

CSB BANCORP INC /OH
Form 10-Q
May 10, 2018
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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended: March 31, 2018

OR

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
ACT OF 1934**

Commission file number: 0-21714

CSB Bancorp, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Ohio
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)
91 North Clay, P.O. Box 232, Millersburg, Ohio 44654
(Address of principal executive offices)

34-1687530
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification Number)

(330) 674-9015
(Registrant's telephone number)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of accelerated filer and large accelerated filer in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of the registrant's common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Common stock, \$6.25 par value

Outstanding at May 1, 2018:
2,742,242 common shares

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CSB BANCORP, INC.

FORM 10-Q

QUARTER ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

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CSB BANCORP, INC.

PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Unaudited)

<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash and due from banks	\$ 10,766	\$ 17,255
Interest-earning deposits in other banks	10,823	19,165
Total cash and cash equivalents	21,589	36,420
Securities		
Available-for-sale, at fair value	94,198	97,663
Held-to-maturity (fair value 2018-\$21,871; 2017-\$25,491)	22,488	25,758
Equity Securities	94	89
Restricted stock, at cost	4,614	4,614
Total securities	121,394	128,124
Loans held for sale	167	246
Loans	530,395	516,830
Less allowance for loan losses	5,633	5,604
Net loans	524,762	511,226
Premises and equipment, net	9,226	9,244
Core deposit intangible	242	268
Goodwill	4,728	4,728
Bank-owned life insurance	13,299	13,218
Accrued interest receivable and other assets	4,560	3,589
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 699,967	\$ 707,063
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY		
LIABILITIES		
Deposits		
Noninterest-bearing	\$ 166,512	\$ 173,671
Interest-bearing	409,906	409,588

Total deposits	576,418	583,259
Short-term borrowings	38,350	39,480
Other borrowings	11,222	11,409
Accrued interest payable and other liabilities	2,958	2,383
Total liabilities	628,948	636,531
SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY		
Common stock, \$6.25 par value. Authorized 9,000,000 shares; issued 2,980,602 shares; outstanding (shares 2018 and 2017 2,742,242)	18,629	18,629
Additional paid-in capital	9,815	9,815
Retained earnings	49,070	47,535
Treasury stock at cost (shares 2018 and 2017 238,360)	(4,784)	(4,784)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(1,711)	(663)
Total shareholders equity	71,019	70,532
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY	\$ 699,967	\$ 707,063

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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CSB BANCORP, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2018	2017
<i>(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)</i>		
INTEREST AND DIVIDEND INCOME		
Loans, including fees	\$ 6,140	\$ 5,449
Taxable securities	603	598
Nontaxable securities	161	165
Other	45	34
Total interest and dividend income	6,949	6,246
INTEREST EXPENSE		
Deposits	455	267
Short-term borrowings	53	22
Other borrowings	52	95
Total interest expense	560	384
NET INTEREST INCOME	6,389	5,862
PROVISION (CREDIT) FOR LOAN LOSSES	324	(160)
Net interest income, after provision (credit) for loan losses	6,065	6,022
NONINTEREST INCOME		
Service charges on deposit accounts	284	291
Trust services	219	207
Debit card interchange fees	313	288
Gain on sale of loans, net	77	42
Earnings on bank owned life insurance	81	98
Unrealized gain or loss on equity securities	4	
Other income	167	180
Total noninterest income	1,145	1,106
NONINTEREST EXPENSES		
Salaries and employee benefits	2,637	2,459
Occupancy expense	219	210
Equipment expense	156	170
Professional and director fees	311	169

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Financial institutions and franchise tax expense	142	131
Marketing and public relations	120	78
Software expense	213	210
Debit card expense	116	130
Amortization of intangible assets	25	29
FDIC insurance expense	75	51
Provision for unfunded loan commitments		540
Other expenses	523	469
Total noninterest expenses	4,537	4,646
Income before income taxes	2,673	2,482
FEDERAL INCOME TAX PROVISION	509	\$ 752
NET INCOME	\$ 2,164	1,730
Basic and diluted net earnings per share	\$ 0.79	\$ 0.63

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements

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CSB BANCORP, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Unaudited)

<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>	Three Months Ended	
	2018	2017
Net income	\$ 2,164	\$ 1,730
Other comprehensive (loss) income		
Unrealized (losses) gains arising during the period	(1,312)	471
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss, held-to-maturity	22	31
Income tax effect	271	(171)
Other comprehensive (loss) income	(1,019)	331
Total comprehensive income	\$ 1,145	\$ 2,061

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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CSB BANCORP, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
<i>(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)</i>	2018	2017
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 70,532	\$ 65,415
Net income	2,164	1,730
Other comprehensive (loss) income	(1,019)	331
Cash dividends declared	(658)	(549)
Balance at end of period	\$ 71,019	\$ 66,927
Cash dividends declared per share	\$ 0.24	\$ 0.20

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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CSB BANCORP, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2018	2017
<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>		
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 2,308	\$ 4,407
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Securities:		
Proceeds from repayments, available-for-sale	2,034	4,430
Proceeds from repayments, held-to-maturity	5,312	709
Purchases, available-for-sale		(2,379)
Purchases, held-to-maturity	(2,029)	(4,700)
Loan originations, net of repayments	(14,155)	(4,899)
Property, equipment, and software acquisitions	(143)	(113)
Purchase of bank owned life insurance		(2,500)
Net cash used in investing activities	(8,981)	(9,452)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Net change in deposits	(6,841)	1,395
Net change in short-term borrowings	(1,130)	5,280
Repayment of other borrowings	(187)	(81)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(8,158)	6,594
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$ (14,831)	\$ 1,549
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	36,420	36,838
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	\$ 21,589	\$ 38,387
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES		
Cash paid during the year for:		
Interest	\$ 572	\$ 389
Noncash financing activities:		
Dividends declared	658	549

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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CSB BANCORP, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of CSB Bancorp, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, The Commercial and Savings Bank (the Bank) and CSB Investment Services, LLC (together referred to as the Company or CSB). All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared without audit. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (which include normal recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly the Company's financial position at March 31, 2018, and the results of operations and changes in cash flows for the periods presented have been made.

Certain information and footnote disclosures typically included in financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (U.S. GAAP) have been omitted. The Annual Report for CSB for the year ended December 31, 2017, contains Consolidated Financial Statements and related footnote disclosures, which should be read in conjunction with the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements. The results of operations for the period ended March 31, 2018 are not necessarily indicative of the operating results for the full year or any future interim period.

Certain items in the prior-year financial statements were reclassified to conform to the current-year presentation.

ADOPTION OF NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

ASU 2014-09 Effective January 1, 2018, the Company adopted ASU 2014-09 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers - Topic 606* and all subsequent ASUs that modified ASC 606. The Company has elected to apply the standard utilizing the modified retrospective approach with a cumulative effect of adoption for the impact from uncompleted contracts at the date of adoption. The adoption of this guidance did not result in a change to the accounting for any of the in-scope revenue streams; as such, no cumulative effect adjustments were recorded.

Management determined that the primary sources of revenue emanating from interest and dividend income on loans and securities along with noninterest revenue resulting from investment security gains, loan servicing, gains on the sale of loans, commitment fees, fees from financial guarantees, certain credit cards fees, and income on bank-owned life insurance are not within the scope of ASC 606. As a result, no changes were made during the period related to these sources of revenue, which cumulatively comprise 87 percent of the total revenue of the Company. Services within the scope of ASC 606 include income from fiduciary activities, service charges on deposit accounts, other service income, ATM fees, interchange fees, and gain on sale of OREO, net.

