

KOOKMIN BANK
Form 6-K
March 30, 2007
Table of Contents

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER

PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16 UNDER

THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the month of March 2007

Kookmin Bank

(Translation of registrant's name into English)

9-1, 2-Ga, Namdaemun-Ro, Jung-Gu, Seoul, Korea 100-703

(Address of principal executive office)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F X Form 40-F

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1):

Note: Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1) only permits the submission in paper of a Form 6-K if submitted solely to provide an attached annual report to security holders.

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7):

Note: Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7) only permits the submission in paper of a Form 6-K if submission to furnish a report or other document that the registration foreign private issuer must furnish and make public under the laws of the jurisdiction in which the registrant is incorporated, domiciled or legally organized (the registrant's home country), or under the rules of the home country exchange on which the registrant's

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securities are traded, as long as the report or other document is not a press release, is not required to be and has not been distributed to the registrant's security holders, and if discussing a material event, has already been the subject of a Form 6-K submission or other Commission filing on EDGAR.

Indicate by check mark whether by furnishing the information contained in this Form, the registrant is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Yes ☐ No ☒

Table of Contents

Index

<u>1. Summary of Business Report for Fiscal Year 2006</u>	4
2. Exhibit 99.1-Kookmin Bank and Its Subsidiaries Consolidated Audit Report 2006	

Table of Contents

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. <u>Introduction to the Bank</u>	5
1.1. <u>Business Purposes</u>	5
1.2. <u>History</u>	5
1.3. <u>Capital Structure</u>	7
1.4. <u>Dividend</u>	8
2. <u>Business</u>	9
2.1. <u>Source and Use of Funds</u>	9
2.2. <u>Principal Banking Activities</u>	12
2.3. <u>Branch Networks</u>	16
2.4. <u>Other Information for Investment Decision</u>	17
3. <u>Financial Information</u>	19
3.1. <u>Non-Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements</u>	19
3.2. <u>Other Financial Information</u>	19
4. <u>Independent Public Accountant</u>	20
4.1. <u>Audit & Audit related Fees</u>	20
4.2. <u>Non-Audit Services</u>	20
5. <u>Corporate Governance and Affiliated Companies</u>	21
5.1. <u>Board of Directors & Committees under the Board</u>	21
5.2. <u>Audit Committee</u>	21
5.3. <u>Compensation to Directors</u>	22
5.4. <u>Affiliated Companies</u>	29
6. <u>Directors, Senior Management and Employees</u>	30
6.1. <u>Executive Directors</u>	30
6.2. <u>Non-Executive Directors</u>	30
6.3. <u>Senior Management</u>	31
6.4. <u>Employees</u>	31
7. <u>Major Stockholders and Related Party Transactions</u>	32
7.1. <u>Major Stockholders</u>	32
7.2. <u>Investments in Affiliates</u>	33
7.3. <u>Related Party Transactions</u>	34

Table of Contents

Summary of 2006 Business Report for Fiscal Year 2006

On March 30, 2007, Kookmin Bank filed its business report for fiscal year 2006 (the Business Report) with the Financial Supervisory Commission of Korea and the Korea Exchange. This is a summary of the Business Report translated into English.

Financial information contained in this summary (and in the attached audit report) have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in Korea, which differ in certain important respects from generally accepted accounting principles in the United States.

All references to Kookmin Bank mean Kookmin Bank on a non-consolidated basis, and all references to we , us or the Bank mean Kookmin Bank and, as the context may require, its subsidiaries. In addition, all references to Won in this document are to the currency of the Republic of Korea.

Table of Contents

1. Introduction to the Bank

1.1. Business Purposes

The business purpose of the Bank is to engage in the following business activities:

- n The banking business as prescribed by the Banking Act,
- n The trust business as prescribed by the Banking Trust Act,
- n The credit card business as prescribed by the Specialized Credit Financial Business Act, and
- n Other businesses permitted by other relevant Korean laws and regulations

1.2. History

- n November 1, 2001
Incorporated and listed on the New York Stock Exchange

- n November 9, 2001
Listed on the Korea Stock Exchange

- n September 23, 2002
Integrated IT platforms of old Kookmin Bank and H&CB

- n December 4, 2002
Entered into a strategic alliance agreement with ING Bank N.V. Amsterdam, which replaced the prior investment agreement with H&CB

- n September 30, 2003
Completed the merger with Kookmin Credit Card

- n December 16, 2003
Completed a strategic investment in Bank Internasional Indonesia (BII) by investing in a 25% stake in Sorak Financial Holdings, a consortium with other investors

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ⁿ December 19, 2003

Fully privatized through the entire disposition of Korean government's stake in Kookmin Bank

ⁿ April 29, 2004

Established a subsidiary, KB Life Insurance Co. Ltd., to engage in insurance business

ⁿ July 22, 2004

Entered into an alliance with China Construction Bank in connection with the foreign currency business

ⁿ August 31, 2004

ING Bank N.V. Amsterdam entered into a contract with KB for a strategic investment in KB Life Insurance

Table of Contents

n October 29, 2004
Appointed Mr. Chung Won Kang as the President & CEO in an extraordinary general shareholders' meeting

n December 31, 2004
The largest shareholder of Kookmin Bank changed from ING Bank N.V. Amsterdam to Euro-Pacific Growth Fund

n January 01, 2005
Integrated three labor unions (former Kookmin Bank, former H&CB, former Kookmin Credit Card) into a single KB labor union

n March 02, 2005
Opened KB Satellite Broad Casting System for the first time in Korea

n March 21, 2005
The largest shareholder of Kookmin Bank changed from Euro-Pacific Growth Fund to ING Bank N.V. Amsterdam

n June 16, 2005
Disposed of 27,423,761 shares of treasury stock by means of a combination of domestic over-the-counter-sales and an international issuance of depository receipts

n July 26, 2005
Obtained an approval from FSS to use the Market Risk Internal Model for the first time among domestic financial institutions

n October 14, 2005
The largest shareholder of Kookmin Bank changed from ING Bank N.V. Amsterdam to Euro-Pacific Growth Fund

n February 2, 2006
Established the Basel II system to calculate credit risk weighted asset and New BIS Capital adequacy ratio for the first time among domestic financial institutions

n March 24, 2006
Selected as the preferred bidder for the acquisition of Korea Exchange Bank

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ⁿ April 3, 2006

Established 100% computerization of bank accounts for the first time among domestic financial institutions

ⁿ May 19, 2006

Entered into a share purchase agreement with respect to acquiring Korea Exchange Bank stock

ⁿ September 8, 2006

Implemented SOD (Segregation of Duties)

ⁿ November 23, 2006

Received termination notice with respect to Share Purchase Agreement relating to purchase of shares of Korea Exchange Bank

Table of Contents**1.3. Capital Structure****1.3.1. Common Shares**

Kookmin Bank has the authority to issue a total of 1,000,000,000 shares of capital stock according to its Articles of Incorporation. Kookmin Bank's Articles of Incorporation also provide that it is authorized to issue shares of preferred stock up to one-half of all of Kookmin Bank's issued and outstanding shares of common stock. Upon completion of the merger between the former Kookmin Bank and H&CB, Kookmin Bank issued 299,697,462 common shares.

Upon the resolution of a shareholders' meeting held on March 22, 2002, Kookmin Bank issued an additional 17,979,954 common shares in connection with a stock dividend of 6%.

On November 25, 2002 Goldman Sachs Capital Koryo, L.P. converted all of its convertible bonds into common shares. According to this conversion on November 30, 2002, Kookmin Bank issued 10,581,269 common shares and distributed them to Goldman Sachs Capital Koryo, L.P.

With respect to the merger between Kookmin Bank and Kookmin Credit Card on September 30, 2003, Kookmin Bank issued an additional 8,120,431 common shares on October 1, 2003. Accordingly, as of December 31, 2006, a total of 336,379,116 common shares were issued.

Number of Shares

(Unit: shares)

	Type	
	Common Stock	Total
Share Issued (A)	336,379,116	336,379,116
Treasury Stock (B)		
Share Outstanding (A-B)	336,379,116	336,379,116

Capital Increase

(Unit: Won, shares)

Issue Date	Type	Number	Face Value	Issue Price	Remarks
2001.10.31	Common Stock	299,697,462	5,000		M&A into a new entity
2002.3.22	Common Stock	17,979,954	5,000	5,000	Stock dividend
2002.11.30	Common Stock	10,581,269	5,000	22,124	CB conversion
2003.10.01	Common Stock	8,120,431	5,000	38,100	M&A with KCC

1.3.2. Treasury Stock

(Unit: shares)

Date	Details	Number of shares
December 31, 2005	Outstanding Treasury Shares	217,935
January 13, 2006	Disposition due to exercise of stock option by grantees	217,935
December 31, 2006	Outstanding Treasury Shares	0

Table of Contents**1.3.3. Employee Stock Ownership Association**

(Unit: shares)

Type	Beginning Balance		Ending Balance		Remarks
	(January 1, 2006)	Increase	Decrease	(December 31, 2006)	
Registered common stock	2,868,596		78,317	2,790,279	
Total	2,868,596		78,317	2,790,279	

1.4. Dividend

The following table shows our dividend related information for the last three years. The Board of Directors of Kookmin Bank passed a resolution to pay a dividend for fiscal year of 2006, and shareholders of Kookmin Bank approved of the dividend payout for that year at the general shareholders' meeting held on March 23, 2007.

(Unit: in millions of Won unless indicated otherwise)

	2006	2005	2004
Net (loss) income for the period	2,472,111	2,252,218	360,454
Diluted (loss) earnings per share (Won)	7,349 ₁	6,977	1,176
Total dividend amount	1,227,784	184,889	168,574
Dividend payout ratio (%)	49.67 ₂	8.21	46.77
Cash dividend per common share (Won)	3,650	550	550
Stock dividend per common share (%)			
Dividend per preferred share (Won)			
Dividend yield ratio (%)	4.90 ₃	0.72	1.42

¹ Earnings per share = net income (2,472,111,192,678 Won) / weighted average number of shares (336,373,095 shares).

² Dividend payout ratio = total dividend amount for common shares (1,227,783,773,400 Won) / net income (2,472,111,192,678 Won).

³ Dividend yield ratio = dividend per share (3,650 Won) / average closing price for a week based on business day prior to market closing date of December 31, 2006 (74,525 Won).

Table of Contents**2. Business****2.1. Source and Use of Funds****2.1.1. Source of Funds****[Bank Account]**

(Unit: in millions of Won)

	December 31, 2006		December 31, 2005		December 31, 2004	
	Average	Interest	Average	Interest	Average	Interest
	balance	rate (%)	balance	rate (%)	balance	rate (%)
Won currency						
Deposits	111,324,234	2.91	114,394,983	2.82	118,017,849	3.29
Certificate of deposit	8,408,753	4.53	5,008,378	3.69	6,108,179	4.06
Borrowings	2,533,547	3.36	2,674,268	3.02	3,053,890	3.43
Call money	2,300,768	4.09	931,968	3.24	1,117,576	3.55
Other	28,332,243	5.13	24,315,388	5.08	23,376,439	5.61
Subtotal	152,899,545	3.43	147,324,985	3.23	151,673,933	3.68
Foreign currency						
Deposits	1,489,895	2.37	1,473,811	1.61	1,777,402	0.61
Borrowings	3,635,918	3.41	3,231,480	2.06	2,796,300	0.94
Call money	527,600	4.74	285,573	3.48	145,809	1.43
Finance debentures issued	1,530,941	4.49	765,723	4.09	824,745	2.28
Other	59,296		52,592		40,383	
Subtotal	7,243,650	3.50	5,809,179	2.26	5,584,639	1.04
Other						
Total Shareholders Equity	14,251,498		11,369,246		9,284,477	
Allowances	1,004,895		677,036		459,124	
Other	11,935,765		12,041,392		12,773,040	
Subtotal	27,192,158		24,087,674		22,516,641	
Total	187,335,353	2.94	177,221,838	2.76	179,775,213	3.14

Table of Contents**2. 1. 2. Use of Funds****[Bank Account]**

(Unit: in millions of Won)

	December 31, 2006		December 31, 2005		December 31, 2004	
	Average	Interest	Average	Interest	Average	Interest
	balance	rate (%)	balance	rate (%)	balance	rate (%)
Won currency						
Due from banks	190,902	3.66	304,662	2.97	184,593	0.83
Securities	31,437,266	4.25	27,676,964	4.58	23,930,678	5.14
Loans	120,688,857	6.44	120,539,476	6.24	125,504,672	6.64
Advances for customers	13,122	2.27	23,947	8.64	71,213	2.01
Call loan	823,293	4.25	1,473,725	3.43	1,661,772	3.78
Private placement corporate bonds	5,702,726	5.43	1,887,514	6.95	1,322,470	6.58
Credit card accounts	7,855,415	24.46	7,321,906	26.93	9,581,330	26.80
Other	328,681		267,061		172,783	
Allowance for credit losses (-)	-2,377,086		-3,034,841		-3,844,940	
Subtotal	164,663,176	6.96	156,460,414	7.06	158,584,571	7.81
Foreign currency						
Due from banks	486,764	4.31	598,015	2.88	632,526	1.34
Securities	793,181	6.78	858,565	6.15	1,208,124	3.88
Loans	6,561,903	4.06	4,745,013	2.97	4,011,351	2.73
Call loan	261,483	4.77	132,210	3.24	114,606	1.63
Bills bought	1,326,578	5.51	1,037,144	4.64	568,502	4.07
Other	1,798		2,209		4,812	
Allowance for credit losses (-)	-65,952		-64,290		-94,501	
Subtotal	9,365,755	4.61	7,308,866	3.68	6,445,420	3.03
Other						
Cash	966,002		956,471		965,852	
Fixed assets held for business	2,397,111		2,508,879		3,084,589	
Other	9,943,309		9,987,208		10,694,781	
Subtotal	13,306,422		13,452,558		14,745,222	
Total	187,335,353	6.35	177,221,838	6.38	179,775,213	7.00

Table of Contents**2.1.3. Fee Transactions**

(Unit: in millions of Won)

	December 31, 2006	December 31, 2005	December 31, 2004
Fee Revenue (A)			
Won currency			
Guarantees	6,245	5,336	4,957
Commissions received	950,789	804,933	776,852
Credit card	129,615	104,930	64,724
National Housing Fund Mgt.	171,811	179,540	160,874
Foreign currency			
Guarantees	5,662	4,227	2,593
Others	77,673	78,716	75,016
Subtotal	1,341,795	1,177,682	1,085,016
Fee Expense (B)			
Won & foreign currency			
Commissions paid in Won	178,499	119,539	98,392
Credit card	254,041	210,315	352,194
Others	31,860	22,692	20,169
Subtotal	464,400	352,546	470,755
Fee Income (A-B)	877,395	825,136	614,261

Table of Contents**2.2. Principal Banking Activities****2.2.1. Deposits**

The following table shows the average balances of our deposits for the periods ended and ending balances as of the dates indicated.

(Unit: in millions of Won)

	December 31, 2006		December 31, 2005		December 31, 2004	
	Average balance	Ending balance	Average balance	Ending balance	Average balance	Ending balance
Deposits in Won						
Demand deposits	16,896,730	20,179,569	14,985,812	17,946,067	12,994,946	14,338,784
Time & savings deposits	89,613,715	91,155,183	92,463,027	91,863,790	96,637,551	94,723,601
Mutual installment deposits	4,302,015	3,833,573	5,674,807	5,120,668	6,682,928	6,306,923
Mutual installment for housing	4,221,249	3,842,727	4,942,334	4,582,031	5,453,713	5,295,274
Certificate of deposit	8,408,753	9,579,701	5,008,378	5,389,543	6,108,179	4,911,891
Subtotal	123,442,462	128,590,753	123,074,358	124,902,099	127,877,317	125,576,473
Deposits in foreign currency	1,489,895	1,427,557	1,473,811	1,379,133	1,777,402	1,434,061
Trust deposits						
Money trust	9,047,669	9,627,037	7,114,352	7,405,675	7,701,447	7,028,835
Property trust	8,491,099	6,631,376	11,032,320	9,854,012	16,297,382	12,534,329
Subtotal	17,538,768	16,258,413	18,146,672	17,259,687	23,998,829	19,563,164
Total	142,471,125	146,276,723	142,694,841	143,540,919	153,653,548	146,573,698

2.2.2. Average Deposit per Domestic Branch

The following table shows the average balances of our deposits per domestic branch as of the dates indicated.

(Unit: in millions of Won)

	December 31, 2006	December 31, 2005	December 31, 2004
Deposits	124,123	123,532	123,945
Deposits in Won	122,904	122,358	122,585

Table of Contents**2.2.3. Average Deposit per Employee**

The following table shows the average balances of our deposits per employee as of the dates indicated.

(Unit: in millions of Won)

	December 31, 2006	December 31, 2005	December 31, 2004
Deposits	7,799	7,725	7,232
Deposits in Won	7,722	7,652	7,152

2.2.4. Loan Balances

The following table shows the average balances of our loans for the periods ended and ending balances as of the dates indicated.

(Unit: in millions of Won)

	December 31, 2006		December 31, 2005		December 31, 2004	
	Average balance	Ending balance	Average balance	Ending balance	Average balance	Ending balance
Loans in Won	120,680,825	125,574,817	120,532,216	118,565,341	125,496,237	122,721,898
Loans in foreign currency	6,561,903	7,261,811	4,745,013	5,314,883	4,011,351	3,860,828
Advances for customers	13,122	19,209	23,947	11,321	73,801	32,120
Subtotal	127,255,850	132,855,837	125,301,176	123,891,545	129,581,389	126,614,846
Trust account loans	351,880	403,552	334,404	328,127	429,054	361,906
Total	127,607,730	133,259,389	125,635,580	124,219,672	130,010,443	126,976,752

2.2.5. Loan Balances as of December 31, 2006 by Maturity

(Unit: in millions of Won)

	1 year & Less	More than 1 year~ 3 years	More than 3 years~ 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Loans in Won	60,010,249	21,902,081	7,246,749	36,415,738	125,574,817
Loans in foreign currency	4,509,568	1,524,912	848,196	379,135	7,261,811

Table of Contents**2.2.6. Loan Balances by Types**

The following table shows the banking account balances of our loans in Won by uses as of the dates indicated.

(Unit: in millions of Won)

	December 31, 2006	December 31, 2005	December 31, 2004
Loans to enterprise			
Loans for operations	33,054,421	30,498,328	31,678,117
Loans for facility	6,103,249	5,073,050	6,286,747
Loans to households	46,509,920	42,771,264	42,790,337
Loans to public sector & others			
Loans for operations	894,178	643,141	673,456
Loans for facility	3,687	34,157	40,383
Loans on property formation savings	1,013	6,748	9,719
Loans for housing	39,007,176	39,535,441	41,234,086
Inter-bank loans		1,274	6,114
Others	1,173	1,938	2,939
Total	125,574,817	118,565,341	122,721,898

2.2.7. Loan to Deposit Ratio¹

The following table shows loan to deposit ratio as of indicated dates.

(Unit: in millions of Won, %)

	December 31, 2006	December 31, 2005	December 31, 2004
Loans (A)	120,680,825	120,532,216	125,496,237
Deposits (B)	123,442,462	123,074,358	127,877,317
Loan to deposit ratio (A/B)	97.76	97.93	98.14

2.2.8. Guarantees

(Unit: in millions of Won)

	December 31, 2006	December 31, 2005	December 31, 2004
Determined	2,704,307	1,789,560	975,788
Contingent	2,304,434	1,972,192	1,311,774
Total	5,008,741	3,761,752	2,287,562

¹ Average balance of loans in Won / (average balance of deposits in Won + average balance of certificate of deposits)

Table of Contents**2.2.9. Securities Investment**

The following table shows the average balances of our securities for the periods ended and ending balances as of the indicated dates.

