

GENUINE PARTS CO  
Form 10-Q  
August 06, 2014

**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
**WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549**

**FORM 10-Q**

**x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2014**

**OR**

**.. TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_**

**Commission file number: 1-5690**

**GENUINE PARTS COMPANY**

**(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)**

**GEORGIA**  
**(State or other jurisdiction of**  
**incorporation or organization)**

**58-0254510**  
**(I.R.S. Employer**  
**Identification No.)**

**2999 CIRCLE 75 PARKWAY, ATLANTA, GA**  
**(Address of principal executive offices)**

**30339**  
**(Zip Code)**

**(770) 953-1700**

**(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer  (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

**Class**  
**Common Stock, \$1.00 par value per share**

**Outstanding at July 31, 2014**  
**153,088,650 Shares**

**PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION**Item 1. Financial StatementsGENUINE PARTS COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIESCONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	June 30, 2014 (unaudited)	December 31, 2013
	(in thousands, except share and per share data)	
<b>ASSETS</b>		
<b>CURRENT ASSETS:</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 152,863	\$ 196,893
Trade accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts (2014 \$18,955; 2013 \$14,423)	1,909,268	1,664,819
Merchandise inventories, net at lower of cost or market	2,987,143	2,946,021
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	463,087	413,758
<b>TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS</b>	<b>5,512,361</b>	<b>5,221,491</b>
Goodwill	870,216	789,971
Other intangible assets, less accumulated amortization	562,646	499,385
Deferred tax assets	89,196	97,555
Other assets	555,825	401,834
Property, plant and equipment, less allowance for depreciation (2014 \$860,433; 2013 \$807,436)	661,304	670,061
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$ 8,251,548</b>	<b>\$ 7,680,297</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>		
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES:</b>		
Trade accounts payable	\$ 2,489,570	\$ 2,269,671
Current portion of debt	306,358	264,658
Dividends payable	88,211	82,746
Income taxes payable	22,639	9,237
Other current liabilities	600,076	556,732
<b>TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>	<b>3,506,854</b>	<b>3,183,044</b>
Long-term debt	500,000	500,000
Pension and other post retirement benefit liabilities	137,616	140,171
Deferred tax liabilities	85,584	83,316
Other long-term liabilities	484,000	414,998
<b>EQUITY:</b>		
Preferred stock, par value \$1 per share		
Authorized 10,000,000 shares None issued	-0-	-0-

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Common stock, par value \$1 per share		
Authorized 450,000,000 shares		
Issued 2014 153,305,602; 2013 153,773,098	153,306	153,773
Additional paid-in capital	21,817	14,935
Retained earnings	3,703,462	3,578,021
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(351,415)	(397,655)
<b>TOTAL PARENT EQUITY</b>	<b>3,527,170</b>	<b>3,349,074</b>
Noncontrolling interests in subsidiaries	10,324	9,694
<b>TOTAL EQUITY</b>	<b>3,537,494</b>	<b>3,358,768</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>	<b>\$ 8,251,548</b>	<b>\$ 7,680,297</b>

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

GENUINE PARTS COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIESCONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	(unaudited)			
	(in thousands, except per share data)			
Net sales	\$ 3,908,387	\$ 3,675,997	\$ 7,533,284	\$ 6,874,799
Cost of goods sold	2,729,219	2,570,889	5,269,486	4,847,943
Gross profit	1,179,168	1,105,108	2,263,798	2,026,856
Operating expenses:				
Selling, administrative and other expenses	832,205	753,527	1,636,006	1,427,139
Depreciation and amortization	36,783	36,853	73,640	62,852
	868,988	790,380	1,709,646	1,489,991
Income before income taxes	310,180	314,728	554,152	536,865
Income taxes	112,453	98,371	198,941	176,119
Net income	\$ 197,727	\$ 216,357	\$ 355,211	\$ 360,746
Basic net income per common share	\$ 1.29	\$ 1.40	\$ 2.31	\$ 2.33
Diluted net income per common share	\$ 1.28	\$ 1.39	\$ 2.30	\$ 2.31
Dividends declared per common share	\$ .575	\$ .5375	\$ 1.15	\$ 1.075
Weighted average common shares outstanding	153,463	155,050	153,595	154,971
Dilutive effect of stock options and non-vested restricted stock awards	1,069	1,094	1,063	1,075
Weighted average common shares outstanding assuming dilution	154,532	156,144	154,658	156,046
Comprehensive income	\$ 240,074	\$ 114,068	\$ 401,451	\$ 262,015

