MURPHY OIL CORP /DE Form 10-Q August 06, 2010 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark one)

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2010

OR

" TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to ____

Commission File Number 1-8590

MURPHY OIL CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

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Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of

71-0361522 (I.R.S. Employer

incorporation or organization)

Identification Number)

200 Peach Street

P.O. Box 7000, El Dorado, Arkansas (Address of principal executive offices)

71731-7000 (Zip Code)

(870) 862-6411

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. b Yes "No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). by Yes "No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange act.

Large accelerated filer b Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer " Smaller reporting company "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). "Yes p No

Number of shares of Common Stock, \$1.00 par value, outstanding at June 30, 2010 was 191,793,286.

MURPHY OIL CORPORATION

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PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Murphy Oil Corporation and Consolidated Subsidiaries

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (unaudited)

(Thousands of dollars, except per share amounts)

		Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months	
		2010	2009	2010	2009
REVENUES					
Sales and other operating revenues	\$	5,592,353	4,495,994	10,821,028	7,912,421
Gain on sale of assets		113	3,570	789	3,585
Interest and other income (expense)		(535)	56,282	(49,726)	85,392
Total revenues		5,591,931	4,555,846	10,772,091	8,001,398
COSTS AND EXPENSES					
Crude oil and product purchases		4,253,167	3,574,531	8,232,126	6,130,575
Operating expenses		460,244	373,889	925,851	736,250
Exploration expenses, including undeveloped lease amortization		53,093	34,946	119,457	146,051
Selling and general expenses		68,851	61,602	133,982	118,434
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		288,212	197,429	580,892	392,198
Accretion of asset retirement obligations		7,844	6,164	15,457	12,417
Redetermination of Terra Nova working interest		5,346	35,091	10,862	35,091
Interest expense		13,893	13,184	28,702	25,172
Interest capitalized		(3,696)	(12,127)	(6,361)	(22,450)
Total costs and expenses		5,146,954	4,284,709	10,040,968	7,573,738
Income from continuing operations before income taxes		444,977	271,137	731,123	427,660
Income tax expense		172,688	110,293	309,943	195,576
Income from continuing operations		272,289	160,844	421,180	232,084
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes			(2,074)		97,790
NET INCOME	\$	272,289	158,770	421,180	329,874
INCOME PER COMMON SHARE BASIC					
Income from continuing operations	\$	1.42	0.84	2.20	1.22
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	Ψ	1.12	(0.01)	2.20	0.51
Net income Basic	\$	1.42	0.83	2.20	1.73
INCOME PER COMMON SHARE DILUTED					
Income from continuing operations	\$	1.41	0.84	2.18	1.21
meonic from continuing operations	Þ	1.41	0.04	2.10	1.21

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Income (loss) from discontinued operations		0.51	
Net income Diluted	\$ 1.43	1 0.83 2.18	1.72
Average common shares outstanding basic	191,585,996	6 190,746,583 191,394,728	190,633,781
Average common shares outstanding diluted	193,169,099	9 192,380,595 192,821,487	192,189,238
See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, page 7.			

The Exhibit Index is on page 33.

Murphy Oil Corporation and Consolidated Subsidiaries

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Thousands of dollars)

	(Unaudited) June 30, 2010	December 31, 2009
ASSETS	2010	2009
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 398,820	301,144
Canadian government securities with maturities greater than 90 days at the date of acquisition	802,761	779,025
Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$8,003 in 2010 and \$7,761 in 2009	1,324,420	1,463,297
Inventories, at lower of cost or market		
Crude oil and blend stocks	333,204	128,936
Finished products	462,857	384,250
Materials and supplies	225,594	220,796
Prepaid expenses	97,470	83,218
Deferred income taxes	70,653	15,029
Total current assets	3,715,779	3,375,695
Property, plant and equipment, at cost less accumulated depreciation, depletion and amortization of		
\$5,294,371 in 2010 and \$4,714,826 in 2009	9,416,226	9,065,088
Goodwill	40,195	40,652
Deferred charges and other assets	375,116	274,924
Total assets	\$ 13,547,316	12,756,359
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY		
Current liabilities		
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$ 2,431	38
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	2,243,386	1,794,406
Income taxes payable	477,834	387,164
Total current liabilities	2,723,651	2,181,608
Long-term debt	1,226,606	1,353,183
Deferred income taxes	1,056,767	1,018,767
Asset retirement obligations	487,247	476,938
Deferred credits and other liabilities	386,077	379,837
Stockholders equity		
Cumulative Preferred Stock, par \$100, authorized 400,000 shares, none issued		
Common Stock, par \$1.00, authorized 450,000,000 shares, issued 192,280,606 shares in 2010 and		
191,797,600 shares in 2009	192,281	191,798
Capital in excess of par value	706,265	680,509
Retained earnings	6,529,796	6,204,316
Accumulated other comprehensive income	251,329	287,187
Treasury stock, 487,320 shares of Common Stock in 2010 and 682,222 shares of Common Stock in 2009, at cost	(12,703)	(17,784)
Total stockholders equity	7,666,968	7,346,026
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$ 13,547,316	12,756,359

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See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, page 7.

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Murphy Oil Corporation and Consolidated Subsidiaries

${\bf CONSOLIDATED\ STATEMENTS\ OF\ COMPREHENSIVE\ INCOME\ (unaudited)}$

(Thousands of dollars)

	Three Months Ended June 30,			
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Net income	\$ 272,289	158,770	421,180	329,874
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax				
Net gain (loss) from foreign currency translation	(132,045)	179,504	(40,385)	98,517
Retirement and postretirement benefit plan adjustments	2,333	2,095	4,527	4,283
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$ 142,577	340,369	385,322	432,674

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, page 7.

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Murphy Oil Corporation and Consolidated Subsidiaries

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (unaudited)

(Thousands of dollars)

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2010	2009
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income	\$ 421,180	
Income from discontinued operations		97,790
Income from continuing operations	421,180	232,084
Adjustments to reconcile income from continuing operations to net cash provided by operating activities	,	
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	580,892	392,198
Amortization of deferred major repair costs	16,150	12,729
Expenditures for asset retirements	(25,280	(36,686)
Dry hole costs	29,841	68,476
Amortization of undeveloped leases	48,378	53,664
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	15,457	12,417
Deferred and noncurrent income tax charges	33,233	3 24,239
Pretax gain from disposition of assets	(789	9) (3,585)
Net decrease (increase) in noncash operating working capital	249,780	(193,135)
Other operating activities, net	78,901	(49,571)
Net cash provided by continuing operations	1,447,743	512,830
Net cash provided (required) by discontinued operations	1,,,	(328)
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,447,743	512,502
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Property additions and dry hole costs	(992,256	(1,004,897)
Proceeds from sales of assets	1,792	1,160
Purchase of investment securities*	(1,263,026	(1,185,757)
Proceeds from maturity of investment securities*	1,239,290	
Expenditures for major repairs	(89,102	
Other net	(23,110)) (15,251)
Investing activities of discontinued operations		
Sales proceeds		78,908
Other		(845)
Net cash required by investing activities	(1,126,412	2) (1,118,219)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Repayment of notes payable	(122,019	505,000
Repayment of nonrecourse debt of a subsidiary	(2,269	, , ,
Proceeds from exercise of stock options and employee stock purchase plans	14,798	, , ,
Excess tax benefits related to exercise of stock options	483	
Withholding tax on stock-based incentive awards	(5,170))
Cash dividends paid	(95,700	(95,326)

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Net cash provided (required) by financing activities	(209,877)	414,562
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(13,778)	32,128
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	97,676	(159,027)
Cash and cash equivalents at January 1	301,144	666,110
Cash and cash equivalents at June 30	\$ 398,820	507,083

^{*} Investments are Canadian government securities with maturities greater than 90 days at the date of acquisition. See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, page 7.

