			
TOTAL PERIODIC BENEFIT COST	\$384	\$295	\$357	\$274			
Cost capitalized	(144)	(109)	(137)	(103)			
Reconciliation to rate level	(42)	57	(42)	51			
Cost charged to operating expenses	\$198	\$243	\$178	\$222			

#### **Expected Contributions**

Based on estimates as of June 30, 2015, the Companies expect to make contributions to the pension plans during 2015 of \$750 million (of which \$697 million is to be contributed by CECONY). The Companies' policy is to fund the total periodic benefit cost of the qualified plan to the extent tax deductible and to also contribute to the non-qualified supplemental plans. During the first six months of 2015, the Companies contributed \$407 million to the pension plans, nearly all of which was contributed by CECONY. CECONY also contributed \$16 million to its external trust for supplemental plans.

#### Note F — Other Postretirement Benefits

Total Periodic Benefit Cost

The components of the Companies' total periodic other postretirement benefit costs for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,				
	Co	n Edison	CE	ECONY	
(Millions of Dollars)	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Service cost	\$5	\$5	\$4	\$4	
Interest cost on accumulated other postretirement benefit obligation	13	15	11	13	
Expected return on plan assets	(20)	(19)	(17)	(17)	
Recognition of net actuarial loss	8	14	7	13	
Recognition of prior service cost	(5)	(5)	(4)	(4)	
TOTAL PERIODIC OTHER POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT COST	\$1	\$10	\$1	\$9	
Cost capitalized	(1)	(4)	(1)	(4)	
Reconciliation to rate level	4	3	2	1	
Cost charged to operating expenses	\$4	\$9	\$2	\$6	

	For the Six Months Ended June 30,						
	Co	CECONY					
(Millions of Dollars)	2015	2014	2015	2014			
Service cost	\$10	\$10	\$7	\$7			
	25	30	22	26			

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Interest cost on accumulated other postretirement benefit				
obligation				
Expected return on plan assets	(39)	(38)	(34)	(34)
Recognition of net actuarial loss	16	28	14	26
Recognition of prior service cost	(10)	(10)	(7)	(7)
TOTAL PERIODIC OTHER POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT COST	\$2	\$20	\$2	\$18
Cost capitalized	(1)	(8)	(1)	(7)
Reconciliation to rate level	8	6	3	1
Cost charged to operating expenses	\$9	\$18	\$4	\$12

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#### **Expected Contributions**

Based on estimates as of June 30, 2015, the Companies expect to make a contribution of \$6 million, nearly all of which is for CECONY, to the other postretirement benefit plans in 2015. The Companies' policy is to fund the total periodic benefit cost of the plans to the extent tax deductible.

#### Note G — Environmental Matters

#### **Superfund Sites**

Hazardous substances, such as asbestos, polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) and coal tar, have been used or generated in the course of operations of the Utilities and their predecessors and are present at sites and in facilities and equipment they currently or previously owned, including sites at which gas was manufactured or stored. The Federal Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 and similar state statutes (Superfund) impose joint and several liability, regardless of fault, upon generators of hazardous substances for investigation and remediation costs (which include costs of demolition, removal, disposal, storage, replacement, containment and monitoring) and natural resource damages. Liability under these laws can be material and may be imposed for contamination from past acts, even though such past acts may have been lawful at the time they occurred. The sites at which the Utilities have been asserted to have liability under these laws, including their manufactured gas plant sites and any neighboring areas to which contamination may have migrated, are referred to herein as "Superfund Sites."

For Superfund Sites where there are other potentially responsible parties and the Utilities are not managing the site investigation and remediation, the accrued liability represents an estimate of the amount the Utilities will need to pay to investigate and, where determinable, discharge their related obligations. For Superfund Sites (including the manufactured gas plant sites) for which one of the Utilities is managing the investigation and remediation, the accrued liability represents an estimate of the company's share of the undiscounted cost to investigate the sites and, for sites that have been investigated in whole or in part, the cost to remediate the sites, if remediation is necessary and if a reasonable estimate of such cost can be made. Remediation costs are estimated in light of the information available, applicable remediation standards and experience with similar sites.

