

PBF Energy Inc.
Form 10-Q
November 05, 2015

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark one)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT
OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended: September 30, 2015

Or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT
OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number: 001-35764

PBF ENERGY INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

45-3763855
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

One Sylvan Way, Second Floor
Parsippany, New Jersey
(Address of principal executive offices)
(973) 455-7500

07054
(Zip Code)

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports); and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

As of November 3, 2015, PBF Energy Inc. had outstanding 97,616,350 shares of Class A common stock and 28 shares of Class B common stock.

PBF ENERGY INC.
 FORM 10-Q FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015
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This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q is filed by PBF Energy Inc. (“PBF Energy”) which is a holding company whose primary asset is an equity interest in PBF Energy Company LLC (“PBF LLC”). PBF Energy is the sole managing member of, and owner of an equity interest representing approximately 94.4% of the outstanding economic interests in, PBF LLC as of September 30, 2015. PBF Energy operates and controls all of the business and affairs and consolidates the financial results of PBF LLC and its subsidiaries. PBF LLC is a holding company for the companies that directly and indirectly own and operate the business. PBF Holding Company LLC (“PBF Holding”) is a wholly-owned subsidiary of PBF LLC and PBF Finance Corporation (“PBF Finance”) is a wholly-owned subsidiary of PBF Holding. PBF LLC also holds a 53.7% limited partner interest, a non-economic general partner interest and all of the incentive distribution rights in PBF Logistics LP (“PBFX” or the “Partnership”), a publicly traded master limited partnership. PBF Energy, through its ownership of PBF LLC, consolidates the financial results of PBFX and its subsidiaries and records a noncontrolling interest in its consolidated financial statements representing the economic interests of PBFX's unit holders other than PBF LLC. Collectively, PBF Energy and its consolidated subsidiaries, including PBF LLC, PBF Holding, and PBFX are referred to hereinafter as the “Company” unless the context otherwise requires.

CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains certain “forward-looking statements”, as defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, of expected future developments that involve risks and uncertainties. You can identify forward-looking statements because they contain words such as “believes,” “expects,” “may,” “should,” “seeks,” “approximate,” “intends,” “plans,” “estimates,” or “anticipates” or similar expressions that relate to our strategy, plans or intentions. All statements we make relating to our estimated and projected earnings, margins, costs, expenditures, cash flows, growth rates and financial results or to our expectations regarding future industry trends are forward-looking statements. In addition, we, through our senior management, from time to time make forward-looking public statements concerning our expected future operations and performance and other developments. These forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that may change at any time, and, therefore, our actual results may differ materially from those that we expected. We derive many of our forward-looking statements from our operating budgets and forecasts, which are based upon many detailed assumptions. While we believe that our assumptions are reasonable, we caution that it is very difficult to predict the impact of known factors, and, of course, it is impossible for us to anticipate all factors that could affect our actual results.

Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from our expectations, which we refer to as “cautionary statements,” are disclosed under "Item 1A. Risk Factors", "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and elsewhere in this Form 10-Q and the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 of PBF Energy Inc., which we refer to as our 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K, and in our other filings with the SEC. All forward-looking information in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to us, or persons acting on our behalf, are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements. Some of the factors that we believe could affect our results include:

- supply, demand, prices and other market conditions for our products, including volatility in commodity prices;
- the effects of competition in our markets;
- changes in currency exchange rates, interest rates and capital costs;
- adverse developments in our relationship with both our key employees and unionized employees;
- our ability to operate our businesses efficiently, manage capital expenditures and costs (including general and administrative expenses) and generate earnings and cash flow;
- our substantial indebtedness;
- our supply and inventory intermediation arrangements expose us to counterparty credit and performance risk;
- termination of our Inventory Intermediation Agreements with J. Aron could have a material adverse effect on our liquidity, as we would be required to finance our intermediate and refined products inventory covered by the agreements. Additionally, we are obligated to repurchase from J. Aron certain intermediates and finished products located at the Paulsboro and Delaware City refineries’ storage tanks upon termination of these agreements;
- restrictive covenants in our indebtedness that may adversely affect our operational flexibility;
- payments to the current and former holders of PBF LLC Series A Units and PBF LLC Series B Units under our tax receivable agreement for certain tax benefits we may claim;
- our assumptions regarding payments arising under the tax receivable agreement and other arrangements relating to our organizational structure are subject to change due to various factors, including, among other factors, the timing of exchanges of PBF LLC Series A Units for shares of our Class A common stock as contemplated by the tax receivable agreement, the price of our Class A common stock at the time of such exchanges, the extent to which such exchanges are taxable, and the amount and timing of our income;

- our expectations and timing with respect to our acquisition activity and whether such acquisitions are accretive or dilutive to shareholders;
- our expectations and timing with respect to our capital improvement and turnaround projects;
- the status of an air permit to transfer crude through the Delaware City refinery's dock;
- the impact of disruptions to crude or feedstock supply to any of our refineries, including disruptions due to problems at PBFX or with third party logistics infrastructure or operations, including pipeline, marine and rail transportation;
- the possibility that we might reduce or not make further dividend payments;
- the inability of our subsidiaries to freely pay dividends or make distributions to us;
- the impact of current and future laws, rulings and governmental regulations, including the implementation of rules and regulations regarding transportation of crude oil by rail;
- adverse impacts related to any change by the federal government in the restrictions on exporting U.S. crude oil including relaxing limitations on the export of certain types of crude oil or condensates or the lifting of the restrictions entirely;
- market risks related to the volatility in the price of Renewable Identification Numbers ("RINs") required to comply with the Renewable Fuel Standards;
- adverse impacts from changes in our regulatory environment or actions taken by environmental interest groups;
- our ability to consummate the pending acquisition of the ownership interests of the Torrance refinery and related logistics assets (collectively, the "Torrance Acquisition"), the timing for the closing of such acquisition and our plans for financing such acquisition;
- our ability to complete the successful integration of the completed acquisition of Chalmette Refining, L.L.C and related logistic assets (collectively, the "Chalmette Acquisition") and the pending Torrance Acquisition into our business and to realize the benefits from such acquisitions;
- unforeseen liabilities associated with the Chalmette Acquisition and/or Torrance Acquisition;
- the costs of being a public company, including Sarbanes-Oxley Act compliance;
- risk associated with the operation of PBFX as a separate, publicly-traded entity;
- potential tax consequences related to our investment in PBFX; and
- receipt of regulatory approvals and compliance with contractual obligations required in connection with PBFX.

We caution you that the foregoing list of important factors may not contain all of the material factors that are important to you. In addition, in light of these risks and uncertainties, the matters referred to in the forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q may not in fact occur. Accordingly, investors should not place undue reliance on those statements.

Our forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Except as required by applicable law, including the securities laws of the United States, and we do not intend to update or revise any forward-looking statements. All subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to us or persons acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the foregoing.

PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

PBF ENERGY INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(unaudited, in thousands, except share and per share data)

	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$472,829	\$397,873
Accounts receivable	395,624	551,269
Inventories	1,101,182	1,102,261
Deferred tax asset	262,542	222,368
Prepaid expense and other current assets	71,398	72,900
Total current assets	2,303,575	2,346,671
Property, plant and equipment, net	1,960,149	1,936,839
Deferred tax assets	297,783	345,179
Marketable securities	234,249	234,930
Deferred charges and other assets, net	311,420	332,669
Total assets	\$5,107,176	\$5,196,288
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$212,772	\$335,268
Accrued expenses	819,730	1,130,792
Payable to related parties pursuant to tax receivable agreement	57,784	75,535
Deferred revenue	4,174	1,227
Total current liabilities	1,094,460	1,542,822
Delaware Economic Development Authority loan	8,000	8,000
Long-term debt	1,373,122	1,252,349
Payable to related parties pursuant to tax receivable agreement	677,592	637,192
Other long-term liabilities	63,032	62,609
Total liabilities	3,216,206	3,502,972
Commitments and contingencies (Note 10)		
Equity:		
Class A common stock, \$0.001 par value, 1,000,000,000 shares authorized, 85,893,850 shares outstanding at September 30, 2015, 81,981,119 shares outstanding at December 31, 2014	92	88
Class B common stock, \$0.001 par value, 1,000,000 shares authorized, 28 shares outstanding at September 30, 2015, 39 shares outstanding at December 31, 2014	—	—
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized, no shares outstanding, at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014	—	—
Treasury stock, at cost	(150,804	) (142,731
Additional paid in capital	1,558,237	1,508,425
Retained earnings/(Accumulated deficit)	65,372	(123,271
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(24,052) (24,298

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Total PBF Energy Inc. equity	1,448,845	1,218,213
Noncontrolling interest	442,125	475,103
Total equity	1,890,970	1,693,316
Total liabilities and equity	\$5,107,176	\$5,196,288

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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PBF ENERGY INC.
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
 (unaudited, in thousands, except share and per share data)

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Revenues	\$3,217,640	\$5,260,003	\$9,763,440	\$15,308,155
Cost and expenses:				
Cost of sales, excluding depreciation	2,822,444	4,670,908	8,319,404	13,754,048
Operating expenses, excluding depreciation	203,860	202,625	635,948	682,246
General and administrative expenses	53,293	34,339	128,562	103,976
(Gain) loss on sale of assets	(142	) 18	(1,133	) (162
Depreciation and amortization expense	48,133	68,010	144,401	135,887
	3,127,588	4,975,900	9,227,182	14,675,995
Income from operations	90,052	284,103	536,258	632,160
Other income (expenses):				
Change in fair value of catalyst leases	4,994	5,543	8,982	1,204
Interest expense, net	(28,026	) (24,374	) (77,094	) (75,831
Income before income taxes	67,020	265,272	468,146	557,533
Income tax expense	11,525	95,260	151,072	158,413
Net income	55,495	170,012	317,074	399,120
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	12,696	29,042	51,144	159,746
Net income attributable to PBF Energy Inc.	\$42,799	\$140,970	\$265,930	\$239,374
Weighted-average shares of Class A common stock outstanding				
Basic	85,845,583	87,656,611	85,401,028	71,544,080
Diluted	91,496,283	97,344,515	91,557,371	72,071,903
Net income available to Class A common stock per share:				
Basic	\$0.50	\$1.61	\$3.11	\$3.35
Diluted	\$0.49	\$1.60	\$3.06	\$3.32
Dividends per common share	\$0.30	\$0.30	\$0.90	\$0.90

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

PBF ENERGY INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(unaudited, in thousands)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended		
	September 30,		September 30,		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Net income	\$55,495	\$170,012	\$317,074	\$399,120	
Other comprehensive income:					
Unrealized gain (loss) on available for sale securities	119	(160) 115	(75)
Net gain on pension and other postretirement benefits	400	242	1,200	691	
Total other comprehensive income	519	82	1,315	616	
Comprehensive income	56,014	170,094	318,389	399,736	
Less: comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests	12,726	29,053	51,217	159,809	
Comprehensive income attributable to PBF Energy Inc.	\$43,288	\$141,041	\$267,172	\$239,927	

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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PBF ENERGY INC.
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
 (unaudited, in thousands)

	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2015	2014
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$317,074	\$399,120
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operations:		
Depreciation and amortization	151,509	141,547
Stock-based compensation	8,757	5,377
Change in fair value of catalyst lease obligations	(8,982)	(1,204)
Deferred income taxes	27,338	70,718
Change in tax receivable agreement liability	2,215	(2,990)
Non-cash change in inventory repurchase obligations	53,370	(31,602)
Pension and other post retirement benefit costs	19,340	16,462
Gain on disposition of property, plant and equipment	(1,133)	(162)
Change in non-cash lower of cost or market adjustment	81,147	—
Changes in current assets and current liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	155,645	(101,752)
Inventories	(110,830)	(378,538)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	1,610	25,104
Accounts payable	(122,496)	(76,008)
Accrued expenses	(305,044)	308,523
Deferred revenue	2,947	(6,017)
Payable to related parties pursuant to tax receivable agreement	(10,168)	—
Other assets and liabilities	(21,900)	(15,617)
Net cash provided by operations	240,399	352,961
Cash flow from investing activities:		
Expenditures for property, plant and equipment	(288,909)	(258,875)
Expenditures for deferred turnaround costs	(39,725)	(58,423)
Expenditures for other assets	(7,275)	(13,446)
Purchase of marketable securities	(1,609,286)	(1,188,906)
Maturities of marketable securities	1,609,983	923,996
Proceeds from sale of assets	168,270	74,343
Net cash used in investing activities	(166,942)	(521,311)

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

PBF ENERGY INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

(unaudited, in thousands)

	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2015	2014
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from issuance of PBFX common units, net of underwriters' discount and commissions	\$—	\$340,957
Offering costs for issuance of PBFX common units	—	(5,000)
Distributions to PBF Energy Company LLC members	(15,252)	(80,400)
Distributions to PBFX unit holders	(17,082)	(2,573)
Dividend payments	(77,287)	(63,629)
Proceeds from PBFX Senior Notes	350,000	—
Proceeds from PBFX revolver borrowings	24,500	140,100
Repayments of PBFX revolver borrowings	(275,100)	—
Proceeds from PBFX Term Loan borrowings	—	300,000
Repayments of PBFX Term Loan borrowings	(700)	(35,100)
Proceeds from Rail Facility revolver borrowings	102,075	35,925
Repayments of Rail Facility revolver borrowings	(71,938)	—
Proceeds from revolver borrowings	—	395,000
Repayments of revolver borrowings	—	(410,000)
Purchases of treasury stock	(8,073)	(32,593)
Deferred financing costs and other	(9,644)	(13,914)
Net cash provided by financing activities	1,499	568,773
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	74,956	400,423
Cash and equivalents, beginning of period	397,873	76,970
Cash and equivalents, end of period	\$472,829	\$477,393
Supplemental cash flow disclosures		
Non-cash activities:		
Conversion of Delaware Economic Development Authority loan to grant	\$—	\$4,000
Accrued construction in progress and unpaid fixed assets	\$4,670	\$65,193

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

PBF ENERGY INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT SHARE, UNIT, PER SHARE, PER UNIT AND BARREL DATA)

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE BUSINESS AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Description of the Business

PBF Energy Inc. ("PBF Energy") was formed as a Delaware corporation in 2011 and completed an initial public offering in December 2012. PBF Energy is the sole managing member of PBF Energy Company LLC ("PBF LLC"), a Delaware limited liability company, with a controlling interest in PBF LLC and its subsidiaries. PBF Energy consolidates the financial results of PBF LLC and its subsidiaries and records a noncontrolling interest in its consolidated financial statements representing the economic interests of PBF LLC's members other than PBF Energy. PBF LLC, together with its consolidated subsidiaries, owns and operates oil refineries and related facilities in North America. PBF Holding Company LLC ("PBF Holding") is a wholly-owned subsidiary of PBF LLC. PBF Finance Corporation ("PBF Finance") is a wholly-owned subsidiary of PBF Holding. Delaware City Refining Company LLC ("Delaware City Refining" or "DCR"), PBF Power Marketing LLC, PBF Energy Limited, Paulsboro Refining Company LLC, Paulsboro Natural Gas Pipeline Company LLC and Toledo Refining Company LLC are PBF LLC's principal operating subsidiaries and are all wholly-owned subsidiaries of PBF Holding. As of September 30, 2015, PBF LLC also holds a 53.7% limited partner interest and all of the incentive distribution rights in PBF Logistics LP ("PBFX"), a publicly traded master limited partnership (refer to Note 2 "PBF Logistics LP" of our Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements). PBF Logistics GP LLC ("PBF GP") owns the noneconomic general partner interest and serves as the general partner of PBFX and is wholly-owned by PBF LLC. PBF Energy, through its ownership of PBF LLC, consolidates the financial results of PBFX and its subsidiaries and records a noncontrolling interest in its consolidated financial statements representing the economic interests of PBFX's unit holders other than PBF LLC. Collectively, PBF Energy and its consolidated subsidiaries, including PBF LLC, PBF Holding, and PBFX are referred to hereinafter as the "Company" unless the context otherwise requires.