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

GENUINE PARTS COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIESCONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Six Months	
	Ended June 30,	
	2014	2013
	(unaudited)	
	(in thousands)	
<b>OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Net income	\$ 355,211	\$ 360,746
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	73,640	62,852
Share-based compensation	7,855	5,455
Excess tax benefits from share-based compensation	(5,948)	(9,410)
Other	753	(51,051)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	(64,409)	98,486
<b>NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>367,102</b>	<b>467,078</b>
<b>INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(39,923)	(50,807)
Acquisitions and other investing activities	(178,889)	(596,105)
<b>NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>(218,812)</b>	<b>(646,912)</b>
<b>FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Proceeds from debt	1,246,613	1,269,550
Payments on debt	(1,214,169)	(1,098,998)
Share-based awards exercised, net of taxes paid	(6,754)	(10,948)
Excess tax benefits from share-based compensation	5,948	9,410
Dividends paid	(171,171)	(159,908)
Purchase of stock	(53,769)	(26,318)
<b>NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>(193,302)</b>	<b>(17,212)</b>
<b>EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH</b>	<b>982</b>	<b>(9,279)</b>
<b>NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	<b>(44,030)</b>	<b>(206,325)</b>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD</b>	<b>196,893</b>	<b>403,095</b>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD</b>	<b>\$ 152,863</b>	<b>\$ 196,770</b>

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTSNote A Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and therefore do not include all information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements. Except as disclosed herein, there has been no material change in the information disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K of Genuine Parts Company (the Company) for the year ended December 31, 2013. Accordingly, the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements and related disclosures herein should be read in conjunction with the Company's 2013 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

The preparation of interim financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions for the amounts reported in the condensed consolidated financial statements. Specifically, the Company makes estimates and assumptions in its interim condensed consolidated financial statements for inventory adjustments, the accrual of bad debts, customer sales returns, and volume incentives earned, among others. Inventory adjustments (including adjustments for a majority of inventories that are valued under the last-in, first-out (LIFO) method) are accrued on an interim basis and adjusted in the fourth quarter based on the annual book to physical inventory adjustment and LIFO valuation, which is performed each year-end. Reserves for bad debts and customer sales returns are estimated and accrued on an interim basis based upon historical experience. Volume incentives are estimated based upon cumulative and projected purchasing levels. The estimates and assumptions for interim reporting may change upon final determination at year-end, and such changes may be significant.

In the opinion of management, all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the Company's financial results for the interim periods have been made. These adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. The results of operations for the six month period ended June 30, 2014 are not necessarily indicative of results for the entire year. The Company has evaluated subsequent events through the date the financial statements covered by this quarterly report were issued.

Note B Segment Information

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	(in thousands)		(in thousands)	
Net sales:				
Automotive	\$ 2,110,396	\$ 2,011,802	\$ 4,008,911	\$ 3,556,339
Industrial	1,209,235	1,132,032	2,352,509	2,234,112
Office products	418,785	402,272	836,883	822,400
Electrical/electronic materials	188,034	142,970	368,365	282,155
Other	(18,063)	(13,079)	(33,384)	(20,207)
<b>Total net sales</b>	<b>\$ 3,908,387</b>	<b>\$ 3,675,997</b>	<b>\$ 7,533,284</b>	<b>\$ 6,874,799</b>
Operating profit:				
Automotive	\$ 206,683	\$ 186,382	\$ 356,793	\$ 307,425
Industrial	95,428	88,891	178,478	167,786
Office products	31,183	29,768	65,129	62,960
Electrical/electronic materials	16,463	12,221	31,992	22,672

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Total operating profit	349,757	317,262	632,392	560,843
Interest expense, net	(6,224)	(7,852)	(12,430)	(11,205)
Other intangible assets amortization	(8,498)	(8,986)	(17,374)	(12,761)
Other, net	(24,855)	14,304	(48,436)	(12)
Income before income taxes	\$ 310,180	\$ 314,728	\$ 554,152	\$ 536,865

Net sales by segment exclude the effect of certain discounts, incentives and freight billed to customers. The line item Other represents the net effect of the discounts, incentives and freight billed to customers, which is reported as a component of net sales in the Company's condensed consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income.

