SINOCOKING COAL & COKE CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES, INC.

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PROSPECTUS

SINOCOKING COAL AND COKE CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES, INC.

11,384,566 shares of Common Stock

This prospectus covers the resale by selling security holders named beginning on page 37 of this prospectus, of up to 11,384,566 shares of our common stock, \$0.001 par value per share, which includes the following shares issued to investors in our private placement financings under Regulation D and Regulation S, completed on March 11, 2010:

- 2,343,268 shares of common stock issued to non-U.S. investors;
- 1,171,634 shares of common stock underlying warrants issued to non-U.S. investors;
 - 5,001,667 shares of common stock issued to U.S. investors; and
- 2,867,997 shares of common stock underlying warrants issued to U.S. investors and placement agents.

These securities will be offered for sale from time to time by the selling security holders identified in this prospectus in accordance with the terms described in the section of this prospectus entitled "Plan of Distribution." We will not receive any of the proceeds from the sale of the common stock by the selling security holders.

Our common stock is currently listed on the NASDAQ Capital Market under the symbol "SCOK." The last reported per share price for our common stock was \$2.64 as quoted on the NASDAQ Capital Market on October 10, 2011.

INVESTING IN OUR COMMON STOCK INVOLVES A HIGH DEGREE OF RISK. SEE "RISK FACTORS" BEGINNING ON PAGE 3.

NEITHER THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION NOR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION HAS APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED OF THESE SECURITIES OR DETERMINED IF THIS PROSPECTUS IS TRUTHFUL OR COMPLETE. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

The date of this prospectus is October 11, 2011

No offers to sell are made, nor are offers sought, to buy these securities in any jurisdiction in which the offer or sale is not permitted. The reader should assume that the information contained in this prospectus is accurate as of the date on the cover page of this prospectus only. Our business, financial condition, results of operations, and prospectus may have changed since that date.

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SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

All statements contained in this prospectus, other than statements of historical facts, that address future activities, events or developments, are forward-looking statements, including, but not limited to, statements containing the words "believe," "anticipate," "expect," "project," "may," "might," "will" and words of similar import. These statements are be certain assumptions and analyses made by us in light of our experience and our assessment of historical trends, current conditions and expected future developments as well as other factors we believe are appropriate under the circumstances. Whether actual results will conform to the expectations and predictions of management, however, is subject to a number of risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially. Such risks are in the section entitled "Risk Factors" beginning on page 3 of this prospectus.

Consequently, all of the forward-looking statements made in this prospectus are qualified by these cautionary statements, and there can be no assurance that the actual results anticipated by management will be realized or, even if substantially realized, that they will have the expected consequences to or effects on our business operations.

PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

This summary provides a brief overview of the key aspects of our business and our securities. The reader should read the entire prospectus carefully, especially the risks of investing in our common stock discussed under "Risk Factors." Some of the statements contained in this prospectus, including statements under "Summary" and "Risk Factors" as well as those noted in the documents incorporated herein by reference, are forward-looking statements and may involve a number of risks and uncertainties. We note that our actual results and future events may differ significantly based upon a number of factors. The reader should not put undue reliance on the forward-looking statements in this document, which speak only as of the date on the cover of this prospectus.

References to "we," "our," "us," the "Company," the "registrant," or "SinoCoking" refer to SinoCoking Coal and Coke Chell Industries, Inc., a Florida corporation, including its consolidated subsidiaries and VIE controlled entities.

Our Business

SinoCoking Coal and Coke Chemical Industries, Inc. is a vertically integrated coal and coke producer based in Henan Province, People's Republic of China ("PRC" or "China"). We use coal that we extract and buy to produce basic and value-added coal products including raw (unprocessed) coal, washed coal, medium coal and coal slurries (by-products of the coal-washing process), and coke products including chemical and metallurgical coke and coal tar (a by-product of the coke manufacturing process).

Corporate Structure

We operate our business through our wholly owned subsidiary Top Favour Limited, a British Virgin Islands company ("Top Favour"), and various entities owned and controlled by it. Top Favour is a holding company that, through its wholly owned subsidiary Pingdingshan Hongyuan Energy Science and Technology Development Co., Ltd. ("Hongyuan"), controls a variable interest entity ("VIE") Henan Province Pingdingshan Hongli Coal & Coke Co., Ltd. ("Hongli"), which operates our coal and coke business in Henan Province in the central region of China. Presently, our coke related activities are carried out by Hongli's branch operation, Baofeng Coking Factory ("Baofeng Coking"), coal related activities by four of Hongli's subsidiaries, namely Baofeng Hongchang Coal Co., Ltd. ("Hongchang Coal"), Baofeng Shuangrui Coal Mining Co., Ltd. ("Shuangrui Coal"), Baofeng Xingsheng Coal Mining Co., Ltd. ("Xingsheng Coal") and Baofeng Shunli Coal Mining Co., Ltd. ("Shunli Coal"), and electricity generation by another Hongli subsidiary, Baofeng Hongguang Environment Protection Electricity Generating Co., Ltd. ("Hongguang Power").

It is our intention to transfer all coal related operations from Hongli's subsidiaries to a joint-venture established with Henan Province Coal Seam Gas Development and Utilization Co., Ltd. ("Henan Coal Seam Gas"), a state-owned enterprise and qualified provincial-level coal mine consolidator. The joint-venture, Henan Hongyuan Coal Seam Gas Engineering Technology Co., Ltd. ("Hongyuan CSG"), has been established, although our planned transfer of coal related activities to Hongyuan CSG has not been carried out as of the date of this prospectus. Our interests in Hongyuan CSG are held by Henan Zhonghong Energy Investment Co., Ltd. ("Zhonghong"), which equity interests are presently held on Hongli's behalf and for its benefit by three nominees pursuant to share entrustment agreements.

In addition, once we complete construction of our new coking plant, we intend to operate the plant through a newly established subsidiary of Hongli, Baofeng Hongrun Coal Chemical Co., Ltd. ("Hongrun"). As of the date of this prospectus however, construction has not been completed.

We refer to Hongli, Hongli's branch and subsidiaries and the joint venture collectively as "Hongli Group." We control Hongli Group through contractual arrangements with Hongli Group and its owners. These contractual arrangements provide for management and control rights, and in addition entitle the Company to receive the earnings and control the

assets of Hongli Group. Other than the interests in these contractual arrangements, neither the Company nor Hongyuan has any equity interests in Hongli Group. We refer to the Company, Top Favour, Hongyuan and Hongli Group collectively as "SinoCoking."

\$44 Million Private Placement Financing

On March 11, 2010 we completed two private placement financings, pursuant to exemptions under Regulation S and Regulation D respectively, in which we sold and issued units consisting of common stock and common stock warrants, for a purchase price of USD \$6.00 per unit, resulting in aggregate proceeds of \$44 million (collectively referred to as the "Financing"). Each unit consisted of one (1) share of common stock and a warrant for the purchase of 0.5 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$12.00 per share. The investor warrants are exercisable for a period of five years from the date of issuance. The Financing was conducted pursuant to Securities Purchase Agreements dated February 5 and March 10, 2010, in two closings. In connection with the foregoing, we entered into a registration rights agreement with the U.S. investors pursuant to which we agreed to file a registration statement to register both the shares of common stock, and the common stock underlying the warrants, issued in the financing. We also agreed to undertake commercially reasonable efforts to register the shares of common stock and the common stock underlying the warrants issued to the non-U.S. investors in the Financing.

Madison Williams and Company, LLC ("Madison Williams") and Rodman & Renshaw, LLC ("Rodman & Renshaw"), a wholly owned subsidiary of Rodman & Renshaw Capital Group, Inc. acted as placement agents in the Financing.

The financing resulted in total gross proceeds to the Company of \$44 million, and the issuance by us of a total of 7,344,935 shares of common stock, and five-year warrants for the purchase of an additional 3,789,631 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$12.00 per share and five-year warrants for the purchase of 250,000 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$6.00 per share. For further details concerning the above financing, please refer to the disclosures on page 23 of this prospectus.

Securities Being Registered

We are registering 11,384,566 shares of our common stock for sale by the selling security holders identified in the section of this prospectus entitled "Selling Security Holders," issued to them in the Financing pursuant to exemptions under Regulation S and Regulation D respectively, in which we sold and issued units consisting of common stock and common stock warrants, for a purchase price of \$6.00 per unit. In accordance with our registration rights agreement that we entered into with investors in the Financing (more fully described below), we are registering for resale the following: (i) 2,343,268 shares of common stock issued to non-U.S. investors; (ii) 1,171,634 shares of common stock underlying warrants issued to non-U.S. investors; (iii) 5,001,667 shares of common stock issued to U.S. investors; and (iv) 2,867,997 shares of common stock underlying warrants issued to U.S. investors and placement agents. Information regarding our common stock is included in the section of this prospectus entitled "Description of Securities."

The shares of common stock offered under this prospectus may be sold by the selling security holders on the public market, in negotiated transactions with a broker-dealer or market maker as principal or agent, or in privately negotiated transactions not involving a broker or dealer. Information regarding the times and manner in which the shares of common stock offered under this prospectus may be offered and sold is provided in the sections of this prospectus entitled "Plan of Distribution." We will not receive any of the proceeds from those sales. The registration of the shares of common stock offered under this prospectus does not necessarily mean that any of these shares will ultimately be offered or sold by the selling security holders.

General Information

Our principal executive offices are located at Kuanggong Road and Tiyu Road 10th Floor, Chengshi Xin Yong She, Xinhua District, Pingdingshan, Henan Province, China 467000, and our telephone number is +86-3752882999.

RISK FACTORS

The reader should carefully consider the risks described below together with all of the other information included in this prospectus. The statements contained in or incorporated into this prospectus that are not historic facts are forward-looking statements that are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those set forth in or implied by forward-looking statements. If any of the following risks actually occurs, our business, financial condition or results of operations could be harmed. In that case, the trading price of our common stock could decline, and an investor in our securities may lose all or part of their investment.

Risks Related To Our Business

Our business and results of operations are dependent on China's coal and coke markets, which may be cyclical.

The principal source of our revenue is from the sale of coal and coke within China, thus the business and operating results are highly dependent on domestic Chinese demand for coal and coke. The Chinese coal and coke markets are cyclical and exhibit fluctuation in supply and demand from year to year. They are subject to numerous factors beyond our control, including, but not limited to, general economic conditions in the PRC and fluctuations in industries with high demand for coal, such as the power and steel industries. These factors are also linked to or influenced by global economic conditions. Fluctuations in supply and demand for coal and coke affect their prices, which in turn affect our operating and financial performance. We have seen substantial price fluctuations in these commodities in the past and believe that such fluctuations may continue. The demand for coal and coke are primarily influenced by the pace of domestic economic growth and development, and the demand for coal and coke from the power, steel, and construction industries. The supply of coal and coke, on the other hand, are primarily affected by the geographic

location of coal mines, the volume of coal and coke produced by the domestic and international coal suppliers, tariffs duties and trade controls, value-added taxes imposed on imports, international freight costs, and the quality and price of competing sources of coal and coke. Alternative fuels, such as natural gas, oil and nuclear power, and alternative energy sources, such as hydroelectric power, wind, geothermal and solar, also have influences on the market demand for coal and coke. Excess supply of coal or coke or significant reduction in the demand for our coal or coke by domestic power or steel producers may have an adverse effect on their prices, which would in turn cause a decline in our profitability. In addition, any significant decline in PRC domestic coal or coke prices could materially and adversely affect our business and results of operations.

Our mining and coking operations are inherently subject to changing conditions that can affect our profitability.

Our mining and coking operations are inherently subject to changing conditions that can affect levels of production and production costs for varying lengths of time and can result in decreases in profitability. We are exposed to commodity price risk related to the purchase of diesel fuel, wood, explosives and steel. In addition, weather and natural disasters (such as earthquakes, landslides, flooding, and other similar occurrences), unexpected maintenance problems, key equipment failures, fires, variations in thickness of the layer, or seam, of coal, amounts of overburden, rock and other natural materials, variations in rock and other natural materials and variations in geological conditions can be expected in the future to have, a significant impact on our operating results. Prolonged disruption of production at the mine would result in a decrease in our revenues and profitability, which could be material. Other factors affecting the production and sale of our coal and coke that could result in decreases in our profitability include:

- ·sustained high pricing environment for raw materials, including, among other things, diesel fuel, explosives and steel;
- ·changes in the laws and/or regulations that we are subject to, including permitting, safety, labor and environmental requirements;

labor shortages; and

changes in the coal and coke market and general economic conditions.

Our coal and coke operations are extensively regulated by the PRC government and government regulations may limit its activities and adversely affect its business operations.

Our coal and coke operations, like those of other Chinese natural resources and energy companies, are subject to extensive regulations administered by the PRC government. Central governmental authorities, such as the National Development and Reform Commission, the State Environmental Protection Administration, the Ministry of Land and Resources, the State Administration of Coal Mine Safety, the State Bureau of Taxation, and provincial and local authorities and agencies exercise extensive control over various aspects of China's coal mining and transportation (including rail and sea transport). These controls affect the following material aspects of our operations:

exploration, exploitation and mining rights and licensing;

rehabilitation of mining sites after mining is completed;

recovery rate requirements;

industry-specific taxes and fees;

target of our capital investments;

· pension funds appropriation; and

environmental and safety standards.

We believe that our operations are in compliance with applicable legal and regulatory requirements. However, there can be no assurance that the central, provincial or local governments in the PRC will not impose new, stricter regulations or interpretations of existing regulations that would require additional expenditures by us to comply. We may face significant constraints on our ability to implement our business strategies or to carry out or expand business operations. We may also be materially and adversely affected by future changes in certain regulations and policies of the PRC government in respect of the coal or coke industry. New legislation or regulations may be adopted that may materially and adversely affect our operations, our cost structure or demand for our products. In addition, new legislation or regulations or different or more stringent interpretation of existing laws and regulations may also require us to substantially change our existing operations or incur significant costs.

The Henan Province Pingdingshan Municipal Bureau of Land and Resources is requiring coking factories with a furnace height of less than 4.3 meters to phase out their operations in the next two to three years. As our existing coking furnace's height is 3 meters, we plan to upgrade and retrofit our coking furnace to 5.5 meters in height in the next two years, and we are buildings our new coking facility to have furnaces that exceed these regulatory standards.

We may not be able to resume our coal mining operations in the near future.

With the PRC government's increasing concern regarding mine safety issues, particularly in light of several recent accidental explosions in coal mines (operated by other companies) due to inadequate internal safety measures, and the implementation of the State Council's Regulation on Phase-out of Small Coal Mines, industry-wide coal mine safety inspections have been ongoing in Henan since June 2010. During the course of these inspections, all coal mines in Henan have been shut down, although we have been operating Hongchang coal mine at 50% capacity. On August 1, 2011, Hongchang coal mine and Xingsheng coal mine received clearance from mining engineers and safety experts of Henan Coal Seam Gas to resume coal production. Both mines are currently undergoing operational and safety upgrades and have not resumed full operations as of the date of this prospectus. We are also preparing Shuangrui coal mine and Shunli coal mine to meet government-set requirements on, among other things, coal mines' conditions, coal reserve volume and mining equipment. However, we do not know when we can obtain clearance to resume operations at these mines.

This and future interruptions to our coal mining operations, albeit temporary, may have a material effect on our financial results and operations. Moreover, additional new legislation or regulations may be adopted, or the enforcement of existing laws could become more stringent, either of which may have a significant impact on our mining operations or customers' ability to use coal and may require our customers to significantly change operations or to incur substantial costs.

Our future success may depend substantially upon our ability to complete and operate the new coking plant.

A central element of our business plan involves the construction and operation of our new coking plant. We entered into several contracts with contractors and suppliers and commenced construction of this new plant and related facilities on March 3, 2010. As of the date of this prospectus, construction has not yet been completed. As of June 30, 2011, the total amount due under the above-described contracts for the plant construction was approximately \$40,915,000, of which approximately \$30,102,000 has been paid, and the remaining \$10,813,000 will be paid based on construction progress. While we believe new operations resulting from the successful completion of the plant's construction as planned will be profitable, prior to completion there can be no assurance that we will be able to operate the new plant profitably. The future profitability of our coking operations will also depend on our ability to secure washed coal on a cost-effective basis.

Our business operations may be adversely affected by present or future environmental regulations.

As a producer of coal and coke products, we are subject to significant, extensive, and increasingly stringent environmental protection laws and regulations in China. These laws and regulations:

impose fees for the discharge of waste substances;

· require the establishment of reserves for reclamation and rehabilitation;

require the payment of fines for serious environmental offences; and

•allow the Chinese Government, at its discretion, to close any facility that fails to comply with environmental regulations or government orders, requiring such facilities to comply or cease operations.

Our operations may produce waste water, gas and solid waste materials. Currently, the PRC government is moving toward more rigorous enforcement of applicable laws and regulations as well as the adoption and enforcement of more stringent environmental standards. Our current amounts of capital expenditure for environmental regulatory compliance may not be sufficient if additional regulations are imposed and we may need to allocate additional funds for such purpose. If we fail to comply with current or future environmental laws and regulations, we may be required to pay penalties or fines or take corrective actions, any of which may have a material adverse effect on our business operations and financial condition.

In addition, China is a signatory to the 1992 United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change and the 1997 Kyoto Protocol, which are intended to limit emissions of greenhouse gases. Efforts to control greenhouse gas emission in China could result in reduced use of coal and coke if customers switch to sources of fuel with lower carbon dioxide emissions, which in turn could reduce the revenues of our businesses and have a material adverse effect on results of operations.

Demand for coal and coke and their respective prices are closely linked to consumption patterns of the power and steel industries in China. Any changes in consumption patterns could affect our operations and profitability.

Demand for coal and coke and the prices that we will be able to obtain for these products are closely linked to consumption patterns of the power generation and steel industries in China. These consumption patterns are influenced by factors beyond our control, including the demand for electricity; demand for steel; government regulation; technological developments and the location, availability, quality and price of competing sources of coal and coke; alternative fuels, such as natural gas, oil and nuclear power, and alternative energy sources, such as hydroelectric power, wind, geothermal and solar. Any reduction in the demand for coal or coke by the domestic power

and steel industries may cause a decline in demand and revenue from our products which would reduce our profitability.

If transportation for our coal or coke becomes unavailable or uneconomic for our customers, our ability to sell our products could suffer.

Transportation costs represent a significant portion of the total cost of coal and, as a result, the cost of transportation is a critical factor in a customer's purchasing decision. Increases in transportation costs could make our products a less competitive source of energy or could make some of our offerings less competitive than other sources of coal or coke. We rely upon trucking, national, provincial and local highways and roadways, and the national railway system to transport our products. Regulation of, and the overall cost of using these forms of transportation may be outside of our control. Further changes in the accessibility and cost of these forms of transportation could affect our ability to deliver our products to our customers, and which, in turn, could affect the attractiveness of our products relative to competing alternatives. In addition, these modes of transportation depend upon the support of the national, provincial and local governments for their maintenance and operation, and their reliability will depend on the actions and resources of these governments.

Risks inherent to mining could increase the cost of operating our business.

Our mining operations are subject to conditions beyond our control that can delay coal deliveries or increase the cost of mining for varying lengths of time. These conditions include weather and natural disasters (such as earthquakes, landslides, flooding, and other similar occurrences), unexpected maintenance problems, key equipment failures, fires, variations in thickness of the layer, or seam, of coal, amounts of overburden, rock and other natural materials, variations in rock and other natural materials and variations in geological conditions.

As with all companies that have coal mining operations, our operations are affected by mining conditions such as a deterioration in the quality or thickness of faults and/or coal seams, pressure in mine openings, presence of gas and/or water inflow and propensity to spontaneous combustion, as well as operational risks associated with industrial or engineering activity, such as mechanical breakdowns. Although we have conducted geological investigations to evaluate such mining conditions and adapt our mining plans to address them, there can be no assurance that the occurrence of any adverse mining conditions would not result in an increase in our costs of production, a reduction of coal output or the temporary suspension of operations.

We may suffer losses resulting from industry-related accidents and lack of insurance.

We operate coal mines and related facilities that may be affected by water, gas, fire or structural problems. As a result, our operations, like other coal mining and coking companies, could experience accidents that cause property damage and personal injuries. Although we have implemented safety measures at our operations, and provide on-the-job training for our employees, and, in accordance with relevant laws set aside approximately 9.6% of employees' total remuneration for employees' health insurance, there can be no assurance that industry-related accidents will not occur in the future.

We currently do not maintain fire, or other property insurance covering our properties, equipment or inventories. In addition, we do not maintain any business interruption insurance or any third party liability insurance to cover claims in respect of personal injury, property or environmental damage arising from accidents on our properties. Any uninsured losses and liabilities incurred by us could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations. For instance, if it occurred, a major mining accident could prompt government-mandated closure of some or all of our mining operations, which would then require us to spend significant resources on remediation which could consume our available capital resources. Further, until such remediation is completed, we would be required to obtain our raw coal inputs from other third party suppliers at a higher price, which would adversely affect our gross margins on coal and coke products. Although the likelihood of a major mining accident is extremely difficult to predict, we note that we have never suffered a casualty or major mining-related accident since inception, we have never been found to be out of compliance with government safety standards, and management believes our mining operations are safer than the industry average in China.

Our ability to operate effectively could be impaired if we lose key personnel or fails to attract qualified personnel.

Our business is managed by a number of key personnel, the loss of any of which could have a material adverse effect on operations. In addition, as business develops and expands, we believe that our future success will depend greatly on our continued ability to attract and retain highly skilled and qualified personnel. We cannot assure that key personnel will continue to be employed by us or that we will be able to attract and retain qualified personnel in the future. We employ our key personnel on an at-will basis, which means that either the Company or the employee may generally terminate the employment relationship at any time for any reason. Accordingly, if we are not able to effectively fill vacancies of departing key persons, our business may be impaired. Further, we note that our management is heavily dependent on the skills, experience, contacts, and business relationships of our founder and chief executive officer, Mr. Jianhua Lv. Accordingly, the loss of Mr. Lv could cause significant impairment to the business of our Company.

A downturn in global economic conditions may materially adversely affect our business and results of operations.

Our business and results of operations are affected by international, national and regional economic conditions. Financial markets in the United States, Europe and Asia have experienced significant disruption in the past year, including among other things, heightened volatility in security prices, constrained liquidity and credit availability, rating downgrades of certain investments and declining values of others. We are unable to predict the likely duration and severity of the current disruptions in financial markets, credit availability, and adverse economic conditions throughout the world. These economic developments affect businesses in a number of ways that could result in unfavorable consequences to the Company. Adverse global economic conditions, including within the PRC, could negatively affect commodity prices, or may cause our current or potential customers to delay or reduce purchases which could, in turn, result in reductions in sales volumes or prices, materially and adversely affecting results of operations and cash flows. Volatility and disruption of global financial markets could limit our customers' abilities to obtain adequate financing to maintain operations and proceed with planned or new capital spending initiatives, leading to a reduction in sales volume that could materially and adversely affect results of operations and cash flow. In addition, a decline in our customers' abilities to pay as a result of an economic downturn may lead to increased

difficulties in the collection of accounts receivable, higher levels of reserves for doubtful accounts and write-offs of accounts receivable, and higher operating costs as a percentage of revenues.

Certain of our shareholders control a significant amount of our common stock.

Approximately 31.7% of our outstanding common stock is controlled by one holding entity, of which our founder and chief executive officer, Mr. Jianhua Lv, is a director and beneficiary. Accordingly, Mr. Lv presently has significant relative voting power and influence over any action requiring shareholder approval, including the election of our directors.

Our acquisitions may disrupt or have a negative impact on our business.

We could have difficulty integrating personnel and operations of Shuangrui Coal, Xingsheng Coal and Shunli Coal with our own. In addition, their key personnel may not be willing to work for us. In addition to the risks described above, acquisitions are accompanied by a number of inherent risks, including, without limitation, the following:

- the effect of any government regulations which relate to the business acquired;
- ·delays and waiting periods associated with required safety inspections, as well as government licensing or permitting procedures;
- ·difficulties in disposing of the excess or idle facilities of an acquired company or business and expenses in maintaining such facilities;

difficulties in maintaining uniform standards, controls, procedures and policies;

- •the potential impairment of relationships with employees and customers as a result of any integration of new management personnel;
- ·potential unknown liabilities associated with acquired businesses and the associated operations, or the need to spend significant amounts to retool, reposition or modify the existing operations; and
- ·the defense of any litigation, whether or not successful, resulting from actions of the acquired company prior to the acquisition.

For instance, as a required part of the process of consolidating mines in China, a consolidator is required to undergo safety inspections which apply to its existing and operating mines as well as acquired mines. These government inspections, as well as the required permitting and permitting process, may require substantial time to complete, and this may cause interruptions our coal mining operations. While Xingsheng Coal has received clearance to resume operations, Shuangrui Coal and Shunli Coal have not, and we do not know when such clearance will be issued, if at all. Further, if safety issues are identified by government mine inspection authorities, we may be required to undertake costly and time-consuming remedial measures in order to restore production.

Our business could be impaired to the extent that management is unable to succeed in addressing any of these risks or other problems encountered in connection with these acquisitions, many of which cannot be presently identified, these risks and problems could disrupt our ongoing business, distract the management and employees, increase our expenses and adversely affect our results of operations.

A large portion of our current revenue is derived from relatively few customers.

We depended on three major customers for a substantial portion of our revenue in fiscal 2011. Nonrenewal or termination of our arrangements with these customers may have a materially adverse effect on our revenue. In the event that any one of our major customers does not renew or terminates its arrangement with us, there can be no assurance that we will be able to enter into another arrangement similar in scope. Additionally, there can be no assurance that our business will not remain largely dependent on a limited customer base accounting for a substantial portion of revenue.

Risks Related to Our Corporate Structure

If the Chinese government determines that the contractual arrangements through which we control Hongli do not comply with applicable regulations, our business could be adversely affected. If the PRC regulatory bodies determine that such agreements do not comply with PRC regulatory restrictions on foreign investment, we could be subject to severe penalties. In addition, changes in such Chinese laws and regulations may materially and adversely affect our business.

There are uncertainties regarding the interpretation and application of PRC laws, rules and regulations, including but not limited to the laws, rules and regulations governing the validity and enforcement of the contractual arrangements between Hongyuan and Hongli. Although we have been advised by our PRC counsel that based on their understanding of the current PRC laws, rules and regulations, the contractual arrangements with Hongli and its owners, as well our ability to enforce our rights thereunder, comply with all applicable PRC laws, rules and regulations, and do not violate, breach, contravene or otherwise conflict with any applicable PRC laws, rules or regulations, we cannot assure you that the PRC regulatory authorities will not determine that our corporate structure and contractual arrangements violate PRC laws, rules or regulations. If the PRC regulatory authorities determine that

our contractual arrangements are in violation of applicable PRC laws, rules or regulations, our contractual arrangements will become invalid or unenforceable. In addition, new PRC laws, rules and regulations may be introduced from time to time to impose additional requirements that may be applicable to our contractual arrangements.

The Chinese government has broad discretion in dealing with violations of laws and regulations, including levying fines, revoking business and other licenses and requiring actions necessary for compliance. In particular, licenses and permits issued or granted to us by relevant governmental bodies may be revoked at a later time by higher regulatory bodies. We cannot predict the effect of the interpretation of existing or new Chinese laws or regulations on our businesses. We cannot assure you that our current ownership and operating structure would not be found in violation of any current or future Chinese laws or regulations. As a result, we may be subject to sanctions, including fines, and could be required to restructure our operations or cease to provide certain services. Any of these or similar actions could significantly disrupt our business operations or restrict us from conducting a substantial portion of our business operations, which could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

If we, Hongyuan or Hongli are determined to be in violation of any existing or future PRC laws, rules or regulations or fail to obtain or maintain any of the required governmental permits or approvals, the relevant PRC regulatory authorities would have broad discretion in dealing with such violations, including:

- revoking the business and operating licenses of Hongli and/or voiding the contractual arrangements; discontinuing or restricting the operations of Hongli;
- · imposing conditions or requirements with which we or Hongyuan or Hongli may not be able to comply; requiring us to restructure the relevant ownership structure or operations;
- · restricting or prohibiting our use of the proceeds from our initial public offering to finance our business and operations in China; or

imposing fines or other forms of economic penalties.

As we do not have direct ownership of Hongli, the imposition of any of these penalties may have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

Our contractual arrangements with Hongli and its owners as well as our ability to enforce our rights thereunder may not be as effective in providing control over Hongli as direct ownership.

We have no equity ownership interest in Hongli, and rely on contractual arrangements to control the company. We cannot assure you that the owners of Hongli will always act in our best interests, and these contractual arrangements may not be as effective in providing control over the company as direct ownership. For example, Hongli could fail to take actions required for our business despite its contractual obligation to do so. If Hongli fails to perform under its agreements with us, we are required by the terms of these agreements to enforce our rights by arbitration before The China International Economic and Trade Arbitration Commission (CIETAC). According to the Rule of CIETA, to initiate such proceeding, we must first prepare and submit an arbitration request to CIETAC for its acceptance. Once accepted, CIETAC will form an arbitration tribunal to hear the matter, set a hearing date and notify Hongli of the proceeding. Hongli will have 45 days from the receipt of such notice to prepare its statement of defense. While we have been advised by our PRC counsel that current CIETAC rules requires a decision to be rendered within six months from the selection of the arbitration tribunal, the passage of any prolong period of time without resolution may disrupt and negatively affect our business operations. Further, we must borne half of CIETAC's fees in addition to our own expenses incurred to prepare for such proceeding, which fees may become prohibitively expensive as the arbitration must take place in Shanghai and be conducted in Chinese. As we are also contractually bound by CIETAC's decision, in the event such decision is unfavorable to us, we may effectively lose our control over Hongli, which could materially and adversely affect our business, financial conditions and results of operations.

Management members of Hongli have potential conflicts of interest with us, which may adversely affect our business and your ability for recourse.

Mr. Jianhua Lv, our chief executive officer, is also the chairman of Hongli and owns 85.4% of its equity ownership interests. Conflicts of interests between their respective duties to our company and Hongli may arise. As our director and executive officer, he has a duty of loyalty and care to us under U.S. law when there are any potential conflicts of interests between our company and Hongli. We cannot assure you, however, that when conflicts of interest arise, he will act completely in our interests or that conflicts of interests will be resolved in our favor. For example, he may determine that it is in Hongli's interests to sever the contractual arrangements with Hongyuan, irrespective of the effect such action may have on us. Because Hongli is our sole operating business and we derive our income entirely from the contractual arrangements, and we would have no or minimal operations and assets if these contractual arrangements are severed. In addition, he could violate his legal duties by diverting business opportunities from us to others, thereby reducing the amount of payment that Hongli is obligated to remit to us under the consulting services agreement.

In the event that you believe that your rights have been infringed under the U.S. securities laws or otherwise as a result of any one of the circumstances described above, it may be difficult or impossible for you to bring an action against Hongli or our officers or directors who are also members of Hongli's management, and all of whom reside within China. Even if you are successful in bringing an action, the laws of China may render you unable to enforce a judgment against the assets of Hongli and its management, all of which are located in China.

Our principle shareholder may be subject to registration requirements under current regulations relating to offshore investment activities by PRC residents, the non-compliance of which may subject us to fines and sanctions that could adversely affect our business.

In October 2005, the State Administration of Foreign Exchange ("SAFE") promulgated the Relevant Issues Concerning Foreign Exchange Control on Domestic Residents' Corporate Financing and Roundtrip Investment Through Offshore Special Purpose Vehicles, or Circular 75, that states that if PRC citizens residing in the PRC, or PRC residents, use assets or equity interests in their PRC entities as capital contributions to establish offshore companies or inject assets or equity interests of their PRC entities into offshore companies to raise capital overseas, they must register with local SAFE branches with respect to their overseas investments in offshore companies. They must also file amendments to their registrations if their offshore companies experience material events involving capital variation, such as changes in share capital, share transfers, mergers and acquisitions, spin-off transactions, long-term equity or debt investments or uses of assets in China to guarantee offshore obligations. Under this regulation, their failure to comply with the registration procedures set forth in such regulation may result in restrictions being imposed on the foreign exchange activities of the relevant PRC entity, including the payment of dividends and other distributions to its offshore parent, as well as restrictions on the capital inflow from the offshore entity to the PRC entity.

Risks Related To Doing Business in China

Our operations are primarily located in China and may be adversely affected by changes in the policies of the PRC government.

The political environment in the PRC and the policies of the PRC government may adversely affect our business operations. The PRC has operated as a socialist state since 1949. In recent years, however, the government has introduced economic reforms aimed at creating a "socialist market economy" and policies have been implemented to allow business enterprises greater autonomy in their operations. Changes in the political leadership of the PRC may have a significant effect on laws and policies related to the current economic reforms program, other policies affecting business and the general political, economic and social environment in the PRC, including the introduction of measures to control inflation, changes in the rate or method of taxation, the imposition of additional restrictions on currency conversion and remittances abroad, and foreign investment. These effects could substantially impair our business, profits or prospects. Moreover, economic reforms and growth in the PRC have been more successful in certain provinces than in others, and the continuation or increases of such disparities could affect the political or social stability of the PRC.

The PRC government exerts substantial influence over the manner in which companies in China must conduct their business activities.

The PRC only recently has permitted greater provincial and local economic autonomy and private economic activities. The government of the PRC has exercised and continues to exercise substantial control over virtually every sector of the Chinese economy through regulation and state ownership. Accordingly, government actions in the future, including any decision not to continue to support recent economic reforms and to return to a more centrally planned economy or regional or local variations in the implementation of economic policies, could have a significant effect on economic conditions in the PRC or particular regions thereof, and if this were to occur, we could be required to divest the interests we then hold in Chinese properties or joint ventures. Any such developments could have a material adverse effect on our business, operations, financial condition and prospects.

Future inflation in China may inhibit economic activity and adversely affect our operations.

In recent years, the Chinese economy has experienced periods of rapid expansion and within which some years with high rates of inflation and deflation, which have led to the adoption by the PRC government, from time to time, of various corrective measures designed to restrict the availability of credit or regulate growth and contain inflation. While inflation has moderated since 1995, high inflation may in the future cause the PRC government to impose controls on credit and/or prices, or to take other action, which could inhibit economic activity in China, and thereby adversely affect our business operations and prospects.

We may be restricted from freely converting the RMB to other currencies in a timely manner.

The Renminbi ("RMB") is not a freely convertible currency at present. We receive all of our revenue in RMB, which may need to be converted to other currencies, primarily U.S. dollars, in order to be remitted outside of the PRC. Effective July 1, 1996, foreign currency "current account" transactions by foreign investment enterprises, including Sino-foreign joint-ventures, are no longer subject to the approval of SAFE, but need only a ministerial review, according to the Administration of the Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Provisions promulgated in 1996 (the "FX regulations"). "Current account" items include international commercial transactions, which occur on a regular basis, such as those relating to trade and provision of services. Distributions to joint-venture parties also are considered "current account transactions." Other non-current account items, known as "capital account" items, remain subject to SAFE approval. Under current regulations, we can obtain foreign currency in exchange for RMB from swap centers authorized by the government. We do not anticipate problems in obtaining foreign currency to satisfy our requirements; however, there is no assurance that foreign currency shortages or changes in currency exchange laws and regulations by the PRC government will not restrict us from freely converting RMB in a timely manner.