Service charges on deposit accounts the Bank has contracts with its deposit customers where fees are charged if the account balance falls below predetermined levels defined as compensating balances. These agreements can be cancelled at any time by either the Bank or the deposit customer. Revenue from these transactions is recognized on a monthly basis as the Bank has an unconditional right to the fee consideration. The Bank also has transaction fees related to specific transactions or activities resulting from a customer request or activity that include overdraft fees, online banking fees, and other transaction fees. All of these fees are attributable to specific performance obligations of

the Bank where the revenue is recognized at a defined point in time, completion of the requested service/transaction.

Fiduciary/trust fees Typical contracts for trust services are based on a fixed percentage of the assets earned ratably over a defined period and billed on a monthly or quarterly basis. Fees charged to customers' accounts are recognized as revenue over the period during which the Bank fulfills its performance obligation under the contract (i.e., holding client asset in a managed fiduciary trust account). For these accounts, the performance obligation of the Bank is typically satisfied by holding and managing the customer's assets over time.

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CSB BANCORP, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Other fees related to specific customer requests are attributable to specific performance obligations of the Bank where the revenue is recognized at a defined point in time, completion of the requested service/transaction.

Interchange fees The Bank is a member of Visa U.S.A. Inc. and receives interchange fees as a result of customer usage of Bank issued debit cards. The bank's performance obligation is to provide debit cards for customers to use as a method of payment. Fees received are allocated by Visa and are a percentage of the transaction amount and also vary by the merchant where the card was used. Fees are recognized daily the day after the transaction is processed.

Brokerage commissions Brokerage commissions are based on a percentage of the initial investment. Commissions on transactions are recognized monthly on a trade-date basis as the performance obligation is satisfied at the point in time in which the trade is processed.

ASU 2016-01 Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities. This Update sets forth targeted improvements to GAAP including, but not limited to, requiring an entity to recognize the changes in fair value of equity investments in the income statement, requiring public business entities to use the exit price when measuring the fair value of financial instruments for financial statement disclosure purposes, eliminating certain disclosures required by existing GAAP, and providing for additional disclosures. The Update is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Upon adoption on January 1, 2018, the Company made a one-time cumulative effect adjustment from accumulated other comprehensive income to retained earnings of \$29 thousand. The net effect was an increase to retained earnings. Additional income of \$4 thousand was recorded in the first quarter of 2018, as a result of changes to the accounting for equity investments. We have included the related new disclosure requirements in Note 6.

ASU 2018-02 Income Statement Reporting Comprehensive Income. This guidance allows a reclassification from accumulated other comprehensive income to retained earnings for stranded tax effects resulting from the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act. Consequently, the amendments eliminate the stranded tax effects resulting from the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act. On December 31, 2017, the Company adopted this standard which resulted in a reclassification of \$109 thousand between accumulated other comprehensive loss and retained earnings on the consolidated balance sheet.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

ASU 2016-02 Leases. This Update sets forth a new lease accounting model for lessors and lessees. For lessees, virtually all leases will be required to be recognized on the balance sheet by recording a right-of-use asset. Subsequent accounting for leases varies depending on whether the lease is an operating lease or a finance lease. The accounting provided by a lessor is largely unchanged from that applied under the existing guidance. The ASU requires additional qualitative and quantitative disclosures with the objective of enabling users of financial statements to assess the amount, timing, and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases. The Update is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, with early application permitted. Based on the Company's preliminary analysis of its current portfolio, the impact to the Company's balance sheet is estimated to result in less than a 1 percent increase in assets and liabilities. This Update is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

ASU 2016-13 Financial Instruments Credit Losses. The Update requires that financial assets be presented at the net amount expected to be collected (i.e. net of expected credit losses), eliminating the probable recognition threshold for credit losses on financial assets measured at amortized cost. The measurement of expected credit losses should be based on relevant information about past events, including historical experience, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts that affect the collectability of the reported amount. The Update is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2018. We expect the Update will result in an increase in the allowance for credit losses for the estimated life of the financial asset, including an estimate for debt securities. The amount of the increase will be impacted by the portfolio composition and quality at the adoption date, as well as economic conditions and forecasts at that time. A cumulative-effect adjustment to retained earnings is required as of the beginning of the year of adoption. The Company expects to recognize a one-time cumulative effect adjustment to the allowance for loan losses, but cannot yet determine the magnitude of any such one-time adjustment or the overall impact of the new guidance on the consolidated financial statements.

ASU 2017-04 Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment. The Update simplifies the goodwill impairment test. Under the new guidance, Step 2 of the goodwill impairment process that requires an entity to determine the implied fair value of its goodwill by assigning fair value to all its assets and liabilities is eliminated. Instead, the entity should recognize an impairment charge for the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the reporting unit's fair value. An entity still has the option to perform the qualitative assessment for a reporting unit to determine if the quantitative impairment test is necessary. The new guidance is effective for annual and interim goodwill tests performed in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted. This Update is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

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CSB BANCORP, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

NOTE 2 SECURITIES

Securities consist of the following at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>	Amortized cost	Gross unrealized gains	Gross unrealized losses	Fair value
March 31, 2018				
Available-for-sale				
U.S. Treasury security	\$ 999	\$	\$ 1	\$ 998
U.S. Government agencies	8,350		222	8,128
Mortgage-backed securities of government agencies	48,080	34	1,103	47,011
Asset-backed securities of government agencies	1,139		4	1,135
State and political subdivisions	26,969	54	359	26,664
Corporate bonds	10,515	3	256	10,262
Total available-for-sale	96,052	91	1,945	94,198
Held-to-maturity				
U.S. Government agencies	9,478	8	385	9,101
Mortgage-backed securities of government agencies	13,010	21	261	12,770
Total held-to-maturity	22,488	29	646	21,871
Equity securities	53	41		94
Restricted stock	4,614			4,614
Total securities	\$ 123,207	\$ 161	\$ 2,591	\$ 120,777
December 31, 2017				
Available-for-sale				
U.S. Treasury security	\$ 999	\$	\$ 1	\$ 998
U.S. Government agencies	8,350		121	8,229
Mortgage-backed securities of government agencies	50,136	146	581	49,701
Asset-backed securities of government agencies	1,168	1		1,169
State and political subdivisions	27,020	224	103	27,141
Corporate bonds	10,532	35	142	10,425

Total available-for-sale	98,205	406	948	97,663
Held-to-maturity				
U.S. Government agencies	9,477	16	228	9,265
Mortgage-backed securities of government agencies	11,581	95	145	11,531
State and political subdivisions	4,700		5	4,695
Total held-to-maturity	25,758	111	378	25,491
Equity securities	53	36		89
Restricted stock	4,614			4,614
Total securities	\$ 128,630	\$ 553	\$ 1,326	\$ 127,857

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CSB BANCORP, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

NOTE 2 SECURITIES (CONTINUED)

The amortized cost and fair value of debt securities at March 31, 2018, by contractual maturity, are shown below. Actual maturities may differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>	Amortized cost	Fair value
Available-for-sale		
Due in one year or less	\$ 5,067	\$ 5,060
Due after one through five years	17,212	17,040
Due after five through ten years	29,162	28,586
Due after ten years	44,611	43,512
Total debt securities available-for-sale	\$ 96,052	\$ 94,198
Held-to-maturity		
Due in one year or less	\$	\$
Due after one through five years	480	488
Due after five through ten years	3,000	2,831
Due after ten years	19,008	18,552
Total debt securities held-to-maturity	\$ 22,488	\$ 21,871

Securities with a fair value of approximately \$94 million were pledged at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively, to secure public deposits, as well as other deposits and borrowings as required or permitted by law.

Restricted stock primarily consists of investments in Federal Home Loan Bank of Cincinnati (FHLB) and Federal Reserve Bank stock. The Bank's investment in FHLB stock amounted to approximately \$4.1 million at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017. Federal Reserve Bank stock was \$471 thousand at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017.

There were no proceeds from sales of securities for the three month periods ending March 31, 2018 and 2017.