The accrued liabilities and regulatory assets related to Superfund Sites at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were as follows:

	Con Edison			CECONY	
(Millions of Dollars)	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Accrued Liabilities:					
Manufactured gas plant sites	\$671	\$684	\$576	\$587	
Other Superfund Sites	80	80	80	79	
Total	\$751	\$764	\$656	\$666	
Regulatory assets	\$897	\$925	\$796	\$820	

Most of the accrued Superfund Site liability relates to sites that have been investigated, in whole or in part. However, for some of the sites, the extent and associated cost of the required remediation has not yet been determined. As investigations progress and information pertaining to the required remediation becomes available, the Utilities expect that additional liability may be accrued, the amount of which is not presently determinable but may be material. The Companies are unable to estimate the time period over which the remaining accrued liability will be incurred because, among other things, the required remediation has not been determined for some of the sites. Under their current rate plans, the Utilities are permitted to recover or defer as regulatory assets (for subsequent recovery through rates) certain site investigation and remediation costs.

Environmental remediation costs incurred and insurance recoveries received related to Superfund Sites for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

For the Three Months Ended June 30, Con Edison CECONY

(Millions of Dollars)	2015	2014	2015	2014
Remediation costs incurred	\$8	\$5	\$7	\$2
Insurance recoveries received	_	_	_	_

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	For the Six Months Ended June 30,							
	Co	n Edison	CECC	ONY				
(Millions of Dollars)	2015	2014	2015	2014				
Remediation costs incurred	\$15	\$14	\$12	\$10				
Insurance recoveries received (a)		5		5				

<sup>(</sup>a) Reduced amount deferred for recovery from customers

In 2014, Con Edison and CECONY estimated that for their manufactured gas plant sites (including CECONY's Astoria site), the aggregate undiscounted potential liability for the investigation and remediation of coal tar and/or other environmental contaminants could range up to \$2.7 billion and \$2.5 billion, respectively. These estimates were based on the assumption that there is contamination at all sites, including those that have not yet been fully investigated and additional assumptions about the extent of the contamination and the type and extent of the remediation that may be required. Actual experience may be materially different.

#### **Asbestos Proceedings**

Suits have been brought in New York State and federal courts against the Utilities and many other defendants, wherein a large number of plaintiffs sought large amounts of compensatory and punitive damages for deaths and injuries allegedly caused by exposure to asbestos at various premises of the Utilities. The suits that have been resolved, which are many, have been resolved without any payment by the Utilities, or for amounts that were not, in the aggregate, material to them. The amounts specified in all the remaining thousands of suits total billions of dollars; however, the Utilities believe that these amounts are greatly exaggerated, based on the disposition of previous claims. At June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, Con Edison and CECONY had accrued their estimated aggregate undiscounted potential liabilities for these suits and additional suits that may be brought over the next 15 years of \$8 million and \$7 million, respectively. The estimates were based upon a combination of modeling, historical data analysis and risk factor assessment. Trial courts have begun, and unless otherwise determined by an appellate court may continue, to apply a different standard for determining liability in asbestos suits than the standard that applied historically. As a result, the Companies currently believe that there is a reasonable possibility of an exposure to loss in excess of the liability accrued for the suits. The Companies are unable to estimate the amount or range of such loss. In addition, certain current and former employees have claimed or are claiming workers' compensation benefits based on alleged disability from exposure to asbestos. Under its current rate plans, CECONY is permitted to defer as regulatory assets (for subsequent recovery through rates) costs incurred for its asbestos lawsuits and workers' compensation claims.