Note C Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The difference between comprehensive income and net income was due to foreign currency translation adjustments and pension and other post-retirement benefit adjustments, as summarized below.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	(in thousands)		(in thousands)	
Net income	\$ 197,727	\$ 216,357	\$ 355,211	\$ 360,746
Other comprehensive income:				
Foreign currency translation	38,537	(114,049)	38,639	(122,269)
Pension and other post-retirement benefit adjustments:				
Recognition of prior service credit, net of tax	(493)	(1,319)	(980)	(2,642)
Recognition of actuarial loss, net of tax	4,303	13,079	8,581	26,180
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	42,347	(102,289)	46,240	(98,731)
Comprehensive income	\$ 240,074	\$ 114,068	\$ 401,451	\$ 262,015

The following tables present the changes in accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income by component for the six months ended June 30:

	2014		
	Changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income by Component		
	Pension and Other Post-Retirement Benefits	Foreign Currency Translation	Total
	(in thousands)		
Beginning balance, January 1	\$ (360,036)	\$ (37,619)	\$ (397,655)
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications, net of tax		38,639	38,639
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax	7,601		7,601
Net current period other comprehensive income	7,601	38,639	46,240
Ending balance, June 30	\$ (352,435)	\$ 1,020	\$ (351,415)

	2013		
	Changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income by Component		
	Pension and Other Post-Retirement Benefits	Foreign Currency Translation (in thousands)	Total
Beginning balance, January 1	\$ (632,576)	\$ 131,084	\$ (501,492)
Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications, net of tax		(122,269)	(122,269)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax	23,538		23,538
Net current period other comprehensive income (loss)	23,538	(122,269)	(98,731)
Ending balance, June 30	\$ (609,038)	\$ 8,815	\$ (600,223)

The accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income components related to the pension benefits are included in the computation of net periodic benefit (income) cost in the employee benefit plans footnote.

#### Note D Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* ( ASU 2014-09 ), which creates a single, comprehensive revenue recognition model for all contracts with customers. The updated standard requires an entity to recognize revenue to reflect the transfer of promised goods or services to customers at an amount that the entity expects to be entitled to in exchange for those goods and services. ASU 2014-09 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2016, and may be adopted either retrospectively or on a modified retrospective basis whereby the new standard would be applied to new contracts and existing contracts with remaining performance obligations as of the effective date, with a cumulative catch-up adjustment recorded to beginning retained earnings at the effective date for existing contracts with remaining performance obligations. Early adoption is not permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of ASU 2014-09 on the Company's consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

#### Note E Share-Based Compensation

As more fully discussed in Note 5 of the Company's notes to the consolidated financial statements in its 2013 Annual Report on Form 10-K, the Company maintains various long-term incentive plans, which provide for the granting of stock options, stock appreciation rights ( SARs ), restricted stock, restricted stock units ( RSUs ), performance awards, dividend equivalents and other share-based awards. SARs represent a right to receive upon exercise an amount, payable in shares of common stock, equal to the excess, if any, of the fair market value of the Company's common stock on the date of exercise over the base value of the grant. The terms of such SARs require net settlement in shares of common stock and do not provide for cash settlement. RSUs represent a contingent right to receive one share of the Company's common stock at a future date. The majority of awards previously granted vest on a pro-rata basis for periods ranging from one to five years and are expensed accordingly on a straight-line basis. The Company issues new shares upon exercise or conversion of awards under these plans. Most awards may be exercised or converted to shares not earlier than twelve months nor later than ten years from the date of grant. At June 30, 2014, total compensation cost related to nonvested awards not yet recognized was approximately \$37.0 million, as compared to \$26.0 million at

December 31, 2013. The weighted-average period over which this compensation cost is expected to be recognized is approximately three years. The aggregate intrinsic value for SARs and RSUs outstanding at June 30, 2014 was approximately \$162.1 million. At June 30, 2014, the aggregate intrinsic value for SARs and RSUs vested totaled approximately \$103.9 million, and the weighted-average contractual life for outstanding and exercisable SARs and RSUs was approximately six and five years, respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2014, \$7.9 million of share-based compensation cost was recorded, as compared to \$5.5 million for the same period in the prior year. On April 1, 2014, the Company granted approximately 680,000 SARs and 165,000 RSUs.

Options to purchase approximately 0.7 million and 0.4 million shares of common stock were outstanding but excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2014, and remained unchanged as compared to the same three and six month periods of the prior year, respectively. These options were excluded from the computation of diluted net income per common share because the options exercise price was greater than the average market price of the common stock.