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CSB BANCORP, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

NOTE 2 SECURITIES (CONTINUED)

The following table presents gross unrealized losses and fair value of securities, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position, at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

	Securities in a continuous unrealized loss position					
	Less than 12 months		12 months or more		Total	
	Gross unrealized losses	Fair value	Gross unrealized losses	Fair value	Gross unrealized losses	Fair value
<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>						
March 31, 2018						
Available-for-sale						
U.S. Treasury security	\$	\$	\$ 1	\$ 998	\$ 1	\$ 998
U.S. Government agencies	104	3,746	118	4,382	222	8,128
Mortgage-backed securities of government agencies	421	27,764	682	16,723	1,103	44,487
Asset-backed securities of government agencies	4	1,135			4	1,135
State and political subdivisions	182	14,099	177	3,645	359	17,744
Corporate bonds	54	6,986	202	2,298	256	9,284
Held-to-maturity						
U.S. Government agencies	38	1,962	347	6,651	385	8,613
Mortgage-backed securities of government agencies	82	6,940	179	2,942	261	9,882
Total temporarily impaired securities	\$ 885	\$ 62,632	\$ 1,706	\$ 37,639	\$ 2,591	\$ 100,271
December 31, 2017						
Available-for-sale						
U.S. Treasury security	\$ 1	\$ 998	\$	\$	\$ 1	\$ 998
U.S. Government agencies	46	3,804	75	4,425	121	8,229
Mortgage-backed securities of government agencies	145	16,872	436	17,259	581	34,131
State and political subdivisions	26	4,400	77	3,752	103	8,152
Corporate bonds	2	2,912	140	2,360	142	5,272
Held-to-maturity						
U.S. Government agencies	15	1,985	213	6,785	228	8,770
Mortgage-backed securities of government agencies	18	1,818	127	3,116	145	4,934

State and political subdivisions	5	4,695			5	4,695
Total temporarily impaired securities	\$ 258	\$ 37,484	\$ 1,068	\$ 37,697	\$ 1,326	\$ 75,181

There were 120 securities in an unrealized loss position at March 31, 2018, thirty-five (35) of which were in a continuous loss position for twelve months or more. At least quarterly, the Company conducts a comprehensive security-level impairment assessment. The assessments are based on the nature of the securities, the extent and duration of the securities in an unrealized loss position, the extent and duration of the loss and management's intent to sell or if it is more likely than not that management will be required to sell a security before recovery of its amortized cost basis, which may be maturity. Management believes the Company will fully recover the cost of these securities. It does not intend to sell these securities and likely will not be required to sell them before the anticipated recovery of the remaining amortized cost basis, which may be maturity. As a result, management concluded that these securities were not other-than-temporarily impaired at March 31, 2018.

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CSB BANCORP, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

NOTE 3 LOANS

Loans consist of the following:

<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Commercial	\$ 143,690	\$ 140,273
Commercial real estate	184,892	179,663
Residential real estate	158,625	157,172
Construction & land development	26,303	22,886
Consumer	16,356	16,306
Total loans before deferred costs	529,866	516,300
Deferred loan costs	529	530
Total Loans	\$ 530,395	\$ 516,830

Loan Origination/Risk Management

The Company has certain lending policies and procedures in place that are designed to maximize loan income within an acceptable level of risk. Management reviews and approves these policies and procedures on a regular basis. A reporting system supplements the review process by providing management with frequent reports related to loan production, loan quality, concentrations of credit, loan delinquencies and non-performing and potential problem loans. Diversification in the loan portfolio is a means of managing risk associated with fluctuations in economic conditions.

Commercial loans are underwritten after evaluating and understanding the borrower's ability to operate profitably and prudently expand its business. Underwriting standards are designed to promote relationship banking rather than transactional banking. The Company's management examines current and occasionally projected cash flows to determine the ability of the borrower to repay their obligations as agreed. Commercial loans are primarily made based on the identified cash flows of the borrower and secondarily on the underlying collateral provided by the borrower. The cash flows of borrowers; however, may not be as expected and the collateral securing these loans may fluctuate in value. Most commercial loans are secured by the assets being financed or other business assets such as accounts receivable or inventory and may incorporate a personal guarantee; however, some short-term loans may be made on an unsecured basis. In the case of loans secured by accounts receivable, the availability of funds for the repayment of these loans may be substantially dependent on the ability of the borrower to collect amounts due from its customers.

Commercial real estate loans are subject to underwriting standards and processes similar to commercial loans, in addition to those of real estate loans. These loans are viewed primarily as cash flow loans and secondarily as loans secured by real estate. Commercial real estate lending typically involves higher loan principal amounts and the repayment of these loans is largely dependent on the successful operation of the property securing the loan or the business conducted on the property securing the loan. Commercial real estate loans may be adversely affected by conditions in the real estate markets or in the general economy. The properties securing the Company's commercial real estate portfolio are diverse in terms of type. This diversity helps reduce the Company's exposure to adverse economic events that affect any single industry. Management monitors and evaluates commercial real estate loans based on collateral, geography, and risk grade criteria. In addition, management tracks the level of owner-occupied commercial real estate loans versus non-owner occupied loans.

With respect to loans to developers and builders that are secured by non-owner occupied properties, the Company generally requires the borrower to have had an existing relationship with the Company and have a proven record of success. Construction and land development loans are underwritten utilizing independent appraisal reviews, sensitivity analysis of absorption and lease rates, and financial analysis of the developers and property owners. Construction and land development loans are generally based upon estimates of costs and value associated with the completed project. These estimates may be inaccurate.

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NOTE 3 LOANS (CONTINUED)

Construction and land development loans often involve the disbursement of substantial funds with repayment substantially dependent on the success of the ultimate project. Sources of repayment for these types of loans may be pre-committed permanent loans from approved long-term lenders, sales of developed property, or an interim loan commitment from the Company until permanent financing is obtained. These loans are closely monitored by on-site inspections and are considered to have higher risk than other real estate loans due to their ultimate repayment being sensitive to interest rate changes, governmental regulation of real property, general economic conditions, and the availability of long-term financing.

The Company originates consumer loans utilizing a judgmental underwriting process. To monitor and manage consumer loan risk, policies and procedures are developed and modified, as needed, jointly by line and staff personnel. This activity, coupled with relatively small loan amounts that are spread across many individual borrowers, minimizes risk.

The Company maintains an independent loan review department that reviews and validates the credit risk program on a periodic basis. Results of these reviews are presented to management. The loan review process complements and reinforces the risk identification and assessment decisions made by lenders and credit personnel, as well as the Company's policies and procedures.

Loans serviced for others approximated \$84.8 million and \$82.7 million at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

Concentrations of Credit

Nearly all of the Company's lending activity occurs within the state of Ohio, including the four counties of Holmes, Stark, Tuscarawas and Wayne, as well as other markets. The majority of the Company's loan portfolio consists of commercial and commercial real estate loans. As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, there were no concentrations of loans related to any single industry.

Allowance for Loan Losses

The following tables detail activity in the allowance for loan losses by portfolio segment for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017. Allocation of a portion of the allowance to one category of loans does not preclude its availability to absorb losses in other categories.

The increase in the provision for loan losses for the three months ended March 31, 2018 related to commercial loans was primarily due to the increase in substandard loans and the increase in loan volume of loans in this category. The

decrease in the provision related to residential real estate loans is due to the decrease of loan delinquencies in this category.

The change in the provision for loan losses for the three months ended March 31, 2017 related to commercial loans was primarily due to the decrease in the specific allocation related to one commercial relationship, as well as the recovery of prior loan charge-offs. The increase in the provision for loan losses related to commercial real estate loans was due to the increase of nonaccrual loans in this category, as well as the increase in volume of loans.

