Lithium Corp Form 10-Q August 16, 2010

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

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[X]	QUARTERLY ACT OF 193	3 4					•	d) OF	THE	SECURI	ITIES	EXCHA	.NGE
	For the qu	ıarterly	period	ended			10						
					01								
[]	TRANSITION ACT OF 193		'UNDER S	ECTION	I 13 OF	R 15(c	l) OF	THE	SECUI	RITIES	EXCHA	ANGE	

For the transition period from _____ to ____

Commission File Number 333-148266

LITHIUM CORPORATION (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada N/A (State or Other Jurisdiction Of (IRS Employer Incorporation or Organization) Identification Number)

200 S Virginia St - 8th Floor, Reno, Nevada 89501
(Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

(775) 322-0626 (Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (ss.232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes [] No []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a small reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act

Large accelerated filer [] Accelerated filer []
Non-accelerated filer [] Smaller reporting company [X]
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act [] YES [X] NO $\,$

APPLICABLE ONLY TO ISSUERS INVOLVED IN BANKRUPTCY

PROCEEDINGS DURING THE PRECEDING FIVE YEARS

Check whether the registrant has filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Sections 12, 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act after the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by a court. [] YES [] NO

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS

As of August 16, 2010, there were 62,641,553 shares of the registrant's \$0.001 par value common stock issued and outstanding.

LITHIUM CORPORATION

FORM 10-Q INDEX

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Lithium Corporation
(An Exploration Stage Company)
Consolidated Balance Sheets
As of June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009

June 30, 2010

	(unaudited)
ASSETS	
CURRENT ASSETS Cash Prepaid expenses Due from director	\$1,660,332 3,885 985
Total Current Assets	1,665,202
OTHER ASSETS Computer equipment, net of amortization Mineral properties	998 407,411
Total Other Assets	408,409
TOTAL ASSETS	\$2,073,611 ======
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to director Loans payable	\$ 18,490 6,335
Total Current Liabilities	24,825
TOTAL LIABILITIES	24,825
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Common stock, 3,000,000,000 shares authorized, par value \$0.001; 62,603,484 common shares issued and outstanding (2009 - 60,550,000) Additional paid in capital Additional paid in capital - warrants Deficit accumulated during the exploration stage	62,642 1,195,938 1,445,625 (655,419)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	2,048,786
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$2,073,611

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

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Lithium Corporation

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited)

For the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

For the Period from January 30, 2007 (Inception) to June 30, 2010

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2010	Three Months Ended June 30, 2009	Six Months Ended June 30, 2010	Six E Ju
REVENUE	\$	\$	\$ \$	S
EXPENSES				
Professional fees	29,961	4,750	37,424	
Amortization	250		500	
Exploration expenses	35,055		70,743	
Consulting fees	175,000		175,000	
Investor relations	17,580		56,235	
Interest	1,183		5 , 252	
Management fees	32,600		41,800	
Rent			(243)	
Transfer agent and filing fees	2,590		3,192	
Travel	9,556		11 , 755	
Website development costs				
Write-down of website costs				
General and administrative	5 , 277	5,964 	13,031	
TOTAL EXPENSES	309,052	10,714	414,689	
LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	(309,052)	(10,714)	(414,689)	
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES				
NET LOSS	\$ (309,052)	\$ (10,714) =======		
	=======	_=======	====================================	
NET LOSS PER SHARE: BASIC AND DILUTED		\$ (0.00)	. , , , , ,	S ====
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF SHARES OUTSTANDING: BASIC AND DILUTED		268,200,000 ======	61,683,402	268

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

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Lithium Corporation
(An Exploration Stage Company)
Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity
For the Period From January 30, 2007 (Inception) to June 30, 2010

Common	SLOCK	Additional Paid in	Paid in
 Shares	Amount	Capital	Capital - Warrants
Dilares	imounc	Capicai	Wallanes

Balance, January 30, 2007 (date of

inception)		\$	\$	\$
Shares issued to founder on January 30, 2007 @ \$0.001 per share (par value \$0.001 per share)	240,000,000	240,000	(220,000)	
Net loss for the period ended December 31, 2007				
Balance, December 31, 2007	240,000,000	240,000	(220,000)	
Common stock issued for cash @ \$0.10 per share	28,200,000	28,200	18,800	
Net loss for the year ended December 31, 2008				
Balance, December 31, 2008	268,200,000	268,200	(201,200)	
Shares issued in conjunction with merger	12,350,000	12,350	537 , 355	
Shares cancelled	(220,000,000)	(220,000)	220,000	
Net loss for the year ended December 31, 2009				
Balance, December 31, 2009	60,550,000	60,550	556 , 155	
Shares issued with respect to Fish Lake	91,553	92	87,408	
Common stock issued for cash @ \$1.00 per share	2,000,000	2,000	552 , 375	1,445,625
Net loss for the period ended June 30, 2010				
Balance, June 30, 2010	62,641,553	\$ 62,642	\$1,195,938	\$1,445,625

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

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Lithium Corporation (An Exploration Stage Company) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited) For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 For the Period from January 30, 2007 (Inception) to June 30, 2010 $\,$