The accrued liability for asbestos suits and workers' compensation proceedings (including those related to asbestos exposure) and the amounts deferred as regulatory assets for the Companies at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were as follows:

	Con Edison		CECONY	
(Millions of Dollars)	2015	2014	2015	2014
Accrued liability – asbestos suits	\$8	\$8	\$7	\$7
Regulatory assets – asbestos suits	\$8	\$8	\$7	\$7
Accrued liability – workers' compensation	\$86	\$83	\$81	\$78
Regulatory assets – workers' compensation	\$10	\$8	\$10	\$8

Note H — Other Material Contingencies

Manhattan Steam Main Rupture

In July 2007, a CECONY steam main located in midtown Manhattan ruptured. It has been reported that one person died and others were injured as a result of the incident. Several buildings in the area were damaged. Debris from the incident included dirt and mud containing asbestos. The response to the incident required the closing of several buildings and streets for various periods. Approximately 90 suits are pending against the company seeking generally unspecified compensatory and, in some cases, punitive damages, for personal injury, property damage and business

interruption. The company has notified its insurers of the incident and believes that the policies in force at the time of the incident will cover the company's costs to satisfy its liability to others in connection with the suits. In the company's estimation, there is not a reasonable possibility that an exposure to loss exists for the suits that is materially in excess of the estimated liability accrued. At June 30, 2015, the company has accrued its estimated liability for the suits of \$50 million and an insurance receivable in the same amount.

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# Manhattan Explosion and Fire

On March 12, 2014, two multi-use five-story tall buildings located on Park Avenue between 116th and 117th Street in Manhattan were destroyed by an explosion and fire. CECONY had delivered gas to the buildings through service lines from a distribution main located below ground on Park Avenue. Eight people died and more than 50 people were injured. Additional buildings were also damaged. The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) investigated. The parties to the investigation included the company, the City of New York, the Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration and the NYSPSC (which is also conducting an investigation). In June 2015, the NTSB issued a final report concerning the incident, its probable cause and safety recommendations. The NTSB determined that the probable cause of the incident was (1) the failure of a defective fusion joint at a service tee (which joined a plastic service line to a distribution main) installed by the company that allowed gas to leak from the distribution main and migrate into a building where it ignited and (2) a breach in a City sewer line that allowed groundwater and soil to flow into the sewer, resulting in a loss of support for the distribution main, which caused it to sag and overstressed the defective fusion joint. The NTSB also made safety recommendations, including recommendations to the company that addressed its procedures for the preparation and examination of plastic fusions, training of its staff on conditions for notifications to the City's Fire Department and extension of its gas main isolation valve installation program. Approximately 70 suits are pending against the company seeking generally unspecified damages and, in one case, punitive damages, for personal injury, property damage and business interruption. The company has notified its insurers of the incident and believes that the policies in force at the time of the incident will cover the company's costs, in excess of a required retention (the amount of which is not material), to satisfy any liability it may have for damages in connection with the incident. The company is unable to estimate the amount or range of its possible loss related to the incident. At June 30, 2015, the company had not accrued a liability for the incident.

# Other Contingencies

See "Other Regulatory Matters" in Note B and "Uncertain Tax Positions" in Note I. Guarantees

Con Edison and its subsidiaries enter into various agreements providing financial or performance assurance primarily to third parties on behalf of their subsidiaries. Maximum amounts guaranteed by Con Edison totaled \$2,529 million and \$2,547 million at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

A summary, by type and term, of Con Edison's total guarantees at June 30, 2015 is as follows:

Guarantee Type	0-3 years	4-10 years	> 10 years	Total		
	(Millions of	(Millions of Dollars)				
NY Transco	\$1,359	\$	\$	\$1,359		
Energy transactions	739	42	90	871		
Renewable electric production projects	165	50	54	269		
Other	30			30		
Total	\$2,293	\$92	\$144	\$2,529		

