Capitol Federal Financial Inc Form POS AM October 01, 2010

As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 1, 2010 Registration No. 333-166578

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

POST -EFFECTIVE AMENDMENT NO. 1

to FORM S-1

REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933 CAPITOL FEDERAL FINANCIAL, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland 6035 27-2631712

(State or other jurisdiction of (Primary Standard Industrial (I.R.S. Employer Identification

incorporation or organization) Classification Code Number) No.)

700 S. Kansas Avenue, Topeka, Kansas 66603

(785) 235-1341

(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of registrant's principal executive offices)

John B. Dicus, President and Chief Executive Officer

700 S. Kansas Avenue, Topeka, Kansas 66603

(785) 235-1341

(Name, address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of agent for service)

Copies to:

James S. Fleischer, P.C.
Martin L. Meyrowitz, P.C.
SILVER, FREEDMAN & TAFF, L.L.P.
(a limited liability partnership including professional corporations)
3299 K Street, NW, Suite 100
Washington, DC 20007
(202) 295-4500

Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the public: As soon as practicable after this Registration Statement

becomes effective.

If any of the securities being registered on this Form are being offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933 check the following box. x

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, please check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective

registration statement for the same offering. o

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier registration statement for the same offering.

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier registration statement for the same offering.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b–2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer o

Accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer x

Smaller reporting company o

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

Title of Each Class of Securities to be Registered	Amount to be Registered	Proposed Maximum Offering Price Per Unit	Proposed Maximum Aggregate Offering Price	Amount of Registration Fee
Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share	301,737,230	\$10.00	\$3,017,372,300 (1)	\$215,138(2)

⁽¹⁾ Estimated solely for the purpose of calculating the registration fee.

⁽²⁾ Previously paid.

The Registrant hereby amends this Registration Statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the Registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this Registration Statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 or until the Registration Statement shall become effective on such date as the Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.

Prospectus Supplement (To Subscription and Community Offering Prospectus dated July 9, 2010)

> Capitol Federal Financial, Inc. (Proposed New Holding Company for Capitol Federal Savings Bank)

> > Up to 159,850,000 Shares of Common Stock \$10.00 per Share

On August 30, 2010, RP Financial, LC.updated its appraisal of the estimated pro forma market value of the common stock of Capitol Federal Financial, Inc., which resulted in a reduction to our offering range. The amended offering range has decreased to a range of \$1.18 billion at the minimum to \$1.60billion at the maximum, as compared to the offering range of \$1.45 billion to \$1.96 billion established by the appraisal of RP Financial dated May 28, 2010. This constitutes an approximate 18.2% reduction in the range. As a result of the reduction in the offering range, we are offering fewer shares than indicated in our prospectus dated July 9, 2010. We are now offering up to 159,850,000shares of common stock for sale on a best efforts basis, subject to certain conditions. We must sell a minimum of 118,150,000shares in order to complete the offering. The price per share remains unchanged at \$10.00.

This offering represents a resolicitation and extension of an offering that we originally commenced in July 2010. If you subscribed for shares of our common stock in the original offering, your previous subscription order has been canceled and is no longer effective. We have returned all subscription funds submitted by you and canceled any deposit account withdrawals that you authorized. You will not receive any shares of common stock unless you place a new order in this offering.

In view of the August 30, 2010 appraisal update, we are providing this prospectus supplement to those persons who subscribed for shares during the original offering period. Additionally, we may provide this prospectus supplement, together with the prospectus dated July 9, 2010, to members of the general public who did not previously subscribe for shares but are interested in purchasing shares in the community offering.

The subscription and community offerings are scheduled to terminate at 4:00 p.m., Central Time, on ______, 2010. We may extend this termination date without notice to subscribers until ______, 2010, unless the Office of Thrift Supervision approves a later date. No single extension can exceed 90 days. If we extend the offering beyond ______, 2010, we will notify all subscribers and promptly return the funds of those subscribers who do not reconfirm their subscriptions. If we terminate the offering because we fail to sell the minimum number of shares or for any other reason, we will promptly return your funds with interest calculated at Capitol Federal Savings Bank's statement savings rate, which is currently 0.25%, or cancel your deposit account withdrawal authorization.

We intend to offer for sale shares of common stock not purchased in the subscription offering or community offering in a syndicated offering. Sandler O'Neill + Partners, L.P. isserving as sole book-running manager for the syndicated offering and Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc., Morgan Keegan & Company, Inc., RBC Capital Markets Corporation, Sterne, Agee & Leach, Inc.and Stifel, Nicolaus & Company, Incorporated are serving as co-managers. We have not set an expiration date for the syndicated offering and the syndicated offering may expire at any time on or after _______, 2010. We retain the right to accept or reject, in part or in whole, any order received in the community offering or the syndicated offering. Neither Sandler O'Neill + Partners, L.P., the co-managers, nor any member of the selling group is obligated to purchase any shares of common stock that are being offered for sale.

To place a new order, you must complete, sign and deliver the enclosed Supplemental Order Form (in the case of
previous subscribers) or Community Order Form (in the case of new subscribers). Order forms, accompanied by full
payment (personal check, bank check or money order) or deposit account withdrawal authorization, must be received
by 4:00 p.m, Central Time, on 2010.

This document supplements and amends the prospectus of Capitol Federal Financial, Inc., dated July 9, 2010, and should be read together with the prospectus, which we previously distributed during the original offering period. Any information presented in this document supersedes that contained in the prospectus. Unless otherwise specifically set forth in this document, capitalized terms used, but not defined, in this prospectus supplement shall have the same meaning as they do in the prospectus. If you would like an additional copy of the prospectus dated July 9, 2010, you may obtain one by contacting our Stock Information Center at (877) 518-0123. See "Where You Can Find Additional Information" in this prospectus supplement for additional information on how a subscriber may obtain an additional copy of the prospectus.

This investment involves a degree of risk, including the possible loss of principal.

Please read "Risk Factors" beginning on page 19 of the prospectus and "Additional Risk Factor" on page 1 of this prospectus supplement.

OFFERING SUMMARY Price: \$10.00 per share

	Minimum		Midpoint	Maximum
Number of				
shares	118,150,000		139,000,000	159,850,000
Gross offering				
proceeds	\$ 1,181,500,000	\$	1,390,000,000	\$ 1,598,500,000
Estimated offering expenses				
excluding selling agent commission				
and expenses	\$ 6,215,000	\$	6,215,000	\$ 6,215,000
Estimated selling agent commissions				
and expenses(1)(2)	\$ 43,939,463	\$	51,695,663	\$ 59,451,863
Net				
proceeds	\$ 1,131,345,537	\$	1,332,089,337	\$ 1,532,833,137
Net proceeds per				
share	\$ 9.58	\$	9.58	\$ 9.59

⁽¹⁾ Includes: (i) fees payable by us to Sandler O'Neill & Partners, L.P. in connection with the subscription and community offerings equal to 0.75% of the aggregate amount of common stock sold in the subscription and community offerings (net of insider purchases and shares purchased by our employee stock ownership plan) or approximately \$1.9 millionat the maximum of the offering range, assuming that 20% of the offering is sold in the subscription and community offerings, and (ii) a management fee payable by us of 1.00% of the aggregate dollar amount of the common stock sold in the syndicated offering, 45% of which will be paid to Sandler O'Neill & Partners, L.P., 15% of which will be paid to Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc. and 10% of which will be paid to each of Morgan Keegan & Company, Inc., RBC Capital Markets Corporation, Sterne, Agee & Leach, Inc. and Stifel, Nicolaus & Company, Incorporated, and a selling concession payable by us of 3.50% of the actual purchase price of each share of common stock sold in the syndicated offering, which will be allocated to dealers (including Sandler O'Neill & Partners, L.P., Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc., Morgan Keegan & Company, Inc., RBC Capital Markets Corporation, Sterne, Agee & Leach, Inc. and Stifel, Nicolaus & Company, Incorporated) in accordance with the actual number of shares of common stock sold by such dealers, or approximately \$57.5 millionat the maximum of the offering range, assuming that 80% of the offering will be sold in the syndicated offering. See "Pro Forma Data" on page 14 of this prospectus supplement and "Marketing Arrangements" on page 21 of this prospectus supplement.

(2) If all shares of common stock are sold in the syndicated offering, the maximum selling agent commissions and expenses would be \$53.2 millionat the minimum, \$62.6 million at the midpoint, and \$71.9 millionat the maximum of the offering range.

These securities are not deposits or savings accounts and are not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. None of the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Office of Thrift Supervision, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or any state securities regulator has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is accurate or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

SANDLER O'NEILL + PARTNERS, L.P.

For assistance, please contact the StockInformationCenter at 1-877-518-0123.

The date of this prospectus supplement is ______, 2010

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This prospectus supplement adds to, updates or changes the information in the prospectus dated July 9, 2010. If information in this prospectus supplement is inconsistent with information in the prospectus, this prospectus supplement will apply and will supersede that information in the prospectus.

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ADDITIONAL RISK FACTOR

You should consider the risk factor presented below and those in the "Risk Factors" section of the prospectus, dated July 9, 2010, in addition to the other information contained in this prospectus supplement and in the prospectus, before deciding whether to make an investment in the common stock of Capitol Federal Financial, Inc.

Passage of Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act will increase our operational and compliance costs.

On July 21, 2010, the President of the United States signed The Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (the "Dodd-Frank Act"). This new law will significantly change the current bank regulatory structure and affect the lending, deposit, investment, trading and operating activities of financial institutions and their holding companies. Capitol Federal Savings Bank's primary federal regulator, the Office of Thrift Supervision, will be eliminated and existing federal thrifts will be subject to regulation and supervision by the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, which supervises and regulates all national banks. Existing savings and loan holding companies will be subject to regulation and supervision by the Federal Reserve Board ("FRB"). The Dodd-Frank Act requires various federal agencies to adopt a broad range of new rules and regulations, and to prepare numerous studies and reports for Congress. The federal agencies are given significant discretion in drafting the rules and regulations, and consequently, many of the details and much of the impact of the Dodd-Frank Act may not be known for many months or years.

The Dodd-Frank Act creates a new Consumer Financial Protection Bureau ("CFPB") with broad powers to supervise and enforce consumer protection laws. The CFPB has broad rule-making authority for a wide range of consumer protection laws that apply to all banks and savings institutions, including the authority to prohibit "unfair, deceptive or abusive" acts and practices. The CFPB has examination and enforcement authority over all banks with more than \$10 billion in assets. Banks with \$10 billion or less in assets will continue to be examined for compliance with the consumer laws by their primary bank regulators. The Dodd-Frank Act also weakens the federal preemption rules that have been applicable for national banks and federal savings associations, and gives state attorneys general the ability to enforce federal consumer protection laws.

The Dodd-Frank Act requires minimum leverage (Tier 1) and risk-based capital requirements for savings and loan holding companies (effective in five years) and bank holding companies that are no less stringent than those applicable to banks, which will limit our ability to borrow at the holding company level and invest the proceeds from such borrowings as capital in Capitol Federal Savings Bank, and will exclude certain instruments that previously have been eligible for inclusion by bank holding companies as Tier 1 capital, such as trust preferred securities.

A provision of the Dodd-Frank Act, which will become effective one year after enactment, eliminates the federal prohibitions on paying interest on demand deposits, thus allowing businesses to have interest-bearing checking accounts. Depending on competitive responses, this significant change to existing law could have an adverse impact on our interest expense.

The Dodd-Frank Act also broadens the base for FDIC deposit insurance assessments. Assessments will now be based on the average consolidated total assets less tangible equity capital of a financial institution, rather than deposits. The Dodd-Frank Act also permanently increases the maximum amount of deposit insurance for banks, savings institutions and credit unions to \$250,000 per depositor, retroactive to January 1, 2009, and non-interest-bearing transaction accounts have unlimited deposit insurance through December 31, 2012. The legislation also increases the required minimum reserve ratio for the Deposit Insurance Fund, from 1.15% to 1.35% of insured deposits, and directs the FDIC to offset the effects of increased assessments on depository institutions with less than \$10 billion in assets.

The Dodd-Frank Act will require publicly traded companies to give stockholders a non-binding vote on executive compensation and so-called "golden parachute" payments, and authorizes the Securities and Exchange Commission to promulgate rules that would allow stockholders to nominate their own candidates using a company's proxy materials. The legislation also directs the FRB to promulgate rules prohibiting excessive compensation paid to bank holding company executives, regardless of whether the company is publicly traded.

It is difficult to predict at this time what specific impact the Dodd-Frank Act and the yet to be written implementing rules and regulations will have on community banks. However, it is expected that at a minimum they will increase our operating and compliance costs and could increase our interest expense.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus supplement contains forward looking statements which are made in good faith by us. These forward-looking statements include statements about our beliefs, plans, objectives, goals, expectations, anticipations, estimates and intentions that are subject to significant risks and uncertainties, and are subject to change based on various factors, some of which are beyond our control. The words may, could, should, would, believe, anticipate, estimate, expect, intend, plan and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. The following factors, among others, could cause our future results to differ materially from the plans, objectives, goals, expectations, anticipations, estimates and intentions expressed in the forward-looking statements:

our ability to continue to maintain overhead costs at reasonable levels;

our ability to continue to originate a significant volume of one- to four-family mortgage loans in our market area; our ability to acquire funds from or invest funds in wholesale or secondary markets;

the future earnings and capital levels of Capitol Federal Savings Bank, which could affect the ability of Capitol Federal Financial, Inc. to pay dividends in accordance with its dividend policies;

fluctuations in deposit flows, loan demand, and/or real estate values, which may adversely affect our business; the credit risks of lending and investing activities, including changes in the level and direction of loan delinquencies and write-offs and changes in estimates of the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses; results of examinations of Capitol Federal Savings Bank by its primary regulator, the Office of Thrift Supervision, including the possibility that the Office of Thrift Supervision may, among other things, require Capitol Federal Savings Bank to increase its allowance for loan losses;

the strength of the U.S. economy in general and the strength of the local economies in which we conduct operations;

the effects of, and changes in, trade, monetary and fiscal policies and laws, including interest rate policies of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System;

the effects of, and changes in, foreign and military policies of the United States government; inflation, interest rate, market and monetary fluctuations; our ability to access cost-effective funding;

the timely development and acceptance of our new products and services and the perceived overall value of these products and services by users, including the features, pricing and quality compared to competitors' products and services:

the willingness of users to substitute competitors' products and services for our products and services; our success in gaining regulatory approval of our products and services and branching locations, when required; the impact of changes in financial services laws and regulations, including laws concerning taxes, banking, securities and insurance and the impact of other governmental initiatives affecting the financial services industry;

implementing business initiatives may be more difficult or expensive than anticipated; technological changes; acquisitions and dispositions; changes in consumer spending and saving habits; our success at managing the risks involved in our business; and delays in the consummation of the conversion and offering.

Because of these and other uncertainties, our actual future results may be materially different from the results indicated by these forward-looking statements. See "Risk Factors" in the prospectus and "Additional Risk Factor" in this prospectus supplement.

RESULTS OF THE OFFERING AND MEMBER AND STOCKHOLDER VOTES

The members of Capitol Federal Savings Bank MHC and the stockholders of CFFapproved the plan of conversion and the contribution to the charitable foundationat meetings held on August 24, 2010.

Capitol Federal Financial, Inc. originally offered up to 195,500,000 shares of common stock in the offering at the maximum of the offering range. We had to sell a minimum of 144,500,000 shares for the original offering to be completed. The offering was undersubscribed and interest in the syndicated offering was insufficient to sell the minimum number of shares. In connection with the updated appraisal and reduction in our offering range, we returned all subscription funds received, with interest, to subscribers on August 31, 2010, and canceled all withdrawal authorizations of persons who submitted subscriptions for shares of common stock during the original offering.

AMENDED OFFERING RANGE

As required by applicable regulations, upon conclusion of the subscription, community and syndicated offerings, RP Financial submitted to Capitol Federal Savings Bank and the Office of Thrift Supervision an updated appraisal of the pro forma market value of the common stock of Capitol Federal Financial, Inc., RP Financial has estimated in its updated appraisal, dated as of August 30, 2010, that our pro forma market value was between \$1.67billion and \$2.27 billion, with a midpoint of \$1.97billion. The updated appraisal results in an offering range of the common stock to be sold of \$1.18 billion at the minimum and \$1.60 billion at the maximum, with a midpoint of \$1.39 billion. This is an 18.2% decrease from the midpoint valuation established by the appraisal report dated May 28, 2010, which was set forth in the prospectus. RP Financial's August 30, 2010 appraisal update noted that, in decreasing the appraisal value, consideration was given to an analysis of recently completed conversion offerings and the results of the offering through the end of the initial offering period. In the 70 days prior to August 30, 2010, six second-step conversion transactions were completed. Of those six offerings, five were trading below their respective public offering prices as of August 30, 2010. The weak after-market performance of these recently completed second-step conversion offerings and concerns of limited after-market support for Capitol Federal Financial, Inc. common stock based on a closing valuation consistent with the minimum of the initial offering range were factors that contributed to the shortfall in orders, In addition to stock market conditions, RP Financial considered the results of the initial offering. As discussed under "Results of the Offering and Member and Stockholder Votes" in this prospectus supplement, we received subscriptions that were significantly less than the minimum of the offering range. Given the amount of orders received and the recent performance of second-step conversion offerings, RP Financial applied a more significant downward adjustment for marketing the issue in arriving at its updated appraisal valuation as of August 30, 2010. See "The Conversion and Offering—Stock Pricing and Number of Shares to be Issued" in the prospectus for a description of the factors and assumptions used in determining the stock price and offering range.

As a result of the decrease in the estimated pro forma market value of the common stock as reflected in the updated appraisal, the Office of Thrift Supervision has approved a reduction in the offering range to a minimum of 118,150,000 shares and a maximum of 159,850,000 shares.

Investors should note that the decrease in the estimated pro forma market value has an impact on the pro forma data presented in this prospectus supplement when compared to the values presented in the prospectus. See "Capitalization" and "Pro Forma Data" in this prospectus supplement for the effect on the pro forma stockholders' equity, stockholders' equity per share, net income per share, price to book value ratios and price to earnings ratios resulting from the updated offering range. The following table shows the change in certain pricing ratios at the midpoint of the offering range as a result of the reduced number of shares offered and the use of June 30, 2010 financial information as compared to March 31, 2010.

		At or for the Six			
		Months			
	At or for the Nine Months	Ended March 31,			
	Ended June 30, 2010	2010			
	139,000,000 shares at	170,000,000 shares at			
	the	the			
	midpoint of the	midpoint of the			
	revised	original		Percentage	
	offering range	offering range		Change	
Offering price as a multiple of pro					
forma net income per share					
(annualized)	25.00 x	27.78	X	(10.0)%
Offering price as a percentage of pro-	o				
forma tangible stockholders' equity					
per share	90.25 %	98.04	%	(7.9)%

The number of shares ultimately sold in the offering will depend upon market demand for the common stock as well as market and financial conditions at the conclusion of the offering period, and will affect the price to book value ratios, price to earnings ratios, stockholders' equity per share and net income per share of the common stock.