Murphy Oil Corporation and Consolidated Subsidiaries

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (unaudited)

(Thousands of dollars)

Common Stock par \$1.00, authorized 450,000,000 shares, issued 192,280,606 shares at June 30, 2010 and 191,522,141 shares at June 30, 2009 Balance at beginning of period stock options and offer of the period stock options and other stock options and other stock options shares at June 30, 2009 Capital in Excess of Par Value		Six Months June 3	
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Balance at end of period 6,529,796 5,792,031 Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Balance at beginning of period 287,187 (87,697) Foreign currency translation gains (losses), net of income taxes (40,385) 98,517 Retirement and postretirement benefit plan adjustments, net of income taxes 4,527 4,283 Balance at end of period 251,329 15,103 Treasury Stock Balance at beginning of period (17,784) (13,949) Sale of stock under employee stock purchase plans 518 629 Awarded restricted stock, net of forfeitures 4,305 Cancellation of performance-based restricted stock and forfeitures 258 (5,072)	Net income for the period	421,180	329,874
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Balance at beginning of period 287,187 (87,697) Foreign currency translation gains (losses), net of income taxes (40,385) 98,517 Retirement and postretirement benefit plan adjustments, net of income taxes 4,527 4,283 Balance at end of period 251,329 15,103 Treasury Stock Balance at beginning of period (17,784) (13,949) Sale of stock under employee stock purchase plans 518 629 Awarded restricted stock, net of forfeitures 4,305 Cancellation of performance-based restricted stock and forfeitures 258 (5,072)	Cash dividends	(95,700)	(95,326)
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Balance at beginning of period 287,187 (87,697) Foreign currency translation gains (losses), net of income taxes (40,385) 98,517 Retirement and postretirement benefit plan adjustments, net of income taxes 4,527 4,283 Balance at end of period 251,329 15,103 Treasury Stock Balance at beginning of period (17,784) (13,949) Sale of stock under employee stock purchase plans 518 629 Awarded restricted stock, net of forfeitures 4,305 Cancellation of performance-based restricted stock and forfeitures 258 (5,072)			
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Balance at beginning of period287,187(87,697)Foreign currency translation gains (losses), net of income taxes(40,385)98,517Retirement and postretirement benefit plan adjustments, net of income taxes4,5274,283Balance at end of period251,32915,103Treasury StockBalance at beginning of period(17,784)(13,949)Sale of stock under employee stock purchase plans518629Awarded restricted stock, net of forfeitures4,305Cancellation of performance-based restricted stock and forfeitures258(5,072)		-,,	- , ,
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Foreign currency translation gains (losses), net of income taxes Retirement and postretirement benefit plan adjustments, net of income taxes 4,527 4,283 Balance at end of period 251,329 15,103 Treasury Stock Balance at beginning of period (17,784) (13,949) Sale of stock under employee stock purchase plans Awarded restricted stock, net of forfeitures Cancellation of performance-based restricted stock and forfeitures 258 (5,072)	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)		
Retirement and postretirement benefit plan adjustments, net of income taxes 4,527 4,283 Balance at end of period 251,329 15,103 Treasury Stock Balance at beginning of period (17,784) (13,949) Sale of stock under employee stock purchase plans 518 629 Awarded restricted stock, net of forfeitures 4,305 Cancellation of performance-based restricted stock and forfeitures 258 (5,072)		287,187	(87,697)
Balance at end of period 251,329 15,103 Treasury Stock Balance at beginning of period (17,784) (13,949) Sale of stock under employee stock purchase plans 518 629 Awarded restricted stock, net of forfeitures 4,305 Cancellation of performance-based restricted stock and forfeitures 258 (5,072)	Foreign currency translation gains (losses), net of income taxes	(40,385)	98,517
Treasury Stock Balance at beginning of period (17,784) (13,949) Sale of stock under employee stock purchase plans 518 629 Awarded restricted stock, net of forfeitures 4,305 Cancellation of performance-based restricted stock and forfeitures 258 (5,072)	Retirement and postretirement benefit plan adjustments, net of income taxes	4,527	4,283
Treasury Stock Balance at beginning of period (17,784) (13,949) Sale of stock under employee stock purchase plans 518 629 Awarded restricted stock, net of forfeitures 4,305 Cancellation of performance-based restricted stock and forfeitures 258 (5,072)			
Treasury Stock Balance at beginning of period (17,784) (13,949) Sale of stock under employee stock purchase plans 518 629 Awarded restricted stock, net of forfeitures 4,305 Cancellation of performance-based restricted stock and forfeitures 258 (5,072)	Balance at end of period	251,329	15,103
Balance at beginning of period(17,784)(13,949)Sale of stock under employee stock purchase plans518629Awarded restricted stock, net of forfeitures4,305Cancellation of performance-based restricted stock and forfeitures258(5,072)	1	,	,
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Awarded restricted stock, net of forfeitures 4,305 Cancellation of performance-based restricted stock and forfeitures 258 (5,072)			
Cancellation of performance-based restricted stock and forfeitures 258 (5,072)			629
Balance at end of period (12,703) (18,392)	Cancellation of performance-based restricted stock and forfeitures	258	(5,072)
Balance at end of period (12,703) (18,392)			
	Balance at end of period	(12,703)	(18,392)

Total Stockholders Equity \$ 7,666,968 6,637,620

See notes to consolidated financial statements, page 7

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These notes are an integral part of the financial statements of Murphy Oil Corporation and Consolidated Subsidiaries (Murphy/the Company) on pages 2 through 6 of this Form 10-Q report.

Note A Interim Financial Statements

The consolidated financial statements of the Company presented herein have not been audited by independent auditors, except for the Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2009. In the opinion of Murphy s management, the unaudited financial statements presented herein include all accruals necessary to present fairly the Company s financial position at June 30, 2010, and the results of operations, cash flows and changes in stockholders equity for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. In preparing the financial statements of the Company in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, management has made a number of estimates and assumptions related to the reporting of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Actual results may differ from the estimates.

Financial statements and notes to consolidated financial statements included in this Form 10-Q report should be read in conjunction with the Company s 2009 Form 10-K report, as certain notes and other pertinent information have been abbreviated or omitted in this report. Financial results for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2010 are not necessarily indicative of future results.

Note B Discontinued Operations

On March 12, 2009, the Company sold its operations in Ecuador for net cash proceeds of \$78.9 million, subject to post-closing adjustments. The acquirer also assumed certain tax and other liabilities associated with the Ecuador properties sold. These properties included 20% interests in producing Block 16 and the nearby Tivacuno area. The Company recorded a gain of \$103.6 million, net of income taxes of \$14.0 million, from the sale of the Ecuador properties in 2009. At the time of the sale, the Ecuador properties produced approximately 6,700 net barrels per day of heavy oil and had net oil reserves of approximately 4.3 million barrels. All Ecuador operating results prior to the sale, and the resulting gain on disposal, have been reported as discontinued operations. The major assets (liabilities) associated with the Ecuador properties were as follows:

(Thousands of dollars)	
Current assets	\$ 4,214
Property, plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation, depletion and amortization	65,178
Other noncurrent assets	683
Assets sold	\$ 70,075
Current liabilities	\$ 105,185
Other noncurrent liabilities	35
Liabilities associated with assets sold	\$ 105,220

The following table reflects the results of operations during 2009 from the sold properties, including the gain on sale.

	Six Me	onths Ended
(Thousands of dollars)	Jun	e 30, 2009
Revenues, including a pretax gain on sale of \$117,557	\$	125,654
Income before income tax expense		110,551
Income tax expense		12,761

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Contd.)

Note C Property, Plant and Equipment

Under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for companies that use the successful efforts method of accounting, exploratory well costs should continue to be capitalized when the well has found a sufficient quantity of reserves to justify its completion as a producing well and the company is making sufficient progress assessing the reserves and the economic and operating viability of the project.

At June 30, 2010, the Company had total capitalized exploratory well costs pending the determination of proved reserves of \$430.4 million. The following table reflects the net changes in capitalized exploratory well costs during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2010 and 2009.

(Thousands of dollars)	2010	2009
Beginning balance at January 1	\$ 369,862	310,118
Additions pending the determination of proved reserves	60,562	65,012
Reclassifications to proved properties based on the determination of proved reserves		
Balance at June 30	\$ 430,424	375,130

The following table provides an aging of capitalized exploratory well costs based on the date the drilling was completed for each individual well and the number of projects for which exploratory well costs have been capitalized. The projects are aged based on the last well drilled in the project.

		June 30,				
(Thousands of dollars)	Amount	2010 No. of Wells	No. of Projects	Amount	2009 No. of Wells	No. of Projects
Aging of capitalized well costs:						
Zero to one year	\$ 103,705	14	5	\$ 93,446	8	6
One to two years	102,446	10	4	18,046	2	1
Two to three years	17,946	2	2	26,271	10	2
Three years or more	206,327	32	4	237,367	29	6
	\$ 430,424	58	15	\$ 375,130	49	15
	Ψ +30,424	50	13	φ 575,150	47	13

Of the \$326.7 million of exploratory well costs capitalized more than one year at June 30, 2010, \$197.3 million is in Malaysia, \$95.8 million is in the U.S., \$14.5 million is in Republic of the Congo, \$9.6 million is in Canada, and \$9.5 million is in the U.K. In Malaysia either further appraisal or development drilling is planned and/or development studies/plans are in various stages of completion. In the U.S. drilling and development operations are planned. In Republic of the Congo further appraisal drilling is planned. In Canada a continuing drilling and development program is underway and in the U.K. further studies to evaluate the discovery are ongoing.