We may be unable to enforce our rights due to policies regarding the regulation of foreign investments in China.

The PRC's legal system is a civil law system based on written statutes in which decided legal cases have little value as precedents, unlike the common law system prevalent in the United States. The PRC does not have a well-developed, consolidated body of laws governing foreign investment enterprises. As a result, the administration of laws and regulations by government agencies may be subject to considerable discretion and variation, and may be subject to influence by external forces unrelated to the legal merits of a particular matter. China's regulations and policies with respect to foreign investments are evolving. Definitive regulations and policies with respect to such matters as the permissible percentage of foreign investment and permissible rates of equity returns have not yet been published. Statements regarding these evolving policies have been conflicting and any such policies, as administered, are likely to be subject to broad interpretation and discretion and to be modified, perhaps on a case-by-case basis. The uncertainties regarding such regulations and policies present risks that we will not be able to achieve our business objectives. There can be no assurance that we will be able to enforce any legal rights we may have under our contracts

or otherwise.

We depend upon the acquisition and maintenance of licenses to conduct our business in the PRC.

In order to conduct business in the PRC, we need licenses from the appropriate government authorities, including general business licenses and licenses and/or permits specific to our industry. The loss or failure to obtain or maintain these licenses in full force and effect will have a material adverse impact on our ability to conduct our business and on our financial condition. Mining licenses in China are generally subject to periodic renewal, and license fees associated with renewal may be subject to negotiation between the Company and the relevant government authorities. The government may in the future decide to increase these fees, or impose levies or surcharges on coal mine and mining rights. No assurance can be given regarding the timing or magnitude of these types of government actions.

Price controls may affect both our revenues and net income.

The laws of the PRC provide the government broad power to fix and adjust prices. Although coal and coke are not presently subject to direct price controls by the PRC government, we cannot give any assurance that these products will not be made subject to such controls in the future. To the extent that these products are subject to price controls, our revenue, gross profit, gross margin and net income may be adversely affected since the revenue we derive may become limited and we may face no limitation on our costs. In such a scenario, we may not be able to pass on any increases in costs to our customers. Further, if price controls affect both the revenue and the costs, our ability to operate profitably and the extent of the profitability will be effectively subject to determination by the applicable PRC regulatory authorities.

Since our officers and directors reside outside of the United States, it may be difficult for you to enforce your rights against them or enforce United States court judgments against them in the PRC.

Our directors and executive officers reside in the PRC and all of our assets are located in the PRC. It may therefore be difficult or impossible for United States investors to enforce their legal rights, to effect service of process upon our directors or officers or to enforce judgments of United States courts predicated upon civil liabilities and criminal penalties of our directors and officers under federal securities laws. Further, there are no extradition treaties now in effect between the United States and the PRC, which may limit the effective enforcement against us or our officers and directors of criminal penalties under the U.S. federal securities law or otherwise.

Since we may not be able to obtain business insurance in the PRC, we may not be protected from risks that are customarily covered by insurance in the United States.

At present, business insurance is not readily available in the PRC. To the extent that we suffer a loss of a type which would normally be covered by insurance in the United States, such as product liability and general liability insurance, we would incur significant expenses in both defending any action and in paying any claims that result from a settlement or judgment.

Since our funds are held in banks which do not provide insurance, the failure of any bank in which we deposit our funds could affect our ability to continue in business.

Banks and other financial institutions in the PRC do not provide insurance for funds held on deposit. As a result, in the event of a bank failure, we may not have access to funds we deposit in PRC banks. Depending upon the amount of money we maintain in a PRC bank that fails, our inability to have access to cash could impair operations, and, if we are not able to access funds to pay our suppliers, employees and other creditors, we may be unable to continue in business.

Failure to comply with the United States Foreign Corrupt Practices Act could subject us to penalties and other adverse consequences.

We are subject to the United States Foreign Corrupt Practices Act, which generally prohibits United States companies from engaging In bribery or other prohibited payments to foreign officials for the purpose of obtaining or retaining business. Foreign companies, including some that may compete with us, are not subject to these prohibitions. Corruption, extortion, bribery, pay-offs, theft and other fraudulent practices occur from time-to-time in the PRC. We can make no assurance, however, that our employees or other agents will not engage in such conduct for which SinoCoking might be held responsible. If our employees or other agents are found to have engaged in such practices, SinoCoking could suffer severe penalties and other consequences that may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Fluctuations in the exchange rate could have an adverse effect upon our business and reported financial results.

We conduct our business in RMB, thus our functional currency is the RMB, while our reporting currency is the U.S. dollar. The value of the RMB against the U.S. dollar and other currencies may fluctuate and is affected by, among other things, the political situation as well as economic policies and conditions. On July 21, 2005, the PRC government changed its decade old policy of pegging its currency to the U.S. currency. Under the current policy, the RMB is permitted to fluctuate within a narrow and managed band against a basket of certain foreign currencies. This change in policy has resulted in an approximate 21.2% appreciation of the RMB against the U.S. dollar between July 21, 2005 and September 12, 2011. However, there remains significant international pressure on the PRC government to adopt an even more flexible currency policy, which could result in a further and more significant appreciation of the

RMB against the U.S. dollar. To the extent any of our future revenues are denominated in currencies other than the United States dollar, we would be subject to increased risks relating to foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations which could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and operating results since operating results are reported in United States dollars and significant changes in the exchange rate could materially impact our reported earnings.

Our PRC subsidiaries and controlled entities are subject to restrictions on making payments to us, which could adversely affect our cash flow and our ability to pay dividends on our capital stock.

We are a holding company incorporated in the State of Florida and do not have any assets or conduct any business operations other than our investment in our operating subsidiaries in China. As a result of our holding company structure, we rely entirely on contractual payments or dividends from our PRC subsidiaries for our cash needs, including the funds necessary to pay any dividends and other cash distributions to our shareholders, to service any debt we may incur and to pay our operating expenses. The payment of dividends by entities established in China is subject to limitations. Regulations in China currently permit payment of dividends only out of accumulated profits as determined in accordance with accounting standards and regulations in China. Each of our PRC subsidiaries is required to set aside at least 10% of its after-tax profit based on PRC accounting standards each year to its general reserves or statutory capital reserve fund until the aggregate amount of such reserves reaches 50% of its respective registered capital. As a result, our PRC subsidiaries are restricted in their ability to transfer a portion of their net assets to us in the form of dividends, loans or advances. We anticipate that in the foreseeable future our PRC subsidiaries will need to continue to set aside 10% of their respective after-tax profits to their statutory reserves. Further, Hongyuan and our VIEs in China may in the future, incur debt on its or their own, the instruments governing such debt may restrict such subsidiary's ability to make contractual or dividend payments to any parent corporation or other affiliated entity. If we are unable to receive all of the funds we require for our operations through contractual or dividend arrangements with our PRC subsidiaries, we may not have sufficient cash flow to fund our corporate overhead and regulatory obligations in the United States and may be unable to pay dividends on our shares of capital stock.

Risks Related to an Investment in Our Securities

The rights of the holders of common stock may be impaired by the potential issuance of dilutive securities, namely preferred stock, convertible debt, and additional common stock.

Our board of directors has the right, without shareholder approval, to issue other dilutive securities with voting, dividend, conversion, liquidation or other rights which could adversely affect the voting power and equity interest of the holders of our common stock. These additional securities could be issued with the right to more than one vote per share, and/or could be utilized as a method of discouraging, delaying or preventing a change of control. The possible impact on takeover attempts could adversely affect the price of the common stock. Although we have no present intention to issue any additional dilutive securities for financing purposes, we may issue such shares in the future.

Under our charter and relevant corporate and securities law, the board of directors may approve the issuance of common stock in connection with certain types of transactions such as of acquisitions of other companies or mining assets, without obtaining shareholder approval. As a result, additional securities may be issued in the event of such transactions, resulting in dilution of the holdings of all pre-transaction shareholders, even though one or more of our shareholders may disagree with our decision to acquire a target or assets.

Our stock price may be affected by our failure to meet projections and estimates of earnings developed either by us or by independent securities analysts.

Our operating results may fall below the expectations of securities analysts and investors. In this event, the market price of our common stock would likely be materially adversely affected.

The market price for our common stock may be volatile and subject to wide fluctuations, which may adversely affect the price at which you can sell our shares.

The market price for our common stock may be volatile and subject to wide fluctuations in response to factors including the following:

actual or anticipated fluctuations in our quarterly operations results;
 changes in financial estimates by securities research analysts;
 conditions in foreign or domestic coal or coke markets;

changes in the economic performance or market valuations of other meat processing companies; announcements by us or our competitors of new products, acquisitions, strategic partnerships, joint-ventures or capital commitments;

addition or departure of key personnel;
 fluctuations of exchange rates between the RMB and the U.S. dollar;
 intellectual property litigation; and
 general economic or political conditions in China.

In addition, the securities market has from time to time experienced significant price and volume fluctuations that are not related to the operating performance of particular companies. These market fluctuations may also materially and adversely affect the market price of our stock.

If we were to become subject to the penny stock rules, you may have difficulty in selling our common stock.

Listed companies with a stock price trading at less than \$5.00 per share will be subject to the SEC's penny stock rules, which impose additional sales practice requirements and restrictions on broker-dealers that sell our stock to persons

other than established customers and institutional accredited investors. As we have become subject to these rules, these rules may affect the ability of broker-dealers to sell our common stock and may affect your ability to sell any common stock you may own. According to the SEC, the market for penny stocks has suffered in recent years from patterns of fraud and abuse. Such patterns include:

- ·Control of the market for the security by one or a few broker-dealers that are often related to the promoter or issuer;
- · Manipulation of prices through prearranged matching of purchases and sales and false and misleading press releases;
- ·Boiler room practices involving high pressure sales tactics and unrealistic price projections by inexperienced sales persons;
 - · Excessive and undisclosed bid-ask differentials and markups by selling broker-dealers; and
- •The wholesale dumping of the same securities by promoters and broker-dealers after prices have been manipulated to a desired level, along with the inevitable collapse of those prices with consequent investor losses.

Our common stock is a relatively new listing and has a limited trading history. As a result, in the near future and beyond, liquidity in our shares may be limited, and you may be unable to sell at or near the purchased price or at all if you need to sell your shares or otherwise liquidate your holdings.

We cannot predict the extent to which an active public market for our common stock will develop or be sustained. Our common stock became listed on NASDAQ in February 2010, and our shares have only a limited amount of trading history. In addition, our common stock has a limited public float, and we are relatively unknown to stock analysts, stock brokers, institutional investors and others in the investment community that generate or influence sales volume. As a consequence, there have been and may be periods of several days or more when trading activity in the shares is or will be minimal or non-existent, as compared to a seasoned issuer that has a large and steady volume of trading activity that will generally support continuous sales without an adverse effect on share price. We cannot provide any assurance that a broader or more active public trading market for our common stock will develop or be sustained in the future, or that any particular level of trading volume in our stock will be sustained.

The market for our common stock is expected to be characterized by significant price volatility when compared to seasoned issuers, and we anticipate that our share price will continue to be more volatile than a seasoned issuer for some time. The price at which you purchase our common stock may not be indicative of the price that will prevail in the trading market. You may be unable to sell your common stock at or above your purchase price if at all, which may result in substantial losses to you. Volatility in share prices is attributable to a number of factors. In the near future, our common stock is expected to be sporadically and/or thinly traded. As a consequence of this lack of liquidity, the trading of relatively small quantities of shares by our shareholders may disproportionately influence the price of those shares in either direction. The price for our shares could, for example, decline precipitously in the event a large number of our common shares are sold on the market without commensurate demand, as compared to a seasoned issuer which could better absorb those sales without adverse impact on our share price. The following factors also may add to the volatility in the price of our common stock: actual or anticipated variations in our quarterly or annual operating results; adverse outcomes; additions to or departures of key personnel, as well as other items discussed under this Risk Factor section, as well as elsewhere in our reports, filings and public disclosures. Many of these factors are beyond our control and may decrease the market price of our common stock, regardless of our operating performance. We cannot make any predictions or projections as to what the prevailing market price for our common stock will be at any time, including as to whether our common stock will sustain any particular trading price, or as to what effect the sale of shares or the availability of common shares for sale at any time will have on the then prevailing market price.

Volatility in our common stock price may subject SinoCoking to securities litigation.

The future market for our common stock may be characterized by significant price volatility when compared to seasoned issuers, and we expect our share price will be more volatile than a seasoned issuer for the indefinite future. There are periods during which the trading volume of our stock is relatively low, which may exacerbate volatility and result in exaggerated price changes in the common stock. In the past, plaintiffs have often initiated securities class action litigation against a company following periods of volatility in the market price of our securities. We may, in the future, be the target of similar litigation. Securities litigation could result in substantial costs and liabilities and could divert management's attention and resources.

We have incurred and will continue to incur increased costs as a public company which may affect our profitability.

As a public company, we have incurred and will continue to incur significant legal, accounting and other expenses. We are subject to the SEC's rules and regulations relating to public disclosure. SEC disclosures generally involve a substantial expenditure of financial resources. In addition, the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, as well as new rules subsequently implemented by the SEC, has required changes in corporate governance practices of public companies. We expect that if we undertake compliance with these new rules and regulations we will significantly increase our

legal and financial compliance costs and make some activities more time-consuming and costly. For example, we are required to maintain independent board committees and adopt policies regarding internal controls and disclosure controls and procedures. For example, management may need to increase compensation for senior executive officers, engage senior financial officers able to adopt financial reporting and control procedures, allocate a budget for an investor and public relations program, and increase our financial and accounting staff in order to meet the demands and financial reporting requirements as a public reporting company. Such additional personnel, public relations, reporting and compliance costs will affect our financial results.

Failure to achieve and maintain effective internal controls in accordance with Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act could have a material adverse effect on our business and operating results and shareholders could lose confidence in our financial reporting.

Internal controls are necessary for us to provide reliable financial reports and effectively prevent fraud. If we cannot provide reliable financial reports or prevent fraud, our operating results could be harmed. Under current SEC regulations, we are required to include an auditor's report on internal controls over financial reporting in our annual 10-K reports with the SEC. Failure to achieve and maintain an effective internal control environment, could cause investors to lose confidence in our reported financial information, which could have a material adverse effect on our stock price. The report issued by our auditors, which report is included in this prospectus, identifies several material weaknesses and deficiencies and concludes that our internal controls are not effective for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011.

Generally, we have not paid any cash dividends to our shareholders and no cash dividends will be paid in the foreseeable future.

We do not anticipate paying cash dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future and it may not have sufficient funds legally available to pay dividends. Even if the funds are legally available for distribution, we may nevertheless decide or may be unable to pay any dividends. We intend to retain all earnings for our operations.

Past activities during the period prior to our Share Exchange on February 5, 2010 relating to our prior business then known as "Ableauctions.com, Inc." may lead to future liability.

Prior to our acquisition of Top Favour Limited (the BVI holding company for our business) on February 5, 2010, the Company, then known as "Ableauctions.com, Inc.," engaged in businesses unrelated to our current operations. Although certain previously controlling shareholders of Ableauctions.com and its related liquidating trust have provided certain indemnifications against any loss, liability, claim, damage or expense arising out of or based on any breach of or inaccuracy in any of their representations, warranties and covenants made regarding such acquisition, including a \$1 million reserve fund set aside by a liquidating trust for purposes of paying any indemnification claims by us, any liabilities relating to such prior business against which we are not completely indemnified may have a material adverse effect on us (and indirectly our shareholders) may not be able to benefit from any funds in reserve.

Reverse takeover transactions of the type conducted between the Company (then known as Ableauctions.com) and Top Favour are often heavily scrutinized by the SEC and we may encounter difficulties or delays in obtaining future regulatory approvals.

Historically, the SEC and the U.S. national exchanges have not generally favored transactions in which a privately-held company merges into a public reporting company with listed securities. On June 29, 2005, the SEC adopted rules dealing with private company mergers into dormant or inactive public companies. Although our Company was not a dormant inactive public company at the time of the reverse takeover transaction, we anticipate that the Company will be scrutinized carefully by the SEC and possibly by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority. Further, the SEC or other regulatory authority may unexpectedly assert a different interpretation of its rules, than the interpretation relied upon, used by, or considered reasonable the Company and its advisors, and by other companies conducting similar or analogous transactions, which could increase the cost of, or adversely affect our ability to, file and achieve effectiveness for our registration statements, or interfere with or negate the ability of the Company its shareholders to rely upon Rule 144 or similar rules.

Future sales of shares of our common stock may decrease the price for such shares.

Actual sales, or the prospect of sales by our shareholders, may have a negative effect on the market price of the shares of our common stock. We may also register certain shares of our common stock that are subject to outstanding convertible securities, if any, or reserved for issuance under our stock option plans. Once such shares are registered, they can be freely sold in the public market upon exercise of the options. At any given time, if any of our shareholders either individually or in the aggregate cause a large number of securities to be sold in the public market, or if the market perceives that these holders intend to sell a large number of securities, such sales or anticipated sales could result in a substantial reduction in the trading price of shares of our common stock and could also impede our ability to raise future capital.

The elimination of monetary liability against our directors, officers and employees under state law and the existence of indemnification rights to our directors, officers and employees may result in substantial expenditures by us and may discourage lawsuits against our directors, officers and employees.

Our articles of incorporation contain specific provisions that eliminate or limit the liability of directors for monetary damages to us and our shareholders, and we are prepared to give such indemnification to our directors and officers to the extent permissible under state law. We may also maintain or enter into, from time to time, contractual agreements that obligate us to indemnify our officers under employment agreements, and similar contractual agreements with our directors. The foregoing indemnification obligations could result in us incurring substantial expenditures to cover the cost of settlement or damage awards against directors and officers, in the event of actions against our officers and directors, which we may be unable to recoup. These provisions and resultant costs may also discourage us from

bringing a lawsuit against directors and officers for breaches of their fiduciary duties, and may similarly discourage the filing of derivative litigation by our shareholders against the directors and officers even though such actions, if successful, might otherwise benefit the Company and its shareholders.

We may need additional capital, and the sale of additional shares or other equity securities could result in additional dilution to our shareholders.

We believe that our current cash and cash equivalents, anticipated cash flow from operations, availability of borrowings under the new loan, and the net proceeds from the Financing will be sufficient to meet our anticipated cash needs for the near future. We may, however, require additional cash resources due to changed business conditions or other future developments, including any investments or acquisitions we may decide to pursue. If our resources are insufficient to satisfy our cash requirements, we may seek to sell additional equity or debt securities or obtain additional credit. The sale of additional equity securities could result in additional dilution to our shareholders. Incurring indebtedness would result in increased debt service obligations and could result in operating and financing covenants that would restrict our operations. We cannot assure you that financing will be available in amounts or on terms acceptable to it, if at all.

The registration and potential sale, either pursuant to our prospectus or pursuant to Rule 144, by certain selling security holders of a significant number of shares could encourage short sales by third parties.

There may be significant downward pressure on our stock price caused by the sale or potential sale of a significant number of shares by certain of selling security holders pursuant to our effective registration statement on Form S-1 and prospectus or under Rule 144, which could allow short sellers of our stock an opportunity to take advantage of any decrease in the value of our stock. The presence of short sellers in our common stock may further depress the price of our common stock. If the selling security holders sell a significant number of shares of common stock, the market price of our common stock may decline. Furthermore, the sale or potential sale of the offered securities pursuant to the prospectus and the depressive effect of such sales or potential sales could make it difficult for us to raise funds from other sources.

BUSINESS

General Overview

SinoCoking Coal and Coke Chemical Industries, Inc. (the "Company") is a vertically-integrated coal and coke producer based in Henan Province, People's Republic of China ("PRC" or "China"). Our products include raw coal, washed coal, "medium" coal and slurries, coke and coal tar. We also generate electricity with gas emitted during the coking process, which we use primarily to power our operations.

All of our business operations are conducted by Henan Province Pingdingshan Hongli Coal & Coke Co., Ltd. ("Hongli"), which we control through contractual arrangements that Hongli and its owners have entered into with Pingdingshan Hongyuan Energy Science and Technology Development Co., Ltd. ("Hongyuan"). These contractual arrangements provide for management and control rights, and in addition entitle us to receive the earnings and control the assets of Hongli. Hongyuan is wholly-owned by Top Favour Limited ("Top Favour"), our wholly-owned subsidiary. Other than our interests in the contractual arrangements, neither we, Top Favour nor Hongyuan own any equity interests in Hongli.

Currently:

- · coking related operations are carried out by Baofeng Coking Factory ("Baofeng Coking), a branch of Hongli;
 - · coal related operations are under the following subsidiaries of Hongli:
 - o Baofeng Hongchang Coal Co., Ltd. ("Hongchang Coal");
 - o Baofeng Shunli Coal Ming Co., Ltd. ("Shunli Coal"), which is wholly-owned by Hongchang Coal;
 - o Baofeng Shuangrui Coal Mining Co., Ltd. ("Shuangrui Coal"); and
 - o Baofeng Xingsheng Coal Mining Co., Ltd. ("Xingsheng Coal");

and

·electricity generation is carried out by Baofeng Hongguang Environment Protection Electricity Generating Co., Ltd. ("Hongguang Power"), also a wholly owned subsidiary of Hongli.

It is our intention to transfer all coal related operations from Hongli's subsidiaries to a joint-venture established with Henan Province Coal Seam Gas Development and Utilization Co., Ltd. ("Henan Coal Seam Gas"), a state-owned enterprise and qualified provincial-level coal mine consolidator. The joint-venture, Henan Hongyuan Coal Seam Gas Engineering Technology Co., Ltd. ("Hongyuan CSG"), has been established, although our planned transfer of coal related activities to Hongyuan CSG has not been carried out as of the date of this prospectus. Our interests in Hongyuan CSG are held by Henan Zhonghong Energy Investment Co., Ltd. ("Zhonghong"), which equity interests are presently held on Hongli's behalf and for its benefit by three nominees pursuant to share entrustment agreements.

In addition, once we complete construction of our new coking plant, we intend to operate the plant through a newly established subsidiary of Hongli, Baofeng Hongrun Coal Chemical Co., Ltd. ("Hongrun"). As of the date of this prospectus, however, construction has not been completed.

Hongguang Power"), which we refer to collectively as the "Baofeng Subsidiaries." We refer to Hongli and the Baofeng Subsidiaries collectively as "Hongli Group." We refer to the Company, Top Favour, Hongyuan and Hongli Group collectively as "SinoCoking."

Our Industry

World Coal Reserves

According to the Energy Information Administration ("EIA"), total recoverable reserves of coal around the world are estimated at 929 billion metric tons. Historically, estimates of world recoverable coal reserves, although relatively stable, have declined gradually from 1,145 billion metric tons in 1991 to 1,083 billion metric tons in 2000 and 929 billion metric tons in 2006. Although coal deposits are widely distributed, 80% of the world's recoverable reserves are located in five countries: the United States (28.0%), Russia (19.0%), China (14.0%), India (10.0%) and Australia (9.0%). In 2006 those five countries, taken together, produced 4.9 billion metric tons (95.8 quadrillion BTU) of coal, representing 71.0% (75.0% on a BTU basis) of total world coal production. By rank, anthracite and bituminous coal account for 51.0% of the world's estimated recoverable coal reserves on a tonnage basis, and sub-bituminous and lignite coal account for 50.0%. In 2006, coal accounted for 27% of world energy consumption, of which 62% was shipped to electricity producers, 34% to industrial consumers, and most of the remaining 4% to coal consumers in the residential and commercial sectors. Coal's share of total world energy consumption is expected to increase to 28% in 2030.

Quality and geological characteristics of coal deposits are important parameters for coal reserves. Coal is a heterogeneous source of energy, with quality (for example, characteristics such as heat, sulfur, and ash content) varying significantly by region and even within individual coal seams. At the top end of the quality spectrum are premium-grade bituminous coals, or coking coals, used to manufacture coke for the steelmaking process. The heat content of bituminous coal ranges from 21.0 million to 30.0 million BTU/ton (approximately 5,300 to 7,550 kcal/kg) on a moist, mineral-matter-free basis. Coking coals produced in the United States have an estimated heat content of 26.3 million BTU per ton (approximately 6,600 kcal/kg) and relatively low sulfur content of approximately 0.9 percent by weight. At the other end of the spectrum are reserves of low-BTU lignite. On a BTU basis, lignite reserves show considerable variation. Estimates published by the International Energy Agency for 2005 indicate that the average heat content of lignite in major producing countries varies from a low of 4.4 million BTU per ton (approximately 1,100 kcal/kg) in Greece to a high of 12.4 million BTU per ton (approximately 3,100 kcal/kg) in Canada.

The growth rate for world coal consumption is expected to be 1.9% from 2006 to 2015 and 1.6% from 2015 to 2030, generally reflecting the growth trends for both world GDP and world primary energy consumption.

Coal Consumption and Demand in China

According to EIA, China and India together will account for 90 percent of the projected increase in world coal consumption from 2006 to 2030. Strong economic growth is projected for both countries (averaging 6.4 percent per year in China and 5.6 percent per year in India from 2006 to 2030), and much of the increase in their demand for energy, particularly in the electric power and industrial sectors, is expected to be met by coal.

Coal use in China's electricity sector is projected to increase from 24.9 quadrillion BTU in 2006 to 57.3 quadrillion BTU in 2030, at an average rate of 3.5% per year. At the beginning of 2006, China had an estimated 350 gigawatts of coal-fired capacity in operation. To meet the demand for electricity that is expected to accompany its rapid economic growth, an additional 600 gigawatts of coal-fired capacity (net of retirements) is projected to be brought on line in China by 2030, requiring large financial investments in new coal-fired power plants and associated transmission and distribution systems.

Approximately half of China's coal use in 2006 was in the non-electricity sectors, principally in the industrial sector. In 2006, China was the world's leading producer of both steel and pig iron, and between 2006 and 2030, coal demand in China's non-electricity sectors is expected to increase by 13.9 quadrillion BTU. Despite such substantial growth, however, the non-electricity share of total coal demand is expected to decline to 41.0% in 2030. Because China has only limited reserves of oil and natural gas, coal remains the primary source of energy in its industrial sector, even as electricity's share of total industrial energy use rises from 18.0% percent in 2006 to an expected 28.0% in 2030.

Coal Production in China

EIA estimates that China's coal production increased from 1,459 million short metric tons in 2001 to 2,804 million short metric tons in 2007. China contributed approximately 40.0% to world coal production in 2007 whereas in 2001, it contributed 28.0%.

Bituminous coal comprised 75.0% of China's coal production. China's bituminous coal production increased from 1,138 million short metric tons in 2001 to 1,984 million short metric tons in 2006.

From 2006 to 2030, coal production in China is projected to increase by 52.8 quadrillion BTU or 2,617 million short metric tons. Management believes that the production estimates suggest that most of the demand for coal in China will continue to be met by domestic production.

After reaching a peak in the first half of 2008, coal prices, as measured by the Qinhuangdao benchmark spot price (Shanxi blend, 5,500 kcal/kg), saw sharp declines in the latter half of 2008. Coal prices are expected to stay in the 550 RMB/ton range for 2009 through 2011, as the global economy recovers and coal demand increases. However, coal prices could see near-term declines as China's five power giants together with China Resources are expected to purchase imported coal at lower international prices, which may impose great pressure on domestic coal pricing.

Coking Industry in China

Coke is a hardened, solid carbonaceous residue derived from low-ash, low-sulfur bituminous coal from which the volatile constituents are driven off by baking in an oven without oxygen at high temperatures so that the fixed carbon and residual ash are fused together. The two major types of coke are metallurgical coke and chemical coke, which are primarily used in the manufacture of pig iron, which is a major component in the production of steel. Metallurgical

coke is classified into three grades depending on the level of carbon and other mineral content – Grade I coke, which is suitable for larger furnaces and has a high heat yield compared to Grade II and Grade III. The quality of coke has a significant impact on the production of iron. Compared to the other grades of coke, Grade I coke produces the least ash and is the highest quality, therefore yielding more iron and achieving higher productivity.

World metallurgical coke production reached 612 million metric tons in 2008, a slight increase in production from 2007. China is currently the powerhouse in the global coke industry, producing 374 million metric tons of coke in 2008, accounting for 60% of total global production. Japan, the second largest coke producer in the world, produces 42 million metric tons annually and holds a 7% market share. For the first five months of 2009, China produced 126 million metric tons of coke, down 7.4 percent from the previous year. China is by far the most important market for metallurgical coke in every key aspect covering production, consumption and export. Locality has been a major driving force behind metallurgical coke production capacity growth in north, northeast and east of China. These areas have large pools of coal reserves and are strategically located near the coal ports - boosting the supply chain of metallurgical coke market. The availability and close proximity to both imported and domestic coal coupled with existing transportation infrastructure have provided the catalyst for expansion of the metallurgical coke market. Steel production and demand distribution is also closely mirrored by metallurgical coke production and demand. Increased number of steel coke production facilities growing in these areas has sparked the building of new metallurgical coke plants looking to meet new increasing demand.

Coke Uses and By-Products

As mentioned above, metallurgical coke is primarily used for steel manufacturing. Chemical coke, however, commonly referred in China to as gas coke, is mainly used in China to produce synthesis gas, a gas mixture largely of hydrogen and carbon monoxide that is combustible and often used as a fuel source or as an intermediate for the production of other chemicals including methanol, formaldehyde and ammonia. China has exacting national standards for coke, based upon a variety of metrics, including most importantly, ash content, volatilization, caking qualities, sulfur content, mechanical strength and abrasive resistance. Typically, metallurgical coke must have more than 80% fixed carbon, less than 15% ash content, less than 0.8% sulfur content and less than 1.9% volatile matter. Chemical coke, on the other hand, must have more than 80% fixed carbon, less than 18% ash content, less than 1% sulfur content and less than 3% volatile matter.

Coal tar is a by-product of the distillation of metallurgical coal in coke processing. Coal tar in turn is distilled into many fractions to yield a number of useful organic products, including benzene, toluene, naphthalene and anthracene. The Company's tar is sold mainly to producers of naphthalene, anthracene, carbon lack and water proofing materials. Coal gas is obtained as a by-product in the preparation of coke. Its composition varies but largely consists of hydrogen and methane with small amounts of other hydrocarbons, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and nitrogen.

China Coke Pricing

The Shanxi Coking Industry Association lowered its reference price for coke sales in September 2009 by RMB 80/ton. In September, the free-on-rail price for coke with sulphur content less than 0.7% and ash content below 12.5% would be RMB 1,780/ton, inclusive of VAT, down RMB 80/ton from August. The move follows a price cut just two weeks before, when the SCIA lowered its August reference price by RMB 20/ton to RMB 1,860/ton. Meanwhile, the association asked coke enterprises to limit production by 60%-70% to reduce coke stocks and stabilize market supply. The Hebei Coke & Chemical Industry Association cut the Grade II or "2nd Grade" met coke reference price by RMB 150/ton to RMB 1,700/ton for September. In 2009, the association suggested that PRC coke producers cut production by 30% to support coke prices.

Coke prices saw significant declines from their peaks in the first half of 2008, as there was reduced demand from the iron and steel industries. Prices have subsequently been volatile for most of 2009, closing at 1,780 RMB/ton at the end of September. Since September 2009, coke prices have increased approximately 10%, resulting from improved economic conditions and increased steel demand. The price of coke closed at 1,970 RBM/ton in the beginning of May 2010.

Due to the Chinese central government's regulations, all the unqualified coking facilities with furnace height of less than 4.3 meters will have to be shut down within a short period. As a result, management believes coke will be in short supply future years.

Corporate History and Structure

We were incorporated in Florida on September 30, 1996, originally under the name "J. B. Financial Services, Inc." From the date of incorporation until August 24, 1999, we had no material business and no material revenues, expenses, assets or liabilities. We changed our name to "Ableauctions.com, Inc." on July 19, 1999, and subsequently operated an online auction business and a real estate business.

On December 30, 2009, our shareholders approved a Plan and Agreement of Share Exchange, dated July 17, 2009, with Top Favour under which we agreed to acquire all of the outstanding capital stock of Top Favour in exchange for the issuance of 13,117,952 shares of our common stock to the shareholders of Top Favour (the "Share Exchange"). The Share Exchange was consummated on February 5, 2010 (the "Closing Date"). On the Closing Date:

- we ceased operating all of our businesses that existed and were held prior to the Closing Date;
- •we changed our name from "Ableauctions.com, Inc." to "SinoCoking Coal and Coke Chemical Industries, Inc." to reflect the business of Top Favour, and effected a 1-for-20 reverse stock split of our issued and outstanding shares of common stock, by filing an amendment to our articles of incorporation with Florida's Department of State;
- ·all of our directors and officers prior to the Share Exchange resigned, and successor officers and directors designated by Top Favour were appointed to our board of directors and management;
- ·all of our pre-Share Exchange assets (e.g., relating to online auctions, liquidation, real estate services, finance and development) were transferred to a liquidating trust (the "Liquidating Trust"), including the capital stock of our pre-Share Exchange subsidiaries;
 - the Liquidating Trust assumed all of our pre-Share Exchange liabilities;
- ·Top Favour and its subsidiaries and controlled companies became our subsidiaries and controlled companies; and
- ·the business, operations and assets of Top Favour (e.g., production of coal, coke and electricity) became our sole business, operations and assets.

On March 11, 2010 we completed two private placement financings, pursuant to exemptions under Regulation S and Regulation D respectively, in which we sold and issued a total of 7,344,935 shares of common stock, and five-year warrants for the purchase of an additional 3,789,631 shares of common stock, resulting in aggregate proceeds of \$44 million (collectively referred to as the "Financing"). The Financing was conducted pursuant to Securities Purchase Agreements dated February 5, 2010 and March 10, 2010, in two closings. The registration statement to register the shares of common stock issued or underlying the securities issued in connection with the Financing was filed on May 11, 2010 and was declared effective on September 13, 2010.

Top Favour

Top Favour is a holding company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands on July 2, 2008. Top Favour was formed by the owners of Hongli as a special vehicle for raising capital outside of the PRC. Other than holding 100% of the equity interests in Hongyuan, Top Favour has no operations of its own.

Hongyuan

Hongyuan is a PRC limited liability company with registered capital of \$3 million and is the wholly-owned subsidiary of Top Favour. Hongyuan was approved as a wholly foreign owned enterprise ("WFOE") by the Henan provincial government on February 26, 2009 and formally organized on March 18, 2009. Other than activities relating to its contractual arrangements with Hongli, Hongyuan has no separate operations of its own.