The following table presents a summary of selected pricing ratios for the peer group companies utilized by RP Financial in its appraisal and the pro forma pricing ratios for us as calculated by RP Financial in its appraisal report, based on financial data as of and for the twelvemonths ended June 30, 2010. The pricing ratios for Capitol Federal Financial, Inc. are also based on financial data as of or for the twelvemonths ended June 30, 2010.

						F	Price to Tang	ible
	Price to Earni	ngs	Price to Co	re I	Price to Bo	ook	Book Valu	e
	Multiple	E	arnings Mul	tiple	Value Ra	tio	Ratio	
Capitol Federal Financial, Inc. (pro forma):								
Minimum	22.39	X	23.88	X	83.89	%	83.89	%
Midpoint	25.96	X	27.67	X	90.25	%	90.25	%
Maximum	29.44	X	31.35	X	95.51	%	95.51	%
Pricing ratios of peer group companies as of								
August 30, 2010:								
Average	16.23	X	16.68	X	97.65	%	112.92	%
Median	14.94	X	14.41	X	89.55	%	115.79	%

Compared to the average pricing ratios of the peer group, at the maximum of the offering range our common stock would be priced at a premium of 81.4% to the peer group on a price-to-earnings basis, a premium of 87.9% on a price-to-core earnings basis, a discount of 2.2% to the peer group on a price-to-book basis, and a discount of 15.4% to the peer group on a price-to-tangible book basis. This means that, at the maximum of the offering range, a share of our common stock would be more expensive than the peer group on an earnings and core earnings basis and less expensive than the peer group on a book value and tangible book value basis.

Compared to the average pricing ratios of the peer group, at the minimum of the offering range our common stock would be priced at a premium of 38.0% to the peer group on a price-to-earnings basis, a premium of 43.2% on aprice-to-core earnings basis, a discount of 14.1% to the peer group on a price-to-book basis, and a discount of 25.7% to the peer group on a price-to-tangible book basis. This means that, at the minimum of the offering range, a share of our common stock would be more expensive than the peer group on an earnings and core earnings basis and less expensive than the peer group on a book value and tangible book value basis.

In determining the reasonableness and adequacy of RP Financial's updated appraisal, the Board of Directors of CFF reviewed the methodology and the appropriateness of the assumptions used by RP Financial. Copies of RP Financial's appraisal report and updated appraisal are publicly available as exhibits to the registration statement on Form S-1, as amended, as filed with the SEC (File No. 333-166578). See "Where You Can Find Additional Information."

RP Financial will update its appraisal before we complete the conversion and offering. If our pro forma market value at that time is either below \$1.67billion or above \$2.27billion, then, after consulting with the Office of Thrift Supervision, we may: terminate the offering and promptly return all funds; promptly return all funds, set a new offering range and give all subscribers the opportunity to place a new order; or take such other actions as may be permitted by the Office of Thrift Supervision and the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The appraisal is not intended, and must not be construed, as a recommendation of any kind as to the advisability of purchasing our common stock. The appraisal does not indicate market value. You should not assume or expect that the appraisal described above means that our common stock will trade at or above the \$10.00 purchase price after the offering.

RESOLICITATION

Resolicitation Procedure and Placing an Order

In view of the appraisal update and in accordance with regulatory requirements, we returned all funds received, with interest, on August 31, 2010 and canceled all withdrawal authorizations of persons who submitted subscriptions for shares of common stock during the original offering. Each person who subscribed for shares in the original offering is again being given the opportunity to subscribe for shares of common stock of Capitol Federal Financial, Inc. by submitting a Supplemental Order Form. Previous subscribers may order the same number of shares or may increase or decrease the amount subscribed for compared to their original orders, subject to the purchase limitations in the plan of conversion. We also may offer shares to persons other than those who previously submitted orders. Any such orders by new subscribers must be placed on Community Order Forms. Orders submitted on Community Order Forms will be considered orders in the community offering and will be subordinate to orders submitted on Supplemental Order Forms by previous subscribers in the subscription offering.

Anyone who would like to purchase shares of common stock in the offering must submit a new order as described below.

If you previously submitted an order, please complete, sign and return a Supplemental Order Form (which is being provided to all prior subscribers), accompanied by full payment (personal check, bank check or money order made payable to Capitol Federal Financial, Inc.) or a Capitol Federal Savings Bank deposit account withdrawal authorization, to be received by 4:00 p.m., Central Time, on ______, 2010.

If you did not previously submit an order but wish to subscribe for shares of common stock in the community offering, you must complete, sign and return a Community

Order Form, accompanied by full payment (personal check, bank check or money order made payable to Capitol Federal Financial, Inc.) or a Capitol Federal Savings Bank deposit account withdrawal authorization, to be received by 4:00 p.m., Central Time on ______, 2010.

You may deliver your stock order form in one of three ways: by mail, using the stock order reply envelope provided; by overnight delivery to the Stock Information Center at the address indicated on the stock order form; or by hand-delivery to our Stock Information Center, which is located at 700 S. Kansas Avenue, Topeka, Kansas. Please do not deliver stock order forms to other Capitol Federal Savings Bank offices or mail stock order forms to Capitol Federal Savings Bank. Once submitted, your order is irrevocable unless the offering is extended beyond _____, 2010.

You may not designate on your stock order form a direct withdrawal from a retirement account at Capitol Federal Savings Bank. Additionally, you may not designate on your stock order form a direct withdrawal from Capitol Federal Savings Bank accounts with check-writing privileges. Please provide a check instead. If you request a direct withdrawal, we reserve the right to interpret that as your authorization to treat those funds as if we had received a check for the designated amount, and we will immediately withdraw the amount from your checking account. Third party checks, cash, wire transfers and Capitol Federal Savings Bank line of credit checks may not be remitted as payment.

Checks will be immediately cashed, so the funds must be available within the account when your stock order form is received by us. Subscription funds will be held in a segregated account at Capitol Federal Savings Bank. We will pay interest calculated at Capitol Federal Savings Bank's statement savings rate from the date those funds are received until completion or termination of the offering. Withdrawals from certificate of deposit accounts at Capitol Federal Savings Bank for the purpose of purchasing common stock in the offering may be made without incurring an early withdrawal penalty. All funds authorized for withdrawal from deposit accounts with Capitol Federal Savings Bank must be available within the deposit accounts at the time the stock order form is received. A hold will be placed on the amount of funds designated on your stock order form. Those funds will be unavailable to you during the offering; however, the funds will not be withdrawn from the accounts until the offering is completed and will continue to earn interest at the applicable contract rate until the completion of the offering.

If you previously submitted an order through a self-directed retirement account, your refund has been provided to the custodian/trustee indicated on the original stock order form. We recommend that you contact your account representative at that firm immediately for guidance if you decide to submit a Supplemental Order Form for a stock purchase using your retirement account funds. Due to resolicitation timing constraints and the additional processing requirements of placing orders through custodians/trustees for retirement accounts, we cannot guarantee your ability to use such funds for this purchase.

In order to place an order for shares of common stock, you must complete and return a Supplemental Order Form or
Community Order Form, accompanied by full payment or a withdrawal authorization, so that it is received (not
postmarked) by no later than 4:00 p.m., Central Time, on, 2010. Once submitted, orders are irrevocable unless
the offering is extended beyond, 2010.

Failure to return a properly completed Supplemental Order Form or Community Order Form with full payment or a withdrawal authorization will result in you not being eligible to receive any shares of common stock in the subscription and community offering.

If you received a Supplemental Order Form with this prospectus supplement, it reflects the stock registration that you requested on your original stock order form. If separate stock order forms were submitted for stock to be registered in separate titles, then you have received separate mailings. If you place an order on a Supplemental Order Form, you may not change the form of registration designated thereon. If you wish to order shares in any other registration(s), you may contact our Stock Information Center to request one or more Community Order Forms. Any resulting stock order will be considered an order placed by a new subscriber in the community offering.

In the event the offering is oversubscribed, allocations will be made in accordance with our plan of conversion. Orders placed on Community Order Forms will be considered orders placed by new subscribers and, as such, will be subordinate to all orders placed on Supplemental Order Forms by previous subscribers in the subscription offering.

In the event we do not receive orders for the minimum number of at least 118,150,000 shares, we may extend the offering period as provided in this prospectus supplement and the prospectus.

If you would like an additional copy of the prospectus dated July 9, 2010, you may obtain one by contacting our Stock Information Center at (877) 518-0123. We will promptly process the request. Because the offering period ends on ______, 2010, any subscriber who desires to obtain a copy of the prospectus should request one promptly, and at least five days before the offering period ends.

Exchange of Existing Shares of CFF Common Stock

If you are a stockholder of CFF on the date we complete the conversion and offering, your existing shares will be cancelled and exchanged for shares of Capitol Federal Financial, Inc. As described in the prospectus under "The Conversion—Share Exchange Ratio for Current Stockholders," the exchange ratio will continue to be based on the number of shares we sell in the offering, and therefore will not be determined until after the offering concludes and will not be based on market trading prices. The exchange ratio will continue to ensure that existing public stockholders will own the same percentage of our stock both before and after the offering, except for any new shares purchased by them or any fractional shares which are paid out in cash.

Based on the updated appraisal, the new number of shares existing stockholders receive will be based on an exchange ratio that ranges from 2.2637to 3.0627 new shares for each share owned, at the minimum and maximum of our offering range. The table below shows how our exchange ratio adjusts, and how many shares a hypothetical owner of 100 shares would receive in the exchange, at the various levels of the offering range, based on shares outstanding as of June 30, 2010.

									New
									Shares
							Total		That
							Shares		Would
				New Share	s to be		of Common		be
				Exchanged for	r		Stock to be		Received
	New Shares to	be Sold	l	Existing Shar	es of		Outstanding		for 100
	in This Offerin	g		CFF			After the	Exchange	Existing
	Amount	Percer	ıt	Amount	Percen	t	Offering	Ratio	Shares
Minimum	118,150,000	70.5	%	49,344,965	29.5	%	167,494,965	2.2637	226
Midpoint	139,000,000	70.5	%	58,052,900	29.5	%	197,052,900	2.6632	266
Maximum	159,850,000	70.5	%	66,760,835	29.5	%	226,610,835	3.0627	306

We will not issue fractional shares in this exchange. For each fractional share that we would otherwise issue, we will pay the difference in cash. The cash amount will be equal to the dollar amount determined by multiplying the fractional share interest to which you are entitled by \$10.00 per share.

Persons Who Can Order Stock in the Subscription Offering

We have returned all funds received, with interest, and canceled all withdrawal authorizations of persons who submitted subscriptions for shares of common stock during the original offering. We are offering shares of Capitol Federal Financial, Inc. common stock in a subscription offering to the following persons in the following order of priority, provided such persons subscribed for shares of our common stock in the original offering:

Depositors with accounts at Capitol Federal Savings Bank with aggregate balances of at least \$50.00 at the close of business on March 31, 2009.

Our tax-qualified employee benefit plans, including our employee stock ownership plan, which will receive nontransferable subscription rights to purchase in the aggregate up to 10% of the shares of common stock sold in the offering. We expect our employee stock ownership plan to purchase up to 4.0% of the shares of common stock sold in the offering.

Depositors with accounts at Capitol Federal Savings Bank with aggregate balances of at least \$50.00 at the close of business on June 30, 2010.

Depositors of Capitol Federal Savings Bank at the close of business on July 2, 2010 and borrowers of Capitol Federal Savings Bank as of January 6, 1993 whose loan remained outstanding on July 2, 2010.

If we receive subscriptions for more shares than are to be sold in this offering, we may be unable to fill or may only partially fill your order. Shares will be allocated in order of the priorities described above under a formula outlined in the plan of conversion. See "The Conversion and Offering—Subscription Offering and Subscription Rights" in the prospectus for a description of the allocation procedure.

Only eligible subscribers in the original offering have subscription rights. We are offering shares not sold in the subscription offering to the general public in a community offering concurrently with the subscription offering. Depositors and borrowers who did not previously subscribe for shares may subscribe for shares and those orders will be considered to be received in the community offering. Orders received in the community offering (including orders by persons who submitted orders in the original community offering) will be subordinate to subscription offering orders.

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Extension of Time Period to Complete the Offering

Office of Thrift Supervision regulations provide that the sale of the common stock must be completed within 45 days following the termination of the subscription offering period, unless that period is extended by the Office of Thrift Supervision. The subscription and community offerings will terminate at 4:00 p.m., Central Time, on ______, 2010 unless extended by us, with approval of the Office of Thrift Supervision, if necessary. We are not required to provide notice to you of an extension unless we extend the offering beyond ______, 2010, in which case all subscribers in the subscription and community offerings will be notified and given the opportunity toconfirm, change or cancel their orders. If you do not respond to this notice, we will promptly return your funds with interest calculated at Capitol Federal Savings Bank's statement savings rate or cancel your deposit account withdrawal authorization.

Limitation on Common Stock Purchases

In order to complete the offering of our common stock, we must sell at least 118,150,000 shares of common stock, which is the minimum of our offering range. The maximum amount that any person, either individually or together with their associates or persons acting in concert, may purchase is 5% of the common stock sold in the offering (5,907,500 shares at the minimum of the offering range and 7,992,500 shares at the maximum of the offering range). The purchase limitation may be further increased to 9.99% of the common stock sold in the offering, provided that orders for shares of common stock exceeding 5% of the shares sold in the offering shall not exceed in the aggregate 10% of the total shares sold in the offering. These purchase limitations apply to purchases made in the subscription, community or syndicated offerings. If you purchase shares of common stock in the subscription, community and syndicated offerings, your total orders must comply with the purchase limitations set forth above. The ownership limitations for current CFF stockholders disclosed in the prospectus remain unchanged.

MARKET FOR THE COMMON STOCK

The following table sets forth high and low trading prices for shares of CFF's common stock and cash dividends paid per share for the periods indicated. For prior periods, and for further information relating to the market for CFF common stock, see "Market for the Common Stock" in the prospectus.

			Dividends
			Paid
Year Ended September 30, 2010	High	Low	Per Share
Fourth quarter	\$	\$	\$ 0.50
Third quarter	38.49	31.16	0.50
Second quarter	38.20	30.76	0.50
First quarter	33.36	28.19	0.79

On the effective date of the conversion, all publicly held shares of CFF common stock, including shares held by our officers and directors, will be converted automatically into the right to receive a number of shares of Capitol Federal Financial, Inc. common stock determined pursuant to the exchange ratio. See "Resolicitation—Exchange of Existing Shares of CFF Common Stock" in this prospectus supplement. The above table reflects actual prices and has not been adjusted to reflect the exchange ratio. Options to purchase shares of CFF common stock will be converted into options to purchase a number of shares of Capitol Federal Financial, Inc. common stock adjusted pursuant to the exchange ratio, for the same aggregate exercise price.

OUR POLICY REGARDING DIVIDENDS

CFF currently pays a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.50 per share. CFF also pays a special annual dividend equal to 25% of the annual net income of CFF inexcess of the total amount of dividends paid in the four regular quarterly dividends for the fiscal year. After the conversion, we intend to continue to pay cash dividends each year. For the first two fiscal years we intend to pay 100% of our net income in a combination of quarterly and special year-end dividends. It is currently anticipated that the quarterly dividend will be \$0.075 per share, or a 3.0% annualized yield based on the \$10.00 per share offering price. We expect that the timing of quarterly and special dividend payments will be consistent with our current practice. The dividend rate and the continued payment of dividends also will depend on a number of factors, including our capital requirements, our financial condition and results of operations, tax considerations, statutory and regulatory limitations and general economic conditions. No assurance can be given that we will continue to pay dividends or that they will not be reduced or eliminated in the future. See "Our Policy Regarding Dividends" in the prospectus for additional information.

HOW WE INTEND TO USE THE PROCEEDS FROM THE OFFERING

Although we cannot determine what the actual net proceeds from the sale of the shares of common stock in the offering will be until the offering is completed, we anticipate that the aggregate net proceeds will be between \$1.13 billion and \$1.53 billion.

We intend to distribute the net proceeds from the stock offering as follows:

	Based Upon the Sale at \$10.00 Per Share of										
	118,150,00	00 Shares		139,000,00	00 Shares	159,850,00	00 Shares	Shares			
		Percent			Percent			Percent			
		of Net			of Net			of Net			
	Amount	Proceeds		Amount	Proceeds		Amount	Proceed	s		
				(Dollars in	thousands)						
Offering proceeds	\$1,181,500			\$1,390,000			\$1,598,500				
Less offering expenses	50,155			57,911			65,667				
Net offering proceeds	\$1,131,345	100.0	%	\$1,332,089	100.0	%	\$1,532,833	100.0	%		
Distribution of net proceeds:											
To Capitol Federal Savings											
Bank	\$565,673	50.0	%	\$666,045	50.0	%	\$766,417	50.0	%		
To fund the loan to											
employee stock ownership											
plan	47,260	4.2		55,600	4.2		63,940	4.2			
To repay outstanding											
debentures	53,609	4.7		53,609	4.0		53,609	3.5			
Cash contributed tofoundation	40,000	3.5		40,000	3.0		40,000	2.6			
Retained by Capitol											
Federal Financial, Inc.	\$424,803	37.5	%	\$516,835	38.8	%	\$608,867	39.7	%		

Payments for shares of common stock made through withdrawals from existing deposit accounts will not result in the receipt of new funds for investment but will result in a reduction of Capitol Federal Savings Bank's deposits. The net proceeds may vary because total expenses relating to the offering may be more or less than our estimates. For example, our expenses would increase if a larger percentage of shares than we have assumed are sold in the syndicated offering rather than in the subscription and community offerings.

Capitol Federal Financial, Inc. Intends to Use the Proceeds it Retains From the Offering:

to pay cash dividends to stockholders;

to repurchase shares of our common stock for, among other things, the funding of our stock-based incentive plan;

to invest in securities;

to finance, where opportunities are presented, the acquisition of financial institutions or other financial service companies primarily in, or adjacent to, our market areas, although we do not currently have any understandings or agreements regarding any specific acquisition transaction; and

for other general corporate purposes.

As reflected in the table above, Capitol Federal Financial, Inc. also intends to fund a loan to the employee stock ownership plan to purchase shares of common stock in the offering, make a \$40.0 million cash contribution to the Capitol Federal Foundation and repay outstanding debentures totaling \$53.6 million. Initially, a substantial portion of the net proceeds will be invested in short-term investments and government agency backed mortgage-backed securities, as well as investment-grade debt obligations.

Under current Office of Thrift Supervision regulations, we may not repurchase shares of our common stock during the first year following the completion of the conversion, except to fund certain stock-based plans or, with prior regulatory approval, when extraordinary circumstances exist.

Capitol Federal Savings Bank Intends to Use the Net Proceeds it Receives From the Offering:

to increase our emphasis on loan purchases, subject to underwriting standards and availability;

to support internal growth through lending in the communities we serve;

to enhance existing products and services and support the development of new products and services by investing, for example, in technology to support growth and enhanced customer service;

to invest in securities:

to finance the acquisition of branches from other financial institutions or build or lease new branch facilities primarily in, or adjacent to, the State of Kansas although we do not currently have any agreements or understandings regarding any specific acquisition transaction; and

for other general corporate purposes.