#### Note F Employee Benefit Plans

Net periodic benefit (income) cost for the pension plans included the following components for the three months ended June 30:

	Pension Benefits	
	2014	2013
	(in thousands)	
Service cost	\$ 1,927	\$ 4,961
Interest cost	25,530	22,391
Expected return on plan assets	(36,234)	(33,495)
Amortization of prior service credit	(468)	(1,892)
Amortization of actuarial loss	6,613	21,097
Net periodic benefit (income) cost	\$ (2,632)	\$ 13,062

Net periodic benefit (income) cost for the pension plans included the following components for the six months ended June 30:

	Pension Benefits	
	2014	2013
	(in thousands)	
Service cost	\$ 3,836	\$ 9,937
Interest cost	51,032	44,798
Expected return on plan assets	(72,431)	(67,013)
Amortization of prior service credit	(932)	(3,786)
Amortization of actuarial loss	13,208	42,209
Net periodic benefit (income) cost	\$ (5,287)	\$ 26,145

Pension benefits also include amounts related to a supplemental retirement plan. During the six months ended June 30, 2014, the Company made a \$38.7 million contribution to the pension plan.

#### Note G Guarantees

The Company guarantees the borrowings of certain independently controlled automotive parts stores ( independents ) and certain other affiliates in which the Company has a noncontrolling equity ownership interest ( affiliates ). Presently, the independents are generally consolidated by unaffiliated enterprises that have a controlling financial interest through ownership of a majority voting interest in the independent. The Company has no voting interest or equity conversion rights in any of the independents. The Company does not control the independents or the affiliates, but

receives a fee for the guarantee. The Company has concluded that the independents are variable interest entities, but that the Company is not the primary beneficiary. Specifically, the equity holders of the independents have the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the entity's economic performance including, but not limited to, decisions about hiring and terminating personnel, local marketing and promotional initiatives, pricing and selling activities, credit decisions, monitoring and maintaining appropriate inventories, and store hours. Separately, the Company concluded the affiliates are not variable interest entities. The Company's maximum exposure to loss as a result of its involvement with these independents and affiliates is generally equal to the total borrowings subject to the Company's guarantee. While such borrowings of the independents and affiliates are outstanding, the Company is required to maintain compliance with certain covenants, including a maximum debt to capitalization ratio and certain limitations on additional borrowings. At June 30, 2014, the Company was in compliance with all such covenants.

At June 30, 2014, the total borrowings of the independents and affiliates subject to guarantee by the Company were approximately \$273.3 million. These loans generally mature over periods from one to six years. In the event that the Company is required to make payments in connection with guaranteed obligations of the independents or the affiliates, the Company would obtain and liquidate certain collateral (e.g., accounts receivable and inventory) to recover all or a

portion of the amounts paid under the guarantee. When it is deemed probable that the Company will incur a loss in connection with a guarantee, a liability is recorded equal to this estimated loss. To date, the Company has had no significant losses in connection with guarantees of independents and affiliates borrowings.

The Company has accrued for guarantees related to the independents and affiliates borrowings as of June 30, 2014. These liabilities are not material to the financial position of the Company and are included in Other long-term liabilities in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

#### Note H Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying amounts reflected in the condensed consolidated balance sheets for cash and cash equivalents, trade accounts receivable, trade accounts payable, and borrowings under the line of credit approximate their respective fair values based on the short-term nature of these instruments. At June 30, 2014, the carrying value and the fair value of fixed rate debt were approximately \$500.0 million and \$508.9 million, respectively. The fair value of fixed rate debt is designated as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy (i.e., significant observable inputs) and is based primarily on the discounted value of future cash flows using current market interest rates offered for debt of similar credit risk and maturity. The carrying value of the fixed rate debt is included in Long-term debt in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet.

#### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes contained herein and with the audited consolidated financial statements, accompanying notes, related information and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

#### Forward-Looking Statements

Some statements in this report, as well as in other materials we file with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) or otherwise release to the public and in materials that we make available on our website, constitute forward-looking statements that are subject to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Senior officers may also make verbal statements to analysts, investors, the media and others that are forward-looking. Forward-looking statements may relate, for example, to future operations, prospects, strategies, financial condition, economic performance (including growth and earnings), industry conditions and demand for our products and services. The Company cautions that its forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties, and while we believe that our expectations for the future are reasonable in view of currently available information, you are cautioned not to place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements. Actual results or events may differ materially from those indicated as a result of various important factors. Such factors may include, among other things, slowing demand for the Company's products, changes in general economic conditions, including, unemployment, inflation or deflation, high energy costs, uncertain credit markets and other macro-economic conditions, the ability to maintain favorable vendor arrangements and relationships, disruptions in our vendors' operations, competitive product, service and pricing pressures, the Company's ability to successfully implement its business initiatives in each of its four business segments, the Company's ability to successfully integrate its acquired businesses, the uncertainties and costs of litigation, as well as other risks and uncertainties discussed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for 2013 and from time to time in the Company's subsequent filings with the SEC.