NY Transco — Con Edison has guaranteed payment by its subsidiary, Con Edison Transmission, of the contributions it agreed to make to New York Transco LLC (NY Transco). Con Edison Transmission acquired a 46 percent interest in NY Transco when it was formed in 2014. NY Transco's transmission projects are expected to be developed initially by CECONY and other New York transmission owners and then sold to NY Transco. The development of the projects would be subject to authorizations from the NYSPSC, the FERC and other federal, state and local agencies. Guarantee amount shown is for the maximum possible required amount of Con Edison Transmission's contributions, which assumes that all the NY Transco projects proposed when NY Transco was formed receive all required regulatory approvals and are completed at 175 percent of their estimated costs and that NY Transco does not use any debt financing for the projects. Guarantee term shown is assumed as the timing of the contributions is not known. Energy Transactions — Con Edison guarantees payments on behalf of its competitive energy businesses in order to facilitate physical and financial transactions in gas, pipeline capacity, transportation, oil, electricity, renewable energy credits and energy services. To the extent that liabilities exist under the contracts subject to these guarantees, such liabilities are included in Con Edison's consolidated balance sheet.

Renewable Electric Production Projects — Con Edison and Con Edison Development guarantee payments associated with the investment in solar and wind energy facilities on behalf of their wholly-owned subsidiaries. In addition, Con Edison Development also provided \$3 million in guarantees to Travelers Insurance Company for

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indemnity agreements for surety bonds in connection with the construction and operation of solar energy facilities performed by its subsidiaries.

Other — Other guarantees primarily relate to guarantees provided by Con Edison to Travelers Insurance Company for indemnity agreements for surety bonds in connection with energy service projects performed by Con Edison Solutions (\$25 million). In addition, Con Edison issued a guarantee to the Public Utility Commission of Texas covering obligations of Con Edison Solutions as a retail electric provider. Con Edison's estimate of the maximum potential obligation for this guarantee is \$5 million as of June 30, 2015.

#### Note I — Income Tax

Con Edison's income tax expense decreased to \$101 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 from \$102 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014. Con Edison's effective tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 was 32 percent. CECONY's income tax expense increased to \$101 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 from \$78 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014. CECONY's effective tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 was 32 percent and 31 percent, respectively. The increase in CECONY's effective tax rate is due primarily to plant-related flow through items and lower injuries and damages claims in 2015, partially offset by lower amortization of New York State's Metropolitan Transportation Authority business tax. Con Edison's income tax expense was \$300 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014. Con Edison's effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 was 34 percent. CECONY's income tax expense increased to \$293 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 from \$262 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. CECONY's effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 was 34 percent.

#### **Uncertain Tax Positions**

At June 30, 2015 the estimated liability for uncertain tax positions for Con Edison was \$34 million (\$2 million for CECONY). Con Edison reasonably expects to resolve approximately \$25 million (\$16 million, net of federal taxes) of its uncertain tax positions within the next twelve months, of which the entire amount, if recognized, would reduce Con Edison's effective tax rate. The amount related to CECONY is approximately \$2 million (\$1 million, net of federal taxes), of which the entire amount, if recognized, would reduce CECONY's effective tax rate. The total amount of unrecognized tax benefits, if recognized, that would reduce Con Edison's effective tax rate is \$34 million (\$22 million, net of federal taxes).

The Companies recognize interest on liabilities for uncertain tax positions in interest expense and would recognize penalties, if any, in operating expenses in the Companies' consolidated income statements. In the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, Con Edison recognized an immaterial amount of interest expense and no penalties for uncertain tax positions in its consolidated income statements. At June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, Con Edison recognized an immaterial amount of accrued interest on its consolidated balance sheets.