On February 6, 2015, the Company completed a public offering of 3,804,653 shares of Class A common stock in a secondary offering (the "February 2015 secondary offering"). All of the shares in the February 2015 secondary offering were sold by funds affiliated with Blackstone Group L.P., or Blackstone, and First Reserve Management, L.P., or First Reserve. In connection with the February 2015 secondary offering, Blackstone and First Reserve exchanged all of their remaining PBF LLC Series A Units for an equivalent number of shares of Class A common stock of PBF Energy, and as a result, Blackstone and First Reserve no longer hold any PBF LLC Series A Units or shares of PBF Energy Class A Common stock. The holders of PBF LLC Series B Units, which include certain executive officers of PBF Energy and others, received a portion of the proceeds of the sale of the PBF Energy Class A common stock by Blackstone and First Reserve in accordance with the amended and restated limited liability company agreement of PBF LLC. PBF Energy did not receive any proceeds from the February 2015 secondary offering. As of September 30, 2015, the Company owns 85,893,850 PBF LLC Series C Units and the Company's executive officers and directors and certain employees and others beneficially own 5,111,358 PBF LLC Series A Units. As of September 30, 2015, the holders of the Company's issued and outstanding shares of Class A common stock have 94.4% of the voting power in the Company and the members of PBF LLC other than PBF Energy through their holdings of Class B common stock have the remaining 5.6% of the voting power in the Company.

Substantially all of the Company's operations are in the United States. The Company operates in two reportable business segments: Refining and Logistics. The Company's three oil refineries are all engaged in the refining of crude oil and other feedstocks into petroleum products, and are aggregated into the Refining segment. PBFX is a publicly traded master limited partnership that was formed to operate logistical assets such as crude oil and refined petroleum products terminals, pipelines, and storage facilities. PBFX's operations are aggregated into the Logistics segment. To generate earnings and cash flows from operations, the Company is primarily dependent upon processing crude oil and selling refined petroleum products at margins sufficient to cover fixed and variable costs and other expenses. Crude oil and refined petroleum products are commodities; and factors largely out of the Company's control can cause prices to vary over time. The potential margin volatility can have a material effect on the Company's financial position, earnings and cash flow.

PBF ENERGY INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT SHARE, UNIT, PER SHARE, PER UNIT AND BARREL DATA)

Basis of Presentation

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial information furnished herein reflects all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) which are, in the opinion of management, considered necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position and the results of operations and cash flows of the Company for the periods presented. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for interim financial information. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and notes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. These interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 of PBF Energy. The results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-03, "Interest - Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30): Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs" ("ASU 2015-03"), which requires debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability to be presented on the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the debt liability rather than as an asset. The standard is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015 and early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this new standard on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-14, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Deferral of the Effective Date" ("ASU 2015-14"), which defers the effective date of ASU 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" ("ASU 2014-09") for all entities by one year. The guidance in ASU 2014-09 will replace most existing revenue recognition guidance in GAAP when it becomes effective. Under ASU 2015-14, this guidance becomes effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017 and permits the use of either the retrospective or cumulative effect transition method. Under ASU 2015-14, early adoption is permitted only as of annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim reporting periods within that reporting period. The Company continues to evaluate the impact of this new standard on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In September 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-16, "Business Combinations (Topic 805): Simplifying the Accounting for Measurement-Period Adjustments" ("ASU 2015-16"), which requires (i) that an acquirer recognize adjustments to provisional amounts that are identified during the measurement period in the reporting period in which the adjustment amounts are determined, (ii) that the acquirer record, in the same period's financial statements, the effect on earnings of changes in depreciation, amortization, or other income effects, if any, as a result of the change to the provisional amounts, calculated as if the accounting had been completed at the acquisition date, (iii) that an entity present separately on the face of the income statement or disclose in the notes the portion of the amount recorded in current-period earnings by line item that would have been recorded in previous reporting periods if the adjustment to the provisional amounts had been recognized as of the acquisition date. Under ASU 2015-16, this guidance becomes effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016 and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017 with prospective application with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this new standard on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

2. PBF LOGISTICS LP

On May 14, 2014, PBFX completed its initial public offering (the "PBFX Offering") of 15,812,500 common units. As of September 30, 2015, PBF LLC holds a 53.7% limited partner interest in PBFX (consisting of 2,572,944 common units

and 15,886,553 subordinated units) and all of PBFX's incentive distribution rights, with the remaining 46.3% limited partner interest held by public common unit holders. PBF LLC also owns indirectly a non-economic

PBF ENERGY INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT SHARE, UNIT, PER SHARE, PER UNIT AND BARREL DATA)

general partner interest in PBFX through its wholly-owned subsidiary, PBF GP, the general partner of PBFX. During the subordination period (as set forth in the partnership agreement of PBFX) holders of the subordinated units are not entitled to receive any distribution of available cash until the common units have received the minimum quarterly distribution plus any arrearages in the payment of the minimum quarterly distribution from prior quarters. If PBFX does not pay distributions on the subordinated units, the subordinated units will not accrue arrearages for those unpaid distributions. Each subordinated unit will convert into one common unit at the end of the subordination period. PBFX engages in the receiving, handling and transferring of crude oil and the receipt, storage and delivery of crude oil, refined products and intermediates. All of PBFX's revenue is derived from long-term, fee-based commercial agreements with PBF Holding, which include minimum volume commitments, for receiving, handling and transferring crude oil and refined products and storing crude oil and refined products. PBF Energy also has agreements with PBFX that establish fees for certain general and administrative services and operational and maintenance services provided by PBF Holding to PBFX. These transactions are eliminated by PBF Energy in consolidation.

PBFX's initial assets consisted of a light crude oil rail unloading terminal at the Delaware City refinery that also services the Paulsboro refinery (which is referred to as the "Delaware City Rail Terminal"), and a crude oil truck unloading terminal at the Toledo refinery (which is referred to as the "Toledo Truck Terminal") that are integral components of the crude oil delivery operations at all three of PBF Energy's refineries. On September 30, 2014, PBF LLC contributed to PBFX all of the equity interests of Delaware City Terminaling Company II LLC, which assets consist solely of the Delaware City heavy crude unloading rack (the "DCR West Rack"), for total consideration of \$150,000. On December 11, 2014, PBF LLC contributed to PBFX all of the issued and outstanding limited liability company interests of Toledo Terminaling Company LLC, whose assets consist of a tank farm and related facilities located at our Toledo refinery, including a propane storage and loading facility (the "Toledo Storage Facility"), for total consideration of \$150,000. On May 14, 2015 PBF LLC contributed to PBFX all of the issued and outstanding limited liability company interests of Delaware Pipeline Company LLC ("DPC") and Delaware City Logistics Company LLC ("DCLC"), whose assets consist of a products pipeline, truck rack and related facilities located at our Delaware City refinery (collectively the "Delaware City Products Pipeline and Truck Rack"), for total consideration of \$143,000.

PBFX, a variable interest entity, is consolidated by PBF Energy through its ownership of PBF LLC. PBF LLC through its ownership of PBF GP, has the sole ability to direct the activities of PBFX that most significantly impact its economic performance. PBF LLC is considered to be the primary beneficiary of PBFX for accounting purposes.

3. NONCONTROLLING INTEREST OF PBF ENERGY AND PBFX

Noncontrolling Interest in PBF LLC

PBF Energy is the sole managing member of, and has a controlling interest in, PBF LLC. As the sole managing member of PBF LLC, PBF Energy operates and controls all of the business and affairs of PBF LLC and its subsidiaries. As of December 31, 2014, PBF Energy's equity interest in PBF LLC represented approximately 89.9% of the outstanding interests. In connection with the February 2015 secondary offering, Blackstone and First Reserve exchanged a total of 3,804,653 Series A Units of PBF LLC for an equivalent number of shares of Class A common stock of PBF Energy. As of September 30, 2015, PBF Energy held approximately 94.4% of the economic interests in PBF LLC.

PBF Energy consolidates the financial results of PBF LLC and its subsidiaries, and records a noncontrolling interest for the economic interest in PBF Energy held by the members of PBF LLC other than PBF Energy. Noncontrolling interest on the consolidated statements of operations includes the portion of net income or loss attributable to the economic interest in PBF Energy held by the members of PBF LLC other than PBF Energy. Noncontrolling interest on the consolidated balance sheets includes the portion of net assets of PBF Energy attributable to the members of PBF LLC other than PBF Energy.

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The noncontrolling interest ownership percentage of PBF LLC as of September 30, 2015, the completion date of the February 2015 secondary offering, and December 31, 2014 is calculated as follows:

	Held by members of PBF LLC other than PBF Energy	Held by PBF Energy	Total *		
December 31, 2014	9,170,696	81,981,119	91,151,815		
	10.1	% 89.9	% 100.0		%
February 6, 2015	5,366,043	85,768,077	91,134,120		
	5.9	% 94.1	% 100.0		%
September 30, 2015	5,111,358	85,893,850	91,005,208		
	5.6	% 94.4	% 100.0		%

* Assumes all of the holders of PBF LLC Series A Units exchange their PBF LLC Series A Units for shares of PBF Energy's Class A common stock on a one-for-one basis.

Noncontrolling Interest in PBFX

PBF LLC holds a 53.7% limited partner interest in PBFX and owns all of PBFX's incentive distribution rights, with the remaining 46.3% limited partner interest owned by public common unit holders as of September 30, 2015. PBF LLC is also the sole member of PBF GP, the general partner of PBFX.

PBF Energy, through its ownership of PBF LLC, consolidates the financial results of PBFX, and records a noncontrolling interest for the economic interest in PBFX held by the public common unit holders. Noncontrolling interest on the consolidated statements of operations includes the portion of net income or loss attributable to the economic interest in PBFX held by the public common unit holders of PBFX other than PBF Energy (through its ownership in PBF LLC). Noncontrolling interest on the consolidated balance sheets includes the portion of net assets of PBFX attributable to the public common unit holders of PBFX.

The noncontrolling interest ownership percentage of PBFX as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, is calculated as follows:

	Units of PBFX Held by the Public	Units of PBFX Held by PBF LLC (Including Subordinated Units)	Total		
December 31, 2014	15,812,500	17,171,077	32,983,577		
	47.9	% 52.1	% 100.0		%
September 30, 2015	15,893,313	18,459,497	34,352,810		
	46.3	% 53.7	% 100.0		%

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The following table summarizes the changes in equity for the controlling and noncontrolling interests of PBF Energy for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014:

	PBF Energy Inc. Equity	Noncontrolling Interest in PBF LLC	Noncontrolling Interest in PBFX	Total Equity
Balance at January 1, 2015	\$ 1,218,213	\$ 138,734	\$ 336,369	\$ 1,693,316
Comprehensive income	267,172	24,609	26,608	318,389
Dividends and distributions	(77,287)	(15,252)	(17,082)	(109,621)
Record deferred tax asset and liabilities and tax receivable agreement associated with secondary offerings and PBFX's acquisitions from PBF LLC	(10,378)	—	—	(10,378)
Record allocation of noncontrolling interest upon completion of secondary offerings	39,976	(39,976)	—	—
Issuance of additional PBFX common units	11,390	—	(11,390)	—
Stock-based compensation	6,139	190	2,428	8,757
Exercise of PBF LLC options and warrants, net	1,693	(3,113)	—	(1,420)
Purchase of treasury stock	(8,073)	—	—	(8,073)
Balance at September 30, 2015	\$ 1,448,845	\$ 105,192	\$ 336,933	\$ 1,890,970
	PBF Energy Inc. Equity	Noncontrolling Interest in PBF LLC	Noncontrolling Interest in PBFX	Total Equity
Balance at January 1, 2014	\$ 654,130	\$ 1,061,126	\$ —	\$ 1,715,256
Comprehensive income	239,927	152,481	7,328	399,736
Dividends and distributions	(63,629)	(80,400)	(2,573)	(146,602)
Record deferred tax asset and liabilities and tax receivable agreement associated with secondary offerings	(102,533)	—	—	(102,533)
Record allocation of noncontrolling interest upon completion of secondary offerings	936,237	(936,237)	—	—
Issuance of additional PBFX common units	4,249	—	(4,249)	—
Stock-based compensation	4,292	432	653	5,377
Record noncontrolling interest upon completion of the PBFX Offering	—	—	335,957	335,957
Exercise of PBF LLC options and warrants, net	—	(59)	—	(59)
Purchase of treasury stock	(32,593)	—	—	(32,593)
Balance at September 30, 2014	\$ 1,640,080	\$ 197,343	\$ 337,116	\$ 2,174,539

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4. INVENTORIES

Inventories consisted of the following:

September 30, 2015

	Titled Inventory	Inventory Supply and Intermediation Arrangements	Total
Crude oil and feedstocks	\$954,744	\$21,288	\$976,032
Refined products and blendstocks	545,279	310,238	855,517
Warehouse stock and other	40,890	—	40,890
	\$1,540,913	\$331,526	\$1,872,439
Lower of cost or market reserve	(662,638	) (108,619	) (771,257
Total inventories	\$878,275	\$222,907	\$1,101,182

December 31, 2014

	Titled Inventory	Inventory Supply and Intermediation Arrangements	Total
Crude oil and feedstocks	\$918,756	\$61,122	\$979,878
Refined products and blendstocks	520,308	255,459	775,767
Warehouse stock and other	36,726	—	36,726
	\$1,475,790	\$316,581	\$1,792,371
Lower of cost or market reserve	(609,774	) (80,336	) (690,110
Total inventories	\$866,016	\$236,245	\$1,102,261

Inventory under inventory supply and intermediation arrangements includes certain crude oil stored at the Company's Delaware City refinery's storage facilities that the Company will purchase as it is consumed in connection with its crude supply agreement; and intermediates and light finished products sold to counterparties in connection with the intermediation agreements and stored in the Paulsboro and Delaware City refineries' storage facilities.

Due to the lower crude oil and refined product pricing environment at the end of 2014 and into the third quarter of 2015, the Company recorded adjustments to value its inventories to the lower of cost or market. During the three months ended September 30, 2015, the Company recorded an adjustment to value its inventories to the lower of cost or market which decreased operating income and net income by \$208,313 and \$124,571, respectively, reflecting the net change in the lower of cost or market inventory reserve from \$562,944 at June 30, 2015 to \$771,257 at September 30, 2015. During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company recorded an adjustment to value its inventories to the lower of cost or market which decreased operating income and net income by \$81,147 and \$48,526, respectively, reflecting the net change in the lower of cost or market inventory reserve from \$690,110 at December 31, 2014 to \$771,257 at September 30, 2015.

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5. DEFERRED CHARGES AND OTHER ASSETS, NET

Deferred charges and other assets, net consisted of the following:

	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Deferred turnaround costs, net	\$183,618	\$204,987
Catalyst, net	71,516	77,322
Deferred financing costs, net	34,495	32,280
Linefill	10,230	10,230
Restricted cash	1,500	1,521
Intangible assets, net	231	357
Other	9,830	5,972
Total deferred charges and other assets, net	\$311,420	\$332,669

6. ACCRUED EXPENSES

Accrued expenses consisted of the following:

	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Inventory-related accruals	\$407,678	\$588,297
Inventory supply and intermediation arrangements	212,930	253,549
Accrued transportation costs	49,548	59,959
Accrued salaries and benefits	37,766	56,117
Accrued income taxes payable	29,487	—
Excise and sales tax payable	20,430	40,444
Accrued interest	15,875	23,014
Accrued utilities	9,633	22,337
Customer deposits	8,910	24,659
Accrued construction in progress	4,634	31,452
Other	22,839	30,964
Total accrued expenses	\$819,730	\$1,130,792

The Company has the obligation to repurchase certain intermediates and finished products that are held in the Company's refinery storage tanks at the Delaware City and Paulsboro refineries in accordance with the Inventory Intermediation Agreements with J. Aron & Company, a subsidiary of The Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. ("J. Aron"). A liability is recognized for the Inventory supply and intermediation arrangements and is recorded at market price for the J. Aron owned inventory held in the Company's storage tanks under the Inventory Intermediation Agreements, with any change in the market price being recorded in cost of sales.

The Company has the obligation to purchase and sell feedstocks under a supply agreement with Statoil Marketing and Trading (US) Inc. ("Statoil") for its Delaware City refinery (the "Crude Supply Agreement"). Statoil purchases the refinery's production of certain feedstocks or purchases feedstocks from third parties on the refineries' behalf. Legal title to the feedstocks is held by Statoil and the feedstocks are held in the refinery's storage tanks until they are needed for further use in the refining process. At that time, the products are drawn out of the storage tanks and purchased by the refinery. These purchases and sales are settled monthly at the daily market prices related to those products. These transactions are considered to be made in contemplation of each other and, accordingly, do not

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result in the recognition of a sale when title passes from the refinery to Statoil. Inventory remains at cost and the net cash receipts result in a liability.

The Company is subject to obligations to purchase Renewable Identification Numbers ("RINs") required to comply with the Renewable Fuels Standard. The Company's overall RINs obligation is based on a percentage of domestic shipments of on-road fuels as established by the Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA"). To the degree the Company is unable to blend the required amount of biofuels to satisfy its RINs obligation, RINs must be purchased on the open market to avoid penalties and fines. The Company records its RINs obligation on a net basis in accrued expenses when its RINs liability is greater than the amount of RINs earned and purchased in a given period and in Prepaid expenses and other current assets when the amount of RINs earned and purchased is greater than the RINs liability.