Forward-looking statements are only as of the date they are made, and the Company undertakes no duty to update its forward-looking statements except as required by law. You are advised, however, to review any further disclosures we make on related subjects in our subsequent reports on Forms 10-K, 10-Q, 8-K and other reports to the SEC.

Overview

Genuine Parts Company is a service organization engaged in the distribution of automotive replacement parts, industrial replacement parts, office products and electrical/electronic materials. The Company has a long tradition of growth dating back to 1928, the year we were founded in Atlanta, Georgia. During the six months ended June 30, 2014, business was conducted throughout the United States, Canada, Australia, New Zealand, Mexico and Puerto Rico from approximately 2,600 locations.

For the three months ended June 30, 2014, the Company recorded consolidated net income of \$197.7 million compared to consolidated net income of \$216.4 million, a decrease of 9% from the same three month period in the prior year. For the six months ended June 30, 2014, we recorded consolidated net income of \$355.2 million compared to consolidated net income of \$360.7 million in the same period last year, a decrease of 2%.

In association with the April 1, 2013 acquisition of the remaining 70% interest in GPC Asia Pacific, the Company's initial 30% investment was remeasured and, net of certain one-time purchase accounting adjustments, amounted to a pre-tax income adjustment of approximately \$36 million recorded in the second quarter of 2013. In accounting for the adjustments, approximately \$18 million in costs were recorded to cost of goods sold and a \$54 million gain, net of expenses, was recorded to selling, administrative & other expenses. The adjustments recorded in the second quarter of 2013, combined with the lower tax rate for the remeasurement, favorably impacted diluted earnings per share in the second quarter of 2013 by \$0.22. Before the one-time adjustments in 2013, net income of \$197.7 million and earnings per share on a diluted basis of \$1.28 were both up 9% compared to the same three month period in 2013.

The Company continues to focus on a variety of initiatives to facilitate continued growth including strategic acquisitions, the introduction of new and expanded product lines, geographic expansion, sales to new markets, enhanced customer marketing programs and a variety of gross margin and cost savings initiatives.

### Sales

Sales for the second quarter of 2014 were \$3.91 billion, an increase of 6% compared to \$3.68 billion for the same period in 2013. For the six months ended June 30, 2014, sales were \$7.53 billion, an increase of 10% compared to \$6.87 billion in the same period of the prior year.

Sales for the Automotive Parts Group increased 5% in the second quarter of 2014 and 13% for the six months ended June 30, 2014, as compared to the same periods in the previous year. The increase in this group's revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2014 was due to 7% organic sales growth offset by a negative 2% foreign currency impact associated with the sales from our Australian and Canadian businesses. For the six months ended June 30, 2014, the 13% increase in this group's revenues was due to the 8% accretive impact of the Company's acquisitions and core sales growth of approximately 7%, offset by an unfavorable foreign currency impact of 2%. In the quarters ahead, we anticipate increased sales growth in the Automotive Parts Group due primarily to the Company's initiatives to drive organic growth.

The Industrial Products Group's sales increased by 7% and 5% for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2014, respectively, as compared to the same period in 2013. The sales increase for the three months ended June 30, 2014 reflect an approximate 3% accretive impact from the Company's acquisitions, with the remaining 4% representing organic sales growth. The sales increase for the six months ended June 30, 2014 reflect an approximate 3% accretive impact from the Company's acquisitions and 3% organic sales growth, offset by an unfavorable foreign currency impact of 1%. The Industrial Products Group experienced improved demand patterns in the three months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period in 2013. We expect improved industry conditions, as well as internal sales initiatives and acquisitions to support growing revenues for this group in the quarters ahead.

Sales for the Office Products Group increased 4% and 2% for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2014, as compared to the same periods in 2013, respectively. The increase in this group's revenues for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2014 is due to the 2% accretive impact of acquisitions, with the additional 2% growth in the three months ended June 30, 2014 representing organic sales growth. We expect internal sales initiatives and acquisitions to support moderate revenue growth for this group in the quarters ahead despite the industry-wide slowdown in office product consumption.

