

GeoVax Labs, Inc.
Form 10-Q
November 12, 2014
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UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2014

OR

Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number 000-52091

GEOVAX LABS, INC.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

87-0455038

(State or other jurisdiction)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

of incorporation or organization)

1900 Lake Park Drive Suite 380 Smyrna, Georgia 30080 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(678) 384-7220

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes
No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See the definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act):

Yes No

As of November 11, 2014, 31,950,813 shares of the Registrant's common stock, \$.001 par value, were issued and outstanding.

GEOVAX LABS, INC.

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Part 1 -- FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1 Financial Statements

GEOVAX LABS, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

September 30,

December 31,

2014

2013

(unaudited)

ASSETS

Current assets:

Cash and cash equivalents

\$ 862,191 \$ 2,513,861

Grant funds receivable

- 140,909

Prepaid expenses and other current assets

64,200 43,569

Total current assets

926,391 2,698,339

Property and equipment, net

113,227 120,227

Other assets

13,510 21,010

Total assets

\$ 1,053,128 \$ 2,839,576

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Current liabilities:

Accounts payable

\$ 82,197 \$ 155,943

Accrued expenses

8,279 96,406

Amounts payable to Emory University (a related party)

79,757 60,000

Total current liabilities

170,233 312,349

Commitments (Note 5)

Stockholders' equity:

Preferred stock, \$.01 par value:

Authorized shares – 10,000,000

Series A convertible preferred stock, \$1,000 stated value; -0- and 71 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively

- 60,586

Series B convertible preferred stock, \$1,000 stated value; 1,125 and 1,650 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively

856,070 1,255,569

Common stock, \$.001 par value:

Authorized shares – 75,000,000

Issued and outstanding shares – 25,718,037 and 23,765,180 at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively

25,718 23,765

Additional paid-in capital

28,863,162 28,239,392

Deficit accumulated during the development stage

(28,862,055) (27,052,085)

Total stockholders' equity

882,895 2,527,227

Total liabilities and stockholders' equity

\$ 1,053,128 \$ 2,839,576

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

GEOVAX LABS, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(Unaudited)

Three Months Ended September 30,

Nine Months Ended September 30,

2014

2013

2014

2013

Grant revenue

| | | | |
|------------|--------------|------------|--------------|
| \$ 322,086 | \$ 1,004,211 | \$ 659,867 | \$ 2,242,812 |
|------------|--------------|------------|--------------|

Operating expenses:

Research and development

| | | | |
|---------|---------|-----------|-----------|
| 425,498 | 879,104 | 1,344,560 | 2,314,291 |
|---------|---------|-----------|-----------|

General and administrative

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| | | | |
|---------|---------|-----------|-----------|
| 411,814 | 316,452 | 1,128,478 | 1,345,179 |
|---------|---------|-----------|-----------|

Total operating expenses

| | | | |
|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 837,312 | 1,195,556 | 2,473,038 | 3,659,470 |
|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|

Loss from operations

| | | | |
|------------|------------|--------------|--------------|
| (515,226) | (191,345) | (1,813,171) | (1,416,658) |
|------------|------------|--------------|--------------|

Other income:

Interest income

| | | | |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|
| 711 | 1,197 | 3,201 | 3,429 |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|

Total other income

| | | | |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|
| 711 | 1,197 | 3,201 | 3,429 |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|

Net loss

| | | | |
|---------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| \$ (514,515) | \$ (190,148) | \$ (1,809,970) | \$ (1,413,229) |
|---------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|

Basic and diluted:

Loss per common share

| | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| \$ (0.02) | \$ (0.01) | \$ (0.07) | \$ (0.07) |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|

Weighted averages shares outstanding

| | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 25,325,141 | 21,666,610 | 25,109,811 | 20,979,675 |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

GEOVAX LABS, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

Nine Months Ended September 30,

2014

2013

Cash flows from operating activities:

Net loss

\$ (1,809,970) \$ (1,413,229)

Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:

Depreciation and amortization

50,003 52,652

Stock-based compensation expense, including warrant modification expense and common stock issued for services

165,638 354,769

Changes in assets and liabilities:

Grant funds receivable

140,909 241,234

Prepaid expenses and other current assets

(20,631) (5,961)

Accounts payable and accrued expenses

(142,116) (101,505)

Total adjustments

193,803 541,189

Net cash used in operating activities

(1,616,167) (872,040)

Cash flows from investing activities:

Purchase of property and equipment

(35,503) (86,602)

Net cash used in investing activities

(35,503) (86,602)

Cash flows from financing activities:

Net proceeds from sale of common stock

- 1,643,333

Net cash provided by financing activities

- 1,643,333

Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents

(1,651,670) 684,691

Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period

2,513,861 1,035,925

Cash and cash equivalents at end of period

\$ 862,191 \$ 1,720,616

Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities:

During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, an aggregate of 71 shares of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock were converted into 202,857 shares of common stock, and an aggregate of 525 shares of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock were converted into 1,500,000 shares of common stock (see Note 6).