Initially, a substantial portion of the net proceeds will be invested in short-term investments and government agency backed MBS, as well as investment-grade debt obligations. We also intend to purchase loan packages from nationwide lenders in the future that meet our underwriting standards for these types of loans. These standards include the full documentation of loans, owner-occupied properties only, combined loan-to-value ratios of 80% or less and credit scores of 700 or above. The maximum individual loan amount we will purchase is \$1.0 million. We will avoid market areas that have traditionally underperformed and will look to those areas where there has been a low incidence of non-performing loans. We will buy loans originated in or prior to 2004 or after June 2008. Purchased loans that are seasoned will be required to be current for the last twelve months. We will purchase adjustable-rate loans, interest-only adjustable-rate loans that have been amortizing for more than twelve months, fifteen-year fixed-rate loans and will consider the purchase of thirty-year fixed-rate loans to the extent we remain in compliance with board established interest rate risk limits.

We may also purchase newly originated loans from nationwide lenders on a flow basis, whereby we review and underwrite each loan as it is originated. The loans will be underwritten according to Capitol Federal Savings Bank's underwriting standards for these types of loans. These standards include the full documentation of loans, owner-occupied properties only, credit scores of 680 or above for loan amounts of \$417 thousand or less and 700 or above for loan amounts above \$417 thousand, and a maximum individual loan amount of \$1.0 million. Combined loan-to-value ratios on a purchase or rate/term refinance transaction will be 95% and a cash out refinance transaction will have a maximum loan-to-value ratio of 80%. Loans with a loan-to-value ratio greater than 80% will be required to have mortgage insurance. We will avoid market areas that have traditionally underperformed and will look to those areas where there has been a low incidence of non-performing loans. We will purchase adjustable-rate loans and fifteen-year fixed-rate loans and will consider the purchase of thirty-year fixed-rate loans to the extent we remain in compliance with board established interest rate risk limits.

The use of proceeds may change based on changes in interest rates, equity markets, laws and regulations affecting the financial services industry, our relative position in the financial services industry, the attractiveness of potential acquisitions and overall market conditions. Our business strategy for the deployment of the net proceeds raised in the offering is discussed in more detail in "The Conversion and Offering—Reasons for the Conversion and Offering" in the

prospectus.

Our return on equity may be relatively low unless and until we are able to effectively reinvest the additional capital raised in the offering, which may negatively affect the value of our common stock. See"Risk Factors — Our return on equity will initially be low compared to our historical performance. A lower return on equity may negatively impact the trading price of our common stock" in the prospectus.

CAPITALIZATION

The following table presents the historical consolidated capitalization of CFF at June 30, 2010 and the pro forma consolidated capitalization of Capitol Federal Financial, Inc. after giving effect to the offering, based upon the assumptions set forth in the "Pro Forma Data" section of this prospectus supplement.

	Capitol Federal Financial, Inc. CFF \$10.00 Per Share Pro Forma Based on the Sale of									
	Historical a June 30, 2010	ıt		118,150,000 Shares		139,000,000 Shares)	159,850,000 Shares)	
Deposits(1)	\$ 4,373,844	ļ	\$	4,373,584	ırs ın ı	thousands) \$ 4,373,584		\$ 4,373,584		
Borrowed	, ,- ,- ,-			, ,		, ,- ,- ,		, ,- ,- ,		
funds	3,056,637	,		3,056,637		3,056,637		3,056,637		
Debentures	53,609									
Total deposits and borrowed funds	\$ 7,484,090)	\$	7,430,221		\$ 7,430,221		\$ 7,430,221		
Stockholders' equity:										
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par										
value, 100,000,000 shares										
authorized (post-conversion)(2)	\$		\$			\$		\$		
Common stock \$0.01 par										
value, 1,400,000,000 shares										
authorized (post-conversion); shares to										
be issued as reflected(2)(3)	915			1,675		1,971		2,266		
Paid-in capital(2)	456,786			1,263,995		1,464,442		1,664,891		
Retained earnings(4)	796,093			796,093		796,093		796,093		
Accumulated other comprehensive	26 422			26 422		26.422		26 422		
income	36,433			36,433		36,433		36,433		
Plus:										
Capitol Federal Savings Bank MHC capital contribution				289		289		289		
Less:				209		209		209		
Treasury stock, at cost	(323,377)								
After-tax expense of contribution to	(323,311	,								
charitable foundation(5)				(24,672)	(24,672)	(24,672)	
Common stock acquired by employee				(= ', - ' =	,	(= -,	,	(= -,- · =	,	
stock ownership plan (6)	(6,553)		(53,813)	(62,153)	(70,493)	
Common stock acquired by the	,	,		,		,	,	,	,	
stock-based incentive plan(7)	(297)		(23,927)	(28,097)	(32,267)	
Total stockholders' equity	\$ 960,000		\$	1,996,073		\$ 2,184,306		\$ 2,372,540		
Shares outstanding:										
Total shares									_	
outstanding	73,990,97	8		167,494,96	5	197,052,90	00	226,610,83	55	
Exchange shares				40.244.065	_	50.053.000		((5(0 005		
issued				49,344,965)	58,052,900)	66,760,835)	
Shares offered for				110 150 00	00	120 000 00	10	150 050 00	10	
sale			118,150,000		139,000,000		159,850,000			

Total stockholders' equity as a percentage of total assets 11.24 % 20.95 % 22.49 % 23.96 %

- (1) Does not reflect withdrawals from deposit accounts for the purchase of shares of common stock in the offering. These withdrawals would reduce pro forma deposits by the amount of the withdrawals. On a pro forma basis, it also reflects a transfer to equity of \$289 thousand from Capitol Federal Savings Bank MHC consisting of deposits held at Capitol Federal Savings Bank, Capitol Federal Savings Bank MHC net operating expenses, and tax benefits held by Capitol Federal Savings Bank MHC.
- (2) CFF currently has 50,000,000 authorized shares of preferred stock and 450,000,000 authorized shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share. On a pro forma basis, Capitol Federal Financial, Inc. common stock and additional paid-in capital have been revised to reflect the number of shares of Capitol Federal Financial, Inc. common stock to be outstanding, which is 167,494,965 shares, 197,052,900 shares and 226,610,835 shares at the minimum, midpoint and maximum of the offering range, respectively.
- (3) No effect has been given to the issuance of additional shares of Capitol Federal Financial, Inc. common stock pursuant to stock options to be granted under a stock-based incentive plan. An amount up to 5.0% of the shares of Capitol Federal Financial, Inc. common stock sold in the offering may be reserved for issuance upon the exercise of options. No effect has been given to the exercise of options currently outstanding. See "Management Benefits to be Considered Following Completion of the Conversion" in the prospectus.
- (4) The retained earnings of Capitol Federal Savings Bank will be substantially restricted after the conversion. See "The Conversion and Offering Liquidation Rights" and "Supervision and Regulation" in the prospectus.

- (5) Represents the expense of the contribution to the charitable foundation based on a 38.32% tax rate. The realization of the deferred tax benefit is limited annually to a maximum deduction for charitable contributions equal to 10% of our annual taxable income, subject to our ability to carry forward for federal or state purposes any unused portion of the deduction for the five years following the year in which the contribution is made.
- (6) Assumes that 4.0% of the shares sold in the offering will be acquired by the employee stock ownership plan financed by a loan from Capitol Federal Financial, Inc. The loan will have a term of 30 years and an interest rate equal to the prime rate as published in The Wall Street Journal, and be repaid principally from Capitol Federal Savings Bank's contributions to the employee stock ownership plan. Since Capitol Federal Financial, Inc. will finance the employee stock ownership plan debt, this debt will be eliminated through consolidation and no liability will be reflected on Capitol Federal Financial, Inc.'s consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, the amount of shares of common stock acquired by the employee stock ownership plan is shown in this table as a reduction of total stockholders' equity.
- (7) Assumes at the minimum, midpoint and maximum of the offering range that a number of shares of common stock equal to 2.0% of the shares of common stock to be sold in the offering will be purchased by the stock-based incentive plan in open market purchases. The stock-based incentive plan will be submitted to a vote of stockholders following the completion of the offering. The funds to be used by the stock-based incentive plan to purchase the shares will be provided by Capitol Federal Financial, Inc. The dollar amount of common stock to be purchased is based on the \$10.00 per share offering price and represents unearned compensation. This amount does not reflect possible increases or decreases in the value of common stock relative to the subscription price in the offering. As Capitol Federal Financial, Inc. accrues compensation expense to reflect the vesting of shares pursuant to the stock-based incentive plan, the credit to capital will be offset by a charge to operations. If the shares to fund the plan (restricted stock awards and stock options) are assumed to come from authorized but unissued shares of Capitol Federal Financial, Inc., the number of outstanding shares at the minimum, midpoint and maximum of the offering range would be 175,765,465, 206,782,900 and 237,800,335, respectively, total stockholders' equity would be \$2.02 billion, \$2.21 billion and \$2.40 billion, respectively, and total stockholders' ownership in Capitol Federal Financial, Inc. would be diluted by approximately 4.71% at the maximum of the offering range.

HISTORICALAND PRO FORMA REGULATORY CAPITAL COMPLIANCE

At June 30, 2010, Capitol Federal Savings Bank exceeded all of the applicable regulatory capital requirements. The table below sets forth the historical equity capital and regulatory capital of Capitol Federal Savings Bank at June 30, 2010, and the pro forma regulatory capital of Capitol Federal Savings Bank, after giving effect to the sale of Capitol Federal Financial, Inc.'s shares of common stock at a \$10.00 per share purchase price. The table assumes the receipt by Capitol Federal Savings Bank of 50% of the net proceeds. See "How We Intend to Use the Proceeds from the Offering" in this prospectus supplement.

	Capitol Fe Savings Bank		Pro Forma at June 30, 2010 Based Upon the Sale at \$10.00 Per Share									
	Historical June 30, 20		118,150,00	00 Shares Percent of	139,000,00	0 Shares Percent of	159,850,00	00 Shares Percent of				
	Amount	Assets(1)	Amount	Assets(1)	Amount	Assets(1)	Amount	Assets(1)				
Equity capital	(Dollars in \$861,481	thousands)	\$1,356,264	14.86 %	\$1,444,126	15 65 %	\$1,531,988	16.42 %				
Equity Capital	φου1, 4 01	10.00 //	\$1,330,204	14.00 /0	\$1,777,120	13.03 //	φ1,551,966	10.42 //				
Core (leverage) capital(2) Core (leverage)	\$824,550	9.70 %	\$1,319,333	14.55 %	\$1,407,195	15.35 %	\$1,495,057	16.13 %				
requirement	425,131	5.00	453,414	5.00	458,433	5.00	463,451	5.00				
Excess	\$399,419	4.70 %	\$865,919	9.55 %	\$948,762	10.35 %	\$1,031,606	11.13 %				
Tier I risk-based capital(2)(3)	\$824,550	23.24 %	\$1,319,333	36.03 %	\$1,407,195	38.22 %	\$1,495,057	40.39 %				
Tier I requirement	212,907	6.00	219,695	6.00	220,899	6.00	222,104	6.00				
Excess	\$611,643	17.24 %	\$1,099,638	30.03 %	\$1,186,296	32.22 %	\$1,272,953	34.39 %				
Total risk-based capital(2)(3)	\$835,369	23.54 %	\$1,330,152	36.33 %	\$1,418,014	38.52 %	\$1,505,876	40.68 %				
Risk-based												
requirement Excess	354,844 \$480,525	10.00	336,158 \$993,994	10.00	368,165 \$1,049,849	10.00	370,173 \$1,135,703	10.00 30.68 %				
Excess	\$400,323	13.34 %	\$993,994	20.33 %	\$1,049,649	28.32 %	\$1,133,703	30.08 %				
Reconciliation of capital infused into Capitol Federal Savings Bank:												
Net proceeds Less: Common stock acquired by employee stock			\$565,673		\$666,045		\$766,417					
ownership plan			(47,260)	(55,600)		(63,940)					
			(23,630)	(27,800)		(31,970)					

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Common stock acquired by stock based incentive plan Pro forma increase in GAAP and regulatory capital(3)

\$494,783 \$582,645

\$670,507

⁽¹⁾ Core capital levels are shown as a percentage of total adjusted assets. Risk-based capital levels are shown as a percentage of risk-weighted assets. Capital requirements of 5.0%, 6.0% and 10% for core (leverage), Tier I risk-based and Total risk-based capital reflect "well capitalized" status under prompt corrective action provisions.

⁽²⁾ Pro forma capital levels assume that we fund the stock-based incentive plans with purchases in the open market equal to 2.0% of the shares of common stock sold in the stock offering at a price equal to the price for which the shares of common stock are sold in the stock offering, and that the employee stock ownership plan purchases 4.0% of the shares of common stock sold in the stock offering with funds we lend. Pro forma GAAP and regulatory capital have been reduced by the amount required to fund both of these plans. See "Management" in the prospectus for a discussion of the stock-based benefit plan and employee stock ownership plan.

⁽³⁾ Pro forma amounts and percentages assume net proceeds are invested in assets that carry a 20% risk weighting.

PRO FORMA DATA

The following tables summarize historical data of CFF and pro forma data at and for the nine months ended June 30, 2010 and the year ended September 30, 2009. This information is based on assumptions set forth below and in the tables, and should not be used as a basis for projections of market value of the shares of common stock following the offering. Moreover, pro forma stockholders' equity per share does not give effect to the liquidation account to be established in the conversion or, in the unlikely event of a liquidation of Capitol Federal Savings Bank, the tax effect of the recapture of the bad debt reserve. See "The Conversion and Reorganization — Liquidation Rights" in the prospectus.

The net proceeds in the tables are based upon the following assumptions:

- (i) 20% of all shares of common stock will be sold in the subscription and community offerings, including shares purchased by insiders and the employee stock ownership plan, with the remaining shares to be sold in the syndicated offering;
- (ii) 164,500 shares of common stock will be purchased by our executive officers and directors and their associates;
- (iii) our employee stock ownership plan will purchase 4.0% of the shares of common stock sold in the offering, which will be funded with a loan from Capitol Federal Financial, Inc. The loan will be repaid in substantially equal payments of principal and interest over a period of 30 years;
- (iv) Sandler O'Neill & Partners, L.P. will receive a fee equal to 0.75% of the aggregate gross proceeds received on all shares of common stock sold in the subscription and community offerings and Sandler O'Neill & Partners, L.P. and the co-managers will receive (a) a management fee of 1.00% of the aggregate dollar amount of the common stock sold in the syndicated offeringand (b) a selling concession of 3.50% of the actual purchase price of each share of common stock sold in the syndicated offering. No fee will be paid with respect to shares of common stock purchased by our qualified and non-qualified employee stock benefit plans, or stock purchased by our officers, directors and employees and their immediate families; and
- (v)total expenses of the offering, excluding the marketing fees to be paid to Sandler O'Neill & Partners, L.P., the co-managers and other broker-dealers, are estimated to be \$6.2 million.

We calculated pro forma consolidated net income for the nine months ended June 30, 2010 and for the year ended September 30, 2009 as if the estimated net proceeds we received had been invested at the beginning of the period at an assumed interest rate of 1.79% (1.10% on an after-tax basis). This interest rate was calculated assuming that net proceeds are placed into a mix of assets yielding the 5-year Treasury yield prevailing as of June 30, 2010. We consider the resulting rate to reflect more accurately the pro forma reinvestment rate than an arithmetic average method in light of current market interest rates.

The pro forma tables give effect to the implementation of a new stock-based incentive plan. Subject to the receipt of stockholder approval, we have assumed that the stock-based incentive plan will acquire for restricted stock awards a number of shares of common stock equal to 2.0% of the shares of common stock sold in the stock offering at the same price for which they were sold in the stock offering. We assumed that all of the shares of common stock are granted under the plan in awards that vest over a five-year period.

As discussed under "How We Intend to Use the Proceeds from the Offering" in this prospectus supplement we intend to contribute 50% of the net proceeds from the stock offering to Capitol Federal Savings Bank, and we will retain the remainder of the net proceeds from the stock offering. We will use a portion of the proceeds we retain for the purpose

of making a loan to the employee stock ownership plan, to make the contribution to the charitable foundation and to repay outstanding debentures, and retain the rest of the proceeds for future use.

The pro forma table does not give effect to:

withdrawals from deposit accounts for the purpose of purchasing shares of common stock in the stock offering;

our results of operations after the stock offering; or

changes in the market price of the shares of common stock after the stock offering.

The following pro forma information may not represent the financial effects of the stock offering at the date on which the stock offering actually occurs and you should not use the table to indicate future results of operations. Pro forma stockholders' equity represents the difference between the stated amount of our assets and liabilities, computed in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). We did not increase or decrease stockholders' equity to reflect the difference between the carrying value of loans and other assets and their market value. Pro forma stockholders' equity is not intended to represent the fair market value of the shares of common stock and may be different than the amounts that would be available for distribution to stockholders if we liquidated. Per share figures have been calculated based on shares of CFF common stock issued and outstanding.

