CONSOLIDATED GRAPHICS INC /TX/ Form 10-Q February 09, 2009

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, DC 20549 **FORM 10-Q**

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QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES þ **EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934** For the quarterly period ended December 31, 2008 OR TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES 0 **EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934** For the transition period from _____ to _ Commission File Number 001-12631 CONSOLIDATED GRAPHICS, INC. (Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter) **Texas** 76-0190827 (State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.) incorporation or organization) 5858 Westheimer Road, Suite 200 Houston, Texas 77057 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code) Registrant s telephone number, including area code: (713) 787-0977 Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes b No o Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definition of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one): Large accelerated filer b Accelerated filer o Non-accelerated filer o Smaller reporting company o Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934). Yes o No b The number of shares of Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share, of the Registrant outstanding at January 15, 2009 was 11,147,250.

CONSOLIDATED GRAPHICS, INC. FORM 10-Q FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008 INDEX

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PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Financial Statements

CONSOLIDATED GRAPHICS, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except share and per share data) (Unaudited)

	December 31, 2008		March 3 2008	
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net Inventories Prepaid expenses Deferred income taxes	\$	19,521 207,515 58,956 9,979 17,857	\$	15,131 209,000 61,511 7,127 9,353
Total current assets PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, net GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS, net OTHER ASSETS	\$	313,828 442,097 75,902 8,259 840,086	\$	302,122 421,347 141,381 7,813 872,663
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY	Ф	040,000	Ф	872,003
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUIT I				
CURRENT LIABILITIES Current portion of long-term debt Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Income taxes payable	\$	27,534 60,250 100,744 132	\$	23,252 56,948 83,488 184
Total current liabilities LONG-TERM DEBT, net of current portion OTHER LIABILITIES DEFERRED INCOME TAXES COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES		188,660 328,003 14,786 43,946		163,872 362,448 13,655 52,895
SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY Common stock, \$.01 par value; 100,000,000 shares authorized; 11,147,250 and 11,079,011 issued and outstanding Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings Accumulated other comprehensive loss		111 161,343 103,729 (492)		111 153,204 127,376 (898)
Total shareholders equity		264,691		279,793
	\$	840,086	\$	872,663

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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CONSOLIDATED GRAPHICS, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS (In thousands, except per share data) (Unaudited)

		Three Months Ended December 31				Nine Mon Decem		oer 31	
		2008		2007		2008		2007	
SALES	\$	315,815	\$	289,538	\$	897,960	\$	807,850	
COST OF SALES		241,055		214,140		679,974		598,011	
Gross profit		74,760		75,398		217,986		209,839	
SELLING EXPENSES		26,153		27,849		81,336		79,514	
GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE		,		,		,		,	
EXPENSES		24,981		20,489		71,975		58,885	
GOODWILL IMPAIRMENT CHARGE		62,524		,		62,524		,	
LITIGATION CHARGE		17,000				17,000			
OTHER (INCOME) EXPENSE, net		(386)		(329)		(638)		(3,909)	
Operating income (loss)		(55,512)		27,389		(14,211)		75,349	
INTEREST EXPENSE, net		4,108		3,630		12,171		7,973	
Income (loss) before taxes		(59,620)		23,759		(26,382)		67,376	
INCOME TAXES		(16,054)		4,397		(2,735)		21,171	
Net income (loss)	\$	(43,566)	\$	19,362	\$	(23,647)	\$	46,205	
DAGIC FARNINGS /LOSS) RED SHARE	ф	(2.01)	¢.	1.62	Φ	(2.12)	ф	2.50	
BASIC EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE	\$	(3.91)	\$	1.63	\$	(2.12)	\$	3.58	
DILUTED EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE	\$	(3.91)	\$	1.58	\$	(2.12)	\$	3.48	
SHARES USED TO COMPUTE EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE									
Basic		11,147		11,905		11,135		12,910	
Diluted		11,147		12,225		11,135		13,295	

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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CONSOLIDATED GRAPHICS, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY (In thousands) (Unaudited)

	Commo	on Sto	ock		dditional Paid-In	Retained		cumulated Other prehensive	
	Shares	An	nount	•	Capital	Earnings		Loss	Total
BALANCE, March 31, 2008	11,079	\$	111	\$	153,204	\$ 127,376	\$	(898)	\$ 279,793
Net income (loss) Currency translation						(23,647)			(23,647)
adjustment, net of tax								406	406
Total comprehensive income									(22.241)
(loss) Exercise of stock options,									(23,241)
including tax benefit	68				3,019				3,019
Compensation expense					5,120				5,120
BALANCE, December 31,	11 147	Φ.	111	ф	161.040	ф 102 72 0	Φ.	(402)	Φ 264 601
2008	11,147	\$	111	\$	161,343	\$ 103,729	\$	(492)	\$ 264,691

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED GRAPHICS, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In thousands) (Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ende December 31			
		2008		2007
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net income (loss)	\$	(23,647)	\$	46,205
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities		, , ,		,
Depreciation and amortization		49,556		39,631
Goodwill impairment charge		62,524		·
Litigation charge		17,000		
Deferred income taxes		(17,724)		3,413
Share-based compensation expense		5,120		1,760
Non-cash foreign currency (gain) loss		518		(4,887)
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of effect of acquisitions				· / /
Accounts receivable, net		389		(7,615)
Inventories		1,882		(6,426)
Prepaid expenses		(3,111)		(178)
Other assets		(446)		(293)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(3,977)		822
Other liabilities		1,131		
Income taxes payable		(52)		1,983
Net cash provided by operating activities		89,163		74,415
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisitions of businesses, net of cash acquired		(6,684)		(25,983)
Purchases of property and equipment		(48,725)		(28,566)
Proceeds from asset dispositions		1,284		1,774
Trocceus from asset dispositions		1,204		1,//4
Net cash used in investing activities		(54,125)		(52,775)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from bank credit facilities		184,266		186,066
Payments on bank credit facilities		(202,197)		(78,121)
Proceeds from issuance of term equipment notes		1,926		18,718
Payments on term equipment notes and other debt		(17,696)		(11,646)
Payments to repurchase and retire common stock		(1,,0,0)		(138,124)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options, including excess tax benefit		3,019		2,619
Net cash used in financing activities		(30,682)		(20,488)

Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	34	557
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	4,390	1,709
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	15,131	12,043
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	\$ 19,521	\$ 13,752

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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CONSOLIDATED GRAPHICS, INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands, except share, per share data and percentages) (Unaudited)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Consolidated Graphics, Inc. and subsidiaries (collectively, the Company). All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. Such statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and the Securities and Exchange Commission s (SEC) rules and regulations for reporting interim financial information. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation of the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been included. Operating results for the nine months ended December 31, 2008 are not necessarily indicative of future operating results. Balance sheet information as of March 31, 2008 has been derived from the Company s most recent annual audited consolidated financial statements. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2008 filed with the SEC in May 2008 (2008 Form 10-K).

Use of Estimates The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of certain estimates and assumptions by management in determining the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent liabilities as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period including depreciation of property and equipment and amortization or impairment of intangible assets. The Company evaluates its estimates and assumptions on an ongoing basis and relies on historical experience and various other factors that it believes to be reasonable under the circumstances to determine such estimates. Because uncertainties with respect to estimates and assumptions are inherent in the preparation of financial statements, actual results could differ from these estimates.

Revenue Recognition The Company primarily recognizes revenue upon delivery of the printed product to the customer. In the case of customer fulfillment arrangements, including multiple deliverables of printing services and distribution services, revenue relating to the printed product is recognized upon the delivery of the printed product into the Company s fulfillment warehouses, and invoicing of the customer for the product at an agreed price. Because printed products manufactured for the Company s customers are customized based upon the customers specifications, product returns are not significant.

Earnings Per Share Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing net income or net loss by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share reflect net income or net loss divided by the weighted average number of common shares, dilutive stock options and restricted stock unit awards outstanding using the treasury stock method.