(Unit: in millions of Won)

	December 31, 2006		December 31, 2005		December 31, 2004	
	Average balance	Ending balance	Average balance	Ending balance	Average balance	Ending balance
Securities in Won (Banking account)						
Monetary stabilization bonds	11,803,683	8,534,765	10,667,229	11,570,306	7,150,535	10,524,835
Government and public bonds	10,035,180	10,117,416	6,950,886	8,933,401	4,753,135	4,675,093
Debentures	11,847,016	14,140,083	7,334,555	9,184,403	7,013,765	6,152,749
Stocks	1,575,806	2,515,385	1,243,781	1,707,816	1,003,131	1,282,050
Others	1,878,308	744,895	3,368,027	2,105,354	5,332,583	5,583,538
Subtotal	37,139,993	36,052,544	29,564,478	33,501,280	25,253,149	28,218,265
Securities in Won (Trust account)						
Monetary stabilization bonds	1,247,444	1,524,511	999,522	981,949	1,222,004	1,152,621
Government and public bonds	1,090,228	1,216,613	993,450	1,013,355	922,790	837,080
Debentures	1,937,309	1,815,093	1,979,588	2,017,298	2,363,630	2,312,459
Stocks	756,900	769,212	514,568	542,731	564,538	510,650
Others	3,837,714	2,873,202	2,745,143	3,311,235	2,101,832	2,324,393
Subtotal	8,869,595	8,198,631	7,232,271	7,866,568	7,174,794	7,137,203
Securities in foreign currency (Trust Account)	110,472	32,661	289,665	184,115	662,549	449,415
Securities in foreign currency (Banking account)						
Foreign securities	559,343	613,078	579,561	525,892	894,722	745,352
Off-shore foreign securities	233,838	216,066	279,003	252,994	313,402	205,455
Subtotal	793,181	829,144	858,565	778,886	1,208,124	950,807
Total	46,913,241	45,112,980	37,944,979	42,330,849	34,298,616	36,755,690

2.2.10. Trust Account

(Unit: in millions of Won)

	December 31, 2006		December 31, 2005		December 31, 2004	
	Average amount trusted	Trust fees	Average amount trusted	Trust fees	Average amount trusted	Trust fees
Return-guaranteed trust	325	11,295	335	43,088	369	8,365
Performance trust	17,538,443	67,209	18,146,337	77,756	23,998,460	93,856
Total	17,538,768	78,504	18,146,672	120,844	23,998,829	102,221

Table of Contents**2.2.11. Credit Card**

(Unit: in millions of Won unless indicated otherwise)

	As of or for the years ended of indicated dates		
	December 31, 2006	December 31, 2005	December 31, 2004
Number of card holders (Person)			
Corporate	173,190	159,047	182,109
Individual	8,883,738	9,342,552	11,362,173
Number of merchants	1,610,446	1,506,979	1,491,730
Sales volume¹	63,929,192	62,475,085	66,918,805
Fee revenue	2,189,014	2,090,253	2,807,557

2.3. Branch Networks

As of December 31, 2006, we have 1,071 branches and 62 sub-branches in Korea, the largest number of branches among Korean commercial banks. 441 of our branches are located in Seoul.

We also have three overseas branches in Tokyo, New York and Auckland, and one overseas office in Guangzhou in China.

¹ Includes lump-sum & installment purchase, cash advances, check card & purchasing card transactions

Table of Contents**2.4. Other Information for Investment Decision****2.4.1. BIS Risk-adjusted Capital Ratios**

(Unit: in millions of Won, %)

	December 31, 2006	December 31, 2005	December 31, 2004
Risk-adjusted capital (A)	18,751,151	15,682,535	13,334,531
Risk-weighted assets (B)	132,373,478	121,072,676	121,081,735
BIS ratios (A/B)	14.17	12.95	11.01

2.4.2. Non-Performing Loans¹

(Unit: in millions of Won unless indicated otherwise)

December 31, 2006		December 31, 2005		Change	
Amount	NPL to total loans	Amount	NPL to total loans	Amount	NPL to total loans
1,295,915	0.85%	1,946,362	1.42%	-650,447	-0.57% p

2.4.3. Loan Loss Allowances

The following table shows the balance of our loan loss allowances as of the dates indicated.

(Unit: in millions of Won)

	December 31, 2006	December 31, 2005	December 31, 2004
Loan losses allowance			
Domestic	2,458,306	2,496,655	3,181,433
Foreign	4,772	4,122	4,662
Total	2,463,079	2,500,777	3,186,095
Write-Off	1,693,468	1,978,875	3,382,130

¹ Non-performing loans are defined as those loans that are past due more than 90 days or that are placed non-accrual status according to the Financial Supervisory Service's guidelines.

Table of Contents***2.4.4. Changes of Loan Loss Allowances for Recent Three Years¹***

(Unit: in millions of Won)

	December 31, 2006	December 31, 2005	December 31, 2004
Beginning balance	2,453,275	3,118,775	3,910,044
Net Write-Off	(1,034,059)	(1,726,632)	(3,859,517)
Write-Off	(1,680,331)	(2,002,336)	(3,382,130)
Recovery	474,278	452,235	286,464
Other	171,994	(176,531)	(763,851)
Provision for loan losses	941,651	1,061,132	3,068,248
Ending balance	2,360,867	2,453,275	3,118,775

¹ Loan loss allowance includes present value discounts and excludes allowance for other assets.

Table of Contents**3. Financial Information****3.1. Non-Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements**

(Unit: in millions of Won)

	As of or for the year ended	As of or for the year ended
	December 31, 2006	December 31, 2005
Cash and due from banks	6,568,306	5,867,417
Securities	29,382,480	30,550,299
Loans	149,867,182	135,738,407
Fixed assets	2,509,374	2,436,702
Other assets	6,879,139	5,000,824
Total assets	195,206,481	179,593,649
Deposits	130,019,916	126,281,232
Borrowings	14,060,178	13,737,336
Debentures	24,982,506	16,547,987
Other liabilities	11,088,924	10,653,494
Total liabilities	180,151,524	167,220,049
Capital stocks	1,681,896	1,681,896
Capital surplus	6,258,297	6,254,786
Retained earnings	6,215,222	3,929,948
Capital adjustments	899,542	506,970
Total shareholders' equity	15,054,957	12,373,600
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	195,206,481	179,593,649
Operating revenue	19,308,604	17,855,258
Operating income	3,071,715	3,015,822
Continuing (loss) income before		
income taxes	3,424,086	3,228,253
Net (loss) income	2,472,111	2,252,218

3.2. Other Financial Information

See the Exhibit 99.1 Kookmin Bank Audit Report by our independent auditors for our full- financial statements and relevant notes. The Audit Report will also be available at our website www.kbstar.com.

Table of Contents**4. Independent Public Accountant****4.1. Audit & Audit related Fees**

Deloitte Anjin LLC has reviewed our financial statements for fiscal year 2006. The aggregate contract fee for the audit and review fees for the year 2006 is 1,350 million Won.

4.2. Non-Audit Services

The following is a description of non-audit services rendered by our independent auditor for the recent three years.

(Unit: in millions of Won unless indicated otherwise)

Year	Service description	Amount of payment
2006	- Issuance of comfort letter	40
	- Confirmation of BIS ratio and confirmation affirming that Kookmin Bank is not a Non-Financial Operator	10
2005	- LOC (Letter of Comfort)	30
2004	- Tax compliance	230
	- Due Diligence regarding the possible acquisition of DITC/ KITC	300
	- US GAAP calculation of provision for the third quarter of 2004	100
	- US GAAP conversion for 2004	USD 3,600 thousand

Table of Contents

5. Corporate Governance and Affiliated Companies

5.1. Board of Directors & Committees under the Board

The board of directors, currently consisting of executive directors and non-executive directors, holds regular meetings quarterly. Additional extraordinary meetings may also be convened at the request of any director or any committee that serves under the board of directors.

The board of directors resolves following matters:

- n Matters relating to general meeting of shareholders
- n Matters relating to general management
- n Matters relating to organization and directors of the company
- n Matters relating to funding and capital
- n Other related matters

We currently have six management committees that serve under the board:

- n The Board Steering Committee
- n The Management Strategy Committee
- n The Risk Management Committee
- n The Audit Committee
- n The Evaluation & Compensation Committee
- n The Non Executive Director Nominating Committee

For the list of our directors, see 6. Directors, Senior Management and Employees, 6.1. Executive Directors and 6.2. Non-Executive Directors.

5.2. Audit Committee

Audit Committee oversees our financial reporting and approves the appointment of and interaction with our independent auditors, compliance officers, management personnel and other committee advisors. The committee also reviews our financial information, auditor's examinations, key financial statement issues and the administration of our financial affairs by the board of directors. In connection with the general meeting of shareholders the committee examines the agenda for, and financial statements and other reports to be submitted by, the board of directors to each

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general meeting of shareholders. The committee holds regular meetings every quarter and as-needed basis.

Table of Contents**5.3. Compensation to Directors****5.3.1. Compensation to Directors**

The following table shows information regarding the remuneration paid to the Directors in 2006.

(Unit: in millions of Won)

	The aggregate remuneration paid	Limit for the remuneration resolved by shareholders meeting (For the year 2006)	Average amount of the payment per person
	(From Jan to Dec)		(From Jan to Dec)
1) Executive Directors			
(Except Chief Audit Executive and Non-executive Directors)	3,242		1,081
2) Non-executive Directors			
(Except members of Audit Committee)	325	8,000	65
3) Members of Audit Committee			
(Including Chief Audit Executive)	976		221
Total	4,543	8,000	351

Table of Contents**5.3.2. Stock Option**

The following table is the breakdown of stock options Kookmin Bank has granted to the directors and employees as of December 31, 2006.

(Unit: in Won, shares)

Grant date	Name of the grantee	Position when granted	Exercise period		Exercise price	Number	Number of	Number of
			From	To		of granted options ¹	exercised options	exercisable options
28-Feb-00	Kuk Ju Kwon	Non Executive Director	01-Mar-03	28-Feb-06	27,600	4,800	4,800	0
28-Feb-00	Joon Park	Non Executive Director	01-Mar-03	28-Feb-06	27,600	4,800	4,800	0
28-Feb-00	Heung Soon Chang	Non Executive Director	01-Mar-03	28-Feb-06	27,600	2,486	2,486	0
28-Feb-00	Moon Soul Chung	Non Executive Director	01-Mar-03	28-Feb-06	27,600	7,000	7,000	0
28-Feb-00	Sung Hee Jwa	Non Executive Director	01-Mar-03	28-Feb-06	27,600	4,800	4,800	0
28-Feb-00	Jan Op de Beeck	Director&Executive Vice President	01-Mar-03	28-Feb-06	27,600	22,490	22,490	0
28-Feb-00	Hack Yeon Jeong	Employee	01-Mar-03	28-Feb-06	27,600	10,000	10,000	0
28-Feb-00	Jong Hwan Byun	Employee	01-Mar-03	28-Feb-06	27,600	10,000	10,000	0
28-Feb-00	Sam Yung Lee	Employee	01-Mar-03	28-Feb-06	27,600	6,821	6,821	0
28-Feb-00	Won Gi Kim	Employee	01-Mar-03	28-Feb-06	27,600	6,821	6,821	0
15-Mar-01	Sang Hoon Kim	Chairman&CEO	16-Mar-04	15-Mar-09	28,027	29,614	29,614	0
15-Mar-01	Young Seok Kim	Non Executive Director	16-Mar-04	15-Mar-09	28,027	1,870	0	1,870
15-Mar-01	In Kie Kim	Non Executive Director	16-Mar-04	15-Mar-09	28,027	2,961	0	2,961
15-Mar-01	Ji Hong Kim	Non Executive Director	16-Mar-04	15-Mar-09	28,027	2,961	0	2,961
15-Mar-01	Se Woong Lee	Non Executive Director	16-Mar-04	15-Mar-09	28,027	2,961	0	2,961
15-Mar-01	Jong Min Lee	Chief Audit Executive	16-Mar-04	15-Mar-09	28,027	14,807	2,807	12,000
15-Mar-01	Seung Heon Han	Non Executive Director	16-Mar-04	15-Mar-09	28,027	1,870	0	1,870
15-Mar-01	Duk Hyun Kim	Executive Vice President	16-Mar-04	15-Mar-09	28,027	11,845	2,845	9,000
15-Mar-01	Byung Sang Kim	Executive Vice President	16-Mar-04	15-Mar-09	28,027	11,845	5,845	6,000
15-Mar-01	Byung Jin Kim	Executive Vice President	16-Mar-04	15-Mar-09	28,027	11,845	9,845	2,000
15-Mar-01	Bock Woan Kim	Executive Vice President	16-Mar-04	15-Mar-09	28,027	11,845	0	11,845
15-Mar-01	Yoo Hwan Kim	Executive Vice President	16-Mar-04	15-Mar-09	28,027	11,845	0	11,845
15-Mar-01	Ok Hyun Yoon	Executive Vice President	16-Mar-04	15-Mar-09	28,027	11,845	7,845	4,000
15-Mar-01	Dong Soon Park	Employee	16-Mar-04	15-Mar-09	28,027	2,961	2,961	0
15-Mar-01	Hoo Sang Jang	Employee	16-Mar-04	15-Mar-09	28,027	2,961	0	2,961
15-Mar-01	Sang Hoon Lee	Employee	16-Mar-04	15-Mar-09	28,027	2,961	1,961	1,000
15-Mar-01	Jae In Suh	Employee	16-Mar-04	15-Mar-09	28,027	2,961	0	2,961
15-Mar-01	Sung Hyun Chung	Employee	16-Mar-04	15-Mar-09	28,027	2,961	0	2,961
15-Mar-01	Jong Hwa Lee	Employee	16-Mar-04	15-Mar-09	28,027	2,961	1,461	1,500
15-Mar-01	Sang Won Lee	Employee	16-Mar-04	15-Mar-09	28,027	2,961	0	2,961
15-Mar-01	Yun Keun Jung	Employee	16-Mar-04	15-Mar-09	28,027	592	592	0
15-Mar-01	Joon Ho Park	Employee	16-Mar-04	15-Mar-09	28,027	592	0	592
15-Mar-01	Sung Wan Choi	Employee	16-Mar-04	15-Mar-09	28,027	370	0	370
15-Mar-01	Jeong Haing Lee	Employee	16-Mar-04	15-Mar-09	28,027	592	0	592
15-Mar-01	Tae Joo Yoon	Employee	16-Mar-04	15-Mar-09	28,027	10	0	10
15-Mar-01	Jang Hwan Bae	Employee	16-Mar-04	15-Mar-09	28,027	592	592	0
15-Mar-01	Si An Her	Employee	16-Mar-04	15-Mar-09	28,027	370	0	370
15-Mar-01	Seok Won Choi	Employee	16-Mar-04	15-Mar-09	28,027	592	0	592
15-Mar-01	Yong Soo Shin	Employee	16-Mar-04	15-Mar-09	28,027	370	0	370
15-Mar-01	Jun Bo Cho	Employee	16-Mar-04	15-Mar-09	28,027	592	592	0
15-Mar-01	Byong Doo Ahn	Employee	16-Mar-04	15-Mar-09	28,027	592	592	0
15-Mar-01	Ki Hyun Kim	Employee	16-Mar-04	15-Mar-09	28,027	592	592	0
15-Mar-01	Sung Shin Cho	Employee	16-Mar-04	15-Mar-09	28,027	592	0	592

¹ Some numbers of the granted options have been adjusted due to the merger and the early retirement of the grantees.

Table of Contents

Grant date	Name of the grantee	Position when granted	Exercise period		price	Number of granted	Number of exercised	Number of exercisable
			From	To				
15-Mar-01	Young Mo Lee	Employee	16-Mar-04	15-Mar-09	28,027	592	0	592
15-Mar-01	Sung Gil Lee	Employee	16-Mar-04	15-Mar-09	28,027	370	0	370
22-Mar-01	Cheol Ho Kim	Former KCC Officer	23-Mar-04	22-Mar-11	71,538	4,429	0	4,429
22-Mar-01	Jun Chae Song	Former KCC Officer	23-Mar-04	22-Mar-11	71,538	6,644	0	6,644
22-Mar-01	Myoung Woo Lee	Former KCC Officer	23-Mar-04	22-Mar-11	71,538	4,429	0	4,429
22-Mar-01	Han Kyoung Lee	Former KCC Officer	23-Mar-04	22-Mar-11	71,538	6,644	0	6,644
24-Mar-01	Jae Kyu Lee	Non Executive Director	25-Mar-04	24-Mar-07	25,100	2,318	1,518	800
24-Mar-01	Young Il Kim	Executive Vice President	25-Mar-04	24-Mar-07	25,100	30,000	30,000	0
24-Mar-01	Jong In Park	Executive Vice President	25-Mar-04	24-Mar-07	25,100	19,333	11,500	7,833
24-Mar-01	Gyu Ho Lee	Employee	25-Mar-04	24-Mar-07	25,100	3,275	3,275	0
16-Nov-01	Sang Hoon Kim	Chairman	17-Nov-04	16-Nov-09	51,200	150,000	0	150,000
16-Nov-01	Jung Tae Kim	President & CEO	17-Nov-04	16-Nov-09	51,200	500,000	500,000	0
22-Mar-02	Sun Jin Kim	Non Executive Director	23-Mar-05	22-Mar-10	57,100	3,000	0	3,000
22-Mar-02	Ji Hong Kim	Non Executive Director	23-Mar-05	22-Mar-10	57,100	3,321	0	3,321
22-Mar-02	Keun Shik Oh	Non Executive Director	23-Mar-05	22-Mar-10	57,100	3,321	421	2,900
22-Mar-02	Kyung Hee Yoon	Non Executive Director	23-Mar-05	22-Mar-10	57,100	3,000	0	3,000
22-Mar-02	Choul Ju Lee	Chief Audit Executive	23-Mar-05	22-Mar-10	57,100	9,963	9,963	0
22-Mar-02	Dong Soo Chung	Non Executive Director	23-Mar-05	22-Mar-10	57,100	10,000	0	10,000
22-Mar-02	Moon Soul Chung	Non Executive Director	23-Mar-05	22-Mar-10	57,100	3,000	3,000	0
22-Mar-02	Henry Cornell	Non Executive Director	23-Mar-05	22-Mar-10	57,100	3,321	0	3,321
22-Mar-02	Timothy Hartman	Non Executive Director	23-Mar-05	22-Mar-10	57,100	3,321	0	3,321
22-Mar-02	Byung Sang Kim	Executive Vice President	23-Mar-05	22-Mar-10	57,100	9,498	0	9,498
22-Mar-02	Bock Woan Kim	Executive Vice President	23-Mar-05	22-Mar-10	57,100	13,339	0	13,339
22-Mar-02	Ki Sup Shin	Executive Vice President	23-Mar-05	22-Mar-10	57,100	26,405	2,405	24,000
22-Mar-02	Jong Kyoo Yoon	Executive Vice President	23-Mar-05	22-Mar-10	57,100	20,522	0	20,522
22-Mar-02	Sung Hyun Chung	Executive Vice President	23-Mar-05	22-Mar-10	57,100	19,525	0	19,525
22-Mar-02	Bong Hwan Cho	Executive Vice President	23-Mar-05	22-Mar-10	57,100	9,498	0	9,498
22-Mar-02	Bum Soo Choi	Executive Vice President	23-Mar-05	22-Mar-10	57,100	13,339	3,339	10,000
22-Mar-02	Ki Taek Hong	Executive Vice President	23-Mar-05	22-Mar-10	57,100	19,525	0	19,525
22-Mar-02	Jong Young Yoon	Employee	23-Mar-05	22-Mar-10	57,100	14,712	5,000	9,712
22-Mar-02	Jae Il Song	Employee	23-Mar-05	22-Mar-10	57,100	9,762	0	9,762
22-Mar-02	Hyung Goo Sim	Employee	23-Mar-05	22-Mar-10	57,100	14,712	0	14,712
22-Mar-02	Jeong Haing Lee	Employee	23-Mar-05	22-Mar-10	57,100	9,762	0	9,762
22-Mar-02	Joon Sup Chang	Employee	23-Mar-05	22-Mar-10	57,100	9,762	0	9,762
22-Mar-02	Young No Lee	Employee	23-Mar-05	22-Mar-10	57,100	14,712	0	14,712
22-Mar-02	Dong Soon Park	Employee	23-Mar-05	22-Mar-10	57,100	5,000	5,000	0
22-Mar-02	Sung Bin Kim	Employee	23-Mar-05	22-Mar-10	57,100	9,762	0	9,762
22-Mar-02	Sung Bok Park	Employee	23-Mar-05	22-Mar-10	57,100	14,712	0	14,712
22-Mar-02	Yun Keun Jung	Employee	23-Mar-05	22-Mar-10	57,100	15,000	0	15,000
22-Mar-02	Man Soo Song	Employee	23-Mar-05	22-Mar-10	57,100	9,762	0	9,762
22-Mar-02	Jeong Young Kim	Employee	23-Mar-05	22-Mar-10	57,100	5,000	0	5,000
22-Mar-02	Hack Yeon Jeong	Employee	23-Mar-05	22-Mar-10	57,100	5,000	0	5,000
22-Mar-02	Jong Hwan Byun	Employee	23-Mar-05	22-Mar-10	57,100	5,000	0	5,000
22-Mar-02	Jae Han Kim	Employee	23-Mar-05	22-Mar-10	57,100	2,500	0	2,500
22-Mar-02	Jong Ok Na	Employee	23-Mar-05	22-Mar-10	57,100	2,500	0	2,500
29-Mar-02	Boung Hak Kim	Former KCC Officer	30-Mar-04	29-Mar-11	129,100	3,330	0	3,330
29-Mar-02	Jang Ok Kim	Former KCC Officer	30-Mar-04	29-Mar-11	129,100	3,330	0	3,330
29-Mar-02	Sun Lee	Former KCC Officer	30-Mar-04	29-Mar-11	129,100	3,330	0	3,330
26-Jul-02	Donald H. MacKenzie	Executive Vice President	27-Jul-05	26-Jul-10	58,800	23,899	0	23,899
21-Mar-03	Ki Hong Kim	Non Executive director	22-Mar-06	21-Mar-11	58,600	10,000	0	10,000
21-Mar-03	Sun Jin Kim	Non Executive director	22-Mar-06	21-Mar-11	43,800	6,678	0	6,678
21-Mar-03	Eun Joo Park	Non Executive director	22-Mar-06	21-Mar-11	42,200	3,351	0	3,351
21-Mar-03	Kyung Bae Suh	Non Executive director	22-Mar-06	21-Mar-11	42,200	3,351	0	3,351