> Ended June 30, 2010

Six Months Six Months Ended June 30, 2009

Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Net loss for the period	\$ (414,689)	\$ (15,173)
Adjustment for non-cash items:		
Write-down of software development		
Depreciation	500	
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) in prepaid expenses	22,665	5,000
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued		
liabilities	(80,818)	(352)
Cook word in angusting activities	(472 242)	(10 525)
Cash used in operating activities	(472,342)	(10,525)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Purchase of equipment		
Purchase of software development		
Interest in mineral properties	(144,990)	
Cash used in investing activities	(144,990)	
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:		
Repayment of loan payable	(169, 463)	
Proceeds from director	(884)	5,000
Proceeds from sale of stock	2,087,500 	
Cash provided by financing activities	1,917,153	5,000
cash provided by financing accivities		
Increase (decrease) in cash	1,299,821	(5,525)
Cash, opening	360,511	7,084
Cash, closing	\$1,660,332	\$ 1,559
	=======	========
Supplemental Cash Flow Information:		
Cash paid for interest	\$ 0	\$ 0
outh para for interest	=======	=======
Cash paid for income taxes	\$ 0	\$ 0
1 1.	=======	========

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

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Lithium Corporation
(An Exploration Stage Company)
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Lithium Corporation (formerly Utalk Communications Inc.) was incorporated on January 30, 2007 under the laws of Nevada. On September 30, 2009, Utalk Communications Inc. changed its name to Lithium Corporation.

Nevada Lithium Corp. was incorporated on March 16, 2009 under the laws of Nevada under the name Lithium Corp. On September 10, 2009, the Company amended its

articles of incorporation to change its name to Nevada Lithium Corp. Lithium intends to engage in the exploration of certain lithium interests in the state of Nevada. The Company is in the exploration stage. These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements of Lithium Corp., have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission, and should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and notes thereto contained in Lithium Corp.'s Annual Report filed with the SEC on Form 10-K. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation of financial position and the results of operations for the interim periods presented have been reflected herein. The results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. Notes to the financial statements which would substantially duplicate the disclosure contained in the audited financial statements for fiscal 2009 as reported in the form 10-K have been omitted.

Loss per Share

Basic loss per share is computed by dividing loss available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year. The computation of diluted earnings per share assumes the conversion, exercise or contingent issuance of securities only when such conversion, exercise or issuance would have a dilutive effect on earnings per share. The dilutive effect of convertible securities is reflected in diluted earnings per share by application of the "if converted" method. In the periods in which a loss is incurred, the effect of potential issuances of shares under options and warrants would be anti-dilutive, and therefore basic and diluted losses per share are the same.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes cash on account, demand deposits, and short-term instruments with maturities of three months or less.

Computer Equipment

Computer equipment is stated on the basis of historical cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets which has been estimated as 2 years. Impairment losses are recorded on computer equipment used in operations when indicators of impairment are present and the undiscounted cash flows estimated to be generated by those assets are less than the assets' carrying amount.

Income Taxes

The asset and liability approach is used to account for income taxes by recognizing deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of temporary differences between the carrying amounts and the tax basis of assets and liabilities.

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Lithium Corporation
(An Exploration Stage Company)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial Instruments

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, interest payable, and loans payable. Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the Company is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risks arising from these financial instruments. Because of the short maturity and capacity of prompt liquidation of such assets and liabilities, the fair value of these financial instruments approximate their carrying values, unless otherwise noted.

Mineral Properties

Costs of exploration, carrying and retaining unproven mineral lease properties are expensed as incurred. Mineral property acquisition costs are capitalized including licenses and lease payments. Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to mineral properties in which it has an interest, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title. Such properties may be subject to prior agreements or transfers and title may be affected by undetected defects.

Impairment losses are recorded on mineral properties used in operations when indicators of impairment are present and the undiscounted cash flows estimated to be generated by those assets are less than the assets' carrying amount.

Recently Adopted Pronouncements

VARIABLE INTEREST ENTITIES

In June 2009, the FASB issued changes to require an enterprise to perform an analysis to determine whether the enterprise's variable interest or interests give it a controlling financial interest in a variable interest entity; to require ongoing reassessments of whether an enterprise is the primary beneficiary of a variable interest entity; to eliminate the quantitative approach previously required for determining the primary beneficiary of a variable interest entity; to add an additional reconsideration event for determining whether an entity is a variable interest entity when any changes in facts and circumstances occur such that holders of the equity investment at risk, as a group, lose the power from voting rights or similar rights of those investments to direct the activities of the entity that most significantly impact the entity's economic $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) +\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$ performance; and to require enhanced disclosures that will provide users of financial statements with more transparent information about an enterprise's involvement in a variable interest entity. The guidance became effective for the Company on February 1, 2010. The adoption of the guidance did not have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