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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GEOVAX LABS, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2014

(unaudited)

1. Description of Company and Basis of Presentation

GeoVax Labs, Inc. (“GeoVax” or the “Company”), is a clinical-stage biotechnology company developing innovative human vaccines using our novel DNA/MVA platform technology. Our primary focus is to develop vaccines that prevent and fight Human Immunodeficiency Virus (“HIV”) infections, and we have recently expanded our research and development efforts to include vaccines to prevent Ebola virus infection. We have exclusively licensed from Emory University (“Emory”) certain vaccine technology which was developed in collaboration with the National Institutes of Health (“NIH”) and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (“CDC”). GeoVax is incorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware and our principal offices are located in Smyrna, Georgia (metropolitan Atlanta area). Our goal is to build a profitable company by generating income from products we develop and commercialize, either alone or with one or more potential strategic partners.

Our most advanced vaccines under development address the clade B subtype of the HIV virus that is most prevalent in the United States and western Europe. Our preventive clade B HIV vaccine has successfully completed Phase 2a clinical trials and we are currently planning the next stage of human clinical testing. We are also planning clinical trials to evaluate our clade B HIV vaccine as an immunotherapy agent for individuals already infected with HIV. We have begun preclinical studies to develop HIV vaccine candidates for the clade C subtype of HIV prevalent in the developing world. Our Ebola vaccine development efforts have recently been initiated and we expect to begin preclinical animal studies during 2015, with the goal of beginning human clinical testing in 2016.

Our activities are subject to significant risks and uncertainties. We have neither received regulatory approval for any of our vaccine candidates, nor do we have any commercialization capabilities; therefore, it is possible that we may never successfully derive significant product revenues from any of our existing or future development programs or product candidates.

We have funded our activities to date from government grants and clinical trial assistance, and from sales of our equity securities. We believe that our existing cash resources, combined with the proceeds from the NIH grants discussed in Note 8 and the warrant exercises discussed in Note 10, will be sufficient to fund our operations into the

second quarter of 2015. We will require additional funds to continue our planned operations beyond that date. We are currently seeking sources of non-dilutive capital through government grant programs and clinical trial support, and we also intend to conduct additional offerings of our equity securities. However, additional funding may not be available on favorable terms or at all and if we fail to obtain capital when needed, we may be required to delay, scale back, or eliminate some or all of our research and development programs as well as reduce our general and administrative expenses.

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements at September 30, 2014 and for the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 are unaudited, but include all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring entries, which we believe to be necessary for a fair presentation of the dates and periods presented. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of results for a full year. The financial statements should be read in conjunction with our audited financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013. We expect our operating results to fluctuate for the foreseeable future; therefore, period-to-period comparisons should not be relied upon as predictive of the results in future periods.

We disclosed in Note 2 to our financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013 those accounting policies that we consider significant in determining our results of operations and financial position. There have been no material changes to, or in the application of, the accounting policies previously identified and described in the Form 10-K.

2. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Accounting Standards Update 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* (“ASU 2014-09”), which creates a new Topic, Accounting Standards Codification Topic 606. The standard is principle-based and provides a five-step model to determine when and how revenue is recognized. The core principle is that an entity should recognize revenue when it transfers promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. ASU 2014-09 is effective for the Company beginning in 2017 and allows for either full retrospective adoption or modified retrospective adoption. We are currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of ASU 2014-09 on our financial statements.

In June 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2014-10, *Development Stage Entities (Topic 915)* ("ASU 2014-10"). The amendments in ASU 2014-10 remove the definition of a development stage entity from Topic 915, thereby removing the distinction between development stage entities and other reporting entities from U.S. GAAP. In addition, the amendments eliminate the requirements for development stage entities to (1) present inception-to-date information on the statements of income, cash flows, and shareholder's equity, (2) label the financial statements as those of a development stage entity, (3) disclose a description of the development stage activities in which the entity is engaged, and (4) disclose in the first year in which the entity is no longer a development stage entity that in prior years it had been in the development stage. For public business entities, those amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2014, and interim periods therein. Early adoption is permitted. We have evaluated this accounting standard and determined it to have a material impact on our financial statements. We adopted ASU-2014-10 effective June 30, 2014 and the effects of the adoption are reflected in our financial statements and footnotes contained herein.

In August 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2014-15, *Presentation of Financial Statements – Going Concern* ("ASU 2014-15"), which requires management of all entities to evaluate whether there are conditions and events that raise substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the financial statements are issued, and to make certain disclosures if it concludes that substantial doubt exists or when its plans alleviate substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. ASU 2014-15 is effective for the Company for annual reporting periods beginning in 2016 and for interim reporting periods starting in the first quarter of 2017. We are currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of ASU 2014-15 on our financial statements.

There have been no other recent accounting pronouncements or changes in accounting pronouncements during the nine months ended September 30, 2014 which we expect to have a material impact on our financial statements.