Inventories Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market utilizing the first-in, first-out method for raw materials and the specific identification method for work in progress and finished goods. Raw materials consist of paper, ink, proofing materials, plates, boxes and other general supplies. Inventory values consist of purchased raw materials, labor and overhead costs. The carrying values of inventories are set forth below:

	Dec	December 31, 2008			
Raw materials Work in progress Finished goods	\$	23,495 29,796 5,665	\$	25,983 29,447 6,081	
	\$	58,956	\$	61,511	

Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets, net Goodwill totaled \$50,124 at December 31, 2008, compared to \$102,423 at March 31, 2008, and represents the excess of the Company's purchase cost over the fair value of the net assets of acquired businesses, net of previously recorded amortization and impairment expense. The net book value of other intangible assets at December 31, 2008 was \$25,778 compared to \$38,958 at March 31, 2008. Other intangible assets consist primarily of the value assigned to such items as established customer relationships and trade names in connection with the allocation of purchase price for acquisitions under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 141, Business Combinations, and are generally amortized on a straight-line basis over periods of up to 25 years. Amortization expense totaled \$3,176 and \$1,750 for the nine months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

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CONSOLIDATED GRAPHICS, INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In thousands, except share, per share data and percentages)

(Unaudited)

The Company assesses the impairment of Goodwill as required by SFAS No. 142 *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets* (SFAS No. 142). Under SFAS No. 142, the Company determines fair value for each reporting unit using trailing twelve months earnings before interest, income taxes and depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) multiplied by management s estimate of the total Company s enterprise value-to-EBITDA multiple, adjusted for a control premium. Management estimated total Company enterprise value-to-EBITDA multiple is based upon the multiple derived from using the market capitalization of the Company s common stock on December 31, 2008, after considering an appropriate control premium (25% based upon historical transactions in the printing industry). Each of the Company s printing businesses is separately evaluated for goodwill impairment because they comprise individual reporting units. The Company evaluates goodwill for impairment at the end of each fiscal year, or at any time that management becomes aware of an indication of impairment.

To the extent the net book value of the Company as a whole is greater than the Company s market capitalization, all or a significant portion of its goodwill may be considered impaired. As a result of the recent decline in the market capitalization of the Company during the past two quarters, and a weakening operating performance outlook driven primarily by the U.S. recession, the Company concluded that a triggering event occurred for the quarter ended December 31, 2008 requiring a formal assessment of the carrying value of goodwill. Under applicable accounting standards, goodwill impairment analysis is a two-step test. The first step, used to identify potential impairment, involves comparing each reporting unit s fair value to its carrying value including goodwill. If the fair value of a reporting unit exceeds its carrying value, applicable goodwill is considered not to be impaired. If the carrying value exceeds fair value, there is an indication of impairment and the second step is performed to measure the amount of impairment. The second step involves calculating an implied fair value of goodwill for each reporting unit for which the first step indicated impairment. The implied fair value of goodwill is determined in the same manner as the amount of goodwill recognized in a business combination, which is the excess of the fair value of the reporting unit, as determined in the first step, over the aggregate fair values of the individual assets, liabilities and identifiable intangibles as if the reporting unit was being acquired in a business combination. If the implied fair value of goodwill in the proforma business combination accounting as described above exceeds the goodwill assigned to the reporting unit, there is no impairment. If the goodwill assigned to a reporting unit exceeds the implied fair value of the goodwill, an impairment charge is recorded for the excess. An impairment loss recognized cannot exceed the amount of goodwill assigned to a reporting unit, and the loss establishes a new basis in the goodwill. Subsequent reversal of goodwill impairment losses is not permitted under applicable accounting standards. Accordingly, the Company recognized a non-cash impairment of its goodwill in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements in the amount of \$62,524, representing 56% of the Company s consolidated goodwill, as of December 31, 2008. The Company will perform an annual goodwill impairment analysis under SFAS No. 142 in connection with the closure of its year-ending March 31, 2009, which could result in an additional impairment charge to write down goodwill to its fair value.

Litigation Charge In January and February 2009, a jury rendered verdicts for compensatory and punitive damages against the Company due to a lawsuit involving an isolated dispute between the Company and the former employer of an existing sales employee. As a result of these verdicts, a pre-tax litigation charge of \$17,000 has been accrued in the December 31, 2008 condensed consolidated financial statements. The judge may award the plaintiff their attorney s fees and costs. The Company intends to continue its defense of this matter at the trial court level and, if unsuccessful, intends to appeal the judgment, as well as pursue potential insurance reimbursement, which has previously been denied. For a more detailed description of the litigation, please refer to Item 1. Legal Proceedings in Part II Other Information in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Supplemental Cash Flow Information The consolidated statements of cash flows provide information about the Company s sources and uses of cash and exclude the effects of non-cash transactions. Total capital expenditures excluding non-cash transactions were \$48,725 and \$28,566 during the nine months ended December 31, 2008 and

2007, respectively. Certain capital expenditures are considered to be non-cash transactions, including for the nine months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, \$7,277 and \$25,410, respectively, and were financed using term notes (See Note 3. Long-Term Debt). Total capital expenditures, including cash and non-cash transactions, was \$56,002 and \$53,976 for the nine months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively. For the nine months ended December 31, 2008, the Company paid cash for interest and income taxes, net of refunds, totaling \$12,273 and \$14,185. For the nine months ended December 31, 2007, the Company paid cash for interest and income taxes net of refunds, respectively, totaling \$7,521 and \$18,704.

Foreign Currency Assets and liabilities of subsidiaries operating outside the United States with a functional currency other than the U.S. dollar are translated at the quarter-end exchange rates. Income and expense items are translated at the average monthly exchange rate. The effects of translation are included as a component of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Shareholders Equity. The net foreign currency transaction (gain) loss related to the revaluation of certain transactions denominated in currencies other than the reporting unit s functional currency totaled (\$638) and (\$3,909) for the nine months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively and is recorded in Other (Income) Expense on the Condensed Consolidated Income Statement.

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss Accumulated other comprehensive loss is comprised exclusively of foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax effect.

2. ACQUISITIONS

During the nine months ended December 31, 2008, the Company paid cash totaling \$6,684 to satisfy certain liabilities incurred in connection with certain prior period acquisitions. The Company is waiting for additional information concerning certain asset and liability valuations in order to finalize the allocation of purchase price for certain 2008 fiscal acquisitions, and expects to receive such information no later than one year following the respective dates of the acquisitions.

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CONSOLIDATED GRAPHICS, INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In thousands, except share, per share data and percentages)

3. LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of the Company s long-term debt as of:

	December 31, 2008			March 31, 2008		
Bank credit facilities Term equipment notes Other	\$	250,214 96,741 8,582	\$	271,868 104,505 9,327		
Less current portion	\$	355,537 (27,534) 328,003	\$	385,700 (23,252) 362,448		

The Company s primary bank credit facility (as amended, the Credit Agreement) currently provides for \$335,000 in revolving credit and has a maturity date of October 6, 2011. At December 31, 2008, outstanding borrowings under the Credit Agreement were \$220,500 and accrued interest at a weighted average rate of 3.3%.

Under the terms of the Credit Agreement the proceeds from borrowings may be used to repay certain indebtedness, finance certain acquisitions provide for working capital and general corporate purposes and, subject to certain restrictions, repurchase the Company s common stock. Borrowings outstanding under the Credit Agreement are secured by substantially all of the Company s assets other than real estate and certain equipment subject to term equipment notes and other financings. Borrowings under the Credit Agreement accrue interest, at the Company s option, at either (1) the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus a margin of .625% to 1.50%, or (2) an alternate base rate (based upon the greater of the agent bank s prime lending rate or the Federal Funds effective rate plus .50%). The Company is also required to pay an annual commitment fee ranging from .15% to .275% on available but unused amounts under the Credit Agreement. The interest rate margin and the commitment fee are based upon certain financial performance measures set forth in the Credit Agreement and are redetermined quarterly. At December 31, 2008, the applicable LIBOR interest rate margin was 1.25% and the applicable commitment fee was .25%.