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NOTE 3 LOANS (CONTINUED)**Summary of Allowance for Loan Losses**

<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>	Commercial Residential Construction						Unallocated	Total
	Commercial	Real Estate	Real Estate	& Land Development	Consumer			
Three months ended March 31, 2018								
Beginning balance	\$ 1,813	\$ 1,735	\$ 1,273	\$ 237	\$ 175	\$ 371	\$ 5,604	
Provision (credit) for loan losses	257	26	(40)	7	23	51	324	
Charge-offs	(194)	(62)	(37)		(10)		(303)	
Recoveries	8						8	
Net charge-offs	(186)	(62)	(37)	0	(10)		(295)	
Ending balance	\$ 1,884	\$ 1,699	\$ 1,196	\$ 244	\$ 188	\$ 422	\$ 5,633	
Three months ended March 31, 2017								
Beginning balance	\$ 2,207	\$ 1,264	\$ 1,189	\$ 178	\$ 141	\$ 312	\$ 5,291	
(Credit) provision for loan losses	(831)	274	114	6	29	248	(160)	
Charge-offs	(8)				(5)		(13)	
Recoveries	336						336	
Net recoveries (charge-offs)	328				(5)		323	
Ending balance	\$ 1,704	\$ 1,538	\$ 1,303	\$ 184	\$ 165	\$ 560	\$ 5,454	

The following table presents the balance in the allowance for loan losses and the ending loan balances by portfolio class and based on the impairment method as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>	Commercial	Commercial	Residential	Construction	Consumer	Unallocated	Total
	Real	Real	Real	Real	Real		

	Estate		Estate					
March 31, 2018								
Allowance for loan losses:								
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$	8	\$	46	\$	3	\$	\$ 57
Collectively evaluated for impairment		1,876		1,653		1,193		5,576
Total ending allowance balance	\$	1,884	\$	1,699	\$	1,196	\$	5,633
Loans:								
Loans individually evaluated for impairment	\$	1,418	\$	3,411	\$	1,394	\$	\$ 6,223
Loans collectively evaluated for impairment		142,272		181,481		157,231		523,643
Total ending loans balance	\$	143,690	\$	184,892	\$	158,625	\$	\$ 529,866
December 31, 2017								
Allowance for loan losses:								
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$	74	\$	151	\$	19	\$	\$ 244
Collectively evaluated for impairment		1,739		1,584		1,254		5,360
Total ending allowance balance	\$	1,813	\$	1,735	\$	1,273	\$	5,604
Loans:								
Loans individually evaluated for impairment	\$	1,726	\$	4,686	\$	1,470	\$	\$ 7,882
Loans collectively evaluated for impairment		138,547		174,977		155,702		508,418
Total ending loans balance	\$	140,273	\$	179,663	\$	157,172	\$	\$ 516,300

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NOTE 3 LOANS (CONTINUED)

The following table presents loans individually evaluated for impairment by class of loans as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>	Unpaid Principal Balance	Recorded Investment with no Allowance	Recorded Investment with Allowance	Total Recorded Investment	Related Allowance
March 31, 2018					
Commercial	\$ 2,460	\$ 1,413	\$ 8	\$ 1,421	\$ 8
Commercial real estate	3,580	3,087	330	3,417	46
Residential real estate	1,543	1,113	283	1,396	3
Total impaired loans	\$ 7,583	\$ 5,613	\$ 621	\$ 6,234	\$ 57
December 31, 2017					
Commercial	\$ 3,352	\$ 1,329	\$ 399	\$ 1,728	\$ 74
Commercial real estate	4,826	3,117	1,566	4,683	151
Residential real estate	1,654	1,119	352	1,471	19
Total impaired loans	\$ 9,832	\$ 5,565	\$ 2,317	\$ 7,882	\$ 244

The following table presents the average recorded investment in impaired loans and related interest income recognized for the periods indicated.

<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>	Three months ended March 31,	
	2018	2017
Average recorded investment:		
Commercial	\$ 1,792	\$ 4,216
Commercial real estate	4,490	438
Residential real estate	1,443	1,488

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Average recorded investment in impaired loans	\$ 7,725	\$ 6,142
Interest income recognized:		
Commercial	\$ 11	\$ 14
Commercial real estate	4	
Residential real estate	14	15
Interest income recognized on a cash basis on impaired loans	\$ 29	\$ 29

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NOTE 3 LOANS (CONTINUED)

The following table presents the aging of past due loans and nonaccrual loans as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 by class of loans:

<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>	Current	30 - 59 Days Past Due	60 - 89 Days Past Due	90 Days + Past Due	Non-Accrual	Total Past Due and Non-Accrual	Total Loans
March 31, 2018							
Commercial	\$ 142,882	\$ 84	\$	\$	\$ 724	\$ 808	\$ 143,690
Commercial real estate	181,659	92			3,141	3,233	184,892
Residential real estate	157,499	292	140	164	530	1,126	158,625
Construction & land development	26,303						26,303
Consumer	15,926	338	49		43	430	16,356
Total Loans	\$ 524,269	\$ 806	\$ 189	\$ 164	\$ 4,438	\$ 5,597	\$ 529,866
December 31, 2017							
Commercial	\$ 138,908	\$ 148	\$ 65	\$	\$ 1,152	\$ 1,365	\$ 140,273
Commercial real estate	175,062	177		40	4,384	4,601	179,663
Residential real estate	155,488	757	38	401	488	1,684	157,172
Construction & land development	22,886						22,886
Consumer	16,048	193	8		57	258	16,306
Total Loans	\$ 508,392	\$ 1,275	\$ 111	\$ 441	\$ 6,081	\$ 7,908	\$ 516,300

Troubled Debt Restructurings

All troubled debt restructurings (TDR s) are individually evaluated for impairment and a related allowance is recorded, as needed. Loans whose terms have been modified as TDR s totaled \$3.0 million as of March 31, 2018, and \$2.9 million as of December 31, 2017, with \$25 thousand and \$38 thousand of specific reserves allocated to those loans, respectively. At March 31, 2018, \$2.1 million of the loans classified as TDR s were performing in accordance with their modified terms. Of the remaining \$841 thousand, all were in nonaccrual of interest status.

The Company held \$20 thousand in other real estate as of March 31, 2018, and no other real estate as of December 31, 2017. Consumer mortgage loans in the process of foreclosure were \$57 thousand at March 31, 2018 and \$114 thousand at December 31, 2017.

There were no new TDR s during the three month periods ended March 31, 2018 and 2017.

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CSB BANCORP, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

NOTE 3 LOANS (CONTINUED)

Credit Quality Indicators

The Company categorizes loans into risk categories based on relevant information about the ability of borrowers to service their debt such as: current financial information, historical payment experience, credit documentation, public information, and current economic trends, among other factors. The Company analyzes commercial loans individually by classifying the loans as to credit risk. This analysis includes commercial loans with an outstanding balance greater than \$300 thousand. This analysis is performed on an annual basis. The Company uses the following definitions for risk ratings:

Pass. Loans classified as pass (Acceptable, Low Acceptable or Pass Watch) may exhibit a wide array of characteristics but at a minimum represent an acceptable risk to the Bank. Borrowers in this rating may have leveraged but acceptable balance sheet positions, satisfactory asset quality, stable to favorable sales and earnings trends, acceptable liquidity and adequate cash flow. Loans are considered fully collectible and require an average amount of administration. While generally adhering to credit policy, these loans may exhibit occasional exceptions that do not result in undue risk to the Bank. Borrowers are generally capable of absorbing setbacks, financial and otherwise, without the threat of failure.

Special Mention. Loans classified as special mention have material weaknesses that deserve management's close attention. If left uncorrected, these weaknesses may result in deterioration of the repayment prospects for the loan at some future date.

Substandard. Loans classified as substandard are inadequately protected by the current net worth and paying capacity of the obligor or of the collateral pledged, if any. Loans so classified have a well-defined weakness or weaknesses that jeopardize the liquidation of the debt. They are characterized by the distinct possibility that the institution will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected.