3. Basic and Diluted Loss Per Common Share

Basic net loss per share is computed using the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net loss per share is computed using the weighted-average number of common shares and potentially dilutive common share equivalents outstanding during the period. Potentially dilutive common share equivalents consist of convertible preferred stock, stock options and stock purchase warrants. Common share equivalents which potentially could dilute basic earnings per share in the future, and which were excluded from the computation of diluted loss per share, as the effect would be anti-dilutive, totaled approximately 12.5 million and 10.3 million shares at September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

4. Balance Sheet Components

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The tables below provide a breakdown of certain line items on the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

September 30,

2014

December 31,

2013

Property and equipment:

Laboratory equipment

\$ 510,106 \$ 474,603

Leasehold improvements

115,605 115,605

Other furniture, fixtures & equipment

28,685 28,685

Total property and equipment

654,396 618,893

Accumulated depreciation and amortization

(541,169) (498,666)

Property and equipment, net

\$ 113,227 \$ 120,227

Other assets:

Technology licenses

\$ 248,855 \$ 248,855

Deposits

11,010 11,010

Accumulated amortization – technology licenses

(246,355) (238,855)

Total other assets

\$ 13,510 \$ 21,010

5. Commitments

Lease Agreement

We lease approximately 8,400 square feet of office and laboratory space located in Smyrna, Georgia (metropolitan Atlanta). As of September 30, 2014, our future minimum lease payments pursuant to the 62 month operating lease total \$32,710 for the remainder of 2014.

Other Commitments

In the normal course of business, we may enter into various firm purchase commitments related to production and testing of our vaccines, conduct of our clinical trials, and other research-related activities. As of September 30, 2014, we had approximately \$211,000 of unrecorded outstanding purchase commitments to our vendors and subcontractors, all of which we expect will be due in 2014.

6. Stockholders' Equity

Preferred Stock Transactions

During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, we issued an aggregate of 202,857 and 1,500,000 shares of our common stock related to conversions of our Series A and Series B Convertible Preferred Stock, respectively. As of September 30, 2014, there are no shares of our Series A Convertible Preferred Stock outstanding, and 1,125 shares of our Series B Convertible Preferred Stock outstanding, convertible into 3,214,286 shares of our common stock.

Common Stock Transactions

In addition to common stock issued pursuant to the conversion of our Series A and Series B Convertible Preferred Stock described above, in July 2014, we issued 250,000 shares of our common stock for certain consulting services from a third party and recorded stock-based compensation expense of \$50,000 related to the issuance.

Stock Options

We maintain a stock option plan that provides the Board of Directors broad discretion in creating equity incentives for employees, officers, directors and consultants. The following table presents a summary of stock option transactions during the nine months ended September 30, 2014:

Number of Shares

Weighted Average

Exercise Price

Outstanding at December 31, 2013

1,197,044 \$ 3.79

Granted

7,500 0.29

Exercised

-- --

Forfeited or expired

(231,444) 1.89

Outstanding at September 30, 2014

973,100 \$ 4.22

Exercisable at September 30, 2014

616,594 \$ 6.30

Stock Purchase Warrants

We have previously issued stock purchase warrants in connection with financing transactions and also in exchange for services from consultants and others. As of September 30, 2014, there are 8,284,826 stock purchase warrants outstanding, with a weighted average exercise price of \$0.54. During October 2014, 3,176,000 of these warrants were exercised for cash (see Note 10).

Effective September 30, 2014, we reduced the exercise price of certain warrants to purchase an aggregate of 818,376 shares of our common stock from \$16.50 to \$1.00 per share, and extended the expiration date of the warrants from December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2016. We recorded general and administrative expense of \$39,711 associated with these modifications, all of which was recognized during the three month period ended September 30, 2014.

Stock-Based Compensation Expense

During the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2014, we recorded share-based compensation expense related to stock options of \$24,573 and \$75,927, respectively, as compared to \$33,348 and \$116,600 for the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2013, respectively. Share-based compensation expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period for the award and is allocated to research and development expense or general and administrative expense based upon the related employee classification. As of September 30, 2014, there was \$106,939 of unrecognized compensation expense related to stock options, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.7 years.

As discussed under “Stock Purchase Warrants” above, during the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2014, we recorded general and administrative expense associated with modifications to certain stock purchase warrants of \$39,711. During the comparable periods of 2013, we recorded general and administrative expense associated with modifications to then-outstanding stock purchase warrants of \$-0- and \$238,169, respectively.

As discussed under “Common Stock Transactions” above, during the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2014, we recorded general and administrative expense associated with the issuance of 250,000 shares of our common stock for consulting services of \$50,000.

Common Stock Reserved

A summary of our common stock reserved for future issuance is as follows as of September 30, 2014:

Series B Convertible Preferred Stock (see Note 10)

3,214,286

Common Stock Purchase Warrants (see Note 10)

8,284,826

Equity Incentive Plans

1,197,529

Total

12,696,641

7. Income Taxes

Because of our historically significant net operating losses, we have not paid income taxes since inception. We maintain deferred tax assets that reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes. These deferred tax assets are comprised primarily of net operating loss carryforwards and also include amounts relating to nonqualified stock options and research and development credits. The net deferred tax asset has been fully offset by a valuation allowance because of the uncertainty of our future profitability and our ability to utilize the deferred tax assets. Utilization of operating losses and credits may be subject to substantial annual limitations due to ownership change provisions of Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code. The annual limitation may result in the expiration of net operating losses and credits before utilization.