The Company is subject to certain covenants and restrictions and must meet certain financial tests under the Credit Agreement. The Company was in compliance with such covenants, restrictions and financial tests at December 31, 2008. In light of current economic conditions, there is more than a remote possibility that the Company will exceed the required Debt-to-EBITDA ratio, as defined in the Credit Agreement, at some point prior to the maturity of the Credit Agreement on October 6, 2011. In the event the Company is unable to remain in compliance with the covenants and financial tests contained in the Credit Agreement in the future, the Company s lenders would have the right to declare us in default with respect to such obligations, and consequently, certain of our other debt obligations, including substantially all our term equipment notes, would be deemed to also be in default. All debt obligations in default would be required to be reclassified as a current liability. In the event the Company was unable to obtain a waiver, renegotiate or refinance these obligations, a material adverse effect on the ability of the Company to conduct it operations in the ordinary course would likely result.

The Company also maintains an unsecured credit facility with a commercial bank currently consisting of a U.S. \$5,000 maximum borrowing limit component and a separate Canadian dollar (C\$) C\$27,000 maximum borrowing limit component. At December 31, 2008, outstanding borrowings were \$2,500 which accrued interest at a weighted average rate of 3.1%, and C\$21,500 (\$17,583 U.S. equivalent), which accrued interest at a weighted average rate of 3.3%.

In addition, the Company maintains two auxiliary revolving credit facilities (each an Auxiliary Bank Facility and collectively the Auxiliary Bank Facilities) with commercial banks. Each Auxiliary Bank Facility is unsecured and has a maximum borrowing capacity of \$5,000. One facility expires in October 2009 while the other facility expires in December 2009. At December 31, 2008, outstanding borrowings under the Auxiliary Bank Facilities totaled \$9,631 and accrued interest at a weighted average rate of 2.2%. Because the Company currently has the ability and intent to refinance borrowings outstanding under the Auxiliary Bank Facilities expiring in October and December 2009, such borrowings are classified as long-term debt in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2008. The Auxiliary Bank Facilities cross-default to the events of default set forth in the Credit Agreement.

At December 31, 2008, outstanding borrowings under term equipment notes totaled \$96,741 and carried interest rates between 3.9% and 8.1%. The term equipment notes provide for principal payments plus interest for defined periods of up to ten years from the date of issuance, and are secured by certain equipment of the Company. The Company is not subject to any significant financial covenants in connection with any of the term equipment notes. The term equipment notes cross-default to the events of default set forth in the Credit Agreement. At December 31, 2008, outstanding borrowings under our real estate notes totaled \$4,249 and carried a 6.0% interest rate. The real estate notes provide for principal payments plus interest for defined periods of up to ten years from the date of issuance and are secured by the real estate. At December 31, 2008, other debt obligations totaled \$4,333 and provided for principal payments plus interest (fixed and variable rates) for defined periods up to 16 years from the date of issuance. The Company does not have any significant financial covenants or restrictions associated with the real estate notes or the other debt obligations. The Credit Agreement places certain limitations on the amount of additional term note obligations the Company may incur in the future.

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CONSOLIDATED GRAPHICS, INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In thousands, except share, per share data and percentages) (Unaudited)

4. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

The Company has a share-based compensation plan which is administered by the compensation committee of the Company s Board of Directors. For additional information regarding this plan, refer to Note 8. Share-Based Compensation of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements contained in the 2008 Form 10-K.

The Company accounts for share-based compensation in accordance with SFAS No. 123(R), *Share-Based Payment*, and measures the cost of employee services received in exchange for an award of equity instruments, including grants of stock options and restricted stock unit awards, based on the fair value of the award at the date of grant. The fair value of stock options is determined using the Black-Scholes model. Restricted stock unit awards are valued at the closing stock price on date of grant. The Company recognizes expense for share-based compensation over the vesting period, which represents the period in which an employee is required to provide service in exchange for the award, or through the date an employee is eligible for retirement, whichever period is shorter.

As of December 31, 2008, \$11,723 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to stock options is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.8 years. Share-based compensation expenses totaled \$5,120 and \$1,760 for the nine months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007.

The Company granted 712,500 stock options during the nine months ended December 31, 2008. The total intrinsic value of stock options exercised during the nine months ended December 31, 2008 was \$1,267. The following table summarizes stock option activity for the nine months ended December 31, 2008:

Stock Options	Shares	Weighted- Average Exercise Price				
Outstanding at March 31, 2008	1,457,477	\$	36.93			
Granted	712,500		46.21			
Exercised	(68,239)		39.48			
Forfeited or expired	(23,307)		44.25			
Outstanding at December 31, 2008 (a)	2,078,431					
Exercisable at December 31, 2008 (a)	1,227,045					

(a) Stock options outstanding as of December 31, 2008 have a weighted average remaining contractual life of 5.7 years. Based on the market value of the Company s common stock on

December 31, 2008, outstanding stock options have an aggregate intrinsic value of \$5,187 and exercisable stock options have an aggregate intrinsic value

of \$4,146.

The Company granted an award of 12,500 restricted stock unit awards during the nine months ended December 31, 2008 having a fair value of \$709. The following table summarizes restricted stock unit award activity for the nine months ended December 31, 2008:

Restricted Stock Unit Awards	Shares
Outstanding at March 31, 2008	22,500
Granted	12,500
Vested and issued	
Forfeited or expired	
Outstanding at December 31, 2008 (a)	35,000
Vested but not issued at December 31, 2008 (a)	5,625

(a) Restricted stock

units

outstanding as

of December 31,

2008 have a

weighted

average

remaining

contractual term

of 1.1 years and

a total intrinsic

value of \$792.

Pursuant to the

terms of the

applicable

restricted stock

unit award

agreements,

restricted stock

units covering

5,625 shares of

Company

common stock have vested but are not issuable to the participant until March 1, 2009.

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CONSOLIDATED GRAPHICS, INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In thousands, except share, per share data and percentages) (Unaudited)

5. INCOME TAXES

The Company accounts for uncertain income tax positions in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Interpretation No. 48 (FIN 48), *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes an Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109*. As of December 31, 2008 and March 31, 2008, the Company had \$14,786 and \$13,655 of unrecognized tax benefits included in long-term other liabilities. Of the unrecognized tax benefits at December 31, 2008, \$13,688 if recognized, would decrease the Company s effective income tax rate and increase net income. As of December 31, 2008, the Company believes it is reasonably possible that the unrecognized tax benefits may decrease within 12 months by as much as \$177, due primarily to the expiration of the statute of limitations for tax returns on which uncertain tax positions were taken.

The Company s federal income tax returns for the tax years after 2005 remain subject to examination. The various states in which the Company is subject to income tax are generally open for the tax years after 2002.

The Company classifies net interest expense and any related penalties related to income tax uncertainties as a component of income tax expense. The total net interest expense and penalties related to tax uncertainties recognized for the nine months ended December 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007 was \$68 and (\$594), respectively. Accrued interest and penalties of \$1,687 and \$1,619 related to income tax uncertainties are a component of other noncurrent liabilities at December 31, 2008 and March 31, 2008, respectively.

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ITEM 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following management s discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and our audited financial statements and notes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K as of and for the year ended March 31, 2008. This discussion contains forward-looking statements that reflect our current views with respect to future events and financial performance. Our actual results may differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of certain factors such as those referenced in the section entitled Forward-Looking Statements below.

Overview

Our Organization

Consolidated Graphics is one of North America s leading providers of commercial printing services with 70 printing businesses located in 27 U.S. states, Canada, and in the Czech Republic. Complementing the printing services we provide, we also offer (i) state-of-the-art fulfillment services from 13 fulfillment centers located at or near one of our printing businesses and (ii) proprietary digital technology solutions and e-commerce capabilities. Generally, each facility substantially relies on locally-based customers; accordingly, we have over 20,000 individual customers with a broad diversification by industry-type and geographic orientation. No individual facility or any individual customer accounts for more than 9% of our total revenues.

Our printing businesses maintain their own sales, customer service, estimating and planning, prepress, production and accounting departments. Our corporate headquarters staff provides support to our printing businesses in such areas as human resources, purchasing, internal financial controls design, and management information systems. We also maintain centralized treasury, risk management, tax, internal audit and consolidated financial reporting activities.