CODIFICATION OF GAAP

In June 2009, the FASB issued guidance to establish the Accounting Standards Codification TM ("Codification") as the source of authoritative accounting principles recognized by the FASB to be applied by nongovernmental entities in the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Rules and interpretive releases of the SEC under authority of federal securities laws are also sources of authoritative GAAP for SEC registrants. The FASB will no longer issue new standards in the form of Statements, FASB Staff Positions, or Emerging Issues Task Force Abstracts; instead, the FASB will issue Accounting Standards Updates ("ASU"). ASUs will not be authoritative in their own right as they will only serve to update the Codification. The issuance of SFAS 168 and the Codification does not change GAAP. The guidance became effective for the Company for the period ending October 31, 2009. The adoption of the guidance did not have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

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Lithium Corporation
(An Exploration Stage Company)
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On July 31, 2009, the Company adopted changes issued by the FASB that establishes general standards of accounting for and disclosure of events that occur after the balance sheet date but before financial statements are issued or are available to be issued. Specifically, the guidance sets forth the period after the balance sheet date during which management of a reporting entity should evaluate events or transactions that may occur for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements, the circumstances under which an entity should recognize events or transactions occurring after the balance sheet date in its financial statements, and the disclosures that an entity should make about events or transactions that occurred after the balance sheet date. The Company has evaluated subsequent events through the date the financial statements were issued.

BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

The Company adopted the changes issued by the FASB that requires the acquiring entity in a business combination to recognize all (and only) the assets acquired and liabilities assumed in the transaction; establishes the acquisition—date fair value as the measurement objective for all assets acquired and liabilities assumed; and requires the acquirer to disclose additional information needed to evaluate and understand the nature and financial effect of the business combination.

The Company also adopted the changes issued by the FASB which requires assets and liabilities assumed in a business combination that arise from contingencies be recognized on the acquisition date at fair value if it is more likely than not that they meet the definition of an asset or liability; and requires that contingent consideration arrangements of the target assumed by the acquirer be initially measured at fair value.

The guidance is effective for the Company's acquisitions occurring on or after February 1, 2009. The Company applied these new provisions to two acquisitions that occurred during the year, Rock Coast Media, Inc. and Pixel Bridge, Inc. These acquisitions are more fully disclosed in Note 5 in our Consolidated Financial Statements.

NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

In December 2007, the FASB issued changes to establish accounting and reporting standards for all entities that prepare consolidated financial statements that have outstanding non-controlling interests, sometimes called minority interest. These standards require that ownership interests in subsidiaries held by outside parties be clearly identified, labelled and presented in equity separate from the parent's equity; the amount of net income attributable to the parent and the non-controlling interest be separately presented on the consolidated statement of income; accounting standards applied to changes in a parent's interest be consistently applied; fair value measurement upon deconsolidation of a non-controlling interest be used; and the interests of the non-controlling owners be already identified and distinguished. The adoption of this guidance had no impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

INTANGIBLE ASSETS

In April 2008, the FASB adopted changes to require companies estimating the useful life of a recognized intangible asset to consider their historical experience in renewing or extending similar arrangements or, in the absence of historical experience, to consider assumptions that market participants would use about renewal or extension as adjusted for entity-specific factors. The guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008 and is to be applied prospectively to intangible assets whether acquired before or after the effective date. The Company adopted the guidance on February 1, 2009. The adoption had no impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

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Lithium Corporation
(An Exploration Stage Company)
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

HIERARCHY OF GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES ("GAAP")
In May 2008, the FASB issued changes to identify the sources of accounting principles and the framework for selecting the principles used in the preparation of financial statements of nongovernmental entities that are presented in conformity with GAAP (the GAAP hierarchy). The guidance is effective 60 days following the SEC's approval of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board amendments to AU section 411, THE MEANING OF PRESENT FAIRLY IN CONFORMITY WITH GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES. Management is currently evaluating the guidance and assessing the impact, if any, on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

REVENUE RECOGNITION

In September 2009, the FASB issued new revenue recognition guidance on multiple deliverable arrangements. It updates the existing multiple-element revenue arrangements guidance currently included under the Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 605-25. The revised guidance primarily provides two significant changes: 1) eliminates the need for objective and reliable evidence of the fair value for the undelivered element in order for a delivered item to be treated as a separate unit of accounting, and 2) requires the use of the relative selling price method to allocate the entire arrangement consideration. In addition, the guidance also expands the disclosure requirements for revenue recognition. ASU 2009-13 will be effective for the first annual reporting period beginning on or after fiscal 2011, with early adoption permitted provided that the revised guidance is retroactively applied to the beginning of the year of adoption. Management is currently evaluating the impact of adopting this guidance on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 2 - GOING CONCERN

Lithium's financial statements are prepared using generally accepted accounting principles applicable to a going concern, which contemplates that the Company will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will realize its assets and liquidate its liabilities in the normal course of business. However, Lithium has no current source of revenue, recurring losses, working capital of \$1,948,011 and a deficit accumulated during the exploration stage of \$346,367 as of March 31, 2010. These factors, among others, raise, substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Lithium's management plans on raising cash from public or private debt or equity financing, on an as-needed basis and in the longer term, revenues from the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral interests, if found. Lithium's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on these additional cash financings and, ultimately, upon achieving profitable operations through the development of mineral

interests. The successful outcome of future activities cannot be determined at this time. The accompanying financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

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Lithium Corporation
(An Exploration Stage Company)
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

On October 9, 2009, the Lithium Corporation completed the acquisition of Nevada Lithium Corp. whereby it issued 12,350,000 common shares in exchange for 100% of the issued and outstanding common shares of Nevada Lithium Corp. This acquisition has been accounted for using the acquisition method .