The Company has been informed by PETRONAS that following the execution of the Exchange of Letters between Malaysia and the Sultanate of Brunei on March 16, 2009, the offshore exploration areas designated as Block L and Block M are no longer a part of Malaysia. As a consequence, the production sharing contracts covering Blocks L and M, awarded in 2003 to PETRONAS Carigali Sdn Bhd and Murphy, were formally terminated by letter dated April 7, 2010. Murphy s potential participation in replacement production sharing contracts covering these areas is under discussion. The Company s remaining net investment in Block L of \$12.2 million at June 30, 2010 is included in Property, Plant and Equipment in the consolidated balance sheet pending resolution of its potential participation in replacement production sharing contracts.

Note D Inventories

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Inventories are carried at the lower of cost or market. The cost of crude oil and finished products is predominantly determined on the last-in, first-out (LIFO) method. At June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the carrying value of inventories under the LIFO method was \$604.2 million and \$551.2 million, respectively, less than such inventories would have been valued using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Contd.)

Note E Cash Flow Disclosures

Additional disclosures regarding cash flow activities are provided below.

	Six Month	
	2010	2009
Supplementary disclosures:		
Cash income taxes paid	\$ 243,648	87,411
Interest paid, net of amounts capitalized	20,408	1,607
Noncash changes in operating working capital:	.	(0.5.45 =)
Accounts receivable	\$ 138,577	(96,467)
Inventories	(287,653)	(156,520)
Prepaid expenses	(11,347)	(41,364)
Deferred income tax assets	(55,625)	(8,338)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	375,159	251,294
Current income tax liabilities	90,669	(141,740)
Total	\$ 249,780	(193,135)

Note F Employee and Retiree Benefit Plans

The Company has defined benefit pension plans that are principally noncontributory and cover most full-time employees. All pension plans are funded except for the U.S. and Canadian nonqualified supplemental plans and the U.S. directors plan. All U.S. tax qualified plans meet the funding requirements of federal laws and regulations. Contributions to foreign plans are based on local laws and tax regulations. The Company also sponsors health care and life insurance benefit plans, which are not funded, that cover most retired U.S. employees. The health care benefits are contributory; the life insurance benefits are noncontributory.

The table that follows provides the components of net periodic benefit expense for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2010 and 2009.

	Three Months Ended June 30,				
		Oth	Other		
	Pension Be	enefits	Postretireme	nt Benefits	
(Thousands of dollars)	2010	2009	2010	2009	
Service cost	\$ 5,197	4,335	920	817	
Interest cost	7,433	7,306	1,474	1,449	
Expected return on plan assets	(5,891)	(4,900)			
Amortization of prior service cost	384	420	(66)	(69)	
Amortization of transitional asset	(129)	(114)			
Recognized actuarial loss	2,988	3,074	596	439	
	9,982	10,121	2,924	2,636	
Special termination benefits expense		1,867			
Curtailment expense		972			

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Net periodic benefit expense \$ 9,982 12,960 2,924 2,636

Six Months Ended June 30,

			Other		
	Pension B	enefits	Postretirement Benefits		
(Thousands of dollars)	2010	2009	2010	2009	
Service cost	\$ 10,456	8,453	1,808	1,593	
Interest cost	14,881	14,294	2,905	2,840	
Expected return on plan assets	(11,742)	(10,246)			
Amortization of prior service cost	771	818	(130)	(135)	
Amortization of transitional asset	(256)	(220)			
Recognized actuarial loss	5,953	6,018	1,174	860	
	20,063	19,117	5,757	5,158	
Special termination benefits expense		1,867			
Curtailment expense		972			
Net periodic benefit expense	\$ 20,063	21,956	5,757	5,158	

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Contd.)

Note F Employee and Retiree Benefit Plans (Contd.)

Special termination and curtailment expenses in 2009 related to an early retirement program for certain employees in the United States.

During the six-month period ended June 30, 2010, the Company made contributions of \$11.0 million to its defined benefit pension and postretirement benefit plans. Remaining funding in 2010 for the Company s defined benefit pension and postretirement plans is anticipated to be \$16.1 million.

In March 2010, the U.S. enacted a health care reform law. Along with other provisions, the law (a) eliminates the tax free status of federal subsidies to companies with qualified retiree prescription drug plans that are actuarially equivalent to Medicare Part D plans beginning in 2013; (b) imposes a 40% excise tax on high-cost health plans as defined in the law beginning in 2018; (c) eliminates lifetime or annual coverage limits and required coverage for preventative health services beginning in September 2010; and (d) imposes a fee of \$2 (subsequently adjusted for inflation) for each person covered by a health insurance policy beginning in September 2010.

The Company provides a health care benefit plan to eligible U.S. employees and most U.S. retired employees. The new law did not significantly affect the Company s consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2010 and for the three-month and six-month periods then ended. The Company is still evaluating the various components of the new law and cannot predict with certainly all the ways it may impact the Company. However, based on the evaluation performed to date, the Company currently believes that the health care reform law will not have a material effect on its financial condition, net income or cash flow in future periods.

Note G Incentive Plans

The costs resulting from all share-based payment transactions are recognized as an expense in the financial statements using a fair value-based measurement method over the periods that the awards vest.

The 2007 Annual Incentive Plan (2007 Annual Plan) authorizes the Executive Compensation Committee (the Committee) to establish specific performance goals associated with annual cash awards that may be earned by officers, executives and other key employees. Cash awards under the 2007 Annual Plan are determined based on the Company's actual financial and operating results as measured against the performance goals established by the Committee. The 2007 Long-Term Incentive Plan (2007 Long-Term Plan) authorizes the Committee to make grants of the Company's Common Stock to employees. These grants may be in the form of stock options (nonqualified or incentive), stock appreciation rights (SAR), restricted stock, restricted stock units, performance units, performance shares, dividend equivalents and other stock-based incentives. The 2007 Long-Term Plan expires in 2017. A total of 6,700,000 shares are issuable during the life of the 2007 Long-Term Plan, with annual grants limited to 1% of Common shares outstanding. The Company has an Employee Stock Purchase Plan that permits the issuance of up to 980,000 shares through June 30, 2017. The Company also has a Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors that permits the issuance of restricted stock and stock options or a combination thereof to the Company's Directors.

In February 2010, the Committee granted stock options for 1,605,628 shares at an exercise price of \$52.845 per share. The Black-Scholes valuation for these awards was \$18.75 per option. The Committee also granted 449,100 performance-based restricted stock units in February 2010 under the 2007 Long-Term Plan. The fair value of the performance-based restricted stock units, using a Monte Carlo valuation model, ranged from \$42.38 to \$50.95 per unit. Also in February the Committee granted 43,370 shares of time-lapse restricted stock to the Company s Directors under the 2008 Non-employee Director Plan. These shares vest on the third anniversary of the date of grant. The fair value of these awards was estimated based on the fair market value of the Company s stock on the date of grant, which was \$52.49 per share.

Cash received from options exercised under all share-based payment arrangements for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 was \$14.8 million and \$5.4 million, respectively. The actual income tax benefit realized for the tax deductions from option exercises of the share-based payment arrangements totaled \$5.9 million and \$2.6 million for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Contd.)

Note G Incentive Plans (Contd.)

Amounts recognized in the financial statements with respect to share-based plans are as follows.

	Six Mont	ths Ended
	Jun	e 30,
(Thousands of dollars)	2010	2009
Compensation charged against income before tax benefit	\$ 21,048	12,060
Related income tax benefit recognized in income	4,744	3,314

Note H Earnings per Share

Net income was used as the numerator in computing both basic and diluted income per Common share for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2010 and 2009. The following table reconciles the weighted-average shares outstanding used for these computations.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		nded Six Months Ende June 30,	
(Weighted-average shares)	2010	2009	2010	2009
Basic method	191,585,996	190,746,583	191,394,728	190,633,781
Dilutive stock options and restricted stock units	1,583,103	1,634,012	1,426,759	1,555,457
Diluted method	193,169,099	192,380,595	192,821,487	192,189,238

Certain options to purchase shares of common stock were outstanding during the 2010 and 2009 periods but were not included in the computation of diluted EPS because the incremental shares from assumed conversion were antidilutive. These included 2,263,204 shares at a weighted average share price of \$58.77 in each 2010 period and 1,922,000 shares at a weighted average share price of \$56.96 in each 2009 period.

Note I Income Taxes

The Company s effective income tax rate generally exceeds the statutory U.S. tax rate of 35%. The effective tax rate is calculated as the amount of income tax expense divided by income before income tax expense. For the three-month and six-month periods in 2010 and 2009, the Company s effective income tax rates were as follows:

	2010	2009
Three months ended June 30	38.8%	40.7%
Six months ended June 30	42.4%	45.7%

The effective tax rates for the periods presented exceeded the U.S. statutory tax rate of 35% due to several factors, including: the effects of income generated in foreign tax jurisdictions; U.S. state tax expense; and certain expenses, including exploration and other expenses in certain foreign jurisdictions, for which no income tax benefits are available or are not presently being recorded due to a lack of reasonable certainty of adequate future revenue against which to utilize these expenses as deductions. The tax rates for the three-month and six-month periods in 2010 benefited 1.3% and 0.8%, respectively, for an income tax adjustment in the U.K.