Sales for the Electrical/Electronic Materials Group increased 32% and 31% for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2014, as compared to the same periods of the previous year. The increase in this group's revenues for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2014 was due to the accretive impact of the Company's acquisitions. Our focused growth initiatives should enable this group to report gradual organic revenue improvement and moderately strong revenue increases from their recently completed acquisitions in the quarters ahead.

Industry pricing was basically flat in the Automotive and Electrical\Electronic Materials segments and increased by approximately 1% in the Industrial Products and Office Products segments for the six month period ended June 30, 2014.

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### Cost of Goods Sold/Expenses

Cost of goods sold for the second quarter of 2014 was \$2.73 billion, a 6% increase from \$2.57 billion for the second quarter of 2013. As a percentage of net sales, cost of goods sold decreased to 69.8% of net sales for the three month period ended June 30, 2014, as compared to 69.9% for the same period of the prior year. For the six months ended June 30, 2014, cost of goods sold was \$5.27 billion, a 9% increase from \$4.85 billion for the same period last year, and as a percent of sales decreased to 70.0% compared to 70.5%. The increase in cost of goods sold for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2014 primarily relates to the sales increase for those periods as compared to the same three and six month periods of the prior year. The decrease in cost of goods sold as a percentage of net sales primarily relates to the one-time cost recorded to cost of goods sold in the three month period ended June 30, 2013 associated with the acquisition of the remaining 70% interest in GPC Asia Pacific as previously discussed. In addition, the Company has a lower cost of goods sold and a higher level of operating costs at the GPC Asia Pacific business due to its 100% owned store-based model, as compared to the Company's other automotive businesses. The Company's cost of goods sold includes the total cost of merchandise sold, including freight expenses associated with moving merchandise from our vendors to our distribution centers and retail stores, vendor income and inventory adjustments. Gross profit as a percentage of net sales may fluctuate based on (i) changes in merchandise costs and related vendor income or vendor pricing, (ii) variations in product and customer mix, (iii) price changes in response to competitive pressures and (iv) physical inventory and LIFO adjustments.

Total operating expenses of \$869.0 million increased to 22.2% of net sales for the second quarter of 2014 compared to \$790.4 million, or 21.5% of sales for the same period of the prior year. For the six months ended June 30, 2014, these expenses totaled \$1.71 billion, or 22.7% of sales, an increase from \$1.49 billion, or 21.7% of sales for the same period in the prior year. The increase in operating expenses as a percentage of net sales for the second quarter and six months ended June 30, 2014 reflects the impact of the one-time acquisition gain, net of expenses, recorded to selling, administrative & other expenses in the three month period ended June 30, 2013, as previously discussed. In addition, the Company has a higher level of operating costs at GPC Asia Pacific due to its 100% owned store-based model. The Company's cost saving initiatives, including the Company's pension plan freeze effective January 1, 2014, have partially offset these increases. We continue to focus on effectively managing the costs in our business with ongoing investments in technology and supply chain initiatives primarily associated with freight and logistics.

The Company's operating expenses are substantially comprised of compensation and benefit related costs for personnel. Other major expense categories include facility occupancy costs for headquarters, distribution center and store operations, insurance costs, accounting, legal and professional services, transportation and delivery costs, travel and advertising. Management's ongoing cost control measures in these areas have served to improve the Company's overall cost structure.

### Operating Profit

Operating profit of \$349.8 million increased to 8.9% of net sales for the three months ended June 30, 2014, compared to \$317.3 million or 8.6% of net sales for the same three month period of the prior year. For the six months ended June 30, 2014, operating profit of \$632.4 million increased to 8.4% of net sales, compared to \$560.8 million or 8.2% of net sales in the same period in 2013. The increase in operating profit as a percentage of net sales for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2014 is primarily due to the Company's increased revenues and related expense leverage, as well as cost savings including savings from the Company's pension plan freeze effective January 1, 2014.