Table of Contents

Grant date	Name of the grantee	Position when granted	Exercise period		price	Number	Number of	Number of
			From	To		of granted	exercised	exercisable
						options ¹	options	options
21-Mar-03	Cheol Soo Ahn	Non Executive director	22-Mar-06	21-Mar-11	42,200	3,351	3,351	0
21-Mar-03	Kyung Hee Yoon	Non Executive director	22-Mar-06	21-Mar-11	43,800	6,678	0	6,678
21-Mar-03	Moon Soul Chung	Non Executive director	22-Mar-06	21-Mar-11	43,800	6,678	6,678	0
21-Mar-03	Suk Yong Cha	Non Executive director	22-Mar-06	21-Mar-11	58,600	10,000	10,000	0
21-Mar-03	Bernard S. Black	Non Executive director	22-Mar-06	21-Mar-11	43,800	6,678	0	6,678
21-Mar-03	Richard Elliott Lint	Non Executive director	22-Mar-06	21-Mar-11	43,800	6,678	0	6,678
21-Mar-03	Sung Chul Kim	Executive Vice President	22-Mar-06	21-Mar-11	35,500	9,443	4,443	5,000
21-Mar-03	See Young Lee	Executive Vice President	22-Mar-06	21-Mar-11	35,500	7,024	4,024	3,000
21-Mar-03	Woo Jung Lee	Executive Vice President	22-Mar-06	21-Mar-11	35,500	9,443	9,443	0
21-Mar-03	Won Suk Oh	Employee	22-Mar-06	21-Mar-11	35,500	9,730	0	9,730
21-Mar-03	Sung Dae Min	Employee	22-Mar-06	21-Mar-11	35,500	9,730	0	9,730
21-Mar-03	Kyong Jae Jeong	Employee	22-Mar-06	21-Mar-11	35,500	9,730	0	9,730
21-Mar-03	Chul Hee Kim	Employee	22-Mar-06	21-Mar-11	35,500	14,343	0	14,343
21-Mar-03	In Do Lee	Employee	22-Mar-06	21-Mar-11	35,500	9,730	0	9,730
21-Mar-03	Maeng Soo Ryang	Employee	22-Mar-06	21-Mar-11	35,500	9,730	0	9,730
27-Aug-03	Jin Baek Cheong	Executive Vice President	28-Aug-06	27-Aug-11	40,500	5,091	0	5,091
09-Feb-04	Young Il Kim	Senior Executive Vice President	10-Feb-07	09-Feb-12	46,100	7,125	0	7,125
09-Feb-04	Sang Jin Lee	Senior Executive Vice President	10-Feb-07	09-Feb-12	46,100	7,125	0	7,125
09-Feb-04	Jeung Lak Lee	Senior Executive Vice President	10-Feb-07	09-Feb-12	46,100	7,452	0	7,452
09-Feb-04	Yun Keun Jung	Senior Executive Vice President	10-Feb-07	09-Feb-12	46,100	5,000	0	5,000
09-Feb-04	Kuk Shin Kang	Employee	10-Feb-07	09-Feb-12	46,100	5,000	0	5,000
09-Feb-04	Kyung Soo Kang	Employee	10-Feb-07	09-Feb-12	46,100	3,837	0	3,837
09-Feb-04	Yang Jin Kim	Employee	10-Feb-07	09-Feb-12	46,100	5,000	0	5,000
09-Feb-04	Dong Hwan Cho	Employee	10-Feb-07	09-Feb-12	46,100	5,000	0	5,000
09-Feb-04	Dong Sook Kang	Employee	10-Feb-07	09-Feb-12	46,100	5,000	0	5,000
09-Feb-04	Young Han Kim	Employee	10-Feb-07	09-Feb-12	46,100	5,000	0	5,000
09-Feb-04	De Oak Shin	Employee	10-Feb-07	09-Feb-12	46,100	5,000	0	5,000
09-Feb-04	Chang Ho Kim	Employee	10-Feb-07	09-Feb-12	46,100	5,000	0	5,000
09-Feb-04	Dal Soo Lee	Employee	10-Feb-07	09-Feb-12	46,100	5,000	0	5,000
09-Feb-04	Byong Doo Ahn	Employee	10-Feb-07	09-Feb-12	46,100	5,000	0	5,000
23-Mar-04	Young Soon Cheon	Non Executive Director	24-Mar-07	23-Mar-12	48,500	5,000	0	5,000
23-Mar-04	Dong Soo Chung	Non Executive Director	24-Mar-07	23-Mar-12	48,500	5,000	0	5,000
23-Mar-04	Wang Ha Cho	Non Executive Director	24-Mar-07	23-Mar-12	48,800	5,000	0	5,000
23-Mar-04	Woon Youl Choi	Non Executive Director	24-Mar-07	23-Mar-12	48,800	5,000	0	5,000
23-Mar-04	Jung Young Kang	Senior Executive Vice President	24-Mar-07	23-Mar-12	47,200	10,000	0	10,000
01-Nov-04	Chung Won Kang	President & CEO	02-Nov-07	01-Nov-12	X ₁	700,000	0	700,000
18-Mar-05	Hyung Duk Chang	Chief Audit Executive	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	X ₂	30,000	0	30,000

¹ Exercise price = 37,600 Won × (1 + the increase rate of KOSPI Banking Industry Index x 0.4). The increase rate of KOSPI Banking Industry Index = (KOSPI Banking Industry Index as of the starting date of exercise period - KOSPI Banking Industry Index as of the grant date) / KOSPI Banking Industry Index as of the grant date.

² Exercise price = 46,800 Won × (1 + the increase rate of KOSPI Banking Industry Index x 0.4). The increase rate of KOSPI Banking Industry Index = (KOSPI Banking Industry Index as of the starting date of exercise period - KOSPI Banking Industry Index as of the grant date) / KOSPI Banking Industry Index as of the grant date.

Table of Contents

Grant date	Name of the grantee	Position when granted	Exercise period		Exercise price	Number of granted options ¹	Number of exercised options	Number of exercisable options
			From	To				
18-Mar-05	Kap Shin	Senior Executive Vice President	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	46,800	30,000	0	30,000
18-Mar-05	Dong Won Kim	Senior Executive Vice President	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	46,800	30,000	0	30,000
18-Mar-05	Yun Keun Jung	Senior Executive Vice President	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	46,800	8,759	0	8,759
18-Mar-05	Nam Sik Yang	Senior Executive Vice President	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	46,800	30,000	0	30,000
18-Mar-05	Hyo Sung Won	Senior Executive Vice President	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	46,800	30,000	0	30,000
18-Mar-05	Yong Kook Oh	Senior Executive Vice President	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	46,800	30,000	0	30,000
18-Mar-05	Sang Jin Lee	Senior Executive Vice President	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	46,800	8,759	0	8,759
18-Mar-05	Ahn Sook Koo	Senior Executive Vice President	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	46,800	8,759	0	8,759
18-Mar-05	Jung Young Kang	Senior Executive Vice President	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	46,800	30,000	0	30,000
18-Mar-05	Young Han Choi	Senior Executive Vice President	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	46,800	30,000	0	30,000
18-Mar-05	Dong Soo Choe	Senior Executive Vice President	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	46,800	30,000	0	30,000
18-Mar-05	Seong Kyu Lee	Senior Executive Vice President	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	46,800	8,759	0	8,759
18-Mar-05	Jun Bo Cho	Senior Executive Vice President	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	46,800	8,759	0	8,759
18-Mar-05	Jeong Min Kim	Senior Executive Vice President	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	46,800	30,000	0	30,000
18-Mar-05	Sung Soo Jung	Employee	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	46,800	4,379	0	4,379
18-Mar-05	Hye Young Kim	Employee	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	46,800	4,379	0	4,379
18-Mar-05	Ki Hyun Kim	Employee	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	46,800	4,379	0	4,379
18-Mar-05	Jae Sam Jung	Employee	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	46,800	15,000	0	15,000
18-Mar-05	Chang Ho Kim	Employee	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	46,800	4,379	0	4,379
18-Mar-05	Dong Sook Kang	Employee	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	46,800	4,379	0	4,379
18-Mar-05	De Oak Shin	Employee	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	46,800	15,000	0	15,000
18-Mar-05	Dal Soo Lee	Employee	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	46,800	15,000	0	15,000
18-Mar-05	Byong Doo Ahn	Employee	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	46,800	4,379	0	4,379
18-Mar-05	Byung Kun Oh	Employee	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	46,800	15,000	0	15,000
18-Mar-05	Won Sik Yeo	Employee	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	46,800	15,000	0	15,000
18-Mar-05	Dong Su Ryo	Employee	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	46,800	15,000	0	15,000
18-Mar-05	Kyoung Ho Lee	Employee	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	46,800	15,000	0	15,000
18-Mar-05	Jeung Ho Lee	Employee	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	46,800	15,000	0	15,000
18-Mar-05	Kwang Suk Lee	Employee	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	46,800	15,000	0	15,000
18-Mar-05	Tae Gon Kim	Employee	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	46,800	15,000	0	15,000
18-Mar-05	Hyeog Kwan Kwon	Employee	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	46,800	15,000	0	15,000
18-Mar-05	Kyu Hyung Jung	Employee	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	46,800	15,000	0	15,000
18-Mar-05	Dong Hwan Cho	Employee	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	46,800	15,000	0	15,000
18-Mar-05	Man Hee Lee	Employee	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	46,800	15,000	0	15,000
18-Mar-05	Il Soo Moon	Employee	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	46,800	15,000	0	15,000
18-Mar-05	Yong Seung Lee	Employee	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	46,800	15,000	0	15,000
18-Mar-05	Suk Yong Cha	Non Executive director	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	61,000	5,091	0	5,091
18-Mar-05	Ki Hong Kim	Non Executive director	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	60,300	5,077	0	5,077

Table of Contents

Grant date	Name of the grantee	Position when granted	Exercise period		Exercise price	Number of granted options ¹	Number of exercised options	Number of exercisable options
			From	To				
18-Mar-05	Young Soon Cheon	Non Executive director	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13		15,000	0	15,000
18-Mar-05	Dong Soo Chung	Non Executive director	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	X ²	15,000	0	15,000
18-Mar-05	Chang Kyu Lee	Non Executive director	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13		15,000	0	15,000
18-Mar-05	Hun Namkoong	Non Executive director	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	61,000	5,091	0	5,091
18-Mar-05	Doo Hwan Song	Non Executive director	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13		15,000	0	15,000
18-Mar-05	Dam Cho	Non Executive director	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13	X ²	15,000	0	15,000
18-Mar-05	Nobuya Takasugi	Non Executive director	19-Mar-08	18-Mar-13		15,000	0	15,000
27-Apr-05	Kyung Wook Kang	Employee	28-Apr-08	27-Apr-13	45,700	15,000	0	15,000
22-Jul-05	Donald H. MacKenzie	Senior Executive Vice President	23-Jul-08	22-Jul-13	49,200	30,000	0	30,000
23-Aug-05	Youn Soo Kim	Executive Vice President	24-Aug-08	23-Aug-13	53,000	15,000	0	15,000
24-Mar-06	Dong Soo Chung	Non Executive director	25-Mar-09	24-Mar-14		20,000	0	20,000
24-Mar-06	Doo Hwan Song	Non Executive director	25-Mar-09	24-Mar-14		10,000	0	10,000
24-Mar-06	Chang Kyu Lee	Non Executive director	25-Mar-09	24-Mar-14		10,000	0	10,000
24-Mar-06	Dam Cho	Non Executive director	25-Mar-09	24-Mar-14		10,000	0	10,000
24-Mar-06	Nobuya Takasugi	Non Executive director	25-Mar-09	24-Mar-14		10,000	0	10,000
24-Mar-06	Young Soon Cheon	Non Executive director	25-Mar-09	24-Mar-14		5,000	0	5,000
24-Mar-06	Kee Young Chung	Non Executive director	25-Mar-09	24-Mar-14		30,000	0	30,000
24-Mar-06	Bo Kyung Byun	Non Executive director	25-Mar-09	24-Mar-14		30,000	0	30,000
24-Mar-06	Bae Kin Cha	Non Executive director	25-Mar-09	24-Mar-14		30,000	0	30,000
24-Mar-06	Hyung Duk Chang	Chief Audit Executive	25-Mar-09	24-Mar-14		20,000	0	20,000
24-Mar-06	Ki Hong Kim	Chief Executive Vice President	25-Mar-09	24-Mar-14		210,000	0	210,000
24-Mar-06	Kap Joe Song	Senior Executive Vice President	25-Mar-09	24-Mar-14		45,000	0	45,000
24-Mar-06	Dal Soo Lee	Senior Executive Vice President	25-Mar-09	24-Mar-14		20,000	0	20,000
24-Mar-06	Won Sik Yeo	Senior Executive Vice President	25-Mar-09	24-Mar-14		20,000	0	20,000
24-Mar-06	De Oak Shin	Senior Executive Vice President	25-Mar-09	24-Mar-14	X ³	20,000	0	20,000
24-Mar-06	Choong Won Cho	Employee	25-Mar-09	24-Mar-14		30,000	0	30,000
24-Mar-06	Yook Sang Kwon	Employee	25-Mar-09	24-Mar-14		30,000	0	30,000
24-Mar-06	Haing Hyun Choi	Employee	25-Mar-09	24-Mar-14		30,000	0	30,000
24-Mar-06	In Gyu Choi	Employee	25-Mar-09	24-Mar-14		30,000	0	30,000
24-Mar-06	Kwang Chun Shon	Employee	25-Mar-09	24-Mar-14		30,000	0	30,000
24-Mar-06	Han Mok Cho	Employee	25-Mar-09	24-Mar-14		30,000	0	30,000
24-Mar-06	Soon Hyun Kim	Employee	25-Mar-09	24-Mar-14		30,000	0	30,000
24-Mar-06	Seung Joo Baik	Employee	25-Mar-09	24-Mar-14		30,000	0	30,000
24-Mar-06	Kwang Mook Park	Employee	25-Mar-09	24-Mar-14		30,000	0	30,000
24-Mar-06	Se Yoon Hong	Employee	25-Mar-09	24-Mar-14		30,000	0	30,000
24-Mar-06	Sang Rak Jang	Employee	25-Mar-09	24-Mar-14		30,000	0	30,000
24-Mar-06	Jin Sun Paeng	Employee	25-Mar-09	24-Mar-14		30,000	0	30,000
24-Mar-06	Shin Og Joo	Employee	25-Mar-09	24-Mar-14		30,000	0	30,000
24-Mar-06	Young Hee Jeon	Employee	25-Mar-09	24-Mar-14		30,000	0	30,000
24-Mar-06	Bae Young Lee	Employee	25-Mar-09	24-Mar-14		30,000	0	30,000

³ Exercise price = 75,200 Won x (1 + TRS of the three major competitors x 0.4)

Table of Contents

Grant date	Name of the grantee	Position when granted	Exercise period		Exercise price	Number of granted options ¹	Number of exercised options	Number of exercisable options
			From	To				
28-Apr-06	Young Mo Lee	Employee	29-Apr-09	28-Apr-14	X ₄	30,000	0	30,000
27-Oct-06	Dong Hyun Ji	Employee	28-Oct-09	27-Oct-14	X ₅	20,000	0	20,000
Total						4,047,090	761,522	3,285,568

⁴ Exercise price = 81,900 Won x (1 + TRS of the three major competitors x 0.4)

⁵ Exercise price = 76,600 Won x (1 + TRS of the three major competitors x 0.4)

Table of Contents

5.4. Affiliated Companies

5.4.1. List of Affiliates¹

Affiliated companies of Kookmin Bank and its ownership as of December 31, 2006 are as follows.

- n KB Investment Co., Ltd. (99.99%)
- n KB Asset Management Co., Ltd. (80.00%)
- n KB Real Estate Trust Co., Ltd. (99.99%)
- n KB Credit Information Co., Ltd. (99.73%)
- n KB Data Systems Corporation (99.99%)
- n KB Futures Co., Ltd. (99.98%)
- n KB Life Insurance Co., Ltd. (51.00%)
- n ING Life Korea Ltd. (20.00%)
- n Kookmin Bank International (London) Ltd. (100.00%)
- n Kookmin Bank Hong Kong Ltd. (100.00%)
- n Sorak Financial Holdings Pte. Ltd. (25.00%)

¹ Excludes Joeeun Industrial and KLB Securities which are under liquidation procedures. Kookmin Singapore Ltd. and Kookmin Finance Asia Limited are also under liquidation procedures.

Table of Contents**6. Directors, Senior Management and Employees****6.1. Executive Directors**

Our four executive directors consist of the President & CEO, Chief Audit Executive, Chief Executive Vice President and Senior Executive Vice President.

The names and positions of our directors, and the number of shares of Kookmin Bank's common stock they own are set forth below as of December 31, 2006.

Name	Date of Birth	Position	Common Stocks Owned
Chung Won Kang	12/19/1950	President & CEO	
Hyung Duk Chang	08/13/1950	Chief Audit Executive	
Ki Hong Kim	01/10/1957	Chief Executive Vice President	
Kap Shin	09/04/1955	CFO & Senior EVP	

6.2. Non-Executive Directors

Our non-executive directors are selected based on the candidates' talents and skills in diverse areas, such as law, finance, economy, management and accounting. As of December 31, 2006, there were nine non-executive directors.

Our current non-executive directors and number of shares of Kookmin Bank's common stock they own are as follows.

Name	Date of Birth	Position	Common Stocks Owned
Dong Soo Chung	09/24/1945	Non-Executive Director	2,390
Nobuya Takasugi	09/03/1942	Non-Executive Director	
Kee Young Chung	09/07/1948	Non-Executive Director	
Doo Hwan Song	05/29/1949	Non-Executive Director	
Chang Kyu Lee	05/20/1950	Non-Executive Director	
Dam Cho	08/01/1952	Non-Executive Director	
Bo Kyung Byun	08/09/1953	Non-Executive Director	
Baek In Cha	07/23/1958	Non-Executive Director	
Young Soon Cheon	02/01/1961	Non-Executive Director	1,970

On March 21, 2007, Doo Hwan Song resigned his office before completing his term.

On March 23, 2007, the date of our Annual General Meeting of Shareholders for fiscal year 2006, Young Soon Cheon was retired and Jacques P.M. Kemp replaced Young Soon Cheon.

Table of Contents

6.3. Senior Management

In addition to the executive directors who are also our executive officers, we currently have the following 13 executive officers as of December 31, 2006.