Nature of Our Services

We are a service business that utilizes sophisticated technology and equipment to produce high-quality, custom-designed printed materials for a large base of customers in a broad cross-section of industries, the majority of which are located in the markets our printing businesses are based. In addition to providing a full range of prepress, digital and offset printing and finishing services, our printing businesses offer fulfillment and mailing services, as well as Internet-based technology solutions and other print-related, value-added services. The technology solutions, like the printed materials we produce, are customized to the specific needs of our customers. For marketing purposes, we refer to our technology solutions using the CGXSolutions trademark. Collectively, all of these discrete capabilities comprise a comprehensive range of printing services for which we typically charge an all-inclusive fee. Accordingly, for financial reporting purposes, we report our revenues and results of operations as a single segment.

Our sales are derived from commercial printing services. These services consist of (i) traditional print services, including electronic prepress, printing, finishing, storage and delivery of high-quality materials which are custom manufactured to our customers—design specifications; (ii) fulfillment and mailing services for such printed materials; and (iii) digital technology solutions and e-commerce capabilities that enable our customers to more efficiently procure and manage printed material and/or design, procure, distribute, track and analyze results of printing-based marketing programs and activities. Examples of the types of documents we print for our customers include high-quality, multi-color marketing materials, product and capability brochures, point-of-purchase displays, direct mail pieces, shareholder communications, trading cards, catalogs and training manuals.

Most of our sales are generated by individual orders through commissioned sales personnel. We typically recognize revenue from these orders when we deliver the ordered goods and services. To a large extent, continued engagement of our Company by our customers for successive business opportunities depends upon the customers—satisfaction with the quality of products and services we provide. As such, it is difficult for us to predict with any high degree of certainty the number, size, and profitability of printing services that we expect to provide for more than a few weeks in advance. Our revenues, however, tend to be strongest in the quarter ended December 31 followed by revenues in the quarter ended March 31. Conversely, revenues tend to be seasonally weaker in the quarters ended June 30 and September 30.

Our cost of sales mainly consists of raw materials consumed in the printing process, as well as labor and outside services, such as delivery costs. Paper cost is the most significant component of our materials cost; however, fluctuation in paper pricing generally does not materially impact our operating margins because we typically quote, and subsequently purchase, paper for each specific printing project we are awarded. As a result, any changes in paper pricing are effectively passed through to customers by our printing businesses. Additionally, our cost of sales includes salary and benefits paid to operating personnel, maintenance, repair, rental and insurance costs associated with operating our facilities and equipment and depreciation charges.

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Our selling expenses generally include the compensation paid to our sales professionals, along with promotional, travel and entertainment costs. Our general and administrative expenses generally include the salary and benefits paid to support personnel at our printing businesses and our corporate staff, including share-based compensation, as well as office rent, utilities and communications expenses, various professional services and amortization of identifiable intangible assets.

Our Strategy

We are focused on adding value to our printing businesses by providing the financial and operational strengths, management support and technological advantages associated with a large, national organization. Our strategy currently includes the following initiatives to generate sales and profit growth:

Internal Sales Growth We seek to use our competitive advantages to expand market share. We continually seek to hire additional experienced sales professionals, invest in new equipment and technology, expand our national accounts program, develop new and expanded digital technology-based print-related services and provide sales training and education about our breadth of capabilities and services to our sales professionals. Disciplined Acquisition Program We selectively pursue opportunities to acquire additional printing businesses at reasonable prices. Some of these acquisitions may include smaller and/or distressed printing businesses for consolidation into one of our existing businesses.

Cost Savings Because of our size and extensive geographic footprint, we leverage our economies of scale to purchase supplies and equipment at preferential prices, and centralize various administrative services to generate cost savings.

Best Practices/Benchmarking We provide a forum for our printing businesses to share their knowledge of technical processes and their best practices with one another, as well as benchmark financial and operational data to help our printing businesses identify and respond to changes in operating trends.

Leadership Development Through our unique Leadership Development Program, we develop talent for future sales and management positions at our printing businesses.

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth our Company s unaudited condensed consolidated income statements and certain percentage relationships for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended December 31			Nine Months Ended December 31				
		2008		2007		2008	2	2007
		(In mi	llions)		(In mi	llions))
Sales	\$	315.8	\$	289.5	\$	898.0	\$	807.9
Cost of sales		241.0		214.1		680.0		598.0
Gross profit		74.8		75.4		218.0		209.9
Selling expenses		26.2		27.8		81.3		79.5
General and administrative expenses		25.0		20.5		72.0		58.9
Goodwill impairment charge		62.5				62.5		
Litigation charge		17.0				17.0		
Other (income) expense, net		(0.4)		(0.3)		(0.6)		(3.9)
Operating income (loss)		(55.5)		27.4		(14.2)		75.4
Interest expense, net		4.1		3.6		12.2		8.0
Income (loss) before taxes		(59.6)		23.8		(26.4)		67.4
Income taxes		(16.0)		4.4		(2.7)		21.2

Net Income (loss) \$ (43.6) \$ 19.4 \$ (23.7) \$ 46.2

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The following table sets forth the components of income expressed as a percentage of sales for the periods indicated:

	As a Perce	U	As a Percentage of Sales		
	of Sale				
	Three Months Ended December 31		Nine Months Ended December 31		
	2008	2007	2008	2007	
Sales	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	
Cost of sales	76.3	74.0	75.7	74.0	
Gross profit	23.7	26.0	24.3	26.0	
Selling expenses	8.3	9.6	9.1	9.8	
General and administrative expenses	7.9	7.0	8.0	7.3	
Goodwill impairment charge	19.8		7.0		
Litigation charge	5.4		1.9		
Other (income) expense, net	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.4)	
Operating income (loss)	(17.6)	9.5	(1.6)	9.3	
Interest expense, net	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.0	
Income (loss) before taxes	(18.9)	8.2	(2.9)	8.3	
Income taxes	(5.1)	1.5	(0.3)	2.6	
Net Income (loss)	(13.8)%	6.7%	(2.6)%	5.7%	

Our sales and expenses for the nine months ended December 31, 2008 were impacted by the acquisition of two printing businesses in fiscal 2008. In accordance with the purchase method of accounting, our condensed consolidated income statements reflect sales and expenses of acquired businesses only for post-acquisition periods. Accordingly, acquisitions affect our financial results in any period compared to the prior year period by the full-period impact of prior year acquisitions (as compared to the partial-period impact in the prior year) and the partial-period impact of current year acquisitions, and is referred to below as impact of acquisitions. We refer to revenue growth or decline, excluding the effect of revenues contributed by acquisitions and election-related business, in the most recent fiscal year as internal or same-store sales growth or decline.

The following table sets forth the components of sales change for the periods indicated:

	_	Three Months Ended December 31, 2008		Nine Months Ended December 31, 2008			
		\$	%		\$	%	
		(In millions)		(In millions)			
	mi						
Acquisitions ⁽¹⁾	\$	37.2	12.8%	\$	103.8	12.8%	
Election-related		16.4	5.7		27.9	3.5	
Internal		(27.3)	(9.4)		(41.6)	(5.1)	
Total	\$	26.3	9.1%	\$	90.1	11.2%	

(1)

Includes the acquisitions of PBM Graphics, Inc. and The Cyril-Scott Company.

Comparative Analysis of Consolidated Income Statements for the Three Months Ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 Sales in the three month period ended December 31, 2008 increased \$26.3 million, or 9%, to \$315.8 million from \$289.5 million for the same period in the prior year. The impact of acquisitions provided \$37.2 million of the revenue increase in fiscal year 2009 and an increase in election-related business contributed \$16.4 million. The increases were partially offset by a \$27.3 million decline in same-store sales, compared to the same period in the prior year. The decline in same-store sales was primarily due to a reduction in demand for printing services as a result of continuing weakness in the overall U.S. economy, along with a more competitive pricing environment.

Gross profit during the three months ended December 31, 2008 declined \$0.6 million, or 1%, to \$74.8 million from \$75.4 million for the same period in the prior year. Gross profit margin (gross profit divided by revenues) declined to 23.7% from 26.0%, compared to the same period in the prior year due to relatively lower gross margins for recently acquired businesses (PBM Graphics and The Cyril-Scott Company), and the adverse effect of lower same-store sales, offset in part by an increase in election-related business and the beneficial impact of the Company s growing digital print business.