The Automotive Parts Group's operating profit increased 11% in the second quarter of 2014 and its operating profit margin increased to 9.8%, as compared to 9.3% in the same three month period of the prior year. For the six months ended June 30, 2014, operating profit increased 16% compared to the same period of the prior year, and the operating profit margin increased to 8.9% compared to 8.6% for the same period last year. For the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2014, operating profit margin for this group improved due to cost savings and improved expense

leverage on increased revenues. The Industrial Products Group's operating profit increased 7% in the second quarter of 2014 compared to the second quarter of 2013, and the operating profit margin for this group remained unchanged at 7.9% as compared to the same period of the previous year. Operating profit for the Industrial Products Group increased by 6% for the six month period ended June 30, 2014, compared to the same period in 2013, and the operating profit margin increased to 7.6% compared to 7.5% for the same period in 2013. The Office Products Group's operating profit increased 5% in the second quarter of 2014 compared to the same three month period in 2013, and the operating profit margin for this group remained unchanged at 7.4% as compared to the same period of 2013. For the six months ended June 30, 2014, the Office Products Group's operating profit increased 3% compared to the same period of the prior year and the operating profit margin increased to 7.8% compared to 7.7% for the for the same period in 2013. The Electrical/Electronic Materials Group increased its operating profit by 35% in the second quarter, and its operating profit margin increased to 8.8% compared to 8.5% in the second quarter of the previous year. Operating profit for the Electrical/Electronic Materials Group increased by 41% for the six month period ended June 30, 2014, compared to the same period in 2013, and the operating profit margin increased to 8.7% compared to 8.0% for the same six month period in 2013.

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### Income Taxes

The effective income tax rate increased to 36.3% for the three month period ended June 30, 2014, compared to 31.3% for the same three month period ended June 30, 2013. The effective income tax rate was 35.9% for the six month period ended June 30, 2014, compared to 32.8% for the same period in 2013. The rate increase in the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2014 reflects the favorable tax rate applied to the one-time acquisition gain recorded in the three month period ended June 30, 2013.

### Net Income

Net income for the three months ended June 30, 2014 was \$197.7 million, a decrease of 9%, as compared to \$216.4 million for the same three month period of 2013. On a per share diluted basis, net income was \$1.28, a decrease of 8% as compared to \$1.39 for the second quarter of 2013. Net income for the six months ended June 30, 2014, was \$355.2 million, a decrease of 2% from \$360.7 million recorded in the same period of the previous year. Net income on a per share diluted basis for the six months ended June 30, 2014, was \$2.30, a slight decrease compared to \$2.31 for the same period in 2013. Net income and earnings per share on a diluted basis for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2013, include the one-time acquisition gain, net of expenses previously discussed.

Before the one-time adjustments in 2013 as previously discussed, net income of \$197.7 million and earnings per share on a diluted basis of \$1.28 were both up 9% compared to the same three month period in 2013. Net income for the six month period ended June 30, 2014 of \$355.2 million was up 9% and earnings per share on a diluted basis of \$2.30 were up 10% as compared to the same six month period of the previous year excluding the adjustments.

### Financial Condition

The Company's cash balance at June 30, 2014 decreased \$44.0 million or 22% from December 31, 2013, due to \$178.9 million used for acquisitions and other investing activities, \$171.2 million in dividends paid to the Company's shareholders, \$39.9 million invested in the Company via capital expenditures and \$53.8 million for share repurchases.

Accounts receivable increased \$244.4 million or 15% from December 31, 2013, which is due to the Company's overall sales increase and acquisitions. Inventory increased \$41.1 million or 1% compared to the inventory balance at December 31, 2013, as inventory from acquisitions was marginally offset by planned inventory reductions. Accounts payable increased \$220.0 million or 10% from December 31, 2013, primarily due to acquisitions and more favorable payment terms negotiated with our vendors in the six month period ended June 30, 2014. The Company's debt is discussed below.

### Liquidity and Capital Resources

Total debt increased \$41.7 million, or 5%, from December 31, 2013, due to incremental borrowings under the Company's \$850 million unsecured revolving line of credit primarily related to the Company's acquisitions. The line of credit matures in September 2017 and bears interest at LIBOR plus various margins, which is based on the Company's leverage ratio. At June 30, 2014, \$306.4 million was outstanding under the line of credit.

The remaining debt outstanding is at fixed rates of interest and remains unchanged at \$500.0 million as of June 30, 2014, compared to December 31, 2013. The fixed rate debt is comprised of two notes of \$250.0 million each, due in November 2016 and December 2023, carrying an interest rate of 3.35% and 2.99%, respectively. At June 30, 2014, the Company was in compliance with all covenants connected with these borrowings.

The ratio of current assets to current liabilities was 1.6 to 1 at June 30, 2014, unchanged from December 31, 2013.