The deemed value of the α acquisition was \$549,705 based upon the fair value of consideration received.

Assets Purchased:	
Cash	\$ 506,213
Prepaid expenses	25,000
Equipment	1,514
Mineral Properties	197,775
Liabilities Assumed:	
Accounts payable	(750)
Due to related parties	(6,628)
Loans payable	(169,463)
Consideration Paid	\$ 549 , 705
	=======

Consideration paid through the issuance of 12,350,000.

NOTE 4 - COMPUTER EQUIPMENT

	=====	=====	=====
Computer Equipment	\$2,002	\$1,004	\$ 998
	Cost	Amortization	Net Book Value
		Accumulated	

NOTE 5 - MINERAL PROPERTIES

FISH CREEK PROPERTY

On March 16, 2009, the Company entered into a lease agreement whereby it optioned 100% interest in the property by making the following payments:

Payment	Amount	Date			
Upon signature	\$ 20,000	March 16, 2009 (paid)			
1st anniversary	\$ 25,000	March 16, 2010 (paid)			
2nd anniversary	\$ 30,000	March 16, 2011			
3rd through 10th anniversary	\$ 50,000	March 16, 2012 - 2019			
11th through 20th anniversary	\$ 75,000	March 16, 2010 - 2029			
At any time upon commercial production	\$250 , 000				

The lessor reserves a 3% NSR. The Company may purchase 1% of the NSR within 5 years for \$500,000, an additional 1% of the NSR within 10 years for \$1,000,000 and the remaining 1% of the NSR within 15 years for \$2,000,000.

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Lithium Corporation
(An Exploration Stage Company)
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

NOTE 5 - MINERAL PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

FISH LAKE PROPERTY

The Company has purchased a 100% interest in the Fish Lake property \$350,000 worth of equity whereby title shall be transferred to the Company through quit claim deed upon the final stock disbursement. Stock disbursements shall be made quarterly upon the following schedule:

1st Disbursement:	Within 1	LO days	of	signing agreement (paid)
2nd Disbursement:	within 1	l0 days	of	June 30, 2009 (paid)
3rd Disbursement:	within 1	l0 days	of	December 30, 2009 (paid)
4th Disbursement:	within 1	LO days	of	March 31, 2010 (paid)
5th Disbursement:	within 1	LO days	of	June 30, 2010 (paid)
6th Disbursement:	within 1	LO days	of	September 30, 2010
7th Disbursement:	within 1	l0 days	of	December 31, 2010
8th Disbursement:	within 1	LO days	of	March 31, 2011

In addition, the Company will be required to expend \$250,000 on the property over the term of the lease.

STAKED PROPERTIES

The Company has staked claims with various registries as summarized below:

Name	Claims (Area in Acres)	Amount
West Big Smoky	34 (2,720)	\$ 9,915
Salt Wells	156 (12,480)	\$58 , 198
Cortez	62 (4,960)	\$23 , 349
Beowawe	16 (1,280)	\$ 5,481

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Lithium Corporation
(An Exploration Stage Company)
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL STOCK

The Company is authorized to issue 300,000,000 shares of it \$0.001 par value common stock. On September 30, 2009, the Company effected a 60-for-1 forward stock split of its \$0.001 par value common stock.

All share and per share amounts have been retroactively $\,$ restated to reflect the splits discussed above.

COMMON STOCK

On January 30, 2007, the Company issued 240,000,000 shares of its common stock to founders for proceeds of \$20,000.

During the year-ended December 31, 2008, the Company issued 28,200,000 shares of its common stock for total proceeds of 47,000.

On October 9, 2009, the Company cancelled 220,000,000 shares of its common stock. Also on October 9, 2009, the Company issued 12,350,000 shares of its common stock for 100 percent of the issued and outstanding stock of Nevada Lithium Corp. Refer to Note 3.

On January 10, 2010, the Company issued 53,484 shares of its common stock as part of the Fish Lake Property acquisition.

On March 24, 2010, the Company issued 2,000,000 units in a private placement, raising gross proceeds of \$2,000,000, or \$1.00 per unit. Each unit consists of one common share in the capital of our company and one non-transferable common share purchase warrant. Each whole common share purchase warrant non-transferable entitles the holder thereof to purchase one share of common stock in the capital of our company, for a period of twelve months commencing the closing, at a purchase price of \$1.20 per warrant share and at a purchase price of \$1.35 per warrant share for a period of twenty-four months thereafter.

On April 30, 2010, the Company issued 104,168 shares of its common stock as part of the Fish Lake Property acquisition.

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Lithium Corporation
(An Exploration Stage Company)
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

NOTE 7 - INCOME TAXES

The Company did not provide any current or deferred United States federal, state or foreign income tax provision or benefit for the period presented because it has experienced operation losses since inception. The Company has provided a full valuation allowance on the deferred tax asset, consisting primarily of net operating loss carry-forwards, because of uncertainty regarding its realization.

Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes. Significant components of the net deferred taxes at June 30, 2010 are as follows:

	2010
Deferred tax asset attributable to:	
Net operating losses carried forward	\$ 144,168
Valuation allowance	(144,168)
Total net deferred tax asset	\$
	=======

Lithium follows Statement of Financial Accounting Standards Number 109 (SFAS 109) (ASC 740-10), "Accounting for Income Taxes." SFAS No. 109 (ASC 740-10) requires a valuation allowance, if any, to reduce the deferred tax assets reported if, based on the weight of the evidence, it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. Management has determined that a valuation allowance of \$144,000 at June 30, 2010 is necessary to reduce the deferred tax assets to the amount that will more likely than not be realized.

At June 30, 2010, the Company had net operating loss carry-forwards amounting to approximately \$655,419 that expire in various amounts beginning in 2029 in the U.S.

NOTE 8 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On July 10, 2010, the Company issued 104,168 shares of its common stock as part of the Fish Lake Property acquisition.

The Company has analyzed its operations subsequent to June 30, 2010 and through August 12, 2010, the date these financial statements were issued, and has determined that it does not have any other material subsequent events to disclose

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

Except for historical information, the following Management's Discussion and Analysis contains forward-looking statements based upon current expectations that involve certain risks and uncertainties. Such forward-looking statements include statements regarding, among other things, (a) discussions about mineral resources and mineralized material, (b) our projected sales and profitability, (c) our growth strategies, (d) anticipated trends in our industry, (e) our future financing plans, (f) our anticipated needs for working capital, (g) our lack of operational experience and (h) the benefits related to ownership of our common stock. Forward-looking statements, which involve assumptions and describe our future plans, strategies, and expectations, are generally identifiable by use of the words "may," "will," "should," "expect," "anticipate," "estimate," "believe," "intend," or "project" or the negative of these words or other variations on these words or comparable terminology. This information may involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and other factors that may cause our actual results, performance, or achievements to be materially different from the future results, performance, or achievements expressed or implied by any forward-looking statements. These statements may be found under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Description of Business," as well as in this Report generally. Actual events or results may differ materially from those discussed in forward-looking statements as a result of various factors, including, without limitation, the risks outlined under "Risk Factors" and matters described in this Report generally. In light of these risks and uncertainties, there can be no assurance that the forward-looking statements contained in this Report will in fact occur as projected.

In this quarterly report, unless otherwise specified, all dollar amounts are expressed in United States dollars. All references to "common shares" refer to the common shares in our capital stock. As used in this quarterly report, the terms "we," "us," and "our" mean Lithium Corporation, unless otherwise indicated and the term "Nevada Lithium" means our wholly owned subsidiary, Nevada Lithium Corporation, a Nevada corporation.

GENERAL OVERVIEW

We were incorporated under the laws of the State of Nevada on January 30, 2007 under the name "Utalk Communications Inc." At inception, we were a development stage corporation engaged in the business of developing and marketing a call-back service using a call-back platform. Because we were not successful in implementing our business plan, we considered various alternatives to ensure the

viability and solvency of our company.

On August 31, 2009, we entered into a letter of intent with Nevada Lithium Corporation regarding a business combination which may be effected in one of several different ways, including an asset acquisition, merger of our company and Nevada Lithium Corporation, or a share exchange whereby we would purchase the shares of Nevada Lithium Corporation from its shareholders in exchange for restricted shares of our common stock.

Effective September 30, 2009, we effected a one (1) old for 60 new forward stock split of our issued and outstanding common stock. As a result, our authorized capital increased from 50,000,000 shares of common stock with a par value of \$0.001 to 3,000,000,000 shares of common stock with a par value of \$0.001 and our issued and outstanding shares increased from 4,470,000 shares of common stock to 268,200,000 shares of common stock.

Also effective September 30, 2009, we changed our name from "Utalk Communications, Inc." to "Lithium Corporation", by way of a merger with our wholly owned subsidiary Lithium Corporation, which was formed solely for the change of name. The name change and forward stock split became effective with the Over-the-Counter Bulletin Board at the opening for trading on October 1, 2009 under the new stock symbol "LTUM". Our CUSIP number is 536804 107.

On October 9, 2009, we entered into a share exchange agreement with Nevada Lithium Corporation, a Nevada corporation, and the shareholders of Nevada Lithium Corporation. The closing of the transactions contemplated in the share exchange agreement and the acquisition of all of the issued and outstanding

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common stock in the capital of Nevada Lithium Corporation occurred on October 19, 2009. In accordance with the closing of the share exchange agreement, we issued 12,350,000 shares of our common stock to the former shareholders of Nevada Lithium Corporation in exchange for the acquisition, by our company, of all of the 12,350,000 issued and outstanding shares of Nevada Lithium Corporation. Also, pursuant to the terms of the share exchange agreement, a director of our company cancelled 220,000,000 restricted shares of our common stock.

We are an exploration stage mining company engaged in the identification, acquisition, and exploration of metals and minerals with a focus on lithium mineralization on properties located in Nevada.

OUR CURRENT BUSINESS

We are an exploration stage mining company engaged in the identification, acquisition, and exploration of metals and minerals with a focus on lithium mineralization on properties located in Nevada.