Selling expense during the three months ended December 31, 2008 declined \$1.6 million, or 6%, to \$26.2 million from \$27.8 million for the same period in the prior year. The decrease was primarily due to lower sales commissions and other miscellaneous selling expenses, offset by higher selling expenses for recently acquired businesses. As a percentage of sales, selling expenses declined to 8.3% in the current quarter as compared to 9.6% for the same period in the prior year. The decline was due to relatively lower selling expenses as a percentage of sales for businesses acquired in fiscal year 2008.

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General and administrative expenses during the three months ended December 31, 2008 increased \$4.5 million, or 22%, to \$25.0 million from \$20.5 million for the same period in the prior year. This increase was primarily due to the impact of acquisitions (including direct expenses and incremental intangible asset amortization), an increase in bad debt expense, and share-based compensation expense. As a percentage of sales, general and administrative expenses increased to 7.9% in the current quarter compared to 7.0% for the same period in the prior year due to the factors described above and the decline in same-store sales.

Under SFAS No. 142 *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets* (SFAS No. 142), the Company determines fair value for each reporting unit using trailing twelve months earnings before interest, income taxes and depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) multiplied by management is estimated total Company is enterprise value-to-EBITDA multiple, adjusted for a control premium. Management estimated total Company enterprise value-to-EBITDA multiple is based upon the multiple derived from using the market capitalization of the Company is common stock on December 31, 2008, after considering an appropriate control premium (25% based upon historical transactions in the printing industry). Each of the Company is printing businesses is separately evaluated for goodwill impairment because they comprise individual reporting units. The Company evaluates goodwill for impairment at the end of each fiscal year, or at any time that management becomes aware of an indication of impairment.

To the extent the net book value of the Company as a whole is greater than the Company s market capitalization, all or a significant portion of its goodwill may be considered impaired. As a result of the recent decline in the market capitalization of the Company during the past two quarters, and a weakening operating performance outlook driven primarily by the U.S. recession, the Company concluded that a triggering event occurred for the quarter ended December 31, 2008 requiring a formal assessment of the carrying value of goodwill. Accordingly, the Company recognized a non-cash impairment of its goodwill in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements in the amount of \$62,524, representing 56% of the Company s consolidated goodwill, as of December 31, 2008. The Company will perform an annual goodwill impairment analysis under SFAS No. 142 in connection with the closure of its year-ending March 31, 2009, which could result in an additional impairment charge to write down goodwill to its fair value.

In January and February 2009, a jury rendered verdicts for compensatory and punitive damages against us due to a lawsuit involving an isolated dispute between us and the former employer of an existing sales employee. As a result of these verdicts, a pre-tax litigation charge of \$17.0 million has been recognized in the December 31, 2008 condensed consolidated financial statements. The judge may award the plaintiff their attorney fees and costs. We intend to continue our defense of this matter at the trial court level and, if unsuccessful, intend to appeal the judgment, as well as pursue potential insurance reimbursement, which has previously been denied.

Other income during the three months ended December 31, 2008 increased \$0.1 million to \$0.4 million from \$0.3 million for the same period in the prior year. Other income primarily consists of foreign currency transaction gains resulting from certain transactions at our Canadian and the Czech Republic subsidiaries denominated in U.S. dollars.

Interest expense during the three months ended December 31, 2008 increased \$0.5 million to \$4.1 million from \$3.6 million for the same period in the prior year, due principally to higher levels of average debt outstanding due to borrowings that funded fiscal year 2008 acquisitions, capital expenditures and share repurchases under our now expired common stock repurchase program.

We provided for income taxes during the three months ended December 31, 2008 of (\$16.1) million, reflecting an effective tax rate of 27% as compared to an effective tax rate of 19% for the same period in the prior year. The increase primarily relates to the impact of the goodwill impairment in the current quarter, offset by the recognition of uncertain tax benefits in the prior year.

Comparative Analysis of Consolidated Income Statements for the Nine Months Ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 Sales in the nine month period ended December 31, 2008 increased \$90.1 million, or 11%, to \$898.0 million from \$807.9 million for the same period in the prior year. The revenue increase was due to a \$103.8 million from the impact of acquisitions in fiscal year 2008, along with \$27.9 million in election-related business, partially offset by a \$41.6 million decline in same-store sales, compared to the same period in the prior year. The decline in internal sales growth was primarily due to a reduction in demand for printing services as a result of continuing weakness of the

overall U.S. economy, along with a more competitive pricing environment.

Gross profit during the nine months ended December 31, 2008 increased \$8.1 million, or 4%, to \$218 million from \$209.9 million for the same period in the prior year. This increase was primarily due to the net increase in sales volumes discussed above. Gross profit margin declined to 24.3% from 26.0% compared to the same period in the prior year due to relatively lower gross margins for recently acquired businesses.

Selling expense during the nine months ended December 31, 2008 increased \$1.8 million, or 2%, to \$81.3 million from \$79.5 million for the same period in the prior year. The increase was due to the impact of acquisitions partially offset by lower commissions largely due to the decline in same-store sales and a change in sales mix. As a percentage of sales, selling expenses declined to 9.1% in the current quarter as compared to 9.8% for the same period in the prior year. This decline was primarily due to relatively lower selling expenses as a percentage of sales for recently acquired businesses and lower commission expense, as a percentage of revenue, due to a change in sales mix.

General and administrative expenses during the nine months ended December 31, 2008 increased \$13.1 million, or 22%, to \$72.0 million from \$58.9 million for the same period in the prior year. This increase was primarily due to the impact of acquisitions (including direct expenses, and incremental intangible asset amortization of \$1.5 million), an increase in bad debt expense and an increase in share-based compensation expense. As a percentage of sales, general and administrative expenses increased to 8.0% in the current quarter as compared to 7.3% for the same period in the prior year due to the factors described above and lower same-store sales.

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During the nine months ended December 31, 2008 the Company recognized a Goodwill impairment charge of \$62.5 million and a litigation charge of \$17.0 million. See further discussion of these charges above in Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Comparative Analysis of Consolidated Income Statements for the Three Months Ended December 31, 2008 and 2007.

Other income during the nine months ended December 31, 2008 decreased \$3.3 million to \$.6 million from \$3.9 million for the same period in the prior year. Other income primarily consists of foreign currency transaction gains resulting from certain transactions at our Canadian and the Czech Republic subsidiaries denominated in U.S. dollars.

Interest expense during the nine months ended December 31, 2008 increased \$4.2 million to \$12.2 million from \$8 million for the same period in the prior year, primarily due to higher levels of average debt outstanding for borrowings that funded the fiscal year 2008 acquisitions, capital expenditures and share repurchases under our now expired common stock repurchase program during the second and third quarters of the prior year.

Income tax benefit during the nine months ended December 31, 2008 totaled (\$2.7) million, reflecting an effective tax rate of 10% as compared to an effective tax rate of 31% for the same period in the prior year. The decrease is primarily due to the impact of the goodwill impairment in the nine-month period, offset by the recognition of uncertain tax benefits in the prior year.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Sources and Uses of Cash

Our historical sources of cash have primarily been cash provided by operations and borrowings under our various bank credit facilities. Our historical uses of cash have been for acquisitions of printing businesses, capital expenditures, payment of principal and interest on outstanding debt obligations, repurchases of our common stock and for working capital needs. Supplemental information pertaining to our historical sources and uses of cash is presented as follows and should be read in conjunction with our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows and notes thereto included in *Item 1. Financial Statements*:

	Nine Months Ended December 31			
	2008		2	2007
		(In millions)		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	89.2	\$	74.4
Acquisitions of businesses		(6.7)		(26.0)
Capital expenditures, net of proceeds from asset dispositions		(47.4)		(26.8)
Net proceeds (payments) under bank credit facilities		(17.9)		107.9
Net proceeds (payments) on term equipment notes and other debt		(15.8)		7.1
Payments to repurchase and retire common stock				(138.1)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options		3.0		2.6

Additionally, our cash position, working capital and debt obligations are shown below and should be read in conjunction with our condensed consolidated balance sheets and notes thereto included in *Item 1. Financial Statements*:

	De	cember			
		31, 2008	March 31, 2008		
		(In mi	(In millions)		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	19.5	\$	15.1	
Working capital, inclusive of cash and cash equivalents		125.2		138.3	
Total debt obligations		355.5		385.7	

Net cash provided by operating activities increased \$14.8 million over the same nine-month period in the prior year, due primarily to lower net income, higher depreciation and changes in working capital items. Significant changes in

working capital items include net accounts receivable and inventory. Accounts receivable and inventory declined during the nine months ended December 31, 2008, compared to an increase during the prior year period, due to the decline in same-store sales and the general slowdown in our business. We invested \$56 million in new technology and equipment during the nine months ended December 31, 2008, of which \$34.9 million was for digital presses and related technology. We believe that our cash flow provided by operations, combined with existing capacity under our bank credit facilities, will be adequate to cover our working capital growth, debt service requirements and planned capital expenditures for the next 12 months.