Name	Date of Birth	Position	Common Shares Owned
Nam Sik Yang	05/08/1954	Senior Executive Vice President	582
Won Sik Yeo	01/30/1953	Senior Executive Vice President	
Dal Soo Lee	02/15/1952	Senior Executive Vice President	
Yong Kook Oh	09/30/1949	Senior Executive Vice President	
Hyo Sung Won	07/29/1960	Senior Executive Vice President	
De Oak Shin	01/09/1951	Senior Executive Vice President	8,618
Jung Young Kang	01/29/1951	Senior Executive Vice President	
Young Han Choi	09/24/1958	Senior Executive Vice President	
Dong Soo Choe	03/10/1955	Senior Executive Vice President	
Jeong Min Kim	05/08/1951	Senior Executive Vice President	94
Donald H. MacKenzie	12/20/1948	Senior Executive Vice President	
Kap Joe Song	07/20/1947	Senior Executive Vice President	
Dong Won Kim	03/01/1953	Senior Executive Vice President	

Since December 31, Nam Sik Yang, Jung Young Kang and Dong Soo Choe have retired and Dong Su Yeo, Hyeog Kwan Kwon, Kyoung Woo Nam and Jeung Ho Lee were newly appointed as senior executive vice presidents.

6.4. Employees

The following table shows the breakdown of our employees as of December 31, 2006.

(Unit: in millions of Won)

	Number of Employees ¹			Average Tenure of	Total Payment for year of 2006 ³	Average Payment per Person
	Full-time	Contractual	Total	the Full-time Employees (years) ²		
Male	12,803	1,402	14,205	17 years and 6 months	1,108,412	78.0
Female	4,369	6,280	10,649	14 years and 4 months	547,306	51.4
Total	17,172	7,682	24,854	16 years and 8 months	1,655,718	66.6

¹ Numbers of employees are calculated based on an arithmetic mean from January 31, 2006 to December 31, 2006, and do not include executive vice presidents, local employees in overseas branches and persons engaged in outsourced services.

² Based on only full-time employees as of December 31, 2006

³ Based on personnel expense and welfare cost as of December 31, 2006

Table of Contents

7. Major Stockholders and Related Party Transactions

7.1. Major Stockholders¹

The following table presents information regarding the selected major ownership of our shares.

(Unit: Shares, %)

Name	Number of	Percentage
	Shares of	of Total
	Common Stock	Issued Shares
Citi Bank, N. A.²	49,470,643	14.71
Euro-Pacific Growth Fund	18,377,910	5.46

¹ Information based on December 31, 2006

² Depositary under our ADR and GDR programs

Table of Contents**7.2. Investments in Affiliates¹**

(Unit: in millions of Won)

Name	Relation with the Bank	Account	Beginning			Ending
			Balance (Jan 1, 2006)	Increase	Decrease	Balance (Dec 31, 2006)
KB Real Estate Trust	Affiliate	Equity Securities of Affiliate	79,999			79,999
KB Investment	Affiliate	Equity Securities of Affiliate	44,756			44,756
KB Asset Management	Affiliate	Equity Securities of Affiliate	30,670			30,670
KB Futures	Affiliate	Equity Securities of Affiliate	19,996			19,996
KB Data Systems Corp.	Affiliate	Equity Securities of Affiliate	7,999			7,999
KB Credit Information	Affiliate	Equity Securities of Affiliate	6,245			6,245
KB Life Insurance	Affiliate	Equity Securities of Affiliate	15,300			15,300
Joeeun Industrial¹	Affiliate	Equity Securities of Affiliate	9,999			9,999
KLB Securities¹	Affiliate	Equity Securities of Affiliate	24,274			24,274
ING Life Korea	Affiliate	Equity Securities of Affiliate	14,000			14,000
Kookmin Bank Hong Kong Ltd.	Affiliate	Equity Securities of Affiliate	20,260		1,668	18,592
Kookmin Bank International (London) Ltd.	Affiliate	Equity Securities of Affiliate	34,935	1,547		36,482

Based on par value

¹ Joeeun Industrial and KLB Securities are under liquidation procedures

Table of Contents**7.3. Related Party Transactions**

(Unit: in millions of Won unless indicated otherwise)

Name	Relation with the Bank	Account	Transactions		Volume	Gains /Losses
			Purchase	Disposal		
DSME Co.	Related party of Non-executive director,					
	Dong Soo Chung	Equity securities	2,707	2,625	5,332	98
LG International	Related party of Non-executive director,					
	Kee Young Chung	Equity securities	4,929	4,929	9,858	(391)
Total			7,636	7,554	15,190	(293)

Table of Contents

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Kookmin Bank
(Registrant)

Date: March 30, 2007

By: /s/ Kap Shin
(Signature)

Name: Kap Shin
Title: CFO / Senior EVP
Executive Director

Table of Contents

Exhibit 99.1

KOOKMIN BANK AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 AND INDEPENDENT
AUDITORS' REPORT

Table of Contents

Independent Auditors' Report

English Translation of a Report Originally Issued in Korean

To the Shareholders and Board of Directors of Kookmin Bank:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Kookmin Bank (the "Bank") and its subsidiaries as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, and the related consolidated statements of income, changes in shareholders' equity and cash flows for the years ended, all expressed in Korean Won. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Bank's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We did not audit the financial statements of certain trust accounts whose principal or fixed rate of return is guaranteed by the Bank, KB Investment Co., Ltd., KB Data System Co., Ltd., KB Credit Information, and Kookmin Bank Int'l Ltd., which statements reflect total assets constituting 1.98 percent of consolidated total assets as of December 31, 2006 and total revenues constituting 1.67 percent of consolidated total revenues for the year then ended, and the financial statements of certain trust accounts whose principal or fixed rate of return is guaranteed by the Bank, KB Investment Co., Ltd., KB Data System Co., Ltd., KB Credit Information, NPC02-4 Kookmin Venture Fund and Kookmin Bank Int'l Ltd., which statements reflect total assets constituting 2.11 percent of consolidated total assets as of December 31, 2005 and total revenues constituting 1.63 percent of consolidated total revenues for the year then ended. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for those entities, is based solely on the reports of such other auditors.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of Korea. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Bank and its subsidiaries as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, and the results of their operations, changes in shareholders' equity and their cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the Republic of Korea.

Accounting principles and audit standards and their application in practice vary among countries. The accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries other than the Republic of Korea. In addition, the procedures and practices utilized in the Republic of Korea to audit financial statements may differ from those generally accepted and applied in other countries. Accordingly, this report and the accompanying financial statements are for use by those knowledgeable about Korean accounting procedures and audit standards and their application in practice.

March 2, 2007

Notice to Readers

This report is effective as of March 2, 2007, the auditors' report date. Certain subsequent events or circumstances may have occurred between the auditors' report date and the time the auditors' report is read. Such events or circumstances could significantly affect the accompanying financial statements and may result in modifications to the auditors' report.

Table of Contents

KOOKMIN BANK AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

	2006	Korean Won (In millions)	2005
ASSETS			
Cash and due from banks (Notes 4 and 21)	(Won) 6,688,977	(Won)	5,942,996
Securities (Notes 5 and 21)	32,588,135		33,479,132
Loans (Notes 6, 7, 8 and 21)	150,017,861		135,821,846
Fixed assets (Note 9)	2,512,885		2,441,612
Other assets (Note 10)	7,107,020		5,217,136
	(Won) 198,914,878	(Won)	182,902,722
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
LIABILITIES:			
Deposits (Notes 11 and 21)	(Won) 133,296,975	(Won)	129,615,589
Borrowings (Notes 12 and 21)	13,804,393		13,328,397
Debentures (Notes 13 and 21)	24,982,506		16,547,987
Other liabilities (Notes 14, 15, 16 and 17)	11,702,943		10,960,517
	183,786,817		170,452,490
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Notes 18 and 19):			
Common stock	1,681,896		1,681,896
Capital surplus	6,274,831		6,269,599
Retained earnings			
(Net income of (Won)2,458,260 million for the year ended December 31, 2006 and (Won)2,241,055 million for the year ended December 31, 2005)	6,241,912		3,967,535
Capital adjustments	885,141		492,589
Minority interests	44,281		38,613
	15,128,061		12,450,232
	(Won) 198,914,878	(Won)	182,902,722

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents

KOOKMIN BANK AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

	Korean Won	
	2006	2005
	(In millions except per share amounts)	
OPERATING REVENUE:		
Interest income:		
Interest on due from banks	(Won) 34,036	(Won) 28,977
Interest on securities	1,505,053	1,260,527
Interest on loans	10,678,249	10,121,619
Other interest income	50,065	41,641
	12,267,403	11,452,764
Commission income	1,379,420	1,202,141
Other operating income:		
Gain on disposal of trading securities	60,242	103,953
Gain on valuation of trading securities	9,076	
Dividends on trading securities	3,135	4,998
Dividends on available-for-sale securities	4,789	3,431
Foreign exchange trading income	245,217	253,907
Fees and commissions from trust accounts	125,786	110,507
Gain on financial derivatives trading	4,422,217	3,655,079
Gain on valuation of financial derivatives (Note 20)	935,246	1,153,294
Gain on valuation of fair value hedged items (Notes 11, 13 and 20)	35,828	56,144
Other operating income	109,403	46,739
	5,950,939	5,388,052
Insurance revenue	386,944	244,001
Total operating revenue	19,984,706	18,286,958
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Interest expenses:		
Interest on deposits	3,543,984	3,281,112
Interest on borrowings	658,232	384,892
Interest on debentures	1,139,073	1,034,472
Other interest expenses	50,757	30,650
	5,392,046	4,731,126
Commission expense	484,030	349,379
Other operating expenses:		
Loss on disposal of trading securities	51,350	99,142
Loss on valuation of trading securities		13,536

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Provision for possible loan losses (Note 8)	1,028,465	1,029,445
Provision for acceptance and guarantee losses	8,931	9,008
Foreign exchange trading losses	296,771	237,443
Loss on financial derivatives trading	4,082,692	3,577,462
Loss on valuation of financial derivatives (Note 20)	1,015,782	1,096,714
Loss on valuation of fair value hedged items (Notes 11, 13 and 20)	31,517	1,336
Other operating expenses	802,196	800,340
	7,317,704	6,864,426
General and administrative expenses (Note 22)	3,304,474	3,031,958
Insurance expense	385,897	221,483
Total operating expenses	16,884,151	15,198,372

(Continued)

Table of Contents

KOOKMIN BANK AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

	Korean Won	
	2006	2005
	(In millions except per share amounts)	
OPERATING INCOME	(Won) 3,100,555	(Won) 3,088,586
NON-OPERATING INCOME (Note 23)	640,225	697,038
NON-OPERATING EXPENSES (Note 23)	299,727	526,598
ORDINARY INCOME	3,441,053	3,259,026
EXTRAORDINARY ITEM		
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	3,441,053	3,259,026
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Note 24)	974,047	1,006,052
NET INCOME BEFORE MINORITY INTERESTS	2,467,006	2,252,974
MINORITY INTERESTS, GAIN	8,746	11,919
NET INCOME	(Won) 2,458,260	(Won) 2,241,055
ORDINARY INCOME PER SHARE (In currency units) (Note 25)	(Won) 7,308	(Won) 6,943
NET INCOME PER SHARE (In currency units) (Note 25)	(Won) 7,308	(Won) 6,943
DILUTED ORDINARY INCOME PER SHARE (In currency units) (Note 25)	(Won) 7,308	(Won) 6,938
DILUTED NET INCOME PER SHARE (In currency units) (Note 25)	(Won) 7,308	(Won) 6,938

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents

KOOKMIN BANK AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

	Capital stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Capital adjustments	Minority interests	Total
January 1, 2005	(Won) 1,681,896	(Won) 6,238,284	(Won) 1,897,164	(Won) (583,783)	(Won) 27,640	(Won) 9,261,201
Net income			2,241,055			2,241,055
Dividends			(168,574)		(1,872)	(170,446)
Change in treasury stock		25,075		1,314,119		1,339,194
Loss on valuation of available-for-sale securities				(201,484)		(201,484)
Gain on valuation of held-to-maturity securities				426		426
Change due to the equity method				(10,964)		(10,964)
Stock options				(25,725)		(25,725)
Minority interests, gain					11,919	11,919
Sales of subsidiaries' equity securities		10,966			4,200	15,166
Change in retained earnings of subsidiaries			(88)			(88)
Change in retained earnings of the trust account			(2,024)			(2,024)
Change in subsidiaries		10			(3,296)	(3,286)
Others		(4,736)	2		22	(4,712)
December 31, 2005	(Won) 1,681,896	(Won) 6,269,599	(Won) 3,967,535	(Won) 492,589	(Won) 38,613	(Won) 12,450,232
January 1, 2006	(Won) 1,681,896	(Won) 6,269,599	(Won) 3,967,535	(Won) 492,589	(Won) 38,613	(Won) 12,450,232
Net income			2,458,260			2,458,260
Dividends			(184,889)		(4,729)	(189,618)
Change in treasury stock				9,660		9,660
Gain on sales of treasury stock		3,511				3,511
Gain on valuation of available-for-sale securities				373,255	1,434	374,689
Loss on valuation of held-to-maturity securities				(328)		(328)
Change due to the equity method				13,853		13,853
Stock options				(3,888)		(3,888)
Minority interests, gain					8,746	8,746
Change in retained earnings of the trust account			2,794			2,794
Return of capital					(4,500)	(4,500)
Others		1,721	(1,788)		4,717	4,650

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December 31, 2006	(Won) 1,681,896	(Won) 6,274,831	(Won) 6,241,912	(Won) 885,141	(Won) 44,281	(Won) 15,128,061
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See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents

KOOKMIN BANK AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

	2006	Korean Won	2005
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Net income	(Won) 2,458,260		(Won) 2,241,055
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Loss on disposal of trading securities	51,350		99,142
Provision for possible loan losses	1,028,465		1,029,445
Loss on financial derivatives trading	4,082,692		3,577,462
Loss on valuation of financial derivatives	1,015,782		1,096,714
Loss on valuation of fair value hedged items	31,517		1,336
Loss on valuation of securities accounted for using the equity method	4,236		2,674
Provision for severance benefits	169,288		133,325
Depreciation and amortization	326,423		351,641
Loss on disposal of available-for-sale securities	15,416		20,240
Loss on impairment of available-for-sale securities	127,571		103,305
Loss on disposal of tangible assets	2,737		4,293
Loss on sale of loans	17,222		16,397
Minority interests, gain	8,746		11,919
Gain on disposal of trading securities	(60,242)		(103,953)
Gain on valuation of trading securities	(9,076)		
Gain on financial derivatives trading	(4,422,217)		(3,655,079)
Gain on valuation of financial derivatives	(935,246)		(1,153,294)
Gain on valuation of fair value hedged items	(35,828)		(56,144)
Gain on valuation of securities accounted for using the equity method	(33,975)		(28,858)
Gain on disposal of available-for-sale securities	(201,319)		(342,549)
Gain on disposal of tangible assets	(10,931)		(11,433)
Gain on sale of loans	(37,311)		(81,866)
Others, net	460,557		615,233
	1,595,857		1,629,950

(Continued)

Table of Contents

KOOKMIN BANK AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

	Korean Won	
	2006	2005
Changes in assets and liabilities resulting from operations:		
Net decrease in trading securities	(Won) 932,188	(Won) 51,676
Net decrease (increase) in accounts receivable	(1,710,289)	1,884,330
Net increase in accrued income	(160,775)	(32,607)
Net increase in prepaid expenses	(39,307)	(3,058)
Net decrease (increase) in deferred income tax assets	337,051	(2,637)
Net increase (decrease) in accounts payable	1,509,988	(1,883,649)
Net increase (decrease) in accrued expenses	(770,768)	669,744
Net increase (decrease) in advances from customers	(170,429)	167,836
Payment of severance benefits	(18,209)	(65,002)
Increase in severance insurance deposits	(99,557)	(43,250)
Others, net	110,337	167,640
	(79,770)	911,023
Net cash provided by operating activities	3,974,347	4,782,028
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Net increase in restricted due from banks	(1,060,524)	(429,288)
Net decrease in available-for-sale securities	1,428,564	1,314,010
Net increase in held-to-maturity securities	(713,092)	(3,939,145)
Net increase in securities accounted for using the equity method	(54,106)	(6,709)
Net increase in loans	(15,459,889)	(1,176,240)
Disposal of fixed assets	24,286	28,525
Purchase of fixed assets	(364,870)	(172,000)
Others, net	(329,756)	9,261
Net cash used in investing activities	(16,529,387)	(4,371,586)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Net increase (decrease) in deposits	3,677,600	(515,019)
Net increase (decrease) in debentures	8,388,146	(5,304,797)
Net increase in borrowings	574,944	4,079,434
Net increase (decrease) in other liabilities	(216,690)	1,789,360
Others, net	(183,503)	(161,954)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	12,240,497	(112,976)
DECREASE IN CASH DUE TO CHANGE IN SCOPE OF CONSOLIDATION		(572)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND DUE FROM BANKS	(314,543)	296,894
CASH AND DUE FROM BANKS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	3,683,815	3,386,921
CASH AND DUE FROM BANKS, END OF YEAR (Note 28)	(Won) 3,369,272	(Won) 3,683,815

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See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents

KOOKMIN BANK AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

1. GENERAL:

Kookmin Bank (the "Bank") was established in 1963 under the Citizens National Bank Act to provide and administer funds for financing to the general public and small businesses. Pursuant to the repeal of the Citizens National Bank Act, effective January 5, 1995, the Bank has conducted its operations in accordance with the provisions of the General Banking Act.

The Bank merged with Korea Long Term Credit Bank on December 31, 1998 and with Daegu, Busan, Jeonnam Kookmin Mutual Savings & Finance Co., Ltd. on August 22, 1999. Also, under the decision of the Financial Supervisory Commission in accordance with the Structural Improvement of the Financial Industry Act, the Bank purchased certain assets, including loans classified as normal or precautionary, and assumed most of the liabilities of Daedong Bank on June 29, 1998. Also, the Bank completed the legal consolidation with Housing and Commercial Bank ("H&CB") on October 31, 2001 and merged with Kookmin Credit Card Co., Ltd., a majority-owned subsidiary, on September 30, 2003.

The Bank's shares have been listed on the Korea Stock Exchange since September 1994. As a result of the business combination with H&CB, the former shareholders of the Bank and H&CB received new common shares of the Bank on the basis of a pre-determined ratio. The new common shares of the Bank were listed on the Korea Stock Exchange on November 9, 2001. In addition, the Bank listed its American Depositary Shares ("ADS") on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") as of November 1, 2001 following the consolidation with H&CB. H&CB listed its ADS on the NYSE as of October 3, 2000 prior to the business combination. As of December 31, 2006, the Bank's paid-in capital amounts to (Won)1,681,896 million.

The Bank is engaged in the banking, trust, credit card and other relevant businesses according to the provisions of the General Banking Act and the Trust Business Act, and Specialized Credit Financial Business Act, respectively. The Bank operates through 1,132 domestic branches and offices (excluding 216 automated teller machine stations) and three overseas branches (excluding two subsidiaries and one office) as of December 31, 2006.

2. SCOPE OF CONSOLIDATION AND EQUITY METHOD ACCOUNTING:

The consolidated financial statements include the Bank and trust accounts whose principal or fixed of return is guaranteed by the Bank and its wholly or partially owned subsidiaries.