7. CREDIT FACILITIES

On April 29, 2015, PBF Rail Logistics LLC ("PBF Rail"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of PBF Holding, entered into the First Amendment to Loan Agreement (as amended, the "Rail Facility") among Credit Agricole Corporate + Investment Bank as Administrative Agent, Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas as Collateral Agent, DVB Bank SE as Syndication Agent, ING Bank, a branch of ING-DiBa AG as Documentation Agent and certain other Continuing Lenders, as defined in the agreement. The primary purpose of the Rail Facility is to fund the acquisition by PBF Rail of coiled and insulated crude tank cars and non-coiled and non-insulated general purpose crude tank cars. The amendments to the Rail Facility include the extension of the maturity to April 29, 2017, the reduction of the total commitment from \$250,000 to \$150,000, and the reduction of the commitment fee on the unused portion of the Rail Facility.

On May 12, 2015, PBFX entered into an indenture among the Partnership, PBF Logistics Finance Corporation, a Delaware corporation and wholly-owned subsidiary of the Partnership ("PBF Logistics Finance," and together with the Partnership, the "Issuers"), the Guarantors named therein (certain subsidiaries of PBFX) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as Trustee, under which the Issuers issued \$350,000 in aggregate principal amount of 6.875% Senior Notes due 2023 (the "PBFX Senior Notes"). PBF LLC has provided a limited guarantee of collection of the principal amount of the PBFX Senior Notes, but is not otherwise subject to the covenants of the indenture. Of the \$350,000 aggregate PBFX Senior Notes, \$19,910 were purchased by certain of PBF Energy's officers and directors and their affiliates and family members pursuant to a separate private placement transaction. After deducting offering expenses, PBFX received net proceeds of approximately \$343,000 from the PBFX Senior Notes offering.

8. MARKETABLE SECURITIES

The U.S Treasury securities purchased by the Company with the proceeds from the PBFX Offering are used as collateral to secure a three-year, \$300,000 term loan facility entered into by PBFX (the "PBFX Term Loan"). PBFX anticipates holding the securities for an indefinite amount of time (the securities will be rolled over as they mature). As necessary and at the discretion of PBFX, these securities are expected to be liquidated and the proceeds used to fund future capital expenditures. While PBFX does not routinely sell marketable securities prior to their scheduled maturity dates, some of PBFX's investments may be held and restricted for the purpose of funding future capital expenditures and acquisitions, so these investments are classified as available-for-sale marketable securities as they may occasionally be sold prior to their scheduled maturity dates due to the unexpected timing of cash needs. The carrying value of these marketable securities approximates fair value and are measured using Level 1 inputs. The maturities of the marketable securities range from one to three months and are classified on the balance sheet in non-current assets.

As of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company held \$234,249 and \$234,930, respectively, in marketable securities. The gross unrecognized holding gains and losses as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were not material. The net realized gains or losses from the sale of marketable securities were immaterial for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014.

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9. INCOME TAXES

PBF Energy files federal and applicable state corporate income tax returns and recognizes income taxes on its pre-tax income, which to date has consisted solely of its share of PBF LLC's pre-tax income (approximately 89.9% prior to the February 2015 secondary offering and approximately 94.4% subsequent to the February 2015 secondary offering as of September 30, 2015). PBF LLC is organized as a limited liability company and PBFX is a master limited partnership, both of which are treated as "flow-through" entities for federal income tax purposes and therefore are not subject to income taxes. As a result, PBF Energy's condensed consolidated financial statements do not reflect any benefit or provision for income taxes on the pre-tax income or loss attributable to the noncontrolling interests in PBF LLC or PBFX.

The income tax provision in the PBF Energy condensed consolidated financial statements of operations consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Current tax expense	\$58,193	\$59,632	\$123,734	\$87,695
Deferred tax expense	(46,668	) 35,628	27,338	70,718
Total tax expense	\$11,525	\$95,260	\$151,072	\$158,413

Income tax expense is based on income before taxes attributable to PBF Energy and excludes income before taxes attributable to noncontrolling interests as such interests are not subject to income taxes. The difference between the Company's income tax expense and the income tax provision computed by applying the United States statutory rate and the difference between the Company's effective income tax rate and the United States statutory rate are reconciled below:

	Three Months Ended		Three Months Ended			
	September 30, 2015		September 30, 2014			
			%		%	
Provision at Federal statutory rate	\$19,011	35.0	%	\$82,793	35.0	%
Increase (decrease) attributable to flow-through of certain tax adjustments:						
State income taxes (net federal income tax)	2,830	5.2	%	12,103	5.2	%
Non deductible/nontaxable items	536	1.0	%	2,019	0.8	%
Adjustment for manufacturer's benefit	(1,169	) (2.2)%	—	—	%
Rate differential from foreign jurisdictions	(9,971) (18.4)%	—	—	%
Other	288	0.6	%	(1,655) (0.7)%
Total	\$11,525	21.2	%	\$95,260	40.3	%

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	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014			
Provision at Federal statutory rate	\$145,949	35.0	%	\$139,233	35.0	%
Increase (decrease) attributable to flow-through of certain tax adjustments:						
State income taxes (net federal income tax)	21,726	5.2	%	20,505	5.2	%
Non deductible/nontaxable items	1,402	0.3	%	2,321	0.5	%
Adjustment for manufacturer's benefit	(3,984)	(0.9)	%	—	—	%
Rate differential from foreign jurisdictions	(13,797)	(3.3)	%	—	—	%
Other	(224)	(0.1)	%	(3,646)	(0.9)	%
Total	\$151,072	36.2	%	\$158,413	39.8	%

The Company's effective income tax rate for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, including the impact of income attributable to noncontrolling interests of \$12,696 and \$51,144, respectively, was 17.2% and 32.3%, respectively. The Company's effective income tax rate for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, including the impact of income attributable to noncontrolling interests of \$29,042 and \$159,746, respectively, was 35.9% and 28.4%, respectively.

PBF Energy has determined there are no material uncertain tax positions as of September 30, 2015. PBF Energy does not have any unrecognized tax benefits.

10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Environmental Matters

The Company's refineries are subject to extensive and frequently changing federal, state and local laws and regulations, including, but not limited to, those relating to the discharge of materials into the environment or that otherwise relate to the protection of the environment, waste management and the characteristics and the compositions of fuels. Compliance with existing and anticipated laws and regulations can increase the overall cost of operating the refineries, including remediation, operating costs and capital costs to construct, maintain and upgrade equipment and facilities.

In connection with the Paulsboro refinery acquisition, the Company assumed certain environmental remediation obligations. The environmental liability of \$10,714 recorded as of September 30, 2015 (\$10,476 as of December 31, 2014) represents the present value of expected future costs discounted at a rate of 8%. The current portion of the environmental liability is recorded in accrued expenses and the non-current portion is recorded in other long-term liabilities. As of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, this liability is self-guaranteed by the Company. In connection with the acquisition of the Delaware City assets, Valero Energy Corporation ("Valero") remains responsible for certain pre-acquisition environmental obligations up to \$20,000 and the predecessor to Valero in ownership of the refinery retains other historical obligations.

In connection with the acquisition of the Delaware City assets and the Paulsboro refinery, the Company and Valero purchased ten year, \$75,000 environmental insurance policies to insure against unknown environmental liabilities at each site. In connection with the Toledo refinery acquisition, Sunoco, Inc. (R&M) ("Sunoco") remains responsible for environmental remediation for conditions that existed on the closing date for twenty years from March 1, 2011, subject to certain limitations.

In 2010, New York State adopted a Low-Sulfur Heating Oil mandate that, beginning July 1, 2012, requires all heating oil sold in New York State to contain no more than 15 parts per million ("PPM") sulfur. Since July 1, 2012, other states in the Northeast market began requiring heating oil sold in their state to contain no more than 15 PPM sulfur. Currently, six Northeastern states require heating oil with 15 PPM or less sulfur. By July 1, 2016, two more

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states are expected to adopt this requirement and by July 1, 2018 most of the remaining Northeastern states (except for Pennsylvania and New Hampshire) will require heating oil with 15 PPM or less sulfur. All of the heating oil the Company currently produces meets these specifications. The mandate and other requirements do not currently have a material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

The EPA issued the final Tier 3 Gasoline standards on March 3, 2014 under the Clean Air Act. This final rule establishes more stringent vehicle emission standards and further reduces the sulfur content of gasoline starting in January of 2017. The new standard is set at 10 PPM sulfur in gasoline on an annual average basis starting January 1, 2017, with a credit trading program to provide compliance flexibility. The EPA responded to industry comments on the proposed rule and maintained the per gallon sulfur cap on gasoline at the existing 80 PPM cap. The standards set by the new rule are not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

The EPA was required to release the final annual standards for the Reformulated Fuels Standard ("RFS") for 2014 no later than Nov 29, 2013 and for 2015 no later than Nov 29, 2014. The EPA did not meet these requirements but did release proposed standards for 2014. The EPA did not finalize this proposal in 2014. However, in May 2015, the EPA re-proposed annual standards for RFS 2 for 2014, and proposed new standards for 2015 and 2016 and biomass-based diesel volumes for 2017. The EPA is proposing volume requirements in the annual standards which, while below the volumes originally set by Congress, would increase renewable fuel use in the U.S. above historical levels and provide for steady growth over time. The EPA is also proposing to increase the required volume of biomass-based diesel in 2015, 2016, and 2017 while maintaining the opportunity for growth in other advanced biofuels. The EPA has solicited comments on the proposed annual standards and held public hearings on June 25, 2015. Final action on this proposal is expected by November 30, 2015. If they are issued, the final standards may have a material impact on the Company's cost of compliance with RFS 2.

On September 12, 2012, the EPA issued final amendments to the New Source Performance Standards ("NSPS") for petroleum refineries, including standards for emissions of nitrogen oxides from process heaters and work practice standards and monitoring requirements for flares. The Company has evaluated the impact of the regulation and amended standards on its refinery operations and currently does not expect the cost to comply to be material. In addition, the EPA published a Final Rule to the Clean Water Act ("CWA") Section 316(b) in August 2014 regarding cooling water intake structures which includes requirements for petroleum refineries. The purpose of this rule is to prevent fish from being trapped against cooling water intake screens (impingement) and to prevent fish from being drawn through cooling water systems (entrainment). Facilities will be required to implement Best Technology Available (BTA) as soon as possible, but state agencies have the discretion to establish implementation time lines. The Company continues to evaluate the impact of this regulation, and at this time does not anticipate it having a material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

The Delaware City Rail Terminal and DCR West Rack are collocated with the Delaware City refinery, and are located in Delaware's coastal zone where certain activities are regulated under the Delaware Coastal Zone act. On June 14, 2013, two administrative appeals were filed by the Sierra Club and Delaware Audubon (collectively the "Appellants") regarding an air permit Delaware City Refining obtained to allow loading of crude oil onto barges. The appeals allege that both the loading of crude oil onto barges and the operation of the Delaware City Rail Terminal violate Delaware's Coastal Zone Act. The first appeal is Number 2013-1 before the State Coastal Zone Industrial Control Board (the "CZ Board"), and the second appeal is before the Environmental Appeals Board (the "EAB") and appeals Secretary's Order No. 2013-A-0020. The CZ Board held a hearing on the first appeal on July 16, 2013, and ruled in favor of Delaware City Refining and the State of Delaware and dismissed the Appellants' appeal for lack of standing. The Appellants appealed that decision to the Delaware Superior Court, New Castle County, Case No. N13A-09-001 ALR, and Delaware City Refining and the State of Delaware filed cross-appeals. A hearing on the second appeal before the EAB, case no. 2013-06, was held on January 13, 2014, and the EAB ruled in favor of Delaware City Refining and the State and dismissed the appeal for lack of jurisdiction. The Appellants also filed a Notice of Appeal with the Superior Court appealing the EAB's decision. On March 31, 2015 the Superior Court affirmed the decisions by both the CZ

Board and the EAB stating they both lacked

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jurisdiction to rule on the Appellants' appeal. The Appellants appealed to the Delaware Supreme Court, and, on November 5, 2015, the Supreme Court affirmed the Superior Court decision.

The Company is also currently subject to certain other existing environmental claims and proceedings. The Company believes that there is only a remote possibility that future costs related to any of these other known contingent liability exposures would have a material impact on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

PBF LLC Limited Liability Company Agreement

The holders of limited liability company interests in PBF LLC, including PBF Energy, generally have to include for purposes of calculating their U.S. federal, state and local income taxes their share of any taxable income of PBF LLC, regardless of whether such holders receive cash distributions from PBF LLC. PBF Energy ultimately may not receive cash distributions from PBF LLC equal to its share of such taxable income or even equal to the actual tax due with respect to that income. For example, PBF LLC is required to include in taxable income PBF LLC's allocable share of PBFX's taxable income and gains (such share to be determined pursuant to the partnership agreement of PBFX), regardless of the amount of cash distributions received by PBF LLC from PBFX, and such taxable income and gains will flow-through to PBF Energy to the extent of its allocable share of the taxable income of PBF LLC. As a result, at certain times, the amount of cash otherwise ultimately available to PBF Energy on account of its indirect interest in PBFX may not be sufficient for PBF Energy to pay the amount of taxes it will owe on account of its indirect interests in PBFX.

Taxable income of PBF LLC generally is allocated to the holders of PBF LLC units (including PBF Energy) pro-rata in accordance with their respective share of the net profits and net losses of PBF LLC. In general, PBF LLC is required to make periodic tax distributions to the members of PBF LLC, including PBF Energy, pro-rata in accordance with their respective percentage interests for such period (as determined under the amended and restated limited liability company agreement of PBF LLC), subject to available cash and applicable law and contractual restrictions (including pursuant to our debt instruments) and based on certain assumptions. Generally, these tax distributions are required to be in an amount equal to our estimate of the taxable income of PBF LLC for the year multiplied by an assumed tax rate equal to the highest effective marginal combined U.S. federal, state and local income tax rate prescribed for an individual or corporate resident in New York, New York (taking into account the nondeductibility of certain expenses). If, with respect to any given calendar year, the aggregate periodic tax distributions were less than the actual taxable income of PBF LLC multiplied by the assumed tax rate, PBF LLC is required to make a "true up" tax distribution, no later than March 15 of the following year, equal to such difference, subject to the available cash and borrowings of PBF LLC. PBF LLC obtains funding to pay its tax distributions by causing PBF Holding to distribute cash to PBF LLC and from distributions it receives from PBFX.

Tax Receivable Agreement

PBF Energy entered into a tax receivable agreement with the PBF LLC Series A and PBF LLC Series B Unit holders (the "Tax Receivable Agreement") that provides for the payment by PBF Energy to such persons of an amount equal to 85% of the amount of the benefits, if any, that PBF Energy is deemed to realize as a result of (i) increases in tax basis, as described below, and (ii) certain other tax benefits related to entering into the Tax Receivable Agreement, including tax benefits attributable to payments under the Tax Receivable Agreement. For purposes of the Tax Receivable Agreement, the benefits deemed realized by PBF Energy will be computed by comparing the actual income tax liability of PBF Energy (calculated with certain assumptions) to the amount of such taxes that PBF Energy would have been required to pay had there been no increase to the tax basis of the assets of PBF LLC as a result of purchases or exchanges of PBF LLC Series A Units for shares of PBF Energy's Class A common stock and had PBF Energy not entered into the Tax Receivable Agreement. The term of the Tax Receivable Agreement will continue until all such tax benefits have been utilized or expired unless: (i) PBF Energy exercises its right to terminate the Tax Receivable Agreement, (ii) PBF Energy breaches any of its material obligations under the Tax Receivable Agreement or (iii) certain changes of control occur, in which case all obligations under the Tax Receivable Agreement will generally be

accelerated and due as calculated under certain assumptions.

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The payment obligations under the Tax Receivable Agreement are obligations of PBF Energy and not of PBF LLC, PBF Holding or PBFX. In general, PBF Energy expects to obtain funding for these annual payments from PBF LLC, primarily through tax distributions, which PBF LLC makes on a pro-rata basis to its owners. Such owners include PBF Energy, which holds a 94.4% interest in PBF LLC as of September 30, 2015 (89.9% as of December 31, 2014). PBF LLC obtains funding to pay its tax distributions by causing PBF Holding to distribute cash to PBF LLC and from distributions it receives from PBFX.

As of September 30, 2015, the Company has recognized a liability for the tax receivable agreement of \$735,376 (\$712,727 as of December 31, 2014) reflecting the estimate of the undiscounted amounts that the Company expects to pay under the agreement.