	At or for the Nine Months Ended June 30, 2010 Based Upon the Sale at \$10.00 Per Share of						
	118,150,000		139,000,000 Shares		159,850,000 Shares		
	Shares						
	•	per	share amounts)				
Gross proceeds of offering	\$1,181,500		\$1,390,000		\$1,598,500		
Market value of shares issued in the exchange	493,450		580,529		667,608		
Pro forma market capitalization	\$1,674,950		\$1,970,529		\$2,266,108		
Gross proceeds of offering	\$1,181,500		\$1,390,000		\$1,598,500		
Less: Expenses	50,155		57,911		65,667		
Estimated net proceeds	1,131,345		1,332,089		1,532,833		
Less: Common stock purchased by employee stock ownership							
plan	(47,260)	(55,600)	(63,940)	
Less: Cash contribution to charitable foundation	(40,000)	(40,000)	(40,000)	
Less: Common stock purchased by the stock-based incentive							
plan	(23,630)	(27,800)	(31,970)	
Estimated net proceeds, as adjusted	\$1,020,455		\$1,208,689		\$1,396,923		
For the Nine Months Ended June, 2010							
Consolidated net income:							
Historical	\$52,393		\$52,393		\$52,393		
Pro forma adjustments:	Ψ = 2,0 > 0		Ψυ=,υνυ		ФС 2 ,0>0		
Income on adjusted net proceeds	8,450		10,009		11,567		
Employee stock ownership plan(1)	(729)	(857)	(986)	
Shares granted under the stock-based incentive plan(2)	(2,186)	(2,572)	(2,958)	
Options granted under the stock-based incentive plan(2)	(1,346)	(1,584)	(1,821)	
Pro forma net income	\$56,582	,	\$57,389	,	\$58,195	,	
To forma net meone	Ψ30,362		Ψ51,507		Ψ 30,173		
Net income per share(4):							
Historical	\$0.32		\$0.27		\$0.24		
Pro forma adjustments:							
Income on adjusted net proceeds	0.05		0.05		0.05		
Employee stock ownership plan(1)							
Shares granted under the stock-based incentive plan(2)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	
Options granted under the stock-based incentive plan(3)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	
Pro forma net income per share(4)(5)	\$0.35		\$0.30		\$0.27		
Offering price to pro forma net income per share (annualized)	21.43	X	25.00	X	27.78	X	
Number of shares used in net income per share calculations(4)	161,189,37	4	189,634,55	7	218,079,74	1	
At June 30, 2010							
Stockholders' equity:							
Historical	\$960,000		\$960,000		\$960,000		
Estimated net proceeds	1,131,345		1,332,089		1,532,833		
Capitol Federal Savings Bank MHC capital contribution	289		289		289		
Tax benefit of contribution to charitable foundation	15,328		15,328		15,328		
Less: Common stock acquired by employee stock ownership	10,020		10,020		10,020		
plan(1)	(47,260)	(55,600)	(63,940)	
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Less: Common stock acquired by the stock-based incentive						
plan(2)	(23,630)	(27,800)	(31,970)
Less: Expense of contribution to charitable foundation	(40,000)	(40,000)	(40,000)
Pro forma stockholders' equity	\$1,996,072		\$2,184,306		\$2,372,540	
Stockholders' equity per share(6):						
Historical	\$5.74		\$4.86		\$4.24	
Estimated net proceeds	6.75		6.76		6.76	
Capitol Federal Savings Bank MHC capital contribution						
Tax benefit of contribution to charitable foundation	0.09		0.08		0.07	
Less: Common stock acquired by employee stock ownership						
plan(1)	(0.28)	(0.28)	(0.28)
Less: Common stock acquired by the stock-based incentive						
plan(2)	(0.14)	(0.14)	(0.14)
Less: Expense of contribution tocharitable foundation	(0.24)	(0.20)	(0.18)
Pro forma stockholders' equity per share(6)	\$11.92		\$11.08		\$10.47	
Offering price as percentage of pro forma stockholders' equity						
pershare	83.89	%	90.25	%	95.51	%
Number of shares outstanding for pro forma book value per						
share calculations(7)	167,494,965		197,052,900		226,610,835	

⁽¹⁾ Assumes that 4.0% of shares of common stock sold in the offering will be purchased by the employee stock ownership plan. For purposes of this table, the funds used to acquire these shares are assumed to have been borrowed by the employee stock ownership plan from Capitol Federal Financial, Inc. The loan will have a term of 30 years and an interest rate equal to the prime rate as published in The Wall Street Journal. Capitol Federal Savings Bank intends to make annual contributions to the employee stock ownership plan in an amount at least equal to the required principal and interest payments on the debt. Capitol Federal Savings Bank's total annual payments on the employee stock ownership plan debt are based upon 30 equal annual installments of principal and interest. Current accounting guidance requires that an employer record compensation expense in an amount equal to the fair value of the shares committed to be released to employees. The pro forma adjustments assume that: (i) the employee stock ownership plan shares are allocated in equal annual installments based on the number of loan repayment installments assumed to be paid by Capitol Federal Savings Bank; (ii) the fair value of the common stock remains equal to the \$10.00 subscription price; and (iii) the employee stock ownership plan expense reflects an effective combined federal and state tax rate of 38.32%. The unallocated employee stock ownership plan shares are reflected as a reduction of stockholders' equity. No reinvestment is assumed on proceeds contributed to fund the employee stock ownership plan. The pro forma net income further assumes that 118,150,139,000 and 159,850 shares were committed to be released during the period at the minimum, midpoint and maximum of the offering range, respectively, and that, in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 718, Compensation – Stock Compensation, only the employee stock ownership plan shares committed to be released during the period were considered outstanding for purposes of net income per share calculations.

(2) Gives effect to the grant of stock awards pursuant to the stock-based incentive plan expected to be adopted by Capitol Federal Financial, Inc. following the offering and presented to stockholders for approval not earlier than six months after the completion of the offering. We have assumed that at the minimum, midpoint and maximum of the offering range this plan acquires a number of shares of restricted common stock equal to 2.0% of the shares sold in the offering, either through open market purchases, from authorized but unissued shares of common stock or treasury stock of Capitol Federal Financial, Inc. Funds used by the stock-based incentive plan to purchase the shares of common stock will be contributed by Capitol Federal Financial, Inc. In calculating the pro forma effect of the stock-based incentive plan, it is assumed that the shares of common stock were acquired by the plan in open market purchases at the beginning of the period presented for a purchase price equal to the price for which the shares are sold in the offering, and that 15% of the amount contributed was an amortized expense (based upon a five-year vesting period) during the nine months ended June 30, 2010. There can be no assurance that the actual purchase price of the shares of common stock granted under the stock-based incentive plan will be equal to the \$10.00 subscription price. If shares are acquired from authorized but unissued shares of common stock or from treasury shares of Capitol Federal Financial, Inc., our net income per share and stockholders' equity per share may change. This will also have a dilutive effect of approximately 1.39% on the ownership interest of stockholders. The following table shows pro forma net income per share for the nine months ended June 30, 2010 and pro forma stockholders' equity per share at June 30, 2010, based on the sale of the number of shares indicated, assuming all the shares of common stock to fund the stock awards are obtained from authorized but unissued shares.

At or for the Nine Months Ended June, 2010	118,150,000	139,000,000	159,850,000
Pro forma net income per share	\$0.35	\$0.30	\$0.26
Pro forma stockholders' equity per share	\$11.89	\$11.07	\$10.46

- (3) Gives effect to the granting of options pursuant to the stock-based incentive plan, which is expected to be adopted by Capitol Federal Financial, Inc. following the offering and presented to stockholders for approval not earlier than six months after the completion of the offering. We have assumed that options will be granted to acquire shares of common stock equal to 5.0% of the shares sold in the offering. In calculating the pro forma effect of the stock options, it is assumed that the exercise price of the stock options and the trading price of the stock at the date of grant were \$10.00 per share, and the estimated grant-date fair value pursuant to the application of the Black-Scholes option pricing model was \$1.68 for each option, which was determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing formula using the following assumptions: (i) the trading price on date of grant was \$10.00 per share; (ii) exercise price is equal to the trading price on the date of grant; (iii) dividend yield of 3.0%; (iv) expected life of 10 years; (v) expected volatility of 18.12%; and (vi) risk-free interest rate of 2.97%. If the fair market value per share on the date of grant is different than \$10.00, or if the assumptions used in the option pricing formula are different from those used in preparing this pro forma data, the value of options and the related expense recognized will be different. The aggregate grant date fair value of the stock options was amortized to expense on a straight-line basis over a five-year vesting period of the options. There can be no assurance that the actual exercise price of the stock options will be equal to the \$10.00 price per share. If a portion of the shares to satisfy the exercise of options under the stock-based incentive plan is obtained from the issuance of authorized but unissued shares of common stock, our net income and stockholders' equity per share will decrease. This also will have a dilutive effect of up to 3.41% on the ownership interest of persons who purchase shares of common stock in the offering.
- (4) The number of shares used to calculate pro forma net income per share is equal to the estimated weighted average shares outstanding as of June 30, 2010, multiplied by the exchange ratio at the minimum, midpoint and maximum, and subtracting the employee stock ownership plan shares which have not been committed for release during the respective periods in accordance with current accounting guidance. See footnote 1, above.
- (5) The retained earnings of Capitol Federal Savings Bank will be substantially restricted after the conversion. See "Our Policy Regarding Dividends," "The Conversion and Offering Liquidation Rights" and "Supervision and Regulation" in the prospectus.

- (6) Per share figures include publicly held shares of CFF common stock that will be exchanged for shares of Capitol Federal Financial, Inc. common stock in the conversion. Stockholders' equity per share calculations are based upon the sum of the (i) number of shares assumed to be sold in the offering; and (ii) shares to be issued in exchange for publicly held shares of CFF common stock.
- (7) The number of shares used to calculate pro forma stockholders' equity per share is equal to the total number of shares to be outstanding upon completion of the offering.

Gross proceeds of offering Market value of shares issued in the exchange Pro forma market capitalization	Based Up 118,150,000 Shares	on 1	the Sale at \$10 139,000,000 Shares).00)	mber 30, 2009 Per Share of 159,850,000 Shares share amounts \$1,598,500 667,608 \$2,266,108	
Gross proceeds of offering Less: Expenses Estimated net proceeds	\$1,181,500 50,155 1,131,345		\$1,390,000 57,911 1,332,089		\$1,598,500 65,667 1,532,833	
Less: Common stock purchased by employee stock ownership plan Less: Cash contribution to the charitable foundation	(47,260 (40,000)	(55,600 (40,000)	(63,940 (40,000)
Less: Common stock purchased by the stock-based incentive plan Estimated net proceeds, as adjusted	(23,630 \$1,020,455)	(27,800 \$1,208,689)	(31,970 \$1,396,923)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2009 Consolidated net income:						
Historical Pro forma adjustments:	\$66,298		\$66,298		\$66,298	
Income on adjusted net proceeds	11,267		13,345		15,423	
Employee stock ownership plan(1)	(972)	(1,143)	(1,315)
Shares granted under the stock-based incentive plan(2)	(2,915)	(3,429)	(3,944)
Options granted under the stock-based incentive plan(2)	(1,795)	(2,111))	(2,428)
Pro forma net income	\$71,883	,	\$72,960	,	\$74,034	,
Net income per share(4):	40.44		40.05		* • • •	
Historical Pro forma adjustments:	\$0.42		\$0.36		\$0.31	
Income on adjusted net proceeds	0.07		0.07		0.07	
Employee stock ownership plan(1)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)
Shares granted under the stock-based incentive plan(2)	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.02)
Options granted under the stock-based incentive plan(3)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)
Pro forma net income per share(4)(5)	\$0.45	,	\$0.39	,	\$0.34	,
Offering price to pro forma net income per share Number of shares used in net income per share calculations(4)	22.22 161,048,55	x 8	25.64 189,468,89	x 2	29.41 217,889,22	x 25
At September 30, 2009 Stockholders' equity:	ФОД1 200		ФОЛ1 200		Φ041. 2 00	
Historical Estimated net proceeds Capitol Federal Savings Bank MHC capital contribution	\$941,298 1,131,345 466		\$941,298 1,332,089 466		\$941,298 1,532,833 466	
Tax benefit of contribution to charitable foundation	15,328 (47,260)	15,328 (55,600)	15,328 (63,940)

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Less: Common stock acquired by employee stock ownership plan(1)Less: Common stock acquired by the stock-based incentive plan(2)(23,630)(27,800)(31,970)) Less: Expense of contribution to charitable foundation (40,000) (40,000 (40,000) Pro forma stockholders' equity \$1,977,547 \$2,165,781 \$2,354,015 Stockholders' equity per share(6): Historical \$5.63 \$4.77 \$4.16 Estimated net proceeds 6.75 6.76 6.76 Capitol Federal Savings Bank MHC capital contribution Tax benefit of contribution to charitable foundation 0.09 0.08 0.07 Less: Common stock acquired by employee stock ownership plan(1)(0.28)) (0.28)) (0.28)) Less: Common stock acquired by the stock-based incentiveplan(2))) (0.14)(0.14)(0.14)Less: Expense of contribution to charitable foundation (0.20)(0.18)(0.24))) Pro forma stockholders' equity per share(6) \$11.81 \$10.99 \$10.39 Offering price as percentage of pro forma stockholders' equity 84.67 % 90.99 % 96.25 % Number of shares outstanding for pro forma book value per share calculations(7) 167,494,965 197,052,900 226,610,835

⁽¹⁾ Assumes that 4.0% of shares of common stock sold in the offering will be purchased by the employee stock ownership plan. For purposes of this table, the funds used to acquire these shares are assumed to have been borrowed by the employee stock ownership plan from Capitol Federal Financial, Inc. The loan will have a term of 30 years and an interest rate equal to the prime rate as published in The Wall Street Journal. Capitol Federal Savings Bank intends to make annual contributions to the employee stock ownership plan in an amount at least equal to the required principal and interest payments on the debt. Capitol Federal Savings Bank's total annual payments on the employee stock ownership plan debt are based upon 30 equal annual installments of principal and interest. Current accounting guidance requires that an employer record compensation expense in an amount equal to the fair value of the shares committed to be released to employees. The pro forma adjustments assume that: (i) the employee stock ownership plan shares are allocated in equal annual installments based on the number of loan repayment installments assumed to be paid by Capitol Federal Savings Bank; (ii) the fair value of the common stock remains equal to the \$10.00 subscription price; and (iii) the employee stock ownership plan expense reflects an effective combined federal and state tax rate of 38.32%. The unallocated employee stock ownership plan shares are reflected as a reduction of stockholders' equity. No reinvestment is assumed on proceeds contributed to fund the employee stock ownership plan. The pro forma net income further assumes that 157,533, 185,333 and 213,133 shares were committed to be released during the period at the minimum, midpoint and maximum of the offering range, respectively, and that, in accordance with ASC 718, only the employee stock ownership plan shares committed to be released during the period were considered outstanding for purposes of net income per share calculations.

(2) Gives effect to the grant of stock awards pursuant to the stock-based incentive plan expected to be adopted by Capitol Federal Financial, Inc. following the offering and presented to stockholders for approval not earlier than six months after the completion of the offering. We have assumed that at the minimum, midpoint and maximum of the offering range this plan acquires a number of shares of restricted common stock equal to 2.0% of the shares sold in the offering, either through open market purchases, from authorized but unissued shares of common stock or treasury stock of Capitol Federal Financial, Inc. Funds used by the stock-based incentive plan to purchase the shares of common stock will be contributed by Capitol Federal Financial, Inc. In calculating the pro forma effect of the stock-based incentive plan, it is assumed that the shares of common stock were acquired by the plan in open market purchases at the beginning of the period presented for a purchase price equal to the price for which the shares are sold in the offering, and that 20% of the amount contributed was an amortized expense (based upon a five-year vesting period) during the year ended September 30, 2009. There can be no assurance that the actual purchase price of the shares of common stock granted under the stock-based incentive plan will be equal to the \$10.00 subscription price. If shares are acquired from authorized but unissued shares of common stock or from treasury shares of Capitol Federal Financial, Inc., our net income per share and stockholders' equity per share may change. This will also have a dilutive effect of approximately 1.39% (at the maximum of the offering range) on the ownership interest of stockholders. The following table shows pro forma net income per share for the year ended September 30, 2009 and pro forma stockholders' equity per share at September 30, 2009, based on the sale of the number of shares indicated, assuming all the shares of common stock to fund the stock awards are obtained from authorized but unissued shares.

At or for the Year Ended September 30, 2009	118,150,000	139,000,000	159,850,000
Pro forma net income per share	\$0.44	\$0.38	\$0.34
Pro forma stockholders' equity per share	\$11.78	\$10.98	\$10.38

- (3) Gives effect to the granting of options pursuant to the stock-based incentive plan, which is expected to be adopted by Capitol Federal Financial, Inc. following the offering and presented to stockholders for approval not earlier than six months after the completion of the offering. We have assumed that options will be granted to acquire shares of common stock equal to 5.0% of the shares sold in the offering. In calculating the pro forma effect of the stock options, it is assumed that the exercise price of the stock options and the trading price of the stock at the date of grant were \$10.00 per share, and the estimated grant-date fair value pursuant to the application of the Black-Scholes option pricing model was \$1.68 for each option, which was determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing formula using the following assumptions: (i) the trading price on date of grant was \$10.00 per share; (ii) exercise price is equal to the trading price on the date of grant; (iii) dividend yield of 3.0%; (iv) expected life of 10 years; (v) expected volatility of 18.12%; and (vi) risk-free interest rate of 2.97%. If the fair market value per share on the date of grant is different than \$10.00, or if the assumptions used in the option pricing formula are different from those used in preparing this pro forma data, the value of options and the related expense recognized will be different. The aggregate grant date fair value of the stock options was amortized to expense on a straight-line basis over a five-year vesting period of the options. There can be no assurance that the actual exercise price of the stock options will be equal to the \$10.00 price per share. If a portion of the shares to satisfy the exercise of options under the stock-based incentive plan is obtained from the issuance of authorized but unissued shares of common stock, our net income and stockholders' equity per share will decrease. This also will have a dilutive effect of up to 3.41% on the ownership interest of persons who purchase shares of common stock in the
- (4) The number of shares used to calculate pro forma net income per share is equal to the estimated weighted average shares outstanding for the year ended September 30, 2009, multiplied by the exchange ratio at the minimum, midpoint and maximum and subtracting the employee stock ownership plan shares which have not been committed for release during the respective periods in accordance with current accounting guidance. See footnote 1, above.
- (5) The retained earnings of Capitol Federal Savings Bank will be substantially restricted after the conversion. See "Our Policy Regarding Dividends," "The Conversion and Offering Liquidation Rights" and "Supervision and

Regulation" in the prospectus.

- (6) Per share figures include publicly held shares of CFF common stock that will be exchanged for shares of Capitol Federal Financial, Inc. common stock in the conversion. Stockholders' equity per share calculations are based upon the sum of the (i) number of shares assumed to be sold in the offering; (ii) shares to be issued in exchange for publicly held shares of CFF common stock.
- (7) The number of shares used to calculate pro forma stockholders' equity per share is equal to the total number of shares to be outstanding upon completion of the offering.

SUBSCRIPTIONS BY DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

The table below sets forth, for each of Capitol Federal Financial, Inc.'s directors, chairman emeritus and executive officers and for all of the directors, chairman emeritus and executive officers as a group, the following information:

- (i) the number of exchange shares to be held upon consummation of the conversion, based upon their beneficial ownership of CFF common stock as of September 23, 2010;
- (ii) the proposed purchases of subscription shares, assuming sufficient shares of common stock are available to satisfy their subscription; and
- (iii) the total amount of Capitol Federal Financial, Inc. common stock to be held upon consummation of the conversion.

In each case, it is assumed that subscription shares are sold at the midpoint of the offering range. See "The Conversion and Offering - Additional Limitations on Common Stock Purchases" in the prospectus. Regulations of the Office of Thrift Supervision prohibit our directors and officers from selling the shares they purchase in the offering for one year after the date of purchase.

	Number of Exchange Shares	S	Purchases of tock Offering(2)	Н	on Stock to be feld Percentage of
	to be Held(1)	Shares	Amount	Number of Shares	Total
Directors and Chairman Emeritus	be Held(1)	Shares	Amount	Shares	Outstanding(1)
John C. Dicus	1,555,580	20,000	\$ 200,000	1,575,580	*
John B. Dicus	1,498,779	50,000	500,000	1,548,779	*
B. B. Andersen	165,073	15,000	150,000	180,073	*
Jeffrey M. Johnson	29,295	20,000	200,000	49,295	*
Michael T. McCoy, M.D.	21,305	10,000	100,000	31,305	*
Jeffrey R. Thompson	29,827	15,000	150,000	44,827	*
Marilyn S. Ward	190,988	10,000	100,000	200,988	*
Morris J. Huey, II	283,127	5,000	50,000	288,127	*
Executive Officers who are not Directors					
R. Joe Aleshire	506,418	5,000	50,000	511,418	*
Larry K. Brubaker	485,464	5,000	50,000	490,464	*
Kent G. Townsend	172,199	3,000	30,000	175,199	*
Rick C. Jackson	97,465	5,000	50,000	102,465	*
Tara D. Van Houweling	23,646	1,500	15,000	25,146	*
Total for Directors, Chairman Emeritus and Executive Officers	5,059,166	164,500	\$ 1,645,000	5,223,666	2.7 %

* Less than 1%.