Our current operational focus is to conduct exploration activities on our newly acquired properties in Nevada, known as the Fish Lake Valley property and the Fish Creek Caldera property.

FISH LAKE VALLEY PROPERTY

Fish Lake Valley is a lithium enriched salar (also known as a Playa, dry lake, or Salt Pan), which is located in west central Nevada in northern Esmeralda county, and the property is roughly centered at 417050E 4195350N (NAD 27 CONUS). We currently hold eighty (80) acre Association Placer claims that cover approximately 6400 acres. Lithium-enriched Tertiary-era Fish Lake formation Rhyolitic tuffs or ash flow tuffs have accumulated in a valley or basinal environment. Over time interstitial formational waters in contact with these

tuffs, have become enriched in lithium, which could possibly be amenable to the extraction by evaporative methods. Additionally evaporative brine mining is environmentally benign, and is achieved with a minimal carbon footprint. The geological setting at Fish Lake Valley is highly analogous to the salars of Chile, Bolivia, & Peru. Access is excellent in Fish Lake Valley with all weather gravel roads leading to the property from State Highways 264, and 265, and maintained gravel roads ring the Playa. Power is available approximately 15 kilometers from the property, and the village of Dyer is approximately 20 kilometers to the south, while the town of Tonopah Nevada is approximately 75 kilometers to the East. Further sediment and brine sampling studies were conducted on the property in early September, and the company is awaiting further assay information. The company anticipates additional sampling programs in Fall 2009, followed by a geophysical survey, and eventual drilling in Spring 2010. The property is held under mining lease purchase agreement dated June 1, 2009 between Nevada Lithium Corporation, and Nevada Alaska Mining Co. Inc., Robert Craig, Barbara Craig, and Elizabeth Dickman. Nevada Lithium has agreed to issue the vendors \$350,000 worth of common stock of the company in eight regular disbursements, the last of which is slated to occur on March 31st 2011. As at June 30, 2010 two disbursements have been made of stock worth \$87,500.

FISH CREEK CALDERA

The Fish Creek Caldera prospect is located in west-central Lander County approximately 55 kilometers south of the county seat at the town of Battle Mountain in northern Nevada. The property is roughly centered at 473052E4453013N (NAD 27 CONUS), and is comprised of 117 conventional 20 acre Lode Mining Claims which cover an area of approximately 2340 acres. Unlike the Fish Lake Valley prospect it is a more traditional bulk mining target which covers an area of clay altered Caetano, and Fish Creek formation Tertiary volcanic tuffs. Both formations originally contained relatively high concentrations of lithium, and locally, through a possible combination of weathering, and hydrothermal processes, these volcanic rocks have been altered to clays. It is thought that the alteration process may have contributed to further lithium enrichment of the clays. During the conduct of uranium exploratory drilling operations here in 1978 by Phillips Uranium Corporation, lithium mineralization of up to 20,000 ppm was discovered. Access is good to the property with an all weather road leading up from Buffalo Valley to the west of the property, and a county maintained track leading up from Highway 305, some 15 kilometers to the east of the property. A low voltage powerline does terminate at the west edge of the claim block, and higher tension power lines can be found in the general area. We intend to begin preliminary work this fall to outline areas of lithium enrichment in an effort to define drill targets, for more precise evaluation of the economic potential of the property in 2010.

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Our wholly owned subsidiary, Nevada Lithium Corporation, entered into a lease agreement with Cerro Rico Ventures LLC on March 16, 2009. The lease is maintained by an initial payment, and continuing lease payments as set forth in the table below. Cerro Rico reserves a 3% NSR. We may purchase 1% of the NSR within 5 years for a payment of \$500,000. We can purchase an additional 1% of the NSR by paying \$1,000,000 within 10 years. The remainder of the NSR can be purchased within 15 years by paying \$2,000,000.

Payment	Amount	Timing
Upon signature	\$ 20,000	March 16, 2009 (paid)
Upon 1st anniversary	\$ 25,000	March 16, 2010
Upon 2nd anniversary	\$ 30,000	March 16, 2011
Upon 3rd -10th anniversary	\$ 50,000	March 16, 2012 - 2019
Upon 11th - 20th anniversary	\$ 75 , 000	March 16, 2020 - 2029
At any time upon commercial production	\$250,000	

Any commercial production and payment therefore shall supersede the annual lease payment requirements, which cease so long as production is maintained. Upon cessation of production for any period in excess of 6 months, the annual lease payments shall resume.

STAKED PROPERTIES

Our company has staked claims with various registries as summarized below:

Name	Claims (Area in Acres)	Amount
West Big Smoky	34 (2,720)	\$ 9,915
Salt Wells	156 (12,480)	\$59 , 912
Cortez	62 (4,960)	\$22,801
Beowawe	16 (1,280)	\$ 5,481

COMPETITION

The mining industry is intensely competitive. We compete with numerous individuals and companies, including many major mining companies, which have substantially greater technical, financial and operational resources and staffs. Accordingly, there is a high degree of competition for access to funds. There are other competitors that have operations in the area and the presence of these competitors could adversely affect our ability to compete for financing and obtain the service providers, staff or equipment necessary for the exploration and exploitation of our properties.