Hongli

Hongli is a limited liability company organized in the PRC on July 5, 1996 with registered capital of RMB 8,808,000 (approximately \$1,055,248), held by four Chinese nationals: 83.66% by Mr. Jianhua Lv, our chairman and chief executive officer, 6.44% by Ms. Xin Zheng, 4.95% by Mr. Wenqi Xu, and 4.95% by Mr. Guoxiang Song. In August 2010, the Pingdingshan municipal government notified Hongli to increase its registered capital to RMB 28,080,000 (approximately \$4,001,248) in order to maintain its coal trading license. Accordingly, the owners of Hongli contributed the additional registered capital in full in August 2010, although not in proportion to their original ownership percentages: Mr. Lv and Ms. Zheng increased their holdings to 85.40% and 9.19%, respectively, while Mr. Xu and Mr. Song decreased their holdings to 3.99% and 1.42%, respectively. Registration of such additional contribution and change in ownership percentages with the Administration for Industry and Commerce ("AIC") of Pingdingshan was completed in April 2011.

Currently, Hongli has a branch, seven subsidiaries and a joint venture as follows (collectively "Hongli Group"):

Branch:

· Baofeng Coking was established on May 31, 2002 as a branch of Hongli, and operates our existing coking plant.

Subsidiaries:

- ·Hongchang Coal is a limited liability company formed in the PRC on July 19, 2007 with registered capital of RMB 3 million (approximately \$396,000). Hongchang Coal is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Hongli and holds the rights to mine Hongchang coal mine. While the mine has received clearance to resume full operation, the mine is currently undergoing operational and safety upgrades and has been operating at approximately 50% capacity (see "Our Products and Operations Coal Mining" below).
- ·Hongguang Power is a limited liability company formed in the PRC on August 1, 2006 with registered capital of RMB 22 million (approximately \$2,756,600). Hongguang Power is wholly owned by Hongli.
- ·Hongrun is a limited liability company formed in the PRC on May 17, 2011 with registered capital of RMB 30 million (approximately \$4,620,000). Hongrun is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Hongli. We intend to operate our new coking plant through Hongrun. As the date of this prospectus, Hongrun has not commenced operations as construction of the new coking plant has not been completed.

Shuangrui Coal* is a limited liability company formed in the PRC on March 17, 2009 with registered capital of RMB 4,029,960 (approximately \$620,000). Hongli currently holds 60% of the equity interests of Shuangrui Coal. Shuangrui Coal holds the rights to mine the Shuangrui coal mine, although there are currently no mining operations while the mine is undergoing safety upgrades and awaiting clearance to resume operation (see "Our Products and Operations – Coal Mining" below).

- ·Shunli Coal*, Hongchang Coal's wholly-owned subsidiary, is a limited liability company formed in the PRC on August 13, 2009 with registered capital of RMB 3 million (approximately \$461,700). Shunli Coal holds the rights to mine Shunli coal mine, although there are currently no mining operations while the mine is undergoing safety upgrades and awaiting clearance to resume operation (see "Our Products and Operations Coal Mining" below). We intend to dissolve Shunli in the future and operate Shunli coal mine under Hongchang Coal.
- ·Xingsheng Coal* is a limited liability company formed in the PRC on December 6, 2007 with registered capital of RMB 3,634,600 (approximately \$559,400). Hongli currently holds 60% of the equity interests of Xingsheng Coal. Xingsheng Coal holds the rights to mine the Xingsheng coal mine. While the mine has received clearance to resume full operation, the mine is currently undergoing operational and safety upgrades and is not operating (see "Our Products and Operations Coal Mining" below).

·Zhonghong is a limited liability company formed in the PRC on December 30, 2010 with initial registered capital of RMB 10,010,000 (approximately \$1,513,500), which was further increased to RMB 20 million (approximately \$3,044,000) on April 14, 2011, and to RMB 51 million (approximately \$7,842,800) on July 12, 2011, of which RMB 30 million (approximately \$4,798,800) has been paid and the balance due by December 20, 2015. Zhonghong's equity interests are presently held on Hongli's behalf and for its benefit by three nominees pursuant to share entrustment agreements, including Mr. Hui Zheng, Hongli's vice president of operations, an employee of Hongli, and an unrelated party who also serves as Zhonghong's general manager. We set up Zhonghong for the purpose of forming our joint-venture with Henan Coal Seam Gas.

Joint-Venture:

- ·Hongyuan CSG is a joint-venture established in the PRC on April 28, 2011 by Zhonghong (49%) and Henan Coal Seam Gas (51%). Hongli's interests in the joint-venture are held by Zhonghong. We intend to transfer all coal related operations from Hongli's subsidiaries to Hongyuan CSG, although such transfers have not been carried out as of the date of this prospectus.
- * On August 10, 2010, we entered into agreements with the owners of Shuangrui Coal and the owners of Xingsheng Coal to acquire 60% of these companies' equity interests. On May 19, 2011, we entered into an agreement with the owners of Shunli Coal to acquire 100% of the company's equity interests. As our objective has been these companies' mining rights, each company's owners also agreed to dispose of all other assets and liabilities before the transfer of equity interests to us is complete, and to assume all rights and obligations to such assets and liabilities until their disposal, which rights and obligations we would disclaim should any such asset or liability remains in the company after the transfer of equity interests to us is complete. On May 20, 2011, the transfers of equity interests to us for all three companies were completed when such transfers were registered with the Pingdingshan AIC, and each company was issued a new business license. The assets and liabilities that each company's owners agreed to dispose of, however, remained intact on such date, and continue to remain so as of the date of this prospectus. In accordance with our agreements with them, each company's owners are in the process of disposing all such assets and liabilities, and on September 2, 2011, we entered into a supplemental agreement with each company's owners to memorialize such agreements, which were not previously reduced to writing.

The following diagram illustrates our current corporate structure:

Contractual Arrangements with Hongli Group and its Owners

Our relationship with Hongli Group and its owners are governed by a series of contractual arrangements, under which our subsidiary Hongyuan holds and exercises ownership and management rights over Hongli Group. We, Top Favour and Hongyuan do not own any direct equity interest in Hongli Group; however, the contractual arrangements with Hongli Group and its owners are designed to provide us with rights equivalent in all material respects to those we would possess as the sole equity holder of Hongli Group entities, including absolute control rights and the rights to their assets, property and income. According to a legal opinion issued by our PRC counsel, the contractual arrangements constitute valid and binding obligations of the parties to such agreements, and are enforceable and valid in accordance with the laws of the PRC.

On March 18, 2009, Hongyuan entered into the following contractual arrangements with Hongli Group and its owners:

Consulting Services Agreement. Pursuant to the consulting services agreement, Hongyuan provides Hongli Group companies with general consulting services relating to their business management and operations on an exclusive basis. Additionally, Hongyuan owns any intellectual property rights that are developed during the course of providing these services. Each Hongli Group company pays a quarterly consulting service fee in RMB equal to its net income for such quarter to Hongyuan. The consulting services agreement is in effect unless and until terminated by written notice of either party in the event that: (a) the other party causes a material breach of the agreement, provided that if the breach does not relate to a financial obligation of the breaching party, that party may attempt to remedy the breach within 14 days following the receipt of the written notice; (b) the other party becomes bankrupt, insolvent, is the subject of proceedings or arrangements for liquidation or dissolution, ceases to carry on business, or becomes unable to pay its debts as they become due; (c) Hongyuan terminates its operations; (d) a Hongli Group business license or any other approval for its business operations is terminated, cancelled or revoked; or (e) circumstances arise which would materially and adversely affect the performance or the objectives of the consulting services agreement. Additionally, Hongyuan may terminate the consulting services agreement without cause.

Operating Agreement. Pursuant to the operating agreement, Hongyuan provides guidance and instructions on each Hongli Group company's daily operations, financial management and employment issues. In addition, Hongyuan agrees to guarantee the performance of each Hongli Group company under any agreements or arrangements relating to its business arrangements with any third party. In return, the owners of Hongli Group must designate Hongyuan's candidates as their representatives on each Hongli Group company's board of directors, and Hongyuan has the right to appoint senior executives of each Hongli Group company. Additionally, each Hongli Group company agrees to pledge its accounts receivable and all of its assets to Hongyuan. Moreover, each Hongli Group company agrees not to engage in any transactions that could materially affect its assets, liabilities, rights or operations without Hongyuan's prior consent, including without limitation, incurrence or assumption of any indebtedness, sale or purchase of any assets or rights, incurrence of any encumbrance on any of its assets or intellectual property rights in favor of a third party or transfer of any agreements relating to its business operation to any third party. The term of this agreement is the maximum period of time permitted by law unless sooner terminated by any other agreements reached by all parties or upon a 30-day written notice from Hongyuan. The term may be extended only upon Hongyuan's written confirmation prior to the expiration of the agreement, with the extended term to be mutually agreed upon by the parties. Under current PRC Contract Law, there is no limitation on the maximum term permitted by law for the operating agreement. As long as the operating agreement is not terminated or discharged according to contract or by operation of the law and the contractual parties still exist, there is no limitation on term of the operating agreement. However, the PRC government may issue new laws and regulations in connection with these types of operating agreements which may limit the terms of such agreements in the future.

Equity Pledge Agreement. Under the equity pledge agreement, the owners of Hongli Group pledged all of their equity interests in Hongli Group to Hongyuan to guarantee each Hongli Group company's performance of its obligations under the consulting services agreement. If a Hongli Group company or the owners breach their respective contractual obligations, Hongyuan, as pledgee, will be entitled to certain rights, including, but not limited to, the right to vote with, control and sell the pledged equity interests. The owners of Hongli Group also agreed that upon occurrence of any event of default, Hongyuan shall be granted an exclusive, irrevocable power of attorney to take actions in the place and stead of the owners to carry out the security provisions of the equity pledge agreement, and take any action and execute any instrument as required by Hongyuan to accomplish the purposes of the agreement. The owners of Hongli Group agreed not to dispose of the pledged equity interests or take any actions that would prejudice Hongyuan's interest. This agreement will expire two years from the fulfillment of Hongli Group's obligations under the consulting services agreement.

Option Agreement. Under the option agreement, the owners of Hongli Group irrevocably granted Hongyuan or its designee an exclusive option to purchase, to the extent permitted under Chinese law, all or part of the equity interests in Hongli Group for the cost of the owners' initial contributions to the registered capital of each Hongli Group company or the minimum amount of consideration permitted by applicable Chinese law. Hongyuan or its designee has sole discretion to decide when to exercise the option, whether in part or in full. The term of this agreement is ten years from January 1, 2006 and may be extended prior to its expiration by written agreement of the parties.

Proxy Agreement. Pursuant to the proxy agreement, the owners of Hongli Group irrevocably granted a Hongyuan designee the right to exercise all voting rights of the owners with respect to their ownership interests in accordance with applicable laws and each Hongli Group company's governing charters. This agreement may not be terminated without the unanimous consent of all parties, except that Hongyuan may terminate the proxy agreement with or without cause upon 30-day written notice to the owners.

As a result of the these contractual arrangements between Hongyuan and Hongli Group and its owners, we have the ability to effectively control Hongli Group's daily operations and financial affairs, appoint senior executives and decide on all matters subject to owners' approval. In other words, while Hongli's owners continue to own 100% of its equity interests, they have given us all of their rights as owners through these contractual arrangements. Accordingly,

we are considered the primary beneficiary of Hongli Group and Hongli Group are deemed our variable interest entities ("VIEs").

On September 9, 2011 the operating agreement, option agreement, voting rights proxy agreement and option agreement were re-executed by and among Hongyuan, Hongli and the owners of Hongli. The re-executions were necessary to reflect the additional RMB 20 million of registered capital contributed by Hongli's owners in August 2010, and the change in each owner's ownership percentage as a result of such contribution. We were made a party to the re-executions to acknowledge them. However, control based on these contractual arrangements may ultimately not be as effective as direct ownership of Hongli Group, as we will need to enforce our rights through quasi-judicial proceeding in the event Hongli Group fails to perform its contractual obligations. In the event the outcome of such proceeding is unfavorable to us, we may effectively lose control over Hongli. See "Risk Factors – Risks Related to Our Corporate Structure – Our contractual arrangements with Hongli and its owners as well as our ability to enforce our rights thereunder may not be as effective in providing control over Hongli as direct ownership." Mr. Lv held approximately 31.7% of our issued and outstanding common stock, and approximately 85.40% of the equity interests of Hongli, as of September 28, 2011. As such, we believe that our interests are aligned with those of Hongli Group and its owners. However, we cannot give assurance that such interests will always be aligned, or that we can effectively control Hongli Group if and when such interests are no longer aligned. See "Risk Factors - Risks Related to Our Corporate Structure – Management members of Hongli have potential conflicts of interest with us, which may adversely affect our business and your ability for recourse."

\$44 Million Private Placement Financing

On March 11, 2010, we completed two private placement financings, pursuant to exemptions under Regulation S and Regulation D respectively, in which we sold and issued units consisting of common stock and common stock warrants, for a purchase price of USD \$6.00 per unit, resulting in aggregate proceeds of \$44 million (collectively referred to as the "Financing"). Each unit consisted of one (1) share of common stock and a warrant for the purchase of 0.5 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$12.00 per share. The investor warrants are exercisable for a period of five years from the date of issuance. The Financing was conducted pursuant to Securities Purchase Agreements dated February 5 and March 10, 2010, in two closings. On the initial closing date of February 5, 2010 ("Initial Closing"), the Company issued a total of 1,180,892 shares of common stock, and warrants for the purchase of 590,446 shares of common stock, to investors. On the second closing on March 11, 2010 (the "Final Closing"), we sold and issued 6,164,043 of our units (consisting of 6,164,043 shares of common stock, and warrants for the purchase of 3,081,188 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$12.00 per share), at a purchase price of USD \$6.00 per unit, to both U.S. investors and non-U.S. persons. Each unit consisted of one (1) share of common stock and a warrant for the purchase of 0.5 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$12.00 per share. The investor warrants issued in the Final Closing are exercisable for a period of five years from the date of issuance, however unlike the warrants issued in the Initial Closing they are also callable at our election six months after the date of issuance if our common stock trades at a price equal to at least 150% of the exercise price (or \$18.00 per share) with an average trading volume of at least 150,000 shares of Common Stock (as adjusted for any stock splits, stock dividends, combinations and the like) per trading day for at least 10 consecutive trading days and provided that the underlying shares of common stock are registered under an effective registration statement.

In connection with the foregoing, we entered into a registration rights agreement with the U.S. investors pursuant to which the Company agreed to file a registration statement to register both the shares of common stock, and the common stock underlying the warrants, issued in the financing, within 60 days after the closing date of March 11, 2010. We agreed to use our best efforts to have the registration statement declared effective by the SEC within 120 days (or 180 days in the event of a full review of the registration statement by the SEC) of the Final Closing, subject to certain exceptions. We also agreed to undertake commercially reasonable efforts to register the shares of common stock and the shares of common stock underlying warrants issued to the non-U.S. investors in the financing.

Madison Williams and Company, LLC ("Madison Williams") and Rodman & Renshaw, LLC ("Rodman & Renshaw"), a wholly owned subsidiary of Rodman & Renshaw Capital Group, Inc. (collectively the "placement agents"), acted as joint placement agents in connection with the Financing. Under a placement agent agreement between us and these placement agents dated March 8, 2010 (and executed and delivered on March 11, 2010), we agreed to pay the placement agents a cash fee equal to seven percent (7%) of the aggregate gross proceeds from the sale of securities to the U.S. accredited investors, plus reimbursement of fees and expenses, and reasonable fees and expenses of placement agent legal counsel. In addition, under the placement agreement, we agreed to issue warrants for the purchase of up to 250,000 shares of common stock, with an exercise price of \$6.00 per share, containing terms and provisions otherwise similar to the terms provided under the investor warrants described above. We issued the foregoing warrants to the placement agents on March 11, 2010. In addition, we also separately agreed to issue warrants to Madison Williams for the purchase of up to 117,163 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$12.00 per share, containing terms and provisions otherwise similar to the investor warrants, as compensation for placement agent services in relation to the sale of our securities to the non-U.S. investors in the Financing.

The Financing resulted in total gross proceeds to the Company of \$44 million, and the issuance by us of a total of 7,344,935 shares of common stock, and five-year warrants for the purchase of an additional 3,789,631 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$12.00 per share and five-year warrants for the purchase of 250,000 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$6.00 per share. The proceeds from this financing were used, in part, to finance our expansion plans (see "Expansion Plans" on page 26 of this prospectus).

Our Products and Operations

Overview

We are based in Henan Province in the central part of China, known as a coal-rich region of the country. Our current operations are located in west Baofeng County, a part of Pingdingshan Prefecture south of Zhengzhou, the provincial capital. We currently extract coal from Hongchang coal mine and truck the coal to our plant site nearby, where the bulk of the coal is processed and used by us to make coke (see the map under "Property, Plant and Equipment"). Finished coke is loaded onsite onto railcars on our private rail line and transported to customers through the connected national rail system. Castoffs of the coal-washing process (medium coal and coal slurries) are sold to industrial end-users and traders primarily as fuel for electricity and heat. Coal tar is extracted from the gas emitted during the coking process and sold, and the gas is then piped into an onsite electric plant to produce electricity to power our operations. Excess electricity, if any is generated, is sold to the state-owned electricity grid.

Coal Mining

Of the four coal mines that we control (through Hongchang Coal, Shuangrui Coal, Shunli Coal and Xingsheng Coal), only Hongchang coal mine is currently operating (see "Property, Plant and Equipment" below). As such, the description of mining operations below applies only to Hongchang coal mine.

Coal extracted from Hongchang coal mine consists of bituminous coal, and based on historical mining activities, approximately 8% of the coal extracted typically possesses properties that meet the requirements for coking (metallurgical) coal; however, this percentage varies depending on mine conditions and particular area of the seams mined.

Coal is extracted from Hongchang coal mine using the "room and pillar" method, in which a coal stratum is divided into horizontal planes and the coal is removed from each plane while leaving "pillars" of un-mined materials as supports, working from the uppermost plane down. Each plane is further divided into grids to determine the optimal pillar placements. Drilling and blasting techniques are used to extract the coal.

All raw coal is loaded and transported by a chain conveyor into crates which are carried out to the surface by an electrical winch. Each crate carries approximately 2.5 metric tons, and approximately 400 crates are carried to the surface during each 8-hour mining shift. Rock material is used for floor ballast with the excess sent to the surface for disposal. Air compressors are provided for underground air tool use. Electrical power is supplied from our own power stations as well as from the Baofeng Power Bureau through state-owned power lines, and supplied to the underground work site through a double-circuit cable designed to mitigate and circumvent potential power supply disruptions.

Normal water inflow into Hongchang coal mine is controlled by a system of ditches, sumps, pumps and drainpipes installed throughout the mine tunnels. The mine's ventilation system includes an exhaustive fan on the surface of the main incline. Auxiliary fans are used as needed. The present mine fan is capable of satisfying ventilation demands of the mining operation.

The extracted coal is trucked to our processing plant located nearly (approximately 1.5 kilometers from Hongchang coal mine) for washing and sorting at our coal washing facility. Samples are taken prior to and after the coal washing process to analyze and determine coking readiness based primarily on moisture, ash, sulfur and volatile contents. We use washed coal that meets certain chemical and thermal requirements to make coke, although we may also sell some to customers.

Approximate annual production volumes of raw coal from Hongchang coal mine for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2010 and 2011 are as follows:

	Annual Purchases
Fiscal Year	(metric tons)
2009	260,938
2010	242,878
2011	132,449

In December 2009, the Henan provincial government issued a mandate to consolidate coal mines with annual production capacity below 300,000 metric tons, spurred by the central government's decision to consolidate China's coal industry in order to improve production efficiency and reduce coal mine accidents. In late June 2010, a temporary mining moratorium was imposed throughout Henan to facilitate an industry-wide coal mine safety inspection before mine consolidations can be finalized. As a result, all mining operations throughout Henan have more or less halted, although we have been operating Hongchang coal mine at approximately 50% capacity since the moratorium was imposed, and continue to do so through the date of this prospectus. On August 1, 2011, Hongchang coal mine and Xingsheng coal mine received safety clearance from mining engineers and safety experts of Henan Coal Seam Gas to resume full operations, and both mines are currently undergoing operational and safety upgrades. We are also preparing Shunli coal mine and Shuangrui coal mine for their safety clearance, although we do not know when we can receive such clearance, if at all.

Coal Trading

In addition to mining coal, we also engage in coal trading for profit. Depending on market conditions, we may broker coal from small independent mine operators in our surrounding areas that may lack the means to transport coal from their mine sites or are otherwise unable to sell their coal due to the size of their operations. If purchased coal meets requirements for coking, we will generally use it to produce coke; otherwise, we hold and sell the coal when market conditions are favorable. Given the provincial-wide mining moratorium, however, we only traded coal periodically from January 2011 to June 2011, primarily with two mine operators. Although also subject to the mining moratorium, these mine operators were able to have limited operations at their coal mines and to sell from their coal inventory.

Our total annual coal purchases from third parties for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2010 and 2011 are as follows:

	Annual Purchases
Fiscal Year	(metric tons)
2009	169,100
2010	336,014
2011	325,550

Coal Washing

We operate a coal-washing facility at our plant site that is capable of processing up to 750,000 metric tons of coal per year. Under current Chinese coking industry standards, raw coal with no more than 1% sulfur content is deemed suitable for coking, although other factors are also considered. In addition to low sulfur content, the industry preference is for lower ash content and volatile matters. While much of the coal that we extract is generally suitable for coking based on these parameters, the coal must nevertheless be washed before it is ready for the coking ovens, in order to reduce ash and sulfur content, and to increase thermal value. We use a water-based jig washing process, which is prevalent in China, and use both underground and recycled water. Sorting machines that can process up to 600 metric tons per hour sort the washed coal according to size. Washed coal is also typically blended with other coal in order to achieve the proper chemical composition and thermal value for coking.

Approximately 1.33 - 1.38 metric tons of raw coal yield 1 metric ton of washed coal. The bulk of the washed coal produced is intended for our coking plant, although on occasion we sell certain amounts if the pricing is favorable. In addition to washed coal, the coal-washing process produces two byproducts:

- ·"Medium" coal (sometimes referred to as "mid-coal"), a PRC coal industry classification, is coal that does not have sufficient thermal value for coking, and is mixed with raw coal and even coal slurries, and sold for electricity generation, and domestic and industrial heating applications; and
- ·Coal slurries, sometimes called coal slime, are the castoffs and debris from the washing process. Coal slurries can be used as a fuel with low thermal value, and are sold "as is" or mixed with "medium" coal to produce a blended mixture.

Our approximate annual production volumes of washed coal and the two byproducts of the coal-washing process for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2010 and 2011 are as follows:

	Annual Production (metric tons)			
Fiscal	Washed	Medium	Coal	
Year	Coal	Coal*	Slurries*	
2009	243,958	32,800	40,100	
2010	217,852	43,570	29,047	
2011	107,526	35,852	17,926	

^{*} Estimated by management based on quantities of raw coal used as input for coal washing operations.

Coke Manufacturing

Coke is a hardened, solid carbonaceous residue derived from low-ash, low-sulfur bituminous coal from which the volatile constituents are driven off by baking in an oven without oxygen at high temperatures so that the fixed carbon and residual ash are fused together. Volatile constituents of the coal include water, coal-gas, and coal-tar. We produce two types of coke: metallurgical coke and chemical coke.

Metallurgical coke is primarily used for steel manufacturing. Chemical coke, commonly referred in China to as gas coke, is mainly used in China to produce synthesis gas, a gas mixture largely of hydrogen and carbon monoxide that is combustible and often used as a fuel source or as an intermediate for the production of other chemicals including methanol, formaldehyde and ammonia. China has exacting national standards for coke, based upon a variety of metrics, including most importantly, ash content, volatilization, caking qualities, sulfur content, mechanical strength and abrasive resistance. Typically, metallurgical coke must have more than 80% fixed carbon, less than 15% ash content, less than 0.8% sulfur content and less than 1.9% volatile matter. Chemical coke, on the other hand, must have more than 80% fixed carbon, less than 18% ash content, less than 1% sulfur content and less than 3% volatile matter. According to national standards, metallurgical coke is classified into three grades – Grade I, Grade II and Grade III, with Grade I being the highest quality – and chemical coke is its separate grade. Generally, customers do not provide specifications for coke, except that we may occasionally make requested adjustments, for instance to moisture content, as requested by customers from time to time. The amount of each type of coke that we produce is based on market demands, although historically our customers have mostly required Grade II metallurgical coke which has higher profit margin than other types of coke. Our productions of each grade of coke as a percentage of our total coke production for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2010 and 2011 are as follows:

		Annual Coke Proc	luction (%)		
Fiscal Year		Metallurgical Coke		Chemical Coke	
	Grade I	Grade II	Grade III		
2009	0	76.96	15.57	7.47	
2010	0	100	0	0	
2011	0	100	0	0	

Metallurgical coke and chemical coke are produced using an identical manufacturing process. At our current plant, we produce coke from a series of three WG-86 Type coke ovens lined up in a row with an annual capacity of 250,000 metric tons. Our metallurgical coke has typical characteristics of 85% fixed carbon, less than 12% ash, less than 1.9% volatile matter and less than 0.7% sulfur. Our chemical coke, on the other hand, has typical characteristics of more than 80% fixed carbon, less than 18% ash, less than 3% volatile matter and less than 0.8% sulfur.

After being processed at our coal-washing facility, coal is sent to a coal blending room where it is crushed and blended to achieve an optimal coking mixture. Samples are taken from the coal blend and tested for moisture, chemical composition and other properties. The crushed and blended coal is transported by conveyor to a coal bin to be fed into the waiting oven below. After processing through the three temperature-controlled ovens at temperature of 1200° C $(2,192^{\circ}$ F), hot coke is pushed out of the oven chamber onto a waiting coke cart, transported to an adjacent quench tower where it is cooled with water spray, and hauled to a platform area adjacent to our private rail line to be air-dried. Coke samples are taken at several stages during the process and analyzed in our testing facility, and data is recorded daily and kept by technicians. After drying, the coke is sorted according to size to meet customer requirements.

Our annual production volumes of metallurgical coke and chemical coke for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2010 and 2011 are as follows:

	Annual Production (metric tons)				
	Metallurgical Chemical				
Fiscal Year	Coke	Coke	Total		
2009	143,092	11,550	154,642		
2010	138,417	0	138,417		
2011	156,785	0	156,785		

Substantially all of the coal that we extract that is suitable for coking is used to make coke after the coal washing process. When the amount of metallurgical-quality coal that we extract is not sufficient for our full production capacity, we will source additional coal from third parties.

The Pingdingshan Bureau of Land and Resources is requiring coking factories with a furnace height of less than 4.3 meters to phase out their operations in the next two to three years. As the two sets of coking furnaces in our existing coking plant are 3 meters in height, we plan to upgrade and retrofit them to 5.5 meters in height in the next two years. Our new coking facility will also have furnaces that exceed these regulatory standards (see "Expansion Plans – New Coking Facility" below).

Coke Emissions Recycling

During the coking process, coal's volatile contents, including water and coal tar, are driven off in gaseous forms when heated in the coke oven. Rather than allowing this coal gas to be emitted into the environment, we capture it for recycling. In the recycling process, coal gas is captured and piped into a cooling tower, where coal tar is separated out by condensation, and sold to dealers as a fuel byproduct (see "Coal Byproducts" below). We use the remaining purified coal gas to generate electricity, by burning it as a fuel to generate steam that drives steam-powered turbines (see "Electricity Generation" below).

Coal Byproducts

As described above, we derive coal tar from the condensation of coal gas. Coal tar is an ingredient of coal tar pitch used in the aluminum industry, and can be further refined to create chemicals and additives such as fine phenol, fine naphthalene and modified pitch that can be used as raw material in making concrete sealant, wood treatment compounds, agricultural pesticides and other chemical products. The coal tar industry in China is currently fragmented and populated with many small producers.

Our annual production volumes of coal tar for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2010 and 2011 are as follows:

	Annual Production
Fiscal Year	(metric tons)
2009	7,510
2010	5,239
2011	13.810

Other coal byproducts of the coking process include benzene, sulfur-based chemicals and methanol, which our current plant does not produce.

Electricity Generation

After coal tar is separated, the resulting purified coal gas is piped to two onsite 3,000-kilowatt power stations (the Daying power station and the Sunling power station) to generate electricity, each of which has an estimated maximum generating capacity of 26,280,000 kilowatt-hours per year. The electricity that is generated is used primarily to power operations at our current coking plant and at Hongchang coal mine and Shunli coal mine. Electricity for Xingsheng coal mine and Shuangrui coal mine is purchased from Baofeng Power Bureau, a local state-owned electric utility provider.

Our annual amounts of electricity generated for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2010 and 2011 are as follows:

	Annual Generation
Fiscal Year	(kilowatt)
2009	6,251,326
2010	5,678,168
2011	9,410,144

Expansion Plans

New Coking Plant. On March 3, 2010, we commenced construction of a new state-of-the-art coking plant on a 460,000 square meter site adjacent to our current plant in Pingdingshan. As of the date of this prospectus, we have completed construction of the shallow foundation, an underground workshop and the furnace and chimney rack, and are in the process of building furnaces and installing equipment and machineries. We currently expect to complete the plant and commence operations by the end of calendar year 2011. When completed as planned, this new plant is expected to have an estimated coke-producing capacity of up to 900,000 metric tons per year, as well as the ability to generate power and distill chemicals such as crude benzol, sulfur and ammonium sulfate from the coking process. The new plant is also expected to produce purified coal gas. Our plans to provide the coal gas as a fuel source to local residents through the state-owned gas grid have received approval from the authorities of Daying County, and we currently plan to offer the coal gas at a price per thermal equivalent unit that is estimated to be 20% less than the current price of liquid natural gas, a competing alternative.

Mine Acquisition Program. On May 20, 2011, the transfers to us of 60% of the equity interests of Shuangrui Coal and Xingsheng Coal, and 100% of the equity interests of Shunli Coal, were completed. Our payment to the owners of Xingsheng Coal and Shunli Coal have been made in full, while a payment to the owners of Shuangrui Coal of approximately \$0.15 million (RMB 1 million) remains outstanding as of the date of this prospectus. The coal mines controlled by these three companies are currently subject to the provincial-wide mining moratorium and are therefore not in operations, although Xingsheng coal mine has received safety clearance to resume coal production. We intend to transfer our equity interests in these three companies to Hongyuan CSG, although such transfer has not been carried out as of the date of this prospectus.

Between May 2010 and September 2010, we also made refundable deposits of approximately \$20,905,922 (RMB 135,138,476) in the aggregate to four other coal mine companies to potentially acquire them. However, we have recently abandoned such plans when such companies were assigned by the provincial government to be acquired by a state-owned consolidator. Pursuant to our agreements with their owners entered into in August 2011, approximately \$7.5 million (RMB 50 million) of our deposits was returned to us in August 2011, with the balance of approximately \$13,405,922 (RMB 85,138,476) to be returned to us in full by December 31, 2011.

Sales and Marketing

With respect to the sale of coal and coke products, we typically enter into non-binding annual letters of intent that set forth current year supply quantities, suggested pricing, and monthly delivery schedules with our customers at the beginning of each calendar year. The terms of the letters of intent are usually negotiated during the Annual National Coal Trading Convention organized by the China Coal Transport and Distribution Association. A significant portion of our sales during fiscal 2009 to fiscal 2011 were made through attendance at this convention. Changes in delivery quantity and pricing, which is based on open market pricing at the time of delivery, must be documented in a final written contract on a 30-day advance notice submitted by the party making the change and accepted by the other party. Almost all of our current customers enter into these non-binding annual letters of intent, and are generally required to make payment upon delivery of each shipment. Other customers are asked to prepay for their orders. In pricing our products, we consider factors such as the prices offered by competitors, the quality and grade of the product, the volume in national and regional coal inventory build-up and forecasted future trends for coal and coke prices. The remaining portion of our sales is derived from purchase orders placed by customers throughout the year when they require additional coal and coke products.

We have a flexible credit policy, and adjust credit terms for different types of customers. Depending on the customer, we may allow open accounts, or require acceptance bills or cash on delivery. We consider the creditworthiness and the requested credit amount of each customer when determining the appropriate payment arrangements and credit terms, which generally do not exceed a period over 90 days. We evaluate the creditworthiness of potential new customers before entering into sales contracts and reassesses customer creditworthiness on an annual basis. For customers without an established history, we require immediate settlement of accounts upon delivery.

Coke Sales. Our annual coke sales for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2010 and 2011, in volume, dollar amount and as a percentage of our total revenue, and the weighted average selling price per metric ton for each fiscal year, are as follows:

		Coke Sa	ales	
				Weighted
				Average
				Price Per
Fiscal	Annual Sales*	Annual Sales*		Metric Ton
Year	(metric tons)	(\$)	% of Revenue	(\$)

2009	154,631	\$ 30,534,755	59% \$	197
2010	132,911	\$ 27,650,175	47% \$	208
2011	154,553	\$ 35,970,933	48% \$	233

^{*} Includes sales of metallurgical coke and chemical coke.

Raw Coal Sales. Our annual raw coal sales for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2010 and 2011, in volume, dollar amount and as a percentage of our total revenue, and the weighted average selling price per metric ton for each fiscal year, are as follows:

Raw Coal Sales

			Kaw Coai	Saics		
					W	eighted
					A	verage
					Pr	ice Per
Fiscal	Annual Sales*	Aı	nnual Sales*		Me	tric Ton
Year	(metric tons)		(\$)	% of Revenue		(\$)
2009	229,480	\$	13,151,325	26%	\$	58
2010	369,379	\$	22,964,448	39%	\$	62
2011	207,272	\$	15,073,052	20%	\$	73

^{*}Includes raw coal extracted from Hongchang coal mine and purchased as part of our coal trading activities, and raw coal/medium coal/coal slurry mixtures. Excludes any raw coal we used internally as raw material to produce washed coal and coke.

The weighted average price per metric ton shown in the table above reflects the weighted average price per metric ton of raw coal that we sold in the periods shown. Sales prices per metric ton are influenced largely by the quality and composition of the coal sold. Generally, the thermal value of the coal, together with its chemical composition and other properties such as moisture, ash, sulfur, and other chemical content, affect the price at which we can sell coal. Sale prices for raw coal are also affected by general market conditions, supply and demand.

Washed Coal Sales. Our annual washed coal sales for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2010 and 2011, in volume, dollar amount and as a percentage of our total revenue, and the weighted average selling price per metric ton for each fiscal year, are as follows:

	Washed Coal Sales						
							Weighted Average Price Per
Fiscal	Annual Sales		Annual Sales				Metric Ton
Year	(metric tons)		(\$)	% of Revenu	e		(\$)
2009	55,360	\$	6,538,402	13	%	\$	118
2010	55,598	\$	7,088,124	12	%	\$	127
2011	111,244	\$	19,885,495	27	%	\$	179

The weighted average price per metric ton shown in the above table reflects the weighted average price per metric ton of washed coal that we sold in the periods shown. Our sales prices per metric ton of washed coal are heavily influenced by the quality and composition of the coal sold. Washed coal prices are also influenced by general market conditions in the washed coal market, such as aggregate supply and demand. As a result of tight coal supply brought on by the mining moratorium, the price of washed coal, irrespective of quality, generally held strong for the year ended June 30, 2011.