We intend to continue pursuing acquisition opportunities at prices we believe are reasonable based upon prevailing market conditions. However, we cannot accurately predict the timing, size and success of our acquisition efforts or our associated potential capital commitments. There can be no assurance that we will be able to acquire additional printing businesses on terms acceptable to us. We also expect to fund future acquisitions through cash flow provided by operations and/or additional borrowings under our primary bank credit facility. We have in the past issued our common stock as purchase price consideration in some of our acquisitions. Although we may issue common stock for such purposes in the future, we do not expect to do so in the foreseeable future because of our current financial liquidity and ability to utilize available cash or additional borrowings.

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Debt Obligations

Our primary bank credit facility (as amended, the Credit Agreement) currently provides for \$335 million in revolving credit and has a maturity date of October 6, 2011. At December 31, 2008, outstanding borrowings under the Credit Agreement were \$220.5 million and accrued interest at a weighted average rate of 3.3%.

Under the terms of the Credit Agreement the proceeds from borrowings may be used to repay certain indebtedness, finance certain acquisitions provide for working capital and general corporate purposes and, subject to certain restrictions, repurchase our common stock. Borrowings outstanding under the Credit Agreement are secured by substantially all of our assets other than real estate and certain equipment subject to term equipment notes and other financings. Borrowings under the Credit Agreement accrue interest, at our option, at either (1) the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus a margin of .625% to 1.50%, or (2) an alternate base rate (based upon the greater of the agent bank s prime lending rate or the Federal Funds effective rate plus .50%). We are also required to pay an annual commitment fee ranging from .15% to .275% on available but unused amounts under the Credit Agreement. The interest rate margin and the commitment fee are based upon certain financial performance measures set forth in the Credit Agreement and are redetermined quarterly. At December 31, 2008 the applicable LIBOR interest rate margin was 1.25% and the applicable commitment fee was .25%.

We are subject to certain covenants and restrictions and we must meet certain financial tests as defined in the Credit Agreement. We were in compliance with these covenants and financial tests at December 31, 2008. In light of current economic conditions, there is more than a remote possibility that the Company will exceed the required Debt-to-EBITDA ratio, as defined in the Credit Agreement, at some point prior to its maturity on October 6, 2011. In the event that we are unable to remain in compliance with these covenants and financial tests in the future, our lenders would have the right to declare us in default with respect to such obligations, and consequently, certain of our other debt obligations, including substantially all of our term equipment notes, would be deemed to also be in default. All debt obligations in default would be required to be reclassified as a current liability. In the event that we were unable to obtain a waiver, renegotiate or refinance these obligations, a material adverse effect on our ability to conduct our operations in the ordinary course likely would result.

We also maintain an unsecured credit facility with a commercial bank (the A&B Credit Facility) currently consisting of a U.S. \$5 million maximum borrowing limit component and a separate C\$27 million maximum borrowing limit component. At December 31, 2008, outstanding borrowings under the A&B Credit Facility were \$2.5 million, which accrued interest at a weighted average rate of 3.1%, and C\$21.5 million (\$17.6 million U.S. equivalent), which accrued interest at a weighted average rate of 3.3%. An annual reduction of C\$4 million on the Canadian dollar denominated commitment occurs on December 31 during each year of the A&B Credit Facility until the final maturity date of October 6, 2011. There are no significant covenants or restrictions set forth in the A&B Credit Facility; however, a default by us under the Credit Agreement constitutes a default under the A&B Credit Facility.

In addition, we maintain two auxiliary revolving credit facilities (each an Auxiliary Bank Facility and collectively the Auxiliary Bank Facilities) with commercial banks. Each Auxiliary Bank Facility is unsecured and has a maximum borrowing capacity of \$5 million. One facility expires in October 2009 while the other facility expires in December 2009. At December 31, 2008, outstanding borrowings under the Auxiliary Bank Facilities totaled \$9.6 million and accrued interest at a weighted average rate of 2.2%. Because we currently have the ability and intent to refinance the borrowings outstanding under the Auxiliary Bank Facilities expiring in October and December 2009, such borrowings are classified as long-term debt in our condensed consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2008. The Auxiliary Bank Facilities cross-default to the events of default set forth in the Credit Agreement.

At December 31, 2008, outstanding borrowings under our term equipment notes totaled \$96.7 million and accrued interest at rates between 3.9% and 8.1%. The term equipment notes provide for principal payments plus interest for defined periods of up to ten years from the date of issuance, and are secured by certain equipment of the Company. We are not subject to any significant financial covenants in connection with any of the term equipment notes. The term equipment notes cross-default to the events of default set forth in the Credit Agreement. At December 31, 2008, outstanding borrowings under our real estate notes totaled \$4.2 million and accrued interest at 6%. The real estate notes provide for principal payments plus interest for defined periods of up to ten years from the date of issuance and are secured by the real estate. At December 31, 2008, other debt obligations totaled \$4.4 million and provided for

principal payments plus interest (at fixed and variable rates) for defined periods up to 16 years from the date of issuance. We do not have any significant financial covenants or restrictions associated with the real estate notes, or the other debt obligations. The Credit Agreement places certain limitations on the amount of additional term note obligations we may incur in the future.

As of December 31, 2008, our available credit under existing credit facilities was approximately \$115.8 million.

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Commitment and Contingencies

Operating leases We have entered into various noncancelable operating leases primarily related to facilities and equipment used in the ordinary course of our business. Our future contractual obligations under such operating leases total approximately \$91.6 million as of December 31, 2008.

Letters of credit In connection with our assumption of obligations under outstanding industrial revenue bonds, which are reflected as debt in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements, and our assumption of certain contingent liabilities related to certain of our acquisitions, we had letters of credit outstanding as of December 31, 2008 totaling \$6.1 million. All of these letters of credit were issued pursuant to the terms of our Credit Agreement, which expires in October 2011, and we will be required to obtain replacement letters of credit at that time, as needed. We maintain third-party insurance coverage in amounts and against risks we believe are Insurance programs reasonable under our circumstances. We are self-insured for most workers compensation claims and for a significant component of our group health insurance programs. For these exposures, we accrue expected loss amounts which are determined using a combination of our historical loss experience and subjective assessment of our future loss exposure, together with advice provided by administrators and consulting actuaries. The estimates of expected loss amounts are subject to uncertainties arising from various sources, including changes in claims reporting patterns, claims settlement patterns, judicial decisions, legislation and economic conditions, which could result in an increase or decrease in accrued costs in future periods for claim matters which occurred in a prior period. Although we believe that the accrued estimated loss amounts are reasonable under the circumstances, significant differences related to the items noted above could materially affect our risk exposure, insurance obligations, and future expense.

Critical Accounting Policies

We have identified our critical accounting policies based on the following factors—significance to our overall financial statement presentation, complexity of the policy and its use of estimates and assumptions. We are required to make certain estimates and assumptions in determining the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent liabilities and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses. We evaluate our estimates and assumptions on an ongoing basis and rely on historical experience and various other factors that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances to determine such estimates. Because uncertainties with respect to estimates and assumptions are inherent in the preparation of financial statements, actual results could differ from these estimates.

Revenue Recognition We primarily recognize revenue upon delivery of the printed product to the customer. In the case of customer fulfillment arrangements, including multiple deliverables of printing services and distribution services, revenue relating to the printed product is recognized upon the delivery of the printed product into our fulfillment warehouses, and invoicing of the customer for the product at an agreed price. Because printed products manufactured for our customers are customized based upon the customers specifications, product returns are insignificant. We derive the majority of our revenues from sales and services to a broad and diverse group of customers, with no individual customer accounting for more than 5% of our revenues as of December 31, 2008.