11. DIVIDENDS AND DISTRIBUTIONS

With respect to dividends and distributions paid during the nine months ended September 30, 2015, PBF LLC made aggregate non-tax quarterly distributions of \$0.90 per unit to its members, of which \$77,287 was distributed prorata to PBF Energy and the balance was distributed to its other members. PBF Energy used this \$77,287 to pay quarterly cash dividends of \$0.30 per share of Class A common stock on March 10, 2015, May 27, 2015 and August 10, 2015. In addition, during the nine months ended September 30, 2015, PBF LLC made aggregate tax distributions to its members of \$186,112, of which \$175,551 were made to PBF Energy.

With respect to distributions paid during the nine months ended September 30, 2015, PBFX paid a distribution on outstanding common and subordinated units of \$0.33 per unit on March 4, 2015, \$0.35 per unit on May 29, 2015 and \$0.37 per unit on August 31, 2015 for a total distribution of \$35,772, of which \$18,690 was distributed to PBF LLC and the balance was distributed to its public unit holders.

12. TREASURY STOCK

On August 19, 2014, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$200,000 of the Company's Class A common stock (the "Repurchase Program"). On October 29, 2014, the Company's Board of Directors approved an additional \$100,000 increase to the existing Repurchase Program. As of September 30, 2015, the Company has purchased approximately 6.05 million shares of the Company's Class A common stock through open market transactions under the Repurchase Program, for a total of \$150,804. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company repurchased 142,487 and 284,771 shares, respectively, for \$4,073 and \$8,073, respectively. During both, the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, the Company repurchased 1,354,943 shares for \$32,593.

The following table summarizes the Company's Class A common stock repurchase activity under the Repurchase Program:

	Number of shares purchased ⁽¹⁾	Cost of purchased shares
Shares purchased as of December 31, 2014	5,765,946	\$142,731
Shares purchased during the nine months ended September 30, 2015	284,771	8,073
Shares purchased as of September 30, 2015	6,050,717	\$150,804

(1) - The shares purchased include only those shares that have settled as of the period end date.

These repurchases may be made from time to time through various methods, including open market transactions, block trades, accelerated share repurchases, privately negotiated transactions or otherwise, certain of which may be effected through Rule 10b5-1 and Rule 10b-18 plans. The timing and number of shares repurchased will depend on a

variety of factors, including price, capital availability, legal requirements and economic and market conditions.

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The Company is not obligated to purchase any shares under the Repurchase Program, and repurchases may be suspended or discontinued at any time without prior notice.

As of September 30, 2015, the Company has the ability to purchase an additional \$149,196 in common stock under the approved Repurchase Program.

13. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

The components of net periodic benefit cost related to the Company's defined benefit plans consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
Pension Benefits	2015	2014	2015	2014
Components of net periodic benefit cost:				
Service cost	\$5,790	\$5,134	\$17,369	\$14,276
Interest cost	710	616	2,126	1,787
Expected return on plan assets	(830	) (546	) (2,489	) (1,609
Amortization of prior service costs	13	13	39	26
Amortization of loss	311	277	933	757
Net periodic benefit cost	\$5,994	\$5,494	\$17,978	\$15,237

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
Post Retirement Medical Plan	2015	2014	2015	2014
Components of net periodic benefit cost:				
Service cost	\$243	\$269	\$731	\$747
Interest cost	134	125	403	353
Amortization of prior service costs	76	52	228	107
Amortization of loss (gain)	—	—	—	(4
Net periodic benefit cost	\$453	\$446	\$1,362	\$1,203

14. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The tables below present information about the Company's financial assets and liabilities measured and recorded at fair value on a recurring basis and indicate the fair value hierarchy of the inputs utilized to determine the fair values as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

We have elected to offset the fair value amounts recognized for multiple derivative contracts executed with the same counterparty; however, fair value amounts by hierarchy level are presented on a gross basis in the tables below. We have posted cash margin with various counterparties to support hedging and trading activities. The cash margin posted is required by counterparties as collateral deposits and cannot be offset against the fair value of open contracts except in the event of default. We have no derivative contracts that are subject to master netting arrangements that are reflected gross on the balance sheet.

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	As of September 30, 2015			Total Gross Fair Value	Effect of Counter-party Netting	Net Carrying Value on Balance Sheet
	Fair Value Hierarchy					
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3			
Assets:						
Money market funds	\$342,414	\$—	\$—	\$342,414	N/A	\$342,414
Marketable securities	234,249	—	—	234,249	N/A	234,249
Non-qualified pension plan assets	9,441	—	—	9,441	N/A	9,441
Commodity contracts	148,907	10,710	838	160,455	(137,670)	22,785
Derivatives included with intermediation agreement obligations	—	44,684	—	44,684	—	44,684
Derivatives included with inventory supply arrangement obligations	—	1,031	—	1,031	—	1,031
Liabilities:						
Commodity contracts	134,702	1,945	1,023	137,670	(137,670)	—
Catalyst lease obligations	—	27,577	—	27,577	—	27,577
	As of December 31, 2014			Total Gross Fair Value	Effect of Counter-party Netting	Net Carrying Value on Balance Sheet
	Fair Value Hierarchy					
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3			
Assets:						
Money market funds	\$5,575	\$—	\$—	\$5,575	N/A	\$5,575
Marketable securities	234,930	—	—	234,930	N/A	234,930
Non-qualified pension plan assets	5,494	—	—	5,494	N/A	5,494
Commodity contracts	415,023	12,093	1,715	428,831	(397,676)	31,155
Derivatives included with inventory intermediation agreement obligations	—	94,834	—	94,834	—	94,834
Derivatives included with inventory supply arrangement obligations	—	4,251	—	4,251	—	4,251
Liabilities:						
Commodity contracts	390,144	7,338	194	397,676	(397,676)	—
Catalyst lease obligations	—	36,559	—	36,559	—	36,559

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The valuation methods used to measure financial instruments at fair value are as follows:

• Money market funds categorized in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are measured at fair value based on quoted market prices and included within Cash and cash equivalents.

• Marketable securities, consisting primarily of US Treasury securities, categorized in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are measured at fair value based on quoted market prices.

• Non-qualified pension plan assets categorized in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are measured at fair value using a market approach based on published net asset values of mutual funds and included within Deferred charges and other assets, net.

• The commodity contracts categorized in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are measured at fair value based on quoted prices in an active market. The commodity contracts categorized in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are measured at fair value using a market approach based upon future commodity prices for similar instruments quoted in active markets.

• The commodity contracts categorized in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy consist of commodity price swap contracts that relate to forecasted purchases of crude oil for which quoted forward market prices are not readily available due to market illiquidity. The forward prices used to value these swaps were derived using broker quotes, prices from other third party sources and other available market based data.

• The derivatives included with inventory supply arrangement obligations, derivatives included with inventory intermediation agreement obligations and the catalyst lease obligations are categorized in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy and are measured at fair value using a market approach based upon commodity prices for similar instruments quoted in active markets.

The table below summarizes the changes in fair value measurements categorized in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Balance at beginning of period	\$1,905	\$2,689	\$1,521	\$(23,365)
Purchases	—	—	—	—
Settlements	(1,238)	(9,020)	(12,549)	(5,353)
Unrealized gain included in earnings	(852)	19,377	10,843	41,764
Transfers into Level 3	—	—	—	—
Transfers out of Level 3	—	—	—	—
Balance at end of period	\$(185)	\$13,046	\$(185)	\$13,046

There were no transfers between levels during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

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Fair value of debt

The table below summarizes the fair value and carrying value of debt as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

	September 30, 2015		December 31, 2014	
	Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value
Senior Secured Notes (a)	\$669,354	\$680,548	\$668,520	\$675,580
PBFX Senior Notes (a)	350,000	328,976	—	—
PBFX Term Loan (b)	234,200	234,200	234,900	234,900
Rail Facility (b)	67,491	67,491	37,270	37,270
PBFX Revolving Credit Facility (b)	24,500	24,500	275,100	275,100
Revolving Loan (b)	—	—	—	—
Catalyst leases (c)	27,577	27,577	36,559	36,559
	1,373,122	1,363,292	1,252,349	1,259,409
Less - Current maturities	—	—	—	—
Long-term debt	\$1,373,122	\$1,363,292	\$1,252,349	\$1,259,409

(a) The estimated fair value, categorized as a Level 2 measurement, was calculated based on the present value of future expected payments utilizing implied current market interest rates based on quoted prices of the Senior Secured Notes and the PBFX Senior Notes.

(b) The estimated fair value approximates carrying value, categorized as a Level 2 measurement, as these borrowings bear interest based upon short-term floating market interest rates.

(c) Catalyst leases are valued using a market approach based upon commodity prices for similar instruments quoted in active markets and are categorized as a Level 2 measurement. The Company has elected the fair value option for accounting for its catalyst lease repurchase obligations as the Company's liability is directly impacted by the change in fair value of the underlying catalyst.

15. DERIVATIVES

The Company uses derivative instruments to mitigate certain exposures to commodity price risk. The Company's crude supply agreement contains purchase obligations for certain volumes of crude oil and other feedstocks. In addition, the Company entered into Inventory Intermediation Agreements commencing in July 2013 that contain purchase obligations for certain volumes of intermediates and refined products. The purchase obligations related to crude oil, feedstocks, intermediates and refined products under these agreements are derivative instruments that have been designated as fair value hedges in order to hedge the commodity price volatility of certain refinery inventory. The fair value of these purchase obligation derivatives is based on market prices of the underlying crude oil and refined products. The level of activity for these derivatives is based on the level of operating inventories.

As of September 30, 2015, there were 238,306 barrels of crude oil and feedstocks (662,579 barrels at December 31, 2014) outstanding under these derivative instruments designated as fair value hedges and no barrels (no barrels at December 31, 2014) outstanding under these derivative instruments not designated as hedges. As of September 30, 2015, there were 3,130,766 barrels of intermediates and refined products (3,106,325 barrels at December 31, 2014) outstanding under these derivative instruments designated as fair value hedges and no barrels (no barrels at December 31, 2014) outstanding under these derivative instruments not designated as hedges. These volumes represent the notional value of the contract.

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The Company also enters into economic hedges primarily consisting of commodity derivative contracts that are not designated as hedges and are used to manage price volatility in certain crude oil and feedstock inventories as well as crude oil, feedstock, and refined product sales or purchases. The objective in entering into economic hedges is consistent with the objectives discussed above for fair value hedges. As of September 30, 2015, there were 45,651,000 barrels of crude oil and 2,277,000 barrels of refined products (47,339,000 and 1,970,871, respectively, as of December 31, 2014), outstanding under short and long term commodity derivative contracts not designated as hedges representing the notional value of the contracts.

The following tables provide information about the fair values of these derivative instruments as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 and the line items in the consolidated balance sheet in which the fair values are reflected.

Description	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value Asset/(Liability)
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments:		
September 30, 2015:		
Derivatives included with inventory supply arrangement obligations	Accrued expenses	\$ 1,031
Derivatives included with the intermediation agreement obligations	Accrued expenses	\$44,684
December 31, 2014		
Derivatives included with inventory supply arrangement obligations	Accrued expenses	\$4,251
Derivatives included with the intermediation agreement obligations	Accrued expenses	\$94,834
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:		
September 30, 2015:		
Commodity contracts	Accounts receivable	\$22,785
December 31, 2014		
Commodity contracts	Accounts receivable	\$31,155

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The following tables provide information about the gain or loss recognized in income on these derivative instruments and the line items in the consolidated financial statements in which such gains and losses are reflected.

Description	Location of Gain or (Loss) Recognized in Income on Derivatives	Gain or (Loss) Recognized in Income on Derivatives
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments:		
For the three months ended September 30, 2015:		
Derivatives included with inventory supply arrangement obligations	Cost of sales	\$ 1,409
Derivatives included with the intermediation agreement obligations	Cost of sales	\$34,424
For the three months ended September 30, 2014:		
Derivatives included with inventory supply arrangement obligations	Cost of sales	\$2,729
Derivatives included with the intermediation agreement obligations	Cost of sales	\$20,900
For the nine months ended September 30, 2015:		
Derivatives included with inventory supply arrangement obligations	Cost of sales	\$(3,220)
Derivatives included with the intermediation agreement obligations	Cost of sales	\$(50,150)
For the nine months ended September 30, 2014:		
Derivatives included with inventory supply arrangement obligations	Cost of sales	\$ 1,660
Derivatives included with the intermediation agreement obligations	Cost of sales	\$29,942
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:		
For the three months ended September 30, 2015:		
Commodity contracts	Cost of sales	\$31,017
For the three months ended September 30, 2014:		
Commodity contracts	Cost of sales	\$70,624
For the nine months ended September 30, 2015:		
Commodity contracts	Cost of sales	\$(14,080)
For the nine months ended September 30, 2014:		
Commodity contracts	Cost of sales	\$ 101,902
Hedged items designated in fair value hedges:		
For the three months ended September 30, 2015:		
Crude oil and feedstock inventory	Cost of sales	\$(1,409)
Intermediate and refined product inventory	Cost of sales	\$(34,424)
For the three months ended September 30, 2014:		
Crude oil and feedstock inventory	Cost of sales	\$(2,729)
Intermediate and refined product inventory	Cost of sales	\$(20,900)
For the nine months ended September 30, 2015:		
Crude oil and feedstock inventory	Cost of sales	\$3,220
Intermediate and refined product inventory	Cost of sales	\$50,150
For the nine months ended September 30, 2014:		
Crude oil and feedstock inventory	Cost of sales	\$(1,660)
Intermediate and refined product inventory	Cost of sales	\$(29,942)

The Company had no ineffectiveness related to the Company's fair value hedges for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014.

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16. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company's operations are organized into two reportable segments, Refining and Logistics. Operations that are not included in the Refining and Logistics segments are included in Corporate. Intersegment transactions are eliminated in the consolidated financial statements and are included in Eliminations.

Refining

As of September 30, 2015, the Company's Refining Segment includes the operations of its three refineries which are located in Toledo, Ohio, Delaware City, Delaware and Paulsboro, New Jersey. The refineries produce unbranded transportation fuels, heating oil, petrochemical feedstocks, lubricants and other petroleum products in the United States. The Company purchases crude oil, other feedstocks and blending components from various third-party suppliers. The Company sells products throughout the Northeast and Midwest of the United States, as well as in other regions of the United States and Canada, and is able to ship products to other international destinations. As of September 30, 2015, the refineries have a combined processing capacity, known as throughput, of approximately 540,000 barrels per day ("bpd"), and a weighted-average Nelson Complexity Index of 11.3.

Logistics

The Company formed PBFX, a publicly traded master limited partnership, to own or lease, operate, develop and acquire crude oil and refined petroleum products terminals, pipelines, storage facilities and similar logistics assets. PBFX's assets consist of (i) a rail terminal which has a double loop track and ancillary pumping and unloading equipment located at the Delaware City refinery with an unloading capacity of approximately 130,000 bpd; (ii) a truck terminal comprised of six lease automatic custody transfer units accepting crude oil deliveries by truck located at the Toledo refinery designed for total throughput capacity of up to approximately 22,500 bpd; (iii) a heavy crude rail unloading rack located at the Delaware City refinery with an unloading capacity of at least 40,000 bpd; (iv) a tank farm with aggregate storage capacity of approximately 3.9 million barrels, including a propane storage and loading facility with throughput capacity of 11,000 bpd at the Toledo Refinery; (v) a 23.4 mile 16-inch interstate petroleum products pipeline with capacity in excess of 125,000 bpd at the Delaware City refinery and; (vi) a 15-lane, 76,000 bpd capacity truck loading rack utilized to distribute gasoline, distillates and liquefied petroleum gas at the Delaware City refinery. PBFX provides various rail and truck terminaling services, pipeline transportation services and storage services to PBF Holding and/or its subsidiaries through long-term commercial agreements. PBFX currently does not generate third party revenue and as such intersegment related-party revenues are eliminated in consolidation. Prior to the PBFX Offering, PBFX's assets were operated within the refining operations of the Company's Delaware City and Toledo refineries. The assets did not generate third party revenue and were not considered to be a separate reportable segment.

The Company evaluates the performance of its segments based primarily on income from operations. Income from operations includes those revenues and expenses that are directly attributable to management of the respective segment. The Logistics segment's revenues include inter-segment transactions with the Company's Refining segment at prices the Company believes are substantially equivalent to the prices that could have been negotiated with unaffiliated parties with respect to similar services. Activities of the Company's business that are not included in the two operating segments are included in Corporate. Such activities consist primarily of corporate staff operations and other items that are not specific to the normal operations of the two operating segments. The Company does not allocate certain items of other income and expense, including income taxes, to the individual segments. The Refinery segment's operating subsidiaries and PBFX are primarily pass-through entities with respect to income taxes.