8. Government Grants

In September 2007, the NIH awarded us an Integrated Preclinical/Clinical AIDS Vaccine Development (IPCAVD) grant to support our HIV/AIDS vaccine program. We have utilized this funding to further our HIV/AIDS vaccine development, optimization and production. The aggregate award (including subsequent amendments) totaled

approximately \$20.4 million and, as of September 30, 2014, there is approximately \$215,000 of unused grant funds remaining and available for use.

In July 2013, the NIH awarded us a Small Business Innovative Research (SBIR) grant entitled “Enhancing Protective Antibody Responses for a GM-CSF Adjuvanted HIV Vaccine.” The initial grant award of approximately \$277,000 was for the first year of a two year project period beginning August 1, 2013 and has been fully utilized. In July 2014, the NIH awarded us a grant of approximately \$290,000 for the second year of the project period, and as of September 30, 2014, there is approximately \$237,000 of unused grant funds remaining and available for use.

We record revenue associated with these grants as the related costs and expenses are incurred and such revenue is reported as a separate line item in our statements of operations.

9. Related Party Transactions

We are obligated to reimburse Emory University (a significant stockholder of the Company) for certain prior and ongoing costs in connection with the filing, prosecution and maintenance of patent applications subject to our technology license agreement from Emory. During the nine month period ended September 30, 2014, we recorded \$135,150 of general and administrative expense associated with these patent cost reimbursements to Emory.

10. Subsequent Events

During October 2014, we issued 2,928,571 shares of our common stock related to conversions of our Series B Convertible Preferred Stock. Subsequent to these conversions, 100 shares of our Series B Convertible Preferred Stock remain outstanding, convertible into 285,715 shares of our common stock.

During October 2014, we entered into an agreement with certain holders of our Series A and Series C Common Stock Purchase Warrants (“Warrants”) with respect to the payment to them of a warrant exercise fee of \$0.075 per share for each share purchased upon exercise of Warrants held by them. In exchange for the fee, they immediately exercised Warrants for an aggregate of 3,176,000 shares of our common stock, resulting in proceeds to us of \$873,400 (net of the exercise fee). We reserved the right to revoke this warrant exercise fee arrangement as to any unexercised Warrants upon five business days’ notice.

In November 2014, we issued 128,205 shares of our common stock for certain consulting services from a third party and recorded stock-based compensation expense of \$50,000 related to the issuance.

Item 2 Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition And Results of Operations

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

In addition to historical information, the information included in this Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements involve numerous risks and uncertainties, including but not limited to the risk factors set forth under the heading "Risk Factors" in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013, and should not be relied upon as predictions of future events. Certain such forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "believes," "expects," "may," "will," "should," "seeks," "approximately," "intends," "plans," "pro forma," "estimates," or "anticipates" or other variations thereof or comparable terminology, or by discussions of strategy, plans or intentions. Such forward-looking statements are necessarily dependent on assumptions, data or methods that may be incorrect or imprecise and may be incapable of being realized. The following factors, among others, could cause actual results and future events to differ materially from those set forth or contemplated in the forward-looking statements:

whether we can raise additional capital as and when we need it;

whether we are successful in developing our products;

whether we are able to obtain regulatory approvals in the United States and other countries for sale of our products;

whether we can compete successfully with others in our market; and

whether we are adversely affected in our efforts to raise capital by the volatility and disruption of local and national economic, credit and capital markets and the economy in general.

Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, which reflect our management's analysis only. We assume no obligation to update forward-looking statements.

Overview

GeoVax is a clinical-stage biotechnology company developing innovative human vaccines using our novel DNA/MVA platform technology. Our primary focus is to develop vaccines that prevent and fight HIV infections, and we have recently expanded our research and development efforts to include vaccines to prevent Ebola virus infection. We have exclusively licensed from Emory University (“Emory”) certain vaccine technology which was developed in collaboration with the National Institutes of Health (“NIH”) and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (“CDC”). GeoVax is incorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware and our principal offices are located in Smyrna, Georgia (metropolitan Atlanta area). Our goal is to build a profitable company by generating income from products we develop and commercialize, either alone or with one or more potential strategic partners.

Our most advanced vaccines under development address the clade B subtype of the HIV virus that is most prevalent in the United States and Western Europe. Our preventive clade B HIV vaccine has successfully completed Phase 2a clinical trials and we are currently planning the next stage of human clinical testing. We are also planning clinical trials to evaluate our clade B HIV vaccine as an immunotherapy agent for individuals already infected with HIV. We have begun earlier preclinical studies to develop HIV vaccine candidates for the clade C subtype of HIV prevalent in the developing world. Our Ebola vaccine development efforts have recently been initiated and we expect to begin preclinical animal studies during 2015, with the goal of beginning human clinical testing in 2016.