- (1)Based on information presented in the Beneficial Ownership of Common Stock table above. Assumes an exchange ratio of 2.6632 shares for each share of CFF and that 197,052,900 shares are outstanding after the conversion.
- (2) Includes proposed subscriptions, if any, by associates of the director or officer.

MARKETING ARRANGEMENTS

To assist in the marketing of our common stock, we have retained Sandler O'Neill & Partners, L.P., which is a broker-dealer registered with the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority. In its role as financial advisor, Sandler O'Neill & Partners, L.P. will assist us in the offering as follows:

consulting with us as to the financial and securities market implications of the plan of conversion and reorganization;

consulting with us as to the financial and securities market implications of proposed or actual changes in laws or regulations affecting us;

reviewing with our Board of Directors the financial impact of the offering on us, based upon the independent appraiser's appraisal of the common stock;

reviewing all offering documents, including the prospectus, stock order forms and related offering materials (we are responsible for the preparation and filing of such documents);

assisting in the design and implementation of a marketing strategy for the offering;

assisting management in scheduling and preparing for meetings with potential investors and other broker-dealers in connection with the offering, including assistance in preparing presentation materials for such meetings; and

providing such other general advice and assistance we may request to promote the successful completion of the offering.

For its services as marketing agent, Sandler O'Neill & Partners, L.P. will receive 0.75% of the dollar amount of all shares of common stock sold in the subscription and community offering. No sales fee will be payable to Sandler O'Neill & Partners, L.P. with respect to shares purchased by officers, directors and employees or their immediate families and shares purchased by our tax-qualified and non-qualified employee benefit plans. For its advisory services, we have paid \$200 thousand, and agreed to pay \$75 thousand per month, beginning May 1, 2010, to Sandler O'Neill & Partners, L.P. The advisory fee is paid in consideration for Sandler O'Neill & Partners, L.P.'s work in advising us with respect to our reorganization from the mutual holding company to the stock holding company form of organization, including consultation as to the financial and securities market implications of the plan of conversion and reorganization and proposed or actual changes in laws or regulations affecting us, our contribution to the charitable foundation, and the meetings of CFF's shareholders and Capitol Federal Savings Bank MHC's members relating to approval of the plan of conversion and reorganization. These advisory fees will not exceed \$500 thousand and will be credited against fees earned by Sandler O'Neill & Partners, L.P. for shares sold in the subscription and community offering.

In the event that common stock is sold through a group of broker-dealers in a syndicated offering, we will pay (i) a management fee of 1.00% of the aggregate dollar amount of the common stock sold in the syndicated offering, 45% of which will be paid to Sandler O'Neill & Partners, L.P., 15% of which will be paid to Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc. and 10% of which will be paid to each of Morgan Keegan & Company, Inc., RBC Capital Markets Corporation, Sterne, Agee & Leach, Inc. and Stifel, Nicolaus & Company, Incorporated, and (ii) a selling concession of 3.50% of the actual purchase price of each security sold in the syndicated offering, which shall be allocated to dealers in accordance with the actual number of shares of common stock sold by such dealers; provided however, that sales credit for a minimum of 30% of shares sold in the syndicated offering will be reserved for syndicate member firms other than Sandler O'Neill & Partners, L.P. Sandler O'Neill & Partners, L.P. will serve as sole book-running manager

and Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc., Morgan Keegan & Company, Inc., RBC Capital Markets Corporation, Sterne, Agee & Leach, Inc. and Stifel, Nicolaus & Company, Incorporated will serve as co-managers. Sandler O'Neill & Partners, L.P. and the co-managers will be reimbursed for all reasonable out of pocket expenses, including attorney's fees, if the offering is not completed.

We will indemnify Sandler O'Neill & Partners, L.P. and the co-managers against liabilities and expenses, including legal fees, incurred in connection with certain claims or litigation arising out of or based upon untrue statements or omissions contained in the offering materials for the common stock, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

Some of our directors and executive officers may participate in the solicitation of offers to purchase common stock. These persons will be reimbursed for their reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with the solicitation. Other regular employees of Capitol Federal Savings Bank may assist in the offering, but only in ministerial capacities, and may provide clerical work in effecting a sales transaction. No offers or sales may be made by tellers or at the teller counters. No sales activity will be conducted in a Capitol Federal Savings Bank banking office. Investment-related questions of prospective purchasers will be directed to executive officers or registered representatives of Sandler O'Neill & Partners, L.P. Our other employees have been instructed not to solicit offers to purchase shares of common stock or provide advice regarding the purchase of common stock. We will rely on Rule 3a4-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and sales of common stock will be conducted within the requirements of Rule 3a4-1, so as to permit officers, directors and employees to participate in the sale of common stock. None of our officers, directors or employees will be compensated in connection with their participation in the offering.

In addition, we have engaged Sandler O'Neill & Partners, L.P. to act as our records agent in connection with the conversion and offering. In its role as records agent, Sandler O'Neill & Partners, L.P. will assist us in the offering as follows: (1) consolidation of deposit accounts and vote calculation; (2) design and preparation of order forms and proxy cards; (3) organization and supervision of the Stock Information Center; (4) assistance with proxy solicitation and special meeting services for member meeting; and (5) subscription services. For these services, Sandler O'Neill & Partners, L.P. will not receive any additional fees.

Neither Sandler O'Neill & Partners, L.P. nor any of the co-managers has prepared any report or opinion constituting a recommendation or advice to us or to persons who subscribe for common stock, nor have they prepared an opinion as to the fairness to us of the purchase price or the terms of the common stock to be sold in the conversion and offering. Neither Sandler O'Neill & Partners, L.P. nor any of the co-managers expresses any opinion as to the prices at which common stock to be issued may trade.

From time to time, Sandler O'Neill & Partners, L.P. and the co-managers and certain of their affiliates have engaged, and may in the future engage in transactions with, and provide investment banking and/or commercial banking services for, us and our affiliates in the ordinary course of business.

Notice to Prospective Investors in Korea

Our securities may not be offered, sold and delivered directly or indirectly, or offered or sold to any person for reoffering or resale, directly or indirectly, in Korea or to any resident of Korea except pursuant to the applicable laws and regulations of Korea, including the Securities and Exchange Act and the Foreign Exchange Transaction Law and the decrees and regulations thereunder. Our securities have not been registered with the Financial Supervisory Commision of Korea for public offering in Korea. Furthermore, our securities may not be resold to Korean residents unless the purchaser of our securities complies with all applicable regulatory requirements (including but not limited to government approval requirements under the Foreign Exchange Transaction Law and its subordinate decrees and regulations) in connection with the purchase of our securities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OFFINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This discussion should be read in conjunction with the unaudited consolidated financial statements, notes and tables included in this prospectus supplement. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and notes included in the prospectus dated July 9, 2010.

Executive Summary

The following summary should be read in conjunction with our Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in its entirety.

Our principal business consists of attracting deposits from the general public and investing those funds primarily in permanent loans secured by first mortgages on owner-occupied, one- to four-family residences. We also originate consumer loans, loans secured by first mortgages on non-owner-occupied one- to four-family residences, construction loans secured by one- to four-family residences, commercial real estate loans, and multi-family real estate loans. While our primary business is the origination of one- to four-family loans funded through retail deposits, we also purchase whole loans and invest in certain investment securities and MBS, and use FHLB advances, repurchase agreements and other borrowings as additional funding sources.

CFF is significantly affected by prevailing economic conditions, including federal monetary and fiscal policies and federal regulation of financial institutions. Deposit balances are influenced by a number of factors, including interest rates paid on competing personal investment products, the level of personal income, and the personal rate of savings within our market areas. Lending activities are influenced by the demand for housing and other loans, changing loan underwriting guidelines, as well as interest rate pricing competition from other lending institutions. The primary sources of funds for lending activities include deposits, loan repayments, investment income, borrowings, and funds provided from operations.

CFF's results of operations are primarily dependent on net interest income, which is the difference between the interest earned on loans, MBS, investment securities and cash, and the interest paid on deposits and borrowings. On a weekly basis, management reviews deposit flows, loan demand, cash levels, and changes in several market rates to assess all pricing strategies. Capitol Federal Savings Bank generally prices its first mortgage loan products based on secondary market and competitor pricing. Generally, deposit pricing is based upon a survey of competitors in Capitol Federal Savings Bank's market areas, and the need to attract funding and retain maturing deposits. The majority of our loans are fixed-rate products with maturities up to 30 years, while the majority of our deposits have maturity or reprice dates of less than two years.

During the first nine months of fiscal year 2010, the economy began to show signs of recovery, as evidenced by increases in consumer spending and the stabilization of the labor market, the housing sector, and financial markets. However, unemployment levels remained elevated and unemployment periods prolonged, housing prices remained depressed and demand for housing was weak, due to distressed sales and tightened lending standards. In an effort to support mortgage lending and housing market recovery, and to help improve credit conditions overall, the Federal Open Market Committee of the Federal Reserve has maintained the overnight lending rate between zero and 25 basis points since December 2008.

Total assets increased \$139.7 million, from \$8.40 billion at September 30, 2009 to \$8.54 billion at June 30, 2010, due primarily to growth in the deposit portfolio, which was used to fund investment security purchases. During the current quarter, Capitol Federal Savings Bank prepaid \$200.0 million of fixed-rate FHLB advances with a weighted average contractual rate of 4.63%. The prepaid advances were replaced with \$200.0 million of fixed-rate FHLB advances with a weighted average contractual interest rate of 3.17% and a term of 84 months. Capitol Federal Savings Bank paid an \$875 thousand prepayment penalty to the FHLB as a result of prepaying the FHLB advances, which was deferred as an adjustment to the carrying value of the new advances, effectively increasing the interest rate on the new advances 7 basis points to 3.24%.

Non-performing loans increased \$2.3 million from \$30.9 million at September 30, 2009 to \$33.2 million at June 30, 2010. The balance of non-performing loans continues to remain at historically high levels due to the continued elevated level of unemployment coupled with the decline in real estate values, particularly in some of the states in which we have purchased loans. Despite the current economic operating environment and some deterioration in our portfolio, particularly the purchased loan portfolio, we believe that our overall credit quality continued to compare favorably to the industry and our peers. Capitol Federal Savings Bank recorded a provision for loan losses of \$1.8 million during the current quarter, resulting in a provision for loan losses of \$8.1 million fiscal year-to-date. The \$1.8 million recorded during the current quarter was primarily due to specific valuation allowances ("SVAs") on purchased loans as a result of receiving updated real estate valuations during the quarter.

CFF recognized net income of \$16.8 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2010, compared to net income of \$15.5 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2009. The \$1.3 million increase in net income between periods was primarily a result of a \$3.5 million decrease in federal insurance premiums, a \$1.7 million decrease in other expenses, net, and a \$1.3 million decrease in the provision for loan losses, partially offset by a decrease in net interest income of \$5.0 million. Federal insurance premiums in the prior year quarter included a \$3.8 million FDIC special assessment and there was no such special assessment in the current year quarter. The decrease in other expenses, net was primarily due to the prior year quarter including \$566 thousand of impairments and valuation allowances related to our mortgage-servicing rights ("MSR") assets compared to a recovery of \$636 thousand during the current year quarter. The \$5.0 million decrease in net interest income was due to an \$11.6 million decrease in interest and dividend income, partially offset by a \$5.6 million decrease in interest expense on deposits, primarily on our certificate of deposit portfolio due to the portfolio repricing to lower market rates. The \$11.6 million decrease in interest and dividend income was largely composed of a \$7.7 million decrease in interest income on loans receivable and a \$7.3 million decrease in interest income on investment

securities. Cash flows on our MBS portfolio are primarily being reinvested into lower yielding investment securities, relative to the yields on the MBS portfolio, with weighted average lives of three years or less. If market rates were to rise, the short-term nature of the investment securities may allow management the opportunity to reinvest the maturing funds at a higher rate.

Net income for the nine months ended June 30, 2010 was \$52.4 million compared to \$49.5 million for the same period in the prior fiscal year. The \$2.9 million increase in net income between periods was primarily a result of a \$6.5 million gain on securities and a \$2.8 million decrease in other expenses, net, partially offset by a decrease in net interest income of \$4.6 million and an increase in the provision for loan losses of \$2.4 million. The gain on securities resulted from the sale of trading MBS in conjunction with the loan swap transaction during the December 31, 2009 quarter. The proceeds from the sale were primarily reinvested into the investment securities portfolio. The decrease in other expenses, net was primarily due to the prior year nine month period including \$1.6 million of impairments and valuation allowances related to our MSR assets compared to a recovery of \$670 thousand in the current year nine month period. The decrease in net interest income was primarily due to a \$19.5 million decrease in interest income on MBS and a \$17.1 million decrease in interest income on loans receivable, partially offset by a \$15.2 million decrease in interest expense on the deposit portfolio, primarily on the certificate of deposit portfolio, an \$8.0 million decrease in interest expense on FHLB advances and a \$7.3 million increase in interest income on investment securities.

Capitol Federal Savings Bank has opened two new branches in our Kansas City, Missouri market area and a new branch in the Wichita market area since the beginning of fiscal year 2010. Capitol Federal Savings Bank continues to consider expansion opportunities in all of its market areas.

Critical Accounting Policies

Our most critical accounting policies are the methodologies used to determine the ALLL, other-than-temporary declines in the value of securities and fair value measurements. These policies are important to the presentation of our financial condition and results of operations, involve a high degree of complexity, and require management to make difficult and subjective judgments that may require assumptions or estimates about highly uncertain matters. The use of different judgments, assumptions, and estimates could cause reported results to differ materially. These critical accounting policies and their application are reviewed at least annually by our audit committee. The following is a description of our critical accounting policies and an explanation of the methods and assumptions underlying their application.

Allowance for Loan Losses. Management maintains an ALLL to absorb known and inherent losses in the loan portfolio based upon ongoing quarterly assessments of the loan portfolio. Our methodology for assessing the appropriateness of the ALLL consists of a formula analysis for general valuation allowances and SVAs for identified problem and impaired loans. The ALLL is maintained through provisions for loan losses which are charged to income. The methodology for determining the ALLL is considered a critical accounting policy by management because of the high degree of judgment involved, the subjectivity of the assumptions used, and the potential for changes in the economic environment that could result in changes to the amount of the recorded ALLL.

Our primary lending emphasis is the origination and purchase of one- to four-family mortgage loans on residential properties, and, to a lesser extent, home equity and second mortgages on one- to four-family residential properties, resulting in a loan concentration in residential first mortgage loans. As a result of our lending practices, we also have a concentration of loans secured by real property located primarily in Kansas and Missouri. At June 30, 2010, approximately 70% and approximately 15% of Capitol Federal Savings Bank's loans were secured by real property located in Kansas and Missouri, respectively. Based on the composition of our loan portfolio, we believe the primary risks inherent in our portfolio are the continued weakened economic conditions due to the U.S. recession, continued high levels of unemployment or underemployment, and a continuing decline in real estate values. Any one or a combination of these events may adversely affect borrowers' ability to repay their loans, resulting in increased delinquencies, non-performing assets, loan losses, and future levels of loan loss provisions. Although management believes that Capitol Federal Savings Bank has established and maintained the ALLL at appropriate levels, additions may be necessary if future economic and other conditions differ substantially from the current operating environment.

Management considers quantitative and qualitative factors when determining the appropriateness of the ALLL. Such factors include the trend and composition of delinquent and non-performing loans, results of foreclosed property and short sale transactions (historical losses and net charge-offs), the current status and trends of local and national economies, particularly levels of unemployment, trends and current conditions in the real estate and housing markets, and loan portfolio growth and concentrations. Since our loan portfolio is primarily concentrated in one- to four-family real estate, we monitor one- to four-family real estate market value trends in our local market areas and geographic sections of the U.S. by reference to various industry and market reports, economic releases and surveys, and our general and specific knowledge of the real estate markets in which we lend, in order to determine what impact, if any, such trends may have on the level of our ALLL. We also use ratio analyses as a supplemental tool for evaluating the overall reasonableness of the ALLL. We consider the observed trends in the ratios, taking into consideration the composition of our loan portfolio compared to our peers, in combination with our historical loss experience. In addition, the OTS reviews the adequacy of CFF's ALLL during its examination process. We consider any comments from the OTS when assessing the appropriateness of our ALLL. Reviewing these quantitative and qualitative factors assists management in evaluating the overall reasonableness of the ALLL and whether changes need to be made to our assumptions. We seek to apply ALLL methodology in a consistent manner; however, the methodology can be modified in response to changing conditions.

Our loan portfolio is segregated into categories in the formula analysis based on certain risk characteristics such as loan type (one- to four-family, multi-family, etc.), interest payments (fixed-rate, adjustable-rate), loan source (originated or purchased), loan-to-value ("LTV") ratios, borrower's credit score and payment status (i.e. current or number of days delinquent). Consumer loans, such as second mortgages and home equity lines of credit, with the same underlying collateral as a one- to four-family loan are combined with the one- to four-family loan in the formula analysis to calculate a combined LTV ratio. All loans that are not impaired are included in a formula analysis. Impaired loans are defined as non-accrual loans and troubled debt restructurings ("TDRs") that have not yet performed under the restructured terms for 12 consecutive months. Quantitative loss factors are applied to each loan category in the formula analysis based on the historical net loss experience and current SVAs, adjusted for such factors as loan delinquency trends, for each respective loan category. Additionally, qualitative loss factors that management believes impact the collectibility of the loan portfolio as of the evaluation date are applied to certain loan categories. Such qualitative factors include changes in collateral values, unemployment rates, credit scores and delinquent loan trends. Loss factors increase as loans become classified or delinquent.

The qualitative and quantitative factors applied in the formula analysis are reviewed quarterly by management to assess whether the factors adequately cover probable and estimable losses inherent in the loan portfolio. Our ALLL methodology permits modifications to the formula analysis in the event that, in management's judgment, significant factors which affect the collectibility of the portfolio or any category of the loan portfolio, as of the evaluation date, are not reflected in the current formula analysis. Management's evaluation of the qualitative factors with respect to these conditions is subject to a higher degree of uncertainty because they are not identified with a specific problem loan or portfolio segments. During fiscal year 2010, management adjusted certain factors in the formula analysis to account for lingering negative economic conditions and the relatively recent loss experience on our purchased loan portfolio. If our future loss experience requires additional increases in our loss factors, this may result in increased levels of loan loss provisions.

SVAs are established in connection with individual loan reviews of specifically identified problem and impaired loans. Since the majority of our loan portfolio is composed of one- to four-family real estate, determining the estimated fair value of the underlying collateral is important in evaluating the amount of specific valuations required for problem and impaired loans. Generally, once a purchased loan is 90 days delinquent new collateral values are obtained through AVMs or BPOs. Due to the relatively stable home values in Kansas and Missouri, we do not obtain new collateral values on originated loans until they enter foreclosure. If the estimated fair value of the collateral, less estimated costs to sell, is less than the current loan balance, an SVA is established for the difference.