Receivables, net of valuation allowance Accounts receivable at December 31, 2008 were \$207.5 million, net of a \$5.7 million allowance for doubtful accounts. The valuation allowance was determined based upon our evaluation of known requirements, aging of receivables, historical experience and the current economic environment. While we believe we have appropriately considered known or expected outcomes, our customers ability to pay their obligations could be adversely affected by contraction in the economy or other factors beyond our control. Changes in our estimates of collectibility could have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial condition or results of operations.

Goodwill and other intangible assets We evaluate the carrying value of our goodwill and other intangible assets with indefinite lives as of each fiscal year end, or at any time that management becomes aware of an indication of impairment. We determine fair value for each reporting unit using trailing twelve months earnings before interest, income taxes and depreciation and amortization (EBITDA), multiplied by management s estimate of the total Company s enterprise value-to-EBITDA multiple, adjusted for a control premium. If our estimates of future cash flows or market multiples prove to be materially inaccurate, an impairment charge could be necessary in future periods. Impairment of long-lived assets We evaluate long-lived assets, including property, plant and equipment, and intangible assets other than goodwill or intangible assets with indefinite lives whenever events or changes in

conditions indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. The evaluation requires us to estimate future undiscounted cash flows associated with an asset or group of assets. If the cost of the asset or group of assets cannot be recovered by these undiscounted cash flows, then the need for an impairment may exist. Estimating future cash flows requires judgments regarding future economic conditions, demand for services and pricing. Although we believe our estimates are reasonable, significant differences in the actual performance of the asset or group of assets may materially affect our asset values and require an impairment charge in future periods.

Insurance liabilities We are self-insured for the majority of our workers compensation and group health insurance costs. Insurance claims liabilities have been accrued using a combination of our historical loss experience and subjective assessment of our future loss exposure, together with advice provided by administrators and consulting actuaries. The estimates of expected loss amounts are subject to uncertainties arising from various sources, including changes in claims reporting patterns, claims settlement patterns, judicial decisions, legislation and economic conditions, which could result in an increase or decrease in accrued costs in future periods for claims matters which occurred in a prior period.

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Accounting for income taxes As part of the process of preparing our consolidated financial statements, we are required to estimate our income taxes. This process involves estimating our actual current tax exposure, together with assessing temporary differences resulting from differing treatment of items for tax and financial reporting purposes. The tax effects of these temporary differences are recorded as deferred tax assets or deferred tax liabilities. We must then assess the likelihood that our deferred tax assets will be recovered from future taxable income, and to the extent we believe that recovery is not likely, we must establish a valuation allowance. Significant judgment is required in determining our provision for income taxes, our deferred tax assets and liabilities and any valuation allowance recorded against our net deferred tax assets. Additionally, we account for uncertain tax positions in accordance with FIN 48.

Accounting for acquisitions The allocations of purchase price to acquired assets and liabilities are initially based on estimates of fair value and are prospectively revised if and when additional information concerning certain asset and liability valuations we are waiting for at the time of the initial allocations is obtained, provided that such information is received no later than one year after the date of acquisition. In addition, we retain an independent third-party valuation firm to assist in the identification, valuation and determination of useful lives of identifiable intangible assets in connection with our acquisitions.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In September 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 157, Fair Value Measurement (SFAS No. 157), which defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurement. Our adoption of SFAS No. 157 effective for fiscal 2009 did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial condition or results of operations.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities*, including an amendment of FASB No. 115 (SFAS No. 159). SFAS No. 159 permits entities to choose, at specified election dates, to measure eligible items at fair value (the fair value option). A business entity shall report unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option has been elected in earnings at each subsequent reporting period. We have not elected to apply the provisions of SFAS No. 159; therefore, the adoption of SFAS No. 159 did not affect our consolidated financial condition or results of operations.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141 (revised 2007), Business Combinations (SFAS No. 141R) which requires the acquired entity to recognize the assets acquired, the liabilities assumed and any non-controlling interest in the acquiree at the acquisition date, measured at the fair values as of that date. Goodwill is measured as a residual of the fair values at the acquisition date. Acquisition related costs are recognized separately from the acquisition. This statement is effective as of the beginning of the first fiscal year that begins after December 15, 2008. We are currently evaluating the impact, if any, of the adoption of SFAS No. 141R will have on our consolidated financial condition or results of operations.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, *Noncontrolling Interest in Consolidated Financial Statements* (SFAS No. 160), which changes the accounting and reporting standards for the noncontrolling interests in a subsidiary in consolidated financial statements. SFAS No. 160 recharacterizes minority interests as noncontrolling interests and requires noncontrolling interests to be classified as a component of shareholders—equity. SFAS No. 160 is effective January 1, 2009 and requires retroactive adoption of the presentation and disclosure requirements for existing minority interests. We do not expect SFAS No. 160 to have a material impact on our consolidated financial condition or results of operations.

Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, in which the Company discusses factors it believes may affect its performance or results in the future. Forward-looking statements are all statements other than historical facts, such as statements regarding assumptions, expectations, beliefs and projections about future events or conditions. You can generally identify forward-looking statements by the appearance in such a statement of words like anticipate, believe, continue, could, estimate, intend. might. plan. potential. predict, forecast, project, should or will or other

comparable words or the negative of such words. The accuracy of the Company s assumptions, expectations, beliefs and projections depend on events or conditions that change over time and are thus susceptible to change based on actual experience, new developments and known and unknown risks, including those created by general market conditions, competition and the possibility that events may occur beyond the Company s control, which may limit its ability to maintain or improve its operating results or financial condition or acquire additional printing businesses. The Company gives no assurance that the forward-looking statements will prove to be correct and does not undertake any duty to update them. The Company s actual future results might differ from the forward-looking statements made in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for a variety of reasons, which include, continuing weakness in the economy, the growth of its digital printing business, seasonality of election related business, its ability to adequately manage expenses, including labor costs, the unfavorable outcome of legal proceedings, the lack of or adequacy of insurance coverage for our operations, the continued availability of raw materials at affordable prices, retention of its key management and operating personnel, satisfactory labor relations, the potential for additional goodwill impairment charges, its ability to identify new acquisition opportunities, negotiate and finance such acquisitions on acceptable terms and successfully absorb and manage such acquisitions in a timely and efficient manner, as well as other risks described under the heading Risk Factors of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and the risk factors and cautionary statements described in the other documents the Company files or furnishes from time to time with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including its most recently filed Annual Report on Form 10-K and Current Reports on Form 8-K. Should one or more of the foregoing risks or uncertainties materialize, or should the Company s underlying assumptions, expectations, beliefs or projections prove incorrect, the Company s actual results may vary materially from those anticipated in its forward-looking statements, and its business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially and adversely affected.

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ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About Market Risk

Market risk generally means the risk that losses may occur in the value of certain financial instruments as a result of movements in interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates and commodity prices. We do not currently hold or utilize derivative financial instruments to manage market risk or that could expose us to other market risk. However, we are exposed to market risk in interest rates related primarily to our debt obligations, which as of December 31, 2008 include borrowings under our bank credit facilities, various term equipment notes and other debt obligations. As of December 31, 2008, there were no material changes in our market risk or the estimated fair value of our debt obligations relative to their recorded value, as reported in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2008.

ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company s management, with the participation of the Company s Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and Chief Financial and Accounting Officer (CFO), has evaluated the effectiveness of the Company s disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act)) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on such evaluation, the Company s CEO and CFO have concluded that, as of the end of such period, the Company s disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission s rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our CEO and CFO, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There have not been any changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the fiscal quarter to which this report relates that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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CONSOLIDATED GRAPHICS, INC. PART II OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings

On May 4, 2007, Rudamac, Inc. (Plaintiff) filed suit in Superior Court for the State of California, Los Angeles County, against Consolidated Graphics, Inc. (the Company), Thousand Oaks Printing & Specialties, Inc., a California subsidiary of the Company (Thousand Oaks), and an employee of Thousand Oaks (Employee, and together with the Company and Thousand Oaks, the Defendants). Employee had been employed by Plaintiff prior to his employment with Thousand Oaks.