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The Company s tax returns in multiple jurisdictions are subject to audit by taxing authorities. These audits often take years to complete and settle. Although the Company believes that recorded liabilities for unsettled issues are adequate, additional gains or losses could occur in future years from resolution of outstanding unsettled matters. As of June 30, 2010, the earliest years remaining open for audit and/or settlement in our major taxing jurisdictions are as follows: United States 2006; Canada 2005; United Kingdom 2007; and Malaysia 2006.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Contd.)

Note J Financial Instruments and Risk Management

Murphy periodically utilizes derivative instruments to manage certain risks related to commodity prices, foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. The use of derivative instruments for risk management is covered by operating policies and is closely monitored by the Company s senior management. The Company does not hold any derivatives for speculative purposes, and it does not use derivatives with leveraged or complex features. Derivative instruments are traded primarily with creditworthy major financial institutions or over national exchanges. The Company has a risk management control system to monitor commodity price risks and any derivatives obtained to manage a portion of such risks.

Commodity Purchase Price Risks The Company purchases crude oil as feedstock at its U.S. and U.K. refineries and is therefore subject to commodity price risk. Short-term derivative instruments were outstanding at both June 30, 2010 and 2009 to manage the cost of about 1.1 million barrels and 0.7 million barrels, respectively, of crude oil at the Company s refineries. Additionally, the Company purchases corn to supply its ethanol production facility and is subject to commodity price risk. The Company had derivative contracts to manage the purchase price of approximately 2.9 million bushels of corn at June 30, 2010. The impact on consolidated income from continuing operations before income taxes from marking to market these derivative contracts as of the balance sheet dates was a benefit of \$2.3 million and \$0.4 million, respectively, in the six-month periods ended June 30, 2010 and 2009.

Foreign Currency Exchange Risks The Company is subject to foreign currency exchange risk associated with operations in countries outside the U.S. Short-term derivative instruments were outstanding at June 30, 2010 and 2009 to manage the risk of certain income tax payments due in 2010 and later years that are payable in Malaysian ringgits. The equivalent U.S. dollars of such Malaysian ringgit contracts outstanding at June 30, 2010 and 2009 were approximately \$281.0 million and \$50.0 million, respectively. Short-term derivative instruments were outstanding at June 30, 2010 and 2009 to manage the risk of certain U.S. dollar accounts receivable associated with sale of the Company s Canadian crude oil. A total of \$54.0 million and \$21.0 million U.S. dollar contracts were outstanding at June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, related to these Canadian receivables. The impact on consolidated income from continuing operations before income taxes from marking to market these derivative contracts as of the balance sheet dates were gains of \$15.7 million and \$1.6 million, respectively, in the six-month periods ended June 30, 2010 and 2009.

At June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the fair value of derivative instruments not designated as hedging instruments are presented in the following table.

	June 30, 2010 Asset (Liability) Deriv	vatives	December 31, 200 Asset (Liability) Deriv	
		Fair		Fair
(Thousands of dollars)	Balance Sheet Location	Value	Balance Sheet Location	Value
Commodity derivative contracts	Accounts receivable	\$ 2,903	Accounts receivable	\$ 2,296
Foreign exchange derivative contracts	Accounts receivable	8,353	Accounts receivable	340
Foreign exchange derivative contracts	Accounts payable	(764)	Accounts payable	

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, the gains and losses recognized in the consolidated statements of income for derivative instruments not designated as hedging instruments are presented in the following table.

		Six Months Ended	Six Months Ended June 30, 2010		Six Months Ended	June 30, 20	09		
		Location of Gain or	Amount of Gain (Loss)		Amount of Gain (Loss)		Location of Gain or (Loss)	Amount	t of Gain (Loss)
		(Loss) Recognized in	Recog	nized in	Recognized in	Rec	ognized in		
(Thousand	s of dollars)	Income on Derivative	Income or	n Derivative	Income on Derivative	Income	on Derivative		
Commodit	ty derivative	Crude oil and product			Crude oil and product				
contracts		purchases	\$	610	purchases	\$	(24,878)		

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Foreign exchange derivative contracts	Interest and other income	15,727	Interest and other income	4,272
		\$ 16,337		\$ (20,606)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Contd.)

Note J Financial Instruments and Risk Management (Contd.)

The Company carries certain assets and liabilities at fair value in its Consolidated Balance Sheet. The fair value hierarchy is based on the quality of inputs used to measure fair value, with Level 1 being the highest quality and Level 3 being the lowest quality. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2 inputs are observable inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs which reflect assumptions about pricing by market participants. The fair value measurements for these assets and liabilities at June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009 are presented in the following table.

		Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using Quoted Prices			
		in Active Markets for Identical Assets	Significant Other Observable	Significant Unobservable	
	June 30,	(Liabilities)	Inputs	Inputs	
(Thousands of dollars)	2010	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	
Assets			, , ,	()	
Foreign exchange derivative contracts	\$ 8,353		8,353		
Commodity derivative contracts	2,903		2,903		
	,		·		
	\$ 11,256		11,256		
Liabilities					
Nonqualified employee savings plan	\$ (5,681)	(5,681)			
Foreign exchange derivative contracts	(764)		(764)		
	\$ (6,445)	(5,681)	(764)		
			urements at Reporti	ng Date Using	
		Quoted Prices	Significant		
		in Active Markets for	Other Observable	Significant Unobservable	
	D 44	Identical Assets			
(Th	Dec. 31,	(Liabilities)	Inputs	Inputs	
(Thousands of dollars) Assets	2009	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	
Commodity derivative contracts	\$ 2,296		2,296		
	340		340		
Foreign exchange derivative contracts	340		340		
	\$ 2,636		2,636		
Liabilities					
Nonqualified employee savings plan	\$ (5,691)	(5,691)			
	,	. , ,			

The fair value of commodity derivative contracts was determined based on market quotes for WTI crude and the fair value of foreign exchange derivative contracts was based on market quotes for similar contracts at the balance sheet date. The income effect of changes in fair value of commodity derivative contracts is recorded in Crude Oil and Product Purchases in the Consolidated Statement of Income and changes in fair value of foreign exchange derivative contracts is recorded in Interest and Other Income. The nonqualified employee savings plan is an unfunded savings plan through which the participants seek a return via phantom investments in equity securities and/or mutual funds. The fair value of this

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liability was based on quoted prices for these equity securities and mutual funds. The income effect of changes in the fair value of nonqualified employee savings plan is recorded in Selling and General Expense.

Note K Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

The components of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income on the Consolidated Balance Sheets at June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009 are presented in the following table.

	June 30,	Dec. 31,
(Thousands of dollars)	2010	2009
Foreign currency translation gains, net of tax	\$ 381,083	421,468
Retirement and postretirement benefit plan losses, net of tax	(129,754)	(134,281)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	\$ 251,329	287,187

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Contd.)

Note L Environmental and Other Contingencies

The Company s operations and earnings have been and may be affected by various forms of governmental action both in the United States and throughout the world. Examples of such governmental action include, but are by no means limited to: tax increases and retroactive tax claims; royalty and revenue sharing increases; import and export controls; price controls; currency controls; allocation of supplies of crude oil and petroleum products and other goods; expropriation of property; restrictions and preferences affecting the issuance of oil and gas or mineral leases; restrictions on drilling and/or production; laws and regulations intended for the promotion of safety and the protection and/or remediation of the environment; governmental support for other forms of energy; and laws and regulations affecting the Company s relationships with employees, suppliers, customers, stockholders and others. Because governmental actions are often motivated by political considerations and may be taken without full consideration of their consequences, and may be taken in response to actions of other governments, it is not practical to attempt to predict the likelihood of such actions, the form the actions may take or the effect such actions may have on the Company.

Murphy and other companies in the oil and gas industry are subject to numerous federal, state, local and foreign laws and regulations dealing with the environment. Violation of federal or state environmental laws, regulations and permits can result in the imposition of significant civil and criminal penalties, injunctions and construction bans or delays. A discharge of hazardous substances into the environment could, to the extent such event is not insured, subject the Company to substantial expense, including both the cost to comply with applicable regulations and claims by neighboring landowners and other third parties for any personal injury and property damage that might result.