Disclosures regarding our reportable segments with reconciliations to consolidated totals for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and September 30, 2014 are presented below. The Logistics segment's results include

financial information of the predecessor of PBFX for periods prior to May 13, 2014, and the financial information of PBFX for the period beginning May 14, 2014, the completion date of the PBFX Offering. In connection with the contribution by PBF LLC of the DCR West Rack, the Toledo Storage Facility and the Delaware City Products Pipeline and Truck Rack, the accompanying segment information has been retrospectively adjusted

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to include the historical results of the DCR West Rack, Toledo Storage Facility and the Delaware City Products Pipeline and Truck Rack for all periods presented prior to such contributions.

Prior to the PBFX Offering, the Company did not operate the PBFX assets independent of the Refining segment. Total assets of each segment consist of net property, plant and equipment, inventories, cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivables and other assets directly associated with the segment's operations. Corporate assets consist primarily of deferred tax assets, property, plant and equipment and other assets not directly related to our refinery and logistic operations.

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2015				
	Refining	Logistics	Corporate	Eliminations	Consolidated Total
Revenues	\$3,217,640	\$37,082	\$—	\$(37,082)	\$3,217,640
Depreciation and amortization expense	44,366	1,649	2,118	—	48,133
Income (loss) from operations	114,925	27,463	(52,336)	—	90,052
Interest expense, net	4,110	7,180	16,736	—	28,026
Capital expenditures	81,969	962	573	—	83,504
	Three Months Ended September 30, 2014				
	Refining	Logistics	Corporate	Eliminations	Consolidated Total
Revenues	\$5,260,003	\$17,060	\$—	\$(17,060)	\$5,260,003
Depreciation and amortization expense	63,532	1,177	3,301	—	68,010
Income (loss) from operations	316,244	5,942	(38,083)	—	284,103
Interest expense, net	5,314	827	18,233	—	24,374
Capital expenditures	110,340	14,874	32,642	—	157,856
	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015				
	Refining	Logistics	Corporate	Eliminations	Consolidated Total
Revenues	\$9,763,440	\$104,796	\$—	\$(104,796)	\$9,763,440
Depreciation and amortization expense	131,817	4,919	7,665	—	144,401
Income (loss) from operations	591,005	71,914	(126,661)	—	536,258
Interest expense, net	13,387	14,065	49,642	—	77,094
Capital expenditures	332,544	1,182	2,183	—	335,909
	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014				
	Refining	Logistics	Corporate	Eliminations	Consolidated Total
Revenues	\$15,308,155	\$29,409	\$—	\$(29,409)	\$15,308,155
Depreciation and amortization expense	122,858	2,906	10,123	—	135,887
Income (loss) from operations	741,483	4,491	(113,814)	—	632,160
Interest expense, net	20,404	1,183	54,244	—	75,831
Capital expenditures	250,701	40,993	39,050	—	330,744
	Balance at September 30, 2015				
	Refining	Logistics	Corporate	Eliminations	Consolidated Total
Total assets	\$4,062,727	\$432,663	\$636,058	\$(24,272)	\$5,107,176
	Balance at December 31, 2014				
	Refining	Logistics	Corporate	Eliminations	Consolidated Total
Total assets	\$4,313,806	\$410,141	\$483,971	\$(11,630)	\$5,196,288

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17. NET INCOME PER SHARE OF PBF ENERGY

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net income per Class A common share attributable to PBF Energy:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Basic Earnings Per Share:				
Numerator for basic net income per Class A common share net income attributable to PBF Energy	\$42,799	\$140,970	\$265,930	\$239,374
Denominator for basic net income per Class A common share-weighted average shares	85,845,583	87,656,611	85,401,028	71,544,080
Basic net income attributable to PBF Energy per Class A common share	\$0.50	\$1.61	\$3.11	\$3.35
Diluted Earnings Per Share:				
Numerator:				
Net income attributable to PBF Energy	\$42,799	\$140,970	\$265,930	\$239,374
Plus: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest (1)	3,315	24,408	24,536	—
Less: Income tax on net income attributable to noncontrolling interest (1)	(1,333	) (9,812	) (9,863) —
Numerator for diluted net income per Class A common share net income attributable to PBF Energy (1)	\$44,781	\$155,566	\$280,603	\$239,374
Denominator(1):				
Denominator for basic net income per Class A common share-weighted average shares	85,845,583	87,656,611	85,401,028	71,544,080
Effect of dilutive securities:				
Conversion of PBF LLC Series A Units	5,130,392	9,176,116	5,693,991	—
Common stock equivalents (2)	520,308	511,788	462,352	527,823
Denominator for diluted net income per common share-adjusted weighted average shares	91,496,283	97,344,515	91,557,371	72,071,903
Diluted net income attributable to PBF Energy per Class A common share	\$0.49	\$1.60	\$3.06	\$3.32

The diluted earnings per share calculation for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 assumes the conversion of all outstanding PBF LLC Series A Units to Class A common stock of PBF Energy. The net income attributable to PBF Energy, used in the numerator of the diluted earnings per share calculation is adjusted to reflect the net income, as well as the corresponding income tax (based on a 40.2% statutory tax rate) attributable to the converted units. During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, the potential conversion of 25,319,764 PBF (1) LLC Series A Units into PBF Energy Class A common stock were excluded from the denominator in computing diluted net income per share because including them would have had an anti-dilutive effect. As the potential conversion of the PBF LLC Series A Units were not included, the numerator used in the calculation of diluted net income per share was equal to the numerator used in the calculation of basic net income per share and does not include the net income and income tax attributable to the net income associated with the potential conversion of the PBF LLC Series A Units.

PBF ENERGY INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT SHARE, UNIT, PER SHARE, PER UNIT AND BARREL DATA)

Represents an adjustment to weighted-average diluted shares outstanding to assume the full exchange of common stock equivalents, including options and warrants for PBF LLC Series A Units and options for shares of PBF Energy Class A common stock as calculated under the treasury stock method. Common stock equivalents excludes the effects of options to purchase 1,789,500 and 2,867,000 shares of PBF Energy Class A common stock because (2) they are anti-dilutive for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively. Common stock equivalents excluded the effects of options to purchase 1,976,875 and 1,991,875 shares of PBF Energy Class A common stock because they are anti-dilutive for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively.

18. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Dividend Declared

On October 29, 2015, the Company's Board of Directors declared a dividend of \$0.30 per share on outstanding Class A common stock. The dividend is payable on November 24, 2015 to Class A common stockholders of record at the close of business on November 9, 2015.

PBFX Distributions

On October 29, 2015, the Board of Directors of PBF GP declared a distribution of \$0.39 per unit on outstanding common and subordinated units of PBFX. The distribution is payable on November 30, 2015 to PBFX unit holders of record at the close of business on November 13, 2015.

Chalmette Acquisition

On November 1, 2015, the Company acquired from ExxonMobil Oil Corporation, Mobil Pipe Line Company and PDV Chalmette, L.L.C. (collectively, the "Chalmette Sellers"), the ownership interests of Chalmette Refining, L.L.C. ("Chalmette Refining"), which owns the Chalmette refinery and related logistics assets (collectively, the "Chalmette Acquisition"). The Chalmette refinery, located outside of New Orleans, Louisiana, is a dual-train coking refinery and is capable of processing both light and heavy crude oil. Subsequent to the closing of the Chalmette Acquisition, Chalmette Refining is a wholly-owned subsidiary of PBF Holding.

Chalmette Refining owns 100% of the MOEM Pipeline, providing access to the Empire Terminal, as well as the CAM Connection Pipeline, providing access to the Louisiana Offshore Oil Port facility through a third party pipeline. Chalmette Refining also owns 80% of each of the Collins Pipeline Company and T&M Terminal Company, both located in Collins, Mississippi, which provide a clean products outlet for the refinery to the Plantation and Colonial Pipelines. Also included in the acquisition are a marine terminal capable of importing waterborne feedstocks and loading or unloading finished products; a clean products truck rack which provides access to local markets; and a crude and product storage facility.

The aggregate purchase price for the Chalmette Acquisition was \$322,000 in cash, plus estimated inventory and working capital of \$233,083, which is subject to final valuation within ninety days of closing. The transaction was financed through a combination of cash on hand and borrowings under the Company's existing revolving credit line. A determination of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed and the working capital at closing calculation is pending the completion of an independent appraisal and other evaluations.

The Chalmette Acquisition provides the Company with a broader more diversified asset base and increases the number of operating refineries from three to four and the Company's combined crude oil throughput capacity. The acquisition also provides the Company with a presence in the attractive Petroleum Administration for Defense Districts ("PADD") 3 market.

PBF ENERGY INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT SHARE, UNIT, PER SHARE, PER UNIT AND BARREL DATA)

October 2015 Equity Offering

On October 13, 2015, the Company completed a public offering of an aggregate of 11,500,000 shares of Class A common stock, including 1,500,000 shares of Class A common stock that was sold pursuant to the exercise of an over-allotment option, for net proceeds of \$344,000, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and other offering expenses (the "October 2015 Equity Offering").

As a result of the October 2015 Equity Offering, the Company now owns 97,393,850 PBF LLC Series C Units and the Company's executive officers and directors and certain employees beneficially owns 5,111,358 PBF LLC Series A Units, and the holders of our issued and outstanding shares of Class A common stock have 95.0% of the voting power in the Company and the members of PBF LLC other than PBF Energy through their holdings of Class B common stock have the remaining 5.0% of the voting power in the Company.

ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements of PBF Energy Inc. included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 and the unaudited financial statements and related notes included in this report. The following discussion contains "forward-looking statements" that reflect our future plans, estimates, beliefs and expected performance. Our actual results may differ materially from those currently anticipated and expressed in such forward-looking statements as a result of a number of factors. We caution that assumptions, expectations, projections, intentions or beliefs about future events may, and often do, vary from actual results and the differences can be material. Please see "Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements."

Unless the context indicates otherwise, the terms "we," "us," and "our" refer to PBF Energy and its consolidated subsidiaries, including PBF LLC, PBF Holding and its subsidiaries and PBFX and its subsidiaries.

Overview

We are one of the largest independent petroleum refiners and suppliers of unbranded transportation fuels, heating oil, petrochemical feedstocks, lubricants and other petroleum products in the United States. We sell our products throughout the Northeast and Midwest of the United States, as well as in other regions of the United States and Canada, and are able to ship products to other international destinations. We were formed in 2008 to pursue acquisitions of crude oil refineries and downstream assets in North America. As of September 30, 2015 we owned and operated three domestic oil refineries and related assets, which we acquired in 2010 and 2011. Our refineries have a combined processing capacity, known as throughput, of approximately 540,000 barrels per day ("bpd"), and a weighted-average Nelson Complexity Index of 11.3. On November 1, 2015 we closed on our acquisition of the ownership interests of Chalmette Refining, L.L.C. ("Chalmette Refining"). See Business Developments for additional information.

As of September 30, 2015, our three refineries are located in Toledo, Ohio, Delaware City, Delaware and Paulsboro, New Jersey. Our Mid-Continent refinery at Toledo processes light, sweet crude, has a throughput capacity of 170,000 bpd and a Nelson Complexity Index of 9.2. The majority of Toledo's West Texas Intermediate ("WTI") based crude is delivered via pipelines that originate in both Canada and the United States. Since our acquisition of Toledo in 2011, we have added additional truck and rail crude unloading capabilities that provide feedstock sourcing flexibility for the refinery and enables Toledo to run a more cost-advantaged crude slate. Our East Coast refineries at Delaware City and Paulsboro have a combined refining capacity of 370,000 bpd and Nelson Complexity Indices of 11.3 and 13.2, respectively. These high-conversion refineries process primarily medium and heavy, sour crudes and have historically received the bulk of their feedstock via ships and barges on the Delaware River.

Since our acquisition of the Delaware City refinery, we expanded and upgraded the existing on-site railroad infrastructure, including the expansion of the crude rail unloading facilities. Currently, crude delivered by rail to this facility is consumed at our Delaware City refinery. We also transport some of the crude delivered by rail from Delaware City via barge to our Paulsboro refinery or other third party destinations. In 2014 we completed a project to expand the Delaware City heavy crude rail unloading terminal capability at the refinery from 40,000 bpd to 80,000 bpd and added additional unloading spots to the dual-loop track light crude rail unloading facility, which has increased its unloading capability from 105,000 bpd to 130,000 bpd. These projects bring total rail crude unloading capability up to 210,000 bpd, subject to the delivery of coiled and insulated railcars, the development of crude rail loading infrastructure in Canada and the use of unit trains. The Delaware City rail unloading facilities, including the facilities now owned by PBFX, allows our East Coast refineries to source WTI price-based crude oils from Western Canada and the Mid-Continent, which we believe at times may provide cost advantages versus traditional Brent based international crudes.

As of September 30, 2015, we owned 85,893,850 PBF LLC Series C Units and our executive officers and directors and certain employees and others held 5,111,358 PBF LLC Series A Units (we refer to all of the holders of the PBF

LLC Series A Units as “the members of PBF LLC other than PBF Energy”). As a result, the

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holders of our issued and outstanding shares of our Class A common stock have approximately 94.4% of the voting power in us, and the members of PBF LLC other than PBF Energy through their holdings of Class B common stock have approximately 5.6% of the voting power in us. See "Business Developments - October 2015 Equity Offering."

Business Developments

Recent significant business developments affecting the Company are discussed below.

Chalmette Acquisition

On November 1, 2015, the Company acquired from ExxonMobil Oil Corporation, Mobil Pipe Line Company and PDV Chalmette, L.L.C., the ownership interests of Chalmette Refining, which owns the Chalmette refinery and related logistics assets (collectively, the "Chalmette Acquisition"). The Chalmette refinery, located outside of New Orleans, Louisiana, is a 189,000 barrel per day, dual-train coking refinery with a Nelson Complexity of 12.7 and is capable of processing both light and heavy crude oil.

Chalmette Refining owns 100% of the MOEM Pipeline, providing access to the Empire Terminal, as well as the CAM Connection Pipeline, providing access to the Louisiana Offshore Oil Port facility through a third party pipeline. Chalmette Refining also owns 80% of each of the Collins Pipeline Company and T&M Terminal Company, both located in Collins, Mississippi, which provide a clean products outlet for the refinery to the Plantation and Colonial Pipelines. Also included in the acquisition are a marine terminal capable of importing waterborne feedstocks and loading or unloading finished products; a clean products truck rack which provides access to local markets; and a crude and product storage facility with approximately 7.5 million barrels of shell capacity.

The aggregate purchase price for the Chalmette Acquisition was \$322.0 million in cash, plus estimated inventory and working capital of \$233.1 million, which is subject to final valuation within ninety days of closing. The transaction was financed through a combination of cash on hand and borrowings under the Company's existing revolving credit line. A determination of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed and the working capital at closing calculation is pending the completion of an independent appraisal and other evaluations. The Chalmette Acquisition provides the Company with a broader more diversified asset base and increases the number of operating refineries from three to four and the Company's combined crude oil throughput capacity from 540,000 bpd to approximately 730,000 bpd. The acquisition also provides the Company with a presence in the attractive Petroleum Administration for Defense Districts ("PADD") 3 market.

Pending Torrance Acquisition

On September 29, 2015, PBF Holding entered into a definitive Sale and Purchase Agreement (the "Torrance Sale and Purchase Agreement") with ExxonMobil Oil Corporation and its subsidiary, Mobil Pacific Pipeline Company (together, the "Torrance Sellers"), to purchase the Torrance refinery, and related logistics assets (collectively, the "Torrance Acquisition"). The Torrance refinery, located on 750 acres in Torrance, California, is a high-conversion 155,000 barrel per day, delayed-coking refinery with a Nelson Complexity of 14.9. The facility is strategically positioned in Southern California with advantaged logistics connectivity that offers flexible raw material sourcing and product distribution opportunities primarily in the California, Las Vegas and Phoenix area markets. Including the estimated contribution of the Chalmette refinery, the Torrance Acquisition will further increase the Company's total throughput capacity to approximately 900,000 bpd.

In addition to refining assets, the Torrance Acquisition includes a number of high-quality logistics assets including a sophisticated network of crude and products pipelines, product distribution terminals and refinery crude and product storage facilities. The most significant of the logistics assets is a 171-mile crude gathering and transportation system which delivers San Joaquin Valley crude oil directly from the field to the refinery. Additionally, included in the transaction are several pipelines which provide access to sources of crude oil including the Ports

of Long Beach and Los Angeles, as well as clean product outlets with a direct pipeline supplying jet fuel to the Los Angeles airport. The Torrance refinery also has crude and product storage facilities with approximately 8.6 million barrels of shell capacity.