Loans with an outstanding balance of \$1.5 million or more are individually reviewed annually if secured by property in one of the following categories: multi-family (five or more units) property, unimproved land, other improved commercial property, acquisition and development of land projects, developed building lots, office building, single-use building, or retail building. SVAs are established if the individual loan review determines a quantifiable impairment.

Securities Impairment. Management monitors the securities portfolio for OTTI on an ongoing basis and performs a formal review quarterly. The process involves monitoring market events and other items that could impact the issuers' ability to perform. The evaluation includes, but is not limited to such factors as: the nature of the investment, the length of time the security has had a fair value less than the amortized cost basis, the cause(s) and severity of the loss, expectation of an anticipated recovery period, recent events specific to the issuer or industry including the issuer's financial condition and the current ability to make future payments in a timely manner, external credit ratings and recent downgrades in such ratings, CFF's intent to sell and whether it is more likely than not CFF would be required to sell prior to recovery for debt securities.

Management determines whether OTTI losses should be recognized for impaired securities by assessing all known facts and circumstances surrounding the securities. If CFF intends to sell an impaired security or if it is more likely than not that CFF will be required to sell an impaired security before recovery of its amortized cost basis, an OTTI will be recognized and the difference between amortized cost and fair value will be recognized as a loss in earnings. At June 30, 2010, no securities had been identified as other-than-temporarily impaired.

Fair Value Measurements.CFF uses fair value measurements to record fair value adjustments to certain assets and to determine fair value disclosures, per the provisions of ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures. In accordance with ASC 820, CFF groups its assets at fair value in three levels, based on the markets in which the assets are traded and the reliability of the underlying assumptions used to determine fair value, with Level 1 (quoted prices for identical assets in an active market) being considered the most reliable, and Level 3 having the most unobservable inputs and therefore being considered the least reliable. CFF bases its fair values on the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. As required by ASC 820, CFF maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. CFF did not have any liabilities that were measured at fair value at June 30, 2010.

CFF's AFS securities are our most significant assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Changes in the fair value of AFS securities are recorded, net of tax, in accumulated other comprehensive income, which is a component of stockholders' equity. The fair values for all AFS securities are obtained from independent nationally recognized pricing services. Various modeling techniques are used to determine pricing for CFF's securities, including option pricing and discounted cash flow models. The inputs to these models may include benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, benchmark securities, bids, offers and reference data. There are some AFS securities in the AFS portfolio that have significant unobservable inputs requiring the independent pricing services to use some judgment in pricing the related securities. These AFS securities are classified as Level 3. All other AFS securities are classified as Level 2.

Loans receivable and REO are CFF's significant assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis. These non-recurring fair value adjustments involve the application of lower-of-cost-or-fair value accounting or write-downs of individual assets. Fair value for these assets is estimated using current appraisals, AVMs, BPOs, or listing prices. Fair values may be adjusted by management to reflect current economic and market conditions and, as such, are classified as Level 3.

Financial Condition

Total assets increased \$139.7 million from \$8.40 billion at September 30, 2009 to \$8.54 billion at June 30, 2010, due primarily to growth in the deposit portfolio which was used to fund investment security purchases. The following table presents selected balance sheet data for CFF at the dates indicated.

	June 30,		March 31,	,	Balance at December 31,		September 30,	•	June 30,	
	2010	(Г.	2010 Pollars in the	ousa	2009 ands, except	per	2009 share amou	nts	2009	
		(2	onars in the	<i>-</i>	mas, encept	PCI	siture unito u	1100	,	
Total assets	\$8,543,357	7	\$8,485,465	5	\$8,374,762	2	\$8,403,680)	\$8,319,292	2
Cash and cash equivalents	75,886		60,735		105,128		41,154		74,101	
Investment securities	1,203,064	1	970,431		651,943		480,704		322,166	
MBS	1,620,623	3	1,757,310)	1,877,969)	1,992,467	,	2,100,998	3
Loans receivable, net	5,316,172	2	5,380,852	2	5,423,923	3	5,603,965	i	5,541,731	l
Capital stock of FHLB	136,055		135,050		134,064		133,064		132,071	
Deposits	4,373,844	1	4,319,066	5	4,227,252	2	4,228,609)	4,175,251	1
Advances from FHLB	2,396,637	7	2,395,842	2	2,394,214	ļ	2,392,570)	2,410,949)
Other borrowings	713,609		713,609		713,609		713,609		713,609	
Stockholders' equity	960,000		946,073		941,999		941,298		922,634	
Accumulated other										
comprehensive income	36,433		30,765		30,875		33,870		23,512	
Equity to total assets at end of period	11.2	%	11.1	%	11.2	%	11.2	%	11.1	%
Book value per share	\$13.09		\$12.91		\$12.86		\$12.85		\$12.60	
Bank tangible equity ratio(1)	9.7	%	10.0	%	10.1	%	10.0	%	9.8	%

⁽¹⁾ See tangible equity to GAAP equity reconciliation in "- Liquidity and Capital Resources - Capital."

Loans Receivable. The loans receivable portfolio decreased \$287.8 million from \$5.60 billion at September 30, 2009 to \$5.32 billion at June 30, 2010. The decrease in the portfolio was largely a result of the loan swap transaction that took place during the first quarter of fiscal year 2010, where \$194.8 million of originated fixed-rate mortgage loans were swapped for MBS. Capitol Federal Savings Bank continues to service the loans. The MBS were classified as trading securities and sold during the first quarter for a \$6.5 million gain. The proceeds from the sale were primarily reinvested into investment securities with terms shorter than that of the loans swapped. The transaction was executed as a means of reducing future interest rate risk sensitivity. For the nine months ended June 30, 2010, principal repayments on loans have exceeded originations, refinances, and purchases by \$76.8 million.

Capitol Federal Savings Bank purchased \$44.1 million of one- to four-family loans from nationwide lenders during the first nine months of fiscal year 2010, the majority of which were adjustable-rate. These loans had a weighted average credit score of 723 at origination and a weighted average LTV ratio of 47%, based upon the loan balance at the time of purchase and the lower of the purchase price or appraisal at origination. At June 30, 2010, one-to four-family loans purchased from nationwide lenders represented 11% of our loan portfolio and were secured by properties located in 47 of the continental United States and Washington, D.C. As of June 30, 2010, the average balance of a purchased nationwide mortgage loan was \$348 thousand, the average balance of a purchased correspondent loan was \$273 thousand and the average balance of an originated mortgage loan was \$125 thousand. By purchasing loans from nationwide lenders, Capitol Federal Savings Bank is able to attain some geographic diversification in its loan portfolio and help mitigate Capitol Federal Savings Bank's interest rate risk exposure as the purchased loans are predominately adjustable-rate or 15-year fixed-rate loans. We have experienced some losses on loans purchased from nationwide lenders prior to fiscal year 2008. At the time these loans were purchased, they met our underwriting standards; however, as a result of the continued elevated levels of unemployment rates and the declines in real estate values in some of the states where we have purchased loans, we have experienced an increase in non-performing purchased loans and loan losses. See additional discussion regarding non-performing purchased loans and loan losses related to purchased loans in"- Asset Quality - Loans and REO."

Included in the loan portfolio at June 30, 2010 were \$210.3 million of adjustable-rate mortgage ("ARM") loans that were originated as interest-only. Of these interest-only loans, \$162.8 million were purchased from nationwide lenders, primarily during fiscal year 2005. Interest-only ARM loans do not typically require principal payments during their initial term, and have initial interest-only terms of either five or ten years. The \$162.8 million of purchased interest-only ARM loans had a weighted average credit score of 736 at origination and a weighted average LTV ratio of 74%, based upon the loan balance at the time of purchase and the lower of purchase price or appraisal at origination. Capitol Federal Savings Bank has not purchased any interest-only ARM loans since 2006 and discontinued offering the product in its local markets during 2008 to reduce future credit risk. At June 30, 2010, \$166.3 million, or 79%, of interest-only loans were still in their interest-only payment term. As of June 30, 2010, \$66.8 million will begin to amortize principal within two years, \$45.8 million will begin to amortize principal within two-to-five years, \$45.9 million will begin to amortize principal within five-to-seven years and the remaining \$7.8 million will begin amortizing in seven-to-ten years. At June 30, 2010, \$16.0 million, or 48% of non-performing loans, were interest-only ARMs and \$3.7 million was reserved in the ALLL for these loans. Of the \$16.0 million non-performing interest-only ARM loans, \$12.0 million, or 75%, were still in the interest-only payment term. Non-performing interest-only ARM loans represented approximately 8% of the total interest-only ARM loan portfolio at June 30, 2010. See additional discussion regarding non-performing loans in "- Asset Quality - Loans and REO."

The following table presents loan origination, refinance and purchase activity for the periods indicated. Loan originations, purchases and refinances are reported together. The fixed-rate one- to four-family loans less than or equal to 15 years have an original maturity at origination of less than or equal to 15 years, while fixed-rate one- to four-family loans greater than 15 years have an original maturity at origination of greater than 15 years. The adjustable-rate one- to four-family loans less than or equal to 36 months have a term to first reset of less than or equal to 36 months at origination and adjustable-rate one- to four-family loans greater than 36 months have a term to first reset of greater than 36 months at origination.

		For	the Three M	Ionths Ended		
	Jun	e 30, 2009				
			% of			% of
	Amount	Rate	Total	Amount	Rate	Total
Fixed-Rate:		(Dollars in t	housands)		
One- to four-family						
<= 15 years	\$ 43,530	4.48 %		\$ 108,316	4.67 %	26.7 %
> 15 years	95,162	5.08	50.0	249,645	5.06	61.5
Other real estate	5,420	6.34	2.8	2,547	6.25	0.6
Home equity	1,130	7.12	0.6	2,634	7.55	0.7
Other consumer	360	8.78	0.2	410	8.67	0.1
Total fixed-rate	145,602	4.97	76.4	363,552	4.98	89.6
Adjustable-Rate:						
One- to four-family						
<= 36 months				434	4.63	0.1
> 36 months	14,209	4.26	7.5	17,020	4.88	4.2
Other real estate	7,713	6.05	4.1			
Home equity	22,222	4.82	11.7	23,555	4.80	5.8
Other consumer	626	4.51	0.3	1,187	5.26	0.3
Total adjustable-rate	44,770	4.85	23.6	42,196	4.84	10.4
Total originations, refinances and purchases	\$ 190,372	4.94 %	100.0 %	\$ 405,748	4.96 %	100.0 %
Purchased/participation loans included above:						
Fixed-Rate:						
Correspondent	\$ 8,590	5.15 %		\$ 37,912	5.11 %	
Nationwide						
Adjustable-Rate:						
Correspondent	3,024	4.38		9,544	5.04	
Nationwide(1)	7,713	6.05				
Total purchased loans	\$ 19,327	5.39 %		\$ 47,456	5.09 %	

⁽¹⁾ Nationwide purchases/participations for the quarter ended June 30, 2010 consisted of a refinance of an other real estate loan participation.

		For the Nine Months Ended									
		June 30, 20		June 30, 2009							
				% of		% of					
	Amount	Rate		Total	Amount	Rate		Total			
Fixed-Rate:				(Dollar	s in thousands)						
One- to four-family											
<= 15 years	\$139,967	4.54	%	22.5	% \$212,217	4.83	%	18.9	%		
> 15 years	291,739	5.09		46.8	582,938	5.21		51.9			
Other real estate	5,420	6.34		0.9	14,483	5.99		1.3			
Home equity	4,078	7.38		0.7	7,196	7.54		0.6			
Other consumer	1,165	8.60		0.2	1,243	8.40		0.1			
Total fixed-rate	442,369	4.96		71.1	818,077	5.15		72.8			
Adjustable-Rate:											
One- to four-family											
<= 36 months	38,764	3.32		6.2	138,958	4.92		12.4			
> 36 months	68,708	4.28		11.0	96,059	5.20		8.6			
Other real estate	7,713	6.05		1.2							
Home equity	62,755	4.84		10.1	67,520	4.89		6.0			
Other consumer	2,435	4.64		0.4	2,778	5.34		0.2			
Total adjustable-rate	180,375	4.35		28.9	305,315	5.01		27.2			
Total originations, refinances											
and purchases	\$622,744	4.78	%	100.0	% \$1,123,392	5.11	%	100.0	%		
Purchased/participation loans											
included above:											
Fixed-Rate:											
Correspondent	\$38,818	5.09	%		\$84,887	5.25	%				
Nationwide	2,338	5.05			256	4.38					
Adjustable-Rate:											
Correspondent	20,215	4.45			20,643	5.28					
Nationwide	49,463	3.88			191,313	5.00					
Total purchased loans	\$110,834	4.43	%		\$297,099	5.09	%				

Total originations, refinances, and purchases were lower than the prior year nine month period. Mortgage origination volume, in general, has decreased from the prior year as the market demand for lending has been reduced. The reduction in refinances was due to mortgage rates remaining at approximately the same level as the prior year so borrowers did not have as much incentive to refinance their mortgage loans, or they have already done so. Additionally, Capitol Federal Savings Bank has been purchasing fewer loans under Capitol Federal Savings Bank's nationwide purchase loan program during fiscal year 2010 due to the lack of loans meeting our underwriting criteria from our existing lender relationships. Capitol Federal Savings Bank is working to expand the number of lender relationships from which it may buy loans in the future.

In an effort to offset the impact of repayments and to retain our customers, Capitol Federal Savings Bank offers existing one-to four-family loan customers whose loans have not been sold to third parties who have been current on their contractual loan payments for the previous 12 months the opportunity to modify their original loan terms to new loan terms generally consistent with those currently being offered. During the nine months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, Capitol Federal Savings Bank modified \$282.3 million and \$1.07 billion of loans, respectively, with a weighted

average rate decrease of 88 basis points for both periods. Loan modification activity is not included in the tables above because a new loan is not generated at the time of modification.

Capitol Federal Savings Bank generally prices its first mortgage loan products based on secondary market and competitor pricing. During the nine months ended June 30, 2010, the average rate offered on Capitol Federal Savings Bank's 30-year fixed-rate one- to four-family loans, with no points paid by the borrower, was approximately 150 basis points above the average 10-year Treasury rate, while the average rate offered on Capitol Federal Savings Bank's 15-year fixed-rate one- to four-family loans was approximately 90 basis points above the average 10-year Treasury rate.

The following table summarizes the activity in the loan portfolio for the periods indicated, excluding changes in loans in process, deferred fees, and ALLL. Refinances are included in "repayments." Purchased loans include purchases from correspondent and nationwide lenders. Loan modification activity is not included in the activity in the following table because a new loan is not generated at the time of modification, and is described for the nine months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 on the previous page. The modified balance and rate are included in the ending loan portfolio balance and rate.

			For th	ne Three N	Months Ended				
	June 30, 2010		March 31, 2010)	December 31	September 30	eptember 30, 2009		
	Amount	Rate	Amount	Rate	Amount	Rate	Amount	Rate	
			(D	ollars in t	housands)				
Beginning									
balance	\$ 5,425,458	5.19 %	\$ 5,463,744	5.23 %	\$ 5,646,950	5.29 %	\$ 5,587,130	5.36 %	
Originations									
and refinances									
Fixed	137,012	4.96	107,694	4.93	156,507	4.95	255,441	5.07	
Adjustable	34,033	4.62	38,779	4.44	37,885	4.57	37,948	4.75	
Purchases									
Fixed	8,590	5.15	12,417	5.03	20,149	5.09	24,670	5.08	
Adjustable	10,737	5.58	14,011	4.03	44,930	3.69	11,662	4.82	
Repayments	(250,098)		(208,015)		(243,087)		(262,408)		
Transfer of									
loans to									
LHFS, net (1)					(194,759)				
Other (2)	(4,260)		(3,172)		(4,831)		(7,493)		
Ending									
balance	\$ 5,361,472	5.14 %	\$ 5,425,458	5.19 %	\$ 5,463,744	5.23 %	\$ 5,646,950	5.29 %	
	For the Nine M	onths End							
	June 30, 2010		June 30, 2009						
	Amount	Rate	Amount	Rate					
	(Dollars in	thousands)						
Beginning									
balance	\$ 5,646,950	5.29 %	\$ 5,379,845	5.66 %					
Originations									
and refinances									
Fixed	401,213	4.95	732,934	5.14					
Adjustable	110,697	4.54	93,359	4.97					
Purchases									
Fixed	41,156	5.08	85,143	5.24					
Adjustable	69,678	4.05	211,956	5.02					
Repayments	(701,200)		(817,369)						
Transfer of									
loans to									
LHFS, net (1)	(194,759)		(94,672)						
Other (2)	(12,263)		(4,066)						
Ending									
balance	\$ 5,361,472	E 1 / 07	\$ 5,587,130	5.36 %					

^{(1) &}quot;Transfer of loans to LHFS" in the December 31, 2009 quarter and the nine months ended June 30, 2010 includes loans related to the loan swap transaction.

^{(2) &}quot;Other" consists of transfers to REO, modification fees advanced, and reductions in commitments.

The following table presents CFF's loan portfolio at the dates indicated. The weighted average portfolio rate decreased 15 basis points from September 30, 2009 to June 30, 2010 as a result of loan modifications and refinances, originations of loans at rates less than the weighted average portfolio rate, ARMs repricing downwards, and repayments of loans at rates higher than the weighted average portfolio rate.

		30, 2010			n 31, 2010		September 30, 2009			
		Average	% of		Average	% of		Average	% of	
	Amount	Rate	Total	Amount	Rate	Total	Amount	Rate	Total	
D 15				(Dollars	in thousan	ids)				
Real Estate										
Loans:										
One- to	Φ F OC1 750	E 1107	044.07	¢ 5 100 007	E 16 07	044 07	Φ F 221 02F	5 0C 07	042 07	
four-family Multi-family	\$ 5,061,758	5.11 %	94.4 %	\$ 5,122,227	5.16 %	94.4 %	\$ 5,321,935	5.26 %	94.2 %	
and commercial	67,122	6.24	1.3	70,447	6.18	1.3	80,493	6.01	1.4	
Construction	36,312	5.05	0.7	34,297	5.11	0.6	39,535	5.20	0.7	
Total real										
estate loans	5,165,192	5.12	96.4	5,226,971	5.17	96.3	5,441,963	5.27	96.3	
Consumer										
Loans:										
Home equity	188,365	5.58	3.5	189,959	5.61	3.5	195,557	5.63	3.5	
Other	7,915	5.71	0.1	8,528	5.86	0.2	9,430	6.11	0.2	
Total	106.200	5.50	2.6	100 407	5.60	2.7	204.007	5.65	2.7	
consumer loans	196,280	5.58	3.6	198,487	5.62	3.7	204,987	5.65	3.7	
Total loans	5 261 472	5 1 <i>1 0</i> 7	100 0 0	E 10E 1E0	5 10 07	100 00	5 646 050	5 20 07	100 00	
receivable	5,361,472	5.14 %	100.0 %	5,425,458	5.19 %	100.0 %	5,646,950	5.29 %	100.0 %	
Less:										
Undisbursed										
loan funds	18,042			18,995			20,649			
Unearned										
loan fees and										
deferred costs	11,581			10,872			12,186			
ALLL	15,677			14,739			10,150			
Total loans										
receivable, net	\$ 5,316,172			\$ 5,380,852			\$ 5,603,965			
33										

The following table presents the contractual maturity of our loan portfolio at June 30, 2010. Loans which have adjustable interest rates are shown as maturing in the period during which the contract is due. The table does not reflect the effects of possible prepayments or enforcement of due on sale clauses.