The Company currently owns or leases, and has in the past owned or leased, properties at which hazardous substances have been or are being handled. Although the Company has used operating and disposal practices that were standard in the industry at the time, hazardous substances may have been disposed of or released on or under the properties owned or leased by the Company or on or under other locations where these wastes have been taken for disposal. In addition, many of these properties have been operated by third parties whose treatment and disposal or release of hydrocarbons or other wastes were not under Murphy s control. Under existing laws the Company could be required to remove or remediate previously disposed wastes (including wastes disposed of or released by prior owners or operators), to clean up contaminated property (including contaminated groundwater) or to perform remedial plugging operations to prevent future contamination. While some of these historical properties are in various stages of negotiation, investigation, and/or cleanup, the Company is investigating the extent of any such liability and the availability of applicable defenses and believes costs related to these sites will not have a material adverse affect on Murphy s net income, financial condition or liquidity in a future period.

The Company s liability for remedial obligations includes certain amounts that are based on anticipated regulatory approval for proposed remediation of former refinery waste sites. Although regulatory authorities may require more costly alternatives than the proposed processes, the cost of such potential alternative processes is not expected to exceed the accrued liability by a material amount. Certain environmental expenditures are likely to be recovered by the Company from other sources, primarily environmental funds maintained by certain states. Since no assurance can be given that future recoveries from other sources will occur, the Company has not recorded a benefit for likely recoveries.

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) currently considers the Company to be a Potentially Responsible Party (PRP) at one Superfund site. In early 2010, the Company s involvement with another Superfund site was settled for a de minimis cash settlement. The potential total cost to all parties to perform necessary remedial work at the one remaining Superfund site may be substantial. However, based on current negotiations and available information, the Company believes that it is a de minimis party as to ultimate responsibility at this Superfund site. The Company has not recorded a liability for remedial costs on Superfund sites. The Company could be required to bear a pro rata share of costs attributable to nonparticipating PRPs or could be assigned additional responsibility for remediation at the site or other Superfund sites. The Company believes that its share of the ultimate costs to clean-up the Superfund site will be immaterial and will not have a material adverse effect on its net income, financial condition or liquidity in a future period.

There is the possibility that environmental expenditures could be required at currently unidentified sites, and new or revised regulations could require additional expenditures at known sites. However, based on information currently available to the Company, the amount of future remediation costs incurred at known or currently unidentified sites is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company s future net income, cash flows or liquidity.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Contd.)

Note L Environmental and Other Contingencies (Contd.)

Litigation arising out of a June 10, 2003 fire in the Residual Oil Supercritical Extraction (ROSE) unit at the Company s Meraux, Louisiana refinery was settled in July 2009 and memorialized via a filing in the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Louisiana on July 24, 2009. An arbitral tribunal heard the Company s claim for indemnity from one of its insurers, AEGIS, in September 2009 and a decision is pending. The Company believes that insurance coverage does apply for this matter. The Company continues to believe that the ultimate resolution of the June 2003 ROSE fire litigation, including associated insurance coverage issues, will not have a material adverse effect on its net income, financial condition or liquidity in a future period.

Murphy and its subsidiaries are engaged in a number of other legal proceedings, all of which Murphy considers routine and incidental to its business. Based on information currently available to the Company, the ultimate resolution of these matters is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company s net income, financial condition or liquidity in a future period.

In the normal course of its business, the Company is required under certain contracts with various governmental authorities and others to provide financial guarantees or letters of credit that may be drawn upon if the Company fails to perform under those contracts. At June 30, 2010, the Company had contingent liabilities of \$7.8 million under a financial guarantee and \$215.4 million on outstanding letters of credit. The Company has not accrued a liability in its balance sheet related to these letters of credit because it is believed that the likelihood of having these drawn is remote.

Note M Commitments

The Company has entered into forward sales contracts to mitigate the price risk for a portion of its 2010 and 2011 natural gas sales volumes at the Tupper field in Western Canada. The contracts call for natural gas deliveries of approximately 33 million cubic feet per day during the remainder of 2010 at a price of Cdn\$5.30 per thousand cubic feet and 34 million cubic feet per day in 2011 at a price of Cdn\$6.26, with both contracts calling for delivery at the AECO C sales point. These contracts have been accounted for as a normal sale for accounting purposes.

Note N Terra Nova Working Interest Redetermination

The joint agreement between the owners of the Terra Nova field, offshore Eastern Canada, requires a redetermination of working interests based on an analysis of reservoir quality among fault separated areas where varying ownership interests exist. The operator of Terra Nova completed the initial redetermination assessment in 2009 and the matter is the subject of arbitration before final interests are determined. The Company anticipates that its working interest at Terra Nova will be reduced from its current 12.0% to approximately 10.5%. Upon completion of the arbitration process, the Company will be required to make a cash settlement payment to the Terra Nova partnership for the value of oil sold since about December 2004 related to the ultimate working interest reduction below 12.0%. The Company has recorded cumulative expense of \$94.4 million through June 2010 based on the anticipated working interest reduction. The expense has been reflected as Redetermination of Terra Nova Working Interest in the respective Consolidated Statement of Income. The Company cannot predict the final outcome of the redetermination process, which is expected to be completed by the end of 2010.

Note O Accounting Matters

The Company adopted new guidance issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) regarding accounting for transfers of financial assets effective January 1, 2010. This guidance makes the concept of a qualifying special-purpose entity as defined previously no longer relevant for accounting purposes. Therefore, formerly qualifying special-purpose entities must be reevaluated for consolidation by reporting entities in accordance with the applicable consolidation guidance. This adoption of this guidance did not have a significant effect on the Company s consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Contd.)

Note O Accounting Matters (Contd.)

The Company adopted, effective January 1, 2010, new guidance issued by the FASB that requires a company to perform an analysis to determine whether its variable interests give it a controlling financial interest in a variable interest entity. The primary beneficiary of a variable interest entity has both the power to direct the activities of the entity that most significantly impact the entity seconomic performance and the obligation to absorb potentially significant losses of the entity or the right to receive potentially significant benefits from the entity. A company is required to make ongoing reassessments of whether it is the primary beneficiary of a variable interest entity. This guidance also amends previous guidance for determining whether an entity is considered a variable interest entity. The adoption of this guidance did not have a significant effect on the Company s consolidated financial statements.

Note P Insurance Matters

The Company maintains insurance coverage related to losses of production and profits for occurrences such as storms, fires and other issues. During the second quarter 2009, the Company received insurance proceeds to settle business interruption claims related to downtime following a fire at the Meraux, Louisiana refinery in June 2003. Additionally, other insurance proceeds were received during the second quarter 2009 related to damages at the Meraux refinery caused by Hurricane Katrina in 2005. Gains of \$21.9 million were recorded in Sales and Other Operating Revenues in the respective Consolidated Statements of Income for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2009.

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United Kingdom

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Contd.)

Note Q Business Segments

	Total Assets at	Three Mo	os. Ended June 30,	2010	Three M	Three Mos. Ended June 30, 2009 ¹		
(Millions of dollars)	June 30, 2010	External Revenues	Inter- segment Revenues	Income (Loss)	External Revenues	Inter- segment Revenues	Income (Loss)	
Exploration and production ²								
United States	\$ 1,458.3	167.6		14.5	82.9		3.9	
Canada	2,687.2	232.2	8.7	62.3	165.7	9.5	(6.4)	
Malaysia	3,226.2	429.4		158.2	306.2		127.2	
United Kingdom	203.6	29.1		8.4	15.1		3.6	
Republic of the Congo	618.3	25.4		(8.9)			1.8	
Other	39.0	.3		(15.4)	.2		(11.8)	
Total	8,232.6	884.0	8.7	219.1	570.1	9.5	118.3	
Refining and marketing								
United States manufacturing	1,316.2	210.9	1,047.2	9.8	135.4	721.5	14.3	
United States marketing	1,519.4	4,080.9	-,,	69.6	3,106.0		7.1	
United Kingdom	1,214.1	416.6		4.4	688.0		6.4	
Total	4,049.7	4,708.4	1,047.2	83.8	3,929.4	721.5	27.8	
Total operating segments	12,282.3	5,592.4	1,055.9	302.9	4,499.5	731.0	146.1	
Corporate	1,265.0	(.5)	,	(30.6)	56.3		14.8	
r. r.	,	(12)		()				
Revenue/income from continuing operations Discontinued operations, net of tax	13,547.3	5,591.9	1,055.9	272.3	4,555.8	731.0	160.9 (2.1)	
Discontinued operations, net of tax							(2.1)	
Total	\$ 13,547.3	5,591.9	1,055.9	272.3	4,555.8	731.0	158.8	
		Six Mont	hs Ended June 30,	2010 Six Months Ended Ju		ths Ended June 30	une 30, 2009 ¹	
		External	Inter- segment	Income	External	Inter- segment	Income	
(Millions of dollars)		Revenues	Revenues	(Loss)	Revenues	Revenues	(Loss)	
Exploration and production ²								
United States		\$ 342.6		33.2	153.9		(3.4)	
Canada		423.5	40.3	111.5	279.1	30.6	(5.8)	
Malaysia		933.3		331.7	643.6		244.7	
United Kingdom		81.5		25.0	26.8		7.0	
Republic of the Congo		53.7		(6.4)			2.1	
Other		2.6		(28.9)	.7		(76.0)	
Total		1,837.2	40.3	466.1	1,104.1	30.6	168.6	
Refining and marketing								
United States manufacturing		339.1	1,675.4	(13.8)	200.6	1,234.2	22.6	
United States marketing		7,686.5		78.5	5,437.4		13.4	
II'4- J V'J		050.0		(10.6)	1 172 0		2.6	