Our activities are subject to significant risks and uncertainties, including our ability to secure the funding necessary to complete our research and development efforts. We have neither received regulatory approval for any of our vaccine candidates, nor do we have any commercialization capabilities; therefore, it is possible that we may never successfully derive significant product revenues from any of our existing or future development programs or product candidates.

We expect for the foreseeable future our operations will result in a net loss on a quarterly and annual basis. As of September 30, 2014, we had an accumulated deficit of approximately \$28.9 million.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

This discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations is based on the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an ongoing basis, management evaluates its estimates and adjusts the estimates as necessary. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may

differ materially from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

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Our significant accounting policies are summarized in Note 2 to our consolidated financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013. We believe the following critical accounting policies affect our more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements:

Revenue Recognition

We recognize revenue in accordance with the SEC's Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 101, *Revenue Recognition in Financial Statements*, as amended by Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 104, *Revenue Recognition* (SAB 104). SAB 104 provides guidance in applying U.S. generally accepted accounting principles to revenue recognition issues, and specifically addresses revenue recognition for upfront, non-refundable fees received in connection with research collaboration agreements. Our revenue consists solely of grant funding received from the NIH. Revenue from this arrangement is approximately equal to the costs incurred and is recorded as income as the related costs are incurred.

Stock-Based Compensation

We account for stock-based transactions in which the Company receives services from employees, directors or others in exchange for equity instruments based on the fair value of the award at the grant date. Compensation cost for awards of common stock is estimated based on the price of the underlying common stock on the date of issuance. Compensation cost for stock options or warrants is estimated at the grant date based on each instrument's fair-value as calculated by the Black-Scholes option pricing model. We recognize stock-based compensation cost as expense ratably on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period for the award.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

At September 30, 2014, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$862,191 and total assets of \$1,053,128, as compared to \$2,513,861 and \$2,839,576, respectively, at December 31, 2013. Working capital totaled \$756,158 at September 30, 2014, compared to \$2,385,990 at December 31, 2013.

Sources and Uses of Cash

We have funded our activities to date primarily from government grants and clinical trial assistance, and from sales of our equity securities. We will continue to require substantial funds to continue these activities. We believe that our existing cash resources, combined with the proceeds from the NIH grants discussed below will be sufficient to fund our planned operations into the first quarter of 2015. We will require additional funds to continue our planned operations beyond that date. We are currently seeking sources of non-dilutive capital through government grant programs and clinical trial support, and we also intend to conduct additional offerings of our equity securities. However, additional funding may not be available on favorable terms or at all and if we fail to obtain additional capital when needed, we may be required to delay, scale back, or eliminate some or all of our research and development programs as well as reduce our general and administrative expenses.

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

Net cash used in operating activities was \$1,616,167 for the nine month period ended September 30, 2014 as compared to \$872,040 for the comparable period in 2013. Generally, the differences between periods are due to fluctuations in our net losses, offset by non-cash charges such as depreciation and stock-based compensation expense, and by net changes in our assets and liabilities. Our net losses generally fluctuate based on expenditures for our research activities, offset by government grant revenues.

The NIH has funded the costs of conducting all of our human clinical trials (Phase 1 and Phase 2a) to date for our preventive HIV vaccines, with GeoVax incurring costs associated with manufacturing the clinical vaccine supplies and other study support. We are actively engaged in discussions with the HIV Vaccine Trials Network (HVTN) and NIH regarding the next stage of our preventive clinical trials. While we believe that HVTN and NIH will continue their support of our HIV vaccine development efforts, the specific path forward is currently uncertain and we cannot be fully assured of the level of support, if any, we will receive from the HVTN or the NIH for additional clinical trials. Our expectations have been that HVTN would advance our DNA/MVA vaccine (GOVX-B11) directly into a Phase 2b efficacy study, but recent discussions have included the concept of adding another component (protein boost) to the vaccine regimen. If so, this will change the nature of the next clinical trial. The HVTN and NIH are continuing to consider future efficacy studies, and members are working to develop collaborative clinical development plans, as well as initiating regulatory planning. The plans for large-scale clinical trials may change as researchers continue to gather information from our earlier studies and are influenced by results from other vaccine trials. Trial start dates are dependent on many factors and are likely to change.

Earlier in 2014, we completed a Phase 1 clinical trial (GV-TH-01) investigating the therapeutic use of our GOVX-B11 vaccine in HIV-infected patients. We received no federal assistance in conducting this study. Data and observations from this trial have led us to plan an additional clinical trial to investigate our DNA/MVA vaccines as “shock” agents for potential use in a “shock and kill” clinical strategy to seek a cure for HIV infection. Our planning for this trial is fluid, but currently we anticipate a Phase 1b clinical trial testing this concept to begin during 2015. Initiation of this trial, which we expect will cost under \$1 million, will be dependent upon our ability to secure the required funding. We plan to seek funding from U.S. government sources to conduct this trial, but we will also consider obtaining funds from issuance of our equity securities or other sources. Success in this trial will be a first step toward commercialization of our vaccines for use as the shock agent in shock and kill protocols for curing HIV infections. Our commercialization strategy will include use of our vaccines in combination with kill agents being developed by others as well as those undergoing development by GeoVax.