			Real Esta Multi-fa	mily				Consur	ner			
	One- to Fo	our-	and		Construction and							
		v Veighted Average		rcial Veighted Average		nent(2) Veighted Average	Home Eq	uity (3) Weighted Average		er Veighted Average		Veighte Averag
	Amount	Rate	Amount	_	Amount	Rate	Amount thousands)	Rate	Amount	_	Amount	Rate
Amounts due: Within one year(1)	\$2,217	5 72%	\$7,688	6.05%	\$20,996	5.12%	,	6.44%	\$971	4 91 %	\$32,410	5.40
After one year: Over one to	φ2,217	3.12 10	Ψ7,000	0.03 %	\$20,770	3.12 %	Ψ330	0.44 %	Ψ // 1	7.71 //	₩32,+10	3.40
two Over	4,720	5.67	815	5.71	15,316	4.95	437	6.76	823	8.12	22,111	5.28
two to three Over	17,716	5.19	4,342	6.38			576	6.93	1,216	6.37	23,850	5.51
three to five Over	27,939	5.38	319	5.79			4,841	5.22	4,571	5.06	37,670	5.33
five to ten Over	445,460	5.15	17,727	6.24			21,811	6.13	307	8.84	485,305	5.24
10 to 15 After	898,397	4.90	22,190	6.26			36,944	4.87	27	6.50	957,558	4.93
15 years Total	3,665,309	5.15	14,041	6.33			123,218	3 5.69			3,802,568	5.17
due after one year	5,059,541	5.11	59,434	6.27	15,316	4.95	187,827	5.58	6,944	5.82	5,329,062	5.14
Total loans	\$5,061,758	5.11%	\$67,122	6.24%	\$36,312	5.05%	\$188,365	5 5.58%	\$7,915	5.71%	5,361,472	5.149
	ursed loan fu l loan fees and		d costs								18,042 11,581 15,677	

Total loans receivable, net \$5,316,172

- (1) Includes demand loans, loans having no stated maturity, and overdraft loans.
- (2) Construction loans are presented based upon the term to complete construction.
- (3) For home equity loans, the maturity date calculated assumes the customer always makes the required minimum payment. The majority of interest-only home equity lines of credit assume a balloon payment of unpaid principal at 120 months. All other home equity lines of credit generally assume a term of 240 months.

The following table presents, as of June 30, 2010, the amount of loans, net of undisbursed loan funds, due after June 30, 2011, and whether these loans have fixed or adjustable interest rates.

	Fixed		Adjustable rs in thousands	s)	Total
Real Estate Loans:		`			
One- to four-family	\$ 4,108,505	\$	951,036	\$	5,059,541
Multi-family and commercial	59,216		218		59,434
Construction	13,357		1,959		15,316
Consumer Loans:					
Home equity	49,468		138,359		187,827
Other	3,196		3,748		6,944
Total	\$ 4,233,742	\$	1,095,320	\$	5,329,062

Asset Quality – Loans and REO. Capitol Federal Savings Bank's traditional underwriting guidelines have provided Capitol Federal Savings Bank with generally low delinquencies and low levels of non-performing assets compared to national levels. Of particular importance is the complete documentation required for each loan Capitol Federal Savings Bank originates and purchases. This allows Capitol Federal Savings Bank to make an informed credit decision based upon a thorough assessment of the borrower's ability to repay the loan compared to underwriting methodologies that do not require full documentation. See additional discussion regarding underwriting standards in "Business of CFF – Lending Practices and Underwriting Standards" in the prospectus.

For one- to four-family loans and home equity loans, when a borrower fails to make a loan payment 15 days after the due date, a late charge is assessed and a notice is mailed. All delinquent balances are reviewed by collection personnel once the loan is 16 or more days past due. Attempts to contact the borrower occur by personal letter and, if no response is received, by telephone, with the purpose of establishing repayment arrangements for the borrower to bring the loan current. Repayment arrangements must be approved by a designated bank employee. Once a loan becomes 90 days delinquent, a demand letter is issued requiring the loan to be brought current or foreclosure procedures will be implemented. Once a loan becomes 120 days delinquent, and an acceptable repayment plan has not been established, the loan is forwarded to legal counsel to initiate foreclosure. We also monitor whether mortgagors who filed for bankruptcy are meeting their obligation to pay the mortgage debt in accordance with the terms of thebankruptcy petition.

We monitor delinquencies on our purchased loan portfolio with reports we receive from the servicers. We monitor these servicer reports to ensure that the servicer is upholding the terms of the servicing agreement. The reports generally provide total principal and interest due and length of delinquency, and are used to prepare monthly management reports and perform delinquent loan trend analysis. Management also utilizes information from the servicers to monitor property valuations and identify the need to record SVAs. The servicers handle collection efforts per the terms of the servicing agreement. In the event of a foreclosure, the servicer obtains our approval prior to initiating foreclosure proceedings, and handles all aspects of the repossession and disposition of the repossessed property, which is also governed by the terms of the servicing agreement.

The following matrix shows the balance of one- to four-family mortgage loans as of June 30, 2010 cross-referenced by LTV ratio and credit score. The LTV ratios used in the matrix were based on the current loan balance and either the lesser of the purchase price or original appraisal, or the most recent bank appraisal, BPO or AVM, if available. In most cases, the most recent appraisal was obtained at the time of origination. The LTV ratios based upon appraisals obtained at the time of origination may not necessarily indicate the extent to which we may incur a loss on any given loan that may go into foreclosure as the value of the underlying collateral may have declined since the time of origination. Credit scores were most recently updated in June 2010. Management will continue to update credit scores as deemed necessary based upon economic conditions. Per the matrix, the greatest concentration of loans fall into the "751 and above" credit score category and have a LTV ratio of less than 70%. The average LTV ratio and credit score for our one- to four-family purchased loans at June 30, 2010 was 58% and 741, respectively. The average LTV ratio and credit score for our one- to four-family originated loans at June 30, 2010 was 66% and 761, respectively.

					Credi	t Score				
	Less than 660 661 to 700				701 to 7	751 and a	above	Total	otal	
		% of		% of		% of		% of		% of
LTV ratio	Amount	total	Amount	total	Amount	total	Amount	total	Amount	total
					(Dollars in	thousand	ds)			
Less than										
70%	\$120,349	2.4 %	\$132,960	2.6 %	\$400,925	7.9 %	\$1,956,772	38.6 %	\$2,611,006	51.5 %
70% to										
80%	107,808	2.1	114,100	2.3	330,266	6.5	1,147,369	22.7	1,699,543	33.6
More than										
80%	78,932	1.6	71,150	1.4	186,641	3.7	414,486	8.2	751,209	14.9
Total	\$307,089	6.1 %	\$318,210	6.3 %	\$917,832	18.1 %	\$3,518,627	69.5 %	\$5,061,758	100.0%

Delinquent and non-performing loans and REO. The following tables present CFF's 30 to 89 day delinquent loans, non-performing loans, and REO at the dates indicated. Purchased loans include loans purchased from nationwide lenders. Correspondent loans are included with originated loans. Non-performing loans are non-accrual loans that are 90 or more days delinquent or are in the process of foreclosure. At all dates presented, there were no loans 90 or more days delinquent that were still accruing interest. TDRs are not included in delinquent or non-performing loans unless the restructured loans are 30-89 days or 90 or more days delinquent. Non-performing assets include non-performing loans and REO.

	June 30, 2010		March 31, 2010			mber 31, 2009	•	mber 30,	June 30, 2009		
	Number	r Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	
30 to 89 days delinquent One- to					(Dollars i	in thousand	s)				
four-family: Originated Purchased Multi-family	154 31	\$ 15,581 6,629	143 39	\$ 14,574 9,846	184 44	\$ 19,468 11,464	159 41	\$ 15,488 10,556	140 49	\$ 12,981 13,225	
and commercia Construction Consumer	l 				1	5	 	 		 	
Loans: Home equity Other	y 44 17 246	806 96 \$ 23,112	35 13 230	670 62 \$ 25,152	49 24 302	1,021 114 \$ 32,072	40 15 255	708 89 \$ 26,841	38 15 242	746 98 \$ 27,050	
30 to 89 days delinquent as a percentage of total loans	270		250 To		502 To		233 %		2 - 2	0.49 %	
37											

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	June 30, 2010		March 31, 2010		December 31, 2009		•	mber 30,	June 30, 2009		
		r Amount		Amount	Number	r Amount n thousand	Number			r Amount	
Non-performing loans: One- to four-family:											
Originated Purchased Multi-family and	105 73	\$10,538 22,090	107 76	\$9,892 23,407	104 70	\$10,040 21,912	99 70	\$9,248 21,259	108 59	\$11,332 17,270	
commercial Construction Consumer Loans	 										
Home equity Other	31 9 218	516 36 33,180	41 6 230	720 18 34,037	32 6 212	516 9 32,477	22 8 199	367 45 30,919	29 7 203	448 60 29,110	
Non-performing loans as a percentage of total loans		0.62 %	6	0.63	%	0.60 %	%	0.55 %	6	0.53 %	
REO: One- to four-family:											
Originated (1) Purchased Multi-family and	59 11	4,738 2,412	59 8	5,450 1,411	50 9	4,726 1,911	48 8	5,702 1,702	35 5	3,950 1,127	
commercial Construction Consumer Loans		 		 	 	 					
Home equity Other	 70	 7,150	 67	 6,861	 59	 6,637	 56	 7,404	 40	 5,077	
Total	70	7,130	07	0,001	39	0,037	30	7,404	40	3,077	
non-performing assets	288	\$40,330	297	\$40,898	271	\$39,114	255	\$38,323	243	\$34,187	
Non-performing assets as a percentage of total assets		0.47 %	6	0.48	%	0.47 %	<i>1</i> 6	0.46 %	6	0.41 %	

⁽¹⁾ Real estate related consumer loans where we also hold the first mortgage are included in the one- to four-family category as the underlying collateral is one- to four-family property.

The following table presents, as of June 30, 2010, the average percentage of one- to four-family loans, by principal balance, that entered the 30-89 days delinquent category during the 12 months prior to June 30, 2010, that paid off, returned to performing status, stayed 30-89 days delinquent, or progressed to the non-performing or REO categories. Purchased loans include loans purchased from nationwide lenders. Correspondent loans are included with originated loans.

					30-89 Days		Non-					
	Paid Of		Performi	_	Delinque			0	REO		Total	
Originated	4.7	%	41.5	%	34.4	%	17.2	%	2.2	%	100.0	%
Purchased	2.0		26.3		39.0		32.0		0.7		100.0	
Total Portfolio Average	3.6	%	35.3	%	36.1	%	23.4	%	1.6	%	100.0	%

Non-performing loans increased \$2.3 million from \$30.9 million at September 30, 2009 to \$33.2 million at June 30, 2010. The balance of non-performing loans continues to remain at historically high levels due to the continued elevated level of unemployment coupled with the decline in real estate values, particularly in some of the states in which we have purchased loans. At June 30, 2010, one- to four-family non-performing loans totaled \$32.6 million, 43% of which had LTV ratios greater than 80%. At origination, these loans generally had LTV ratios less than 80%, but as a result of declines in real estate values as reflected in updated appraisals, BPOs and AVMs, the LTV ratios are now in excess of 80%. Of these loans, 28% have private mortgage insurance ("PMI") which reduces or eliminates Capitol Federal Savings Bank's exposure to loss. The balance of one- to four-family non-performing loans with LTV ratios greater than 80% with no PMI was \$10.0 million at June 30, 2010. The LTV ratios were based on the current loan balance and either the lesser of the purchase price or original appraisal, or the most recent bank appraisal, BPO or AVM, if available.

The following table presents the year of origination for originated and purchased one- to four-family loans, and the origination year for non-performing originated and purchased one- to four-family loans at June 30, 2010. Purchased loans include loans purchased from nationwide lenders. Correspondent loans are included with originated loans. The origination date for modified loans is based on when the loan was originated, not the modification date.

Origination				Originated Non-	Purchased Non-	Total Non-
Calendar	Originated	Purchased		Performing	Performing	Performing
Year	Loans	Loans	Total Loans	Loans	Loans	Loans
			(Dollars in	thousands)		
2002 and prior	\$673,471	\$14,292	\$687,763	\$2,768	\$363	\$3,131
2003	379,592	30,393	409,985	885	290	1,175
2004	293,294	199,393	492,687	1,740	6,224	7,964
2005	379,958	188,219	568,177	778	15,202	15,980
2006	399,756	18,507	418,263	2,671	11	2,682
2007	528,978	154	529,132	1,229		1,229
2008	595,897	72,056	667,953	467		467
2009	925,166	77,450	1,002,616			
2010	278,725	6,457	285,182			
	\$4,454,837	\$606,921	\$5,061,758	\$10,538	\$22,090	\$32,628

The following table presents the top twelve states where the properties securing our one- to four-family mortgages are located and the corresponding balance of 30-89 day delinquent loans, non-performing loans and the weighted average LTV ratios for non-performing loans at June 30, 2010. The LTV ratios were based on the current loan balance and either the lesser of the purchase price or original appraisal or the most recent bank appraisal, BPO or AVM, if available. As a result of updated estimated fair values, the LTV of various non-performing loans in the table below are now in excess of 100%. We have recorded SVAs on these loans, after taking into consideration potential PMI proceeds.

			Loans	30 to 89						
	One- to Fo	our-Family	Days D	elinquent		Non-	Performi	ng Lo	ans	
State	Balance	% of Tota	l Balance			ance	% of Total		Averag LTV	ge
			(Do	ollars in tho	usands)					
Kansas	\$3,707,019	73.2	% \$11,441	51.5	% \$9,09	99	27.9	%	76	%
Missouri	766,175	15.2	4,538	20.4	1,46	51	4.5		106	
Illinois	69,639	1.4	145	0.7	3,03	38	9.3		77	
Texas	46,996	0.9	85	0.4	430		1.3		78	
New York	44,499	0.9			720		2.2		126	
Florida	45,145	0.9	1,154	5.2	3,57	74	11.0		103	
Colorado	31,402	0.6	736	3.3	830		2.5		83	
Arizona	29,668	0.6	1,656	7.5	3,23	30	9.9		81	
Connecticut	28,664	0.6			149		0.5		93	
Virginia	26,672	0.5	566	2.5	1,40)2	4.3		83	
New Jersey	25,657	0.5	316	1.4	355		1.1		68	
Minnesota	26,455	0.5	620	2.8	592		1.8		84	
Other states	213,767	4.2	953	4.3	7,74	18	23.7		95	
	\$5,061,758	100.0	% \$22,210	100.0	% \$32,6	528	100.0	%	87	%

Impaired loans. A loan is considered impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable that Capitol Federal Savings Bank will be unable to collect all amounts due, including principal and interest, according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. Impaired loans totaled \$53.9 million at June 30, 2010, compared to \$41.4 million at September 30, 2009.

A TDR is the situation where, due to a borrower's financial difficulties, Capitol Federal Savings Bank grants a concession to the borrower that Capitol Federal Savings Bank would not otherwise have considered. The majority of Capitol Federal Savings Bank's TDRs involve a restructuring of loan terms such as a temporary reduction in the payment amount to require only interest and escrow (if required) and extending the maturity date of the loan. All TDRs that have not been performing under the modified loan terms for 12 consecutive months are considered to be impaired loans. TDRs are not reported as non-performing loans, unless the restructured loans are more than 90 days delinquent. At June 30, 2010, the balance of TDRs was \$22.3 million, all of which was included in the impaired loan balance above. Of this amount, \$1.6 million was greater than 90 days delinquent and therefore was included in the non-performing loan balance at June 30, 2010. The June 30, 2010 TDR balance was composed of \$19.0 million of originated loans and \$3.3 million of purchased loans. Loans are removed from the TDR classification after 12 consecutive months of satisfactory repayment performance under the modified loan terms.

Classified assets. In accordance with our asset classification policy, we regularly review the problem assets in our portfolio to determine whether any assets require classification in accordance with applicable regulations. The following table sets forth the balance of assets, less SVAs, classified as special mention or substandard at June 30, 2010. At June 30, 2010, we had no assets, less SVAs, classified as doubtful or loss. Purchased loans and purchased REO represent loans purchased from nationwide lenders. Correspondent loans are included with originated loans.

	Specia	l Menti	ion	Substandard			
	Number		Amount	Number		Amount	
		(De	ollars in thou	sands)			
Real Estate Loans:							
One- to four-family							
Originated	70	\$	12,019	143	\$	16,742	
Purchased	2		610	78		20,020	
Multi-family and commercial	2		7,676				
Construction							
Consumer Loans:							
Home equity	6		68	40		885	
Other				11		68	
Total loans	80		20,373	272		37,715	
REO							
Originated				59		4,738	
Purchased				11		2,412	
Total REO				70		7,150	
Trust preferred securities				1		3,155	
Total classified assets	80	\$	20,373	343	\$	48,020	

Allowance for loan losses. The following table presents CFF's activity for the ALLL and related ratios at the dates and for the periods indicated. Charge-offs represent losses on loans transferred to REO and losses on short sales. Recoveries represent amounts recovered after a loan has been charged-off. Once a loan enters REO, any future write downs or recoveries are reported in REO operations in other expenses on the consolidated statement of income; therefore, recoveries of charge-offs are rare.

	For the Three Months Ended June 30, March 31, June 30,						For the Nine Mon June 30,				hs Ended				
		2010			2010			2009			2010			2009	
						(De	ollar	s in thou	sands)					
Balance at beginning of period	\$	14,739		\$	12,207		\$	7,464		\$	10,150		\$	5,791	
Charge-offs: One- to four-family															
loansoriginated		128			142			35			309			57	
One- to four-family		120			142			33			309			31	
loanspurchased		742			693			293			2,291			1,241	
Multi-family and commercial		772			075			273			2,271			1,271	
loans															
Construction															
Home equity		5									28				
Other consumer loans		3			5			6			13			19	
Total charge-offs		878			840			334			2,641			1,317	
Recoveries		070			040			334			2,041			1,517	
One- to four-family															
loansoriginated															
One- to four-family															
loanspurchased					172						172				
Multi-family and commercial					172						172				
loans															
Construction															
Home equity															
Other consumer loans															
Recoveries					172						172				
Net charge-offs		878			668			334			2,469			1,317	
ALLL on loans in the loan											,			,	
swap transaction											(135)			
Provision for loan losses		1,816			3,200			3,112			8,131	•		5,768	
Balance at end of period	\$	15,677		\$	14,739		\$	10,242		\$	15,677		\$	10,242	
Ratio of net charge-offs during															
the period to															
average loans outstanding															
during the period		0.02	%		0.01	%		0.01	%		0.05	%		0.02	%
doming the period		0.02	70		0.01	,0		0.01	,0		0.05	70		0.02	70
Ratio of net charge-offs during															
the period to															
average non-performing															
assets		2.16			1.67			1.07			6.28			4.97	

ALLL to non-performing loans	47.25	43.30	35.18
ALLL to loans receivable, net	0.29	0.27	0.18
42			

Historically, our charge-offs have been low due to our low level of non-performing loans and the amount of underlying equity in the properties collateralizing one- to four-family loans. The increase in non-performing loans and the decline in real estate and housing markets have resulted in higher charge-offs, primarily related to purchased loans.