Subsidiaries included in the consolidation and accounted for using the equity method as of December 31, 2006 were as follows:

			Percentage	
			of	
			ownership	
Subsidiaries	Closing date	No. of shares	(%)	Business
Consolidated:				
KB Investment Co., Ltd.	December 31	8,951,293	99.99	Investing and financing to small and medium-sized enterprises
KB Futures Co., Ltd.	March 31	3,999,200	99.98	Deals with and brokerage services for futures transactions
KB Data System Co., Ltd.	December 31	799,960	99.99	

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KB Real Estate Trust Co., Ltd.	December 31	15,999,930	99.99	Software services for the Bank and other companies Development, management and brokerage services with regards to real estate and trust
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Table of Contents

Subsidiaries	Closing date	No. of shares	Percentage of ownership (%)	Business
KB Asset Management Co., Ltd.	March 31	6,134,040	80.00	Providing security investment trust services and investment consulting services
KB Credit Information Co., Ltd.	December 31	1,249,040	99.73	Delinquent loan collection service and credit checking services
KB Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	March 31	3,060,000	51.00	Insurance service
Kookmin Bank Int'l Ltd. (London)	December 31	20,000,000	100.00	Commercial banking business and foreign exchange operation
Kookmin Bank Hong Kong Ltd.	December 31	2,000,000	100.00	Commercial banking business and foreign exchange operation
NPC 02-4 Kookmin Venture Fund	December 31	105	50.00	Investing and financing to small and medium-sized enterprises
Accounted for using the equity method:				
ING Life Insurance Korea	March 31	1,400,000	20.00	Insurance service
Balhae Infrastructure Fund (*2)	June 30 & December 31	4,486,305	12.61	Investment in social overhead capital
Korea Credit Bureau Co., Ltd. (*3)	December 31	180,000	9.00	Credit reporting and collection agency services
KLB Securities Co., Ltd. (*1)	December 31	4,854,713	36.41	Securities related business
Joeeun Industrial Co., Ltd. (*1)	December 31	1,999,910	99.99	House construction
Jeio Co., Ltd. (*6)	December 31	88,572	20.33	Inspection of materials & manufacturing of measuring instruments
Kookmin Bank Singapore Ltd. (*1)	December 31	30,000,000	100.00	Commercial banking business and foreign exchange operation
Kookmin Finance Asia Ltd. (HK) (*1)	December 31	700,000	100.00	Commercial banking business and foreign exchange operation
Sorak Financial Holdings PTE Ltd. (Singapore)	December 31	1,422,216	25.00	Investment
Pacific IT Investment Partnership (*1)	December 31	840	60.00	Investing and financing to small and medium-sized enterprises
KB 06-1 Venture Investment Fund (*5)	December 31	375	75.00	Investment in venture business
Kookmin China Fund No.1 (*4 & *7)	December 31	300	50.00	Investment in venture business
KTTC Kookmin Venture Fund (*7)	December 31	200	20.00	Investment in venture business
Kookmin Investment Partnership No.15 (*4 & *7)	June 30	17	34.00	Investment in venture business
Kookmin Investment Partnership No.16 (*7)	July 31	184	20.00	Investment in venture business
KB 03-1 Venture Investment Fund (*7)	December 31	250	16.67	Investment in venture business
KB 03-1 Corporate Restructuring Fund (*7)	December 31	116	29.00	Investment in venture business
NPC 05-6 Kookmin Venture Fund (*7)	December 31	500	20.00	Investment in venture business
KB 06-1 Corporate Restructuring Fund (*7)	December 31	12	5.38	Investment in venture business
NPS 06-5 KB Corporate Restructuring Fund (*7)	December 31	4,037,500,000	13.57	Investment in venture business

Table of Contents

Subsidiaries included in the consolidation and accounted for using the equity method as of December 31, 2005 were as follows:

Subsidiaries	Closing date	No. of shares	Percentage of ownership(%)	Business
Consolidated:				
KB Investment Co., Ltd.	December 31	8,951,293	99.99	Investing and financing to small and medium-sized enterprises
KB Futures Co., Ltd.	March 31	3,999,200	99.98	Deals with and brokerage services for futures transactions
KB Data System Co., Ltd.	December 31	799,960	99.99	Software services for the Bank and other companies
KB Real Estate Trust Co., Ltd.	December 31	15,999,930	99.99	Development, management and brokerage services with regards to real estate and trust
KB Asset Management Co., Ltd.	March 31	6,134,040	80.00	Providing security investment trust services and investment consulting services
KB Credit Information Co., Ltd.	December 31	1,249,040	99.73	Delinquent loan collection service and credit checking services
KB Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	March 31	3,060,000	51.00	Insurance service
Kookmin Bank Int'l Ltd. (London)	December 31	20,000,000	100.00	Commercial banking business and foreign exchange operation
Kookmin Bank Hong Kong Ltd.	December 31	2,000,000	100.00	Commercial banking business and foreign exchange operation
NPC 02-4 Kookmin Venture Fund	December 31	150	50.00	Investing and financing to small and medium-sized enterprises
Accounted for using the equity method:				
ING Life Insurance Korea	March 31	1,400,000	20.00	Insurance service
KLB Securities Co., Ltd. (*1)	December 31	4,854,713	36.41	Securities related business
Joeeun Industrial Co., Ltd. (*1)	December 31	1,999,910	99.99	House construction
Jeio Co., Ltd. (*6)	December 31	88,572	20.33	Inspection of materials & manufacturing of measuring instruments
Kookmin Bank Singapore Ltd. (*1)	December 31	30,000,000	100.00	Commercial banking business and foreign exchange operation
Kookmin Finance Asia Ltd. (HK) (*1)	December 31	700,000	100.00	Commercial banking business and foreign exchange operation
Sorak Financial Holdings PTE Ltd. (Singapore)	December 31	1,422,216	25.00	Investment
Pacific IT Investment Partnership (*1)	December 31	840	60.00	Investing and financing to small and medium-sized enterprises
KIKO No.2 Venture Investment Partnership (*1)	June 30	310	68.89	Investment in venture business
KIKO No.3 Venture Investment Partnership (*1)	June 30		80.38	Investment in venture business
Kookmin China Fund No.1 (*4 & *7)	December 31	300	50.00	Investment in venture business
KTTC Kookmin Venture Fund (*7)	December 31	200	20.00	Investment in venture business
Kookmin Investment Partnership No.15 (*7)	June 30	17	34.00	Investment in venture business
Kookmin Investment Partnership No.16 (*7)	July 31	184	20.00	Investment in venture business
KB 03-1 Venture Investment Fund (*7)	December 31	250	16.67	Investment in venture business
KB 03-1 Corporate Restructuring Fund (*7)	December 31	116	29.00	Investment in venture business
NPC 05-6 Kookmin Venture Fund (*7)	December 31	125	20.00	Investment in venture business

The Bank disposed of 49 percent shares of KB Life Insurance Co., Ltd. to ING Insurance International B.V. in 2005. In addition, Pacific IT Investment Partnership was excluded from consolidation since it went into the process of liquidation in December 2005.

Table of Contents

- (*1) Excluded from consolidation since it is in the process of liquidation.
- (*2) The Bank may exercise its voting right at the board meeting or at an equivalent decision making body of the investee.
- (*3) The Bank has significant influence in electing the board member who may participate in the decision making process relating to the financial and business policy of the investee.
- (*4) Excluded from consolidation because total assets were less than (Won) 7 billion as of prior year's end date.
- (*5) Excluded from consolidation because total assets were less than (Won) 7 billion as of organization date in this year.
- (*6) Investment held by KB Investment Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Bank
- (*7) Investment funds held by KB Investment Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Bank
- Certain trust accounts whose principal or fixed rate of return is guaranteed by the Bank are included in the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the accounting guidelines of the Financial Supervisory Commission in the Republic of Korea. The trust accounts as of December 31, 2006 and 2005 are as follows (Unit: In millions):

	2006		2005	
	Total assets	Operating revenue	Total assets	Operating revenue
Consolidated	(Won) 3,485,991	(Won) 172,154	(Won) 3,358,977	(Won) 193,398
Not consolidated	13,167,897	572,865	14,718,792	1,047,214
	(Won) 16,653,888	(Won) 745,019	(Won) 18,077,769	(Won) 1,240,612

A summary of significant financial data of the Bank's subsidiaries, included in the consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006 is as follows (Unit: In millions):

	Total assets	Capital stock	Shareholders equity	Operating revenue	Net income
Trust accounts	(Won) 3,485,991	(Won)	(Won) 58,623	(Won) 172,154	(Won)
KB Investment Co., Ltd.	96,296	44,759	94,448	20,030	10,974
KB Futures Co., Ltd.	67,145	20,000	28,083	11,487	1,824
KB Data System Co., Ltd.	33,471	8,000	17,603	67,588	2,277
KB Real Estate Trust Co., Ltd.	206,392	80,000	99,539	66,122	18,424
KB Asset Management Co., Ltd.	92,220	38,338	81,589	44,826	23,636
KB Credit Information Co., Ltd.	43,938	6,262	35,409	71,532	7,329
KB Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	700,438	30,000	31,903	409,302	4,187
Kookmin Bank Int'l Ltd. (London)	315,938	36,482	56,496	20,634	3,736
Kookmin Bank Hong Kong Ltd.	395,935	18,592	72,130	27,568	7,963
NPC 02-4 Kookmin Venture Fund	24,852	21,000	24,612	5,459	3,790

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

Basis of Consolidated Financial Statement Presentation

The Bank and its subsidiaries maintain their official accounting records in Korean Won (only domestic subsidiaries) and prepare statutory consolidated financial statements in the Korean language (Hangul) in conformity with the accounting principles and banking accounting standards generally accepted in the Republic of Korea. Certain accounting principles and banking accounting standards applied by the Bank and its subsidiaries that conform with financial accounting standards and accounting principles in the Republic of Korea may not conform with generally accepted accounting principles and banking accounting practices in other countries. Accordingly, these consolidated financial statements are intended for use by those who are informed about Korean accounting principles and practices. The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been condensed, restructured and translated

Table of Contents

into English (with certain expanded descriptions) from the Korean language consolidated financial statements. Certain information included in the Korean language consolidated financial statements, but not required for a fair presentation of the Bank and its subsidiaries' financial position, results of operations or cash flows, is not presented in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

The significant accounting policies followed by the Bank and its subsidiaries in preparing the accompanying consolidated financial statements are summarized below:

Basis of Consolidated Financial Statements Preparation

(1) Offset of Investments and Equity Accounts of Subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries and equity accounts of subsidiaries were eliminated at the date when the Bank obtained control over the subsidiaries. The differences between the amounts of investment and the equity accounts are recorded as goodwill or negative goodwill, which is amortized or reversed using the straight-line method over five years. If additional shares are purchased after acquiring control, the difference between the additional acquisition cost and the portion of net assets acquired is credited or charged to capital surplus. If the acquisition date does not agree with the year-end balance sheet date of the subsidiary, the closest closing date to the acquisition date is regarded as the acquisition date.

(2) Inter-company Transactions and Balances

All inter-company transactions are eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

(3) Disposition of Subsidiaries' Shares

If a subsidiary of the Bank is still subject to the scope of consolidation even after certain portions of shares are disposed to minority interests, gain/loss on disposal of investment securities is recognized as capital surplus. If a subsidiary of the Bank is subject to the equity method due to the disposition of securities, the investment account is recorded at net assets of subsidiaries at the time of disposition, net of unamortized goodwill or negative goodwill in the consolidated financial statements.

(4) Equity Method

For investments in affiliates accounted for using the equity method, the difference between acquisition cost and net assets acquired at the acquisition date is added to or deducted from the carrying amount of investments and is amortized in equal annual amounts for five years from the year incurred. Changes in the Bank's portion of net assets of affiliates accounted for using the equity method are added to or deducted from the carrying amount of investments.

(5) Balance Sheet Date for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Balance sheet date for the consolidated financial statements is the closing date of the Bank, the parent company. The accounts of consolidated subsidiaries whose fiscal years are different from that of the Bank have been adjusted to reflect balances as of the closing date of the Bank.

(6) Special Reserve in Trust Accounts

A special reserve provided for possible future losses on certain trust accounts under the arrangement of guaranteed fixed rate of return and/or repayment of the principal each year is included in retained earnings in the consolidated financial statements.

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(7) Minority Interests

Non-controlling, outside ownership interests in a subsidiary's shareholders' equity are presented as minority interests. Gain (loss) attributable to minority interests is presented as deduction from (addition to) consolidated net income.

- 5 -

Table of Contents**Accounting Policies of Consolidated Entities**

The relevant laws and regulations applied to the consolidated entities are as follows:

	Relevant laws and regulations
The Bank	Accounting standards of banking industry & general banking act
Trust accounts	Trust business act
KB Investment Co., Ltd.	Act on support for foundation of small and medium-sized companies & loan specialization financial business act
KB Futures Co., Ltd.	Supervisory guidelines on futures trading
KB Real Estate Trust Co., Ltd.	Trust business act
KB Asset Management Co., Ltd.	Act on business of operating indirect investments and assets
KB Credit Information Co., Ltd.	Act on the use and protection of credit information
KB Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	Accounting standards of the insurance business & general insurance business act
Kookmin Bank Int'l Ltd. (London)	Financial accounting standards in UK
Kookmin Bank Hong Kong Ltd.	Financial accounting standards in Hong Kong

Interest Income Recognition

The Bank and its subsidiaries apply the accrual basis in recognizing interest income related to deposits, loans and securities, except for non-secured uncollectible receivables. Interest on loans, whose principal or interest is past due at the balance sheet date, is generally not accrued, with the exception of interest on certain loans secured by guarantee of governments or government agencies, or collateralized by bank deposits. When a loan is placed on non-accrual status, previously accrued interest is generally reversed and deducted from current interest income; and future interest income is recognized on cash basis in accordance with the banking industry accounting standards. As of December 31, 2006 and 2005, the principal amount of loans and securities of which the accrued interest income was not recorded in the accompanying consolidated financial statements based on the above criteria amounted to (Won)6,118,071 million and (Won)7,940,980 million, respectively, and the related accrued interest income not recognized amounted to (Won)533,546 million and (Won)481,240 million, respectively.

Classification of Securities

At acquisition, the Bank and its subsidiaries classify securities into one of the following categories: trading, available-for-sale, held-to-maturity and securities accounted for using the equity method, depending on marketability, purpose of acquisition and ability to hold. Debt and equity securities that are bought and held for the purpose of selling them in the near term and actively traded are classified as trading securities. Debt securities with fixed and determinable payments and fixed maturity that the Bank and its subsidiaries have the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held-to-maturity securities. Securities that should be accounted for under the equity method are classified as securities accounted for using the equity method. Debt and equity securities not classified as the above are categorized as available-for-sale securities.

If the objective and ability to hold securities of the Bank and its subsidiaries change, available-for-sale securities can be reclassified to held-to-maturity securities and held-to-maturity securities can be reclassified to available-for-sale securities. Whereas, if the Bank and its subsidiaries sell held-to-maturity securities or exercise early redemption right of securities to issuer in the current year or the preceding two years, and if it reclassifies held-to-maturity securities to available-for-sale securities, all debt securities that are owned or purchased cannot be classified as held-to-maturity securities. On the other hand, trading securities cannot be recategorized to available-for-sale securities or held-to-maturity securities and vice versa. Nevertheless, trading securities are reclassified to available-for-sale securities only when the trading securities lose their marketability.

Valuation of Securities**(1) Valuation of Trading Securities**

Trading equity and debt securities are initially recognized at acquisition cost plus incidental expenses determined by the individual moving average method (the specified identification method for debt securities). When the face value of trading

Table of Contents

debt securities differs from their acquisition cost, the effective interest method is applied to amortize the difference over the remaining term of the securities. After initial recognition, if the fair value of trading securities differs from the book value, trading securities are stated at fair value and the resulting valuation gain or loss is included in current operations.

(2) Valuation of Available-for-sale Securities

Available-for-sale securities are initially recognized at acquisition cost plus incidental expenses, determined by the individual moving average method (the specified identification method for debt securities). The effective interest method is applied to amortize the difference between the face value and the acquisition cost over the remaining term of the debt security. After initial recognition, available-for-sale securities are stated at fair value, with the net unrealized gain or loss presented as gain or loss on valuation of available-for-sale securities in capital adjustments. Accumulated capital adjustments of securities are charged to current operations in a lump sum at the time of disposal or impairment recognition. Non-marketable equity securities are stated at acquisition cost on the financial statements if the fair value of the securities is not reliably determinable.

If the fair value of equity securities (net asset fair value in case of non-marketable equity securities stated at acquisition cost) is below the acquisition cost and the pervasive evidence of impairment exists, the carrying value is adjusted to fair value and the resulting valuation loss is charged to current operations. If the collectible value of debt securities is below the amortized cost and the pervasive evidence of impairment exists, the carrying value is adjusted to collectible value and the resulting valuation loss is charged to current operations. With respect to impaired securities, any unrealized valuation gain or loss of securities previously included in the capital adjustment account is reversed.

(3) Valuation of Held-to-maturity Securities

Held-to-maturity securities are stated at acquisition cost plus incidental expenses, determined by the specific identification method. When the face value of held-to-maturity securities differs from its acquisition cost, the effective interest method is applied to amortize the difference over the remaining term of the securities. If collectible value is below the amortized cost and the pervasive evidence of impairment exists, the carrying value is adjusted to collectible value and the resulting valuation loss is charged to current operations.

(4) Valuation of Securities Accounted for Using the Equity Method

Equity securities held for investment in companies in which the Bank and its subsidiaries are able to exercise significant influence over the investees (in accordance with the Banking Act, if the Bank holds more than 15 percent of the total issued shares, the Bank and its subsidiaries are considered being able to exercise significant influence) are accounted for using the equity method. The Bank and its subsidiaries share in net income or net loss of investees is included in current operations. Changes in the retained earnings of investee are reflected in the retained earnings. Changes in the capital surplus or other capital accounts of investee are reflected as gain or loss on valuation of securities accounted for using the equity method in capital adjustments.

When the book value of equity securities accounted for using the equity method is less than zero due to the cumulative losses of the investees, the Bank and its subsidiaries discontinue applying the equity method and do not provide for additional losses. If the investee subsequently reports net income, the Bank and its subsidiaries resume applying the equity method only after its share of that net income equals the share of net losses not recognized during the period that the equity method was suspended.

(5) Reversal of Loss on Impairment of Available-for-sale Securities and Held-to-maturity Securities

If the reasons for impairment losses of available-for-sale securities no longer exist, the recovery is recorded in current operations under non-operating income up to the amount of the previously recognized impairment loss as reversal of loss on impairment of available-for-sale securities and any excess is included in capital adjustments as gain on valuation of available-for-sale securities. However, if the increases in the fair value of the impaired securities are not regarded as the recovery of the impairment, the increases in the fair value are recorded as gain on valuation of available-for-sale securities in capital adjustments. For non-marketable equity securities, which were impaired based on the net asset fair value, the recovery is recorded up to their acquisition cost.

Table of Contents

For held-to-maturity securities, the recovery is recorded in current operations under non-operating income within the amount of amortized cost that would have been recorded according to the original schedule if the impairment losses had not been recognized as reversal of loss on impairment of held-to-maturity securities.

(6) Reclassification of Securities

When held-to-maturity securities are reclassified to available-for-sale securities, those securities are accounted for at fair value on the reclassification date and the difference between the fair value and book value is reported in capital adjustment as gain or loss on valuation of available-for-sale securities. When available-for-sale securities are reclassified to held-to-maturity securities, gain or loss on valuation of available-for-sale securities, which had been recorded until the reclassification date, continue to be included in capital adjustments and be amortized using the effective interest rate method and the amortized amount is charged to interest income or expense until maturity. The difference between the fair value at the reclassification date and face value of the reclassified securities to held-to-maturity securities is amortized using effective interest rate method and the amortized amount is charged to interest income. In addition, when certain trading securities lose their marketability, such securities are reclassified as available-for-sale securities at fair market value as of reclassification date.

Transfer of Securities

When the realization, expiration or sale of the right to obtain the economic benefits arises and the control of securities is lost from the sale of the securities, the unrealized valuation gain or loss of securities included in the capital adjustment account is added to or deducted from the gain or loss on disposal of securities. The gain or loss is the difference between the net proceeds receivable or received and its carrying value. When securities are transferred without losing the control of the securities, the transaction is recorded as a secured borrowing transaction.

Allowance for Possible Losses on Credits

The Supervisory Regulation of Banking Business (the Supervisory Regulation) legislated by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC) requires the Bank to classify all credits into five categories as normal, precautionary, substandard, doubtful, or estimated loss based on a borrower's repayment capability and historical financial transaction records. The Supervisory Regulation also requires the Bank to provide the minimum rate of loss provision for each category balance using the prescribed minimum percentages as described below.

As required by the Supervisory Regulation, the Bank classifies corporate credits (loans, confirmed acceptances and guarantees) based on a borrower's capability to repay in consideration of borrowers' business operation, financial position and future cash flows (Forward Looking Criteria) as well as past due period and status of any bankruptcy proceedings (Historical Repayment Criteria). However, credits to small companies and to households are classified not by evaluating the debt repayment capability of a borrower or customer but by past due period and status of bankruptcy proceedings. The Bank generally classifies all credits to a single borrower in the same category of classification but credits guaranteed or credits collateralized by bank deposits, real estate and other assets may be classified differently based on the guarantor's capability to service such guarantee or based on the value of collateral securing such credits.