In the lawsuit, the Plaintiff alleged that the Defendants were liable for the unauthorized use of certain business information of Plaintiff that was obtained by Employee during his employment with Plaintiff. The Defendants have vigorously denied these allegations. The Plaintiff sought an unspecified amount of monetary damages, punitive damages, injunctive relief, and attorney s fees and costs.

On January 28, 2009, the jury rendered a verdict against the Defendants in the above matter and awarded the Plaintiff \$5.7 million in compensatory damages jointly and severally against the Defendants. On February 2, 2009, the jury rendered a verdict for punitive damages against Thousand Oaks for \$1.5 million and against the Company for \$6.65 million. A final judgment has not, however, been entered by the trial judge. On February 5, 2009 the Plaintiff withdrew their request for \$3.2 million in exemplary damages. The Company anticipates that the Plaintiff will file a motion asking for reimbursement of their attorney s fees and costs. The Defendants intend to continue their vigorous defense of this matter at the trial court level and, if unsuccessful, intend to file an appeal on the judgment.

In a related matter, on July 30, 2008, Continental Casualty Company (Continental) filed a declaratory action against the Company, Thousand Oaks and Employee in the United States District Court, Southern District of Texas. On October 24, 2008, Sentry Insurance Company (Sentry) intervened in that case as a plaintiff. Continental and Sentry, who are insurers of the Company, have refused to defend the Defendants in the Rudamac litigation referenced above. In the declaratory judgment suit, Continental and Sentry seek a judicial declaration that they have no duty to defend and no duty to indemnify the Defendants with respect to such litigation. The insurers contend that none of the claims asserted in the Rudamac litigation are within the coverage s of the liability policies issued by such insurers to the Company. The Company is vigorously challenging the insurers—claims and seeks to be reimbursed for the costs of the Rudamac litigation, as well as the cost of any final damage awards, if any.

The Company presently estimates that the aggregate liability and expense to the Company with respect to these matters could be approximately \$17.0 million and has recognized a charge of the same amount in its quarter ended December 31, 2008.

Although the Company cannot predict with certainty the final outcome of the matters above nor the amounts that may be actually incurred in connection with the above referenced litigation, it does not believe that an unfavorable outcome of these matters will have a material adverse effect on the Company s overall financial condition.

In addition, from time to time, our Company is involved in other litigation relating to claims arising out of its operations in the normal course of business. We maintain insurance coverage against certain types of potential claims in an amount which we believe to be adequate, but there is no assurance that such coverage will in fact cover, or be sufficient to cover, all potential claims. Currently, we are not aware of any other legal proceedings or claims pending against the Company that our management believes will have a material adverse effect on our financial condition or results of operations.

ITEM 1A. Risk Factors

Except for the risk factors below and other risk disclosed in our previous filed Quarterly Reports or Form 10-Q, there have been no material changes in our assessment of the risk factors previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2008 in response to Item 1A to Part 1 of Form 10-K. Please refer to the additional risk factors set forth in such Annual and Quarterly Reports.

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Unfavorable results of legal proceedings could materially adversely affect the Company.

The Company is subject to various legal proceedings and claims that have arisen out of the ordinary conduct of its business and are not yet resolved and additional claims may arise in the future. Results of legal proceedings cannot be predicted with certainty. Regardless of its merit, litigation may be both time-consuming and disruptive to the Company s operations and cause significant expense and diversion of management attention. Publicity resulting from allegations in some of these proceedings may materially affect the Company. Should the Company fail to prevail in certain matters, or should several of these matters be resolved against the Company, the Company may be faced with significant monetary damages or injunctive relief against it that would materially adversely affect a portion of its business and might materially affect the Company s financial condition and operating results.

The Company is subject to risks associated with the availability and coverage of insurance.

For certain risks, the Company does not maintain insurance coverage because of cost and/or availability. Because the Company retains some portion of its insurable risks, and in some cases self-insures completely, unforeseen or catastrophic losses in excess of insured limits could have a material adverse effect on the Company s financial condition and operating results. In addition, disputes may also arise between the Company and its insurers relating to coverage of certain losses which, if not resolved favorably, could have a material adverse effect on the Company s financial condition and operating results.

The Company s stock price continues to be volatile.

The Company s stock has at times experienced substantial price volatility as a result of variations between its actual and anticipated financial results, announcements by the Company and its competitors, or uncertainty about current global economic conditions. The stock market as a whole also has experienced extreme price and volume fluctuations that have affected the market price of many public companies in ways that may have been unrelated to these companies operating performance. If the Company fails to meet any expectations with respect to its operations or profitability, its stock price may decline significantly.

ITEM 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

None.

ITEM 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities

None.

ITEM 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

None.

ITEM 5. Other Information

None.

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ITEM 6. Exhibits

- *3.1 Restated Articles of Incorporation of the Company filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Texas on July 27, 1994 (Consolidated Graphics, Inc. Form 10-Q (June 30, 1994), Exhibit 4(a)).
- *3.2 Articles of Amendment to the Restated Articles of Incorporation of the Company dated as of July 29, 1998 (Consolidated Graphics, Inc. Form 10-Q (June 30, 1998), Exhibit 3.1).
- *3.3 Second Amended and Restated By-Laws of the Company adopted as of June 30, 2004 (Consolidated Graphics, Inc. Form 10-Q (June 30, 2004), Exhibit 3.3).
- *3.4 Amendment to the Second Amended and Restated By-Laws of the Company adopted as of December 21, 2007 (Consolidated Graphics, Inc. Form 8-K (December 26, 2007), Exhibit 1)
- *4.1 Specimen Common Stock Certificate (Consolidated Graphics, Inc. Form 10-K (March 31, 1998), Exhibit 4.1).
- *4.2 Rights Agreement dated as of December 15, 1999 between Consolidated Graphics, Inc. and American Stock Transfer and Trust Company, as Rights Agent, which includes as Exhibit A the Certificate of Designations of Series A Preferred Stock, as Exhibit B the form of Rights Certificate and as Exhibit C the form of summary of Rights to Purchase Shares (Consolidated Graphics, Inc. Form 8-K (December 15, 1999), Exhibit 4.1).
- *4.3 Amendment to Rights Agreement dated as of July 10, 2006 between Consolidated Graphics, Inc. and American Stock Transfer and Trust Company and the related Summary of Rights to Purchase Stock, as amended (Consolidated Graphics, Inc. Form 8-A/A (July 13, 2006), Exhibits 2 and 3).
- *4.4 Second Amendment to Rights Agreement dated as of September 25, 2007 between Consolidated Graphics, Inc. and American Stock Transfer and Trust Company and the related Summary of Rights to Purchase Stock, as amended (Consolidated Graphics, Inc. Form 8-A/A (September 28, 2007), Exhibits 3 and 4).
- *10.1 Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, executed on December 29, 2008, but effective as of May 22, 2008, between Joe R. Davis and the Company (Consolidated Graphics, Inc. Form 8-K (December 29, 2008), Exhibit 10.1).
- *10.2 Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, executed on December 29, 2008, but effective as of May 22, 2008, between Jon C. Biro and the Company (Consolidated Graphics, Inc. Form 8-K (December 29, 2008), Exhibit 10.2).
- *10.3 Amended and Restated Change in Control Agreement, executed on December 29, 2008, but effective as of January 14, 2008, between Jon C. Biro and the Company (Consolidated Graphics, Inc. Form 8-K (December 29, 2008), Exhibit 10.3).
- Form of First Amendment to Indemnification Agreement for directors and officers.
- 31.1 Certification of Joe R. Davis, principal executive officer, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.2 Certification of Jon C. Biro, principal financial and accounting officer, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.1 Certification of Joe R. Davis, principal executive officer, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.2 Certification of Jon C. Biro, principal financial and accounting officer, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 99.1 Acknowledgement and Waiver Agreement entered into effective as of November 3, 2008 by and between Joe R. Davis, principal Executive Officer, and Consolidated Graphics, Inc.

* Incorporated by reference

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant, Consolidated Graphics, Inc., has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

CONSOLIDATED GRAPHICS, INC.

Dated: February 9, 2009 By: /s/ Jon C. Biro

Jon C. Biro

Executive Vice President and

Chief Financial and Accounting Officer

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