Doubtful. Loans classified as doubtful have all the weaknesses inherent in those classified as substandard, with the added characteristic that the weaknesses make collection or liquidation in full, on the basis of currently existing facts, conditions, and values, highly questionable and improbable.

Loans not meeting the criteria above that are analyzed individually as part of the above described process are considered to be pass rated loans. Loans listed as not rated are either less than \$300 thousand or are included in groups of homogeneous loans. Based on the most recent analysis performed, the risk category of loans by class is as follows as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>	Pass	Special Mention	Substandard	Doubtful	Not Rated	Total
March 31, 2018						
Commercial	\$ 121,917	\$ 5,205	\$ 15,707	\$	\$ 861	\$ 143,690
Commercial real estate	166,895	9,244	7,407		1,346	184,892
Residential real estate	203		286		158,136	158,625
Construction & land development	23,274		16		3,013	26,303
Consumer			43		16,313	16,356
Total	\$ 312,289	\$ 14,449	\$ 23,459	\$	\$ 179,669	\$ 529,866
December 31, 2017						
Commercial	\$ 116,833	\$ 13,685	\$ 8,841	\$	\$ 914	\$ 140,273
Commercial real estate	162,012	8,220	8,620		811	179,663
Residential real estate	205		470		156,497	157,172
Construction & land development	18,493	880			3,513	22,886
Consumer			57		16,249	16,306
Total	\$ 297,543	\$ 22,785	\$ 17,988	\$	\$ 177,984	\$ 516,300

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CSB BANCORP, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NOTE 3 LOANS (CONTINUED)

The following table presents loans that are not rated by class of loans as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017. Nonperforming loans include loans past due 90 days or more and loans on nonaccrual of interest status.

<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>	Performing	Non-Performing	Total
March 31, 2018			
Commercial	\$ 861	\$	\$ 861
Commercial real estate	1,346		1,346
Residential real estate	157,442	694	158,136
Construction & land development	3,013		3,013
Consumer	16,313		16,313
Total	\$ 178,975	\$ 694	\$ 179,669
December 31, 2017			
Commercial	\$ 914	\$	\$ 914
Commercial real estate	811		811
Residential real estate	155,608	889	156,497
Construction & land development	3,513		3,513
Consumer	16,249		16,249
Total	\$ 177,095	\$ 889	\$ 177,984

NOTE 4 SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS

The following table provides additional detail regarding repurchase agreements accounted for as secured borrowings.

<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>	Remaining Contractual Maturity Overnight and Continuous	
	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Securities of U.S. Government Agencies and mortgage-backed securities of government agencies	\$ 38,545	\$ 39,637

pledged, fair value		
Repurchase agreements	38,350	39,480

NOTE 5 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Company provides disclosures about assets and liabilities carried at fair value. The framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities and lowest priority to unobservable inputs. The three broad levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

- Level I: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Company has the ability to access.
- Level II: Inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; and inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by corroborated or other means. If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level II input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.
- Level III: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

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CSB BANCORP, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NOTE 5- FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

The following table presents the assets reported on the Consolidated Balance Sheets at their fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 by level within the fair value hierarchy. No liabilities are carried at fair value. Financial assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Equity securities and U.S. Treasury Notes are valued at the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual securities are traded. Obligations of U.S. government agencies, mortgage-backed securities, asset-backed securities, obligations of states and political subdivisions and corporate bonds are valued at observable market data for similar assets.

<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>	Level I	Level II	Level III	Total
March 31, 2018				
Assets:				
Securities available-for-sale				
U.S. Treasury security	\$ 998	\$	\$	\$ 998
U.S. Government agencies		8,128		8,128
Mortgage-backed securities of government agencies		47,011		47,011
Asset-backed securities of government agencies		1,135		1,135
State and political subdivisions		26,664		26,664
Corporate bonds		10,262		10,262
Total available-for-sale securities	\$ 998	\$ 93,200	\$	\$ 94,198
Equity securities	\$ 48	\$	\$ 46	\$ 94
December 31, 2017				
Assets:				
Securities available-for-sale				
U.S. Treasury security	\$ 998	\$	\$	\$ 998
U.S. Government agencies		8,229		8,229
Mortgage-backed securities of government agencies		49,701		49,701
Asset-backed securities of government agencies		1,169		1,169
State and political subdivisions		27,141		27,141
Corporate bonds		10,425		10,425
Total available-for-sale securities	\$ 998	\$ 96,665	\$	\$ 97,663
Equity securities	\$ 89	\$	\$	\$ 89

The following table presents the assets measured on a nonrecurring basis on the Consolidated Balance Sheets at their fair value as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, by level within the fair value hierarchy. Impaired loans are written down to fair value through the establishment of specific reserves. Techniques used to value the collateral that secure the impaired loans include: quoted market prices for identical assets classified as Level I inputs; and observable inputs, employed by certified appraisers, for similar assets classified as Level II inputs. In cases where valuation techniques included inputs that are unobservable and are based on estimates and assumptions developed by management based on the best information available under each circumstance, the asset valuation is classified as Level III inputs.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

NOTE 5- FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)*(Dollars in thousands)*

	Level I	Level II	Level III	Total
March 31, 2018				
Assets measured on a nonrecurring basis:				
Impaired loans	\$	\$	\$ 564	\$ 564
December 31, 2017				
Assets measured on a nonrecurring basis:				
Impaired loans	\$	\$	\$ 2,073	\$ 2,073

The following table presents additional quantitative information about assets measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis and for which the Company has utilized Level III inputs to determine fair value:

<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>	Fair Value Estimate	Quantitative Information about Level III Fair Value Measurements		
		Valuation Techniques	Unobservable Input	Range (Weighted Average)
March 31, 2018				
Impaired loans				1 mo to 24.2 yrs / (19.5 mos)
\$ 531	Discounted cash flow	Remaining term		4.4% to 7.5% / (5.3%)
		Discount rate		0% to -25% (-14.9%)
		Appraisal adjustments ⁽²⁾		
33	Appraisal of collateral ⁽¹⁾	Liquidation expense ⁽²⁾		-10%
December 31, 2017				
Impaired loans				4 mos to 24.5 yrs / (20.3 mos)
\$ 551	Discounted cash flow	Remaining term		4.4% to 7.5% / (5.3%)
		Discount rate		0% to -25% (-6.8%)
		Appraisal adjustments ⁽²⁾		
1,522	Appraisal of collateral ⁽¹⁾	Liquidation expense ⁽²⁾		-10%

- (1) Fair value is generally determined through independent appraisals of the underlying collateral, which generally include various inputs which are not identifiable.
- (2) Appraisals may be adjusted by management for qualitative factors. The range of liquidation expenses and other appraisal adjustments are presented as a percent of the appraisal.

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NOTE 6 FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The estimated fair values of recognized financial instruments as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 are as follows:

<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>	Carrying Value	Level I	Level II	Level III	Fair Value
March 31, 2018					
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 21,589	\$ 21,589	\$	\$	\$ 21,589
Securities available-for-sale	94,198	998	93,200		94,198
Securities held-to-maturity	22,488		21,871		21,871
Equity securities	94	48		46	94
Restricted stock	4,614	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Loans held for sale	167	167			167
Net loans	524,762			523,155	523,155
Bank-owned life insurance	13,299	13,299			13,299
Accrued interest receivable	1,784	1,784			1,784
Mortgage servicing rights	270			270	270
Financial liabilities					
Deposits	\$ 576,418	\$ 459,760	\$	\$ 114,103	\$ 573,863
Short-term borrowings	38,350	38,350			38,350
Other borrowings	11,222			10,030	10,030
Accrued interest payable	78	78			78
December 31, 2017					
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 36,420	\$ 36,420	\$	\$	\$ 36,420
Securities available-for-sale	97,663	998	96,665		97,663
Securities held-to-maturity	25,758		25,491		25,491
Equity securities	89	89			89
Restricted stock	4,614	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Loans held for sale	246	246			246
Net loans	511,226			513,106	513,106
Bank-owned life insurance	13,218	13,218			13,218
Accrued interest receivable	1,545	1,545			1,545
Mortgage servicing rights	270			270	270

Financial liabilities

Deposits	\$ 583,259	\$ 473,467	\$	\$ 110,224	\$ 583,691
Short-term borrowings	39,480	39,480			39,480
Other borrowings	11,409			10,365	10,365
Accrued interest payable	90	90			90

For purposes of the above disclosures of fair value, the following assumptions are used:

Cash and cash equivalents; Loans held for sale; Accrued interest receivable; Short-term borrowings and Accrued interest payable

The fair value of the above instruments is considered to be carrying value, classified as Level I in the fair value hierarchy.