Coal Tar Sales. Our annual coal tar sales for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2010 and 2011, in volume, dollar amount and as a percentage of our total revenue, and the weighted average selling price per metric ton for each fiscal year, are as follows:

	Coal Tar Sales						
							Weighted
							Average
							Price Per
Fiscal	Annual Sales		Annual Sales			I	Metric Ton
Year	(metric tons)		(\$)	% of Revenu	ıe		(\$)
2009	7,646	\$	1,171,510	2	%	\$	153
2010	6,182	\$	1,324,743	2	%	\$	214
2011	13,810	\$	3,358,513	5	%	\$	243

We produce coal tar as a byproduct of the coking process. However, we currently do not have a separate process for refining and preparing coal tar to create a homogenous coal tar product. Accordingly, the quality and characteristics of coal tar produced varies from time to time (depending on inputs), based on such factors as thermal value, and moisture, ash, sulfur, and other chemical contents, and this affects the price at which we can sell our coal tar. The price of coal tar that we sell is also affected by overall market demand and supply, which is influenced by a variety of factors which may include higher prices for oil and oil derivatives, and stronger demand for construction materials, fertilizers, and related industrial chemicals.

Customers

We sell all of our products within China. Our three biggest customers collectively accounted for approximately 74.6% of our total revenue for fiscal 2011 as follows:

- ·Wuhan Railway Zhongli Group accounted for approximately \$28.2 million in revenue, representing approximately 38.00% of total revenue;
- ·Daye Xinye Special Steel Co., Ltd. accounted for approximately \$15.8 million in revenue, representing approximately 21.35% of total revenue; and
- ·Wuhan Tieying Trading Co., Ltd. accounted for approximately \$12.0 million in revenue, representing approximately 15.22% of total revenue.

By product types, for fiscal 2011:

· Wuhan Railway Zhongli Group was our largest coke customer, accounting for 55.41% of total coke sold;

- ·Wuhan Tieying Trading Co., Ltd. was our largest coal customer, accounting for 34.46% of total coal sold (including both raw and washed coal); and
 - Mr. Fashun Wang, was our largest coal tar customer, accounting for 25.74% of total coal tar sold.

None of these customers are related to or affiliated with us. Our sales personnel conduct routine visits to our customers. We have long-standing relationships with our customers, and management believes that our relationships with them are stable.

Transportation and Distribution

We own and operate a private rail track of 4.5 kilometers in length that connects our current plant to the national railway system at both the East Pingdingshan Railway Station and the Baofeng Railway Station. Industrial loaders load coal and coke from our platform onto railcars to be transported to customers primarily in central and southeastern China in the provinces of Henan, Hubei, Hunan and Fujian. Our private railway allows us to exercise control over the transportation cost and delivery execution of our products. See also "Property, Plant and Equipment – Railway Assets" below.

Customers can also arrange for trucks to take delivery of products from our plant site.

Competitors

We compete primarily with coal and coke producers in the central, eastern and southern regions of China. Coke competitors range from Shanxi Coking Co., Ltd., a national coke producer, to local operations like Hongyue Coke Factory, Dongxin Coke Factory and Hongjiang Coke Factory. We also compete with China Pingmei Shenma Group ("China Pingmei"), a Pingdingshan-based state-owned coke and coal producer with similar product-mix as us. China Pingmei is also the largest regional coal producer and one of Henan's six state-owned coal mine consolidators, all of whom are our competitors in the coal market. Competitive factors include geographic location, quality (i.e. thermal value, ash and sulfur content, washing and processing, and other characteristics), and reliability of delivery.

Suppliers

We purchase from various suppliers within China. Our three biggest suppliers, none of whom is related to or affiliated with us, collectively accounted for approximately 32.90% of our total purchases from suppliers for fiscal 2011 as follows:

- ·Hongfeng Coal Processing and Coking Co., Ltd., a supplier of raw and processed coal, accounted for approximately 11.47% of total purchases;
- · Gansu Senbao Coal Co., Ltd., a supplier of raw coal, accounted for approximately 10.96% of total purchase; and
- · Shanxi Xinsheng Coal Co., Ltd., a supplier of raw coal, accounted for approximately 10.64% of total purchase.

As with our coke and coal sales, we meet our coking coal needs by entering into non-binding annual letters of intent with suppliers that set forth supply quantities, suggested pricing and monthly delivery schedules at the beginning of the year. Subject to changes in delivery quantity and pricing, which is based on the open market price of metallurgical coal at the time of delivery and agreed to by the parties, we generally make payment upon each delivery throughout the year.

In September 2010, we entered into an agreement with Zhengyun Coal Distribution Co., Ltd. ("Zhengyun Coal") to purchase up to 3 million metric tons of raw and washed coal annually. Zhengyun Coal is a subsidiary and the sales division of Zhengzhou Coal Industry Group, a Shanghai Stock Exchange listed company (ticker 600121) and one of the six state-owned coal mine consolidators in Henan. Since the mining moratorium, Zhengyun Coal's priority, like all other state-owned coal producers, has been to supply to state-owned coal users like power plants, steel mills and coking factories. We have accordingly halted our purchases from Zhengyun Coal since December 2010, but expect to resume once the mining moratorium lifts and coal supply can normalize to pre-moratorium level.

We believe that we have established stable cooperative relationships with our suppliers. In light of the mining moratorium, we have been sourcing coal from outside of Henan. During the year ended June 30, 2011, about 40% of our coal purchases were from outside Henan.

Our other principal raw materials include water, which is provided without charge in the form of treated underground water by the operator of the nearby Hangzhuang coal mines, and electricity, most of which is generated onsite from our own power stations and which is supplemented from the local state-owned utility as needed. We also require wood and steel for our operations, and source these materials from nearby suppliers on a per purchase order basis. These materials are readily available and there is no shortage of suppliers to choose from.

Employees

The following table sets forth the number of our employees for each of our areas of operations and as a percentage of our total workforce as of June 30, 2011:

	Number of	
	Employees	% of Employees
Coal-related operations	466	67.63%
Coke-related operations	194	28.16%
Sales and marketing	6	0.87%
Administrative (including	23	3.34%
management)		
TOTAL	689	100.0%

Since December 31, 2009, our management made certain changes to personnel job descriptions resulting in a reduction in the number of employees categorized as "administrative or executive." As we are operating at limited capacity as a result of the mining moratorium, both Hongchang coal mine and the coking plant currently operate year round in two shifts of eight hours per day. Once our coal mines resume full operations, we will operate in three shifts of eight hours per day. In compliance with the Employment Contract Law of PRC, we have written contracts with all of our employees. We consider our relationship with our employees to be good.

Research and Development

As of June 30, 2011, we did not conduct any research and development activities. We do plan to initiate a program focusing on the extraction of chemicals from coal, and the anticipated costs and benefits of the production and sale of such byproducts are being considered.

Intellectual Property

We have no patents, trademarks, in-bound or outbound licenses, franchises, or royalty arrangements.

Relevant PRC Regulations

We operate in an industry that is highly regulated by local, provincial and central government authorities in the PRC. Applicable regulations include those relating to safety, production, environmental, energy use and labor. While it is not practicable to summarize all applicable laws, the following is a list of names of significant laws and regulations that apply to our business:

Laws and regulations concerning safety of coal mines:

Law of the People's Republic of China on the Coal Industry

Regulation on Work Safety Licenses

Measures for Administration of Coal Production License

Regulations on Administration of Village's and County's Coal Mines

Law of Mine Safety

Production Safety Law, which applies to production activities in general

Law of the Coal Industry

Regulations on Coal Mine Safety Supervision and Inspection

Regulations on Coal Mine Explosives Control

Special Provisions for the Prevention of Coal Mine Incidents

Requirements for Basic Production Conditions for Coal Mines

Penalties for Coal Mine Safety Violations

Penalties for Production Safety Violations

Laws and regulations concerning environmental protection and energy conservation:

- ·Law of the Prevention and Control of Solid Waste Environmental Pollution, which applies to entities whose production activities may generate pollutive solid waste
- ·Law of the Prevention and Control of Atmospheric Pollution, which set restrictions in coal burning and emissions that cause air pollution

- Mineral Resources Law, which regulates the extraction of mineral resources including coal
- ·Law Regarding the Prevention and Control of Water Pollution, which regulates pollution of underground water caused by mining activities
 - Land Administration Law, which restricts mining activities on agricultural land
- ·Law of Prevention and Control of Radioactive Pollution, which regulates and prohibits the release of radioactive pollution caused by certain mining activities
- · Laws of Water and Soil Conservation, which regulates mining activities with the aim of preventing soil erosion
- ·Environmental Protection Law, which contains certain general provisions that apply to the operation of coal mines

Laws and regulations concerning labor:

- ·Labor Law, which protects workers, and contains provisions that apply to a broad range of industries including the mining industry
- ·Labor Contract Law of the People's Republic of China and its implementation, which protect workers, and contains laws that apply to a broad range of industries including the mining industry

Environmental Protection Measures

We incorporate measures to reduce the environmental impacts of our operations. Our large-sized furnace reduces the frequency of coal loading and trundling, thereby reducing the amount of dust and soot that is generated. We capture coal gas emitted during the coking process to generate electricity which we use in our operations. We also recycle water - water that is used for coal washing is treated to remove phenol and other contaminants, and then re-used in the coal washing operation. We also use recycled water, in the form of treated underground water, to quench coke and for our power stations, which is provided without cost by the nearby Hanzhuang coal mines, which mining rights are owned and operated by unrelated third parties. Additionally, we use sound insulation to reduce noise pollution, and we plant vegetation throughout our plant to help mitigate the environmental impact of our operations.

Safety

Management believes that we are in material compliance with all laws and regulations that are applicable to us, including safety laws and regulations. Our mining operations employ an automatic hazard detection system as required by the PRC government, which includes air monitoring, automatic power shut-down, and underground worker tracking systems. Companies with mining operations are required to report violations or mining incidents and casualties to the government authorities. Since inception, except for ordinary and minor injuries, we have suffered no major accidents and no casualties in connection with our mining operations, and have not suffered any reportable incident. Under PRC law, companies with mining operations are subject to random and periodic safety inspections by government mine regulators. Since inception, we have not been found to be in material violation of any mining regulations. As we have no record of violations or mining incidents, management considers our safety record to be excellent.

Property, Plant and Equipment

The location of Pingdingshan, where we are based, is illustrated below:

The locations of our executive office, current coking plant and coal mines, are all in and around Pingdingshan, and are illustrated below:

Coal Mines and Production Facilities

All four coal mines that we currently control are located at Baofeng County in the central part of Henan Province and are in close proximity to one another as well as to roadways. All of the mines are underground mines, and we utilize room-and-pillar method to extract coal. We plan to conduct exploration and development activities for each mine once its amount of extracted coal approaches its maximum estimate amount of proven and probable reserves.

The principal pieces of equipment used in our mining operations, including a safety system, an underground transportation system and a loading system, are manufactured in the PRC, and they generally have an estimated useful life of 15 years. The estimated total annual cost of operating the four coal mines, based on an average output of 750,000 metric tons per year in the aggregate, is approximately \$41.25 million per year, or approximately \$55 per metric ton of coal produced.

We intend to transfer all of our coal mining operations to Hongyuan CSG. As of the date of this prospectus, however, such transfers have not been carried out.

Hongchang Coal Mine

Hongchang coal mine originally consisted of four underground mines: Yongshun mine, Liangshuiquan mine, Zhaoxi secondary mine and Zhaozhuang Tanglishu mine. These mines were positioned adjacent to one another, and although once owned and operated by different parties, these mines made use of common passageways and mine shafts. In June 2005 we acquired Yongshun mine (built in 1996) and Zhaoxi secondary mine (built in 1988) from Quinmin Chen. Also in June 2005, we acquired Liangshuiquan mine (built in 1984) from Minjie Li. In April 2005 we acquired Zhaozhuang Tanglishu mine (built in 1984) from Liuqing He and Jiti Li. We assumed the ongoing mining operations, and initiated the consolidation, of these mines, which consolidation process was completed in 2006. Since acquisition in 2005, we have extracted a total of 1,119,430 metric tons of coal from Hongchang coal mine, and prior to such time, its predecessor owners extracted a total of 345,000 metric tons.

We have been operating Hongchang coal mine at 50% capacity since late June 2010 as a result of the mining moratorium. On August 1, 2011, we received clearance to resume operations of Hongchang coal mine at full capacity from the mining engineers and safety experts of Henan Coal Seam Gas. Hongchang coal mine is currently undergoing operational and safety upgrades and has not resumed full operation as of the date of this prospectus.

Shuangrui Coal Mine

Shuangrui coal mine originally consisted of five underground mines: Zhaozhuang mine (built in 1970), Longsheng mine (built in 1995), New Zhaozhuang mine (built in 2000), Jinpo mine (built in 1999) and West Zhaozhuang mine (built in 1998). The first on-site geological survey for mining purpose of these mines was conducted in 1950s, with several subsequent surveys carried out from 1960s to 2001. In August 2010, we entered into an agreement to acquire 60% of the mine's operator, Shuangrui Coal, and the registration for the transfer of such equity interests to Hongli was completed on May 20, 2011. Shuangrui coal mine has had no operations since the mining moratorium and is currently undergoing safety upgrades.

Xingsheng Coal Mine

Xingsheng coal mine originally consisted of No. 2 Qingnian mine (operation started in 2000) and No. 3 Shuangyushan mine (operation started in 1998). The first on-site geological survey for mining purpose of these mines was conducted in 1958. The coal extracted from Xingsheng coal mine is bituminous coal which is suitable for coke production. In August 2010, we entered into an agreement to acquire 60% of the mine's operator, Xingsheng Coal, and the registration for the transfer of such equity interests to Hongli was completed on May 20, 2011. Like Hongchang coal mine, Xingsheng coal mine was cleared to resume operations on August 1, 2011. Xingsheng coal mine is currently undergoing operational and safety upgrades, and has not resumed operation as of the date of this prospectus.

Shunli Coal Mine

Shunli coal mine originally consisted of Dongfanghong mine (built in 1995) and Zhenxing mine (built in 1998). The first on-site geological survey for mining purpose of these mines was conducted in 1950s. In May 2011, we entered into an agreement to acquire 100% of the mine's operator, Shunli Coal, and the registration for the transfer of such equity interests to Hongchang was completed on May 20, 2011. Shunli coal mine has had no operations since the mining moratorium and is currently undergoing safety upgrades.

Additional information regarding these mines is listed below:

	Hongchang		Xingsheng	
	Mine Shuangrui		Mine	Shunli Mine
	(6)	Mine (9)	(12)	(15)
Background data:				
Commencement of construction	1984	1970	1970	1995
Commencement of commercial				
production	1987	1970	1998	1998
Coalfield area (square kilometers)	0.65	0.47	0.19	0.08
Reserve data:(1)				
Total in-place proven and probable				
reserves (metric tons) (2)	2,479,000 (7)	1,674,000 (10)	2,475,000 (13)	1,373,300 (16)
Recoverable reserves (metric tons)				
(3)	1,215,100	1,539,000	2,233,000	1,122,000
Coal washing recovery rate (%) (4)	75	75	75	75

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5 1 0 1 1 /				
Depth of mining (meters	40.040	40. 250	00.00	100 100
underground)	10 - 210	40 - 270	80 - 90	100 - 130
Average thickness of main coal			Seam A4: 0.70	Seam A4: 2.0
seams (meters)			- 1.08	Seam A6: 1.6
	Seam B1: 1.14		Seam B1: 4.50	Seam B1: 6.5 –
	Seam A4: 5.50(8)	6.78	- 14.40(14	· · · · · ·
· · ·		al/Metallurgica T herm		
Leased/owned	Owned	Owned	Owned	Owned
Assigned/unassigned (5)	Assigned	Assigned	Assigned	Assigned
Sulfur content (%)				Seam A4: 1.50
	Seam B1: 2.64		Seam A4: 4.90	Seam A6: 0.87
	Seam A4: 0.55	Seam B1: 0.55(11)	Seam B1: 0.55	Seam B1: 0.55
Water content (%)				Seam A4: 1.50
	Seam B1: 0.83			Seam A6: 1.08
	Seam A4: 1.5	Seam B1: 1.5	N/A	Seam B1: 1.50
Ash content (%)			Seam A4:	Seam A4: 16
			18.64	Seam A6:
	Seam B1: 15.3		Seam B1:	33.44
	Seam A4: 14.0	Seam B1: 14	14.00	Seam B1: 15
Volatility content (%)			Seam A4:	Seam A4: 32
			38.45	Seam A6:
	Seam B1: 32.5		Seam B1:	20.59
	Seam A4: 29.0	Seam B1: 29	33.15	Seam B1: 29
Thermal Value (megajoules per				Seam A4:
kilogram)				30.10
				Seam A6:
				18.56
				Seam B1:
	31.9	28.5	31.2	31.30
Production data: (metric tons)				
Designed raw coal production				
capacity (per year)	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000
Raw coal production:	,	,	,	,
2009	260,938	150,000	150,000	150,000
2010	242,878	150,000	150,000	150,000
2011	186,226	1,020	67,981	0
Cumulative raw coal production as		, 	, 	
of June 30, 2011	690,042	301,020	367,981	300,000
,	,	,	,	,
34				

- (1) The reserve data including (i) total in-place proven and probable reserves, (ii) mining and coal preparation plant recovery rates; (iii) depth of mine; and (iv) average thickness of main coal seam are based on the relevant information from the mining report of each mine issued by our provincial mining authorities, the Regional Geological Survey Team of the Henan Bureau of Geology and Mineral Exploration and Development, and records of the Company. Non-accessible reserves are defined as the portion of identified resources estimated to be not accessible by application of one or more accessibility factors within an area. We note that the degree of assurance between what would meet the definition of "proven reserves" on the one hand, and "probable reserves" on the other hand, cannot be readily defined. Accordingly, pursuant to the SEC's Industry Guide 7 Description of Property by Issuers Engaged or to be Engaged in Significant Mining Operations, in the table above we report proven and probable reserves on a combined basis.
 - (2) In-place reserves refer to coal in-situ prior to the deduction of pillars of support, barriers or constraints.
- (3) Recoverable reserves refer to identified coal reserves that are technologically and economically feasible to extract prior to the deduction of losses during extraction. We note that the estimated recoverable reserves is a government estimate created and used by local mining authorities to determine permissible extraction rates, the duration of our mining license, and to approve mine designs and that it is subject to revision. We also utilize this estimate for accounting purposes, to amortize our mining rights. Currently estimated recoverable coal may not necessarily be consistent with the results of future mining, engineering and feasibility studies or reports.
- (4) Coal washing recovery rate refers to the rate of recovery of coal in the production of our washed coal products.
- (5) "Assigned" reserves refer to coal which has been committed to a particular mining complex (mine shafts, mining equipment, and plant facilities), and all coal which has been leased by the company to others. "Unassigned" reserves refer to coal which has not been committed, and which would require new mineshafts, mining equipment, or plant facilities before operations could begin on the property.
 - (6) The mining report of Hongchang coal mine is dated November 2005 (the "Hongchang Mining Report").
- (7) According to the Hongchang Mining Report, Hongchang coal mine was initially found to have total estimated reserves and resources of 2.81 million metric tons. 334,000 metric tons were removed during exploration, leaving approximately 2.47 million metric tons of estimated reserves and resources.
- (8) Hongchang coal mine contains two major economically exploitable coal seams, referred to in this table as the "Seam B1" and the "Seam A4".
 - (9) The mining report of Shuangrui coal mine is dated February 17, 2006 (the "Shuangrui Mining Report").
- (10) According to the Shuangrui Mining Report, Shuangrui coal mine was initially found to have total estimated reserves and resources of 4 million metric tons. 2.33 million metric tons were removed during exploration, leaving approximately 1.67 million metric tons of estimated reserves and resources.
- (11) Shuangrui Ming contains one major economically exploitable coal seam, referred to in this table as the "Seam B1."
 - (12) The mining report of Xingsheng coal mine is dated April 10, 2006 (the "Xingsheng Mining Report").
- (13) According to the Xingsheng Mining Report, Xingsheng coal mine was initially found to have total estimated reserves and resources of 2.74 million metric tons. 260,000 metric tons were removed during exploration, leaving approximately 2.48 million metric tons of estimated reserves and resources.

- (14)Xingsheng coal mine contains two major economically exploitable coal seams, referred to in this table as the "Seam A4" and the "Seam B1."
 - (15) The mining report of Shunli coal mine is dated March 2, 2006 (the "Shunli Mining Report").
- (16) According to the Shunli Mining Report, Shunli coal mine was initially found to have total estimated reserves and resources of 1.44 million metric tons. 647,000 metric tons were removed during exploration, leaving approximately 1.37 million metric tons of estimated reserves and resources.
 - (17) Shunli coal mine contains three major economically exploitable coal seams, referred to in this table as the "Seam A4", the "Seam A6", and the "Seam B1."

Mining Rights

Like all coal mines in the PRC, the four mines that we control, including the mine sites and the underlying coal and other minerals, are state-owned. Accordingly, the amount of coal that we can extract from each of mine is based on the mining permit issued to the mine's operator by the Henan Province Bureau of Land and Resources (the "Henan Land Resources Bureau"). For example, we extract coal from Hongchang coal mine based on the permit issued to Hongchang Coal. Each permit is issued pursuant to a reserves appraisal report submitted by government authorized mining engineers, and upon approval of such report by the Henan Land Resources Bureau. The amount of coal that can be extracted under the permit represents what we can economically and legally extract under applicable PRC law and as determined by the Henan Land Resources Bureau.

The table below lists our current mining permits:

	Hongchang coal	Shuangrui coal	Xingsheng coal	Shunli coal
	mine	mine	mine	mine
			May 30,	November 17,
Issuance date	July 6, 2007	June 4, 2007	2007	2009
	September 6,	October 4, 2011		September 2011
Expiration date (unless extended)	2013	(1)	July 30, 2012	(1)
Permitted mining amount (metric tons per				
year)	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000
Exhaustion date (2)	2013	2016	2020	2013

- (1) We intend to apply for extension of these permits once the mines have received clearance to resume operations.
- (2) We calculate the exhaustion date for each mine based on the estimated recoverable reserves as stated in the reserves appraisal report for such mine and at the permitted extraction rate of 150,000 metric tons per year per mine.

Under our current mining permits, we are theoretically allowed to extract up to 8,001,300 metric tons of coal from the four coal mines, representing their aggregate estimated in-place proven and probable reserves. Out of such proven and probable reserves, 6,109,100 metric tons are recoverable according to the reserves appraisal reports for these mines.

We are also required to pay for the amount of coal that we wish to extract under each mining permit, generally determined on a per metric ton basis based on proven and probable reserves (rather than actual recoverable coal), as well as prevailing market prices as determined by the Henan Land Resources Bureau. In the event that further exploration results in an increase of estimated proven and probable reserves (and we desire to extract such additional reserves), or if we desire to continue mining beyond a mining permit's expiration date, we must obtain an additional permit from the Henan Land Resources Bureau and may be subject to additional fees to acquire such permit or to modify an existing permit. We expect that the cost of further exploration in and around the four coal mines would be borne by us. We have been conducting additional geological studies around Hongchang coal mine, and expect to report our findings to the local mining authority. We note that the estimated 6,109,100 metric tons of recoverable reserves for the four coal mines in the aggregate is a government estimate created and used by local mining authorities to determine permissible extraction rates and the duration of our mining permits, and to approve mine designs, and is subject to revision. Currently estimated recoverable coal may not necessarily be consistent with the results of future mining, engineering and feasibility studies or reports.

In August 2007, we made a partial payment of approximately \$0.6 million (RMB 4.46 million) to extract from Hongchang coal mine its 2,479,000 metric tons of total reserves. A final payment of approximately \$0.4 million (RMB 2.7 million) is anticipated to become due when charged by the Henan Land Resources Bureau. The exact

amount of this final payment, however, will depend on market prices as determined by, and our negotiations with, the Henan Land Resources Bureau.

Payments in connection with the mining permits for Shuangrui coal mine, Shunli coal mine and Xingsheng coal mine were made in full in 2005 by their then owners.

Railway Assets

Currently, we have rail assets consisting of approximately 4.5 kilometers of special purpose transportation railway tracks that serve to facilitate the transportation of coal and coke from our site to the national railway system, and ultimately to our customers. We do not own any railcars and locomotives, but instead pay access fees to the Ministry of Railways for the use of government-owned and operated railcars and locomotives. These railcars are loaded with coal and coke products at our yard for delivery through the national railway system.

USE OF PROCEEDS

We will not receive any proceeds from the sale of common stock by the selling security holders. However, we may receive up to approximately \$47 million upon exercise of the warrants issued to the investors and placement agents in the financing transactions described above, the underlying shares of which are included in the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part. These warrants may be exercised by their holders using cash, or under certain circumstances they may be exercised by their holders pursuant to a cashless exercise provision. In instances where warrants are exercised without cash, we will not receive any proceeds from the warrants. The exercise of these warrants by their holders will result in the issuance by us of additional shares of common stock. We anticipate that the proceeds received, if any, from the exercise of the warrants, will be used for general corporate purposes, including the funding of our working capital requirements.

All proceeds from the sale of common stock offered by the selling security holders under this prospectus will be for the account of the selling security holders, as described below in the sections entitled "Selling Security Holders" and "Plan of Distribution." With the exception of any brokerage fees and commissions which are the respective obligations of each of the selling security holders, we are responsible for the fees, costs and expenses of this prospectus and related registration of our shares, which includes our legal and accounting fees, printing costs and filing and other miscellaneous fees and expenses.

SELLING SECURITY HOLDERS

We are registering the following securities:

- · 2,343,268 shares of common stock issued to non-U.S. investors;
- 1,171,634 shares of common stock underlying warrants issued to non-U.S. investors;
 - 5,001,667 shares of common stock issued to U.S. investors; and
- 2,867,997 shares of common stock underlying warrants issued to U.S. investors and placement agents.

We are registering these securities in order to permit the selling security holders to dispose of the shares of our common stock held by them, from time to time. The selling security holders may sell all, some, or none of their shares that are being registered. See "Plan of Distribution."

The table below lists the selling security holders and other information regarding the beneficial ownership of the shares of common stock by each of the selling security holders. Column B lists the number of shares of common stock beneficially owned by each selling security holder as of September 28, 2011 (assuming full exercise of the warrants held by such selling security holder, if any). Column C lists the shares of common stock covered by this prospectus that may be disposed of by each of the selling security holders. Column D lists the number of shares of common stock that will be beneficially owned by the selling security holders assuming all of the shares covered by this prospectus are sold. Column E lists the percentage of class beneficially owned by the selling security holders assuming all of the shares covered by this prospectus are sold, based on 21,090,948 shares of common stock issued and outstanding on September 28, 2011.

We cannot provide an estimate of the number of securities that any of the selling security holders will hold in the future. For purposes of this table, beneficial ownership is determined in accordance with the rules of the SEC, and includes voting power and investment power with respect to such securities.

The inclusion of any securities in the following table does not constitute an admission of beneficial ownership by the persons named below. Except as indicated in the footnotes to the table, no selling security holder has had any material relationship with us or our affiliates during the last three years. Except as indicated below, no selling security holder is the beneficial owner of any additional shares of common stock or other equity securities issued by us or any securities convertible into, or exercisable or exchangeable for, our equity securities. Except as indicated below, no selling security holder is a registered broker-dealer or an affiliate of a broker-dealer.

Selling Security Holder Table

Name	Securities	Securities	Securities 9	% Beneficial
(A)	Beneficially	Being	BeneficiallyOv	vnership After
	Owned Prior to	Offered	Owned After	Offering

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	Offering (1)		(C)		Offering (2)	(E)	
	(B)				(D)		
Michael Miller TTEE FBO Aarnel Funding Corp.							
Pension Plan (5)	37,500	(6)	37,500	(6)	0	0	%
Alder Capital Partners I LP (7)	150,000	(8)	150,000	(8)	0	0	%
Allan Rothstein (9)	22,500	(10)	22,500	(10)	0	0	%
Alpha Capital Anstalt (11)	52,500	(12)	52,500	(12)	0	0	%
Anson Investments Master Fund, LP (13)	37,500	(14)	37,500	(14)	0	0	%
Anthony G. Polak (4) (15)	15,000	(16)	15,000	(16)	0	0	%
Anthony Polak "S" (4) (17)	15,000	(18)	15,000	(18)	0	0	%
Ardsley Offshore Fund, Ltd (19) (317)	20,640	(20)	20,640	(20)	0	0	%
Ardsley Partners Fund II. LP (21) (317)	106 210	(22)	106 210	(22)	0	0	%

	Securities						
	Beneficially		Securities		Beneficially % Be		cial
	Owned Prior	to	Being		Owned Afte	e O wnership	After
Name	Offering (1))	Offered		Offering (2) Offerin	g
(A)	(B)		(C)		(D)	(E)	
Ardsley Partners Institutional Fund, LP (23)							
(317)	84,710	(24)	84,710	(24)	0	0	%
Atlas Allocation Fund, LP (25)	52,500	(26)	52,500	(26)	0	0	%
Bai Ye Feng (27)	123,750	(28)	123,750	(28)	0	0	%
Barry Honig (29)	41,667	(30)	41,667	(30)	0	0	%
Ben T. Morris (4) (31)	13,500	(32)	13,500	(32)	0	0	%
Bridgeway Asset Management Ltd. (33)	26,250	(34)	26,250	(34)	0	0	%
Brio Capital LP (35)	28,001	(36)	28,001	(36)	0	0	%
Burt Stangarone (4) (37)	18,750	(38)	18,750	(38)	0	0	%
Cape One Financial Master Fund Ltd. (39)	49,500	(40)	49,500	(40)	0	0	%
Capital Ventures International (4) (41)	300,000	(42)	300,000	(42)	0	0	%
Carpe Diem Capital Management LLC (331)	10,000	(332)	10,000	(332)	0	0	%
Carpe Diem Partners LLC (43)	20,000	(44)	20,000	(44)	0	0	%
Celenian Appreciation Fund, LP (45)	30,000	(46)	30,000	(46)	0	0	%
Clough Asia Fund, Ltd. (47) (318)	8,000	(48)	8,000	(48)	0	0	%
Clough Investment Partners I, LP (49) (318)	29,450	(50)	29,450	(50)	0	0	%
Clough Investment Partners II, LP (51) (318)	3,550	(52)	3,550	(52)	0	0	%
Clough Offshore Fund, Ltd (53) (318)	17,000	(54)	17,000	(54)	0	0	%
Daybreak Special Situations Master Fund, Ltd.							
(55)	97,500	(56)	97,500	(56)	0	0	%
Del Rey Management LP (57)	87,500	(58)	87,500	(58)	0	0	%

	Securities	Securities					
	Beneficially		Securities		Beneficially	% Benefi	icial
	Owned Prior	to	Being		Owned After	Ownership	After
Name	Offering (1))	Offered		Offering (2)	Offerir	ng
(A)	(B)		(C)		(D)	(E)	
Domaco Venture Capital Fund (59) (319)	15,000	(60)	15,000	(60)	0	0	%
Don Weir & Julie E. Weir JTTIC (4) (61)	12,000	(62)	12,000	(62)	0	0	%
Don A. Sanders (4) (63)	25,500	(64)	25,500	(64)	0	0	%
Emily Polak (65)	7,500	(66)	7,500	(66)	0	0	%
Empery Asset Master, Ltd (67) (320)	63,000	(68)	63,000	(68)	0	0	%
EOS Holdings, LLC (69)	120,000	(70)	120,000	(70)	0	0	%
Equity Interest, Inc. (71) (319)	7,500	(72)	7,500	(72)	0	0	%
Eugene Rintels Trust (73)	10,500	(74)	10,500	(74)	0	0	%
Excalibur Special Opportunities LP (75)	249,999	(76)	249,999	(76)	0	0	%
Far Ventures, LLC (77)	4,500	(78)	4,500	(78)	0	0	%
Futurtec, LP (79)	37,500	(80)	37,500	(80)	0	0	%
Gemini Master Fund, Ltd (81)	15,000	(82)	15,000	(82)	0	0	%
Greenberg Capital LLC (83)	6,000	(84)	6,000	(84)	0	0	%
Greenview Capital (85)	100,001	(86)	100,001	(86)	0	0	%
Greg Freihofner (87)	12,750	(88)	12,750	(88)	0	0	%
GRQ Consultants, Inc. 401K (89)	98,333	(90)	98,333	(90)	0	0	%
Guerrilla Partners, LP (91) (321)	90,000	(92)	90,000	(92)	0	0	%

	Securities			Securities			
	Beneficially	Securities		Beneficially % Bene		cial	
	Owned Prior	to	Being	Being		e wnership	After
Name	Offering (1))	Offered		Offering (2	2) Offerin	g
(A)	(B)		(C)		(D)	(E)	
Hammerman Capital Partners, LP (93)(322)	47,501	(94)	47,501	(94)	0	0	%
HCP Opportunity Fund LP (95) (322)	87,500	(96)	87,500	(96)	0	0	%
Hartz Capital Investments, LLC (97) (320)	63,000	(98)	63,000	(98)	0	0	%
Heller Capital Investments (99)	30,000	(100)	30,000	(100)	0	0	%
High Capital Funding, LLC (101)	12,000	(102)	12,000	(102)	0	0	%
Hua-Mei 21st Century Partners, LP (103) (321)	150,000	(104)	150,000	(104)	0	0	%
Hudson Bay Master Fund Ltd. (107)	750,000	(108)	750,000	(108)	0	0	%
Iroquois Master Fund Ltd (109)	110,000	(110)	110,000	(110)	0	0	%
Jamie Polak (4) (111)	7,500	(112)	7,500	(112)	0	0	%
Jayhawk Private Equity Fund II, LP (113)	450,000	(114)	450,000	(114)	0	0	%
Jeffrey Grodko (115)	12,000	(116)	12,000	(116)	0	0	%
Jeffrey A. Grossman (117)	37,500	(118)	37,500	(118)	0	0	%
JW Partners, LP (119)	6,000	(120)	6,000	(120)	0	0	%
Katherine U. Sanders (4) (121)	12,000	(122)	12,000	(122)	0	0	%
Kensington Partners, LP (123)	187,500	(124)	187,500	(124)	0	0	%
Lawrence Kaplan (125)	37,500	(126)	37,500	(126)	0	0	%
Lennox Capital Partners, LP (127)	52,500	(128)	52,500	(128)	0	0	%
Linda Hechter (129)	18,750	(130)	18,750	(130)	0	0	%