Based on the Bank's corporate credit evaluation model, credits to a borrower are classified into 12 grades from AAA to D (AAA, AA, A, A-, BBB, BB, B, B-, CCC, CC, C and D). Credits of grades of AAA to B are classified as normal, credits of grade B- to CCC as precautionary, credits of grade CC as substandard, credits of grade C as doubtful and credits of grade D as estimated loss. Credits are finally classified reflecting past due period and bankruptcy considerations. An allowance is then calculated on the category balances using the prescribed percentages of 0.7 ~ 6.9 percent for normal, 7.0 ~ 19.9 percent for precautionary, 20.0 ~ 49.9 percent for substandard, 50.0 ~ 99.9 percent for doubtful and 100 percent for estimated loss. However, the Bank does not provide allowances for call loans, bonds bought under resale agreements and inter-bank loans that are classified as normal, as it is not required by the Accounting Standards for the Banking Industry.

In addition, as required by the Supervisory Regulation, based on the classification of household loans and credit card receivables by past due period and status of bankruptcy proceedings, allowance for household loans and credit card receivables are calculated on the category balances using the prescribed percentages of 1.0 ~ 9.9 percent and 1.5 ~ 14.9 percent for normal, 10.0 ~ 19.9 percent

Table of Contents

and 15 ~ 19.9 percent for precautionary, 20.0 ~ 54.9 and 20.0 ~ 59.9 percent for substandard, 55.0 ~ 99.9 percent and 60.0 ~ 99.9 percent for doubtful, and 100 percent for estimated loss.

Pursuant to the Supervisory Regulation of Banking Business, the Bank provides allowance for possible losses on confirmed acceptances and guarantees, unconfirmed acceptances and guarantees, and notes endorsed based on the credit classification, minimum rate of loss provision prescribed by the Financial Supervisory Service and the cash conversion factor. In addition, the Bank provides other allowances for the unused credit limit of credit card and unused credit line of consumer and corporate loans based on the cash conversion factor and minimum rate of loss provision prescribed by the Financial Supervisory Service.

Pursuant to the amended Supervisory Regulation, the Bank increased the minimum rate of loss provision for loans, confirmed acceptances and guarantees, unconfirmed acceptances and guarantees, notes endorsed, and unused credit line classified as normal and precautionary in 2006. The Bank also extended the scope of other allowances for the unused credit limit of credit card to the extent of the unused credit line of card holders with no record of credit card transaction for the past 1 year. Due to these changes, allowance for possible loan losses, allowance for possible losses on acceptances and guarantees, and other allowances for unused credit limit increased by (Won)397.6 billion, (Won)4.3 billion and (Won)227.9 billion, respectively, as of December 31, 2006, and net income for the year then ended decreased by (Won)456.6 billion.

In addition, when an allowance for possible loan losses required by the Supervisory Regulation is less than the amount calculated based on the historical loss rate, which is estimated through objective and reasonable method in accordance with the accounting principle in the Republic of Korea, historical loss rate is reflected in the provision for possible loan losses.

The method and data used for determining the allowances for loan losses based on historical loss rate by the Bank's lending portfolios are determined as follows:

Lending portfolios	Methodology	Period of historical loss rate	Period of Recovery ratio
Impaired corporate loans	DCF & Migration	N/A	N/A
Non-impaired corporate loans	Migration analysis	1 year	5 years
Consumer loans	Migration analysis	1 year	5 years
Credit card loans	Roll-rate analysis	1 year	5 years
Based on the loan portfolios' nature, lending period, recovery period and other economic factors, the Bank determines the appropriate data period used in assessing its historical loss rate and recovery ratio.			

Restructuring of Loans

The equity interest in the debtors, net of real estates and/or other assets received as full or partial satisfaction of the Bank's loans, collected through reorganization proceedings, court mediation or debt restructuring agreements of parties concerned, is recorded at fair value at the time of the restructuring. In cases where the fair value of the assets received are less than the book value of the loan (book value before allowances), the Bank offsets first the book value against allowances for loan losses and then recognizes provisions for loan losses. Impairment losses for loans that were restructured in a troubled debt restructuring involving a modification of terms are computed by the difference between the present value of future cash flows under debt restructuring agreements discounted at effective interest rates at the time when loans are originated and the book value before allowances for loan losses. If the amount of allowances already established is less than the impairment losses, the Bank establishes additional allowances for the difference. Otherwise, the Bank reverses the allowances for loan losses.

Deferred Loan Origination Fees and Costs

The Bank defers loan origination fees associated with originating loans and loan origination costs that have future economic benefits. Loan balances are reported net of these loan origination fees and costs. The deferred loan origination fees and costs are amortized using the effective interest method with the amortization recognized as adjustments to other interest income.

Table of Contents**Valuation of Receivables and Payables at Present Value**

Receivables and payables incurred through long-term installment transactions, long-term borrowing and lending transactions, and other similar transactions are stated at the present value of expected future cash flows, and the gain or loss on valuation of related receivables and payables is reflected in current operations, unless the difference between nominal value and present value is immaterial. Present value discount or premium is amortized using the effective interest rate method and credited or charged to interest income or interest expense.

Tangible Assets and Related Depreciation

Tangible assets included in fixed assets are recorded at cost or production cost including the incidental expenses. Routine maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred. Expenditures that result in the enhancement of the value or the extension of the useful lives of the facilities involved are capitalized as additions to tangible assets.

Depreciation is computed by using the declining-balance method (Straight-line method for building and structures) based on the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Tangible assets	Depreciation method	Estimated useful life
Buildings and structures	Straight-line	40 years
Leasehold improvements	Declining balance	4-5 years
Equipment and vehicles	Declining balance	4-5 years

Intangible Assets and Related Amortization

Intangible assets included in fixed assets are recorded at the production costs or purchase costs plus incidental expenses less accumulated amortization. Intangible assets are amortized using the straight-line method over the estimated economic useful lives of the related assets or the activity method as follows:

Intangible assets	Depreciation method	Estimated useful life
Goodwill	Straight-line	9 years
Negative goodwill	Straight-line	5 years
Trademarks	Straight-line	5-20 years
Others	Straight-line	3-30 years

The Bank recorded goodwill as a result of the merger with H&CB, as the cost of the merger exceeded the fair value of the net assets acquired. Expenditures incurred in conjunction with the development of new products or technology and others, in which the elements of costs can be individually identified and future economic benefits are probably exerted, are capitalized as development costs. The Bank estimates the useful lives of endowment assets that are beneficial upon usage based on the term of the contract and are classified under other intangible assets.

Valuation Allowance for Non-Business Use Property

Non-business use property included in fixed assets is recorded when the Bank acquires collateral by foreclosure on the mortgage for loans. If the latest auction price is lower than book value, the difference is provided as a valuation allowance and the valuation loss is charged to current operations. In addition, the difference between the selling price and book value is recorded as a disposition gain or loss.

Recognition of Impairment of Assets

When the book value of assets (other than securities and assets valued at present value) exceeds the collective value of the assets due to obsolescence, physical damage or a sharp decrease in market value and the difference is material, the book value are adjusted to recoverable value in the balance sheet and the resulting impairment loss is charged to current operations. If the collective value of the assets increases in subsequent years, the increase in value is credited to operations as gain until the collective value equals the book value of assets that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized. The Bank and its subsidiaries assess the collective value based on expected selling price or appraisal value.

Table of Contents

Amortization of Discounts (Premiums) on Debentures

Discounts or premiums on debentures issued are amortized over the period from issuance to maturity using the effective interest rate method. Amortization of discounts or premiums is recognized as interest expense on the debentures.

Bonds under Resale or Repurchase Agreements

Bonds purchased under resale agreements are recorded as loans and bonds sold under repurchase agreements are recorded as borrowings when the Bank purchases or sells securities under resale or repurchase agreements.

Contingent Liabilities

A possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Bank and its subsidiaries is recognized as contingent liabilities when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits required and the amount of the obligation can be measured with sufficient reliability. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount of the liabilities is the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. In addition, as some or all expenditures required to settle a provision are expected to be reimbursed by another party, the reimbursement is recognized as separate assets in the balance sheet and related income may be offset against expense in the income statement.

Accrued Severance Benefits

Employees and directors and temporary employees with at least one year of service as of December 31, 2006 are entitled to receive a lump-sum payment upon termination of their employment with the Bank and its subsidiaries, based on their length of service and rate of pay at the time of termination. The accrued severance benefits that would be payable assuming all eligible employees and directors were to resign are included in other liabilities.

The Bank and its domestic subsidiaries have purchased severance benefits insurance, which meets the funding requirement for tax purposes, and made deposits with Kyobo Life Insurance Co., Ltd and others. Withdrawal of these deposits is restricted to the payment of severance benefits. These are presented as a deduction from the accrued severance benefits.

Accounting for Derivative Instruments

The Bank and its subsidiaries account for derivative instruments pursuant to the Interpretations on Financial Accounting Standards 53-70 on accounting for derivative instruments. Derivative instruments are classified as used for trading activities or for hedging activities according to their transaction purpose. All derivative instruments are accounted for at fair value with the valuation gain or loss recorded as an asset or liability. If the derivative instrument is not part of a transaction qualifying as a hedge, the adjustment to fair value is reflected in current operations.

The accounting for derivative transactions that are part of a qualified hedge based both on the purpose of the transaction and on meeting the specified criteria for hedge accounting differs depending on whether the transaction is a fair value hedge or a cash flow hedge. Fair value hedge accounting is applied to a derivative instrument designated as hedging the exposure to changes in the fair value of an asset or a liability or a firm commitment (hedged item) that is attributable to a particular risk. The gain or loss both on the hedging derivative instruments and on the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk is reflected in current operations. Cash flow hedge accounting is applied to a derivative instrument designated as hedging the exposure to variability in expected future cash flows of an asset or a liability or a forecasted transaction that is attributable to a particular risk. The effective portion of gain or loss on a derivative instrument designated as a cash flow hedge is recorded as a capital adjustment and the ineffective portion is recorded in current operations. The effective portion of gain or loss recorded as a capital adjustment is reclassified to current earnings in the same period during which the hedged forecasted transaction affects earnings. If the hedged transaction results in the acquisition of an asset or the incurrence of a liability, the gain or loss in capital adjustment is added to or deducted from the asset or the liability.

Table of Contents

Accounting for Stock Options

In accordance with the Interpretations on Financial Accounting Standards 39-35 on the accounting for the stock option, the Bank records stock compensation costs as a capital adjustment in case where the Bank can choose to settle the vested stock option by issuing new shares or treasury stock, or payment of cash equivalent to the difference between the market price and the exercise price at the exercise date. However, the compensation cost of certain options that is certain to be settled by cash payment is recorded in other liabilities (accrued expenses).

National Housing Fund

The Bank, as designated by the Korean government under the Housing Law (former Housing Construction Promotion Law), manages the sources and uses of funds of the National Housing Fund (the NHF) and records the related NHF account in other liabilities. In addition, the Bank pays interest to NHF, which is computed by multiplying the average balance of the NHF account by the passbook deposit interest rate.

Income Tax Expense

Income tax expense is the amount currently payable for the period added to or deducted from the changes in deferred income taxes. However, deferred income tax assets are recognized only if the future tax benefits from accumulated temporary differences and any tax loss carryforwards are realizable. The difference between the amount currently payable for the period and income tax expense is accounted for as deferred income tax assets or liabilities, which will be charged or credited to income tax expense in the period each temporary difference reverses in the future. Deferred income tax assets or liabilities are calculated based on the expected tax rate to be applied at the reversal period of the related assets or liabilities. Tax payable and deferred income tax assets or liabilities regarding to certain items are charged or credited directly to related components of shareholders' equity.

Accounting for Foreign Currency Transactions and Translation

The Bank and its domestic subsidiaries maintain their accounts in Korean Won. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded in Korean Won based on the basic rate of exchange on the transaction date. The Korean Won equivalent of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated in these consolidated financial statements based on the basic rate ((Won)929.60 and (Won)1,013.00 to US\$ 1.00 at December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively) announced by Seoul Money Brokerage Service, Ltd. or cross rates for other currencies other than U.S. Dollars at the balance sheet dates. Translation gains and losses are credited or charged to operations. Financial statements of overseas branches are translated based on the basic rate at balance sheet dates.

Summary of Accounting Policies for the Bank's Trust Accounts

(1) Valuation of Debt Securities

Debt securities included in performance-based trust accounts are generally recorded at acquisition costs, which include additional costs and deduct accrued interest income for the period before acquisition, and are classified into five categories to provide allowance for possible credit losses in accordance with the credit rates of bonds issued by each company. Debt securities included in base price-based trust accounts are estimated by applying the average of base prices per bond closing on recent trading day announced by Korea Bond Pricing Co., Ltd. and KIS Pricing, Inc.

(2) Allowance for Possible Credit Losses

An allowance for possible credit losses is provided for the assets, which were not marked to market, pursuant to the asset classification criteria promulgated by the FSC. Loans are classified as of the balance sheet date into normal, precautionary, substandard, doubtful or estimated loss. Allowance rate is as follows:

	Household loans (%)	Corporate loans (%)
Normal	1.00	0.70
Precautionary	10.00	7.00

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Substandard	20.00	20.00
Doubtful	55.00	50.00
Loss	100.00	100.00

- 12 -

Table of Contents**(3) Special Reserve**

Special reserve refers to the reserve accumulated upon acquisition of trust fee at 25 percent or more until the balance of special reserve reaches 5 percent of the trust accounts for the purpose of reserving unspecific trust accounts whose principle or income should be guaranteed. In cases where the principle of trust accounts needs to recover or the special reserve exceeds the limit, reversal of special reserve is recognized as income. When the purpose of special reserve no longer exists, it is recorded as trust fee.

Insurance Reserve of KB Life Insurance

KB Life Insurance provides various insurance reserves for payments, refunds, participating policyholders' dividends and related cost in the future as follows:

- (1) Premium reserve is a net level premium reserve using interest and mortality assumptions used in computing cash surrender values.
- (2) Reserve for outstanding claims represents refunds, dividends and claims reported and unpaid as of the balance sheet date.
- (3) Unearned premium reserve represents the unearned portion of quarterly, semi-annual and annual premiums as of the balance sheet date.
- (4) Dividends held on deposit for policyholders represent amounts payable to policyholders due to interest rate difference guarantee, mortality gains, excess interest, expense gains and long-term contracts in accordance with the regulations or agreements.

Application of the Statements of Korea Accounting Standards

The Korea Accounting Standard Board (KASB) under the Korea Accounting Institute (KAI) issued the Statements of Korea Accounting Standards (SKAS) for achieving a set of Korean accounting standards that should be internationally acceptable and comparable based on SKAS Act 92. The Bank and its subsidiaries adopted SKAS No.1 (Accounting Changes and Error Corrections) through SKAS No. 17 (Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets) (SKAS No. 11 and No. 14 excluded) as of or before December 31, 2005. SKAS No. 18 (Interests in Joint Ventures), No. 19 (Lease) and No. 20 (Related Party Disclosures) have been adopted since January 1, 2006.

Reclassification

Certain accounts of the prior period were reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation for comparative purposes; however, such reclassifications had no effect on the previously reported prior year's net income or shareholders' equity of the Bank and its subsidiaries.

4. CASH AND DUE FROM BANKS:

- (1) Cash and due from banks in Won and foreign currencies as of December 31, 2006 and 2005 consisted of (Unit: In millions):

	2006	2005
Cash and checks	(Won) 2,725,644	(Won) 2,683,480
Foreign currencies	151,406	150,403
Due from banks in Won	3,273,175	2,519,991
Due from banks in foreign currencies	538,752	589,122
	(Won) 6,688,977	(Won) 5,942,996

Table of Contents

(2) Due from banks as of December 31, 2006 and 2005 consisted of (Unit: In millions):

	Annual		
Financial institution	interest rate (%)	2006	2005
Due from banks in Won:			
BOK		(Won) 3,195,224	(Won) 2,189,339
Citibank and others	0.00~4.95	29,982	312,128
Good Morning Shinhan Securities Co., Ltd. and others	0.00~2.00	47,969	18,524
		(Won) 3,273,175	(Won) 2,519,991
Due from banks in foreign currencies:			
BOK		(Won) 75,026	(Won) 46,501
JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A and others	0.00~5.78	145,338	129,318
Qingdao International and others	5.47~5.81	318,388	413,303
		(Won) 538,752	(Won) 589,122

(3) Restricted due from banks in Won and foreign currencies as of December 31, 2006 and 2005 consisted of (Unit: In millions):

Financial institution	2006	2005	Reason for restriction
Due from banks in Won:			
BOK	(Won) 3,195,224	(Won) 2,189,339	BOK Act
Woori Bank and others	4,902	4,337	Escrow account/others
Korea Stock Exchange and others	42,850	18,524	Futures margin accounts/others
Due from banks in foreign currencies:			
BOK	75,026	46,501	BOK Act
J.P. Morgan Chase & Co. and others	1,703	480	Futures margin accounts/others
	(Won) 3,319,705	(Won) 2,259,181	

(4) Due from banks by financial institution as of December 31, 2006 and 2005 consisted of (Unit: In millions):

Financial institution	2006	2005
Due from banks in Won:		
BOK	(Won) 3,195,224	(Won) 2,189,339
Banks	29,982	312,128
Others	47,969	18,524
	3,273,175	2,519,991
Due from banks in foreign currencies:		
BOK	75,026	46,501
Banks	462,018	542,141

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Others	1,708	480
	538,752	589,122
	(Won) 3,811,927	(Won) 3,109,113

(5) Term structure of due from banks as of December 31, 2006 was as follows (Unit: In millions):

	Due in 3 months or less	Due after 3 months through 6 months	Due after 6 months through 1 year	Due after 1 year through 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Due from banks in Won	(Won) 3,247,984	(Won) 9,098	(Won) 5,677	(Won) 101	(Won) 10,315	(Won) 3,273,175
Due from banks in foreign currencies	457,494	68,795	12,463			538,752
	(Won) 3,705,478	(Won) 77,893	(Won) 18,140	(Won) 101	(Won) 10,315	(Won) 3,811,927

- 14 -

Table of Contents

Term structure of due from banks as of December 31, 2005 was as follows (Unit: In millions):

		Due after 3 months	Due after 6 months	Due after 1 year	More than 3 years	Total
	Due in 3 months or less	through 6 months	through 1 year	through 3 years		
Due from banks in Won	(Won) 2,515,962	(Won)	(Won)	(Won) 4,029	(Won)	(Won) 2,519,991
Due from banks in foreign currencies	463,032	107,378	18,712			589,122
	(Won) 2,978,994	(Won) 107,378	(Won) 18,712	(Won) 4,029	(Won)	(Won) 3,109,113

5. **SECURITIES:**

(1) Securities as of December 31, 2006 and 2005 consisted of (Unit: In millions):

	2006	2005
Trading securities	(Won) 5,552,542	(Won) 6,462,928
Available-for-sale securities	15,781,733	16,590,377
Held-to-maturity securities	10,957,769	10,238,682
Securities accounted for using the equity method	296,091	187,145
	(Won) 32,588,135	(Won) 33,479,132

(2) The valuation of securities excluding securities accounted for using the equity method as of December 31, 2006 and 2005 consisted of (Unit: In millions):

Classification	2006	2005
Trading securities:		
Equity securities	(Won) 95,700	(Won) 222,283
Beneficiary certificates	132,626	12,420
Government and public bonds	1,024,154	2,223,525
Finance debentures	2,904,756	2,621,036
Corporate bonds	1,288,437	1,178,968
Asset-backed securities	68,232	153,370
Other debt securities	38,637	51,326
	(Won) 5,552,542	(Won) 6,462,928

Available-for-sale securities:

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Equity securities	(Won) 2,026,551	(Won) 1,204,586
Equity investments	4,544	5,458
Beneficiary certificates	608,242	2,077,992
Government and public bonds	3,243,747	2,766,824
Finance debentures	7,841,264	8,296,721
Foreign government bonds		9,328
Corporate bonds	1,359,793	1,321,391
Asset-backed securities	680,782	899,990
Other debt securities	16,810	8,087
	(Won) 15,781,733	(Won) 16,590,377
Held-to-maturity securities:		
Government and public bonds	(Won) 6,645,027	(Won) 4,609,874
Finance debentures	2,221,855	3,569,990
Corporate bonds	1,885,918	1,723,884
Asset-backed securities	204,969	334,934
	(Won) 10,957,769	(Won) 10,238,682

- 15 -

Table of Contents

The fair values of trading and available-for sale debt securities in Won were assessed by applying the average of base prices as of December 31, 2006, provided by the bond pricing service institutions.