In addition to clinical trial support from the NIH for our preventive HIV vaccines, our operations have been partially funded by NIH research grants. We record the funding we receive pursuant to these grants as revenue at the time the related expenditures are incurred. As of September 30, 2014, there is an aggregate of approximately \$452,000 of unused grant funds available for use during the remainder of 2014 and through July 2015. We intend to pursue additional grants from the federal government but cannot be assured of success. As we progress to the later stages of our vaccine development activities, government financial support may be more difficult to obtain, or may not be available at all. Therefore, it will be necessary for us to look to other sources of funding in order to finance our clinical trials and other vaccine development activities.

Cash Flows from Investing Activities

Our investing activities consist predominantly of capital expenditures. During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, we incurred \$35,503 of capital expenditures, as compared to \$86,602 during the comparable period in 2013.

Cash Flows from Financing Activities

No cash was provided by financing activities for the nine month period ended September 30, 2014, as compared to \$1,643,333 for the comparable period in 2013. The cash generated by our financing activities during the nine month period ended September 30, 2013 relates to the exercise of certain stock purchase warrants.

Our capital requirements, particularly as they relate to our research and development activities, have been and will continue to be significant. We anticipate incurring additional losses for several years as we expand our clinical programs and proceed into higher cost human clinical trials. Conducting clinical trials for our vaccine candidates in development is a lengthy, time-consuming and expensive process. We will not generate revenues from the sale of our

technology or products for at least several years, if at all. For the foreseeable future, we will be dependent on obtaining financing from third parties in order to maintain our operations, including our clinical program. Such capital may not be available on terms acceptable to the Company or at all. If we fail to obtain additional funding when needed, we would be forced to scale back or terminate our operations, or to seek to merge with or to be acquired by another company.

We expect that our current working capital combined with the remaining available funds from the NIH grants will be sufficient to support our planned level of operations into the second quarter of 2015. We anticipate raising additional capital during 2014 or early 2015, although there can be no assurance that we will be able to do so. While we believe that we will be successful in obtaining the necessary financing to fund our operations through government grants and clinical trial support, exercise of stock purchase warrants, or other sources, there can be no assurances that such additional funding will be available to us on reasonable terms or at all. Should the financing we require to sustain our working capital needs be unavailable or prohibitively expensive when we require it, the consequences could have a material adverse effect on our business, operating results, financial condition and prospects.

We have no off-balance sheet arrangements that are likely or reasonably likely to have a material effect on our financial condition or results of operations.

Contractual Obligations

As of September 30, 2014, we had noncancellable lease obligations and other firm purchase obligations totaling approximately \$243,000, as compared to approximately \$206,000 at December 31, 2013. We have no committed lines of credit and no other committed funding or long-term debt. We have employment agreements with our senior management team, each of which may be terminated with 30 days advance notice. There have been no other material changes to the table presented in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Results of Operations

Net Loss

We recorded a net loss of \$514,515 for the three months ended September 30, 2014, as compared to a net loss of \$190,148 for the three months ended September 30, 2013. For the nine months ended September 30, 2014, we recorded a net loss of \$1,809,970, as compared to a net loss of \$1,413,229 for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. Our net losses will typically fluctuate due to the timing of activities and related costs associated with our vaccine research and development activities and our general and administrative costs, as described in more detail below.

Grant Revenue

During the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2014 we recorded grant revenue of \$322,086 and \$659,867, respectively, as compared to \$1,004,211 and \$2,242,812, respectively, during the comparable periods of 2013. Grant revenues relate to grants from the NIH in support of our HIV vaccine development activities (see discussion under “Liquidity and Capital Resources” above). We record revenue associated with these grants as the related costs and expenses are incurred. The difference in our grant revenues from period to period is directly related to our expenditures for activities supported by the grants, and can fluctuate significantly based on the timing of the related expenditures. There is an aggregate of approximately \$452,000 in approved grant funds remaining and available for use as of September 30, 2014, which we anticipate recognizing as revenue during the remainder of 2014 and through July 2015.

Research and Development

During the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2014, we incurred \$425,498 and \$1,344,560, respectively, of research and development expense as compared to \$879,104 and \$2,341,291, respectively, during the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2013. Research and development expense for the three month and nine month periods of 2014 includes stock-based compensation expense of \$7,404 and \$24,420, respectively, while the comparable periods of 2013 include stock-based compensation expense of \$9,048 and \$32,789, respectively (see discussion under “Stock-Based Compensation Expense” below).

Our research and development expenses can fluctuate considerably on a period-to-period basis. The overall decrease in research and development expense during the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2014, as

compared to the comparable 2013 periods, can mostly be attributed to lower expenditures related to the activities supported by our grants from the NIH, and lower expenditures associated with a Phase 1 trial of our therapeutic HIV vaccine, which was completed during the first quarter of 2014. We have not received any government support for clinical trials of our therapeutic vaccine. Our research and development costs do not include costs incurred by the HVTN in conducting clinical trials of our preventive HIV vaccines; those costs are funded directly to the HVTN by the NIH.