	Securities	Securities						
	Beneficially	Securities		Beneficially % Benefic		cial		
	Owned Prior t	O	Being		Owned After	wnership	ership After	
Name	Offering (1)		Offered		Offering (2)	Offerin	ıg	
(A)	(B)		(C)		(D)	(E)		
Marc Freeman (131)	18,501	(132)	18,501	(132)	0	0	%	
Marion Lynton (133) (317)	3,440	(134)	3,440	(134)	0	0	%	
Markets Edge, Ltd (135)	11,250	(136)	11,250	(136)	0	0	%	
Michael and Betsy Brauser (137)	50,000	(138)	50,000	(138)	0	0	%	
Michael Florence (139)	4,500	(140)	4,500	(140)	0	0	%	
Micro Pipe Fund I, LLC (141)	42,000	(142)	42,000	(142)	0	0	%	
Mondo Limited (143)	60,000	(144)	60,000	(144)	0	0	%	
Mountain Special Situations Fund LLC (145)	45,000	(146)	45,000	(146)	0	0	%	
Next View Capital, LP (147)	225,000	(148)	225,000	(148)	0	0	%	
Octagon Capital Partners (149)	60,000	(150)	60,000	(150)	0	0	%	
Old Mill Capital Partners, LP (151)	15,000	(152)	15,000	(152)	0	0	%	
Option Opportunities Co. (153) (324)	23,750	(154)	23,750	(154)	0	0	%	
Osmium Special Situations Fund Ltd (155)	1,475,000	(156)	1,475,000	(156)	0	0	%	
Overbrook Capital, LLC (157)	11,250	(158)	11,250	(158)	0	0	%	
Paragon Capital LP (159)	123,750	(160)	123,750	(160)	0	0	%	
Paul Hickey (4) (161)	26,250	(162)	26,250	(162)	0	0	%	
Richard Molinsky (163)	15,000	(164)	15,000	(164)	0	0	%	
RL Capital Partners (4) (165)	75,000	(166)	75,000	(166)	0	0	%	
Ronald Lazar (4) (167)	7,500	(168)	7,500	(168)	0	0	%	

	Securities				Securities		
	Beneficially		Securities		Beneficially	% Benefi	icial
	Owned Prior to		Being		Owned After	Ownership After	
Name	Offering (1)	Offered		Offering (2)	Offerir	ng
(A)	(B)		(C)		(D)	(E)	
Sanders 2003 Children's Trust (4) (169) (325)	12,000	(170)	12,000	(170)	0	0	%
Sanders Opportunity Fund (Inst), LP (4) (171)							
(325)	57,225	(172)	57,225	(172)	0	0	%
Sanders Opportunity Fund LP (4) (173) (325)	17,775	(174)	17,775	(174)	0	0	%
SDS Capital Group SPC, Ltd (175)	26,250	(176)	26,250	(176)	0	0	%
Shira Capital LLC (4) (177)	45,000	(178)	45,000	(178)	0	0	%
Steve Mazur (179)	22,500	(180)	22,500	(180)	0	0	%
Suresh Madan & Sarita Madan (181)	18,750	(182)	18,750	(182)	0	0	%
T Squared China Fund LLC (183) (326)	12,500	(184)	12,500	(184)	0	0	%
T Squared Investments LLC (185) (326)	62,501	(186)	62,501	(186)	0	0	%
Taylor International Fund, Ltd (187)	60,000	(188)	60,000	(188)	0	0	%
The USX China Fund (189)	37,500	(190)	37,500	(190)	0	0	%
Trillion Growth China LP (191)	37,500	(192)	37,500	(192)	0	0	%
Triumph Small Cap Fund, Inc. (193)	6,000	(194)	6,000	(194)	0	0	%
Walter J. Lipinski (195)	6,000	(196)	6,000	(196)	0	0	%
Warberg Opportunistic Trading Fund LP (197)							
(324)	41,501	(198)	41,501	(198)	0	0	%
Westpark Capital, L.P. (199)	37,500	(200)	37,500	(200)	0	0	%

	Securities				Securities		
	Beneficially	ý	Securities	\$	Beneficially	% Benefi	icial
	Owned Prior	to	Being		Owned After	Ownership.	After
Name	Offering (1)	Offered		Offering (2)	Offerin	ng
(A)	(B)		(C)		(D)	(E)	
Wilmark of Nevada, Inc. (201)	120,000	(202)	120,000	(202)	0	0	%
Aijun Du (203)	477,000	(204)	477,000	(204)	0	0	%
Aili Fan (205)	3,000	(206)	3,000	(206)	0	0	%
Bin Zheng (207)	180,000	(208)	180,000	(208)	0	0	%
Changxi Wang (209)	1,500	(210)	1,500	(210)	0	0	%
Chijie Yang (211)	4,500	(212)	4,500	(212)	0	0	%
Cuihong Ding (213)	3,000	(214)	3,000	(214)	0	0	%
Dongliang Li (215)	156,285	(216)	156,285	(216)	0	0	%
En Li (217)	45,000	(218)	45,000	(218)	0	0	%
Fei Sun (219)	62,973	(220)	62,973	(220)	0	0	%
Fengying Fan (221)	245,973	(222)	245,973	(222)	0	0	%
Guanghao Cheng (223)	46,119	(224)	46,119	(224)	0	0	%
Guo Yang (225)	3,000	(226)	3,000	(226)	0	0	%
Haiyan Wei (227)	3,000	(228)	3,000	(228)	0	0	%
Hanqing Chen (229)	367,647	(230)	367,647	(230)	0	0	%
Huiying Xu (231)	1,500	(232)	1,500	(232)	0	0	%
Jia Yao (233)	3,000	(234)	3,000	(234)	0	0	%
Jianwei Zheng (235)	1,500	(236)	1,500	(236)	0	0	%
Jing Xie (237)	3,000	(238)	3,000	(238)	0	0	%
Jingliang Zheng (239)	3,000	(240)	3,000	(240)	0	0	%
Kunfeng Zhang (241)	570,000	(242)	570,000	(242)	0	0	%

	Securities				Securities		
	Beneficially	y	Securities	}	Beneficially	% Benefi	icial
	Owned Prior	to	Being		Owned After	Ownership	After
Name	Offering (1)	Offered		Offering (2)	Offerir	ng
(A)	(B)		(C)		(D)	(E)	
Kunyang Li (243)	90,000	(244)	90,000	(244)	0	0	%
Lili Wang (245)	435,000	(246)	435,000	(246)	0	0	%
Liming Wang (247)	30,000	(248)	30,000	(248)	0	0	%
Meiping Wang (249)	750	(250)	750	(250)	0	0	%
Nengyi Jiang (251)	6,000	(252)	6,000	(252)	0	0	%
Ning Sha (253)	3,000	(254)	3,000	(254)	0	0	%
Peican Li (255)	15,000	(256)	15,000	(256)	0	0	%
Peijing Li (257)	15,000	(258)	15,000	(258)	0	0	%
Pingsheng Li (259)	9,000	(260)	9,000	(260)	0	0	%
Sanping Lv (261)	1,500	(262)	1,500	(262)	0	0	%
Tong Liu (263)	3,000	(264)	3,000	(264)	0	0	%
Weiwei Zan (265)	1,800	(266)	1,800	(266)	0	0	%
Wenyi Liao (267)	1,500	(268)	1,500	(268)	0	0	%
Xingwu Zhou (269)	180,000	(270)	180,000	(270)	0	0	%
Xushuai Wang (271)	365,223	(272)	365,223	(272)	0	0	%
Yancai Wang (273)	3,000	(274)	3,000	(274)	0	0	%
Yang Wang (275)	98,829	(276)	98,829	(276)	0	0	%
Yansong Sun (277)	4,500	(278)	4,500	(278)	0	0	%
Yaopeng Wu (279)	15,000	(280)	15,000	(280)	0	0	%
Yingying Zhang (281)	4,500	(282)	4,500	(282)	0	0	%
Yufen Jiao (283)	3,000	(284)	3,000	(284)	0	0	%

	Securities				Securities		
	Beneficiall	y	Securities	3	Beneficially	% Benefi	cial
	Owned Prior	to	Being		Owned After	Ownership	After
Name	Offering (1)	Offered		Offering (2)	Offerin	g
(A)	(B)		(C)		(D)	(E)	
Zhanjun Lou (285)	1,800	(286)	1,800	(286)	0	0	%
Zhengkai Zhu (287)	36,603	(288)	36,603	(288)	0	0	%
Zhonghua Liu (289)	3,000	(290)	3,000	(290)	0	0	%
Zhuli Li (291)	5,400	(292)	5,400	(292)	0	0	%
Madison Williams and Company LLC (3) (293)							
(327)	52,000	(294)	52,000	(294)	0	0	%
Rodman & Renshaw LLC (3) (295) (328)	54,000	(296)	54,000	(296)	0	0	%
MW Equity Pool LLC (3) (297) (327)	78,000	(298)	78,000	(298)	0	0	%
Ramnarain Jaigobind (4) (299) (328)	20,870	(300)	20,870	(300)	0	0	%
Eric Lord (4) (299) (328)	5,227	(302)	5,227	(302)	0	0	%
Kevin Mangan (4) (299) (328)	2,402	(304)	2,402	(304)	0	0	%
KaiKai Dong (4) (305) (328)	2,000	(306)	2,000	(306)	0	0	%
Chirag Choudhary (4) (307) (328)	9,741	(308)	9,741	(308)	0	0	%
Harry Ioannou (4) (309) (328)	12,828	(310)	12,828	(310)	0	0	%
George Anagnostou (4) (299) (328)	5,273	(312)	5,273	(312)	0	0	%
Jonah Raskas (4) (313) (328)	3,303	(314)	3,303	(314)	0	0	%
Philip Riggio (4) (315) (328)	4,356	(316)	4,356	(316)	0	0	%
OTA, LLC (3) (329)	262,164	(330)	262,164	(330)	0	0	%

- (1)Unless otherwise indicated, the selling security holders listed in the table above acquired the securities being offered in the February and March closings of the Company's \$44 million private placement financing described above. The securities in both closings consisted of units purchased at \$6.00 each, with each unit consisting of one share of common stock, and a five year warrant for the purchase of 0.5 shares of common stock with and exercise price of \$12.00 per whole share. Percentages stated in the above table are based on a total of 21,090,948 shares of common stock outstanding as of September 28, 2011.
- (2) Assumes that all of the shares offered hereby are sold and that shares owned before the offering but not offered hereby are not sold.
- (3) This security holder is a broker-dealer, and is therefore deemed an "underwriter" under the Securities Act of 1933 as amended.
- (4) This security holder is an affiliate of a broker-dealer. Each affiliate of a broker-dealer represents that such affiliate (a) purchased or acquired the securities to be resold in the ordinary course of business, and (b) had no agreements or understandings, directly or indirectly, with any person to distribute the securities at the time of their purchase or acquisition. Further, each affiliate of a broker-dealer represents that the affiliated broker-dealer received these securities as compensation for underwriting activities, prior to their assignment to the affiliate.
- (5) The address of this security holder is 31 Pierce Lane, Norwich VT 05055. Michael Miller, as trustee of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (6) Includes 25,000 shares of Common Stock and 12,500 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities

Purchase Agreement.

- (7) The address of this security holder is 1223 Camino Del Mar, Del Mar, California 92014. Michael Licosati, as managing partner of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (8) Includes 100,000 shares of Common Stock and 50,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (9) The address of this security holder is 98 Cuttermill Road, Suite 370, South, Great Neck, NY 11021.
- (10) Includes 15,000 shares of Common Stock and 7,500 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (11) The address of this security holder is Dradafent 79490 Furstentuns cms Vaduz, Lichtenstein. Konrad Ackerman, as director of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.

- (12) Includes 35,000 shares of Common Stock and 17,500 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (13) The address of this security holder is 5950 Berkshire Lane, Suite 510, Dallas, TX 75225. Bruce Winson, as portfolio manager of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (14) Includes 25,000 shares of Common Stock and 12,500 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (15) The address of this security holder is 8 Elskip Lane, Greenwich, CT 06831.
- (16) Includes 10,000 shares of Common Stock and 5,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (17) The address of this security holder is 8 Elskip Lane, Greenwich, CT 06831.
- (18) Includes 10,000 shares of Common Stock and 5,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (19) The address of this security holder is c/o Ardsley Partners, 262 Harbor Drive, 4th Floor, Stamford, CT 06902. Philip J. Hempleman, as general partner of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (20) Includes 20,640 shares of Common Stock issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (21) The address of this security holder is c/o Ardsley Partners, 262 Harbor Drive, 4th Floor, Stamford, CT 06902. Philip J. Hempleman, as general partner of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (22) Includes 106,210 shares of Common Stock issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (23) The address of this security holder is c/o Ardsley Partners, 262 Harbor Drive, 4th Floor, Stamford, CT 06902. Philip J. Hempleman, as general partner of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (24) Includes 84,710 shares of Common Stock issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (25) The address of this security holder is 8214 Westchester Drive, Suite 650, Dallas, TX 75225. Robert H. Alpert, as president of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.

Includes 35,000 shares of Common Stock and 17,500 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.

- (27) The address of this security holder is Flat F, 9/F, Tower 1, Harbour Green No.8 Sham Mong Road, Tai Kok Tsui Kowloon, Hong Kong.
- (28) Includes 82,500 shares of Common Stock and 41,250 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (29) The address of this security holder is 595 S Federal Highway, Suite 600, Boca Raton, FL 33432.
- (30) Includes 41,667 shares of Common Stock issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (31) The address of this security holder is 5800 JP Morgan Chase Tower, Austin, TX 77002.
- (32) Includes 9,000 shares of Common Stock and 4,500 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.

- (33) The address of this security holder is Suite 2021, Two Pacific Place, 88 Queensway, Hong Kong. Li Wen Ying, as sole director and shareholder of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (34) Includes 17,500 shares of Common Stock and 8,750 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (35) The address of this security holder is 401 E. 34th Street, Suite South 33C, New York, NY 10016. Shaye Hirsch, as managing partner of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (36) Includes 18,667 shares of Common Stock and 9,334 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (37) The address of this security holder is 76 Childs Rd., Basking Ridge, NJ 07920.
- (38) Includes 12,500 shares of Common Stock and 6,250 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (39) The address of this security holder is 410 Park Ave, Suite 1500, New York, NY 10022. Reid Drescher, as managing member of the investment manager of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (40) Includes 33,000 shares of Common Stock and 16,500 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (41) The address of this security holder is 101 California St, Suite 3250, San Francisco, CA, 94111. Heights Capital Management, Inc., the authorized agent of this security holder, has discretionary authority to vote and dispose of these securities held by this security holder and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities. Martin Kobinger, in his capacity as investment manager of Heights Capital Management, Inc. may also be deemed to have the investment discretion and voting power over these securities. Mr. Kobinger disclaims any such beneficial ownership of these securities.
- (42) Includes 200,000 shares of Common Stock and 100,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (43) The address of this security holder is 3400 N. Lake Shore Drive, 2nd Floor, Chicago, IL 60657. John Ziegelman, as president and chief executive officer of Carpe Diem Capital Management, LLC, which is investment manager of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (44) Includes 20,000 shares of Common Stock issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.

- (45) The address of this security holder is 338 Spear Street, Suite 8D, San Francisco, CA 94105. Ikro Yoon, as managing member of Celenian Capital LLC, which is general partner of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (46) Includes 20,000 shares of Common Stock and 10,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (47) The address of this security holder is One Post Office Square, 40th Floor, Boston, MA 02109. Eric A. Brock, as partner of general partner of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (48) Includes 8,000 shares of Common Stock issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (49) The address of this security holder is One Post Office Square, 40th Floor, Boston, MA 02109. Eric A. Brock, as partner of general partner of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (50) Includes 29,450 shares of Common Stock issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (51) The address of this security holder is One Post Office Square, 40th Floor, Boston, MA 02109. Eric A. Brock, as partner of general partner of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.

- (52) Includes 3,550 shares of Common Stock issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (53) The address of this security holder is One Post Office Square, 40th Floor, Boston, MA 02109. Eric A. Brock, as partner of investment advisor of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (54) Includes 17,000 shares of Common Stock issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (55) The address of this security holder is 100 East Cook Avenue, Suite 100 Libertyville IL 60048. Larry Butz and John Prinz, as managing partners of general partner of this security holder, have dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (56) Includes 65,000 shares of Common Stock and 32,500 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (57) The address of this security holder is 877 West Main Street #600, Boise, ID 83702. Gregory A. Bied, as managing partner of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (58) Includes 25,000 shares of Common Stock and 62,500 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (59) The address of this security holder is 195 Beech St. Eastchester, NY 10709. Jack Polak, as general partner of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (60) Includes 10,000 shares of Common Stock and 5,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (61) The address of this security holder is 303 Green Belt, Houston, TX 77079.
- (62) Includes 8,000 shares of Common Stock and 4,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (63) The address of this security holder is 600 Travis St #5800, Houston, TX 77002.
- (64) Includes 17,000 shares of Common Stock and 8,500 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (65) The address of this security holder is 229 Chrystie St., Apt 1107, New York, NY 10002.

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Includes 5,000 shares of Common Stock and 2,500 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.

- (67) The address of this security holder is c/o Empery Asset Management LP, 120 Broadway, Suite 1019, New York, NY 10271. Empery Asset Management, LP, the authorized agent of this security holder, has discretionary authority to vote and dispose of these securities held by this security holder and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities. Martin Hoe and Ryan Lane, in their capacity as investment managers of Empery Asset Management LP, may also be deemed to have investment discretion and voting power over the securities. Mr. Hoe and Mr. Lane disclaim any beneficial ownership of these securities.
- (68) Includes 42,000 shares of Common Stock and 21,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (69) The address of this security holder is 2560 Highvale Rd., Las Vegas, NV 89134. Jon Richard Carnes, as manager of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (70) Includes 80,000 shares of Common Stock and 40,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (71) The address of this security holder is 195 Beech St. Eastchester, NY 10709. Jack Polak, as president of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.

- (72) Includes 5,000 shares of Common Stock and 2,500 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (73) The address of this security holder is 560 Ridge Rd, Winnetka, IL 60093.
- (74) Includes 7,000 shares of Common Stock and 3,500 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (75) The address of this security holder is 150 Bloor Street Suite 14, Toronto, ON M5S 2X9, Canada. William Hechter, as president of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (76) Includes 166,666 shares of Common Stock and 83,333 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (77) The address of this security holder is 9 Daniel Drive, Glen Cove, NY 11542. Steven M. Farber and S. Edmond Farber, as managing members of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (78) Includes 3,000 shares of Common Stock and 1,500 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (79) The address of this security holder is 18 Briarfield Drive, Great Neck, NY 11020. Ido Klear, as president of Futurtec Capital Corporation, the general partner of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (80) Includes 25,000 shares of Common Stock and 12,500 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (81) The address of this security holder is c/o Gemini Strategies, LLC, 135 Liverpool Drive, Suite C, Cardiff, CA 92007. Steven Winters, as president of the investment manager of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (82) Includes 10,000 shares of Common Stock and 5,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (83) The address of this security holder is 1000 Woodbury Road, Suite 207, Woodbury, NY 11797. David Greenberg, as president of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (84) Includes 4,000 shares of Common Stock and 2,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.

- (85) The address of this security holder is 100 East Cook Avenue, Suite 101 Libertyville IL 60048. Gene Maher, as principal of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (86) Includes 66,667 shares of Common Stock and 33,334 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (87) The address of this security holder is 2 Sharon Lane, Scarsdale, NY 10583.
- (88) Includes 8,500 shares of Common Stock and 4,250 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (89) The address of this security holder is 595 S Federal Highway, Suite 600, Boca Raton, FL 33432. Barry Honig, as trustee of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (90) Includes 98,333 shares of Common Stock issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (91) The address of this security holder is 237 Park Avenue, 9th Floor, New York, NY 10017. Peter Siris and Leigh Curry, as managing directors of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.

- (92) Includes 60,000 shares of Common Stock and 30,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (93) The address of this security holder is 1232 Rose Lane, Lafayette, CA 94549. Jason A. Hammerman, as managing member of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (94) Includes 31,667 shares of Common Stock and 15,834 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (95) The address of this security holder is 1232 Rose Lane, Lafayette, CA 94549. Jason A. Hammerman, as managing member of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (96) Includes 58,333 shares of Common Stock and 29,167 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (97) The address of this security holder is c/o Empery Asset Management LP, 121 Broadway, Suite 1019, New York, NY 10271. Empery Asset Management LP, the authorized agent of this security holder, has discretionary authority to vote and dispose of these securities held by this security holder and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities. Martin Hoe and Ryan Lane, in their capacity as investment managers of Empery Asset Management LP, may also be deemed to have investment discretion and voting power over these securities. Mr. Hoe and Mr. Lane disclaim any beneficial ownership of these securities.
- (98) Includes 42,000 shares of Common Stock and 21,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (99) The address of this security holder is 700 E. Palisade Avenue, Englewood Cliffs, NJ 07632. Ronald I. Heller, as Chief Information Officer of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (100) Includes 20,000 shares of Common Stock and 10,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (101) The address of this security holder is 333 Sandy Springs Circle, Suite 230, Atlanta, GA 30328. Frank E. Hart, as manager, Frea A. Brasch, as chief financial officer, and David A. Rapaport, as executive vice president and of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (102) Includes 8,000 shares of Common Stock and 4,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.

- (103) The address of this security holder is 237 Park Avenue, 9th Floor, New York, NY 10017. Peter Siris and Leigh Curry, as managing directors of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (104) Includes 100,000 shares of Common Stock and 50,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (105) Reserved.
- (106) Reserved.
- (107) The address of this security holder is 120 Broadway, 40th Floor, New York, NY 10271. Hudson Bay Capital Management, LP, the investment manager of this security holder, has voting and investment power over the securities held by this security holder and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities. Sander Gerber, in his capacity as managing member of Hudson Bay Capital GP LLC, which is general partner of Hudson Bay Capital Management, LP, may also be deemed to have investment discretion and voting power over these securities. Sander Gerber disclaims any beneficial ownership over these securities.
- (108) Includes 500,000 shares of Common Stock and 250,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants owned by this selling security holder in connection with the Financing, all of which are registered for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (109) The address of this security holder is 641 Lexington Ave. 26th Fl, New York, NY 10022. Joshua Silverman, as authorized signatory of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.

- (110) Includes 35,000 shares of Common Stock and 75,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (111) The address of this security holder is 220 Riverside Blvd, Apt 7-T, New York, NY 10069.
- (112) Includes 5,000 shares of Common Stock and 2,500 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (113) The address of this security holder is 930 Tahoe Blvd., 802-281, Incline Village, NV, 89451. Kent C. McCarthy, as manager of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (114) Includes 300,000 shares of Common Stock and 150,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (115) The address of this security holder is 1865 E. 28th St., Brooklyn, NY 11229.
- (116) Includes 8,000 shares of Common Stock and 4,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (117) The address of this security holder is 35 Rochelle Dr., New City, NY 10956.
- (118) Includes 25,000 shares of Common Stock and 12,500 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (119) The address of this security holder is 900 Third Avenue, Suite 1401, New York, NY 10022. Jason Wild, as managing member of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (120) Includes 4,000 shares of Common Stock and 2,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (121) The address of this security holder is 4014 Inverness Drive, Houston, TX 77019.
- (122) Includes 8,000 shares of Common Stock and 4.000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (123) The address of this security holder is 767 Third Avenue, 16th Fl., New York, NY 10017. Richard J. Keim, as general partner of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.

Includes 125,000 shares of Common Stock and 62,500 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.

- (125) The address of this security holder is 2000 S Ocean Blvd., Boca Raton, FL 33432.
- (126) Includes 25,000 shares of Common Stock and 12,500 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (127) The address of this security holder is 2101 Cedar Springs Road, Suite 1230, Dallas, TX 75201. Richard D. Squires, as president of the general partner of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (128) Includes 35,000 shares of Common Stock and 17,500 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (129) The address of this security holder is 205 Vesta Drive, Toronto, ON M5P 3A1, Canada.
- (130) Includes 12,500 shares of Common Stock and 6,250 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (131) The address of this security holder is 315 Rosemary Road, Toronto, Ontario M5P 3E4.
- (132) Includes 12,334 shares of Common Stock and 6,167 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.

- (133) The address of this security holder is c/o Ardsley Partners, 262 Harbor Drive, 4th Floor, Stamford, CT 06902. Philip J. Hempleman, as general manager of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (134) Includes 3,440 shares of Common Stock issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (135) The address of this security holder is 1116 Pheasant Lane, Collegeville, PA 19426. Maj Soueidan, as general partner of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (136) Includes 7,500 shares of Common Stock and 3,750 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (137) The address of this security holder is 3164 NE 31st Ave., Lighthouse Point, FL 33064.
- (138) Includes 50,000 shares of Common Stock issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (139) The address of this security holder is 150 Signet Drive, Toronto ON M9L 1T9.
- (140) Includes 3,000 shares of Common Stock and 1,500 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (141) The address of this security holder is 301 Mission Ave Ste 209, Oceanside, CA 92054. David Mickelson, as managing member of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (142) Includes 42,000 shares of Common Stock issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (143) The address of this security holder is 57-63 Line Wall Road, PO Box 199, Gibraltar, Israel. Albert Flores, Desmond Reoch, Brenda Avellano and Lesley Nuttall, as directors of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (144) Includes 40,000 shares of Common Stock and 20,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (145) The address of this security holder is c/o EagleRock Capital Management- 24 West 40th Street, 10th Floor, New York, NY 10018. Nader Tavakoli, as managing member of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (146) Includes 30,000 shares of Common Stock and 15,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.

- (147) The address of this security holder is 180 Crestview Drive, Deerfield, IL 60015. Stewart Flink, as manager of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (148) Includes 150,000 shares of Common Stock and 75,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (149) The address of this security holder is 155 West 68th St, # 27E, New York, NY 10023. Steven Hart, as general partner of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (150) Includes 40,000 shares of Common Stock and 20,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (151) The address of this security holder is 15750 1H-10 West, San Antonio, TX 78249. Jeffrey Dabbs, as managing member of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (152) Includes 10,000 shares of Common Stock and 5,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (153) The address of this security holder is 339 Sheridan Road, Winnetka, IL 60093. Daniel Warsh, as authorized representative of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.

- (154) Includes 15,833 shares of Common Stock and 7,917 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (155) The address of this security holder is Canons Court, 22 Victoria St., Hamilton, HM 11, Bermuda. Christopher Kuchanny, as chairman of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (156) Includes 983,333 shares of Common Stock and 491,667 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (157) The address of this security holder is 288 Lancaster Ave, Bldg 1, Ste 3, Frazer, PA 19355. Michael Markowski, as president of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (158) Includes 7,500 shares of Common Stock and 3,750 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (159) The address of this security holder is 110 East 59th Street, 29th Floor, New York, NY 10022. Alan P. Donenfeld, as general partner of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (160) Includes 82,500 shares of Common Stock and 41,250 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (161) The address of this security holder is 9243 N. Emerald Lake Cove, Cedar Hills, Utah 84062.
- (162) Includes 17,500 shares of Common Stock and 8,750 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (163) The address of this security holder is 51 Loro's Hwy East, Weston, CT 06883.
- (164) Includes 10,000 shares of Common Stock and 5,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (165) The address of this security holder is c/o Maxim Group, 405 Lexington Avenue, 2nd Floor, New York, NY 10174. Ronald Lazar and Anthony Polak, as managing members of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (166) Includes 50,000 shares of Common Stock and 25,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.

- (167) The address of this security holder is 200 Winston Drive # 3109 Cliffside Park, NJ 07010-3234.
- (168) Includes 5,000 shares of Common Stock and 2,500 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (169) The address of this security holder is 600 Travis St #5800, Houston, TX 77002. Don Weir, as trustee of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (170) Includes 8,000 shares of Common Stock and 4,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (171) The address of this security holder is 600 Travis St #5800, Houston, TX 77002. Don Weir, as vice president of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (172) Includes 38,150 shares of Common Stock and 19,075 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (173) The address of this security holder is 600 Travis St #5800, Houston, TX 77002. Don Weir, as vice president of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (174) Includes 11,850 shares of Common Stock and 5,925 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.

- (175) The address of this security holder is c/o SDS Management LLC, 53 Forest Avenue, 2nd Floor, Old Greenwich, CT 06870. Steve Derby, as managing member of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (176) Includes 17,500 shares of Common Stock and 8,750 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (177) The address of this security holder is 71 S. Wacker Drive, Suite 1900, Chicago, IL 60606. Montgomery Cornell, as assistant secretary of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (178) Includes 30,000 shares of Common Stock and 15,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (179) The address of this security holder is 66 Glenbrook Road, Suite 2121, Stamford, CT 06902.
- (180) Includes 15,000 shares of Common Stock and 7,500 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (181) The address of this security holder is 157 Old Yonge Street, Toronto, ONT M2P 1R1.
- (182) Includes 12,500 shares of Common Stock and 6,250 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (183) The address of this security holder is 1325 6th Avenue, Floor 27, New York, NY 10019. Thomas Sauve and Mark Jensen have, as managing members of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (184) Includes 8,333 shares of Common Stock and 4,167 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (185) The address of this security holder is 1325 6th Avenue, Floor 27, New York, NY 10019. Thomas Sauve and Mark Jensen have, as managing members of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (186) Includes 41,667 shares of Common Stock and 20,834 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (187) The address of this security holder is 714 South Dearborn Street, 2nd Floor, Chicago, IL 60605. Steve Taylor, as chairman of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.

Includes 40,000 shares of Common Stock and 20,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.

- (189) The address of this security holder is 5100 Poplar Ave, Ste 3119 Memphis, TN 38137. Stephen L. Parr, as manager of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (190) Includes 25,000 shares of Common Stock and 12,500 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (191) The address of this security holder is 1000, 888-3rd, St S.W., Calgary, AB, T2P 5C5, Canada. Corey Mitchell, as president of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (192) Includes 25,000 shares of Common Stock and 12,500 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (193) The address of this security holder is 1000 Woodbury Road, Suite 207, Woodbury, NY 11797. Kenneth Orr, as chief executive officer of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (194) Includes 4,000 shares of Common Stock and 2,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.

- (195) The address of this security holder is 6089 S. Oswego St., Greenwood Village, CO 80111.
- (196) Includes 4,000 shares of Common Stock and 2,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (197) The address of this security holder is 95 Revere Drive, Suite A, Northbrook, IL 60062. Daniel Warsh, as member of Warberg Asset Management LLC, which is general partner of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (198) Includes 27,667 shares of Common Stock and 13,834 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (199) The address of this security holder is 4965 Preston Park Blvd #220, Plano, Texas 75093. Patrick J. Brosnahan, as general partner of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (200) Includes 25,000 shares of Common Stock and 12,500 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (201) The address of this security holder is 1393 N. Bennett Circle, Farmington, Utah 84025. Bryant D. Cragun, as president of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (202) Includes 80,000 shares of Common Stock and 40,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (203) The address of this security holder is 94 Jianshe Rd., Building 19, Unit 5, Rm 202, Huiyuan District, Luohe, Henan Province, People's Republic of China
- (204) Includes 318,000 shares of Common Stock and 159,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (205) The address of this security holder is 22 Gongren Village, Rm 22, Gaozhuang Town, Shilong District, Pingdingshan, Henan Province, People's Republic of China.
- (206) Includes 2,000 shares of Common Stock and 1,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (207) The address of this security holder is 80 N. Guangming Rd., Building 2, Rm 4, Xinhua District, Pingdingshan, Henan Province, People's Republic of China.

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Includes 120,000 shares of Common Stock and 60,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.

- (209) The address of this security holder is 13 W. Tiyu Rd., Building 2, Rm 8, Xinhua District, Pingdingshan, Henan Province, People's Republic of China.
- (210) Includes 1,000 shares of Common Stock and 500 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (211) The address of this security holder is Xingfu St., Rm 202, Xinhua District, Pingdingshan, Henan Province, People's Republic of China.
- (212) Includes 3,000 shares of Common Stock and 1,500 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (213) The address of this security holder is Linping Village, Group 4, Rm 26, Shuanghe Town, Zhongxiang, Hebei Province, People's Republic of China.
- (214) Includes 2,000 shares of Common Stock and 1,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (215) The address of this security holder is Beijing St., Rm#1-1, Xigang District, Dalian, Liaoning Province, People's Republic of China.
- (216) Includes 104,190 shares of Common Stock and 52,095 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.

- (217) The address of this security holder is Baozhuang Village, Liangwa Town, Lushan County, Henan Province, People's Republic of China.
- (218) Includes 30,000 shares of Common Stock and 15,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (219) The address of this security holder is 25 N. Xisanhuan Rd., Economics Department 2005, Haidian District, Beijing, People's Republic of China.
- (220) Includes 41,982 shares of Common Stock and 20,991 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (221) The address of this security holder is 100 Central Jianshe Rd., Building 4, Rm 61, Xinhua District, Pingdingshan, Henan Province, People's Republic of China.
- (222) Includes 163,982 shares of Common Stock and 81,991 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (223) The address of this security holder is 166 Fuxing Rd., Chengguan Town, Jia County, Henan Province, People's Republic of China.
- (224) Includes 30,746 shares of Common Stock and 15,373 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (225) The address of this security holder is East Guangcheng Rd., Rm 22, Ruzhou, Henan Province, People's Republic of China.
- (226) Includes 2,000 shares of Common Stock and 1,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (227) The address of this security holder is Jizhuang Village, Rm 6, Xuezhuang Town, Xinhua District, Pingdingshan, Henan Province, People's Republic of China.
- (228) Includes 2,000 shares of Common Stock and 1,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (229) The address of this security holder is 8 Shanshuidong Rd., No. 40, Hongqiao Garden, Binghu District, Wuxi, Jiangsu Province, People's Republic of China.
- (230) Includes 245,098 shares of Common Stock and 122,549 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.

- (231) The address of this security holder is 26 E. Nanhuan Rd., Rm 9, Zhanhe District, Pingdingshan, Henan Province, People's Republic of China.
- (232) Includes 1,000 shares of Common Stock and 500 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (233) The address of this security holder is 14 Fuxing Rd., Building 4, Rm 322, Haidian District, Beijing, People's Republic of China.
- (234) Includes 2,000 shares of Common Stock and 1,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (235) The address of this security holder is 270 W. Jianshe Rd., Building 1, Rm 14, Xinhua District, Pingdingshan, Henan Province, People's Republic of China.
- (236) Includes 1,000 shares of Common Stock and 500 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (237) The address of this security holder is Yuanding Rd., Academy of Education, Pingdingshan, Henan Province, People's Republic of China.
- (238) Includes 2,000 shares of Common Stock and 1,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.