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Total	8,984.6	1,675.4	54.1	6,811.9	1,234.2	38.6
m. I	10.021.0	1 715 7	520.2	7.016.0	1.064.0	207.2
Total operating segments Corporate	10,821.8 (49.7)	1,715.7	520.2 (99.0)	7,916.0 85.4	1,264.8	207.2 24.9
Corporate	(+2.7)		(99.0)	03.4		24.9
Revenue/income from continuing operations	10,772.1	1,715.7	421.2	8,001.4	1,264.8	232.1
Discontinued operations, net of tax						97.8
Total	\$ 10,772.1	1,715.7	421.2	8,001.4	1,264.8	329.9

Reclassified to conform to current presentation.

Additional details about results of oil and gas operations are presented in the tables on pages 24 and 25.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Contd.)

Note Q Business Segments (Contd.)

Due to a recent realignment of management responsibilities within the Company s domestic downstream business, U.S. refining and marketing operating results have now been presented as separate segments for U.S. manufacturing operations and U.S. marketing operations. The Company believes this presentation better reflects the core businesses of its U.S. downstream subsidiaries. United States Manufacturing operations include two refineries and an ethanol production facility. United States Marketing includes retail and wholesale fuel marketing operations. Prior year amounts have been reclassified to reflect the new segment presentation. Transactions between these two U.S. downstream segments are recorded at agreed transfer prices and eliminations have been made as necessary within the consolidated financial statements.

Note R Subsequent Event

In July 2010, the Company announced that its Board of Directors had approved plans to exit the U.S. refining and U.K. refining and marketing businesses. These operations, which will be placed for sale, are essentially encompassed within the U.S. manufacturing and U.K. refining and marketing segments presented in Note Q. The Company currently anticipates the sale of these operations to be completed in the first quarter of 2011.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION Results of Operations

Murphy s net income in the second quarter of 2010 was \$272.3 million (\$1.41 per diluted share) compared to net income of \$158.8 million (\$0.83 per diluted share) in the second quarter of 2009. The income improvement in 2010 primarily related to higher sales prices for the Company s crude oil production, higher crude oil and natural gas sales volumes and higher margins on U.S. retail marketing operations. Discontinued operations, associated with the Ecuador properties sold in March 2009, had an after-tax loss of \$2.1 million (\$0.01 per diluted share) in the second quarter 2009. Income from continuing operations was \$272.3 million (\$1.41 per diluted share) in the 2010 quarter compared to \$160.9 million (\$0.84 per diluted share) in the 2009 quarter. The second quarter 2009 included a \$24.7 million after-tax charge associated with an anticipated reduction of the Company s working interest in the Terra Nova field, offshore Eastern Canada. The prior-year quarter also included after-tax gains of \$13.4 million from settlements with insurers related to property damaged by a fire and hurricane in prior years at the Meraux, Louisiana refinery.

For the first six months of 2010, net income totaled \$421.2 million (\$2.18 per diluted share) compared to net income of \$329.9 million (\$1.72 per diluted share) for the same period in 2009. The favorable six-month net income in 2010 compared to 2009 was also primarily attributable to higher crude oil sales prices and sales volumes. The 2009 six-month net income included income from discontinued operations of \$97.8 million (\$0.51 per diluted share) with this amount primarily being generated from an after-tax gain of \$103.6 million on sale of operations in Ecuador in March 2009. Income from continuing operations was \$421.2 million (\$2.18 per diluted share) in the six months ended June 30, 2010 and was \$232.1 million (\$1.21 per diluted share) in the six months ended June 30, 2009. The six-month period in 2009 included the aforementioned \$24.7 million after-tax charge for an anticipated Terra Nova working interest reduction and the \$13.4 million after-tax gain from insurance settlements.

Murphy s income from continuing operations by operating business is presented below.

	Income (Loss) Three Months Ended Six Months June 30, June 3						
	June 3	June 30,					
(Millions of dollars)	2010	2009	2010	2009			
Exploration and production	\$ 219.1	118.3	466.1	168.6			
Refining and marketing	83.8	27.8	54.1	38.6			
Corporate	(30.6)	14.8	(99.0)	24.9			
Income from continuing operations	\$ 272.3	160.9	421.2	232.1			

In the 2010 second quarter, the Company s continuing exploration and production operations earned \$219.1 million compared to \$118.3 million in the 2009 quarter. Income in the 2010 quarter was favorably impacted by higher crude oil sales prices compared to 2009, higher sales levels of crude oil and natural gas, and also lower after-tax charges for an anticipated reduction in the Company s working interest in the Terra Nova field. Exploration expenses were \$53.2 million in the second quarter of 2010 compared to \$35.0 million in the same period of 2009. The Company s refining and marketing operations generated income of \$83.8 million in the 2010 second quarter compared to income of \$27.8 million in the same quarter of 2009. U.S. retail marketing margins improved in the 2010 quarter, but the 2010 results for the U.S. manufacturing segment declined as the prior period included after-tax gains of \$13.4 million from insurance settlements at the Meraux refinery. The corporate function had after-tax costs of \$30.6 million in the 2010 second quarter compared to after-tax benefits of \$14.8 million in the 2009 period with the unfavorable variance in 2010 mostly due to losses on transactions denominated in foreign currencies in 2010 compared to gains on such transactions in the 2009 quarter.

The Company s continuing exploration and production operations earned \$466.1 million in the first half of 2010 compared to \$168.6 million in the same period of 2009. Earnings in 2010 compared favorably to the 2009 period primarily due to higher realized crude oil sales prices and higher crude oil and natural gas sales volumes. The Company s refining and marketing operations had earnings of \$54.1 million in the first six months of 2010 compared to earnings of \$38.6 million in the same 2009 period. The 2010 period included stronger results in the U.S. retail marketing business compared to a year ago based on better operating margins, but income from refining operations in the U.S. and downstream operations in the U.K. were significantly lower in 2010 compared to 2009 due to weaker margins in refining operations and turnarounds in 2010 at the Meraux, Louisiana, and Milford Haven, Wales, refineries. Corporate after-tax costs were \$99.0 million in the 2010 period compared to after-tax benefits of \$24.9 million in the 2009 period. The current period had an unfavorable impact from losses on transactions denominated in foreign currencies, while the prior year included gains from these transactions.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Contd.)

Results of Operations (Contd.)

Exploration and Production

Results of exploration and production continuing operations are presented by geographic segment below.

	Income (Loss)					
	Three Months Ended Si June 30.			Six Months Ended June 30,		
(Millions of dollars)	2010	2009	2010	2009		
Exploration and production continuing operations	2010	2009	2010	2009		
United States	\$ 14.5	3.9	33.2	(3.4)		
Canada	62.3	(6.4)	111.5	(5.8)		
Malaysia	158.2	127.2	331.7	244.7		
United Kingdom	8.4	3.6	25.0	7.0		
Republic of the Congo	(8.9)	1.8	(6.4)	2.1		
Other International	(15.4)	(11.8)	(28.9)	(76.0)		
Total continuing operations	\$ 219.1	118.3	466.1	168.6		

Second quarter 2010 vs. 2009

United States exploration and production operations reported quarterly earnings of \$14.5 million in the second quarter of 2010 compared to earnings of \$3.9 million in the 2009 quarter. Earnings improved in the 2010 period due mostly to higher oil and natural gas sales prices and sales volumes. Oil and natural gas production volumes were higher in 2010 due to the Thunder Hawk field, which came on production in the third quarter 2009. Production expenses increased \$18.0 million in 2010 compared to 2009 mostly due to Thunder Hawk production. Depreciation expense was \$35.9 million higher in 2010 due to higher oil and natural gas production volumes and higher per unit depletion rates in 2010. Exploration expenses in the 2010 period increased \$16.1 million from the prior year primarily due to higher seismic acquisition costs and undeveloped leasehold amortization in the Eagle Ford shale area in South Texas and higher seismic costs in the Gulf of Mexico.