We cannot predict the level of support we may receive from the HVTN, NIH, or other federal agencies (or divisions thereof) for our future clinical trials. We expect that our research and development costs will increase in the future as we progress into the later stage human clinical trials for our HIV vaccines and as we expand our Ebola vaccine development program.

Our vaccine candidates still require significant, time-consuming and costly research and development, testing and regulatory clearances. Completion of clinical development will take several years or more, but the length of time generally varies substantially according to the type, complexity, novelty and intended use of a product candidate. The NIH has funded the costs of conducting all of our completed and ongoing human clinical trials to date for our preventive HIV vaccine, with GeoVax incurring costs associated with manufacturing the clinical vaccine supplies and other study support. We are having discussions with the HVTN and NIH with regard to the conduct of an additional trial of our preventive vaccine, and we intend to seek government and/or third party support for future clinical human trials, but there can be no assurance that we will be successful.

The duration and the cost of future clinical trials may vary significantly over the life of the project as a result of differences arising during development of the human clinical trial protocols, including, among others:

the number of patients that ultimately participate in the clinical trial;

the duration of patient follow-up that seems appropriate in view of the results;

the number of clinical sites included in the clinical trials; and

the length of time required to enroll suitable patient subjects.

Due to the uncertainty regarding the timing and regulatory approval of clinical trials and pre-clinical studies, our future expenditures are likely to be highly volatile in future periods depending on the outcomes of the trials and studies. From time to time, we will make determinations as to how much funding to direct to these programs in response to their scientific, clinical and regulatory success, anticipated market opportunity and the availability of capital to fund our programs.

In developing our product candidates, we are subject to a number of risks that are inherent in the development of products based on innovative technologies. For example, it is possible that our vaccines may be ineffective or toxic, or will otherwise fail to receive the necessary regulatory clearances, causing us to delay, extend or terminate our product development efforts. Any failure by us to obtain, or any delay in obtaining, regulatory approvals could cause our research and development expenditures to increase which, in turn, could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and cash flows. Because of the uncertainties of clinical trials, estimating the completion dates or cost to complete our research and development programs is highly speculative and subjective. As a result of these factors, we are unable to accurately estimate the nature, timing and future costs necessary to complete the development of our product candidates. In addition, we are unable to reasonably estimate the period when material net cash inflows could commence from the sale, licensing or commercialization of such product candidates, if ever.

General and Administrative Expense

During the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2014, we incurred general and administrative costs of \$411,814 and \$1,128,478, respectively, as compared to \$316,452 and \$1,345,179, respectively, during the comparable periods in 2013. General and administrative costs include officers' salaries, legal and accounting costs, patent costs, amortization expense associated with intangible assets, and other general corporate expenses. General and administrative expense for the three month and nine month periods of 2014 include stock-based compensation expense of \$106,880 and \$141,218, respectively; while the comparable periods of 2013 include stock-based compensation expense of \$24,300 and \$321,980, respectively (see discussion under "Stock-Based Compensation Expense" below). Excluding stock-based compensation expense, general and administrative expenses during the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2014 were \$304,934 and \$987,260, respectively, as compared to \$292,152 and \$1,023,199, respectively, during the comparable periods in 2013. We expect that our general and administrative costs may increase in the future in support of expanded research and development activities and other general corporate activities.

Stock-Based Compensation Expense

We recorded stock-based compensation expense of \$114,284 and \$165,638 during the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2014, respectively, as compared to \$33,348 and \$354,769, respectively, during the comparable periods of 2013. We allocate stock-based compensation expense to research and development expense or general and administrative expense according to the classification of cash compensation paid to the employee, consultant or director to whom the stock compensation was granted. In addition to amounts related to the issuance of stock options to employees and directors, the figures amounts related to common stock issued to consultants. Also, during both 2014 and 2013, we modified the terms of certain warrants issued to investors in previous financing rounds to reduce the exercise prices and extend the expiration dates of such warrants; the amounts recorded as stock-based compensation expense related to these modifications were \$39,711 for both the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2014, and \$-0- and \$238,169 for the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2013, respectively.

For the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, stock-based compensation expense was allocated as follows:

Three Months Ended

September 30,

Nine Months Ended

September 30,

Expense Allocated to:

2014

2013

2014

2013

General and Administrative Expense

| | | | |
|------------|-----------|------------|------------|
| \$ 106,880 | \$ 24,300 | \$ 141,218 | \$ 321,980 |
|------------|-----------|------------|------------|

Research and Development Expense

| | | | |
|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| 7,404 | 9,048 | 24,420 | 32,789 |
|-------|-------|--------|--------|

Total Stock-Based Compensation Expense

\$ 114,284 \$ 33,348 \$ 165,638 \$ 354,769

Other Income

Interest income for the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2014 was \$711 and \$3,201, respectively, as compared to \$1,197 and \$3,429, respectively, for comparable periods of 2013. The variances between periods are primarily attributable to cash available for investment and interest rate fluctuations.