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NOTE 6 FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)**Securities**

The fair value of securities available-for-sale and securities held-to-maturity which are measured on a recurring basis are determined primarily by obtaining quoted prices on nationally recognized securities exchanges or matrix pricing, which is a mathematical technique used widely in the industry to value debt securities without relying exclusively on quoted prices for the specific securities but rather by relying on securities' relationship to other similar securities, classified as Level I or Level II in the fair value hierarchy.

Equity investments with a readily determinable value are classified as Level I and equity investments without a readily determinable value are classified as Level III. The following table presents the carrying amount of equity investments without readily determinable fair values, the annual and cumulative amount of impairment, and the annual and cumulative amount of observable price changes for orderly transactions for the identical or a similar investment of the same issuer:

<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>	March 31, 2018	
	Year-to-Date	Life-to-Date
Amortized cost	\$ 44	\$ 44
Impairment		
Observable price changes	2	2
Carrying value	\$ 46	\$ 46

Net loans

Effective first quarter 2018 the fair value of loans were determined using an exit price methodology as prescribed by ASU 2016-01. The exit price estimation of fair value is based on the future value of expected cash flows. The projected cash flows are based on the contractual terms of the loans, adjusted for prepayments and use of a current market rate based on the relative credit risk of the loan. In addition, an incremental liquidity discount is applied. In comparison, loan fair values as of December 31, 2017 were estimated based on an entrance price methodology. As a result the fair value adjustments as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 are not comparable, classified as Level III.

Bank-owned life insurance

The carrying amount of bank-owned life insurance is based on the cash surrender value of the policies and is a reasonable estimate of fair value, classified as Level I.

Restricted stock

Restricted stock includes Federal Home Loan Bank Stock and Federal Reserve Bank Stock. It is not practicable to determine the fair value of regulatory equity securities due to restrictions placed on their transferability.

Mortgage servicing rights

The fair value of mortgage servicing rights is based on a valuation model that calculates the present value of estimated net servicing income. The valuation model incorporates discounted cash flow and repayment assumptions based on management's best judgment, classified as Level III.

Deposits

The fair value of certificates of deposit is based on the discounted value of contractual cash flows. The discount rates are estimated using market rates currently offered for similar instruments with similar remaining maturities, resulting in a Level III classification. Demand, savings, and money market deposit accounts are valued at the amount payable on demand as of quarter end, resulting in a Level I classification.

Other borrowings

The fair value of Federal Home Loan Bank advances are estimated using a discounted cash flow analysis based on the current borrowing rates for similar types of borrowings, resulting in a Level III classification.

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NOTE 6 FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

The Company also has unrecognized financial instruments at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017. These financial instruments relate to commitments to extend credit and letters of credit. The aggregated contract amount of such financial instruments was approximately \$171.9 million at March 31, 2018 and \$178.2 million at December 31, 2017. Such amounts are also considered to be the fair values.

The fair value estimates of financial instruments are made at a specific point in time based on relevant market information. Since no ready market exists for a significant portion of the financial instruments, fair value estimates are largely based on judgments after considering such factors as future expected credit losses, current economic conditions, risk characteristics of various financial instruments, and other factors. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgment and therefore, cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions could significantly affect these estimates.

NOTE 7 ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

The following table presents the changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) by component net of tax for the three month periods ended March 31, 2018 and 2017:

<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>	Pretax	Tax Effect	After-tax
Three months ended March 31, 2018			
Balance as of December 31, 2017	\$ (839)	\$ 176	\$ (663)
Unrealized holding loss on available-for-sale securities arising during the period	(1,385)	291	(1,094)
Reclassify equity AOCI gain to retained earnings	37	(8)	29
Amortization of held-to-maturity discount resulting from transfer	22	(5)	17
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	(1,326)	278	(1,048)
Balance as of March 31, 2018	\$ (2,165)	\$ 454	\$ (1,711)
Three months ended March 31, 2017			
Balance as of December 31, 2016	\$ (1,323)	\$ 449	\$ (874)
	471	(161)	310

Unrealized holding gain on available-for-sale securities arising during the period			
Amortization of held-to-maturity discount resulting from transfer	31	(10)	21
Total other comprehensive income	502	(171)	331
Balance as of March 31, 2017	\$ (821)	\$ 278	\$ (543)

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CSB BANCORP, INC.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS
OF OPERATIONS

**ITEM 2 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS
OF OPERATIONS**

The following management's discussion and analysis focuses on the consolidated financial condition of the Company at March 31, 2018 as compared to December 31, 2017, and the consolidated results of operations for the three month period ended March 31, 2018 compared to the same period in 2017. The purpose of this discussion is to provide the reader with a more thorough understanding of the Consolidated Financial Statements. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the interim Consolidated Financial Statements and related footnotes contained in Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements contained in this Quarterly Report are not historical facts but rather are forward-looking statements that are subject to certain risks and uncertainties. When used herein, the terms "anticipates", "plans", "expects", "believes", similar expressions as they relate to the Company or its management are intended to identify forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. The Company's actual results, performance or achievements may materially differ from those expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements. Risks and uncertainties that could cause or contribute to such material differences include, but are not limited to, general economic conditions, interest rate environment, competitive conditions in the financial services industry, changes in law, governmental policies and regulations, and rapidly changing technology affecting financial services. Other factors not currently anticipated may also materially and adversely affect the Company's results of operations, cash flows, and financial position. There can be no assurance that future results will meet expectations. While the Company believes that the forward-looking statements in this report are reasonable, the reader should not place undue reliance on any forward-looking statement.

The Company does not undertake, and specifically disclaims any obligation, to publicly revise any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of such statements or to reflect the occurrence of anticipated or unanticipated events, except as may be required by applicable law.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

Total assets were \$700 million at March 31, 2018 as compared to \$707 million at December 31, 2017. During the three month period ended March 31, 2018, net loans increased \$14 million. Cash, cash equivalents, and securities decreased \$22 million. On the liability side, deposits and repurchase agreements decreased by \$8 million.

Net loans increased \$14 million, or 3%, during the three months ended March 31, 2018. The increase occurred as demand for both business and consumer loans within the bank's markets continued. The bank has added lending and operations staff to accommodate the increase in demand. Commercial loans including commercial real estate loans increased \$9 million, or 3%, while construction and land development loans increased \$3 million, or 15%. Residential real estate loans increased \$1 million, or 1%, and consumer loans increased \$50 thousand from December 31, 2017. Home purchase activity has increased and consumers continued to refinance their mortgage loans for lower long-term fixed rates. Residential mortgage loan originations for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 were

\$12 million for each period. Originations sold into the secondary market were \$2.2 million and \$1.5 million, respectively during the three month periods ended March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017. The Bank originates and sells primarily fixed-rate thirty year mortgages into the secondary market.

The allowance for loan losses as a percentage of total loans was 1.06% at March 31, 2018 as compared to 1.08% at December 31, 2017. Outstanding loan balances increased 3% to \$530 million at March 31, 2018. The allowance for loan losses remained constant at \$5.6 million at March 31, 2018 following a provision of \$324 thousand and net charge-offs of \$295 thousand for the current quarter.