The Company currently believes existing lines of credit and cash generated from operations will be sufficient to fund anticipated operations, including share repurchases, if any, for the foreseeable future.

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Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* ( ASU 2014-09 ), which creates a single, comprehensive revenue recognition model for all contracts with customers. The updated standard requires an entity to recognize revenue to reflect the transfer of promised goods or services to customers at an amount that the entity expects to be entitled to in exchange for those goods and services. ASU 2014-09 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2016, and may be adopted either retrospectively or on a modified retrospective basis whereby the new standard would be applied to new contracts and existing contracts with remaining performance obligations as of the effective date, with a cumulative catch-up adjustment recorded to beginning retained earnings at the effective date for existing contracts with remaining performance obligations. Early adoption is not permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of ASU 2014-09 on the Company's consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Although the Company does not face material risks related to interest rates and commodity prices, the Company is exposed to changes in foreign currency rates with respect to foreign currency denominated operating revenues and expenses. The Company has translation gains or losses that result from translation of the results of operations of an operating unit's foreign functional currency into U.S. dollars for consolidated financial statement purposes. The Company's principal foreign currency exchange exposures are the Australian dollar and Canadian dollar, which are the functional currency of our Australian and Canadian operations. As previously noted under Sales, foreign currency exchange exposure, particularly in regard to the Australian dollar and Canadian dollar, negatively impacted our results for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2014. There have been no other material changes in market risk from the information provided in the Company's 2013 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

As of the end of the period covered by this report, an evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and Chief Financial Officer (CFO), of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures. Based on that evaluation, the Company's CEO and CFO concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or furnishes under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including the CEO and CFO, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

There have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the evaluation required by paragraph (d) of Rule 13a-15 of the SEC that occurred during the Company's last fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1A. Risk Factors

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the factors discussed in Part I, Item 1A. Risk Factors in our 2013 Annual Report on Form 10-K, which could materially affect our business, financial condition or future results. The risks described in our 2013 Annual Report on Form 10-K are not the only risks facing our Company. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to

be immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and/or operating results.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

## Purchases of Equity Securities by the Issuer and Affiliated Purchasers

The following table provides information about the Company's purchases of shares of the Company's common stock during the quarter:

**ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES**

<b>Period</b>	<b>Total Number of Shares Purchased (1)</b>	<b>Average Price Paid Per Share</b>	<b>Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs (2)</b>	<b>Maximum Number of Shares That May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs</b>
April 1, 2014 through April 30, 2014	80,630	\$ 85.93	31,400	10,367,763
May 1, 2014 through May 31, 2014	259,233	\$ 84.68	214,003	10,153,760
June 1, 2014 through June 30, 2014	181,380	\$ 85.92	120,011	10,033,749
Totals	521,243	\$ 85.31	365,414	10,033,749

- (1) Includes shares surrendered by employees to the Company to satisfy tax withholding obligations in connection with the vesting of shares of restricted stock, the exercise of stock options and/or tax withholding obligations.
- (2) On November 17, 2008, the Board of Directors announced that it had authorized the repurchase of 15 million shares. The authorization for this repurchase plan continues until all such shares have been repurchased or the repurchase plan is terminated by action of the Board of Directors. Approximately 10.0 million shares authorized in the 2008 plan remain available to be repurchased by the Company. There were no other publicly announced plans as of June 30, 2014.

Item 6. Exhibits

(a) The following exhibits are filed or furnished as part of this report:

- Exhibit 3.1 Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of the Company, dated April 23, 2007 (incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated April 23, 2007)
- Exhibit 3.2 By-Laws of the Company, as amended and restated November 18, 2013 (incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated November 18, 2013)
- Exhibit 31.1 Certification pursuant to SEC Rule 13a-14(a) signed by the Chief Executive Officer filed herewith
- Exhibit 31.2 Certification pursuant to SEC Rule 13a-14(a) signed by the Chief Financial Officer filed herewith
- Exhibit 32.1 Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, signed by the Chief Executive Officer furnished herewith
- Exhibit 32.2 Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, signed by the Chief Financial Officer furnished herewith
- Exhibit 101 Interactive data files pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T:

(i) the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013; (ii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2014 and 2013; (iii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013; and (iv) the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Genuine Parts Company

(Registrant)

Date: August 6, 2014

/s/ Carol B. Yancey

Carol B. Yancey

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

(Duly Authorized Officer and Principal Financial and  
Accounting Officer)