The purchase price for the Torrance Acquisition is \$537.5 million, plus inventory and working capital to be valued at closing. The purchase price is also subject to other customary purchase price adjustments. The Torrance Acquisition is expected to close in the second quarter of 2016, subject to satisfaction of customary closing conditions. Additionally, as a condition of closing, the Torrance refinery is to be restored to full working order with respect to the event that occurred on February 18, 2015 resulting in damage to the electrostatic precipitator and related systems, and shall have operated as required under the Torrance Sale and Purchase Agreement for a period of at least fifteen days after such restoration. PBF Energy expects to finance the transaction with a combination of cash on hand, debt and proceeds from our equity offering completed on October 13, 2015. Following the expected completion of the Torrance Acquisition, our weighted average Nelson Complexity Index will increase to 12.2.

October 2015 Equity Offering

On October 13, 2015, the Company completed a public offering of an aggregate of 11,500,000 shares of Class A common stock, including 1,500,000 shares of Class A common stock that was sold pursuant to the exercise of an over-allotment option, for net proceeds of \$344.0 million, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and other offering expenses ("the October 2015 Equity Offering").

As a result of the October 2015 Equity Offering, we now own 97,393,850 PBF LLC Series C Units and our executive officers and directors and certain employees beneficially own 5,111,358 PBF LLC Series A Units, and the holders of our issued and outstanding shares of Class A common stock have 95.0% of the voting power in us and the members of PBF LLC other than PBF Energy through their holdings of Class B common stock have the remaining 5.0% of the voting power in us.

Factors Affecting Comparability Between Periods

Our results have been affected by the following events, which must be understood in order to assess the comparability of our period to period financial performance and financial condition.

Initial Public Offering of PBFX

On May 14, 2014, PBFX completed its initial public offering (the "PBFX Offering") of 15,812,500 common units, including 2,062,500 common units issued upon exercise of the over-allotment option that was granted to the underwriters, at a price to the public of \$23.00 per unit. On September 30, 2014, PBF LLC completed a transaction to contribute to PBFX the Delaware City heavy crude unloading rack ("DCR West Rack") for total consideration of \$150.0 million, consisting of \$135.0 million of cash and \$15.0 million of PBFX common units, or 589,536 common units (the "DCR West Rack Acquisition"). On December 11, 2014, PBF LLC completed a transaction to contribute to PBFX the tank farm and related facilities located at our Toledo refinery, including a propane storage and loading facility (the "Toledo Storage Facility") for total consideration of \$150.0 million, consisting of \$135.0 million of cash and \$15.0 million of PBFX common units, or 620,935 common units (the "Toledo Storage Facility Acquisition"). On May 14, 2015 PBF LLC contributed to PBFX all of the issued and outstanding limited liability company interests of Delaware Pipeline Company LLC ("DPC") and Delaware City Logistics Company LLC ("DCLC"), whose assets consist of a products pipeline, truck rack and related facilities located at our Delaware City refinery (collectively the "Delaware City Products Pipeline and Truck Rack"), for total consideration of \$143.0 million, consisting of \$112.5 million of cash and \$30.5 million of PBFX common units, or 1,288,420 common units.

As of September 30, 2015, PBF LLC holds a 53.7% limited partner interest in PBFX (consisting of 2,572,944 common units and 15,886,553 subordinated units), with the remaining 46.3% limited partner interest held by the

public unit holders. PBF LLC also owns all of the incentive distribution rights and indirectly owns a non-economic general partner interest in PBFX through its wholly-owned subsidiary, PBF Logistics GP LLC (“PBF GP”), the general partner of PBFX. During the subordination period (as set forth in the partnership agreement of PBFX) holders of the subordinated units are not entitled to receive any distribution of available cash until the common units have received the minimum quarterly distribution plus any arrearages in the payment of the minimum quarterly distribution from prior quarters. If PBFX does not pay distributions on the subordinated units, the subordinated units will not accrue arrearages for those unpaid distributions. Each subordinated unit will convert into one common unit at the end of the subordination period.

PBFX is a fee-based, growth-oriented, Delaware master limited partnership formed by PBF Energy to own or lease, operate, develop and acquire crude oil and refined petroleum products terminals, pipelines, storage facilities and similar logistics assets. PBFX engages in the receiving, handling and transferring of crude oil and the receipt, storage and delivery of crude oil, refined products and intermediates. PBFX’s assets consist of a light crude oil rail unloading terminal at the Delaware City refinery that also services the Paulsboro refinery (which we refer to as the “Delaware City Rail Terminal”), a crude oil truck unloading terminal at the Toledo refinery (which we refer to as the “Toledo Truck Terminal”), the DCR West Rack, the Toledo Storage Facility and the Delaware City Products Pipeline and Truck Rack. All of PBFX’s revenue is derived from long-term, fee-based commercial agreements with subsidiaries of PBF Energy, which include minimum volume commitments, for receiving, handling, transferring and storing crude oil and refined products. These transactions are eliminated by PBF Energy in consolidation.

Secondary Offerings

On February 6, 2015, we completed a public offering of 3,804,653 shares of Class A common stock in a secondary offering (the "February 2015 secondary offering"). All of the shares in the February 2015 secondary offering were sold by funds affiliated with Blackstone Group L.P., or Blackstone, and First Reserve Management, L.P., or First Reserve. In connection with the February 2015 secondary offering, Blackstone and First Reserve exchanged all of their remaining PBF LLC Series A Units for an equivalent number of shares of Class A common stock of PBF Energy, and as a result, Blackstone and First Reserve no longer hold any PBF LLC Series A Units or shares of our Class A Common stock. The holders of PBF LLC Series B Units, which include certain executive officers of PBF Energy and others, received a portion of the proceeds of the sale of the PBF Energy Class A common stock by Blackstone and First Reserve in accordance with the amended and restated limited liability company agreement of PBF LLC. PBF Energy did not receive any proceeds from the February 2015 secondary offering. In addition, in January, March and June of 2014, we also completed three separate secondary offerings for a total of 48,000,000 shares of Class A common stock. All such shares were sold by funds affiliated with Blackstone and First Reserve.

Rail Facility Revolving Credit Facility

Effective March 25, 2014, PBF Rail Logistics Company LLC (“PBF Rail”), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of PBF Holding, entered into a \$250.0 million secured revolving credit agreement (the “Rail Facility”). The primary purpose of the Rail Facility is to fund the acquisition by PBF Rail of coiled and insulated crude tank cars and non-coiled and non-insulated general purpose crude tank cars (the "Eligible Railcars") before December 2015. The amount available to be advanced under the Rail Facility equals 70% of the lesser of the aggregate Appraised Value of the Eligible Railcars, or the aggregate Purchase Price of such Eligible Railcars, as these terms are defined in the credit agreement. On April 29, 2015, the Rail Facility was amended to, among other things, extend the maturity to April 29, 2017, reduce the total commitment from \$250.0 million to \$150.0 million, and reduce the commitment fee on the unused portion of the Rail Facility. At any time prior to maturity PBF Rail may repay and re-borrow any advances without premium or penalty. On the first anniversary of the closing of the amendment, the advance rate adjusts automatically to 65%.

PBFX Debt and Credit Facilities

On May 14, 2014, in connection with the closing of the PBFX Offering, PBFX entered into a five-year, \$275.0 million revolving credit facility (the "PBFX Revolving Credit Facility") and a three-year, \$300.0 million term loan (the "PBFX Term Loan"). The PBFX Revolving Credit Facility was increased from \$275.0 million to \$325.0 million in December 2014. The PBFX Revolving Credit Facility is available to fund working capital, acquisitions, distributions and capital expenditures and for other general partnership purposes and is guaranteed by a guaranty of collection from PBF LLC. PBFX also has the ability to increase the maximum amount of the PBFX Revolving Credit Facility by an aggregate amount of up to \$275.0 million, to a total facility size of \$600.0 million, subject to receiving increased commitments from lenders or other financial institutions and satisfaction of certain conditions. The PBFX Revolving Credit Facility includes a \$25.0 million sublimit for standby letters of credit and a \$25.0 million sublimit for swingline loans. The PBFX Term Loan was used to fund distributions to PBF LLC and is guaranteed by a guaranty of collection from PBF LLC and secured at all times by cash, U.S. Treasury or other investment grade securities in an amount equal to or greater than the outstanding principal amount of the PBFX Term Loan.

On May 12, 2015, PBFX entered into an Indenture among the Partnership, PBF Logistics Finance Corporation, a Delaware corporation and wholly-owned subsidiary of PBFX ("PBF Logistics Finance," and together with PBFX, the "Issuers"), the Guarantors named therein (certain subsidiaries of PBFX) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as Trustee, under which the Issuers issued \$350.0 million in aggregate principal amount of 6.875% Senior Notes due 2023 (the "PBFX Senior Notes"). PBF LLC has provided a limited guarantee of collection of the principal amount of the PBFX Senior Notes, but is not otherwise subject to the covenants of the Indenture. Of the \$350.0 million aggregate PBFX Senior Notes, \$19.9 million were purchased by certain of PBF Energy's officers and directors and their affiliates pursuant to a separate private placement transaction. After deducting offering expenses, PBFX received net proceeds of approximately \$343.0 million from the PBFX Senior Notes offering.

J. Aron Intermediation Agreements

On May 29, 2015, PBF Holding entered into amended and restated inventory intermediation agreements (the "A&R Intermediation Agreements") with J. Aron & Company ("J. Aron") pursuant to which certain terms of the existing inventory intermediation agreements were amended, including, among other things, pricing and an extension of the term for a period of two years from the original expiry date of July 1, 2015, subject to certain early termination rights. In addition, the A&R Intermediation Agreements include one-year renewal clauses by mutual consent of both parties. Pursuant to each A&R Intermediation Agreement, J. Aron will continue to purchase and hold title to certain of the intermediate and finished products (the "Products") produced by the Paulsboro and Delaware City refineries (the "Refineries"), respectively, and delivered into tanks at the Refineries. Furthermore, J. Aron agrees to sell the Products back to Paulsboro refinery and Delaware City refinery as the Products are discharged out of the Refineries' tanks. J. Aron has the right to store the Products purchased in tanks under the A&R Intermediation Agreements and will retain these storage rights for the term of the agreements. PBF Holding will continue to market and sell the Products independently to third parties.

Crude Oil Acquisition Agreement Termination

Effective July 31, 2014, PBF Holding terminated the Amended and Restated Crude Oil Acquisition Agreement, dated as of March 1, 2012 as amended (the "Toledo Crude Oil Acquisition Agreement") with Morgan Stanley Capital Group, Inc. ("MSCG"). Under the terms of the Toledo Crude Oil Acquisition Agreement, we previously acquired substantially all of our crude oil for our subsidiary's Toledo refinery from MSCG through delivery at various interstate pipeline locations. No early termination penalties were incurred by us as a result of the termination. We began sourcing our own crude oil needs for Toledo upon termination.

Results of Operations

The tables below reflect our consolidated financial and operating highlights for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 (amounts in thousands, except per share data). We operate in two reportable business segments: Refining and Logistics. Our three oil refineries are all engaged in the refining of crude oil and other feedstocks into petroleum products, and are aggregated into the Refining segment. PBFX is a publicly traded master limited partnership that operates logistical assets such as crude oil and refined petroleum products terminals, pipelines and storage facilities. PBFX's operations are aggregated into the Logistics segment. Prior to the PBFX Offering, DCR West Rack acquisition, Toledo Tank Farm acquisition and the Delaware City Products Pipeline and Truck Rack acquisition, PBFX's assets were operated within the refining operations of our Delaware City and Toledo refineries and were not considered to be a separate reportable segment. We did not analyze our results by individual segment as our Logistics segment does not have any third party revenue and substantially all of its operating results eliminate in consolidation. Additionally, third party expenses attributable directly to the Logistics segment are immaterial relative to our consolidated operating results.

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Revenue	\$3,217,640	\$5,260,003	\$9,763,440	\$15,308,155
Cost of sales, excluding depreciation	2,822,444	4,670,908	8,319,404	13,754,048
	395,196	589,095	1,444,036	1,554,107
Operating expenses, excluding depreciation	203,860	202,625	635,948	682,246
General and administrative expenses	53,293	34,339	128,562	103,976
(Gain) loss on sale of assets	(142	) 18	(1,133	) (162
Depreciation and amortization expense	48,133	68,010	144,401	135,887
Income from operations	90,052	284,103	536,258	632,160
Change in fair value of catalyst leases	4,994	5,543	8,982	1,204
Interest expense, net	(28,026	) (24,374	) (77,094	) (75,831
Income before income taxes	67,020	265,272	468,146	557,533
Income tax expense	11,525	95,260	151,072	158,413
Net income	55,495	170,012	317,074	399,120
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	12,696	29,042	51,144	159,746
Net income attributable to PBF Energy Inc.	\$42,799	\$140,970	\$265,930	\$239,374
Gross margin	\$150,815	\$322,084	\$686,401	\$746,567
Gross refining margin (1)	\$359,231	\$574,351	\$1,349,017	\$1,531,581
Net income available to Class A common stock per share:				
Basic	\$0.50	\$1.61	\$3.11	\$3.35
Diluted	\$0.49	\$1.60	\$3.06	\$3.32

(1) See Non-GAAP Financial Measures below.

Operating Highlights

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended		
	September 30, 2015	2014	September 30, 2015	2014	
Key Operating Information					
Production (bpd in thousands)	473.2	496.8	473.4	465.3	
Crude oil and feedstocks throughput (bpd in thousands)	475.4	495.5	478.1	465.9	
Total crude oil and feedstocks throughput (millions of barrels)	43.7	45.6	130.5	127.2	
Gross refining margin, excluding special items, per barrel of throughput (1)	\$12.97	\$12.60	\$10.95	\$12.04	
Refinery operating expenses, excluding depreciation, per barrel of throughput	\$4.57	\$4.41	\$4.79	\$5.34	
Crude and feedstocks (% of total throughput) (2):					
Heavy crude	9	% 12	% 12	% 13	%
Medium crude	54	% 43	% 50	% 44	%
Light crude	26	% 34	% 27	% 34	%
Other feedstocks and blends	11	% 11	% 11	% 9	%
Yield (% of total throughput):					
Gasoline and gasoline blendstocks	48	% 46	% 47	% 47	%
Distillates and distillate blendstocks	34	% 36	% 35	% 36	%
Lubes	1	% 2	% 2	% 2	%
Chemicals	3	% 3	% 3	% 3	%
Other	14	% 13	% 13	% 12	%

(1) See Non-GAAP Financial Measures below.

We define heavy crude oil as crude oil with an American Petroleum Institute (API) gravity less than 24 degrees.

(2) We define medium crude oil as crude oil with an API gravity between 24 and 35 degrees. We define light crude oil as crude oil with an API gravity higher than 35 degrees.

The table below summarizes certain market indicators relating to our operating results as reported by Platts.

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	(dollars per barrel, except as noted)			
Dated Brent Crude	\$50.36	\$101.93	\$55.54	\$106.52
West Texas Intermediate (WTI) crude oil	\$46.45	\$97.56	\$50.93	\$99.77
Crack Spreads				
Dated Brent (NYH) 2-1-1	\$17.60	\$13.91	\$17.75	\$13.07
WTI (Chicago) 4-3-1	\$24.03	\$16.63	\$20.09	\$17.40
Crude Oil Differentials				
Dated Brent (foreign) less WTI	\$3.91	\$4.36	\$4.61	\$6.75
Dated Brent less Maya (heavy, sour)	\$7.60	\$11.06	\$8.12	\$14.52
Dated Brent less WTS (sour)	\$2.29	\$13.14	\$4.14	\$13.95
Dated Brent less ASCI (sour)	\$5.08	\$5.02	\$4.43	\$7.39
WTI less WCS (heavy, sour)	\$14.52	\$20.06	\$11.58	\$20.70
WTI less Bakken (light, sweet)	\$3.26	\$6.43	\$3.49	\$4.98
WTI less Syncrude (light, sweet)	\$1.02	\$4.12	\$(1.19)	\$1.97
Natural gas (dollars per MMBTU)	\$2.73	\$3.95	\$2.76	\$4.41

Three Months Ended September 30, 2015 Compared to the Three Months Ended September 30, 2014

Overview— Net income was \$55.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015 compared to net income of \$170.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014. Net income attributable to PBF Energy was \$42.8 million, or \$0.49 per diluted share, for the three months ended September 30, 2015 (\$0.49 per share on a fully exchanged, fully diluted basis based on adjusted fully-converted net income, or \$1.85 per share on a fully exchanged, fully diluted basis based on adjusted fully-converted net income excluding special items, as described below in Non-GAAP Financial Measures) compared to net income attributable to PBF Energy of \$141.0 million, or \$1.60 per diluted share, for the three months ended September 30, 2014 (\$1.60 per share on a fully exchanged, fully diluted basis based on adjusted fully-converted net income, as described below in Non-GAAP Financial Measures). The net income or loss attributable to PBF Energy represents PBF Energy's equity interest in PBF LLC's pre-tax income, less applicable income tax expense. PBF Energy's weighted-average equity interest in PBF LLC was 94.4% and 90.5% for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Our results for the three months ended September 30, 2015 were negatively impacted by a non-cash special item consisting of a non-cash pre-tax inventory lower of cost or market ("LCM") adjustment of approximately \$208.3 million on a net basis, which includes the reversal of the LCM charge recorded in the second quarter of 2015. The LCM adjustment is a result of the changing crude oil and refined product prices from the second quarter of 2015 to the end of the third quarter of 2015. During this period the prices have remained below historical costs. Excluding the impact of the net change in LCM reserve of \$208.3 million, our results were positively impacted by higher crack spreads in the East Coast and Mid-Continent partially offset by unfavorable movements in crude oil differentials and the impact of the unplanned downtime at our Delaware City refinery in August 2015 and planned turnaround at our Delaware City refinery in September 2015 which reduced throughput and increased operating expenses.