Operations in Canada had earnings of \$62.3 million in the second quarter 2010 compared to a loss of \$6.4 million in the 2009 quarter. Canadian earnings increased in the 2010 quarter mostly due to higher oil sales prices, higher natural gas sales prices and sales volumes, and lower after-tax charges in 2010 associated with an anticipated reduction of the Company s working interest at the Terra Nova field. Oil production increased in the 2010 period compared to 2009 primarily due to less downtime for maintenance at Syncrude in 2010. Natural gas volumes increased in 2010 mostly due to continued ramp-up of Tupper area production. Production and depreciation expenses for synthetic oil operations in Canada were unfavorable in 2010 due primarily to higher production volumes at Syncrude. Exploration expenses were \$12.1 million lower in the 2010 period primarily due to less leasehold amortization expense at the Tupper West area.

Operations in Malaysia reported earnings of \$158.2 million in the 2010 quarter compared to earnings of \$127.2 million during the same period in 2009. Earnings rose in 2010 in Malaysia primarily caused by higher crude oil sales prices. The 2010 quarter also benefited from higher sales volumes of crude oil and natural gas. Production and depreciation expenses were higher in the 2010 period by \$30.7 million and \$29.1 million, respectively, due to larger oil and natural gas sales volumes compared to the 2009 quarter. Exploration expense was \$8.2 million higher in 2010 due to remaining dry hole costs for the Batai well.

United Kingdom operations earned \$8.4 million in the 2010 quarter compared to \$3.6 million in the 2009 quarter. The improvement was primarily due to higher crude oil sales prices in the 2010 quarter compared to 2009. The 2010 quarter also benefited from higher crude oil and natural gas sales volumes and higher realized sales prices for natural gas. Expenses for production operations and depreciation were higher in 2010 than 2009 due to the higher volumes of crude oil and natural gas sold.

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Operations in Republic of the Congo generated a loss of \$8.9 million in the second quarter of 2010 compared to income of \$1.8 million in the 2009 quarter. The offshore Azurite field commenced oil production in the third quarter of 2009. Development operations continued at Azurite during the 2010 quarter as the Company brought onstream the second producing well. Due to delays and complications with completing wells, production levels have, thus far, been below Company expectations at the Azurite field. Production levels at Azurite are expected to ramp-up as additional wells are brought onstream. Exploration expenses in 2010 included 3D seismic acquired over a portion of the northern MPN offshore block. Income taxes during the 2010 period related to taxes associated with Azurite production volumes. The income in the second quarter of 2009 arose due to administrative exploratory costs charged to Azurite field development activities as permitted by the joint venture agreement.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Contd.)

Results of Operations (Contd.)

Exploration and Production (Contd.)

Other international operations reported a loss of \$15.4 million in the second quarter of 2010 compared to a loss of \$11.8 million in the 2009 period. The unfavorable variance in the just completed quarter was primarily related to higher administrative costs in foreign jurisdictions in the 2010 period.

On a worldwide basis, the Company s crude oil, condensate and gas liquids prices averaged \$64.68 per barrel in the second quarter 2010 compared to \$53.55 in the 2009 period. Total hydrocarbon production averaged 189,951 barrels of oil equivalent per day in the 2010 second quarter, a 33% increase from the 142,717 barrels equivalent per day produced in the 2009 quarter. Average crude oil and liquids production was 131,983 barrels per day in the second quarter of 2010 compared to 118,145 barrels per day in the second quarter of 2009, with the 12% increase primarily attributable to oil production at the Thunder Hawk field in the Gulf of Mexico and the Azurite field offshore Republic of the Congo, both of which started up in the third quarter 2009. Crude oil production in the heavy oil area in Canada was lower in 2010 mostly due to less production in the Seal area caused by a higher royalty rate resulting from project payout and higher net profits. Synthetic oil production was higher in 2010 than 2009 due to higher gross production at Syncrude caused by less downtime for maintenance, but partially offset by a higher net profit royalty at this operation. Crude oil production in Malaysia declined in the 2010 quarter compared to 2009 due to a lower percentage of Kikeh production allocable to the Company under the production sharing contract during 2010. North American natural gas sales prices averaged \$4.16 per thousand cubic feet (MCF) in the 2010 quarter compared to \$3.25 per MCF in the same quarter of 2009. Natural gas produced in 2010 at an offshore Sarawak field was sold at \$5.10 per MCF. Natural gas sales volumes averaged almost 348 million cubic feet per day in the second quarter 2010, up 136% from sales of 147 million cubic feet per day in the 2009 quarter. The increase in natural gas sales volumes in 2010 was primarily due to natural gas production volumes in 2010 offshore Sarawak Malaysia and at the Thunder Hawk field in the Gulf of Mexico, both of which commenced production in the third quarter 2009. Additionally, more natural gas was sold from the Kikeh field to meet third party demand during 2010.

Six months 2010 vs. 2009

U.S. E&P operations had income of \$33.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010 compared to a loss of \$3.4 million in the 2009 period. The 2010 period had higher oil and natural gas sales prices, and also benefited from higher oil and natural gas sales volumes. Production expenses were \$35.6 million higher in 2009 mostly due to higher oil and natural gas production volumes. Depreciation expense increased \$68.0 million in 2010 due to the higher sales volumes plus higher per-unit depletion rates in 2010 compared to 2009. Exploration expense in the 2010 period was \$24.4 million above 2009 levels primarily due to geophysical and undeveloped lease amortization expenses at the Eagle Ford shale area in South Texas in the current period, partially offset by lower dry hole costs in 2010.

Canadian operations had income of \$111.5 million in the first half of 2010 compared to a loss of \$5.8 million a year ago. Higher sales prices for crude oil and natural gas and lower charges of \$24.2 million in 2010 for an anticipated reduction of the Company s working interest in the Terra Nova field primarily led to the improvement in 2010 earnings. Production and depreciation expenses increased \$13.6 million and \$21.6 million, respectively, in 2010 mostly related to higher volumes of natural gas produced at Tupper and synthetic crude oil produced at Syncrude. Exploration expenses were \$25.0 million lower in 2010 primarily due to less lease amortization costs at the Tupper West area in the current period.

Malaysia operations earned \$331.7 million in the first half of 2010 compared to earnings of \$244.7 million in the 2009 period. Earnings were stronger in 2010 primarily due to higher crude oil sales prices. Sales volumes for natural gas were higher in the 2010 period than 2009 due to start-up of natural gas production at a Sarawak gas field in the third quarter 2009 and higher gas volumes purchased by a third party in 2010 at the Kikeh field. Crude oil sales volumes at the Kikeh field were higher in 2010 than 2009 despite overall lower net oil production due to the timing of completion of oil sales transactions. Production and depreciation expenses were higher \$65.0 million and \$61.3 million, respectively, in the 2010 period due to larger oil and natural gas sales volumes. Exploration expense was \$17.5 million higher in 2010 mostly due to more costs for unsuccessful exploration drilling in the 2010 period.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Contd.)

Results of Operations (Contd.)

Exploration and Production (Contd.)

Income in the U.K. for the six-month period in 2010 was \$25.0 million compared to \$7.0 million a year ago with the earnings increase primarily due to improved crude oil sales prices. In addition, 2010 had higher sales volumes for crude oil and natural gas compared to 2009. Production and depreciation expenses were higher \$8.7 million and \$8.8 million, respectively, in 2010 compared to 2009 in association with higher oil and natural gas sales volumes.

Operations in Republic of the Congo had a loss of \$6.4 million for the six-month period ended June 30, 2010, compared to income of \$2.1 million in the 2009 period. The offshore Azurite oil field commenced production in the third quarter 2009, but production has been below Company expectations to date. Geophysical costs in the 2010 period were primarily related to a 3D seismic acquisition covering a portion of the offshore MPN block. Income in 2009 related to administrative costs charged to Azurite development activities as permitted by the joint venture agreement with partners.

Other international operations reported a loss of \$28.9 million in the first six months of 2010 compared to a loss of \$76.0 million in the 2009 period. The lower loss in the 2010 period primarily related to higher costs in 2009 for unsuccessful exploratory drilling in Australia and geophysical expenses offshore Suriname.