- (239) The address of this security holder is 2 E. Yongan St., Rm3, Erqi District, Zhengzhou, Henan Province, People's Republic of China.
- (240) Includes 2,000 shares of Common Stock and 1,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (241) The address of this security holder is 1 S. East Jianshe Rd., Building 5, Unit 3, Rm 8, Weidong District, Pingdingshan, Henan Province, People's Republic of China.
- (242) Includes 380,000 shares of Common Stock and 190,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (243) The address of this security holder is 2 Street, Rm 9, Shuangpaifang Village, Suiyang District, Shangqiu, Henan Province, People's Republic of China.
- (244) Includes 60,000 shares of Common Stock and 30,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (245) The address of this security holder is No. F11, Dushuyizhi, Daxing District, Beijing, People's Republic of China.
- (246) Includes 290,000 shares of Common Stock and 145,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (247) The address of this security holder is Fanrong St, Building 22-55, Weidong District, Pingdingshan, Henan Province, People's Republic of China.
- (248) Includes 20,000 shares of Common Stock and 10,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (249) The address of this security holder is 3 E. Kaiyuan Rd., Building 9, Rm 28, Weidong District, Pingdingshan, Henan Province, People's Republic of China.
- (250) Includes 500 shares of Common Stock and 250 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (251) The address of this security holder is Qingshanyi Village, Building 41, Rm 602, Meilie District, Sanming, Fujian Province, People's Republic of China.
- (252) Includes 4,000 shares of Common Stock and 2,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.

- (253) The address of this security holder is 118 Diba St., Rm 1, Economic and Technical Development District, Zhengzhou, Henan Province, People's Republic of China.
- (254) Includes 2,000 shares of Common Stock and 1,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (255) The address of this security holder is 100 N. Central Jianshe Rd., Building 4, Rm 61, Xinhua District, Pingdingshan, Henan Province, People's Republic of China.
- (256) Includes 10,000 shares of Common Stock and 5,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (257) The address of this security holder is 100 N. Central Jianshe Rd., Building 4, Rm 61, Xinhua District, Pingdingshan, Henan Province, People's Republic of China.
- (258) Includes 10,000 shares of Common Stock and 5,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (259) The address of this security holder is Qingshanyi Village, Building 37, Rm 206, Meilie District, Sanming, Fujian Province, People's Republic of China.
- (260) Includes 6,000 shares of Common Stock and 3,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (261) The address of this security holder is 28 Tiyu Rd., Building 11, Rm 41, Xinhua District, Pingdingshan, Henan Province, People's Republic of China.

- (262) Includes 1,000 shares of Common Stock and 500 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (263) The address of this security holder is Beilijia, Liulitun, Building 9, Rm 404, Chaoyang District, Beijing, People's Republic of China.
- (264) Includes 2,000 shares of Common Stock and 1,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (265) The address of this security holder is Gebei St., Rm 56, Xunhua District, Zhangjiakou, Hebei Province, People's Republic of China.
- (266) Includes 1,200 shares of Common Stock and 600 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (267) The address of this security holder is 48 Dongsheng St., Rm 13, Mianjiang District, Chengdu, Sichuan Province, People's Republic of China.
- (268) Includes 1,000 shares of Common Stock and 500 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (269) The address of this security holder is Dajiangbiantun, Wujiang Village, Rm 53, Pingnan Town, Pingnan County, Guangxi Province, People's Republic of China.
- (270) Includes 120,000 shares of Common Stock and 60,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (271) The address of this security holder is 25 N. Xisanhuan Rd., Economics Department 2005, Haidian District, Beijing, People's Republic of China.
- (272)Includes 243,482 shares of Common Stock and 121,741 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (273) The address of this security holder is Shangdong Village, Rm 62, Shangdian Town, Wugang, Henan Province, People's Republic of China.
- (274)Includes 2,000 shares of Common Stock and 1,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (275) The address of this security holder is 60 S. Xueyuan Rd., Building 2, Rm 9, Haidian District, Beijing, People's Republic of China.

- (276) Includes 65,886 shares of Common Stock and 32,943 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (277) The address of this security holder is Zhongxin St, Building 3, Unit 1, Rm 201, Tiedong District, Zaozhuang, Shandong Province, People's Republic of China.
- (278) Includes 3,000 shares of Common Stock and 1,500 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (279) The address of this security holder is 21 S. Kaiyuan Rd., Unit 2, Rm 22, Zhanhe District, Pingdingshan, Henan Province, People's Republic of China.
- (280) Includes 10,000 shares of Common Stock and 5,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (281) The address of this security holder is South Aiqun Lane, Building 6, Rm 4, Yangzhuang Town, Baofeng County, Henan Province, People's Republic of China.
- (282) Includes 3,000 shares of Common Stock and 1,500 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (283) The address of this security holder is 1 W. Hanghai Rd., Building 11, Unit 2, Rm 31, Zhongyuan District, Zhengzhou, Henan Province, People's Republic of China.

- (284) Includes 2,000 shares of Common Stock and 1,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (285) The address of this security holder is 1 Renming Rd., Building 1, Unit 3, Rm 301, Chengguan Town, Baofeng County, Henan Province, People's Republic of China.
- (286)Includes 1,200 shares of Common Stock and 600 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (287) The address of this security holder is 5 W. Chang'an St., Xicheng District, Beijing, People's Republic of China.
- (288) Includes 24,402 shares of Common Stock and 12,201 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (289) The address of this security holder is 10 E. Yanhe Rd., Building 2, Rm 15, Weidong District, Pingdingshan, Henan Province, People's Republic of China.
- (290) Includes 2,000 shares of Common Stock and 1,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (291) The address of this security holder is 2 Shanghai Rd., Building 1, Unit 2, Rm 301, Economic and Technical Development District, Urmuqi, People's Republic of China.
- (292) Includes 3,600 shares of Common Stock and 1,800 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (293) The address of this security holder is 527 Madison Avenue, 14th & 15th Floors, New York, NY 10022. William Sprague, as chairman of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (294) Includes 52,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants at an exercise price of \$6.00 per share for a period of 60 months issued to this selling security holder in the first and second round of Financing respectively, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (295) The address of this security holder is 1251 Avenue of the Americas, 20th Floor, New York, NY 10020. David Horin, as chief financial officer of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (296) Includes 54,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants at an exercise price of \$6.00 per share for a period of 60 months issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (297) The address of this security holder is 527 Madison Avenue, 14th & 15th Floors, New York, NY 10022. William Sprague, as chairman of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be

deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.

- (298) Includes 78,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants at an exercise price of \$6.00 per share for a period of 60 months issued to this selling security holder in the first and second round of Financing respectively, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (299) The address of this security holder is Aegis Capital Corp., 810 7th Avenue, 11th Floor, New York, NY 10019
- (300) Includes 20,870 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants at an exercise price of \$6.00 per share for a period of 60 months issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.

(301) Reserved.

(302)Includes 5,227 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants at an exercise price of \$6.00 per share for a period of 60 months issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.

(303) Reserved.

(304) Includes 2,402 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants at an exercise price of \$6.00 per share for a period of 60 months issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.

- (305) The address of this security holder is c/o Rodman & Renshaw LLC, 1251 Avenue of the Americas, 20th Floor, New York, NY 10020.
- (306)Includes 2,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants at an exercise price of \$6.00 per share for a period of 60 months issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (307) The address of this security holder is 211 W. 56th St., New York, NY 10019.
- (308) Includes 9,741 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants at an exercise price of \$6.00 per share for a period of 60 months issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (309) The address of this security holder is 162-17 13th Ave., Whitestone, NY 11357.
- (310) Includes 12,828 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants at an exercise price of \$6.00 per share for a period of 60 months issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (311) Reserved.
- (312)Includes 5,273 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants at an exercise price of \$6.00 per share for a period of 60 months issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (313) The address of this security holder is 301 Overlook Road, New Rochelle, NY 10804.
- (314)Includes 3,303 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants at an exercise price of \$6.00 per share for a period of 60 months issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (315) The address of this security holder is 1 Lillian Terrace, Darien, CT 06820.
- (316)Includes 4,356 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants at an exercise price of \$6.00 per share for a period of 60 months issued to this selling security holder in the Financing, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.

(317)	Under common control and are deemed affiliates of one another.
(318)	Under common control and are deemed affiliates of one another.
(319)	Under common control and are deemed affiliates of one another.
(320)	Under common control and are deemed affiliates of one another.
(321)	Under common control and are deemed affiliates of one another.
(322)	Under common control and are deemed affiliates of one another.

(323)	Reserved.
(324)	Under common control and are deemed affiliates of one another.
(325)	Under common control and are deemed affiliates of one another.
(326)	Under common control and are deemed affiliates of one another.

- (327) We are registering the ordinary shares underlying the placement agent warrants issuable to Madison Williams and Company LLC, as lead placement agent in the Financing of which a portion has been assigned to MW Equity Pool, LLC, to purchase up to an aggregate of 130,000 shares at \$6.00 per share. These placement agent warrants were issued in conjunction with our private placements completed on February 5, 2010 and March 11, 2010. Madison Williams and Company LLC is a registered broker-dealer. Madison Williams and Company LLC earned these securities as compensation for investment banking services.
- (328) We are registering the ordinary shares underlying the placement agent warrants issuable to Rodman & Renshaw, LLC, the co-placement agent in the Financing, to purchase up to an aggregate of 120,000 shares at \$6.00 per share. These placement agent warrants were issued in conjunction with our private placement completed on March 11, 2010. Rodman & Renshaw, LLC is a registered broker-dealer. Rodman & Renshaw, LLC earned these securities as compensation for investment banking services. A portion of these placement agent warrants have been assigned to principals and employees of Rodman & Renshaw, LLC.
- (329) The address of this security holder is 1 Manhattanville Road, Purchase, NY 10577. Ira M. Leventhal, as senior managing director of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.

- (330) Includes 262,164 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants at an exercise price of \$12.00 per share for a period of 60 months issued to this selling security holder in the first and second round of Financing respectively, all of which we are registering for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.
- (331) The address of this security holder is 3400 N. Lake Shore Drive, 2nd Floor, Chicago, IL 60657. John Ziegelman, as president and chief executive officer of this security holder, has dispositive and voting power over these securities and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities.
- (332)Includes 10,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants owned by this selling security holder in connection with the Financing, all of which are registered for resale pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

Each selling security holder (each, a "Selling Shareholder" and collectively, the "Selling Shareholders") of the common stock and any of their pledgees, assignees and successors-in-interest may, from time to time, sell any or all of their shares of common stock on the NASDAQ Capital Market or any other stock exchange, market or trading facility on which the shares are traded or in private transactions. These sales may be at fixed or negotiated prices. A Selling Shareholder may use any one or more of the following methods when selling shares:

ordinary brokerage transactions and transactions in which the broker-dealer solicits purchasers;

block trades in which the broker-dealer will attempt to sell the shares as agent but may position and resell a portion of the block as principal to facilitate the transaction;

purchases by a broker-dealer as principal and resale by the broker-dealer for its account;

an exchange distribution in accordance with the rules of the applicable exchange;

privately negotiated transactions;

settlement of short sales entered into after the effective date of the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part;

broker-dealers may agree with the Selling Shareholders to sell a specified number of such shares at a stipulated price per share;

through the writing or settlement of options or other hedging transactions, whether through an options exchange or otherwise:

a combination of any such methods of sale; or

any other method permitted pursuant to applicable law.

The Selling Shareholders may also sell shares under Rule 144 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), if available, rather than under this prospectus.

Broker-dealers engaged by the Selling Shareholders may arrange for other brokers-dealers to participate in sales. Broker-dealers may receive commissions or discounts from the Selling Shareholders (or, if any broker-dealer acts as

agent for the purchaser of shares, from the purchaser) in amounts to be negotiated, but, except as set forth in a supplement to this prospectus, in the case of an agency transaction not in excess of a customary brokerage commission in compliance with FINRA NASD Rule 2440; and in the case of a principal transaction a markup or markdown in compliance with NASD IM-2440.

The following Selling Shareholders are registered broker-dealers, agents or affiliates of broker-dealers that are deemed to be "underwriters" within the meaning of the Securities Act in connection with their sales: Anthony G. Polak, Anthony Polak "S", Ben T. Morris, Burt Stangarone, Don Weir & Julie E. Weir JTTIC, Don A. Sanders, Katherine U. Sanders, Jamie Polak, Paul Hickey, Sanders Opportunity Fund (Inst), LP, RL Capital Partners, Ronald Lazar, Sanders 2003 Children's Trust, Sanders Opportunity Fund (Inst), LP, Sanders Opportunity Fund LP, Shira Capital LLC, Madison Williams and Company LLC, and Rodman & Renshaw LLC, MW Equity Pool LLC, OTA, LLC, Ramnarain Jaigobind, Eric Lord, Kevin Mangan, KaiKai Dong, Chirag Choudhary, Harry Ionnnou, George Anagnostou, Jonah Raskas, and Philip Riggio. In such event, any commissions received by such broker-dealers or agents and any profit on the resale of the shares purchased by them may be deemed to be underwriting commissions or discounts under the Securities Act. Each Selling Shareholder has informed the Company that it does not have any written or oral agreement or understanding, directly or indirectly, with any person to distribute the Common Stock.

We are required to pay certain fees and expenses incurred by us incident to the registration of the shares. We have agreed to indemnify the Selling Shareholders against certain losses, claims, damages and liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act.

Since Selling Shareholders may be deemed to be "underwriters" within the meaning of the Securities Act, they will be subject to the prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act including Rule 172 thereunder. In addition, any securities covered by this prospectus which qualify for sale pursuant to Rule 144 under the Securities Act may be sold under Rule 144 rather than under this prospectus. There is no underwriter or single coordinating broker acting in connection with the proposed sale of the resale shares by the Selling Shareholders.

We agreed to keep this prospectus and the registration statement which this prospectus forms a part effective until the earlier of (i) the date on which the shares may be resold by the Selling Shareholders without registration and without regard to any volume or manner-of-sale limitations by reason of Rule 144, without the requirement for the Company to be in compliance with the current public information under Rule 144 under the Securities Act or any other rule of similar effect or (ii) all of the shares have been sold pursuant to this prospectus or Rule 144 under the Securities Act or any other rule of similar effect. The resale shares will be sold only through registered or licensed brokers or dealers if required under applicable state securities laws. In addition, in certain states, the resale shares may not be sold unless they have been registered or qualified for sale in the applicable state or an exemption from the registration or qualification requirement is available and is complied with.

Under applicable rules and regulations under the Exchange Act, any person engaged in the distribution of the resale shares may not simultaneously engage in market making activities with respect to the common stock for the applicable restricted period, as defined in Regulation M, prior to the commencement of the distribution. In addition, the Selling Shareholders will be subject to applicable provisions of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations thereunder, including Regulation M, which may limit the timing of purchases and sales of shares of the common stock by the Selling Shareholders or any other person. We will make copies of this prospectus available to the Selling Shareholders and have informed them of the need to deliver a copy of this prospectus to each purchaser at or prior to the time of the sale (including by compliance with Rule 172 under the Securities Act).

LEGAL MATTERS

The validity of the shares issued by us in our financing on March 11, 2010, to be resold under this prospectus, has been passed upon by Richardson & Patel LLP in Los Angeles, California.

EXPERTS

The consolidated financial statements of SinoCoking and its subsidiaries as of June 30, 2010 and 2009 and for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 appearing in this prospectus and registration statement have been audited by Frazer Frost, LLP (successor entity of Moore Stephens Wurth Frazer & Torbet LLP), an independent registered public accounting firm, as set forth in their report appearing herein, and are included in reliance upon such reports given on the authority of such firm as experts in auditing and accounting. The consolidated financial statements of SinoCoking and its subsidiaries as of June 30, 2011 and for the year ended June 30, 2011 appearing in this prospectus and registration statement have been audited by Friedman LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as set forth in their report appearing herein, and are included in reliance upon such reports given on the authority of such firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY

The following table lists certain information our current facilities.

Location Approximate Ownership Principal Uses
Floor Area Status
(Square

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	Meters)		
Kuanggong Road and Tiyu Road, 10/F, Xinhua District,	600	Leased	Corporate principal executive office (1)
Pingdingshan, Henan Province, China		_	
1235-1237/12 F Beichen Century Center,	455	Leased	Office (2)
East Beichen Street, Chaoyang District,			
Beijing, China			
1601-16/F, SPD International Finance	455	Leased	Zhonghong's office (3)
Center, Jinshui Road, Jinshui District,			
Zhengzhou, Henan Province, China			
Zhaozhuang Village, Daying Town,	95,013	Owned	Coking plant, operational office, rail
Baofeng, Pingdingshan, Henan Province,			track, coal washing, power generation
China			
Zhaozhuang Village, Daying Town,	371,628	Owned	New coking plant (4)
Baofeng, Pingdingshan, Henan Province,			
China			
Zhaozhuang Village, Daying Town,	310,000	Owned (5)	Hongchang coal mine
Baofeng, Pingdingshan, Henan Province,			
China			
Liping Village, Daying Town, Baofeng,	470,000	60% Owned	Shuangrui coal mine
Pingdingshan, Henan Province, China		(5)	
Southwest Zhaozhuang Village, Daying	190,000	60% Owned	Xingsheng coal mine
Town, Baofeng, Pingdingshan, Henan		(5)	
Province, China			
West Zhaozhuang Village, Daying Town,	80,000	Owned (5)	Shunli coal mine
Baofeng, Pingdingshan, Henan Province,			
China			

- (1)Our principal executive office is in downtown Pingdingshan, approximately 60 kilometers from our current plant, which houses our executive and administrative staff and oversees our operations. We entered into a lease for the premises with the Pingdingshan Rural Cooperative Bank in June 2008, for an annual rent of approximately \$8,760 (RMB 66,900). The lease is generally renewable upon expiration and requires an upfront payment of the annual rent.
- (2)On April 16, 2010, we entered into a lease agreement to lease three office units in Beijing from June 15, 2010 to June 14, 2013 with monthly lease payment of \$21,960 (RMB 145,529) and monthly management fee of \$3,875 (RMB 25,681). In August 2010, we entered into another lease agreement to lease three different office units in the same building replacing the original lease from August 14, 2010 to June 14, 2013, with monthly lease payment of \$10,497 (RMB 69,565) and monthly management fee of \$1,852 (RMB 12,276).
- (3) Zhonghong is leasing an office unit in Zhengzhou from February 25, 2011 to August 24, 2013 with monthly lease payments of \$5,595 (RMB 37,075).
- (4) For the year ended June 30, 2011, we prepaid (through Hongli) a total of approximately \$9.0 million (RMB 58.05 million) to acquire the land use rights to approximately 371,628 square meters of residential land adjacent to our current plant, as the site for our new coking plant. Such prepayments were paid to the land's former occupants and are not refundable. We expect to acquire the land use rights by December 31, 2011 at an estimated total cost of \$10,682,625 (RMB 70,050,000). We also anticipate paying an additional \$1.9 million (RMB 12.45 million) for administrative fees related to land reconfiguration for industrial use. As of the date of this prospectus, plant construction has not been completed, although we currently expect to do so by December 2011.
- (5) We do not own the mines (as all mineral resources are state-owned), but we control the mining permits to extract coal from these mines through our ownership of the operators of these mines.

SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

The following selected consolidated income statement data for the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, and the selected consolidated balance sheet data as of June 30, 2011 and 2010 have been derived from our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. These consolidated financial data should be read in conjunction with "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and the financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this prospectus. Our selected consolidated income statement data for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2008 and 2007, and the selected consolidated balance sheet data as of June 30, 2009, 2008 and 2007 have been derived from our audited financial statements which are not included in this prospectus. The historical results presented below are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected in any future period.

	Years Ended June 30,									
		2011		2010		2009		2008		2007
			(In	thousands	s, ex	cept per sh	are	amounts)		
Selected Income Statement Data:										
Revenue	\$	74,288	\$	59,027	\$	51,396	\$	58,623	\$	30,079
Gross profit		27,021		22,450		23,873		30,872		7,899
Income from operations		23,497		19,621		21,234		26,971		3,569
Net income		39,908		38,934		16,968		17,665		603
Earnings per share										
Basic		1.90		2.49		1.29		1.35		0.05
Diluted		1.90		2.44		1.29		1.35		0.05

Selected Balance Sheet Data:	2011	2010		une 30, 2009 housands)		2008		2007
Current assets	\$ 72,654	\$ 57,383	\$	15,789	\$	11,107	\$	4,410
Long term assets	117,215	56,792		31,699		26,327		26,042
Current liabilities	9,961	21,304		12,281		19,770		32,850
Long-term loans	55,692	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Equity	118,647	62,435		35,207		17,664		(2,398)
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			June 30,		
	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Selected Operating Data:					
Production capacity (metric ton)					
Coke	240,000	240,000	240,000	240,000	240,000
Coal tar	13,991	5,239	7,510	10,870	7,330
Raw coal	24,000	18,000	12,000	12,000	12,000
Washed coal	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Metric tons produced					
Coke	156,785	106,917	154,648	225,922	150,164
Coal tar	13,991	4,818	7,510	10,870	7,330
Raw coal	132,449	188,593	245,773	200,188	103,832
Washed coal	107,527	186,248	243,958	297,120	208,317
Metric tons sold					
Coke	154,553	132,911	154,631	225,779	152,049
Coal tar	13,810	6,182	7,646	10,756	7,330
Raw coal	207,272	369,379	229,480	20,737	44,636
Washed coal	111,244	55,598	55,360	1,860	45,734

SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL DATA

The following table presents our condensed operating results for each quarter for the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010. The information for each of these quarters is unaudited. In the opinion of management, all necessary adjustments, which consist only of normal and recurring accruals, have been included to fairly present the unaudited quarterly results. This data should be read together with our consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto, the Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm and Management's Discussions and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

			Second	Third	Fourth	Full year
Year ended J	une 30, 2011	First quarter	quarter	quarter	quarter	(audited)
Revenue		\$ 13,008,462	\$ 16,745,332	\$19,872,461	\$ 24,661,738	\$74,287,993
Gross profit		\$ 4,644,353	\$ 7,110,377	\$ 7,235,710	\$ 8,030,244	\$ 27,020,684
Net income		\$ 15,481,998	\$ (6,989,723)	\$ 17,138,441	\$ 14,277,144	\$39,907,860
	Basic net income per share	\$ 0.74	\$ (0.33)	\$ 0.81	\$ 0.68	\$ 1.90
	Diluted net income per share	\$ 0.73	\$ (0.33)	\$ 0.81	\$ 0.68	\$ 1.90

			Second	Third	Fourth	Full year
Year ended June 30, 2010	First o	quarter	quarter	quarter	quarter	(audited)
	Revenue \$18,1	29,461	14,763,958	\$ 15,247,494	\$10,886,577	\$ 59,027,490
	Gross profit \$ 9,0	60,396	6,027,147	\$ 5,641,605	\$ 1,720,904	\$ 22,450,052
	Net income \$ 6,5	47,377 \$	4,736,299	\$ (36,876,262)	\$ 64,527,083	\$ 38,934,497
Basic net inc	come per share \$	0.50	0.36	\$ (2.39)	\$ 3.09	\$ 2.49
Diluted net inc	come per share \$	0.50	0.36	\$ (2.39)	\$ 3.08	\$ 2.44

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis of the results of our operations and financial condition for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009 should be read in conjunction with the Selected Financial Data, our financial

statements, and the notes to those financial statements that are included elsewhere in this prospectus. All monetary figures are presented in U.S. dollars, unless otherwise indicated.

Forward-Looking Statements

The statements in this discussion that are not historical facts are "forward-looking statements." The words "may," "will," "expect," "believe," "anticipate," "intend," "could," "estimate," "continue", the negative forms thereof, or similar expression intended to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements are identified by those words or expressions. Forward-looking statements by their nature involve substantial risks and uncertainties, certain of which are beyond our control. Actual results, performance or achievements may differ materially from those expressed or implied by forward-looking statements depending on a variety of important factors, including, but not limited to, weather, local, regional, national and global coke and coal price fluctuations, levels of coal and coke production in the region, the demand for raw materials such as iron and steel which require coke to produce, availability of financing and interest rates, competition, changes in, or failure to comply with, government regulations, costs, uncertainties and other effects of legal and other administrative proceedings, and other risks and uncertainties. We are not undertaking to update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or circumstances or otherwise.

Overview

We are a vertically-integrated coal and coke producer based in Henan Province, China. We use coal that we extract and buy to produce basic and value-added coal products including raw (unprocessed) coal, washed coal, medium coal and coal slurries (by-products of the coal-washing process), and coke products including chemical and metallurgical coke and coal tar (a by-product of the coke manufacturing process).

Our business operations are conducted through Henan Province Pingdingshan Hongli Coal & Coke Co., Ltd. ("Hongli"), a PRC company that we control by a series of contractual arrangements between Hongli and Pingdingshan Hongyuan Energy Science and Technology Development Co., Ltd. ("Hongyuan"). Hongyuan is a PRC company wholly-owned by Top Favour Limited, a British Virgin Island company and our wholly-owned subsidiary.

Presently, our coke related activities are carried out by Hongli's branch operation, Baofeng Coking Factory ("Baofeng Coking"), coal related activities by four of Hongli's subsidiaries, namely Baofeng Hongchang Coal Co., Ltd. ("Hongchang Coal"), Baofeng Shuangrui Coal Mining Co., Ltd. ("Shuangrui Coal"), Baofeng Xingsheng Coal Mining Co., Ltd. ("Shunli Coal"), and electricity generation by another Hongli subsidiary, Baofeng Hongguang Environment Protection Electricity Generating Co., Ltd. ("Hongguang Power").

The coal-related activities for the periods discussed below are those of Hongchang Coal only, as our other three coal mine companies have halted operations since the provincial-wide mining moratorium was imposed in June 2010. It is our intention to transfer all coal related activities from all four companies to the joint-venture established with Henan Province Coal Seam Gas Development and Utilization Co., Ltd. ("Henan Coal Seam Gas"), a state-owned enterprise and qualified provincial-level coal mine consolidator. The joint-venture, Henan Hongyuan Coal Seam Gas Engineering Technology Co., Ltd. ("Hongyuan CSG"), has been established, although our planned transfer of coal related activities to Hongyuan CSG has not been carried out as of the date of this prospectus.

Our interests in Hongyuan CSG are held by Henan Zhonghong Energy Investment Co., Ltd. ("Zhonghong"), a company established in December 2010 and which equity interests are presently held on Hongli's behalf and for its benefits by three nominees pursuant to share entrustment agreements.

Results of Operations

General. Our revenue in fiscal 2011 increased approximately 26% from a year ago. Sales of coke and coal products (other than raw coal) increased in response to market demands. However, we had to reduce our raw coal sales in light of the ongoing provincial mining moratorium. The resulting tight coal supply situation is reflected in the breakdown of our revenue by product type, with 53% of total revenue in fiscal 2011 from coke products, as compared to 49% in fiscal 2010, and 47% from coal products in fiscal 2011, as compared to 51% in fiscal 2010.

On a macro level, management has observed the following trends, which may have a direct impact on our operations in the near future: (1) the continuing effects of the ongoing mine consolidation in Henan on the availability of metallurgical coal in the region, and on the prices of coal and coke products in the short- and mid-term; (2) the acceleration of government-mandated closure of small-sized and less-efficient coking facilities; and (3) the central government's continuing efforts to provide economic stimulus to maintain momentum and growth in domestic consumption.

Comparison of Years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010

Revenue. Revenue for fiscal 2011 was \$74,287,993, an increase of \$15,260,503 or 25.85% as compared to fiscal 2010. Such increase resulted from increased coke and washed coal sales, offset in part by a 25% decrease in raw coal sales from a year ago.

Revenue and quantity sold by product type for fiscal 2011 and 2010 are as follows:

Revenues

Coal Products Total

	Соке		
	Products		
Revenue			
Fiscal Year 2010	\$28,974,918	\$ 30,052,572	\$ 59,027,490
Fiscal Year 2011	39,329,446	34,958,547	74,287,993
Increase (decrease) in \$	\$ 10,354,528	\$ 4,905,975	\$ 15,260,503
% Increase (decrease) in \$	35.74%%	16.32%	25.85%
Quantity Sold (metric tons)			
Fiscal Year 2010	139,093	424,977	564,070
Fiscal Year 2011	168,363	318,516	486,879
Increase (decrease)	29,270	(106,461)	(77,191)
% Increase (decrease)	21.04%	(25.05)%	(13.68)%

Coke products include finished coke, a key raw material for producing steel, and coal tar, a byproduct of the coke manufacturing process which can be used for various industrial applications. Coal products include both washed and raw coal, which is used by customers primarily for electricity generation and heating applications. As used in this discussion and analysis, the "raw coal" category includes both thermal and metallurgical coal that is unwashed and relatively unprocessed, in addition to coal washing byproducts such as coal slurry.

Average selling prices per metric ton for our four principal product categories during fiscal 2011 and 2010 are as follows:

Average Selling Prices	(Coke	Coal Tar	Raw Coal	Washed Coal
Fiscal Year 2010	\$	208	214	62	127
Fiscal Year 2011		233	243	73	179
Increase (decrease) in \$		25	29	11	52
% Increase (decrease) in \$		12.02%	13.55%	17.74%	40.94%

Generally, our selling prices are driven by a number of factors, including the particular composition and quality of the coal or coke we sell, their prevailing market prices locally and throughout China, as well as in the global marketplace, timing of sales, delivery terms, and our relationships with our customers and our negotiations of their purchase orders. Management believes that the changes in average selling prices from fiscal 2010 to fiscal 2011 were primarily driven by increased demand for all coal-related products and the general lack of coking coal supply in Henan which was caused by the provincial-wide mining moratorium.

We generally sell our raw coal inventory and other coal products when prices are stable at seasonally high levels, or at levels that are considered above historical norms. The average price of the raw coal was calculated based on the weighted average price of unprocessed coal, coal byproducts and mixed thermal coal. We note that the average selling prices for coal products were also influenced by changes in the coal mixtures (with different grades and heat content) that we sold to our customers.

Revenue and quantity sold by coke product categories for fiscal 2011 and 2010 are as follows:

	Coke Prod		
	Coke	Coal Tar	Total
Revenue			
Fiscal 2010	\$27,650,175	1,324,743	28,974,918
Fiscal 2011	35,970,933	3,358,513	39,329,446
Increase in \$	8,320,758	2,033,770	10,354,528
% Increase in \$	30.09%	153.52%	35.74%
Quantity Sold (metric tons)			
Fiscal 2010	132,911	6,182	139,093
Fiscal 2011	154,553	13,810	168,363
Increase	21,642	7,628	29,270
% Increase	16.28%	123.39%	21.04%

Revenue from coke for fiscal 2011 increased by 30.09% from a year ago as a result of increased demand by domestic steel manufacturers, which drove up both sales volume and average selling price. Strong market demand from chemical manufacturers also boosted our coal tar revenue for fiscal 2011, an increase of 153.52% from a year ago.

Revenue and quantity sold by coal product categories for fiscal 2011 and 2010 are as follows:

	Coal Products				
	Raw Coal	Washed Coal	Total		
Revenue					
Fiscal 2010	\$ 22,964,448	7,088,124	30,052,572		
Fiscal 2011	15,073,052	19,885,495	34,958,547		
Increase (decrease) in \$	(7,891,396)	12,797,371	4,905,975		
% Increase (decrease) in \$	(34.36)%	180.55%	16.32%		
Quantity Sold (metric tons)					
Fiscal 2010	369,379	55,598	424,977		
Fiscal 2011	207,272	111,244	318,516		
Increase (decrease)	(162,107)	55,646	(106,461)		
% Increase (decrease)	(43.89)%	100.09%	(25.05)%		

Revenue from raw coal for fiscal 2011 decreased by 34.36% from a year ago, in spite of the 17.74% increase in the average selling price of raw coal. As a result of the mining moratorium, we were unable to produce or purchase

sufficient raw coal to sell.

Revenue from washed coal for fiscal 2011 increased by 180.55% from a year ago, as we sold some of our inventory to take advantage of the 40.94% increase in the average selling price of washed coal that resulted from the increase in raw coal prices.

Cost of Revenue. Cost of revenue for fiscal 2011 increased from \$36,577,438 to \$47,267,309 as compared to fiscal 2010. Despite the drop in raw coal sales, sales of all other products increased. In addition, our weighted average purchase cost of raw materials increased due to higher coking coal and washed coal prices in fiscal 2011 as compared to a year ago.

Gross Profit. Gross profit for fiscal 2011 increased by \$4,570,632 or 20.36%, to \$27,020,684, from \$22,450,052 for fiscal 2010, reflecting our higher revenue year over year.

Operating Expenses. Operating expenses, which consist of selling expenses and general and administrative expenses, increased by \$693,939 or 24.52% in fiscal 2011 as compared to the fiscal 2010. Selling expense decreased by \$178,280 due to the relative consistency of our customer composition, which reduced our customer relations and related expenses. On the other hand, general and administrative expense increased by \$872,219. While our legal expense decreased by \$313,885 from fiscal 2010, when we incurred certain listing and financing related expenses, in fiscal 2011 our salary expense increased by \$346,598, (primarily from management compensations), rental expense increased by \$363,130 (due to the leases on our Beijing and Zhengzhou offices), and travel expense increased by \$337,706 (primarily from management travels to the United States).

Other Income and Expense. Other income and expense includes finance expense, income and expense not related to our principal operations, and change in fair value of warrants.

Finance expense, which consists of interest expense, increased by \$1,213,716, or 413.97% from \$293,190 for fiscal 2010 to \$1,506,906 for fiscal 2011. This is largely due to our \$54.9 million (RMB 360 million) loan from Bairui Trust Co., Ltd. ("Bairui Trust") in April 2011.

We had expense not related to our principal operations of \$152,879 in fiscal 2011, incurred in connection with our \$54.9 million loan from Bairui Trust. We also recorded income not related to our principal operations of \$107,799 for fiscal 2011, which represent our recovery of uncollectible accounts which was charged to bad debt expense in fiscal 2010. We additionally recorded a gain in fair value of warrants of \$23,135,827 for fiscal 2011, as compared to \$24,016,417 for fiscal 2010. As a result, we had other income of \$21,476,042 in fiscal 2011, as compared to \$23,831,016 in fiscal 2010.

Provision for Income Taxes. Provision for income taxes increased by \$548,356 for fiscal 2011 from fiscal 2010, due primarily to our increased operational income before tax of \$23,497,198 for fiscal 2011, as compared to \$19,620,505 for fiscal 2010.

Net income. Net income, including the change in fair value of warrants, was \$39,907,860 for fiscal year 2011, as compared to \$38,934,497 for fiscal 2010.

We use non-GAAP adjusted net income to measure the performance of our business internally by excluding non-cash charges related to warrants, and believe that the non-GAAP adjusted financial measure allows us to focus on managing business operating performance because the measure reflects the Company's essential operating activities and provides a consistent method of comparison to historical periods. We believe that providing this non-GAAP measure that the Company uses internally is useful to investors for a number of reasons. The non-GAAP measure provides a consistent basis for investors to understand our financial performance in comparison to historical periods without variation of non-recurring items and non-operating related charges. In addition, it allows investors to evaluate the Company's performance using the same methodology and information as that used by our management. Non-GAAP measures are subject to inherent limitations because they do not include all of the expenses included under GAAP and because they involve the exercise of judgment regarding which charges are excluded from the non-GAAP financial measure. However, we compensate for these limitations by providing the relevant disclosure of the items excluded.