Revenues— Revenues totaled \$3.2 billion for the three months ended September 30, 2015 compared to \$5.3 billion for the three months ended September 30, 2014, a decrease of approximately \$2.0 billion, or 38.8%. For the three months ended September 30, 2015, the total throughput rates in the East Coast and Mid-Continent refineries averaged approximately 301,800 bpd and 173,600 bpd, respectively. For the three months ended

September 30, 2014, the total throughput rates at our East Coast and Mid-Continent refineries averaged approximately 344,100 bpd and 151,400 bpd, respectively. The decline in throughput rates at our East Coast refineries in 2015 compared to 2014 is primarily due to unplanned downtime at our Delaware City refinery in August 2015 and a planned turnaround in September 2015 at our Delaware City refinery. The increase in throughput rates at our Mid-Continent refinery in 2015 compared to 2014 was primarily attributable to favorable market conditions at our Toledo refinery in the third quarter of 2015. For the three months ended September 30, 2015, the total barrels sold at our East Coast and Mid-Continent refineries averaged approximately 355,400 bpd and 179,700 bpd, respectively. For the three months ended September 30, 2014, the total barrels sold at our East Coast and Mid-Continent refineries averaged approximately 365,200 bpd and 154,400 bpd, respectively. Total refined product barrels sold were higher than throughput rates, reflecting sales from inventory as well as sales and purchases of refined products outside the refinery.

Gross Margin— Gross refining margin (as described below in Non-GAAP Financial Measures) totaled \$359.2 million, or \$8.21 per barrel of throughput (\$567.5 million or \$12.97 per barrel of throughput excluding the impact of special items), for the three months ended September 30, 2015 compared to \$574.4 million, or \$12.60 per barrel of throughput during the three months ended September 30, 2014, a decrease of \$215.2 million. Gross margin, including refinery operating expenses and depreciation, totaled \$150.8 million, or \$3.45 per barrel of throughput, for the three months ended September 30, 2015 compared to \$322.1 million, or \$7.10 per barrel of throughput, for the three months ended September 30, 2014, a decrease of \$171.3 million. Excluding the impact of special items, gross margin and gross refining margin increased due to improved crack spreads in the East Coast and the Mid-Continent partially offset by unfavorable movements in crude differentials in both the East Coast and the Mid-Continent and lower throughput rates at our East Coast refineries. In addition, gross margin and gross refining margin were negatively impacted by a non-cash LCM adjustment of approximately \$208.3 million on a net basis resulting from the change in crude oil and refined product prices from the end of the second quarter of 2015 to the end of the third quarter of 2015, which remained below historical costs.

Average industry refining margins in the Mid-Continent were stronger during the three months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the same period in 2014. The WTI (Chicago) 4-3-1 industry crack spread was approximately \$24.03 per barrel or 44.5% higher in the three months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to \$16.63 per barrel in the same period in 2014. However, our margins were negatively impacted from our refinery specific crude slate in the Mid-Continent which was impacted by a declining WTI/Syncrude differential, which averaged approximately \$1.02 per barrel in the third quarter of 2015 as compared to \$4.12 per barrel in the third quarter of 2014.

The Dated Brent (NYH) 2-1-1 industry crack spread was approximately \$17.60 per barrel, or 26.5% higher in the three months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to \$13.91 per barrel in the same period in 2014. The WTI/Dated Brent differential and Dated Brent/Maya differentials were \$0.45 and \$3.46 lower, respectively, in the three months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the same period in 2014. In addition, the WTI/Bakken differential was approximately \$3.17 per barrel less favorable in the three months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the same period in 2014.

Operating Expenses— Operating expenses totaled \$203.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015 compared to \$202.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014, an increase of \$1.3 million, or 0.6%. Of the total \$203.9 million of operating expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2015, approximately \$200.0 million, or \$4.57 per barrel of throughput, related to expenses incurred by the Refining segment, while the remaining approximately \$3.8 million related to expenses incurred by the Logistics segment. The increase in operating expenses was mainly attributable to \$11.9 million in higher maintenance and repair expenses related to the unplanned downtime at our Delaware City refinery and \$2.5 million of higher employee wage and benefits expenses which were predominantly offset by a decrease of \$13.0 million in energy related costs due to lower natural gas and electricity prices. Our operating expenses principally consist of salaries and employee benefits, maintenance, energy and catalyst and chemicals costs at our refineries. The operating expenses related

to the Logistics segment consists of costs related to the operation and maintenance of PBFX's assets subsequent to the PBFX Offering.

General and Administrative Expenses— General and administrative expenses totaled \$53.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015 compared to \$34.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014, an increase of \$19.0 million or 55.3%. The increase in general and administrative expenses primarily relates to higher employee compensation costs, higher administrative expenses related to PBFX and a \$2.2 million charge associated with the change in our tax receivable agreement liability during the period. Our general and administrative expenses are comprised of the personnel, facilities and other infrastructure costs necessary to support our refineries.

Gain on Sale of Assets— Gain on sale of assets for the three months ended September 30, 2015 was \$0.1 million related to the sale of railcars which were subsequently leased back.

Depreciation and Amortization Expense— Depreciation and amortization expense totaled \$48.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015 compared to \$68.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014, a decrease of \$19.9 million. The decrease was primarily a result of an impairment charge of \$28.5 million incurred in the third quarter of 2014 partially offset by capital projects related to turnarounds completed in 2014, the completed expansion of the crude rail unloading facility at the Delaware City refinery in 2014 and refinery optimization projects at Toledo.

Change in Fair Value of Catalyst Leases— Change in the fair value of catalyst leases represented a gain of \$5.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015 compared to a gain of \$5.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014. These gains relate to the change in value of the precious metals underlying the sale and leaseback of our refineries' precious metals catalyst, which we are obligated to repurchase at fair market value on the lease termination dates.

Interest Expense, net— Interest expense totaled \$28.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015 compared to \$24.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014, an increase of \$3.6 million. This increase is mainly attributable to the issuance of the PBFX Senior Notes and the related amortization of deferred financing fees. This increase was offset by a decrease in interest expense related to the termination of our crude and feedstock supply agreement with MSCG, effective July 31, 2014. Interest expense includes interest on long-term debt including the PBFX credit facilities, costs related to the sale and leaseback of our precious metals catalyst, interest expense incurred in connection with our crude and feedstock supply agreement with Statoil, financing costs associated with the Inventory Intermediation Agreements with J. Aron, letter of credit fees associated with the purchase of certain crude oils, and the amortization of deferred financing costs.

Income Tax Expense— PBF LLC is organized as a limited liability company and PBFX is a master limited partnership, both of which are treated as "flow-through" entities for federal income tax purposes and therefore are not subject to income tax. However, the members of PBF LLC are required to include their proportionate share of PBF LLC's taxable income or loss, which includes PBF LLC's allocable share of PBFX's pre-tax income or loss, on their respective tax returns. PBF LLC generally makes distributions to its members, per the terms of the PBF LLC amended and restated limited liability company agreement, related to such taxes on a pro-rata basis. PBF Energy recognizes an income tax expense or benefit in our consolidated financial statements based on PBF Energy's allocable share of PBF LLC's pre-tax income or loss, which was approximately 94.4% and 90.5%, on a weighted-average basis for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. PBF Energy's condensed consolidated financial statements do not reflect any benefit or provision for income taxes on the pre-tax income or loss attributable to the noncontrolling interests in PBF LLC or PBFX (although, as described above, PBF LLC must make tax distributions to all its members on a pro-rata basis). PBF Energy's effective tax rate, excluding the impact of noncontrolling interest, for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 was 21.2% and 40.3%, respectively, reflecting tax benefit adjustments for discrete items related to changes in income tax provision estimates based on our income tax returns

and changes in our effective state tax rates.

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Noncontrolling Interest— As a result of our initial public offering ("IPO") and the related reorganization transactions, PBF Energy became the sole managing member of, and has a controlling interest in, PBF LLC. As the sole managing member of PBF LLC, PBF Energy operates and controls all of the business and affairs of PBF LLC and its subsidiaries. PBF Energy consolidates the financial results of PBF LLC and its subsidiaries, including PBFX. With respect to the consolidation of PBF LLC, the Company records a noncontrolling interest for the economic interest in PBF LLC held by members other than PBF Energy, and with respect to the consolidation of PBFX, the Company records a noncontrolling interest for the economic interests in PBFX held by the public unit holders of PBFX. The total noncontrolling interest on the consolidated statement of operations represents the portion of the Company's earnings or loss attributable to the economic interests held by members of PBF Energy other than PBF Energy and by the public common unit holders of PBFX. The total noncontrolling interest on the balance sheet represents the portion of the Company's net assets attributable to the economic interests held by the members of PBF LLC other than PBF Energy and by the public common unit holders of PBFX. PBF Energy's weighted-average equity noncontrolling interest ownership percentage in PBF LLC for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 was approximately 5.6% and 9.5%, respectively. The carrying amount of the noncontrolling interest on our consolidated balance sheet attributable to the noncontrolling interest is not equal to the noncontrolling interest ownership percentage due to the effect of income taxes and related agreements that pertain solely to PBF Energy.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 Compared to the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014

Overview— Net income was \$317.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 compared to net income of \$399.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014. Net income attributable to PBF Energy was \$265.9 million, or \$3.06 per diluted share, for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 (\$3.06 per share on a fully exchanged, fully diluted basis based on adjusted fully-converted net income, or \$3.59 per share on a fully exchanged, fully diluted basis based on adjusted fully-converted net income excluding special items, as described below in Non-GAAP Financial Measures) compared to net income attributable to PBF Energy of \$239.4 million, or \$3.32 per diluted share, for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 (\$3.39 per share on a fully exchanged, fully diluted basis based on adjusted fully-converted net income, as described below in Non-GAAP Financial Measures). The net income or loss attributable to PBF Energy represents PBF Energy's equity interest in PBF LLC's pre-tax income, less applicable income tax expense. PBF Energy's weighted-average equity interest in PBF LLC was 93.7% and 73.7% for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Our results for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 were negatively impacted by a non-cash special item consisting of a non-cash pre-tax inventory lower of cost or market ("LCM") adjustment of approximately \$81.1 million on a net basis, which includes the reversal of the LCM charge recorded in the fourth quarter of 2014. The LCM adjustment is a result of the changing crude oil and refined product prices from the year ended 2014 to the end of the third quarter of 2015. During this period the prices have remained below historical costs. Excluding the impact of the net change in LCM reserve of \$81.1 million, our results were negatively impacted by unfavorable movements in certain crude oil differentials and the impact of the unplanned downtime at our Toledo refinery and Delaware City refinery in June and August 2015, respectively, which increased operating expenses and reduced throughput, partially offset by higher crack spreads on the East Coast and Mid-Continent.

Revenues— Revenues totaled \$9.8 billion for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 compared to \$15.3 billion for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, a decrease of approximately \$5.5 billion, or 36.2%. For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the total throughput rates in the East Coast and Mid-Continent refineries averaged approximately 325,400 bpd and 152,700 bpd, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2014, the total throughput rates at our East Coast and Mid-Continent refineries averaged approximately 320,400 bpd and 145,500 bpd, respectively. The increase in throughput rates at our East Coast refineries in 2015 compared to 2014 is primarily due to favorable market conditions, partially offset by unplanned down time at our Delaware City refinery in August 2015 and a planned turnaround in September 2015. The increase in throughput rates at our Mid-Continent refinery is due to favorable market conditions at our Toledo refinery in the third quarter of 2015, partially offset by an unplanned downtime in the second quarter of 2015. For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the total barrels sold at our East Coast and Mid-Continent refineries averaged approximately 363,400 bpd and 163,000 bpd, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2014, the total barrels sold at our East

Coast and Mid-Continent refineries averaged approximately 341,600 bpd and 152,700 bpd, respectively. Total refined product barrels sold were higher than throughput rates, reflecting sales from inventory as well as sales and purchases of refined products outside the refinery.

Gross Margin— Gross refining margin (as described below in Non-GAAP Financial Measures) totaled \$1,349.0 million, or \$10.33 per barrel of throughput (\$1,430.2 million or \$10.95 per barrel of throughput excluding the impact of special items), for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 compared to \$1,531.6 million, or \$12.04 per barrel of throughput during the nine months ended September 30, 2014, a decrease of \$182.6 million. Gross margin, including refinery operating expenses and depreciation, totaled \$686.4 million, or \$5.26 per barrel of throughput, for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 compared to \$746.6 million, or \$5.89 per barrel of throughput, for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, a decrease of \$60.2 million. Excluding the impact of special items, gross margin and gross refining margin decreased due to unfavorable movements in crude differentials partially offset by improved crack spreads in the East Coast and the Mid-Continent and higher throughput rates. In addition, gross margin and gross refining margin were negatively impacted by a non-cash LCM adjustment of approximately \$81.1 million on a net basis resulting from the change in crude oil and refined product prices from the year ended 2014 to the end of the third quarter of 2015, which remained below historical costs.

Average industry refining margins in the Mid-Continent were stronger during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the same period in 2014. The WTI (Chicago) 4-3-1 industry crack spread was approximately \$20.09 per barrel or 15.5% higher in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to \$17.40 per barrel in the same period in 2014. Alternatively, our margins were negatively impacted from our refinery specific crude slate in the Mid-Continent which was impacted by a declining WTI/Syncrude differential, which averaged a premium of \$1.19 per barrel during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to a discount of \$1.97 per barrel in the same period of 2014.

The Dated Brent (NYH) 2-1-1 industry crack spread was approximately \$17.75 per barrel, or 35.8% higher in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to \$13.07 per barrel in the same period in 2014. The WTI/Dated Brent differential and Dated Brent/Maya differential were \$2.14 and \$6.40 lower, respectively, in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the same period in 2014. In addition, the WTI/Bakken differential was approximately \$1.49 per barrel less favorable in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the same period in 2014.

Operating Expenses— Operating expenses totaled \$635.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 compared to \$682.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, a decrease of \$46.3 million, or 6.8%. Of the total \$635.9 million of operating expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, \$625.5 million, or \$4.79 per barrel of throughput, related to expenses incurred by the Refining segment, while the remaining \$10.4 million related to expenses incurred by the Logistics segment. The decrease in operating expenses was mainly attributable to a decrease of \$64.8 million in energy related costs primarily attributable to lower natural gas and electricity prices. The decrease was partially offset by an increase of \$12.8 million in maintenance and repair expenses directly attributable to the unplanned downtime at our Delaware City and Toledo refineries and \$3.9 million in chemical and catalyst related expenses. Our operating expenses principally consist of salaries and employee benefits, maintenance, energy and catalyst and chemicals costs at our refineries. The operating expenses related to the Logistics segment consists of costs related to the operation and maintenance of PBFX's assets subsequent to the PBFX Offering.

General and Administrative Expenses— General and administrative expenses totaled \$128.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 compared to \$104.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, an increase of approximately \$24.6 million or 23.6%. The increase in general and administrative expenses primarily relates to expenses incurred associated with PBFX, higher employee compensation costs and a \$2.2 million charge associated with the change in our tax receivable agreement liability during the period. Our general and administrative expenses are comprised of the personnel, facilities and other infrastructure costs necessary to support our refineries.