The fair value of the available-for-sale non-marketable equity securities, such as Korea Housing Guarantee Co., Ltd. and 13 others, and the restricted available-for-sale marketable equity securities, such as Hyundai Engineering and Construction Co. and 5 others, were reliably measured by an independent appraisal institute using reasonable judgment. The fair value was determined based on more than one valuation models, such as Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) Model, Imputed Market Value (IMV) Model, Discounted Free Cash Flow to Equity (FCFE) Model, Dividend Discount Model (DDM) and Risk Adjusted Discounted Cash Flow Model depending on the equity securities.

- (3) Available-for-sale securities, which were not valued at fair value as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, were as follows (Unit: In millions, shares in thousands) :

Company	2006	2005
Bad Bank Harmony (preferred stock)	(Won) 58,848	(Won) 12,279
Korea Asset Management Corp.	15,667	15,667
Samsung Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	7,479	7,479
Korea Highway Corp.	6,248	6,248
CLS	5,128	5,191
Korea Exchange	3,000	3,000
Kyobo Investment Trust Management Co., Ltd.	2,100	2,100
S&S Tech	1,680	2,000
Digital Optics	1,785	1,785
Others	57,766	69,413
	(Won) 159,701	(Won) 125,162

The impairment loss and the reversal of impairment loss on available-for-sale securities recognized for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005 were as follows (Unit: In millions):

	2006		2005	
	Impairment	Reversal	Impairment	Reversal
Equity securities	(Won) 20,258	(Won) 83,485	(Won) 7,974	(Won) 7,422
Equity investments	1		3	
Corporate bonds		958	448	
Asset-backed securities	107,312		94,880	
	(Won) 127,571	(Won) 84,443	(Won) 103,305	(Won) 7,422

- (4) Structured notes relating to stock, interest rate and credit risk as of December 31, 2006 and 2005 were as follows (Unit: In millions):

	2006	2005
Structured notes relating to stock:		
Convertible bonds	(Won) 24,771	(Won) 66
Structured notes relating to interest rate:		
Long-term government bond FRN	399,430	605,388

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Dual indexed FRN	29,931	29,874
Inverse FRN	40,115	40,753
Others	110,236	110,225
	579,712	786,240
Structured notes relating to Credit Synthetic CDO	9,290	
CLN		40,559
	9,290	40,559
Bonds with embedded call option	34,631	20,000
	(Won) 648,404	(Won) 846,865

- 16 -

Table of Contents

- (5) Private beneficiary certificates included in beneficiary certificates of trading securities and available-for-sale securities as of December 31, 2006 and 2005 were composed of (Unit: In millions):

	2006	2005
	(Won)	(Won)
Stocks	90,874	7,353
Government and public bonds	115,929	38,018
Finance bonds	359,282	1,340,390
Corporate bonds in Won	27,943	32,622
Asset-backed debt securities	10,000	
Call loans	48,091	203,892
Others	59,878	412,962
Assets	771,997	2,035,237
Liabilities	2,504	11,081
	(Won) 709,493	(Won) 2,024,156

- (6) The portfolio of securities excluding securities accounted for using the equity method, by industry, as of December 31, 2006 and 2005 was as follows (Unit: In millions):

By industry	2006		2005	
	Amount	Percentage (%)	Amount	Percentage (%)
Trading securities:				
Government and government-invested public companies	(Won) 1,431,259	25.78	(Won) 3,303,018	51.11
Financial institutions	3,394,235	61.13	2,372,811	36.71
Others	727,048	13.09	787,099	12.18
	(Won) 5,552,542	100.00	(Won) 6,462,928	100.00
Available-for-sale securities:				
Government and government-invested public companies	(Won) 4,024,007	25.50	(Won) 3,549,345	21.39
Financial institutions	10,562,300	66.93	12,098,698	72.93
Others	1,195,426	7.57	942,334	5.68
	(Won) 15,781,733	100.00	(Won) 16,590,377	100.00
Held-to-maturity securities:				
Government and government-invested public companies	(Won) 8,411,000	76.76	(Won) 6,303,760	61.57
Financial institutions	2,516,824	22.97	3,899,922	38.09
Others	29,945	0.27	35,000	0.34
	(Won) 10,957,769	100.00	(Won) 10,238,682	100.00

- (7) The portfolio of securities excluding securities accounted for using the equity method, by security type, as of December 31, 2006 and 2005 was as follows (Unit: In millions):

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By type	2006		2005	
	Amount	Percentage (%)	Amount	Percentage (%)
Trading securities:				
Stocks	(Won) 95,700	1.72	(Won) 222,283	3.44
Fixed rate bonds	5,134,908	92.48	5,949,573	92.06
Floating rate bonds	150,671	2.71	227,326	3.52

- 17 -

Table of Contents

By type	2006		2005	
	Amount	Percentage (%)	Amount	Percentage (%)
Beneficiary certificates	132,626	2.39	12,420	0.19
Others	38,637	0.70	51,326	0.79
	(Won) 5,552,542	100.00	(Won) 6,462,928	100.00
Available-for-sale securities:				
Stocks	(Won) 2,026,551	12.84	(Won) 1,204,586	7.26
Fixed rate bonds	11,783,898	74.67	11,530,670	69.50
Floating rate bonds	626,595	3.97	888,375	5.35
Subordinated bonds	690,028	4.37	872,813	5.26
Convertible bonds	24,771	0.16	66	0.00
Beneficiary certificates	608,242	3.85	2,077,992	12.53
Others	21,648	0.14	15,875	0.10
	(Won) 15,781,733	100.00	(Won) 16,590,377	100.00
Held-to-maturity securities:				
Fixed rate bonds	(Won) 10,893,121	99.41	(Won) 10,048,668	98.14
Floating rate bonds	64,648	0.59	60,014	0.59
Subordinated bonds			130,000	1.27
	(Won) 10,957,769	100.00	(Won) 10,238,682	100.00

- (8) The portfolio of securities excluding securities accounted for using the equity method, by country, as of December 31, 2006 and 2005 was as follows (Unit: In millions):

	2006		2005	
	Amount	Percentage (%)	Amount	Percentage (%)
Trading securities:				
Korea	(Won) 5,552,542	100.00	(Won) 6,462,928	100.00
Available-for-sale securities:				
Korea	(Won) 15,681,746	99.37	(Won) 16,474,585	99.30
USA	28,024	0.18	47,106	0.28
Russia	33,573	0.21	28,527	0.17
Philippines	378	0.00	9,675	0.06
The Republic of South Africa			6,240	0.04
Others	38,012	0.24	24,244	0.15
	(Won) 15,781,733	100.00	(Won) 16,590,377	100.00
Held-to-maturity securities:				
Korea	(Won) 10,957,769	100.00	(Won) 10,238,682	100.00

- (9) Term structure of securities (except for stocks and equity investments) in available-for-sale and held-to-maturity securities as of December 31, 2006 was as follows (Unit: In millions):

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	Due in 1 year or less	Due after 1 year through 5 years	Due after 5 years through 10 years	More than 10 years	Total
Available-for-sale securities:					
Fair value	(Won) 5,297,777	(Won) 8,054,459	(Won) 348,321	(Won) 50,081	(Won) 13,750,638
Held-to-maturity securities:					
Book value	3,225,573	5,276,946	2,450,602	4,648	10,957,769
Fair value	3,221,234	5,229,023	2,440,235	4,648	10,895,140

- 18 -

Table of Contents

Term structure of securities (except for stocks and equity investments) in available-for-sale and held-to-maturity securities as of December 31, 2005 was as follows (Unit: In millions):

	Due in 1 year or less	Due after 1 year through 5 years	Due after 5 years through 10 years	More than 10 years	Total
Available-for-sale securities:					
Fair value	(Won) 7,907,430	(Won) 7,218,913	(Won) 245,451	(Won) 8,539	(Won) 15,380,333
Held-to-maturity securities:					
Book value	2,273,148	6,706,498	1,259,036		10,238,682
Fair value	2,269,042	6,594,898	1,195,982		10,059,922

(10) The valuation of securities accounted for using the equity method as of December 31, 2006 was as follows (Unit: In millions):

	Book value before valuation	Increase (Decrease)	Dividend	Foreign currency translation gain (loss)	Equity gain (loss) on investment	Capital adjustments	Book value after valuation
Domestic stocks:							
ING Life Insurance Korea KLB Securities Co., Ltd. (*1)(*2)	(Won) 77,529	(Won)	(Won)	(Won)	(Won) 31,308	(Won) 14,750	(Won) 123,587
Jooeun Industrial Co., Ltd. (*1)(*2)							
Jeio Co., Ltd.	761	70			50		881
Balhae Infrastructure Fund		45,126	(11)		474		45,589
Korea Credit Bureau Co., Ltd.		4,500			(1,203)		3,297
	78,290	49,696	(11)		30,629	14,750	173,354
Foreign stocks:							
Kookmin Bank Singapore Ltd. (*1)	1,759			(145)			1,614
Kookmin Finance Asia Ltd. (HK) (*1)	246			(20)			226
Sorak Financial Holdings PTE Ltd.	82,401		(6,009)	(438)	7,065	4,280	87,299
	84,406		(6,009)	(603)	7,065	4,280	89,139
Equity Investments:							
KICO No. 2 Venture Investment Partnership	190	(153)			(37)		
KICO No. 3 Venture Investment Partnership	147	(117)			(30)		
Pacific IT Investment Partnership (*1)	4,950	(1,496)			(1,496)		1,958
KB06-1 Venture Investment Partnership		3,750			(71)		3,679
Kookmin China Fund No.1	2,074				845		2,919
	1,248				(327)		921

KTTC Kookmin Venture
Fund No.1

- 19 -

Table of Contents

	Book value before valuation	Increase (Decrease)	Dividend	Foreign currency translation gain (loss)	Equity gain (loss) on investment	Capital adjustments	Book value after valuation
Kookmin Investment Partnership No.15	363				(363)		
Kookmin Investment Partnership No.16	(Won) 49	(Won)	(Won)	(Won)	(Won) (9)	(Won)	(Won) 40
KB03-1 Venture Investment Fund	2,618				247	54	2,919
KB03-1 Corporate Restructuring Fund	11,681	58			(66)		11,673
NPC05-6 KB Venture Fund	1,129	3,750			(625)		4,254
KB06-1 Corporate Restructuring Fund		1,200			(9)		1,191
NPS 06-5 Corporate Restructuring Fund		4,038			6		4,044
	24,449	11,030			(1,935)	54	33,598
	(Won) 187,145	(Won) 60,726	(Won) (6,020)	(Won) (603)	(Won) 35,759	(Won) 19,084	(Won) 296,091

- (*1) KLB Securities Co., Ltd., Jooeun Industrial Co., Ltd., Kookmin Bank Singapore Ltd., Kookmin Finance Asia, Ltd. (HK) and Pacific IT Investment Partnership are all in the process of liquidation.
- (*2) The equity method is no longer applied to securities of KLB Securities Co., Ltd. and Jooeun Industrial Co., Ltd. due to accumulated deficit resulting to the decrease of their book values below zero. The accumulated deficit, which was not recorded, is as follows (Unit: In millions):

	Amount
KLB Securities Co., Ltd.	(Won) 4,148
Jooeun Industrial Co., Ltd.	41,010
	(Won) 45,158

Unaudited financial statements as of December 31, 2006 were used for the equity method valuation. There was no material exception as a result of analytical review, such as analysis of major accounts to assess reliability of those financial statements. However, in case of ING Life Insurance Korea and Sorak Financial Holdings PTE Ltd., the unaudited financial statements as of November 30, 2006 and Jeio Co., Ltd. of which unaudited financial statements as of June 30, 2006 were used for the equity method valuation. The significant events from the closing dates of the investees to that of the Bank were properly reflected in applying the equity method.

- (11) Changes in the gain (loss) on valuation of available-for-sale securities, held-to-maturity securities and securities accounted for using the equity method reflected in capital adjustments for the year ended December 31, 2006 were as follows (Unit: In millions):

	Beginning	Increase (Decrease)	Disposal	Ending
Gain (loss) on valuation of available-for-sale securities:				
Equity securities	(Won) 458,243	(Won) 466,113	(Won) (78,721)	(Won) 845,635
Debt securities in Won	26,623	2,791	(6,745)	22,669
Debt securities in foreign currencies	6,250	1,288	(3,528)	4,010

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Beneficiary certificates	16,918	4,834	(16,702)	5,050
Others	1,779	3,968	(43)	5,704

(Won) 509,813	(Won) 478,994	(Won) (105,739)	(Won) 883,068
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Gain on valuation of held-to-maturity securities:

Debt securities in Won	(Won) 426	(Won)	(Won) (328)	(Won) 98
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Gain on valuation of securities accounted for using the equity method

(Won) (11,878)	(Won) 13,908	(Won) (55)	(Won) 1,975
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- 20 -

Table of Contents

(12) Securities provided as collateral as of December 31, 2006 were as follows (Unit: In millions):

Provided to	Book value	Collateral amount	Provided for
Korea Securities Depository & others	(Won) 7,070,657	(Won) 7,100,000	Bonds sold under repurchase agreements
BOK	725,902	725,700	Borrowings from BOK
BOK	330,294	330,600	Overdrafts and settlement risk
Samsung Futures & others	308,436	321,162	Derivative settlement
Korea Securities Depository	846	2,072	Others
	(Won) 8,436,135	(Won) 8,479,534	

Securities provided as collateral as of December 31, 2005 were as follows (Unit: In millions):

Provided to	Book value	Collateral amount	Provided for
Korea Securities Depository & others	(Won) 6,571,036	(Won) 6,570,000	Bonds sold under repurchase agreements
BOK	953,153	950,000	Borrowings from BOK
BOK	183,994	183,200	Overdrafts and settlement risk
Samsung Futures & others	265,582	274,511	Derivative settlement
Korea Securities Depository	1,880	1,880	Others
	(Won) 7,975,645	(Won) 7,979,591	

(13) Securities lent as of December 31, 2006 and 2005 were as follows (Unit: In millions):

	2006	2005	Provided to
Government and public bonds	(Won) 119,614	(Won) 98,625	Korea Securities Depository & Others
Finance bonds	23,671	35,241	Korea Securities Depository
	(Won) 143,285	(Won) 133,866	

6. LOAN:

(1) Loans as of December 31, 2006 and 2005 consisted of (Unit: In millions):

	2006	2005
Loans in Won	(Won) 125,965,932	(Won) 118,833,268
Loans in foreign currencies	7,073,333	5,114,780
Call loans	1,188,790	1,535,088
Bills bought in Won	16,587	18,563
Bills bought in foreign currencies	1,273,579	1,377,574

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Advances for customers	19,209	11,321
Credit card receivables	8,667,338	7,571,344
Bonds purchased under resale agreements	501,000	
Private placed bonds	7,505,514	3,735,217
Factoring receivables	30,948	32,044
Loans for debt-equity swap	1,968	
	152,244,198	138,229,199
Allowance for possible loan losses	(2,364,675)	(2,459,378)
Deferred loan origination fees and costs	138,338	52,025
	(Won) 150,017,861	(Won) 135,821,846

- 21 -

Table of Contents

(2) Loans in Won and loans in foreign currencies as of December 31, 2006 and 2005 were as follows (Unit: In millions):

		2006	2005
Loans in Won:			
Commercial	Working capital loans		
	General purpose loans	(Won) 27,163,769	(Won) 24,560,515
	Notes discounted	697,235	1,106,112
	Overdraft accounts	285,928	279,864
	Trading notes	612,305	671,421
	Others	4,297,074	3,865,057
		33,056,311	30,482,969
	Facilities loans		
	General facilities loans	5,107,519	3,985,218
	Others	995,730	1,087,832
		6,103,249	5,073,050
		39,159,560	35,556,019
Households	General purpose loans	45,947,369	42,083,807
	Housing loans	39,007,176	39,535,455
	Remunerations on mutual installment savings	147,672	232,556
	Others	416,103	456,173
		85,518,320	82,307,991
Public sector	Public operation loans	894,178	643,141
	Public facilities loans	3,687	34,157
		897,865	677,298
Other	Property formation loans	1,013	6,748
	Inter-bank loans		1,274
	Others	389,174	283,938
		390,187	291,960
		(Won) 125,965,932	(Won) 118,833,268
Loans in foreign currencies:			
	Domestic funding loans	(Won) 4,483,652	(Won) 2,271,629
	Overseas funding loans	429,836	540,919
	Inter-bank loans	885,168	968,388
	Domestic usance bills	1,256,747	1,333,828
	Government funding loans	17,930	16
		(Won) 7,073,333	(Won) 5,114,780

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(3) Loans in Won and in foreign currencies classified by borrower type as of December 31, 2006 were as follows (Unit: In millions):

	Loans in Won		Loans in foreign currencies	Total	Percentage
	(Won)		(Won)	(Won)	(%)
Large corporations	2,783,921		4,502,694	7,286,615	5.48
Small and medium corporations	36,389,373		1,431,075	37,820,448	28.43
Households	85,892,885		557	85,893,442	64.56
Others	899,753		1,139,007	2,038,760	1.53
	(Won) 125,965,932		(Won) 7,073,333	(Won) 133,039,265	100.00

- 22 -

Table of Contents

Loans in Won and in foreign currencies classified by borrower type as of December 31, 2005 were as follows (Unit: In millions):

	Loans in foreign			Percentage
	Loans in Won	currencies	Total	(%)
Large corporations	(Won) 3,492,586	(Won) 2,861,491	(Won) 6,354,077	5.13
Small and medium corporations	32,073,976	1,745,842	33,817,253	27.28
Households	82,589,408	57,566	82,649,539	66.68
Others	677,298	449,881	1,127,179	0.91
	(Won) 118,833,268	(Won) 5,114,780	(Won) 123,948,048	100.00

(4) Loans classified by borrower's country or region as of December 31, 2006 were as follows (Unit: In millions):

	Loans in				
	foreign				Percentage
	Loans in Won	currencies	Others	Total	(%)
Korea	(Won) 125,965,932	(Won) 6,795,000	(Won) 19,180,958	(Won) 151,941,890	99.81
Southeast Asia		25,525	1	25,526	0.02
China		7,019		7,019	0.00
Japan		172,447	78	172,525	0.11
Central and South					
America		4,142	1	4,143	0.00
USA		84	2,438	2,522	0.00
Others		69,116	21,457	90,573	0.06
	(Won) 125,965,932	(Won) 7,073,333	(Won) 19,204,933	(Won) 152,244,198	100.00

Loans classified by borrower's country or region as of December 31, 2005 were as follows (Unit: In millions):

	Loans in				
	foreign				Percentage
	Loans in Won	currencies	Others	Total	(%)
Korea	(Won) 118,833,268	(Won) 4,130,696	(Won) 14,140,361	(Won) 137,104,325	99.19
Southeast Asia		89,578	161	89,739	0.06
China		362,468	5,394	367,862	0.27
Japan		270,131	72	270,203	0.19
Central and South					
America		7,524	19	7,543	0.01
Others		254,383	135,144	389,527	0.28

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(Won) 118,833,268 (Won) 5,114,780 (Won) 14,281,151 (Won) 138,229,199 100.00

(5) Loans classified by industry as of December 31, 2006 were as follows (Unit: In millions):

		Loans in							
		foreign				Percentage			
Loans in Won		currencies		Others		Total			
						(%)			
Corporations:									
Finance and insurance	(Won)	622,133	(Won)	933,705	(Won)	2,654,427	(Won)	4,210,265	2.76
Manufacturing		11,149,215		2,523,800		3,479,136		17,152,151	11.27
Services		16,351,996		1,065,310		1,736,234		19,153,540	12.58
Others		11,782,755		2,543,211		3,452,402		17,778,368	11.68
Households		85,892,885		557		7,504,999		93,398,441	61.35
Public sector		166,948		6,750		377,735		551,433	0.36
	(Won)	125,965,932	(Won)	7,073,333	(Won)	19,204,933	(Won)	152,244,198	100.00