The following table provides a non-GAAP financial measure and a reconciliation of that non-GAAP measure to the GAAP net income:

	Fisca	.1
	2010	2011
Net income	\$ 38,934,497 \$	39,907,860

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Change in fair value of warrant liabilities	(24,016,407)	(23,135,827)
Adjusted net income	\$ 14,918,090	\$ 16,772,033
Earnings per share- basic	\$ 2.49	\$ 1.90
Earnings per share- diluted	\$ 2.44	\$ 1.90
Adjusted earnings per share – basic	\$ 0.95	\$ 0.80
Adjusted earnings per share – diluted	\$ 0.94	\$ 0.80
Weighted average number of common shares - basic	15,623,823	20,962,091
Weighted average number of common shares - diluted	15,942,451	21,021,255

Excluding non-cash gains, adjusted net income for fiscal 2010 and 2011 were approximately \$15 million and \$17 million, respectively, and resulted in \$0.95 and \$0.80 basic earnings per share, and \$0.94 and \$0.80 diluted earnings per share for the fiscal 2010 and 2011, respectively.

Comparison of Years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

Revenue. Our revenue increased by \$7,631,498 or 14.85%, in fiscal 2010, to \$59,027,490, as compared to \$51,395,992 in fiscal 2009.

Such increase was caused primarily by a strong increase in coal product sales revenue, offset by a moderate decrease in revenue from coke sales. Starting from the second quarter of fiscal 2010, the Henan province government started its consolidation process for all local private coal mines which included the temporary closure of coal mines so that safety inspections could take place. Such closures resulted in a decrease in the available coal supply in the market and prices for coal increased accordingly. In response, we started to increase our coal products sales in order to maintain our profitability. In the second half of the fourth quarter of fiscal 2010, the adverse impact of the Chinese government's policy of slowing down the domestic economy began affecting the demand for our coke products, and thus our revenue from coke sales decreased. In the fiscal 2010, we increased our coal product revenue by 52.63% as compared to the same period ending June 30, 2009. In the second half of the calendar year 2009, the market demand for coke products rebounded, and the market prices for coke also began to recover, peaking at \$230 per metric ton in December 2009. Shortly after the end of 2009, local market prices for coke products began to moderate, fluctuating between \$200 and \$230 per metric ton. In response to these trends, in the first calendar quarter in 2010, we resumed coke production and sales, increasing production significantly though not to the levels achieved in the same period in 2009. However, in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2010, weak demand for coke affected our coke sales, and thus the contribution of coke sales to our total revenues was less than in fiscal 2009. However, the coke market, after June 30, 2010, subsequently recovered due to the decreased supply of coal material, and therefore both the demand and the price of coke increased. Management anticipates that this trend will continue, and the coke market will recover in the near future. At the same time, as further discussed below, we continued to increase our sales of coal products in response to market prices for coal that were considered favorable by management.

Our revenue and quantity sold for fiscal 2010 and 2009, respectively, categorized by product type, are as follows:

	Revenues				
	Coke	Coal			
	Products	Products	Total		
Revenue					
Fiscal Year 2009	\$31,706,265	\$ 19,689,727	\$51,395,992		
Fiscal Year 2010	28,974,918	30,052,572	59,027,490		
Increase (decrease) in \$	\$ (2,731,347)	\$ 10,362,845	\$ 7,631,498		
% Increase (decrease) in \$	(8.61)%	52.63%	14.85%		
Quantity Sold (metric tons)					
Fiscal Year 2009	162,277	284,840	447,117		
Fiscal Year 2010	139,093	424,977	564,070		
Increase (decrease)	(23,184)	140,137	116,953		
% Increase (decrease)	(14.29)%	49.20%	26.16%		

Average sale prices for our four principal products for fiscal 2010 and 2009, respectively are as follows,

Average Sale Prices	C	Coke	Coal '	Tar	Rav	v Coal	Wash	ned Coal
Fiscal Year 2009	\$	197	\$	153	\$	58	\$	119
Fiscal Year 2010		208		214		62		127
Increase in \$		11		61		4		8
% Increase in \$		5.58%	3	9.87%		6.90%		6.72%

As noted below in this discussion, we changed the composition of the coal mixtures for our coal products sold in the three and twelve month periods ending June 30, 2010, specifically, due to relatively strong demand for thermal coal, which enabled us to sell coal mixtures of lower thermal grade without major reductions in price per ton.

Revenue and quantity sold by coke product category for fiscal 2010 and 2009, respectively, are as follows:

	Coke Pro	Coke Products				
	Coke	Coal Tar	Total			
Revenue						
Fiscal 2009	\$ 30,534,755	\$ 1,171,510	\$ 31,706,265			
Fiscal 2010	27,650,175	1,324,743	28,974,918			
Increase (decrease) in \$	(2,884,580)	153,233	(2,731,347)			
% Increase (decrease) in \$	(9.45)%	13.08%	(8.61)%			
Quantity Sold (metric tons)						
Fiscal 2009	154,631	7,646	162,277			
Fiscal 2010	132,911	6,182	139,093			
Decrease	(21,720)	(1,464)	(23,184)			
% Decrease	(14.05)%	(19.15)%	(14.29)%			

In fiscal 2010, our revenue from the sales of coke products decreased by 9.45%, as compared to the year ending June 30, 2009. The decrease for fiscal 2010 was mainly due to the soft demand for coke in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2010, although the sales price stayed at the same level. In the first quarter of calendar year 2010, the Chinese coke market started to recover and thus we increased our coke production and expected further growth to occur in the following months. However, starting in the second quarter of calendar year 2010, affected by the steel production controls by the Chinese government, the demand for coke weakened, and the contribution of coke sales to our total revenues for the entire fiscal 2010 was less than management's expectation, and total sales revenue of coke for fiscal 2010 decreased. With the current shortage of supply in coal market, and with the pending closing of the unqualified small scale coking factories in China, the demand for coke in the market has slightly recovered since late July 2010, and management believes that such recovery will continue in the coming months.

Coal tar revenue increased by 13.08% in fiscal 2010, or \$153,233, as compared to \$1,171,510 for fiscal 2009. This increase was primarily driven by an increase in the unit sales price of coal tar, from \$153 in fiscal 2009 to \$214 in fiscal 2010. The increase in unit sales price was mainly due to an increase in the quality of coal tar sold, and prices for fossil-fuel-related products also generally rebounded in fiscal 2010.

Coal product revenue and quantity sold by coal product category for the fiscal 2010 and 2009 are as follows:

	Coal Prod	Coal Products				
		Washed				
	Raw Coal	Coal	Total			
Revenue						
Fiscal 2009	\$ 13,151,325	6,538,402	\$ 19,689,727			
Fiscal 2010	22,964,448	7,088,124	30,052,572			
Increase in \$	9,813,123	549,722	10,362,845			
% Increase in \$	74.62%	8.41%	52.63%			
Quantity Sold (metric tons)						
Fiscal 2009	229,480	55,360	284,840			
Fiscal 2010	369,379	55,598	424,977			
Increase	139,899	238	140,137			
% Increase	60.96%	0.43 %	49.20%			

We sharply increased our sales, both in terms of revenue and volume, of coal products in fiscal 2010, as compared to the year ending June 30, 2009. During this period, raw coal and washed coal market prices trended upward in the months leading up to the end of 2009, due to colder weather which led to higher demand for thermal coal. Management viewed this period in 2009 as a favorable environment for coal trading. During the period from late calendar year 2009 to early calendar year 2010, we sold thermal coal (included under the "raw coal" category) to our customers at prices above seasonal and annual norms, during winter months when the market supply for thermal coal was low. We sold coal inventory consisting of both coal acquired from third party suppliers, as well as coal extracted from our own mines. In fiscal 2010, we also sold lower grade mixtures of thermal coal, at a lower average price per metric ton. We sold 369,379 metric tons of various mixtures and composites of raw coals and realized more than \$22 million in revenue in fiscal 2010, resulting in a 74.62% increase in revenue from the sale of raw coal as compared to the previous year. We also sold approximately 55,600 metric tons of washed coal in fiscal 2010, resulting in revenues of approximately \$7 million.

Our results for fiscal 2010 reflect our strategy of selling a larger volume of coal products relative to coke products. During that time period, we increased our inventory of raw coal (especially thermal coal) from both our mining operations and open market purchases, which we anticipated during the winter months. We sold approximately 55,598 metric tons of washed coal during fiscal 2010, most of which were sold in the first 6 months of fiscal 2010. Since the beginning of calendar year 2010, inventories of washed coal were already considered to be low, and rather than sell the washed coal, we opted to maintain a minimum level of washed coal in inventory that was considered by management to be sufficient to ensure an adequate buffer of supplies for our coking operations. In 2009, as discussed, we increased our coal trading activities, and began buying and selling more coal products in order to boost revenue and maintain cash flow and profitability. In the quarter ending September 30, 2009, we sold a significant amount of washed coal, however, during the third fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2010, we did not sell any washed coal as we began to utilize all of our stock of washed coal to increase coke production. Management anticipated that the consolidation conducted by the Henan provincial government would have a significant negative impact on the coal product market, and thus we kept our washed coal inventory to maintain our coking operation.

Cost of Revenue. Cost of revenue increased from \$27,523,329 for fiscal 2009 to \$36,577,438 for fiscal 2010. The increase in cost of revenue was primarily a result of a sharp increase of coal product sales, especially our coal trading activity, offset by a reduction in coke product sales. In order to meet customer demand for coke products, we increased our purchase of raw coal from external suppliers, resulting in a higher cost of inputs compared to raw coal sourced from our own coal mines.

Gross Profit. Gross profit decreased by \$1,422,611 or 5.96%, to \$22,450,052 in fiscal 2010 from \$23,872,663 in fiscal year 2009. The main reason for the decrease of the gross profit was the decrease of our coke sales and the increase in the cost of revenue.

Operating Expenses. Operating expenses, which consisted of selling expenses and general and administrative expenses, increased by \$190,658, or 7.22% in fiscal 2010 as compared to fiscal 2009. The selling expense decreased by \$237,959 because we changed our selling policy, which, in turn, led to a decrease in transportation expenses. The Share Exchange and equity financing expense increased our overall general and administrative expenses over \$1.2 million, and the maintenance fee for listing as a U.S. public company increased total general and administrative expense in the amount of approximately \$1.2 million. At the same time, the expenses for our business operations decreased approximately \$0.9 million due to the following reasons: (a) our bad debt accrued decreased by approximately \$290,000 in fiscal 2009; (b) the expense for the new coking facility project decreased by approximately \$240,000, and (c) the expense for pollution prevention decreased by approximately \$130,000 because no payment was required by the government in fiscal 2010.

Other Income and Expense. Other income and expense includes finance expense, net, income and expense not directly related to our main operations, and change in fair value of warrants.

Finance expense decreased by \$620,882, or 67.92% from \$914,072 for fiscal 2009 to \$293,190 for fiscal 2010. This decrease was mainly driven by lower average outstanding loan balances during 2010. We paid off our bank loans during the first two quarters of fiscal 2010, Even though we borrowed \$14.73 million at end of May 2010, the loan interest expense was lower than the prior year. In addition, the majority of the related party loans were paid before June 30, 2009 and we imputed interest expense of \$490,274 relating to loans borrowed from the related parties in fiscal 2009 while we only imputed an interest expense of \$67,269 in fiscal 2010.

We had net other income of \$107,799 in fiscal 2010 as compared to \$139,823 in fiscal 2009, a decrease of \$32,024, or 22.9%. We received \$140,000 in government grant in fiscal 2009. Net income of current year represented the recovery of uncollectible accounts which was charged to bad debt expense in prior years.

Change in fair value of warrants amounted to \$24,016,417 for the year ended June 30, 2010. We had no such gain in prior year. In connection with our private placement equity financing in 2010, we issued warrants exercisable for 4,039,636 shares of our common stock on February 5, 2010 and March 11, 2010. As a result of the Share Exchange, our functional currency changed from U.S. dollar to RMB starting from February 5, 2010, the completion date of the transaction. Our warrants are not considered indexed to our own stock, and as such, all future changes in the fair value of those warrants need to be recognized currently in earnings and the warrants were recorded as derivative instruments. We used the Cox-Ross-Rubinstein binomial model to value the warrants issued in relation to the equity financing, amounting to in \$94,605,650 on the warrant issuance dates. Gross cash proceeds from this equity financing was approximately \$44 million and 100% allocated to the warrants issued. The exceeded value of warrants of \$40,153,156 was reflected as a loss due to a change in fair value of warrants. This loss was offset by the change of value of warrants between June 30, 2010 and the issuance date of \$64,169,573, resulting in the net gain on change fair value of warrants of \$24,016,417.

Provision for Income Taxes. Provision for income taxes increased by \$1,025,434, for fiscal 2010, as compared to the same period ending June 30, 2009, due primarily from receiving more tax exemptions in fiscal 2009 as compared to fiscal 2010.

Net income. Net income, including the change on fair value of warrants, was \$38,934,497 for fiscal year 2010, as compared to \$16,967,935 for fiscal 2009.

The following table provides a non-GAAP financial measure and a reconciliation of that non-GAAP measure to the GAAP net income.

	Fiscal			
	2	2010	20	009
Net income	\$ 38	,934,497	\$ 16,9	067,935
		()		-
Change in fair value of warrant liabilities	24	,016,407		
Adjusted net income	\$ 14	,918,090	\$ 16,9	67,935
Earnings per share- basic	\$	2.49	\$	1.29
Earnings per share- diluted	\$	2.44	\$	1.29
Adjusted earnings per share - basic	\$	0.95	\$	1.29
Adjusted earnings per share - diluted	\$	0.94	\$	1.29
Weighted average number of common shares – basic	15	,623,823	13,1	17,952
Weighted average number of common shares – diluted	15	,942,451	13,1	17,952

Excluding non-cash gain, adjusted net income for the fiscal 2010 and 2009 was approximately \$15 million and \$17 million, respectively, or \$0.95 and \$1.29 in basic earnings per share, and \$0.94 and \$1.29 in diluted earnings per share for fiscal 2010 and 2009, respectively.

The decrease of our adjusted net income for fiscal 2010, as compared with fiscal 2009, was primarily because of the approximately \$1.4 million decrease in gross profit, \$1.5 million expense related to the Share Exchange and equity financing expense incurred, and a \$1 million increase for the provision for income tax as stated above.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

In summary, our cash flows are as follows:

	Year Ended June 30,					
	2011 2010					
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 16,183,789	\$ 18,293,643	\$ 11,926,128			
Net cash used in investing activities	(65,181,932)	(33,415,733)	(10,539,561)			
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	57,063,837	32,170,537	(5,832,642)			

Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities for fiscal 2011 was \$16,183,789, a decrease of 11.53% as compared to fiscal 2010. A decrease in notes receivable of approximately \$1.07 million from redemption of un-matured notes from our customers, and an increase in tax payables of approximately \$1.53 million from increased revenue, in fiscal 2011 as compared to fiscal 2010, boosted our operating cash position for fiscal 2011. On the other hand, an increase in accounts receivable of approximately \$2.85 million and an increase in advance to suppliers of approximately \$4.23 million reduced our operating cash position for fiscal 2011. In light of the central government's monetary tightening measures, we extended credit to our customers that increased our accounts receivable. Our increased advances to suppliers resulted from our efforts to secure coking coal in Shanxi and Qinghai provinces, given the supply shortage created by the mining moratorium in Henan.

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$18,293,643 in fiscal year 2010, an increase of \$6,367,515, or 53.39%, as compared with \$11,926,128 for fiscal year 2009. During fiscal 2010, the cash increase was mainly due to a decrease in account receivables of \$1.18 million and an increase in advances to suppliers of \$3.4 million. The decrease in account receivables was primarily due to the Company's better sales credit control and timely receivable collection. The Company was in the process of acquiring several coal mines. Due to the potential acquisitions, some of the coal mines did not demand advances for purchases. The cash increase was offset by the following factors: (1) an increase in inventories of \$2.1 million, (2) a decrease in customer deposit of \$3.65 million, and (3) a decrease in taxes payable of \$1.46 million. The increase in inventory corresponded with the anticipated increase in sales. The decrease in customer deposits was mainly because the Company received a large customer deposit in the prior fiscal year while sales demand for the Company's coke products was strong. The demand of coke product was more moderate in 2010. The decrease in taxes payable was caused by the large amount of income taxes and value tax payment that the Company made in the current year.

Net Cash Used in Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities for fiscal 2011 was \$65,181,932, which included: (1) approximately \$34.9 million for acquisition of coal companies, (2) approximately \$3.6 million for the land use rights to the land underlying our new coking plant, (3) approximately \$15.5 million toward equipment and machinery purchases for the new coking plant, (4) approximately \$1.2 million long term investment in a local bank, (5) approximately \$1.5 million to capitalize Zhonghong for the formation of our joint-venture with Hongyuan CSG, (6) approximately \$6.6 million in secured loans to two unrelated third parties with interest rate of 10.08% (of which \$4.5 million was repaid in August 2011), and (7) \$13 million loaned to an unrelated third party with interest rate of 9.45%. On the other hand, we received a refund of approximately \$5.5 million in prepayments made on equipment and machinery purchases that we cancelled, as well as a loan repayment of approximately \$5.6 million.

During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010 the Company had net cash used for investing activities of approximately \$33 million, and in fiscal 2009, it had capital expenditures approximately 10.5 million. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010, the Company made payments of: (1) approximately \$5.1 million toward the expansion and redevelopment of adjacent formerly residential land, (2) approximately \$8.8 million was paid for the mine acquisitions, (3) approximately \$12.7 million in construction-related expenditures for its new coking facility, (4) approximately \$4.3 million toward the construction of new coal mining underground constructions, and (5) a \$2.5 million loan to an unrelated party. The increase in capital expenditures in this period as compared to the same period in 2009 was mainly due to the construction and land redevelopment expenditures, as well as the mine acquisitions. In fiscal 2009, the Company spent approximately \$10.5 million to pay for the new coking facility construction and improvement of underground construction for further operation.

Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Financing Activities

Net cash provided by financing activities for fiscal 2011 was \$57,063,837. We deposited approximately \$6.9 million with Pingdingshan Rural Cooperative Bank ("PRCB") as restricted cash to obtain \$14 million credit to issue bank guaranteed notes, and we issued an aggregate of approximately \$19 million in bank guaranteed notes in fiscal 2011. In April 2011, we repaid our approximately \$15 million (RMB 100 million) loan from Shanghai Pudong Development Bank ("SPDB"), which released approximately \$17 million that was deposited as restricted cash to secure the loan. In May 2011, we also deposited approximately \$6.2 million as restricted cash with SPDB to obtain a loan of approximately \$4.8 million (RMB 32 million). We paid approximately \$22.6 million to PRCB to settle our matured bank guaranteed note payables, which released \$10.7 million of restricted cash that was deposited as security on such note payables. We also repaid \$528,150 in full to Hongfeng Coal Processing and Coking Co., Ltd. We obtained approximately \$1.3 million from the exercise of warrants to purchase 219,756 shares of our common stock. In April 2011, we borrowed approximately \$54.9 million (RMB 360 million) from Bairui Trust. We repaid approximately \$400,000 loaned to us by our chief executive officer for working capital.

The net cash received as a result of financing activities for fiscal year 2010 was approximately \$32 million. In February and March 2010, the Company raised approximately \$44 million by issuing common stock with cash at a cost of approximately \$2.26 million. In May 2010, the Company used \$17,010,000 as collateral to obtain the \$14,730,000 (RMB 100,000,000) bank loan from the SPDB for its Hongyuan subsidiary. This loan bears an interest obligation of 4.78% per annum, and the \$17,010,000 was deposited as a 6 months deposit in the bank with interest benefit of 1.3% per annum. The Company then deposited approximately \$5.8 million to obtain the credit in the form of 6 months interest free notes in the amount of \$11.6 million in order to finance its further investment for its 900,000 tons coking facility construction project. In fiscal 2010, the Company also repaid \$2.2 million bank loan in September 2009. In fiscal year 2009, the Company had the net use of cash from financing activities. The cash was mainly used to repay a related party loan in the amount of approximately \$5.2 million, and to repay a matured bank loan of approximately \$1.1 million.

Capital Resources

Funding for our business activities has historically been provided by cash flow from operations, short-term bank loan financing, and loans from individuals including our chairman.

We also have arrangements with certain banks pursuant to which we are able to issue short-term notes to pay our vendors, secured against our deposits with the banks of 50% of the face value of the notes as well as a guarantee from our chairman, Hongli or an unrelated third party. We currently have such arrangements with three banks. Under our arrangements with SPDB, we are subject to a diligence review for each note issued, and SPDB charges us a processing fee based on 0.05% of the face value of each note. Under our arrangement with PRCB, we have a line of credit of \$30.3 million. Although PRCB also charges the same processing fee as SPDB, we are not subject to a diligence review for each note so long as the aggregate amount of notes issued does not exceed our credit limit.

In addition, on December 29, 2010, we entered into an agreement with Baofeng County Honghao Coking Ltd. ("Honghao"), an unrelated third-party, pursuant to which Honghao agreed to obtain bank notes of approximately \$4.5 million from a bank on our behalf. Under this agreement, we deposited approximately \$2.3 million into Honghao's bank account as collateral. Such deposit was refunded to us in full in May 2011.

In January 2011, in connection with our temporary halt of purchasing coal from Zhengzhou Coal in December 2010, Zhengzhou Coal refunded approximately \$1.7 million of our prepayments. As of June 30, 2011, approximately \$1.87 million in prepayments remained with Zhengzhou Coal.

On April 2, 2011, Hongli entered into a loan agreement with Bairui Trust, pursuant to which Bairui Trust agreed to loan Hongli the sum of RMB 360 million (approximately \$54.9 million), of which RMB 180 million is due on April 2, 2013, and RMB 180 million on April 2, 2014, with annual interest rate of 6.3%. Bairui Trust made the loan to Hongli on April 3, 2011.

Our business plan involves growing our business through: (1) expansion and modernization of our production facilities and achieving greater energy efficiency while also lessening any environmental impact; (2) recapturing more coking by-products for refinement into useful industrial chemicals, and production of more high value-added chemical products; (3) acquisition of other coal mines to source raw materials; and (4) strategic cooperation with Zhengzhou Coal to indirectly control coal resources, secure our internal material requirements (including for our new coking facility still under construction) and ensure stable supply for coal trading.

Of the foregoing, the following is expected to require capital resources:

New Coking Facility. On March 3, 2010, we announced that we began construction of our new coking facility to be located beside our current facilities in Pingdingshan City. Because the new facility will share the electricity, water and heating systems of our existing facilities, we have revised our previously estimated cost for the new facility from approximately \$70 million to approximately \$60 million, including the cost of acquiring additional land use rights to expand the site of the new facility, estimated at \$10.6 million. Construction is expected to be completed by the end of December 2011, and production is expected to commence immediately thereafter. On October 12, 2010, PRCB extended by one year its non-binding letter of intent to lend us up to RMB 300 million (approximately \$45 million) for construction of this facility. Such loan would be subject to the approval of our loan application, which had not been submitted as of June 30, 2011.

During the year ended June 30, 2011, we had capital expenditures of \$56,602,159. Such expenditures were for equipment and machinery purchases and site expansion for our new coking plant, and for acquisitions.

Our management presently anticipates that the proceeds from our prior equity issuance, access to credit and cash flow from operations will provide sufficient capital resources to pursue and complete the construction of our new coking facility. We intend to utilize existing cash, cash flow from operations and bank loans to complete our new coking plant. Any future facility expansion and acquisitions will require additional financing and/or equity capital and will be dependent upon the availability of financing arrangements and capital at the time.

We have not experienced any material losses since inception relating to accidents or other similar events. See "Risk Factors - We may suffer losses resulting from industry-related accidents and lack of insurance."

Contractual Commitments

The following table sets forth payments due by period for fixed contractual obligations as of June 30, 2011:

		Payments due by period							
		Less than							
		Total		1 year	3-5 years 5 years				
Operating Lease Obligations	\$	442,545	\$	223,462	\$ 219,083	\$ -	\$ -		
Capital Lease Obligations		-		-	-	-	-		
Purchase Obligations		-		-	-	-	-		
Long-term Debt	5	5,692,000		-	55,692,000	-	-		
Total	\$ 5	6,134,545	\$	223,462	\$55,911,083	\$ -	\$ -		

Off-balance Sheet Arrangements

We have not entered into any financial guarantees or other commitments to guarantee the payment obligations of any third parties. Other than warrants liability, we have not entered into any derivative contracts that are indexed to its shares and classified as shareholder's equity or that are not reflected in its consolidated financial statements. Furthermore, we do not have any retained or contingent interest in assets transferred to an unconsolidated entity that serves as credit, liquidity or market risk support to such entity. We do not have any variable interest in any unconsolidated entity that provides financing, liquidity, market risk or credit support to us or that engages in leasing, hedging or research and development services with us.

Critical Accounting Policies

Our management's discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based on our financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements as well as the reported net sales and expenses during the reporting periods. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate our estimates and assumptions. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other factors that we believe are reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

While our significant accounting policies are described in Note 2 to our financial statements elsewhere in this prospectus, we believe that the following accounting policies are the most critical to aid you in fully understanding and evaluating this management discussion and analysis:

Revenue Recognition

We recognize revenue from the sale of coal and coke, our principal products, at the date of shipment to customers when a formal arrangement exists, the price is fixed or determinable, the delivery is completed, no other significant obligations on our part exist and collectability is reasonably assured. This generally occurs when coal or coke is loaded onto trains or trucks at one of our loading facilities or at third-party facilities. Accordingly, management is required to apply its own judgment regarding collectability based on its experience and knowledge of its current customers, and thus exercise a certain degree of discretion.

Most, if not all, of the electricity generated by Hongguang Power is typically used internally by Baofeng Coking. Supply of surplus electricity generated by Hongguang Power to the national power grid is mandated by the local utilities board. The value of the surplus electricity supplied, if it exists, is calculated based on actual kilowatt-hours produced and transmitted and at a fixed rate determined under contract.

Coal and coke sales represent the invoiced value of goods, net of a value-added tax ("VAT"), sales discounts and actual returns at the time when product is sold to the customer.

Accounts receivables, trade, net

During the normal course of business, we extend unsecured credit to our customers. Management regularly reviews aging of receivables and changes in payment trends by its customers, and records a reserve when management believes collection of amounts due are at risk. Accounts considered uncollectible are written off. We regularly review the credit worthiness of our customers and, based on the results of the credit review, we determine whether extended

payment terms can be granted to or, in some cases, partial prepayment is required from certain customers.

Intangible - mining rights, net

Mining rights are capitalized at fair value when acquired, including amounts associated with any value beyond proven and probable reserves, and amortized to operations as depletion expense using the units-of-production method over the estimated proven and probable recoverable tones. Our coal reserves are controlled through direct ownership which generally lasts until the recoverable reserves are depleted.

Recently issued accounting pronouncements

In December 2010, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 010-29 which address diversity in practice about the interpretation of the pro forma revenue and earnings disclosure requirements for business combinations (Topic 805). This ASU specifies that if a public entity presents comparative financial statements, the entity should disclose revenue and earnings of the combined entity as though the business combination(s) that occurred during the current year had occurred as of the beginning of the comparable prior annual reporting period only. This ASU also expands the supplemental pro forma disclosures under Topic 805 to include a description of the nature and amount of material, nonrecurring pro forma adjustments directly attributable to the business combination included in the reported pro forma revenue and earnings. ASU 2010-29 is effective prospectively for business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after December 15, 2010. Early adoption is permitted. We are currently evaluating the impact of this ASU and we expected the adoption of this ASU will have an impact on our future business combinations.

In May 2011, FASB issued Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820) — Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRSs No. 2011-0, which provides additional guidance for fair value measurements. These updates to the Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") include clarifications regarding existing fair value measurement principles and disclosure requirements, and also specific new guidance for items such as measurement of instruments classified within stockholders' equity and disclosures regarding the sensitivity of Level 3 measurements to changes in valuation model inputs. These updates to the ASC are effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2011. We expect the implementation of this guidance will have no material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In June 2011, the FASB issued Comprehensive Income (Topic 220) — Presentation of Comprehensive Income (ASU No. 2011-05), which updates the ASC to require the presentation of the components of net income, the components of other comprehensive income (OCI) and total comprehensive income in either a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate, but consecutive statements of net income and comprehensive income. These updates do not affect the items reported in OCI or the guidance for reclassifying such items to net income. These updates to the ASC are effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2011. We expect the implementation of this guidance will have no material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

General

We do not use derivative financial instruments and have no foreign exchange contracts. Our financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, trade accounts receivable, accounts payable and long-term obligations. We generally consider investments in highly liquid instruments purchased with a remaining maturity of 90 days or less at the date of purchase to be cash equivalents.

Currency Fluctuations and Foreign Currency Risk

Substantially all of our operations are conducted in China. All of our sales and purchases are conducted within China in RMB, which is the official currency of China. As a result, the effect of the fluctuations of exchange rates is considered minimal to our business operations.

Substantially all of our revenues and expenses are denominated in RMB. However, we use the United States dollar for financial reporting purposes. Conversion of RMB into foreign currencies is regulated by the People's Bank of China through a unified floating exchange rate system. Although the PRC government has stated its intention to support the value of RMB, there can be no assurance that such exchange rate will not again become volatile or that RMB will not devalue significantly against the U.S. dollar. Exchange rate fluctuations may adversely affect the value, in U.S. dollar terms, of our net assets and income derived from our operations in China.

Interest Rate Risk

Our exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relates primarily to our short-term and long-term obligations. Accordingly, fluctuations in applicable interest rates would not have a material impact on the fair value of these securities. At June 30, 2011, we had approximately \$26 million in cash. A hypothetical 2% increase or decrease in applicable interest rates would not have a material impact on our earnings or loss, or the fair market value or cash flows of these instruments.

Commodity Price Risk

We are a coal and coke producer, and as discussed elsewhere in this prospectus, our business is affected by prevailing market prices for coal and coke. However, we do not currently engage in any hedging activities, such as futures, forwards, or options contracts, with respect to any of our inputs or products.

Credit Risk

We are exposed to credit risk from our cash at bank and fixed deposits and accounts receivable. The credit risk on cash at bank and fixed deposits is limited because the counterparties are recognized financial institutions. Accounts receivable are subjected to credit evaluations. An allowance has been made for estimated irrecoverable amounts which have been determined by reference to past default experience and the current economic environment.

Inflation

Inflationary factors, such as increases in the cost of our products and overhead costs, could impair our operating results. Although we do not believe that inflation has had a material impact on our financial position or results of operations to date, a high rate of inflation in the future may have an adverse effect on our ability to maintain current levels of gross margin and selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of sales revenue if the selling prices of our products do not increase with these increased costs.

Company's Operations are Substantially in Foreign Countries

Substantially all of our operations are conducted in China and are subject to various political, economic, and other risks and uncertainties inherent in conducting business in China. Among other risks, our operations are subject to the risks of restrictions on transfer of funds; export duties, quotas, and embargoes; domestic and international customs and tariffs; changing taxation policies; foreign exchange restrictions; and political conditions and governmental regulations. Additional information regarding such risks can be found under the heading "Risk Factors" in this prospectus.

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We know of no material, existing or pending legal proceedings against us, nor are we involved as a plaintiff in any material proceeding or pending litigation. There are no proceedings in which any of our directors, officers or affiliates, or any registered or beneficial stockholder, is an adverse party or has a material interest adverse to our company.

MANAGEMENT

As reported in our current report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on June 3, 2011, Mr. Liuchang Yang and Mr. Jin Yao resigned from all of their offices and positions held with the Company effective May 31, 2011. At the time of resignation, Mr. Yang was a director and the Company's vice president and secretary, and Mr. Yao was a director and a member of the audit, compensation and nominating committees of the board of the directors.

Our current directors and executive officers, their ages, their respective offices and positions, and their respective dates of election or appointment are as follows:

Name	Age	Position Held	Officer/Director since
Jianhua Lv	43	President, Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the	February 5, 2010
		Board	
Zan Wu	34	Chief Financial Officer	February 5, 2010
Hui Zheng	39	Vice President of Operations and Director	February 5, 2010
Yushan Jiang	57	Independent Director	February 5, 2010
Hui Huang	43	Independent Director	February 5, 2010
Haoyi Zhang	37	Independent Director	February 5, 2010

Business Experience

The following is a summary of the educational background and business experience during the past five years of each of our directors and executive officers. The following information includes the person's principal occupation during the period, and the name and principal business of the organization by which he or she was employed.

Jianhua Lv has been the executive director and chairman of Hongli since 1996, when he founded the company. Prior to this, from 1989 to 1996 Mr. Lv held a number of positions at the Henan Province Pingdingshan Coal Group, where he developed many years of experience in the coal and coking industries. In early 2007, Mr. Lv was appointed as a standing committee member of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference of Baofeng, Henan Province, and as a standing committee member of the National People's Congress of Baofeng, Henan Province. Mr. Lv has been honored as an outstanding entrepreneur of the year in 2003 and 2004. Mr. Lv holds a bachelor's degree from Henan University in Chinese, a master's degree in economics from Henan University, and a master of law degree from the Central Party School. Mr. Lv's experience as our Chief Executive Officer and Chairman, and his extensive knowledge of the coal and coking industries qualifies him to serve on our Board.

Zan Wu has served as the chief financial officer of Hongli since July 2009. Prior to this, Mr. Wu worked as an auditor at the Zhong Rui Hui Accounting Firm from 2000 to 2001. Mr. Wu was a financial analyst at VIR Consultancy Ltd. from 2003 to 2004. From 2004 through 2006, Mr. Wu held the positions of assistant manager and financial manager at Domino Scientific Equipment Ltd. Mr. Wu was the chief representative of Global American, Inc. (China Representative Office) from 2006 – 2009. Except for Hongli, our VIE, none of these companies is related to or affiliated with the Company. Mr. Wu holds a bachelor's degree in accounting from the Capital University of Economics and Business and a master's degree in financial management and control from Aston Business School.

Hui Zheng has served as vice manager of Human Resources at Hongli since 2006. Prior to this Mr. Zheng worked at SinoCoking as a statistician, secretary and vice-dean from 1998 until 2006. Mr. Zheng has worked in the materials industry since 1996. Mr. Zheng holds a degree from Zhengzhou University. Mr. Zheng's in-depth working experience as vice manager at Hongli and operating business in the PRC, his knowledge and his lengthy working experience in the Chinese coal and materials industries qualify him to serve on our Board.