Gain on Sale of Assets— Gain on sale of assets for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 was \$1.1 million as compared to \$0.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 related to the sale of railcars which were subsequently leased back.

Depreciation and Amortization Expense— Depreciation and amortization expense totaled \$144.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 compared to \$135.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, an increase of \$8.5 million. The increase was primarily a result of capital projects related to turnarounds completed in 2014, the completed expansion of the crude rail unloading facility at the Delaware City refinery in 2014 and refinery optimization projects at Toledo, partially offset by an impairment charge of \$28.5 million in 2014.

Change in Fair Value of Catalyst Leases— Change in the fair value of catalyst leases represented a gain of \$9.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 compared to a gain of \$1.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014. These gains relate to the change in value of the precious metals underlying the sale and leaseback of our refineries' precious metals catalyst, which we are obligated to repurchase at fair market value on the lease termination dates.

Interest Expense, net— Interest expense totaled \$77.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 compared to \$75.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, an increase of approximately \$1.2 million. This increase is mainly attributable to higher interest costs associated with the issuance of the PBFX Revolving Credit Facility and the PBFX Term Loan in connection with the PBFX Offering as well as the issuance of the PBFX Senior Notes in May 2015 partially offset by the termination of our crude and feedstock supply agreement with MSCG, effective July 31, 2014. Interest expense includes interest on long-term debt including the PBFX credit facilities, costs related to the sale and leaseback of our precious metals catalyst, interest expense incurred in connection with our crude and feedstock supply agreement with Statoil, financing costs associated with the Inventory Intermediation Agreements with J. Aron, letter of credit fees associated with the purchase of certain crude oils, and the amortization of deferred financing costs.

Income Tax Expense— PBF LLC is organized as a limited liability company and PBFX is a master limited partnership, both of which are treated as "flow-through" entities for federal income tax purposes and therefore are not subject to income tax. However, the members of PBF LLC are required to include their proportionate share of PBF LLC's taxable income or loss, which includes PBF LLC's allocable share of PBFX's pre-tax income or loss, on their respective tax returns. PBF LLC generally makes distributions to its members, per the terms of the PBF LLC amended and restated limited liability company agreement, related to such taxes on a pro-rata basis. PBF Energy recognizes an income tax expense or benefit in our consolidated financial statements based on PBF Energy's allocable share of PBF LLC's pre-tax income or loss, which was approximately 93.7% and 73.7%, on a weighted-average basis for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. PBF Energy's condensed consolidated financial statements do not reflect any benefit or provision for income taxes on the pre-tax income or loss attributable to the noncontrolling interests in PBF LLC or PBFX (although, as described above, PBF LLC must make tax distributions to all its members on a pro-rata basis). PBF Energy's effective tax rate, excluding the impact of noncontrolling interest, for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 was 36.2% and 39.8%, respectively, reflecting tax benefit adjustments for discrete items related to changes in income tax provision estimates based on our income tax returns and changes in our effective state tax rates.

Noncontrolling Interest— As a result of our IPO and the related reorganization transactions, PBF Energy became the sole managing member of, and has a controlling interest in, PBF LLC. As the sole managing member of PBF LLC, PBF Energy operates and controls all of the business and affairs of PBF LLC and its subsidiaries. PBF Energy consolidates the financial results of PBF LLC and its subsidiaries, including PBFX. With respect to the consolidation of PBF LLC, the Company records a noncontrolling interest for the economic interest in PBF LLC held by members other than PBF Energy, and with respect to the consolidation of PBFX, the Company records a noncontrolling interest for the economic interests in PBFX held by the public unit holders of PBFX. The total noncontrolling interest on the

consolidated statement of operations represents the portion of the Company's

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earnings or loss attributable to the economic interests held by members of PBF Energy other than PBF Energy and by the public common unit holders of PBFX. The total noncontrolling interest on the balance sheet represents the portion of the Company's net assets attributable to the economic interests held by the members of PBF LLC other than PBF Energy and by the public common unit holders of PBFX. PBF Energy's weighted-average equity noncontrolling interest ownership percentage in PBF LLC for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 was approximately 6.3% and 26.3%, respectively. The carrying amount of the noncontrolling interest on our consolidated balance sheet attributable to the noncontrolling interest is not equal to the noncontrolling interest ownership percentage due to the effect of income taxes and related agreements that pertain solely to PBF Energy.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Management uses certain financial measures to evaluate our operating performance that are calculated and presented on the basis of methodologies other than in accordance with U.S. GAAP. These measures should not be considered a substitute for, or superior to, measures of financial performance prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP, and our calculations thereof may not be comparable to similarly entitled measures reported by other companies.

Special Items

The non-GAAP measures presented include Adjusted Fully-Converted net income excluding special items, income from continuing operations excluding special items, EBITDA excluding special items, and gross refining margin excluding special items. The special items for the periods presented relate to a LCM adjustment. LCM is a GAAP guideline related to inventory valuation that requires inventory to be stated at the lower of cost or market. Our inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined using last-in, first-out (LIFO) inventory valuation methodology, in which the most recently incurred costs are charged to cost of sales and inventories are valued at base layer acquisition costs. Market is determined based on an assessment of the current estimated replacement cost and net realizable selling price of the inventory. In periods where the market price of our inventory declines substantially, cost values of inventory may exceed market values. In such instances, we record an adjustment to write down the value of inventory to market value in accordance with GAAP. In subsequent periods, the value of inventory is reassessed and a LCM adjustment is recorded to reflect the net change in the LCM inventory reserve between the prior period and the current period. Although we believe that non-GAAP financial measures excluding the impact of special items provide useful supplemental information to investors regarding the results and performance of our business and allow for more useful period-over-period comparisons, such non-GAAP measures should only be considered as a supplement to, and not as a substitute for, or superior to, the financial measures prepared in accordance with GAAP.

Adjusted Fully-Converted Net Income (Loss)

PBF Energy utilizes results presented on an Adjusted Fully-Converted basis that reflects an assumed exchange of all PBF LLC Series A Units for shares of Class A common stock of PBF Energy. We believe that these Adjusted Fully-Converted measures, when presented in conjunction with comparable U.S. GAAP measures, are useful to investors to compare PBF Energy results across different periods and to facilitate an understanding of our operating results. The differences between Adjusted Fully-Converted and U.S. GAAP results are as follows:

1. Assumed Exchange of all PBF LLC Series A Units for shares of PBF Energy Class A common stock. As a result of the assumed exchange of all PBF LLC Series A Units, the noncontrolling interest related to these units is converted to controlling interest. Management believes that it is useful to provide the per-share effect associated with the assumed exchange of all PBF LLC Series A Units.

2. Income Taxes. Prior to PBF Energy's IPO we were organized as a limited liability company treated as a "flow-through" entity for income tax purposes, and even after PBF Energy's IPO, not all of our earnings are subject to corporate-level income taxes. Adjustments have been made to the Adjusted Fully-Converted tax provisions and earnings to assume that we had adopted our post-IPO corporate tax structure for all periods presented and are taxed as a C corporation in the U.S. at the prevailing corporate rates. These assumptions are consistent with the assumption in clause 1 above that all PBF LLC Series A Units are exchanged for shares of PBF Energy Class A common stock, as the assumed exchange would change the amount of our earnings that is subject to corporate income tax.

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The following table reconciles our Adjusted Fully-Converted results with our results presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Net income attributable to PBF Energy Inc.	\$42,799	\$140,970	\$265,930	\$239,374
Add: Net income attributable to the noncontrolling interest ⁽¹⁾	3,315	24,408	24,536	152,416
Less: Income tax expense ⁽²⁾	(1,333)	(9,812)	(9,863)	(61,271)
Adjusted fully-converted net income	\$44,781	\$155,566	\$280,603	\$330,519
Special Items:				
Add: Non-cash LCM inventory adjustment ⁽⁵⁾	208,313	—	81,147	—
Less: Recomputed income taxes on special item ⁽⁵⁾	(83,742)	—	(32,621)	—
Adjusted fully-converted net income excluding special items	\$169,352	\$155,566	\$329,129	\$330,519
Diluted weighted-average shares outstanding of PBF Energy Inc. ⁽³⁾	91,496,283	97,344,515	91,557,371	72,071,903
Conversion of PBF LLC Series A Units ⁽⁴⁾	—	—	—	25,319,764
Adjusted fully-converted shares outstanding-diluted	91,496,283	97,344,515	91,557,371	97,391,667
Adjusted fully-converted net income (per fully exchanged, fully diluted shares outstanding)	\$0.49	\$1.60	\$3.06	\$3.39
Adjusted fully-converted net income excluding special items (per fully exchanged, fully diluted shares outstanding)	\$1.85	\$1.60	\$3.59	\$3.39

(1) Represents the elimination of the noncontrolling interest associated with the ownership by the members of PBF LLC other than PBF Energy as if such members had fully exchanged their PBF LLC Series A Units for shares of PBF Energy's Class A common stock.

(2) Represents an adjustment to apply PBF Energy's statutory tax rate of approximately 40.2% for the 2015 periods and 40.2% for the 2014 periods to the noncontrolling interest. The adjustment assumes the full exchange of existing PBF LLC Series A Units as described in (1) above.

(3) Represents weighted-average diluted shares outstanding assuming the full exchange of common stock equivalents, including options and warrants for PBF LLC Series A Units and options for shares of PBF Energy Class A common stock as calculated under the treasury stock method for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and September 30, 2014, respectively. Common stock equivalents excludes the effects of options to purchase 1,789,500 and 2,867,000 shares of PBF Energy Class A common stock because they are anti-dilutive for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively. Common stock equivalents , excludes the effects of options to purchase 1,976,875 and 1,991,875 shares of PBF Energy Class A common stock because they are anti-dilutive for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively.

(4) Represents an adjustment to weighted-average diluted shares to assume the full exchange of existing PBF LLC Series A Units as described in (1) above if not included in the diluted weighted-average shares outstanding calculated in (3) above.

(5) During the third quarter of 2015, the Company recorded an adjustment to value its inventories to the lower of cost or market which resulted in a net pre-tax impact of \$208.3 million reflecting the change in the lower of cost or market inventory reserve from \$562.9 million at June 30, 2015 to \$771.3 million at September 30, 2015. During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company recorded an adjustment to value its inventories to the lower of cost or market which resulted in a net pre-tax impact of \$81.1 million reflecting the change in the lower of cost or market inventory reserve from \$690.1 million at December 31, 2014 to \$771.3

million at September 30, 2015. The net impact of these LCM inventory adjustments are included in the Refining segment's operating income, but are excluded from the operating results presented in the table in order to make such information comparable between periods. Income taxes related to the net LCM adjustment were recalculated using the Company's statutory corporate tax rate of approximately 40.2% for the periods presented.

Gross Refining Margin

Gross refining margin is defined as gross margin excluding refinery depreciation, refinery operating expenses, and gross margin of PBFX. We believe gross refining margin is an important measure of operating performance and provides useful information to investors because it is a better metric comparison for the industry refining margin benchmarks, as the refining margin benchmarks do not include a charge for refinery operating expenses and depreciation. In order to assess our operating performance, we compare our gross refining margin (revenue less cost of sales) to industry refining margin benchmarks and crude oil prices as defined in the table below.

Gross refining margin should not be considered an alternative to gross margin, operating income, net cash flows from operating activities or any other measure of financial performance or liquidity presented in accordance with GAAP. Gross refining margin presented by other companies may not be comparable to our presentation, since each company may define this term differently. The following table presents a reconciliation of gross refining margin to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure, gross margin, on a historical basis, as applicable, for each of the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended September 30,			
	2015		2014	
	\$	per barrel of throughput	\$	per barrel of throughput
Reconciliation of gross margin to gross refining margin:				
Gross margin	\$ 150,815	\$ 3.45	\$ 322,084	\$ 7.10
Less: Affiliate revenues of PBFX	(37,082)	(0.85)	(14,744)	(0.32)
Add: Affiliate cost of sales of PBFX	1,118	0.03	—	—
Add: Refinery operating expenses	200,014	4.57	202,625	4.41
Add: Refinery depreciation expense	44,366	1.01	64,386	1.41
Gross refining margin	\$ 359,231	\$ 8.21	\$ 574,351	\$ 12.60
Special Items:				
Add: Non-cash LCM inventory adjustment ⁽¹⁾	208,313	4.76	—	—
Gross refining margin excluding special items	\$ 567,544	\$ 12.97	\$ 574,351	\$ 12.60

(1) During the third quarter of 2015, the Company recorded an adjustment to value its inventories to the lower of cost or market which resulted in a net pre-tax impact of \$208.3 million reflecting the change in the lower of cost or market inventory reserve from \$562.9 million at June 30, 2015 to \$771.3 million at September 30, 2015. The net impact of these LCM inventory adjustments are included in the Refining segment's operating income, but are excluded from the operating results presented in the table in order to make such information comparable between periods.

	Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2015		2014	
	\$	per barrel of throughput	\$	per barrel of throughput
Reconciliation of gross margin to gross refining margin:				
Gross margin	\$ 686,401	\$ 5.26	\$ 746,567	\$ 5.89
Less: Affiliate revenues of PBFX	(101,413)	(0.78)	(22,526)	(0.18)
Add: Affiliate cost of sales of PBFX	6,394	0.05	—	—
Add: Refinery operating expenses	625,542	4.79	682,246	5.34
Add: Refinery depreciation expense	132,093	1.01	125,294	0.99
Gross refining margin	\$ 1,349,017	\$ 10.33	\$ 1,531,581	\$ 12.04
Special Items:				
Add: Non-cash LCM inventory adjustment (1)	81,147	0.62	—	—
Gross refining margin excluding special items	\$ 1,430,164	\$ 10.95	\$ 1,531,581	\$ 12.04

(1) During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company recorded an adjustment to value its inventories to the lower of cost or market which resulted in a net pre-tax impact of \$81.1 million reflecting the change in the lower of cost or market inventory reserve from \$690.1 million million at December 31, 2014 to \$771.3 million at September 30, 2015. The net impact of these LCM inventory adjustments are included in the Refining segment's operating income, but are excluded from the operating results presented in the table in order to make such information comparable between periods.

EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA

Our management uses EBITDA (earnings before interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization) and Adjusted EBITDA as measures of operating performance to assist in comparing performance from period to period on a consistent basis and to readily view operating trends, as a measure for planning and forecasting overall expectations and for evaluating actual results against such expectations, and in communications with our board of directors, creditors, analysts and investors concerning our financial performance. Our outstanding indebtedness for borrowed money and other contractual obligations also include similar measures as a basis for certain covenants under those agreements which may differ from the Adjusted EBITDA definition described below.

EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are not presentations made in accordance with GAAP and our computation of EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA may vary from others in our industry. In addition, Adjusted EBITDA contains some, but not all, adjustments that are taken into account in the calculation of the components of various covenants in the agreements governing the Senior Secured Notes and other credit facilities. EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA should not be considered as alternatives to operating income or net income as measures of operating performance. In addition, EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are not presented as, and should not be considered, an alternative to cash flows from operations as a measure of liquidity. Adjusted EBITDA is defined as EBITDA before equity-based compensation expense, gains (losses) from certain derivative activities and contingent consideration and the non-cash change in the deferral of gross profit related to the sale of certain finished products. Other companies, including other companies in our industry, may calculate Adjusted EBITDA differently than we do, limiting its usefulness as a comparative measure. Adjusted EBITDA also has limitations as an analytical tool and should not be considered in isolation, or as a substitute for analysis of our results as reported under GAAP. Some of these limitations include that Adjusted EBITDA:

- does not reflect depreciation expense or our cash expenditures, or future requirements, for capital expenditures or contractual commitments;
- does not reflect changes in, or cash requirements for, our working capital needs;
- does not reflect our interest expense, or the cash requirements necessary to service interest or principal payments, on our debt;
- does not reflect realized and unrealized gains and losses from hedging activities, which may have a substantial impact on our cash flow;
- does not reflect certain other non-cash income and expenses; and
- excludes income taxes that may represent a reduction in available cash.

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The following tables reconcile net income as reflected in our results of operations to EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA for the periods presented:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Reconciliation of net income to EBITDA:				
Net income	\$55,495	\$170,012	\$317,074	\$399,120
Add: Depreciation and amortization expense	48,133	68,010	144,401	135,887
Add: Interest expense, net	28,026	24,374	77,094	75,831
Add: Income tax expense	11,525	95,260	151,072	158,413
EBITDA	\$143,179	\$357,656	\$689,641	\$769,251
Special Items:				
Add: Non-cash LCM inventory adjustment ⁽¹⁾	208,313	—	81,147	—
EBITDA excluding special items	\$351,492	\$357,656	\$770,788	