COMPLIANCE WITH GOVERNMENT REGULATION

Mining operations and exploration activities are subject to various national, state, provincial and local laws and regulations in United States, as well as other jurisdictions, which govern prospecting, development, mining, production, exports, taxes, labor standards, occupational health, waste disposal, protection of the environment, mine safety, hazardous substances and other matters.

We believe that we are and will continue to be in compliance in all material respects with applicable statutes and the regulations passed in the United States. There are no current orders or directions relating to our company with respect to the foregoing laws and regulations.

GOING CONCERN

Our registered independent auditors included an explanatory paragraph in their report on our financial statements as of and for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, regarding concerns about our ability to continue as a going concern.

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Due to this doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern, management is open to new business opportunities, which may prove more profitable to our shareholders. Historically, we have been able to raise a limited amount of capital through private placements of our equity stock, but we are uncertain about our continued ability to raise funds privately. If we are unable to secure adequate capital to continue our acquisition and exploration efforts, our business may fail and our stockholders may lose some or all of their investment.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 COMPARED TO THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE, 2009

We had a net loss of \$309,052 for the quarter ended June 30, 2010, which was \$298,388 greater than the net loss of \$10,714 for the quarter ended June 30, 2009. The significant change in our results over the two periods is primarily the result of increases in exploration expenses, investor relations, professional fees, management fees, amortization, interest, travel and general and administrative fees.

The following table summarizes key items of comparison and their related increase (decrease) for the quarters ended June 30, 2010 and 2009:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2010	Three Months Ended June 30, 2009	Increase (Decrease)
REVENUE	\$	\$	\$
EXPENSES			
Professional fees	29,961	4,750	25,211
Amortization	250		250
Exploration expenses	35 , 055		35 , 055
Consulting expenses	175,000		175,000
Investor relations	17,580		17,580
Interest	1,183		1,183
Management fees	32,600		32,600
Transfer agent and filing fees	2,590		2,590
Travel	9,556		9,556
General and administrative	5 , 277	5,964	(687)
MOMAL DUDDINGE	4200 050		
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$309 , 052	\$ 4,459	\$304,593
	=======	=======	=======

REVENUE

We have not earned any revenues since our inception and we do not anticipate earning revenues in the upcoming quarter.

EQUITY COMPENSATION

We currently do not have any stock option or equity compensation plans or arrangements.

SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 COMPARED TO THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE, 2009

We had a net loss of \$414,689 for the six months ended June 30, 2010, which was \$399,516 greater than the net loss of \$15,173 for the six months ended June 30, 2009. The significant change in our results over the two periods is primarily the result of increases in exploration expenses, investor relations, professional fees, management fees, amortization, interest, travel and general and administrative fees.

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The following table summarizes key items of comparison and their related increase (decrease) for the six month periods ended June 30, 2010 and 2009:

2010	2009	(Decrease)
June 30,	June 30,	Increase
Ended	Ended	
Six Months	Six Months	

REVENUE	\$	\$	\$
EXPENSES			
Professional fees	37,424	4,750	32,674
Amortization	500		500
Exploration expenses	70,743		70,743
Consulting expenses	175,000		175,000
Investor relations	56,235		56 , 235
Interest	5,252		5,252
Management fees	41,800		41,800
Rent	(243)		(243)
Transfer agent and filing fees	3,192		3,192
Travel	11,755		11,755
Website development costs		412	(412)
General and administrative	13,031	10,011	3,020
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$414 , 689	\$ 15,173	\$399,516
	=======	=======	=======

REVENUE

We have not earned any revenues since our inception and we do not anticipate earning revenues in the upcoming quarter.

EQUITY COMPENSATION

We currently do not have any stock option or equity compensation plans or arrangements.

PURCHASE OR SALE OF EQUIPMENT

We do not expect to purchase or sell any plant or significant equipment.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Our balance sheet as of June 30, 2010, reflects assets of \$2,073,611. We had cash in the amount of \$1,660,332 and a working capital in the amount of \$1,640,377 as of June 30, 2010. We have sufficient working capital to enable us to carry out our stated plan of operation for the next twelve months.

	At	At
	June 30,	December 31,
	2010	2009
Current assets	\$1,665,202	\$ 387,061
Current liabilities	24,825	275,005
Working capital	\$1,640,377	\$ 112 , 056

We anticipate generating losses and, therefore, may be unable to continue operations in the future. If we require additional capital, we would have to issue debt or equity or enter into a strategic arrangement with a third party.

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CASH FLOWS

	Six months	Six months
	Ended	Ended
	June 30,	June 30,
	2010	2009
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	\$ (472,342)	\$ (10,525)

Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	\$ (144,990)	\$ Nil
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities	\$ 1,917,153	\$ 5,000
Net Increase in Cash During the Period	\$ 1,299,821	\$ (5,525)

OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Net cash flow used in operating activities during the six-months ended June 30, 2010 was \$472,342 - an increase of \$461,817 from the \$10,525 net cash outflow during the six-months ended June 30, 2009.