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Note J — Financial Information by Business Segment The financial data for the business segments are as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,							
	Operating	g	Inter-seg	ment	Deprecia	tion and	Operating	3
	revenues		revenues		amortiza	tion	income	
(Millions of Dollars)	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
CECONY								
Electric	\$1,879	\$1,978	\$5	\$4	\$201	\$195	\$422	\$347
Gas	308	360	1	2	35	33	54	54
Steam	96	98	21	21	18	19	(16)	(15)
Consolidation adjustments			(27)	(27)			_	
Total CECONY	\$2,283	\$2,436	\$	\$	\$254	\$247	\$460	\$386
O&R								
Electric	\$162	\$157	\$	\$	\$13	\$11	\$16	\$25
Gas	16	35			4	4	(18)	(5)
Total O&R	\$178	\$192	\$	\$	\$17	\$15	\$(2)	\$20
Competitive energy businesses	\$328	\$284	\$(1)	\$(1)	\$6	\$4	\$13	\$48
Other (a)	(1)	(1)	1	1	(1)	(1)	1	1
Total Con Edison	\$2,788	\$2,911	\$	\$	\$276	\$265	\$472	\$455

<sup>(</sup>a) Parent company and consolidation adjustments. Other does not represent a business segment.

For the Six Months Ended June 30,								
	Operatin	g	Inter-se	gment	Depreci	ation and	Operating	
	revenues		revenue	S	amortiza	ation	income	
(Millions of Dollars)	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
CECONY								
Electric	\$3,858	\$4,053	\$9	\$8	\$403	\$383	\$700	\$605
Gas	963	1,149	3	3	70	64	294	287
Steam	471	439	43	41	38	39	149	138
Consolidation adjustments	_	_	(55)	(52)	_	_		_
Total CECONY	\$5,292	\$5,641	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	\$511	\$486	\$1,143	\$1,030
O&R								
Electric	\$318	\$320	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	\$25	\$21	\$34	\$37
Gas	93	128	_	_	9	8	9	22
Total O&R	\$411	\$448	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	\$34	\$29	\$43	\$59
Competitive energy businesses	\$702	\$612	\$(4)	\$1	\$11	\$11	\$10	\$50
Other (a)	(1)	(1)	4	(1)	(1)		2	1
Total Con Edison	\$6,404	\$6,700	\$	\$	\$555	\$526	\$1,198	\$1,140

<sup>(</sup>a) Parent company and consolidation adjustments. Other does not represent a business segment.

# Note K — Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

Con Edison's subsidiaries hedge market price fluctuations associated with physical purchases and sales of electricity, natural gas, steam and, to a lesser extent, refined fuels by using derivative instruments including futures, forwards, basis swaps, options, transmission congestion contracts and financial transmission rights contracts. Derivatives are recognized on the balance sheet at fair value (see Note L), unless an exception is available under the accounting rules for derivatives and hedging. Qualifying derivative contracts that have been designated as normal purchases or normal sales contracts are not reported at fair value under the accounting rules.

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The fair values of the Companies' commodity derivatives including the offsetting of assets and liabilities on the consolidated balance sheet at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were:

(Millions of Dollars)	2015				2014			
Balance Sheet Location	Gross Amounts of Recognized Assets/(Liabilities)	Amounts	Net Amounts of Assets/ (Liabilities) (a)		Gross Amounts of Recognize Assets/(L:	Amounts e <b>O</b> ffset	Net Amounts of Assets/ (Liabilities) (a)	
Con Edison								
Fair value of derivative assets								
Current	\$70	\$(50)	\$20	(b)	\$111	\$(67)	\$44	(b)
Current - assets held for sale (c)	55	(53)	2			_		
Noncurrent	24	(21)	3		34	(23)	11	
Total fair value of derivative assets	\$149	\$(124)	\$25		\$145	\$(90)	\$55	
Fair value of derivative liabilities								
Current	\$(110)	\$78	\$(32)		\$(242)	\$139	\$(103)	
Current - liabilities held for sale (c)	(100)	43	(57)		_	_	_	
Noncurrent	(66)	42	(24)		(66)	91	25	
Noncurrent - liabilities held for sale (c)	(35)	10	(25)		_	_	_	
Total fair value of derivative liabilities	\$(311)	\$173	\$(138)		\$(308)	\$230	\$(78)	
Net fair value derivative assets/(liabilities)	\$(162)	\$49	\$(113)	(b)	\$(163)	\$140	\$(23)	(b)
CECONY								