Provisions for loan losses are charged to income in order to maintain the ALLL at a level management considers adequate to absorb known and inherent losses in the loan portfolio. Our ALLL methodology considers a number of quantitative and qualitative factors, including the trend and composition of our delinquent and non-performing loans, historical losses and net charge-offs, and the status and trends of the local and national economies and housing markets. The amount of the ALLL is based on estimates, and the ultimate losses may vary from such estimates as more information becomes available or conditions change. See "– Critical Accounting Policies – Allowance for Loan Losses." The \$8.1 million provision for loan loss recorded in the current fiscal year primarily reflects increases in the level of certain factors in our general valuation allowance model to account for continued negative economic conditions, the relatively recent loss experience on our purchased loan portfolio, and the establishment of and increases in SVAs on non-performing purchased loans. Despite the current economic operating environment and some deterioration in our portfolio, particularly the purchased loan portfolio, we believe that our overall credit quality continued to compare favorably to the industry and our peers. Although management believes the ALLL is established and maintained at adequate levels, additions may be necessary if economic conditions fail to improve or if other adverse developments occur.

The following table presents CFF's allocation of the ALLL to each respective loan category at June 30, 2010 and September 30, 2009.

		1	At		At					
		June 3	0, 2010			Septembe	er 30, 2009			
	Amount	% of		% of	Amount	% of		% of		
	of	ALLL	Total	Loans	of	ALLL	Total	Loans		
		to Total		to Total		to Total		to Total		
	ALLL	ALLL	Loans	Loans	ALLL	ALLL	Loans	Loans		
				(Dollars in t	thousands)					
One- to										
four-family:										
Originated	\$ 4,281	27.3 %	\$ 4,454,837	83.1 %	\$ 3,604	35.5 %	\$ 4,625,065	81.9 %		
Purchased	10,865	69.3	606,921	11.3	5,972	58.8	696,870	12.3		
Multi-family										
and										
commercial	277	1.8	67,122	1.3	227	2.2	80,493	1.4		
Construction	13	0.1	36,312	0.7	22	0.2	39,535	0.7		
Home equity	178	1.1	188,365	3.5	268	2.7	195,557	3.5		
Other										
consumer	63	0.4	7,915	0.1	57	0.6	9,430	0.2		
	\$ 15,677	100.0 %	\$ 5,361,472	100.0 %	\$ 10,150	100.0 %	\$ 5,646,950	100.0 %		

Securities. The following table presents the distribution of our MBS and investment securities portfolios, at amortized cost, at the dates indicated. Overall, fixed-rate securities comprised 72% of these portfolios at June 30, 2010. The weighted average life ("WAL") is the estimated remaining maturity after projected prepayment speeds and projected call option assumptions have been applied. The decrease in the WAL between September 30, 2009 and June 30, 2010 was due primarily to the purchase of shorter-term securities, which were purchased with principal repayments from MBS, deposits, and loans. The MBS in the portfolio generally have longer WALs than the securities purchased, so repayments on MBS also contributed to the decrease in the WAL. The decrease in the yield between September 30, 2009 and June 30, 2010 was primarily a result of prepayments of MBS with yields higher than that of the MBS portfolio which were reinvested in lower-yielding securities. Yields on tax-exempt securities are not calculated on a taxable equivalent basis.

	June 30, 2010			Septembe	er 30, 20	09	June 30, 2009			
	Balance	WAL	Yield	Balance	WAL	Yield	Balance	WAL	Yield	
				(Dollars in	n thousai	nds)				
Fixed-rate securities:										
MBS	\$798,037	3.11	4.79%	\$976,895	3.37	4.81%	\$254,424	1.01	1.49%	
U.S. government sponsored										
enterprisedebentures	1,125,910	0.57	1.58	404,137	0.86	1.74	1,025,056	3.07	4.84	
Municipal bonds	73,552	3.02	2.95	73,194	3.53	3.01	65,530	4.02	3.23	
Total fixed-rate securities	1,997,499	1.67	2.92	1,454,226	2.68	3.87	1,345,010	2.73	4.13	
Adjustable-rate securities:										
MBS	763,878	4.92	3.47	960,718	6.00	4.02	1,036,566	6.03	4.34	
Trust preferred securities	3,735	26.98	2.20	3,774	27.73	1.96	3,789	27.98	2.29	
Total adjustable-rate										
securities	767,613	5.06	3.46	964,492	6.11	4.01	1,040,355	6.11	4.33	
Total investment portfolio,										
at amortized cost	\$2,765,112	2.61	3.07%	\$2,418,718	4.05	3.92%	\$2,385,365	4.20	4.22%	

The following table sets forth the composition of our MBS and investment securities portfolios at the dates indicated. At June 30, 2010 our MBS and investment securities portfolios did not contain securities of any issuer with an aggregate book value in excess of 10% of our stockholders' equity, excluding those issued by the U.S. government or government-sponsored entities.

	Ju	ine 30, 20)10	Septe	ember 30	June 30, 2009			
	Carrying Value	% of Total	Fair Value	Carrying Value	% of Total	Fair Value	Carrying Value	% of Total	Fai Valu
				(Dolla	rs in tho				
AFS securities:									
MBS	\$1,106,815	95.1 %	\$1,106,815	\$1,389,211	85.5 %	6 \$1,389,211	\$1,472,547	85.0 %	\$1,472
U.S. government sponsored									
enterprise debentures	50,647	4.4	50,647	229,875	14.2	229,875	254,745	14.7	254,7
Municipal bonds Trust preferred	2,799	0.2	2,799	2,799	0.2	2,799	2,738	0.2	2,738
securities	3,155	0.3	3,155	2,110	0.1	2,110	1,826	0.1	1,826
Total AFS securities	1,163,416	100.0	1,163,416	1,623,995	100.0	1,623,995	1,731,856	100.0	1,731
HTM securities:									
MBS	513,808	30.9	542,761	603,256	71.0	627,829	628,451	90.9	643,1
U.S. government sponsored									
enterprise debentures	1,075,564	64.8	1,079,540	175,394	20.7	175,929			
Municipal bonds Total HTM	70,899	4.3	72,902	70,526	8.3	73,000	62,857	9.1	63,75
securities	1,660,271	100.0	1,695,203	849,176	100.0	876,758	691,308	100.0	706,8
	\$2,823,687		\$2,858,619	\$2,473,171		\$2,500,753	\$2,423,164		\$2,438

The composition and maturities of the investment and MBS portfolios at June 30, 2010 are indicated in the following table by remaining contractual maturity, without consideration of call features or pre-refunding dates. Yields on tax-exempt investments are not calculated on a taxable equivalent basis.

	1 year or		More than year	S	More than	ars	Over 10	-		otal Secur
		/eighted		Weighted		Veighted		Weighted		Weighted
	Carrying A	_	Carrying	_		_	Carrying	_	, .	_
	Value	Yield	Value	Yield	Value	Yield	Value	Yield	Value	Yield
AFS securities:					(Do	llars in th	ousands)			
MBS	\$	%	\$	%	\$149,427	4.93%	\$957,388	4.21%	\$1,106,815	4.31%
U.S. government sponsored										
enterprise debentures	25,494	1.58	25,153	2.25					50,647	1.91
Municipal bonds			613	3.58	953	3.72	1,233	3.90	2,799	3.77
Trust preferred										
securities							3,155	2.20	3,155	2.20
Total AFS securities	25,494	1.58	25,766	2.28	150,380	4.92	961,776	4.20	1,163,416	
HTM Securities:										
MBS					281,403	4.40	232,405	3.10	513,808	3.81
U.S. government sponsored										
enterprise debentures			1,050,626	1.55	24,938	2.35			1,075,564	1.57
Municipal bonds Total HTM	2,978	2.86	21,169	2.40	34,055	3.23	12,697	2.94	70,899	2.91
securities	2,978	2.86	1,071,795	1.57	340,396	4.13	245,102	3.09	1,660,271	2.32
	\$28,472	1.71%	\$1,097,561	1.58%	\$490,776	4.37%	\$1,206,878	3.98%	\$2,823,687	3.09%

Mortgage-Backed Securities

The balance of MBS, which primarily consists of securities issued by U.S. government sponsored enterprises, decreased \$371.8 million from \$1.99 billion at September 30, 2009 to \$1.62 billion at June 30, 2010. The decrease in the balance was a result of the majority of the cash flows from the MBS portfolio being reinvested into the investment securities portfolio.

During the first quarter of fiscal year 2010, MBS with a fair value of \$192.7 million were received in conjunction with the loan swap transaction. As previously discussed, the related MBS were sold for a \$6.5 million gain. The proceeds from the sale were primarily used to purchase investment securities with terms shorter than that of the mortgage loans that were swapped. The loan swap transaction was primarily undertaken for interest rate risk management purposes.

The following table provides a summary of the activity in our portfolio of MBS for the periods presented. The yields and WAL for purchases are presented as recorded at the time of purchase. The yields for the beginning and ending balances are as of the period presented and are generally derived from recent prepayment activity on the securities in the portfolio as of the dates presented. The weighted average yield of the MBS portfolio decreased from September 30, 2009 to June 30, 2010 due primarily to the maturity and repayment of securities with higher yields than the overall portfolio and adjustable-rate MBS resetting to lower coupons due to a decline in related indices. The beginning and ending WAL is the estimated remaining maturity after projected prepayment speeds have been applied. The decrease in the WAL at June 30, 2010 compared to September 30, 2009 was due to principal repayments of securities with WALs greater than the remaining portfolio, faster recent prepayment experience, and the passing of time.

		June 3	30, 2010		For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2010 December 31, 2009							September		
		Amount	Yield	WAL	Amount	Yield	WAL	Amount	Yield		Amount			
	eginning balance aturities and	\$1,757,310	4.21%	4.07	\$1,877,969	,		thousands) \$1,992,467	4.42%	4.67	\$2,100,99	8		
re	payments ale of securities, net	(145,432)			(121,635)		(112,380)		(142,182	2)		
of	gains et amortization of							(192,690)					
pr	remiums/(discounts)	(393)			(499)		(392)		(366)		
Fi	xed djustable				2,042	4.18	7.08	2,990	4.10	7.48	18,539			
Fa	nir value of curities received in													
	an swap transaction hange in valuation							192,690						
	AFS securities adding balance	9,138 \$1,620,623	4.15%	3.99	*) 4.21%	4.07	(4,716 \$1,877,969) 4.34%	5.09	15,478 \$1,992,46	57		
		•		e Nine	Months End		0							
		June Amount	30, 2010 Yield	WAL		e 30, 200 Yield	9 WA	Ι.						
		rimount			n thousands)	Tiera	****	L						
	eginning balance aturities and	\$1,992,467	4.42%	4.67	\$2,234,339	9 4.82	% 5.0	5						
	payments ale of securities, net	(379,447)			(352,750)								
	gains et amortization of	(192,690)												
_	remiums/(discounts) archases:	(1,284)			(116)								
	xed	5,032	4.13	7.32	,	4.34	8.4							
Fa	djustable air value of curities received in				169,452	2.73	2.4	1						
lo	an swap transaction	192,690												

46,856

3,855

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Change in valuation on AFS securities

Ending balance \$1,620,623 4.15% 3.99 \$2,100,998 4.59% 4.55

Investment Securities. Investment securities, which consist primarily of U.S. government sponsored enterprise debentures (primarily issued by FNMA, FHLMC, or FHLB) and municipal investments, increased \$722.4 million, from \$480.7 million at September 30, 2009 to \$1.20 billion at June 30, 2010. The increase in the balance was a result of purchases of \$1.06 billion of investment securities, partially offset by maturities and calls of \$330.2 million. The securities purchased had a WAL of 1.10 years at the time of purchase. If market rates were to rise, the short-term nature of these securities may allow management the opportunity to reinvest the maturing funds at a higher rate. The following tables provide a summary of the activity of investment securities for the periods presented. The yields for the beginning and ending balances are as of the first and last days of the periods presented. The decrease in the yield at June 30, 2010 compared to September 30, 2009 was a result of purchases of securities with yields lower than the overall portfolio yield. The beginning and ending WAL represent the estimated remaining maturity of the securities after projected call dates have been considered, based upon market rates at each date presented. The WAL at June 30, 2010 decreased from September 30, 2009 due to the purchase of securities with WALs shorter than the existing portfolio and the passing of time.

		For the Three Months Ended										
	June 3	30, 2010		March	31, 2010	C	Decemb	per 31, 20	009	Septem	ber 30, 20	
	Amount	Yield	WAL	Amount	Yield	WAL	Amount	Yield	WAL	Amount	Yield	
					(Doll	ars in t	housands)					
Beginning balance	\$970,431	1.76%	1.29	\$651,943	2.05%	1.65	\$480,704	1.93%	1.53	\$322,166	1.84%	
Maturities and calls	(210,048)			(119,103)			(1,033)			(25,128)		
Net amortization of												
premiums/discounts	(1,051)			(1,053)			(1,061)			(901)		
Purchases:												
Fixed	443,757	1.38	1.11	438,254	1.36	1.02	173,431	2.39	1.25	183,391	1.95	
Adjustable												
Change in valuation												
of AFS securities	(25)			390			(98)			1,176		
Ending balance	\$1,203,064	1.67%	0.82	\$970,431	1.76%	1.29	\$651,943	2.05%	1.65	\$480,704	1.93%	

		1 of the	INITIE IV	ionuis Ended		
	June 3	30, 2010		June	30, 2009	
	Amount	Yield	WAL	Amount	Yield	WAL
		(Dol	llars in t	thousands)		
Beginning balance	\$ 480,704	1.93 %	1.53	\$ 142,359	3.94 %	6.06
Maturities and calls	(330,184)			(84,632)		
Net amortization of						
premiums/discounts	(3,165)			(1,261)		
Purchases:						
Fixed	1,055,442	1.54	1.10	265,162	1.52	1.09
Adjustable						
Change in valuation						
of AFS securities	267			538		
Ending balance	\$ 1,203,064	1.67 %	0.82	\$ 322,166	1.84 %	2.02
_						

For the Nine Months Ended

Liabilities. Total liabilities increased \$121.0 million from \$7.46 billion at September 30, 2009 to \$7.58 billion at June 30, 2010, due primarily to an increase in deposits of \$145.2 million. The increase in deposits was primarily in the money market and checking portfolios, partially offset by a decrease in the certificate of deposit portfolio. The \$97.8 million increase in the money market portfolio from September 30, 2009 to June 30, 2010 was due to customers reinvesting funds from maturing shorter term certificates into the money market portfolio and to some customers maintaining higher cash balances due to the current economic uncertainty and in anticipation of market rates increasing which would allow them to reinvest at higher rates. The \$47.3 million increase in our checking portfolio was also due to customers keeping more cash readily available, as reflected by a 10% increase in the average checking account balance from September 30, 2009 to June 30, 2010. The \$11.7 million decrease in our certificate of deposit portfolio was due to a \$41.5 million decrease in retail certificates, partially offset by a \$29.8 million increase in wholesale certificates. The \$41.5 million decrease in retail certificates was primarily in our shorter term certificates, partially offset by an increase in our longer term certificates. Management competitively priced our longer term certificates in order to lengthen the weighted average maturity of the retail certificate of deposit portfolio while market rates are low.

During the current quarter, \$200.0 million of fixed-rate FHLB advances with a weighted average contractual rate of 4.63% were prepaid and replaced with \$200.0 million of fixed-rate FHLB advances with a weighted average contractual interest rate of 3.17% for a term of 84 months. Capitol Federal Savings Bank paid an \$875 thousand prepayment penalty to the FHLB. The prepayment penalty is being deferred as an adjustment to the carrying value of the new advances and will be recognized as expense over the life of the new advances, which effectively increased the interest rate on the new advances 7 basis points to 3.24%. Also during the current quarter, a maturing \$100.0 million FHLB advance with a contractual rate of 3.94% was renewed at a contractual rate of 3.23% for a term of 84 months.

Deposits

The following table presents the amount, average rate and percentage of total deposits for checking, savings, money market and certificates for the periods presented.

	At				At			At		At		
	Jun	e 30, 2010)	Marc	ch 31, 201	.0	Decen	nber 31, 20	009	Septer	mber 30	
		Average	% of		Average	% of		Average	% of		Avera	
	Amount	Rate	Total	Amount	Rate	Total	Amount	Rate	Total	Amount	Rate	
					(1	Oollars ir	n thousands)				,	
Checking	\$487,279	0.13%	11.1 %	\$493,929	0.13%	11.4 %	\$491,619	0.13%	11.7 %	\$439,975	0.17	
Savings	238,236	0.54	5.5	239,651	0.54	5.6	225,383	0.56	5.3	226,396	0.66	
Money											ļ	
market	945,941	0.67	21.6	934,071	0.72	21.6	888,131	0.73	21.0	848,157	0.82	
Certificates	2,702,388	2.47	61.8	2,651,415	2.66	61.4	2,622,119	2.83	62.0	2,714,081	3.09	
Total											ļ	
deposits	\$4,373,844	1.71%	100.0%	\$4,319,066	1.83%	100.0%	\$4,227,252	1.95%	100.0%	\$4,228,609	2.20	

At June 30, 2010, \$83.7 million in certificates were brokered deposits, compared to \$71.5 million in brokered deposits at September 30, 2009. The \$83.7 million of brokered deposits at June 30, 2010 had a weighted average rate of 2.58% and a remaining term to maturity of 4.1 years. Capitol Federal Savings Bank regularly considers brokered deposits as a source of funding, provided that investment opportunities are balanced with the funding cost. As of June 30, 2010, \$109.0 million in certificates were public unit deposits, compared to \$91.5 million in public unit deposits at September 30, 2009. The \$109.0 million of public unit deposits at June 30, 2010 had a weighted average rate of .45% and a remaining term to maturity of 6 months. Management will continue to monitor the wholesale deposit market for attractive opportunities relative to the use of proceeds for investments.

The following tables set forth maturity information for our certificate of deposit portfolio at June 30, 2010.

		Amou More than	nt Due More than		
	1 year	1 year to	2 to 3	More than	
	or less	2 years	years	3 years	Total
		(Dollars in thousands)			
0.00 - 0.99%	\$172,132	\$9	\$5,040	\$13	\$177,194
1.00 - 1.99%	641,368	187,325	38,500	5,000	872,193
2.00 - 2.99%	309,146				