Yushan Jiang has served as the chief executive officer of the Pingdingshan Coal Group Shoushan Coking Co., Ltd. since February 2007. Prior to this, from 2001 to 2007, he was chief engineer at the Henan Tianhong Coking Company. Prior to this Mr. Jiang developed expensive experience in the coking industry as he held numerous positions since 1972 as a worker, director, and head of research and development for various coking operations. None of these operations is related to or affiliated with the Company. Mr. Jiang is also currently a vice-director and member of the Coking Committee of the Henan Province Metals Association, and vice-secretary of the Henan Province Institute of Coal & Coke. Mr. Jiang holds a Bachelor's degree in Coal and Chemistry from the Wuhan College of Iron & Steel. Mr. Jiang's extensive working and leadership experience in the coking industry and his educational background qualify him to serve on our Board.

Hui Huang is the chairman and chief executive officer of Wuhan Pingdingshan Coal and Wuhan Steel Unification Coking Company ("WPCWSUCC"). Mr. Huang has also served as director of sales and administration of the same company from 1985 to 1996. He then served as director of the Economics and Technology Cooperation Center of the Pingdingshan Coal Group (now known as the Wuhan Pingdingshan Coal and Wuhan Steel Unification Coking Company) from 1996 to 2008, of which he is now chairman of the board. None of these companies is related to or affiliated with the Company. Mr. Huang is also a director of the China Association of Comprehensive Resource Utilization, a vice-director of the Henan Institute of Coal (a branch of the China Association of Comprehensive Resource Utilization), and vice-secretary of the Pingdingshan Youth Union. Mr. Huang holds a bachelor's degree in Economic Management and an MBA from the University of Mining and Technology. Mr. Huang's vast experience in the coal and coking industry in management and as an executive officer and director of WPCWSUCC and as a leader in various coal industry related associations qualify him to serve on our Board.

Haoyi Zhang serves as the chief financial officer of Henan Pinggao Electricity Ltd., one of the major A-Share public companies traded on the Shanghai Stock Exchange, a position he has held since January 2005. From January 2005 to March 2009, he served as the chief accountant of Henan Pinggao DongZhi Gao Ya Kaiguan Ltd., a Sino-Japanese Joint-venture with Toshiba, concurrently with his position as the chief financial officer at Henan Pinggao Electricity Ltd. From April to December 2004, he served as the chief accountant of Henan Pinggao DongZhi Gao Ya Kaiguan Ltd. Mr. Zhang held numerous positions from July 1995 to March 2004 as the deputy director, the director, the deputy chief accountant, the assistant general manager and the chief accountant at China Beifang Industry Company, Xiamen Branch. None of these companies is related to or affiliated with the Company. Mr. Zhang holds a Bachelor's degree in Accounting from Xiamen University and an EMBA degree from Xian Jiaotong University. Mr. Zhang's extensive financial and accounting experience at numerous Chinese companies and his educational background qualify him to serve on our Board.

There are no family relationships among our current directors or executive officers.

During the past ten years none of our current directors or executive officers was involved in any legal proceedings described in subparagraph (f) of Item 401 of Regulations S-K.

Mr. Lv was appointed to his director and officer positions, and Mr. Wu was appointed to his officer position, because they had held similar positions at Hongli, and upon the closing of the Share Exchange on February 5, 2010, they assumed these respective positions. Messrs. Huang and Jiang were selected to serve as independent directors on the board because of their deep and substantial experience in the coal and coking industry. Mr. Haoyi Zhang was selected to serve on as an independent director because of his expertise in public company matters, with particular expertise in accounting, auditing, controls and procedures and financial matters.

Board of Directors

Our board of directors is currently composed of five members. All members of our board of directors serve in this capacity until their terms expire or until their successors are duly elected and qualified. Our bylaws provide that the authorized number of directors will be not less than one and not more than seven.

Director Independence and Board Committees

Based upon information submitted to the Company, the board of directors has determined that Messrs. Yushan Jiang, Hui Huang and Haoyi Zhang are each "independent" under the listing standards of the NASDAQ Stock Market. Messrs. Liuchang Yang and Jin Yao, who served as directors of the Company during fiscal 2011 but resigned from such positions on May 31, 2011, were also deemed "independent" under the listing standards of the NASDAQ Stock Market.

The board of directors has an audit committee that was established in accordance with section 3(a)(58)(A) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The audit committee members include Mr. Haoyi Zhang (chairman), Mr. Hui Huang and Mr. Yushan Jiang. Mr. Zhang is the audit committee financial expert who is independent, as independence for audit committee members is defined in the listing standards of the NASDAQ Stock Market. The audit committee operates under a written charter adopted by the board of directors on February 16, 2010.

The board of directors established a compensation committee on February 16, 2010. The compensation committee consists of Mr. Yushan Jiang (chairman), Mr. Haoyi Zhang, and Mr. Hui Huang, each of whom is an independent director. Our compensation committee oversees and, as appropriate, makes recommendations to the board of directors regarding the annual salaries and other compensation of our executive officers, and other related policies, and provides assistance and recommendations with respect to our compensation policies and practices. The compensation

committee operates under a written charter adopted by the board of directors on February 16, 2010.

The board of directors established a nominating committee on February 16, 2010. The nominating committee consists of Mr. Hui Huang (chairman), Mr. Haoyi Zhang and Mr. Yushan Jiang, each of whom is an independent director. Our nominating committee assists in the selection of director nominees, approves director nominations to be presented for shareholder approval at our annual shareholder meetings and fill any vacancies on our board of directors, considers any nominations of director candidates validly made by shareholders, and reviews and considers developments in corporate governance practices. The nominating committee operates under a written charter adopted on February 16, 2010.

Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act

Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act requires our directors, executive officers and persons who own more than 10% of our common stock to file reports of ownership and changes in ownership of our common stock with the SEC. Directors, executive officers and persons who own more than 10% of our common stock are required by SEC regulations to furnish to the Company copies of all Section 16(a) forms they file.

To our knowledge, based solely upon review of the copies of such reports received or written representations from the reporting persons, the Company believes that during our 2011 fiscal year, our directors, executive officers and persons who owned more than 10% of our common stock complied with all Section 16(a) filing requirements.

Code of Ethics

We have adopted a code of ethics that applies to our principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer or controller, or persons performing similar functions. We will provide a copy of our code of ethics to any person who requests a copy in writing to the Secretary of the Company, including the e-mail address or facsimile number of the requesting party. Any written requests should be mailed to us at Kuanggong Road and Tiyu Road 10th Floor, Chengshi Xin Yong She, Tiyu Road, Xinhua District, Pingdingshan, Henan Province, P.R. China 467000.

EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

Compensation Discussion and Analysis

This compensation discussion and analysis describes the material elements of the compensation awarded to our current executive officers. This compensation discussion focuses on the information contained in the following tables and related footnotes and narrative for the last completed fiscal year. The compensation committee of our board of directors currently oversees the design and administration of our executive compensation program.

Our current executive compensation program may from time to time include the following principal components: (i) base salary, (ii) discretionary annual cash bonuses, and (iii) stock incentive plan awards, and (iv) perquisites and benefits.

Our Compensation Philosophy and Objectives

Our philosophy regarding compensation of our executive officers includes the following principles:

- ·our compensation program should reward the achievement of our strategic initiatives and short- and long-term operating and financial goals;
 - compensation should appropriately reflect differences in position and responsibility;

compensation should be reasonable; and

the compensation program should be understandable and transparent.

In order to implement such compensation principles, we have developed the following objectives for our executive compensation program:

- ·overall compensation levels must be sufficiently competitive to attract and retain talented leaders and motivate those leaders to achieve superior results;
- a portion of total compensation should be contingent on, and variable with, achievement of objective corporate performance goals, and that portion should increase as an executive's position and responsibility increases;
- ·total compensation should be higher for individuals with greater responsibility and greater ability to influence our achievement of operating goals and strategic initiatives;
- •the number of elements of our compensation program should be kept to a minimum, and those elements should be readily understandable by and easily communicated to executives, shareholders, and others; and

•executive compensation should be set at responsible levels to promote a sense of fairness and equity among all employees and appropriate stewardship of corporate resources among shareholders.

Determination of Compensation Awards

The compensation committee of our board of directors is provided with the primary authority to determine the compensation awards available to our executive officers. To aid the compensation committee in making its determination for the current fiscal year, our current senior management provided recommendations to the compensation committee regarding the compensation of our executive officers.

Compensation Benchmarking and Peer Group

Our compensation committee did not rely on any consultants or utilize any peer company comparisons or benchmarking in setting executive compensation levels for fiscal 2011. However, our management informally considered competitive market practices by reviewing publicly available information relating to compensation of executive officers at other comparable companies in making its recommendations to our board of directors regarding our executives' compensation for fiscal 2011. As our Company grows, we expect to take steps, including the utilization of peer company comparisons and/or hiring of compensation consultants, to ensure that the compensation committee has a comprehensive picture of the compensation paid to our executives and with a goal toward total direct compensation for our executives that are on a par with the median total direct compensation paid to executives in peer companies if annually established target levels of performance at the Company and business segment level are achieved.

Elements of Compensation

The principal elements of our executive compensation may include:

base salary;

· discretionary annual cash bonuses;

stock incentive plan awards; and

· perquisites and other compensation.

While base salary is generally included as an element of compensation of our executive officers in every year, the granting of bonuses, stock incentive awards and perquisites is determined on a case-by-case basis. During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009, our compensation program consisted solely of base salary. For fiscal 2011, executive compensation consists of base salary, and we have no immediate plans to include bonuses, stock option grants or perquisites as elements of executive compensation.

Base Salaries

Base salary is used to recognize the experience, skills, knowledge and responsibilities required of our employees, including our named executive officers. When establishing base salaries for 2011, subject to the provisions of each person's employment agreement, our compensation committee and management considered a number of factors, including the seniority of the individual, the functional role of the position, the level of the individual's responsibility, the ability to replace the individual, the base salary of the individual at their prior employment and the number of well qualified candidates to assume the individual's role. Generally, we believe that executive base salaries should be targeted near the median of the range of salaries for executives in similar positions at comparable companies.

Discretionary Annual Cash Bonuses

Our compensation committee has discretion to recommend and approve the annual cash bonus for our chief executive officer and each other named executive officer. Bonus awards will be generally based on our management's recommendations and ultimately approved by our compensation committee. There were no bonuses granted in fiscal 2011. The annual bonuses, if any, are intended to compensate officers for individual performance, for our overall financial performance, and for achieving important operational and financial milestones during the relevant fiscal year.

Stock Incentive Plan Awards

Our stock option plans are designed to provide long term incentives to our executives and other employees and award recipients, to increase shareholder value through competent, effective management of the Company. Management believes that the ability to grant stock options as a component of compensation will provide the Company with an advantage in attracting qualified management and employees to our Company. There were no stock option awards granted in fiscal 2011. Stock option award decisions, if any are granted, will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis giving consideration to factors such as the recipient's qualifications and abilities, the nature of the recipient's position, and the recipient's ability to contribute to the Company's development and achievement of its business objectives.

Perquisites and Other Compensation

Our compensation committee may include perquisites and other benefits as an element of compensation from time to time on a discretionary basis. Presently, the Company does not include perquisites or other benefits as a part of executive compensation.

Management's Role in the Compensation-Setting Process

Our management plays an important role in our compensation-setting process. The most significant aspects of management's role are evaluating other executive officers' performances, recommending business performance targets and objectives, and recommending salary levels and option awards. Our management makes recommendations to our compensation committee regarding our executive's compensation packages. During this process, management may be asked to provide the compensation committee with their evaluation of the executive officers' performances, the background information regarding our strategic financial and operational objectives, and compensation recommendations as to the executive officers.

Executive Compensation – Summary Compensation Table

The following table sets forth, for the fiscal years indicated, all compensation awarded to, earned by or paid to our Named Executive Officers.

		Non-EquitNonqualified Incentive Deferred								
Name and				Stock	Or		lan Comp		All other	
Principal	Fiscal	Salary	Bonus	Award	s Av		_		npensation	
Position	Year	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	((\$)	\$) ((\$)	(\$)	Total (\$)
Jianhua Lv (1)	2011	192,000	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	192,000
Chairman and	2010	80,000	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	80,000
Chief Executive										
Officer	2009	8,357	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	8,357
Liuchang Yang										
(2)	2011	9,167	-	_						9,167
Former Director,										
Vice	2010	4,056	-	_						4,056
President and										
Secretary	2009	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Zan Wu (3)	2011	120,000	-	_	—	_	_	_	_	120,000
Chief Financial										
Officer	2010	50,000	-	_	—			_		50,000
	2009	n/a	n/a	n/a	a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Abdul Ladha (4)	2010	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Former		156,000(5)	-		-	-	-	-	781,842(6)	937,842
President, CEO										
and Director	2009									

- (1)Mr. Lv was appointed as our president, chief executive officer and chairman of the board on February 5, 2010 in connection with the Share Exchange. Compensation reported above consists of compensation received as the principal executive officer of Hongli, and is translated from Chinese RMB to U.S. Dollars using an exchange rate of RMB 6.63 to US \$1.00 for fiscal 2011, RMB 6.82 to US \$1.00 for fiscal 2010, and RMB 6.83 to US \$1.00 for fiscal 2009.
- (2)Mr. Yang was appointed as our vice president of operation, secretary and director on February 5, 2010 in connection with the Share Exchange and resigned from these positions on May 31, 2011.
- (3)Mr. Wu was appointed as our chief financial officer on February 5, 2010 in connection with the Share Exchange. Prior to this date Mr. Wu served as Chief Financial Officer of Hongli since July 2009 (commencing in fiscal 2010).
- (4)Mr. Ladha resigned as our president, chief executive officer and director on February 5, 2010 in connection the Share Exchange. Mr. Ladha's compensation is reported for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009, when the Company, then named "Ableauctions.com, Inc.", had a fiscal year ending December 31. On April 14, 2010, we changed our fiscal year end from December 31 to June 30.
- (5) All of the compensation paid to Mr. Ladha was paid to him in Canadian dollars. The table above sets forth the amount of Mr. Ladha's compensation as reported in U.S. dollars, using an exchange rate of \$0.87601 U.S. dollars per Canadian dollar.
- (6) This amount consists of a fee paid to Mr. Ladha pursuant to the Development Agreement the predecessor Company (then known as "Ableacutions.com, Inc.," entered into on October 6, 2008 for his services in connection with a

project by the predecessor company which was completed prior to the Share Exchange.

Outstanding Equity Awards

There was no equity awards granted to our officers or directors in the year ended June 30, 2011.

Retirement Plans

We currently have no plans that provide for the payment of retirement benefits, or benefits that will be paid primarily following retirement, including but not limited to tax-qualified defined benefit plans, supplemental executive retirement plans, tax-qualified defined contribution plans and nonqualified defined contribution plans.

Potential Payments upon Termination or Change-in-Control

We currently have no contract, agreement, plan or arrangement, whether written or unwritten, that provides for payments to a named executive officer at, following, or in connection with any termination, including without limitation resignation, severance, retirement or a constructive termination of a named executive officer, or a change in control of the Company or a change in the named executive officer's responsibilities, with respect to each named executive officer.

Employment Agreements

We entered into an employment agreement with Mr. Jianhua Lv, our president and chief executive officer, on February 5, 2010. The compensation committee of the board of directors approved and established Mr. Lv's salary at a rate of \$160,000 per annum for the 2010 fiscal year, beginning from February 2010. Mr. Lv agreed that in the event that he departs from the Company for any reason, he will refrain from using or disclosing our confidential information in any manner which might be detrimental to or conflict with the business interests of the Company. Both the Company and Mr. Lv have the right to terminate Mr. Lv's employment with or without cause by giving prior notice. Any disputes arising from Mr. Lv's employment, termination of his employment or breach of any covenant of good faith related to his employment shall be conclusively settled by final and binding decision of the court located in Henan Province, China. Mr. Lv's agreement does not provide for any fixed term or duration, and Mr. Lv is employed by the Company on an at-will basis.

We entered into an employment agreement with Mr. Zan Wu, our chief financial officer, treasurer and secretary, on February 5, 2010. The compensation committee of the board of directors approved and established Mr. Wu's salary at a rate of USD \$120,000 per annum for the 2010 fiscal year, beginning from February 2010. Mr. Wu agreed that in the event that he departs from the Company for any reason, he will refrain from using or disclosing our confidential information in any manner which might be detrimental to or conflict with the business interests of the Company. Both the Company and Mr. Wu have the right to terminate Mr. Wu's employment with or without cause by giving prior notice. Any disputes arising from Mr. Wu's employment, termination of his employment or breach of any covenant of good faith related to his employment shall be conclusively settled by final and binding decisions of the court located in Henan Province, China. Mr. Wu's agreement does not provide for any fixed term or duration, and Mr. Wu is employed by the Company on an at-will basis.

Director Compensation

The following table provides compensation information for our directors during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011:

							No	on-Equity						
Name	Ea F	Fees arned or Paid in Cash(\$)	Av	tock wards (\$)		Option wards (\$)		ncentive Plan mpensation (\$)	I Cor	n-Qualified Deferred inpensation rnings (\$)	A	All Other mpensation (\$)		Total (\$)
Jianhua Lv (1)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Liuchang Yang (1)	\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
(1)	Ф	-	φ	-	Φ	-	Ф	-	Ф	-	φ	-	φ	-
Hui Zheng	\$	10,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,000
Yushan Jiang	\$	10,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,000
Jin Yao	\$	10,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,000
Hui Huang	\$	10,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,000
Haoyi Zhang	\$	10,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,000

(1) This individual's compensation is reflected in the Summary Compensation Table for our executive officers above.

All of our current directors were appointed on February 5, 2010 in connection with the Share Exchange. On February 5, 2010, we entered into letter agreements with all of our current directors and pursuant to which we agreed to pay cash compensation in the amount of \$10,000 to each of the directors for their services on our board of directors in 2010. The terms and conditions under these agreements remained effective for 2011.

Corporate Governance

The board of directors has an audit committee that was established in accordance with section 3(a)(58)(A) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The audit committee members include Haoyi Zhang (chairman), Hui Huang and Yushan Jiang. Mr. Zhang is the audit committee financial expert who is independent, as independence for audit committee members is defined in the listing standards of the NASDAQ Stock Market.

There have been no material changes to the procedures by which security holders may recommend nominees to our board of directors.

SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT

The following table sets forth information, as of September 28, 2011, regarding the beneficial ownership of the Company's common stock by any person known to the Company to be the beneficial owner of more than 5% of the outstanding common stock, by directors and certain executive officers, and by all directors and executive officers of the Company as a group. All officers and directors above utilize the following address for correspondence purposes: Kuanggong Road and Tiyu Road 10th Floor, Chengshi Xin Yong She, Tiyu Road, Xinhua District, Pingdingshan, Henan Province, China 467000.

	Amount and Nature	
	of	
	Beneficial	Percent (%) of
Name and Address	Ownership	Class*
Jianhua Lv (1)	6,694,091	31.7%
Zan ("Sam") Wu	0	0%
Hui Zheng	0	0%
Hui Huang	0	0%
Yushan Jiang	0	0%
Haoyi Zhang	0	0%
All Officers and Directors as a Group (6 total)	6,694,091	31.7%
Honour Express Limited (2)	6,694,091	31.7%

^{*} Applicable percentage ownership is based on 21,090,948 shares of common stock outstanding as of September 28, 2011.

- (1) Represents shares held directly by Honour Express Limited, a British Virgin Islands international business company ("Honour Express"). Jianhua Lv is a director of Honour Express, and in such capacity, Mr. Lv may be deemed to have voting and dispositive power over the shares held directly by Honour Express. Mr. Lv is also an indirect beneficiary, as he holds an option to acquire shares of Honour Express. Pursuant to a certain Incentive Option Agreement dated July 6, 2009, as amended ("Incentive Option Agreement"), Mr. Lv has the right to acquire 100% of the issued and outstanding capital stock of Honour Express from a nominee who holds the shares of capital stock of Honour Express, subject to certain conditions. Mr. Lv's address is: 10th Floor, Chengshi Xin Yong She, Tiyu Road, Xinhua District, Pingdingshan, Henan Province, People's Republic of China, 467000.
- (2)Mr. Liuchang Yang's address is: 10th Floor, Chengshi Xin Yong She, Tiyu Road, Xinhua District, Pingdingshan, Henan Province, People's Republic of China, 467000.

To our knowledge, none of our directors, officers or affiliates, or any 5% or greater shareholder of the Company, or any associate or any such directors, officers or affiliates, is a party that is adverse to the Company in any material legal proceeding.

Securities authorized for issuance under equity compensation plans

We maintain the following equity compensation plans. The discussions below give effect to the 1-for-12 reverse stock split effected on January 15, 2009 and the 1-for-20 reverse stock split the Company effected on February 5, 2010.

2002 Stock Option Plan for Directors

In 2002, the board of directors adopted a 2002 Stock Option Plan for Directors (the "Directors Plan"). The purpose of the Directors Plan is to attract and retain the services of experienced and knowledgeable individuals to serve as our directors. On the date the Directors Plan was adopted, the total number of shares of common stock subject to it was 11,057. This number of shares may be increased on the first day of January of each year so that the common stock available for awards will equal 5% of the common stock outstanding on that date, provided, however, that the number of shares included in the Directors Plan may not exceed more than 10% of all shares of common stock outstanding. The Directors Plan is administered by the board of directors, or any committee that may be authorized by the board of directors, so long as any such committee is made up of Non-Employee Directors, as that term is defined in Rule 16(b)-3(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The grant of an option under the Directors Plan is discretionary. The exercise price of an option must be the fair market value of the common stock on the date of grant. An option grant may be subject to vesting conditions. Options may be exercised in cash, or with shares of the common stock of the Company already owned by the person. The term of an option granted pursuant to the Directors Plan may not be more than 10 years. The Directors Plan was adopted and approved by the board of directors on October 11, 2002 and the Directors Plan shall terminate 10 years from such approval date.

2002 Consultant Stock Plan

In 2002, the board of directors adopted a 2002 Consultant Stock Plan (the "Consultants Plan"). The purpose of the Consultants Plan is to be able to offer consultants and others who provide services to the Company the opportunity to participate in our growth by paying for such services with equity awards. The total number of shares of common stock subject to the Consultants Plan was increased from 27,084 to 133,334 as approved by the board of directors in 2003. The Consultants Plan is administered by the board of directors, or any committee that may be authorized by the board of directors. Persons eligible for awards under the Consultants Plan may receive options to purchase common stock, stock awards or stock restricted by vesting conditions. The exercise price of an option must be no less than 85% of the fair market value of the common stock on the date of grant. An option grant may be subject to vesting conditions. Options may be exercised in cash, or with shares of the common stock of the Company already owned by the person or with a fully recourse promissory note, subject to applicable law. The term of an option granted pursuant to the Consultants Plan may not be more than 10 years. The Consultants Plan terminates on the first business day prior to the 10 year anniversary of the date on which the plan was adopted by the board of directors, which was May 28, 2002.

1999 Stock Option Plan

In 1999, the board of directors adopted a 1999 Stock Option Plan (the "Option Plan"). The purpose of the Option Plan is to be able to retain the services of employees and consultants and others who are valuable to the Company and to offer incentives to such persons to achieve the objectives of our shareholders. The total number of shares of common stock subject to the Option Plan is 45,417. The Option Plan is administered by the board of directors, or any committee that may be authorized by the board of directors, so long as any such committee is made up of Non-Employee Directors, as that term is defined in Rule 16(b)-3(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Employees eligible for awards under the Option Plan may receive incentive options to purchase common stock. If a recipient does not receive an incentive option, he or she will receive a non-qualified stock option. The exercise price of an option must be no less than the fair market value of the common stock on the date of grant, unless the recipient of an award owns 10% or more of our common stock, in which case the exercise price of an incentive stock option must not be less than 110% of the fair market value. An option grant may be subject to vesting conditions. Options may be exercised in cash, or with shares of the common stock of the Company already owned by the recipient of the award. The term of an option granted pursuant to the Option Plan may not be more than five years if the option is an incentive option granted to a recipient who owns 10% or more of our common stock, or 10 years for all other recipients and for recipients of non-qualified stock options. Incentive Stock Options may be granted under the Option Plan until the day immediately preceding the 10 year anniversary of the date on which the Option Plan was adopted by the board of directors, which was October 14, 1999. Non-Qualified Stock Options may be granted under the Option Plan until the Option Plan is terminated by the board of directors in its sole discretion.

The following table illustrates, as of June 30, 2011, information relating to all of our equity compensation plans.

	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants	Weighted average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation
Plan Category	and rights	and rights	plans
Equity Compensation Plan Approved by Security Holders – 2002			
Consultant Stock Plan	0	N/A	0
Equity Compensation Plan Approved by Security Holders – 1999 Stock			
Option Plan	6,059(1)	\$ 96.00	0
Equity Compensation Plan Not Approved by Security Holders – 2002			
Stock Option Plan for Directors	4,792(1)	\$ 75.13	0

⁽¹⁾ This number reflects the reverse stock splits that were effected in January 2009 and February 2010.

CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Set forth below are our related party transactions since July 1, 2008:

Acquisition of Top Favour

On December 30, 2009, our shareholders approved a Plan and Agreement of Share Exchange, dated July 17, 2009, with Top Favour, pursuant to which we (formerly named "Ableauctions.com, Inc.") agreed to acquire all of the outstanding capital stock of Top Favour in exchange for the issuance of 13,117,952 shares of our common stock to the shareholders of Top Favour (the "Share Exchange"). The Share Exchange was consummated at 5:00 p.m. Pacific time on February 5, 2010 (the "Closing Date").

On the Closing Date:

- We ceased operating our historical auctions and real estate-related businesses;
- ·We changed our name from "Ableauctions.com, Inc." to "SinoCoking Coal and Coke Chemical Industries, Inc." to reflect the business of Top Favour;
- ·All of our directors and officers prior to the Share Exchange resigned, and successor officers and directors designated by Top Favour were appointed to the board and management;
- ·All of our pre-Share Exchange assets (e.g. relating to online auctions, liquidation, real estate services, finance and development) were transferred to a liquidating trust (the "Liquidating Trust"); these assets included the capital stock of our pre-Share Exchange subsidiaries;

The Liquidating Trust assumed all of our pre-Share Exchange liabilities;

- · Top Favour and its controlled companies and subsidiaries became our controlled companies and subsidiaries;
- ·The business, operations and assets of Top Favour (e.g., production of coal and coke) became our sole business, operations and assets.

Liquidation of Our Former Business

The operations of our former pre-Share Exchange subsidiaries, now held by the Liquidating Trust, are in the process of being wound down and will eventually be liquidated. Any proceeds from the liquidation which remain after the payment of liabilities and expenses relating to the liquidation will be distributed by the Liquidating Trust to the shareholders of record prior to the consummation of the Share Exchange.

Other Related Party Transactions

We advanced funds to Mr. Hui Zheng, the Director and Vice President of Operation, for him to perform business and acquisition developments activities on our behalf. Mr. Zheng returned the full amount of \$418,410 to the Company by end of August 2010. As of June 30, 2011 and 2010, due from Mr. Hui Zheng amounted to \$0 and \$418,410, respectively.

We also had loans from Mr. Jianhua Lv, our President and CEO, and Mr. Liuchang Yang, our former Director and Vice President, to fund our acquisitions and the construction of our new coking plant. These loans were unsecured, payable on demand and bear no interest. We paid off these loans before June 30, 2009.

Mr. Lv and Mr. Yang also advanced funds to us for daily operations. We overpaid Mr. Yang by \$58,642 as of June 30, 2010, which he returned to us in full on September 24, 2010. As of June 30, 2011 and 2010, the payables to Mr. Lv amounted to \$455,768 and \$51,381, respectively.

As of June 30, 2011, we had \$575,700 in prepayments to the 40% owner of Xingsheng Coal for coal purchases. We became 60% owner of Xingsheng Coal on May 20, 2011.

DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES

The following information describes the material features of our capital stock and material provisions of our articles of incorporation and our bylaws, both as amended and in effect as of the date of this prospectus. Please also refer to the full text of our articles of incorporation and bylaws that have been incorporated by reference or filed with the SEC as exhibits.

Common Stock

Our authorized capital stock consists of 100,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.001 per share. Each shareholder is entitled to one vote for each share held on all matters to be voted upon by the shareholders. Our shares of common stock have no preemptive, conversion, or redemption rights. If we are liquidated, dissolved or wound up, the holders of common stock are entitled to share in proportion to the percentage of their ownership all assets remaining after payment of liabilities. All of our issued and outstanding shares of common stock are fully paid and non-assessable. Our articles of incorporation do not provide for cumulative voting in the election of directors. The holders of shares of our common stock will be entitled to such cash dividends as may be declared from time to time by our board of directors from funds available therefor.

Options and Warrants

On the initial closing date of the financing on February 5, 2010 ("Initial Closing"), we issued warrants for the purchase of 590,446 shares of common stock, with an exercise price of \$12.00 per share to non-U.S. investors.

On the second closing on March 11, 2010 (the "Final Closing"), we issued warrants for the purchase of 3,672,468 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$12.00 per share to both U.S. investors and non-U.S. investors. The investor warrants issued in the Final Closing are exercisable for a period of five years from the date of issuance, however unlike the warrants issued in the Initial Closing they are also callable at our election six months after the date of issuance if our common stock trades at a price equal to at least 150% of the exercise price (or \$18.00 per share) with an average trading volume of at least 150,000 shares of Common Stock (as adjusted for any stock splits, stock dividends, combinations and the like) per trading day for at least 10 consecutive trading days and provided that the underlying shares of common stock are registered under an effective registration statement.

At the Final Closing we issued warrants for the purchase of up to 250,000 shares of common stock, with an exercise price of \$6.00 per share, to the placement agents in connection with placement agent services rendered in the offering of units to U.S. investors. For further information regarding these warrants issued in the Initial Closing and Final Closing, please refer to the paragraph above entitled "Recent \$44 Million Private Placement Financing."

On March 18, 2010, we issued warrants for the purchase of up to 117,163 shares of common stock, with an exercise price of \$12.00 per share, to Madison Williams, in connection with placement agent services rendered in the offering of units to non-U.S. investors.

We have issued and outstanding options for the purchase of up to 11,122 shares of common stock under our 1999 Stock Option Plan and 2002 Directors Plan, with exercise prices ranging from \$36.00 to \$96 per share. These options were outstanding prior to the Acquisition. The common stock underlying these options is not being registered under this prospectus and related registration statement.

In 2008 (prior to the Acquisition) the Company issued a warrant to Abdul Ladha, former CEO of the Company, for the purchase of up to 36,973 shares of common stock, at an exercise price of \$48.00 per share, as adjusted to take into account a 1-for-12 reverse stock split in January 2009, and a 1-for-20 reverse stock split in February 2010. The common stock underlying this warrant is not being registered under this prospectus and related registration statement.

MARKET PRICE OF AND DIVIDENDS ON COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

Market Information

Our common stock has been trading on the NASDAQ Capital Market under the symbol "SCOK" since February 17, 2010. Our common stock previously traded on the NYSE Amex (formerly the American Stock Exchange) under the symbol "AAC" until February 5, 2010. The following table sets forth the high and low bid information for our common stock on the NYSE Amex through February 5, 2010 and on the NASDAQ Capital Market since February 17, 2010 for the periods indicated:

	The Nasdaq									
	Capital Market					The NYSE Amex				
		Price per	Share ((1)	Price per Share (2)					
	High Low			Low]	High	Low			
2011										
Quarter ended September 30, 2011	\$	5.54	\$	2.82	\$	N/A	\$	N/A		
Quarter ended June 30, 2011		9.19		4.50		N/A		N/A		
Quarter ended March 31, 2011		14.37		8.15		N/A		N/A		
2010										
Quarter ended December 31, 2010	\$	12.98	\$	7.75	\$	N/A	\$	N/A		
Quarter ended September 30, 2010		18.46		7.30		N/A		N/A		
Quarter ended June 30, 2010		31.61		11.22		N/A		N/A		
Quarter ended March 31, 2010		53.70		6.25		1.40		0.71		
1-for-20 reverse stock split effected on Februar	y 5, 20	10								
2009										
Quarter ended December 31, 2009	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	15.80	\$	8.40		
Quarter ended September 30, 2009		N/A		N/A		18.80		8.40		
(1)	From February 17, 2010 forward.									
(2)	Through February 5, 2010.									

Holders

As of September 28, 2011, there were approximately 617 record holders of our common stock. This number does not include an indeterminate number of shareholders whose shares are held by brokers in street name.

Dividends

Other than the distribution of our pre-Acquisition assets of to the Liquidating Trust, and the assumption by the Liquidating Trust of our pre-Acquisition liabilities, the Company has not paid dividends on its common stock since inception. The decision to pay dividends on common stock is within the discretion of the board of directors. It is our current policy to retain any future earnings to finance the operations and growth of our business.

Our transfer agent is Interwest Stock Transfer, Inc., whose address is 1981 Murray Holladay Road, Suite 100, Salt Lake City, Utah 84117 and whose telephone number is (801) 272-9294.

CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

None.

DISCLOSURE OF COMMISSION POSITION OF INDEMNIFICATION FOR SECURITIES ACT LIABILITIES

Pursuant to our Articles of Incorporation, the Company will indemnify any of our officers and directors or any former officer or directors for such expenses and liabilities, in such manner, under such circumstances to such extent as permitted by the Florida Business Corporation Act, Section 607.0850, as amended.

Florida law permits a corporation, under specified circumstances, to indemnify our directors, officers, employees or agents against expenses (including attorney's fees), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlements actually and reasonably incurred by them in connection with any action, suit or proceeding brought by third parties by reason of the fact that they were or are directors, officers, employees or agents of the corporation, if such directors, officers, employees or agents acted in good faith and in a manner they reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reason to believe their conduct was unlawful. In a derivative action, that is, one by or in the right of the corporation, indemnification may be made only for expenses actually and reasonably incurred by directors, officers, employees or agents in connection with the defense or settlement of an action or suit, and only with respect to a matter as to which they will have acted in good faith and in a manner they reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation, except that no indemnification will be made if such person has been adjudged liable to the corporation, unless and only to the extent that the court in which the action or suit was brought determines upon application that the defendant directors, officers, employees or agents are fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnity for such expenses despite such adjudication of liability.

Our Articles of Incorporation contain a provision stating that no director will be liable to the Company or to our stockholders for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director. The intention of the foregoing provisions is to eliminate the liability of our directors to the fullest extent permitted by Florida law.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the Company pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, we have been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act of 1933 and is, therefore, unenforceable.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

We are subject to the reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). Reports filed with the SEC pursuant to the Exchange Act, including proxy statements, annual and quarterly reports, and other reports that we have filed can be obtained at the Public Reference Section of the SEC at 100 F. Street N.E., Room 1580, Washington, D.C. 20549, at prescribed rates, as well as from the SEC's Internet website at www.sec.gov. You may obtain information on the operation of the public reference rooms by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. Such reports and other information about us are also available at our corporate website at www.sinocokingchina.com.

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