- 23 -

Table of Contents

Loans classified by industry as of December 31, 2005 were as follows (Unit: In millions):

	Loans in				Percentage
	foreign				
	Loans in Won	currencies	Others	Total	(%)
Corporations:					
Finance and insurance	(Won) 1,053,608	(Won) 1,030,854	(Won) 2,171,125	(Won) 4,255,587	3.08
Manufacturing	11,468,816	1,826,707	2,471,966	15,767,489	11.40
Services	19,171,675	1,103,640	1,631,518	21,906,833	15.85
Others	4,131,424	1,075,111	981,194	6,187,729	4.48
Households	82,589,408	60,131	6,525,160	89,174,699	64.51
Public sector	418,337	18,337	500,188	936,862	0.68
	(Won) 118,833,268	(Won) 5,114,780	(Won) 14,281,151	(Won) 138,229,199	100.00

(6) Loans to financial institutions as of December 31, 2006 were as follows (Unit: In millions):

	Other financial		
	Bank	institutions	Total
Loans in Won	(Won)	(Won) 622,133	(Won) 622,133
Loans in foreign currencies	885,168	48,537	933,705
Others	1,707,815	946,612	2,654,427
	(Won) 2,592,983	(Won) 1,617,282	(Won) 4,210,265

Loans to financial institutions as of December 31, 2005 were as follows (Unit: In millions):

	Other financial		
	Bank	institutions	Total
Loans in Won	(Won) 1,274	(Won) 1,052,334	(Won) 1,053,608
Loans in foreign currencies	968,388	62,466	1,030,854
Others	1,608,258	562,867	2,171,125
	(Won) 2,577,920	(Won) 1,677,667	(Won) 4,255,587

(7) The classification of asset quality for loans as of December 31, 2006 is summarized as follows (Unit: In millions):

	Estimated					Total
	Normal	Precautionary	Substandard	Doubtful	loss	
Loans in Won	(Won) 123,172,266	(Won) 1,433,378	(Won) 663,162	(Won) 455,498	(Won) 241,628	(Won) 125,965,932

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Loans in foreign currencies	6,950,302	67,041	31,024	22,426	2,540	7,073,333
Call loans	1,188,790					1,188,790
Bills bought	1,287,162	2,338	283	297	86	1,290,166
Advances for customers	133	508	8,753	1,833	7,982	19,209
Credit card receivables	8,340,837	215,089	648	71,227	39,537	8,667,338
Privately placed bonds	7,502,997		650	501	1,366	7,505,514
Factoring receivables	30,948					30,948
Loans to be swapped to equity				1,968		1,968
Bond purchased under repurchase agreements	501,000					501,000
	(Won) 148,974,435	(Won) 1,718,354	(Won) 704,520	(Won) 553,750	(Won) 293,139	(Won) 152,244,198

- 24 -

Table of Contents

The classification of asset quality for loans as of December 31, 2005 is summarized as follows (Unit: In millions):

	Estimated					
	Normal	Precautionary	Substandard	Doubtful	Loss	Total
Loans in Won	(Won) 113,982,969	(Won) 2,785,459	(Won) 937,841	(Won) 759,151	(Won) 367,848	(Won) 118,833,268
Loans in foreign currencies	5,008,722	54,991	20,390	30,240	437	5,114,780
Call loans	1,535,088					1,535,088
Bills bought	1,389,027	5,009	136	288	1,677	1,396,137
Advances for customers	1,201	439	1,394	2,049	6,238	11,321
Credit card receivables	7,067,745	337,624	895	122,365	42,715	7,571,344
Privately placed bonds	3,732,376	967	1,874			3,735,217
Factoring receivables	30,990		1,054			32,044
	(Won) 132,748,118	(Won) 3,184,489	(Won) 963,584	(Won) 914,093	(Won) 418,915	(Won) 138,229,199

(8) The term structure of loans as of December 31, 2006 was as follows (Unit: In millions):

Loans in foreign					
	Loans in Won	currencies	Others	Total	
Due in 3 months or less	(Won) 15,123,093	(Won) 2,075,295	(Won) 9,173,641	(Won) 26,372,029	
Due after 3 months through 6 months	14,837,742	1,200,831	1,226,602	17,265,175	
Due after 6 months through 1 year	30,049,798	996,498	2,375,123	33,421,419	
Due after 1 year through 2 years	10,139,427	347,781	2,653,941	13,141,149	
Due after 2 years through 3 years	12,115,875	1,177,131	2,496,357	15,789,363	
Due after 3 years through 4 years	4,858,755	208,298	227,055	5,294,108	
Due after 4 years through 5 years	2,406,035	647,661	706,345	3,760,041	
More than 5 years	36,435,207	419,838	345,869	37,200,914	
	(Won) 125,965,932	(Won) 7,073,333	(Won) 19,204,933	(Won) 152,244,198	

The term structure of loans as of December 31, 2005 was as follows (Unit: In millions):

Loans in foreign					
	Loans in Won	currencies	Others	Total	
Due in 3 months or less	(Won) 16,906,160	(Won) 1,951,163	(Won) 8,193,509	(Won) 27,050,832	
Due after 3 months through 6 months	16,040,966	990,574	731,458	17,762,998	
Due after 6 months through 1 year	33,020,434	973,081	1,379,070	35,372,585	
Due after 1 year through 2 years	13,694,750	236,686	1,042,520	14,973,956	
Due after 2 years through 3 years	10,245,651	327,997	1,499,811	12,073,459	
Due after 3 years through 4 years	4,320,143	77,561	42,542	4,440,246	

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Due after 4 years through 5 years	5,269,801	250,403	191,646	5,711,850
More than 5 years	19,335,363	307,315	1,200,595	20,843,273
	(Won) 118,833,268	(Won) 5,114,780	(Won) 14,281,151	(Won) 138,229,199

- 25 -

Table of Contents

(9) Disposal of loans

The Bank disposed loans amounting to (Won)324,052 million of principal to KB 7th Securitization Specialty Co., Ltd., and recognized a gain of (Won)36,311 million for the year ended December 31, 2006. The Bank also disposed loans amounting to (Won)210,589 million of principal to KB 8th Securitization Specialty Co., Ltd., and recognized a loss of (Won)17,222 million for the year ended December 31, 2006.

In addition, the subsidiaries disposed loans and recognized a gain of (Won)1,000 million for the year ended December 31, 2006.

(10) Credit card receivables as collateral

The Bank offers the credit card receivables amounting to (Won)253,591 million (before deducting the allowance) as collateral for the transaction of credit card receivables to SPC as of December 31, 2006

(11) The changes in loan origination costs for the year ended December 31, 2006 were as follows (Unit: In millions):

	Beginning	Increase	Decrease	Ending
Loan origination costs	(Won) 52,025	(Won) 113,141	(Won) 26,828	(Won) 138,338

7. RESTRUCTURED LOANS:

(1) The loans that were restructured by means of principal reduction, debt-equity swap, interest reduction because of court receiverships, compositions and workouts for the year ended December 31, 2006 were as follows (Unit: In millions):

	Amount before	Principal		Interest	Extension
	restructuring	exemption	Conversion to equity securities	Reduction	of maturity
Composition	(Won) 6,178	(Won)	(Won)	(Won)	(Won) 6,178
Workout plan	236,287	301	4,083	25,374	206,529
Debt restructuring(*)	894				894
	(Won) 243,359	(Won) 301	(Won) 4,083	(Won) 25,374	(Won) 213,601

(*) In accordance with the Bankruptcy and Debt Restructuring Act

(2) Changes in the present value discounts relating to the outstanding restructured loans for the year ended December 31, 2006 were as follows (Unit: In millions):

		Beginning	Present value discounts		Ending
	Amount	balance	Addition	Deduction	balance
Court receivership	(Won) 9,336	(Won) 2,035	(Won) 1,034	(Won) 2,035	(Won) 1,034
Composition	13,143	2,238	1,689	2,652	1,275

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Workout plan	111,064	11,371	11,206	15,710	6,867
Others	32,470	4,371		1,534	2,837
	(Won) 166,013	(Won) 20,015	(Won) 13,929	(Won) 21,931	(Won) 12,013

If the loans are restructured by means of reduction of interest rates, cash flows of fixed rate loans are discounted by effective interest rates originally agreed upon and cash flows of floating rate loans are discounted by interest rates determined by adding a credit risk premium, which is calculated at the restructuring date, assuming that debtors' credit at the origination date is effective to the restructuring date, to a benchmark interest rate. The difference between the book value and the present value is presented as an allowance for possible loan losses.

- 26 -

Table of Contents8. ALLOWANCE FOR POSSIBLE LOAN LOSSES:

(1) The allowance for possible loan losses as of December 31, 2006 is summarized as follows (Unit: In millions):

	Estimated					
	Normal	Precautionary	Substandard	Doubtful	Loss	Total
Loans in Won	(Won) 1,113,190	(Won) 164,947	(Won) 143,050	(Won) 296,199	(Won) 241,628	(Won) 1,959,014
Loans in foreign currencies	42,740	5,739	13,582	14,811	2,540	79,412
Bills bought	9,020	259	57	182	86	9,604
Advances for customers	1	36	4,096	1,124	7,982	13,239
Credit card receivables	129,619	32,263	130	42,736	39,537	244,285
Privately placed bonds	52,486		161	250	1,366	54,263
Factoring receivables	2,910					2,910
Loans for debt-equity swap				1,948		1,948
	(Won) 1,349,966	(Won) 203,244	(Won) 161,076	(Won) 357,250	(Won) 293,139	(Won) 2,364,675

The allowance for possible loan losses as of December 31, 2005 is summarized as follows (Unit: In millions):

	Estimated					
	Normal	Precautionary	Substandard	Doubtful	Loss	Total
Loans in Won	(Won) 777,020	(Won) 293,630	(Won) 198,120	(Won) 494,607	(Won) 367,848	(Won) 2,131,225
Loans in foreign currencies	23,303	2,504	5,891	19,044	437	51,179
Bills bought	6,943	228	27	180	1,677	9,055
Advances for customers	6	9	279	1,469	6,238	8,001
Credit card receivables	77,680	40,515	179	73,419	42,715	234,508
Privately placed bonds	19,765	217	918			20,900
Factoring receivables	4,299		211			4,510
	(Won) 909,016	(Won) 337,103	(Won) 205,625	(Won) 588,719	(Won) 418,915	(Won) 2,459,378

Pursuant to the amended Supervisory Regulation, the Bank increased the minimum rate of loss provision for loans classified as normal and precautionary in 2006. Due to the change, allowance for possible loan losses increased by (Won)397.6 billion as of December 31, 2006.

(2) The changes in allowance for possible loan losses for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005 were as follows (Unit: In millions):

	2006	2005
Beginning balance (*1)	(Won) 2,544,062	(Won) 3,357,804
Provision for possible loan losses	1,028,465	1,029,445
Reclassification from other allowances (*2)	304,954	17,501
Collection of previously written-off loans	476,121	454,280
Repurchase of NPLs sold	5,897	15,863
Sales of loans	(115,557)	(183,306)
Loans written-off	(1,695,859)	(2,141,773)
Conversion to equity securities		(11,444)
Exemption of loans	(4,582)	(9,570)

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Changes in exchange rates and others	(17,865)	15,262
Ending balance (*1)	(Won) 2,525,636	(Won) 2,544,062

(*1) Allowance for possible loan losses includes present value discounts amounting to (Won)12,013 million and (Won)20,015 million as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively, and allowances for other assets amounting to (Won)160,961 million and (Won)84,684 million, respectively.

- 27 -

Table of Contents

- (*2) Other allowances for credit lines to Kookmin Card 16th Securitization Specialty Co., Ltd. and FNSTAR 3rd Securitization Special Co., Ltd. amounting to (Won)159,888 million and (Won)145,066 million, respectively, were transferred to allowances for loan losses for the year ended December 31, 2006. Other allowances for credit lines to Kookmin Card 16th Securitization Specialty Co., Ltd. amounting to (Won)17,501 million were transferred to allowances for loan losses for the year ended December 31, 2005.

- (3) The allowance for possible losses on other assets as of December 31, 2006 and 2005 is summarized as follows (Unit: In millions):

	2006	2005
Suspense receivables	(Won) 7,425	(Won) 20,447
Uncollected guarantee deposits for rent	4,847	8,269
Settlement costs for financial accident	87,122	15,844
Derivative instruments	2,597	2,283
Others	58,970	37,841
	(Won) 160,961	(Won) 84,684

- (4) The allowance for possible loan losses compared to total loans, net of present value discount, is summarized as follows (Unit: In millions):

	Loans	Allowance for possible loan losses	Percentage (%)
December 31, 2006	(Won) 152,244,198	(Won) 2,364,675	1.55
December 31, 2005	138,229,199	2,459,378	1.78
December 31, 2004	138,919,914	3,131,099	2.25

9. **FIXED ASSETS:**

- (1) Fixed assets as of December 31, 2006 and 2005 consisted of (Unit: In millions):

	2006	2005
Tangible assets	(Won) 3,865,452	(Won) 3,683,286
Less: accumulated depreciation	(1,710,431)	(1,631,480)
accumulated impairment loss	(15,535)	(11,466)
Intangible assets	373,069	400,919
Non-business use property	499	583
Less: valuation allowance	(169)	(230)
	(Won) 2,512,885	(Won) 2,441,612

- (2) Tangible assets as of December 31, 2006 consisted of (Unit: In millions):

Acquisition cost	Accumulated depreciation	Accumulated impairment losses	Book value
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Land	(Won) 984,317	(Won)	(Won) 7,115	(Won) 977,202
Buildings	986,511	181,239	8,420	796,852
Leasehold improvements	234,976	179,053		55,923
Equipment and vehicles	1,656,989	1,350,139		306,850
Construction in progress	2,659			2,659
	(Won) 3,865,452	(Won) 1,710,431	(Won) 15,535	(Won) 2,139,486

- 28 -

Table of Contents

Tangible assets as of December 31, 2005 consisted of (Unit: In millions):

	Acquisition cost	Accumulated depreciation	Accumulated impairment losses	Book value
Land	(Won) 986,569	(Won)	(Won) 7,109	(Won) 979,460
Buildings	939,293	160,337	4,357	774,599
Leasehold improvements	191,799	146,703		45,096
Equipment and vehicles	1,565,470	1,324,440		241,030
Construction in progress	155			155
	(Won) 3,683,286	(Won) 1,631,480	(Won) 11,466	(Won) 2,040,340

(3) The changes in book value of tangible assets for the year ended December 31, 2006 were as follows (Unit: In millions):

	Beginning	Acquisition	Replacement	Disposal	Depreciation	Impairment	Change in foreign currencies	Ending
Land	(Won) 979,460	(Won) 3,349	(Won) 2,873	(Won) 8,151	(Won)	(Won) (290)	(Won) (39)	(Won) 977,202
Buildings	774,599	5,745	49,422	6,289	22,062	(4,449)	(114)	796,852
Leasehold improvements	45,096	298	45,504	172	34,782		(21)	55,923
Equipment and vehicles	241,030	255,175		23,058	166,232		(65)	306,850
Construction in progress	155	100,303	(97,799)					2,659
	(Won) 2,040,340	(Won) 364,870	(Won)	(Won) 37,670	(Won) 223,076	(Won) (4,739)	(Won) (239)	(Won) 2,139,486

(4) The published value of land was (Won)1,307,108 million and (Won) 1,059,403 million as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively, based on the Laws on Disclosure of Land Price and Valuation of Land.

(5) Tangible assets, which have been insured as of December 31, 2006, were as follows (Unit: In millions):

Type of insurance	Asset insured	Insured amount	Insurance company
Property composite	Buildings	(Won) 829,507	Samsung Fire & Marine
	Leasehold improvements	120,243	Insurance Co., Ltd. & others
	Equipment and vehicles	201,485	
		(Won) 1,151,235	

(6) Intangible assets as of December 31, 2006 consisted of (Unit: In millions):

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	Acquisition cost	Accumulated amortization	Book value
Goodwill	(Won) 705,108	(Won) 404,784	(Won) 300,324
Negative goodwill	(346)	(323)	(23)
Others	132,949	60,181	72,768
	(Won) 837,711	(Won) 464,642	(Won) 373,069

- 29 -

Table of Contents

(7) The changes in intangible assets for the year ended December 31, 2006 were as follows (Unit: In millions):

	Beginning	Increase	Amortization	Ending
Goodwill	(Won) 378,669	(Won)	(Won) 78,345	(Won) 300,324
Negative goodwill	(92)		(69)	(23)
Others	22,342	75,428	25,002	72,768
	(Won) 400,919	(Won) 75,428	(Won) 103,278	(Won) 373,069

(8) Non-business use properties as of December 31, 2006 consisted of (Unit: In millions):

	Acquisition cost	Valuation allowance	Book value
Non-business use land	(Won) 18	(Won) 12	(Won) 6
Non-business use building	481	157	324
	(Won) 499	(Won) 169	(Won) 330

10. OTHER ASSETS:

(1) Other assets as of December 31, 2006 and 2005 consisted of (Unit: In millions):

	2006	2005
Guarantee deposits paid	(Won) 1,200,552	(Won) 1,199,101
Accounts receivable (Note 20)	2,187,739	477,474
Accrued income (Note 3)	1,138,864	978,089
Prepaid accounts	114,630	66,730
Prepaid expenses	85,756	46,449
Deferred income tax assets (Note 24)	36,284	374,667
Derivatives assets (Note 20)	1,260,776	1,202,129
Domestic exchange settlement debits	962,250	720,433
Due from trust accounts	233,388	195,033
Sundry assets	47,742	41,715
Less : allowances for possible losses	(160,961)	(84,684)
	(Won) 7,107,020	(Won) 5,217,136

(2) Sundry assets as of December 31, 2006 and 2005 consisted of (Unit: In millions):

	2006	2005
Receivables on cash sent to other banks	(Won) 410	(Won) 350
Supplies	18,608	14,468
Deposit money to court (*)	21,789	24,233

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Others	6,935	2,664
	(Won) 47,742	(Won) 41,715

(*) Securities is included in deposit money to court of which book value and face value are (Won)16,197 million and (Won) 17,100 respectively.

11. DEPOSITS:

(1) Deposits as of December 31, 2006 and 2005 consisted of (Unit: In millions):

	2006	2005
Deposits in Won	(Won) 122,285,382	(Won) 122,632,202
Deposits in foreign currencies	1,476,892	1,593,844
Negotiable certificates of deposits	9,534,701	5,389,543
	(Won) 133,296,975	(Won) 129,615,589

Table of Contents

(2) Deposits as of December 31, 2006 and 2005 consisted of (Unit: In millions):

	2006	2005
Demand deposits in Won:		
Checking deposits	(Won) 231,186	(Won) 190,629
Household checking deposits	477,770	478,851
Temporary deposits	4,066,769	3,668,420
Passbook deposits	15,166,611	13,403,993
Public fund deposits	199,948	176,397
National Treasury deposits	(Won) 2,641	(Won) 2,879
Non-resident's deposit	23,636	24,898
Others	40,611	2,983
	20,209,172	17,949,050
Time deposits and savings deposits in Won		
Time deposits	57,106,175	57,387,089
Installment savings deposits	1,097,474	1,218,956
Property formation savings	541	955
Workers' savings for housing	2	27
Time and savings deposits of non-residents	193,344	213,436
General savings deposits	20,826,726	20,151,013
Corporate savings deposits	8,278,061	9,391,238
Long-term savings deposits for workers	4,334	7,388
Long-term housing savings deposits	3,057,236	2,390,596
Long-term savings for households	3,711	7,377
Workers' preferential savings deposits	530,867	1,097,848
Mutual installment deposits	3,832,633	5,119,223
Mutual installment for housing	3,842,727	4,582,031
Others	3,300,772	3,118,108
	102,074,603	104,685,285
	122,283,775	122,634,335
Loss (gain) on valuation of fair value hedged item (Current year portion)	3,740	(2,133)
Loss (gain) on valuation of fair value hedged item (prior year portion)	(2,133)	
	122,285,382	122,632,202
Demand deposits in foreign currencies:		
Checking deposits	43,875	51,185
Passbook deposits	736,034	701,514
Notice deposits	199	241
Temporary deposits	2,377	1,300
	782,485	754,240