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Item 3 Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Our exposure to market risk is limited primarily to interest income sensitivity, which is affected by changes in the general level of United States interest rates, particularly because a significant portion of our investments are in institutional money market funds. The primary objective of our investment activities is to preserve principal while at the same time maximizing the income received without significantly increasing risk. Due to the nature of our short-term investments, we believe that we are not subject to any material market risk exposure.

Item 4 Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures

Disclosure controls and procedures are controls and other procedures that are designed to ensure that the information required to be disclosed in reports filed or submitted under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (Exchange Act), is (1) recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and (2) accumulated and communicated to management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Principal Financial and Accounting Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Our management has carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our Principal Executive Officer and our Principal Financial and Accounting Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Exchange Act Rules 13a-15 and 15d-15 as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms.

Changes in internal control over financial reporting

There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the three months ended September 30, 2014 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Part II -- OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1 Legal Proceedings

None.

Item 1A Risk Factors

For information regarding factors that could affect the our results of operations, financial condition or liquidity, see the risk factors discussed under “Risk Factors” in Item 1A of our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K. See also “Forward-Looking Statements,” included in Item 2 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. There have been no material changes from the risk factors previously disclosed in our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Item 2 Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

On July 16, 2014, we issued 250,000 shares of our common stock to Acorn Management Partners, LLC for services rendered pursuant to a consulting agreement with the Company. For this transaction the Company relied upon Section 4(2) of the Securities Act and Rule 506 promulgated thereunder to issue the common stock. The shares were offered to a single accredited investor who acquired the shares for investment in a transaction that did not involve a general solicitation.

Item 3 Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4 Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable

Item 5 **Other Information**

During the period covered by this report, there was no information required to be disclosed by us in a Current Report on Form 8-K that was not so reported, nor were there any material changes to the procedures by which our security holders may recommend nominees to our board of directors.

Item 6 **Exhibits**

The exhibits filed with this report are set forth on the exhibit index following the signature page and are incorporated by reference in their entirety into this item.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this quarterly report on Form 10-Q to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

GEOVAX LABS, INC.

(Registrant)

Date: November 11, 2014 By: /s/ Mark W. Reynolds Mark W. Reynolds Chief Financial Officer
(duly authorized officer and principal financial officer)

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number Description

2.1

Agreement and Plan of Merger dated January 20, 2006 by and among GeoVax, Inc., GeoVax Acquisition Corp. and Dauphin Technology, Inc. (1)

2.2

First Amendment to Agreement and Plan of Merger (2)

2.3

Second Amendment to Agreement and Plan of Merger (3)

3.1

Certificate of Incorporation (4)

3.1.1

Certificate of Amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation of GeoVax Labs, Inc. filed April 13, 2010 (5)

3.1.2

Certificate of Amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation of GeoVax Labs, Inc. filed April 27, 2010 (6)

3.1.3

Certificate of Amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation of GeoVax Labs, Inc. filed August 2, 2013 (8)

3.2

Bylaws (4)

4.1.1

Amendment to Certificate of Designation of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock filed December 13, 2013 (9)

4.1.2

Form of Stock Certificate for the Series B Convertible Preferred Stock (9)

4.2

Form of Stock Certificate for the Series A Convertible Preferred Stock (7)

4.3

Certificate of Designation of Preferences, Rights and Limitations of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock, filed December 13, 2013 (9)

4.4

Certificate of Designation of Preferences, Rights and Limitations of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock, filed March 20, 2012 (7)

10.1

Form of Letter Agreement dated October 14, 2014 providing for payment of warrant exercise fee (10)

31.1*

Certification pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

31.2*

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Certification pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

32.1*

Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

32.2*

Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

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The following financial information from GeoVax Labs, Inc. Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2014, formatted in Extensible Business Reporting Language (XBRL): (i) Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2014 (unaudited) and December 31, 2013, (ii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited) for the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, (iii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited) for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, and (iv) Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited).

*

Filed herewith

**

Pursuant to Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, the Interactive Data Files in Exhibit 101 hereto are deemed not filed or part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, are deemed not filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended and otherwise are not subject to liability under those sections

(1)

Incorporated by reference from the registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 24, 2006.

(2)

Incorporated by reference from the registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 13, 2006.

(3)

Edgar Filing: GeoVax Labs, Inc. - Form 10-Q

Incorporated by reference from the registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 4, 2006.

(4)

Incorporated by reference from the registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 23, 2008.

(5)

Incorporated by reference from the registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed April 14, 2010.

(6)

Incorporated by reference from the registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed April 28, 2010.

(7)

Incorporated by reference from the registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed March 22, 2012.

(8)

Incorporated by reference from the registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed August 2, 2013.

(9)

Incorporated by reference from the registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed December 17, 2013.

(10)

Incorporated by reference from the registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed October 15, 2014