INVESTING ACTIVITIES

The primary driver of cash used in investing activities was capital spending in the acquisition of lithium properties.

Cash used in investing activities during the six-months ended June 30, 2010 was \$114,990, which was an increase of \$144,990 from the \$0 of cash used in investing activities during the six-months ended June 30, 2009. This increase in the cash used in investing activities was primarily due to scheduled payments on the Fish Creek and Fish Lake Properties.

FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Cash from financing activities during the six-months ended June 30, 2010 was \$1,917,153, which was an increase of \$1,912,153 from the \$0 of cash from financing activities during the six-months ended June 30, 2009. This increase in the cash from financing activities was primarily due a private placement offset by the repayment of loans.

We estimate that we will spend approximately \$350,000 on general and administrative expenses, \$675,000 on exploration and \$20,000 on travel over the next 12 months.

Specifically, we estimate our operating expenses and working capital requirements for the next 12 months to be as follows:

Estimated Funding Required During the Next 12 Months

Expense	Amount
General and administrative	\$ 350,000
Exploration	\$ 675,000
Mineral Property Costs	\$ 117,000
Travel	\$ 20,000
TOTAL	\$1,162,000
CASH ON HAND, JUNE 30, 2010	\$1,660,332

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We are not aware of any known trends, demands, commitments, events or uncertainties that will result in or that are reasonably likely to result in our liquidity increasing or decreasing in any material way.

FUTURE FINANCINGS

We anticipate continuing to rely on equity sales of our common stock in order to continue to fund our business operations. Issuances of additional shares will result in dilution to our existing stockholders. There is no assurance that we will achieve any additional sales of our equity securities or arrange for debt or other financing to fund our planned business activities.

We presently do not have any arrangements for additional financing for the expansion of our exploration operations, and no potential lines of credit or sources of financing are currently available for the purpose of proceeding with our plan of operations.

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

As a "smaller reporting company", we are not required to provide tabular disclosure obligations.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

We have no off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that is material to stockholders.

RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

For recent accounting pronouncements, please refer to the notes to the financial statements section of this Quarterly Report.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

As a "smaller reporting company", we are not required to provide the information required by this Item.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

MANAGEMENT'S REPORT ON DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed under the SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, as amended, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our president (who is acting as our principal executive officer, principal financial officer and principle accounting officer) to allow for timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

As of June 30, 2010, the end of our quarter covered by this report, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our president (who is acting as our principal executive officer, principal financial officer and principle accounting officer), of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures. Based on the foregoing, our president (who is acting as our principal executive officer, principal financial officer and principle accounting officer) concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report.

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CHANGES IN INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

There have been no changes in our internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during our quarter ended June 30, 2010 that have materially or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal controls over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We may be involved from time to time in ordinary litigation, negotiation and settlement matters that will not have a material effect on our operations or finances. We are not aware of any pending or threatened litigation against us or our officers and directors in their capacity as such that could have a material impact on our operations or finances.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

As a "smaller reporting company", we are not required to provide the information required by this Item.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

There were no unregistered sales of equity securities in the three months ended March 31, 2010.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. [REMOVED AND RESERVED]

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

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ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit No.	Description

- (3) ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION AND BYLAWS
- 3.1 Articles of Incorporation (Attached as an exhibit to our Registration Statement on Form SB-2 originally filed with the SEC on December 21, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 3.2 Bylaws (Attached as an exhibit to our Registration Statement on Form SB-2 originally filed with the SEC on December 21, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 3.3 Articles of Merger (Incorporated by reference from our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 2, 2009).
- 3.4 Certificate of Change (Incorporated by reference from our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 2, 2009).
- (4) INSTRUMENTS DEFINING THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS, INCLUDING INDENTURES
- 4.1 2009 Stock Option Plan (Incorporated by reference from our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 30, 2009).
- (10) MATERIAL CONTRACTS
- 10.1 Share exchange agreement dated October 9, 2009, amount our company, Nevada Lithium Corporation and the selling shareholders of Nevada Lithium Corporation as set out in the share exchange agreement (incorporated by reference from our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 26, 2009).
- Lease Purchase Agreement dated June 1, 2009 between Nevada Lithium Corporation as purchaser and Nevada Mining Co., Inc., Robert Craig, Barbara Craig and Elizabeth Dickman as vendors (Incorporated by reference from our current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 26, 2009).

- 10.3 Lease Agreement dated on March 16, 2009 between Nevada Lithium Corporation as Lessee and Cerro Rico ventures LLC as Lessor (incorporated by reference from our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 26, 2009).
- SUBSIDIARIES OF THE REGISTRANT Nevada Lithium Corporation (21)
- 21.1
- (31) RULE 13A-14 (D)/15D-14D) CERTIFICATIONS 31.1* Section 302 Certification by the Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer
- (32)SECTION 1350 CERTIFICATIONS
- Section 906 Certification by the Principal Executive Officer and 32.1* Principal Financial Officer

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

LITHIUM CORPORATION

Date: August 16, 2010 By: /s/ Tom Lewis

Name: Tom Lewis

Title: President, Treasurer, Secretary and Director (Principal Executive Officer, Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)

^{*} Filed herewith