For the first six months of 2010, the Company s sales price for crude oil, condensate and gas liquids averaged \$64.59 per barrel compared to \$48.01 per barrel in 2009. Total worldwide production averaged 193,071 barrels of oil equivalent per day during the six months ended June 30, 2010, an increase of 28% from the 150,252 barrels of oil equivalent produced in the same period in 2009. Crude oil, condensate and gas liquids production in the first half of 2010 averaged 135,502 barrels per day compared to 128,673 barrels per day a year ago. The 5% increase was mostly attributable to two fields that started up in third quarter 2009 Thunder Hawk field in the Gulf of Mexico and the Azurite field, offshore Republic of the Congo. Canadian heavy oil production was lower in 2010 than 2009 due to both field decline and a higher net profit royalty rate at the Seal heavy oil field in Alberta. Crude oil production offshore eastern Canada was lower in 2010 due to higher net profit royalty rates at both Hibernia and Terra Nova. Synthetic oil production at Syncrude was higher in 2010 than 2009 due to less downtime in 2010 for maintenance, but partially offset by a higher net profit royalty rate. Crude oil production was lower in 2010 in Malaysia due to a smaller percentage of production being allocable to the Company during 2010 under the production sharing contract covering the Kikeh field. Crude oil volumes from discontinued operations in the prior year were associated with oil fields in Ecuador that were sold in March 2009. The average sales price for North American natural gas in the first six months of 2010 was \$4.61 per MCF, up from \$3.89 per MCF realized in 2009. Sarawak field natural gas production was sold at an average price of \$4.87 per MCF in 2010. Natural gas sales volumes increased from 129 million cubic feet per day in 2009 to 345 million cubic feet per day in 2010, with the 167% increase mostly due to continued ramp-up of natural gas production volumes from the Tupper area in British Columbia, which came onstream in December 2008, sales volumes at the Sarawak Malaysia gas field that started up in the third quarter 2009, and higher sales volumes to third parties from the Kikeh field, offshore Sabah, Malaysia.

Additional details about results of oil and gas operations are presented in the tables on pages 24 and 25.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Contd.)

Results of Operations (Contd.)

Exploration and Production (Contd.)

Selected operating statistics for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 follow.

Exploration and Production	Three Months Ended June 30, 2010 2009		Six Mont June 2010	
Net crude oil, condensate and gas liquids produced barrels per day			135,502	
Continuing operations			135,502	
United States	20,755	13,529	21,199	13,399
Canada light	31	- ,	41	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
heavy	5,920	6,923	6,200	7,178
offshore	12,210	12,441	12,404	13,983
synthetic	14,499	10,102	13,445	11,774
Malaysia	69,597	71,594	73,824	75,524
United Kingdom	4,103	3,556	4,095	4,159
Republic of the Congo	4,868		4,294	
Discontinued operations				2,656
Net crude oil, condensate and gas liquids sold barrels per day	131,810	112,538	138,758	123,362
Continuing operations		112,538	138,758	121,020
United States	20,755	13,529	21,199	13,399
Canada light	31		41	
heavy	5,920	6,923	6,200	7,178
offshore	12,833	16,291	12,509	14,883
synthetic	14,499	10,102	13,445	11,774
Malaysia	70,351	63,055	76,434	71,234
United Kingdom	3,654	2,638	5,427	2,552
Republic of the Congo	3,767		3,503	
Discontinued operations				2,342
Net natural gas sold thousands of cubic feet per day	347,806	147,433	345,414	
United States	57,649	48,702	50,764	50,992
Canada	87,862	52,841	83,845	41,340
Malaysia Sarawak	126,469		142,434	
Kikeh	69,971	42,797	62,586	34,345
United Kingdom	5,855	3,093	5,785	2,794
Total net hydrocarbons produced equivalent barrels per day (1)	189,951	142,717	193,071	150,252
Total net hydrocarbons sold equivalent barrels per day (1)	189,778	137,110	196,327	144,941
Weighted average sales prices				
Crude oil, condensate and gas liquids dollars per barrel (2)				
United States	\$ 74.81	54.94	75.20	46.37
Canada (3) light	74.87		76.83	
heavy	47.83	41.48	51.01	31.50
offshore	75.14	56.01	74.98	49.79

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synthetic	75.84	58.72	76.59	50.71
Malaysia (4)	57.71	52.95	57.78	49.04
United Kingdom	77.43	57.51	76.32	51.40
Republic of the Congo	74.27		71.48	
Natural gas dollars per thousand cubic feet				
United States (2)	\$ 4.23	3.54	4.88	4.36
Canada (3)	4.11	2.98	4.44	3.31
Malaysia Sarawak	5.10		4.87	
Kikeh	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23
United Kingdom (3)	5.97	4.48	5.88	5.78

- (1) Natural gas converted on an energy equivalent basis of 6:1.
- (2) Includes intracompany transfers at market prices.
- (3) U.S. dollar equivalent.
- (4) Prices are net of payments under the terms of the production sharing contracts for Blocks SK 309 and K.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Contd.)

Results of Operations (Contd.)

OIL AND GAS OPERATING RESULTS THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 AND 2009

(Millions of dollars)	United States	Canada	Malaysia	United Kingdom	Republic of the Congo	Other	Synthetic Oil Canada	Total
Three Months Ended June 30, 2010								
Oil and gas sales and other operating revenues	\$ 167.6	140.9	429.4	29.1	25.4	.3	100.0	892.7
Production expenses	33.7	26.5	70.3	5.0	14.6		47.7	197.8
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	80.1	47.0	90.9	5.8	12.7	.3	12.2	249.0
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	1.7	1.2	2.4	.6		.1	1.6	7.6
Exploration expenses								
Dry holes			7.9		.1	(.5)		7.5
Geological and geophysical	4.7	(.1)	.8	.1	3.1	1.3		9.9
Other	3.1	.1		.1	(.3)	5.2		8.2
	7.8		8.7	.2	2.9	6.0		25.6
Undeveloped lease amortization	18.3	8.0				1.3		27.6
Total exploration expenses	26.1	8.0	8.7	.2	2.9	7.3		53.2
Terra Nova working interest redetermination		5.4						5.4
Selling and general expenses	5.4	2.9	.2	.7	.3	8.0	.2	17.7
Results of operations before taxes	20.6	49.9	256.9	16.8	(5.1)	(15.4)	38.3	362.0
Income tax provisions	6.1	15.0	98.7	8.4	3.8	()	10.9	142.9
•								
Results of operations (excluding corporate overhead								
and interest)	\$ 14.5	34.9	158.2	8.4	(8.9)	(15.4)	27.4	219.1
and interesty	Ψ 11.5	51.7	130.2	0.1	(0.7)	(15.1)	27.1	217.1
Three Months Ended June 30, 2009*								
Oil and gas sales and other operating revenues	\$ 82.9	121.2	306.2	15.1		.2	54.0	579.6
Production expenses	15.7	26.7	39.6	3.6			44.9	130.5
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	44.2	47.0	61.8	3.2	.1	.2	5.9	162.4
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	1.7	1.0	1.9	.3		.2	1.0	6.1
Exploration expenses								
Dry holes	(.6)	_	.1			1.5		1.0
Geological and geophysical	.8	.3	.4			.7		2.2
Other	2.8	.1		.2	(1.9)	2.6		3.8
	3.0	.4	.5	.2	(1.9)	4.8		7.0
Undeveloped lease amortization	7.0	19.7				1.3		28.0
Total exploration expenses	10.0	20.1	.5	.2	(1.9)	6.1		35.0
Terra Nova working interest redetermination		35.1						35.1
Selling and general expenses	5.1	4.3	(.9)	.8		5.4	.2	14.9
			(-)					

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Results of operations before taxes	6.2	(13.0)	203.3	7.0	1.8	(11.7)	2.0	195.6
Income tax provisions (benefits)	2.3	(4.9)	76.1	3.4		.1	.3	77.3
Results of operations (excluding corporate overhead								
and interest)	\$ 3.9	(8.1)	127.2	3.6	1.8	(11.8)	1.7	118.3

^{*} Reclassified to conform to current presentation.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Contd.)

Results of Operations (Contd.)

OIL AND GAS OPERATING RESULTS SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 AND 2009

	United			United	Republic of the		Synthetic Oil	
(Millions of dollars)	States	Canada	Malaysia	Kingdom	Congo	Other	Canada	Total
Six Months Ended June 30, 2010								
Oil and gas sales and other operating revenues	\$ 342.6	276.1	933.3	81.5	53.7	2.6	187.7	1,877.5
Production expenses	66.5	52.3	154.1	14.2	26.5		99.5	413.1
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	155.5	93.1	196.8	14.1	22.1	.6	22.2	504.4
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	3.4	2.4	4.7	1.1	.1	.2	3.2	15.1
Exploration expenses								
Dry holes	.1		30.5		(.3)	(.5)		29.8
Geological and geophysical	17.1	.5	1.0	.5	3.4	3.4		25.9
Other	5.7	.2		.2		9.3		15.4
	22.9	.7	31.5	.7	3.1	12.2		71.1
Undeveloped lease amortization	31.2	14.7				2.5		48.4
•								
Total exploration expenses	54.1	15.4	31.5	.7	3.1	14.7		119.5
Terra Nova working interest redetermination		10.9						10.9
Selling and general expenses	13.4	6.5	.3	1.6	(.6)	15.2	.4	36.8
					. ,			
Results of operations before taxes	49.7	95.5	545.9	49.8	2.5			