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CSB BANCORP, INC.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS
OF OPERATIONS

Nonaccrual loans decreased during the first three months of 2018. For the three months ending March 31, 2018 loans totaling \$183 thousand were placed on nonaccrual status, there were \$292 thousand in charge-downs recognized, and pay downs of \$1.1 million were received. The decrease in nonaccrual loans was primarily due to the resolution of a \$1.7 million credit facility.

<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	March 31, 2017
Non-performing loans	\$ 4,602	\$ 6,522	\$ 4,909
Other real estate	20		
Allowance for loan losses	5,633	5,604	5,454
Total loans	530,395	516,830	480,709
Allowance: Loans	1.06%	1.08%	1.13%
Allowance: Non-performing loans	1.2x	0.9x	1.1x

The ratio of gross loans to deposits was 92.0% at March 31, 2018, compared to 88.6% at December 31, 2017.

The Company has no exposure to government-sponsored enterprise preferred stocks, collateralized debt obligations, or trust preferred securities. Management has considered industry analyst reports, sector credit reports, and the volatility within the bond market in concluding that the gross unrealized losses of \$2.6 million within the available-for-sale and held-to-maturity portfolios as of March 31, 2018, were primarily the result of customary and expected fluctuations in the bond market and not necessarily the expected cash flows of the individual securities. As a result, all security impairments on March 31, 2018, are considered temporary and no impairment loss relating to these securities has been recognized.

Deposits decreased \$7 million, or 1%, from December 31, 2017 with noninterest bearing deposits decreasing \$7 million and interest-bearing deposit accounts increasing \$318 thousand, or less than 1%. Total deposits as of March 31, 2018 are \$34 million greater than March 31, 2017 deposit balances. On a year over year comparison, a decrease was recognized in noninterest-bearing demand deposits of \$5 million and money market savings accounts of \$2 million, while increases were recognized in interest-bearing demand deposits of \$25 million, savings of \$11 million, and time deposits of \$5 million.

Short-term borrowings consisting of overnight repurchase agreements with retail customers decreased \$1 million to \$38 million at March 31, 2018 as compared to December 31, 2017 and other borrowings decreased \$187 thousand as the Company repaid FHLB advances with required monthly amortization.

Total shareholders' equity amounted to \$71 million, or 10.1% of total assets at March 31, 2018 up slightly from December 31, 2017. The increase in shareholders' equity during the three months ending March 31, 2018 was due to net income of \$2.2 million offset by an increase in accumulated other comprehensive loss of \$1 million and dividends declared of \$658 thousand. The Company and the Bank met all regulatory capital requirements at March 31, 2018.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017

For the quarters ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, the Company recorded net income of \$2.2 million and \$1.7 million and \$.79 and \$.63 per share, respectively. The \$434 thousand increase in net income for the quarter was primarily the result of a \$527 thousand increase in net interest income an increase of \$39 thousand in other noninterest income, a decrease of \$109 thousand in other noninterest expenses, and a \$243 thousand reduction in federal income tax provision. The increases were partially offset by an increase in the provision for loans losses of \$484 thousand.

Return on average assets and return on average equity were 1.25% and 12.23%, respectively, for the three month period of 2018, compared to 1.05% and 10.54%, respectively for the same quarter in 2017.

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CSB BANCORP, INC.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS
OF OPERATIONS**Average Balance Sheets and Net Interest Margin Analysis**

<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>	For the three months ended March 31,			
	2018		2017	
	Average balance	Average rate	Average balance	Average rate
ASSETS				
Interest-earning deposits in other banks	\$ 8,564	2.06%	\$ 12,493	1.04%
Federal funds sold	395	1.64	990	0.70
Taxable securities	95,741	2.55	102,717	2.36
Tax-exempt securities	28,757	2.88	30,664	3.33
Loans	527,315	4.72	480,656	4.60
Total earning assets	660,772	4.29%	627,520	4.10%
Other assets	39,622		39,130	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 700,394		\$ 666,650	
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Interest-bearing demand deposits	\$ 116,432	0.22%	\$ 86,169	0.06%
Savings deposits	179,720	0.27	164,924	0.13
Time deposits	112,386	0.99	111,560	0.74
Other borrowed funds	52,826	0.81	65,781	0.73
Total interest bearing liabilities	461,364	0.49%	428,434	0.36%
Non-interest bearing demand deposits	165,317		168,727	
Other liabilities	2,540		2,929	
Shareholders' Equity	71,173		66,560	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 700,394		\$ 666,650	
Taxable equivalent net interest spread		3.80%		3.74%
Taxable equivalent net interest margin		3.95%		3.85%

Interest income for the quarter ended March 31, 2018, was \$6.9 million representing a \$703 thousand increase, or a 11% improvement, compared to the same period in 2017. This increase was primarily due to average loan volume increasing \$47 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2018 as compared to the first quarter 2017. Interest expense for the quarter ended March 31, 2018 was \$560 thousand, an increase of \$176 thousand, or 46%, from the same period

in 2017. The increase in interest expense occurred primarily due to an increase in rate on all interest-bearing liabilities for the quarter ended March 31, 2018.

For the quarter ended March 31, 2018, the provision for loan losses was \$324 thousand, compared to a provision of \$160 thousand credit for the same quarter in 2017. For more discussion see Financial Condition. The provision for loan losses is determined based on management's calculation of the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses, which includes provisions for classified loans as well as for the remainder of the portfolio based on historical data, including past charge-offs and current economic trends.

Noninterest income for the quarter ended March 31, 2018, was \$1.1 million, a decrease of \$39 thousand, or 4%, compared to the same quarter in 2017. Service charges on deposit accounts decreased \$7 thousand, or 2%, compared to the same quarter in 2017 primarily from decreases in overdraft fees. The gain on the sale of mortgage loans to the secondary market increased to \$77 thousand for the quarter ending March 31, 2018, from \$42 thousand in the same quarter in 2017. Debit card interchange income increased \$25 thousand, or 9%, with greater fee income in the first quarter of 2018. Fees from trust and brokerage services increased \$12 thousand to \$219 thousand for the first quarter 2018 as compared to the same quarter in 2017 following a realignment of both divisions in 2017.

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CSB BANCORP, INC.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS
OF OPERATIONS

Noninterest expenses for the quarter ended March 31, 2018 decreased \$109 thousand, or 2%, compared to the first quarter of 2017. Salaries and employee benefits increased \$178 thousand, or 7%, a result of increases in employees, base salary, and other benefits. Debit card expenses decreased \$14 thousand, or 11%, compared to the first quarter 2017 due to the replacement of all outstanding debit cards with EMV chip cards. Software expense rose \$3 thousand quarter over quarter with additional investment. Occupancy expense increased \$9 thousand in 2018 over the first quarter of 2017. Professional and director fees increased \$142 thousand for the quarter ended March 31, 2018 as compared to the first quarter 2017. The increase was primarily a result of increased legal fees for loan collections.

Federal income tax expense decreased \$243 thousand, or 32%, for the quarter ended March 31, 2018 as compared to the first quarter of 2017. The provision for income taxes was \$509 thousand (effective rate of 19%) for the quarter ended March 31, 2018, compared to \$752 thousand (effective rate of 30%) for the same quarter ended 2017. The effective rate decreased as a result of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act enacted on December 22, 2017.

CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company maintained a strong capital position with tangible common equity to tangible assets of 9.5% at March 31, 2018 compared with 9.3% at December 31, 2017.

Effective January 1, 2015 the Federal Reserve adopted final rules implementing Basel III and regulatory capital changes required by the Dodd-Frank Act. The rules apply to both the Company and the Bank. The rules established minimum risk-based and leverage capital requirements for all banking organizations. The quality of capital will be provided by the new measurement of Tier 1 capital called common equity tier 1 or (CET1). Effective with the March 31, 2015 Call Report the Bank selected the opt-out election for accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI). This election will neutralize the effects of unrealized gains and losses from available-for-sale securities and other elements of the AOCI account for regulatory capital purposes.

Consistent with the Board of Director's commitment to public confidence and safe and sound banking operations, capital targets and minimum risk-based capital ratios for CSB were established to maintain excess capital to well-capitalized standards. To be considered well-capitalized, an institution must have a total risk-based capital ratio of at least 10%, a tier 1 capital ratio of at least 8%, a leverage capital ratio of at least 5%, a CET1 ratio of at least 6.5%, and must not be subject to any order or directive requiring the institution to improve its capital level. An adequately capitalized institution has a total risk-based capital ratio of at least 8%, a tier 1 capital ratio of at least 6%, a CET1 ratio of at least 4.5%, and a leverage ratio of at least 4%.

Failure to meet specified minimum capital requirements could result in regulatory actions by the Federal Reserve or Ohio Division of Financial Institutions that could have a material effect on the Company's financial condition or results of operations. Management believes there were no material changes to capital resources as presented in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017. As of March 31, 2018 the Company and the Bank met all capital adequacy requirements to which they were subject.

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CSB BANCORP, INC.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS
OF OPERATIONS

	Capital Ratios	
	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital To Risk Weighted Assets		
Consolidated	12.6%	12.7%
Bank	12.4%	12.5%
Tier 1 Capital To Risk Weighted Assets Ratio		
Consolidated	12.6%	12.7%
Bank	12.4%	12.5%
Total Capital To Risk Weighted Assets Ratio		
Consolidated	13.7%	13.8%
Bank	13.5%	13.6%
Tier 1 Leverage Ratio		
Consolidated	9.7%	9.3%
Bank	9.6%	9.2%

LIQUIDITY

<i>(Dollars in millions)</i>	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	Change
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 22	\$ 36	\$ (14)
Unused lines of credit	82	82	
Unpledged AFS securities at fair market value	23	31	(8)
	\$ 127	\$ 149	\$ (22)
Net deposits and short-term liabilities	\$ 546	\$ 557	\$ (11)
Liquidity ratio	23.0%	26.8%	(3.8)
Minimum board approved liquidity ratio	20.0%	20.0%	

Liquidity refers to the Company's ability to generate sufficient cash to fund current loan demand, meet deposit withdrawals, pay operating expenses, and meet other obligations. Liquidity is monitored by the Company's Asset Liability Committee. Other sources of liquidity include, but are not limited to, purchases of federal funds, advances from the FHLB, adjustments of interest rates to attract deposits, brokered deposits, and borrowing at the Federal Reserve discount window. Management believes that its sources of liquidity are adequate to meet cash flow obligations for the foreseeable future.

The liquidity ratio was 23.0% and 26.8% at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements (as such term is defined in applicable Securities and Exchange Commission (the Commission) rules) that are reasonably likely to have a current or future material effect on our financial condition, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures, or capital resources.

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CSB BANCORP, INC.

QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

ITEM 3 QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

There have been no material changes in the quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risks as of March 31, 2018, from the disclosures presented in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017.

Management performs a quarterly analysis of the Company's interest rate risk over a twenty-four month horizon. The analysis includes two balance sheet models, one based on a static balance sheet and one on a dynamic balance sheet with projected growth in assets and liabilities. Minor variances with net interest income exceeding the board approved policy are being projected in the March 2018 dynamic balance sheet simulation coupled with immediate rate shocks. All other balance sheet positions and interest rate projections are currently within the Company's board-approved policy.

The following table presents an analysis of the estimated sensitivity of the Company's annual net interest income to sudden and sustained -100 through +400 basis point changes, in 100 basis point increments, in market interest rates at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017. The net interest income reflected is for the first twelve month period of the modeled twenty-four month horizon. The underlying balance sheet for illustrative purposes is dynamic with projected growth in assets and liabilities.

March 31, 2018*(Dollars in thousands)***Change in**

Interest Rates (basis points)	Net Interest Income	Dollar Change	Percentage Change	Board Policy Limits
+400	\$ 28,763	\$ 1,177	4.3%	+/-25%
+300	28,505	919	3.3	+/-15
+200	28,241	655	2.4	+/-10
+100	27,927	341	1.2	+/-5
0	27,586			
-100	27,222	(364)	(1.3)	+/-5
December 31, 2017				
+400	\$ 28,329	\$ 1,889	6.2%	+/-25%
+300	27,944	1,433	4.8	+/-15
+200	27,552	947	3.3	+/-10
+100	27,123	462	1.7	+/-5
0	26,663			
-100	25,996	(667)	(2.5)	+/-5

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CSB BANCORP, INC.

CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

ITEM 4 CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

With the participation of the Company's management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, the Company has evaluated the effectiveness of its disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act)) as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Based upon that evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that:

- (a) information required to be disclosed by the Company in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q would be accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure;
- (b) information required to be disclosed by the Company in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q would be recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Commission's rules and forms; and
- (c) the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q to ensure that material information relating to the Company and its consolidated subsidiary is made known to them, particularly during the period for which the Company's periodic reports, including this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, are being prepared.

CHANGES IN INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

There were no changes during the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act) that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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CSB BANCORP, INC.

FORM 10-Q

Quarter ended March 31, 2018

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1 LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

In the opinion of management there are no outstanding legal proceedings that are reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on the company's financial condition or results of operations.

ITEM 1A RISK FACTORS.

There have been no material changes to the Company's risk factors from those disclosed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017.

ITEM 2 UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS.

On July 7, 2005 CSB Bancorp, Inc. filed Form 8-K with the Commission announcing that its Board of Directors approved a Stock Repurchase Program authorizing the repurchase of up to 10% of the Company's common shares then outstanding. Repurchases may be made from time to time as market and business conditions warrant, in the open market, through block purchases, and in negotiated private transactions. No repurchases were made during the quarterly period ended March 31, 2018.

ITEM 3 DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES.

Not applicable.

ITEM 4 MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES.

Not applicable.

ITEM 5 OTHER INFORMATION.

Not applicable.

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CSB BANCORP, INC.

FORM 10-Q

Quarter ended March 31, 2018

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 6 Exhibits.

Exhibit

Number

Description of Document

3.1	<u>Amended Articles of Incorporation of CSB Bancorp, Inc. (incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed August 6, 2004, Exhibit 3.1, film number 04958544).</u>
3.2	<u>Code of Regulations of CSB Bancorp, Inc. (incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Form 10-SB).</u>
3.2.1	<u>Amended Article VIII of the Code of Regulations of CSB Bancorp, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Registrant's Form DEF 14a filed on March 25, 2009, Appendix A, film number 09703970).</u>
4.0	Specimen stock certificate (incorporated by reference to Registrant's Form 10-SB). (P)
11	<u>Statement Regarding Computation of Per Share Earnings.</u>
31.1	<u>Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Chief Executive Officer's Certification.</u>
31.2	<u>Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Chief Financial Officer's Certification.</u>
32.1	<u>Section 1350 Chief Executive Officer's Certification.</u>
32.2	<u>Section 1350 Chief Financial Officer's Certification.</u>
101	The following materials from the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2018 formatted in XBRL (extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets: (ii) Consolidated Statements of Income: (iii) Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income: (iv) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity: (v) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows: and (vi) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

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CSB BANCORP, INC.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

CSB BANCORP, INC.

(Registrant)

Date: May 10, 2018

/s/ Eddie L. Steiner
Eddie L. Steiner
President
Chief Executive Officer

Date: May 10, 2018

/s/ Paula J. Meiler
Paula J. Meiler
Senior Vice President
Chief Financial Officer