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Yes  No

Number of shares outstanding of the issuer's Common Stock as of May 14, 2008: 581,806,183

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**CYBERLUX CORPORATION**

Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the  
Quarterly Period Ending March 31, 2008

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**Signatures**

**CYBERLUX CORPORATION**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

	(unaudited) March 31, 2008	December 31, 2007
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash & cash equivalents	\$ 71,560	\$ 626
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$8,646	72,103	77,815
Inventories, net of allowance of \$43,333	143,273	157,379
Other current assets	19,776	10,000
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>306,712</b>	<b>245,820</b>
Property, plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$176,150 and \$169,171, respectively	67,628	74,607
Other assets		
Deposits	24,400	24,400
Patents and development costs, net of accumulated amortization of \$951,111 and \$819,639, respectively	3,023,863	3,155,335
<b>Total other assets</b>	<b>3,048,263</b>	<b>3,179,735</b>
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$ 3,422,603</b>	<b>\$ 3,500,162</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND DEFICIENCY IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Cash overdraft	\$ -	\$ 33,178
Accounts payable	851,250	733,538
Accrued liabilities	2,567,922	2,345,133
Short-term notes payable - related parties	407,823	397,064
Short-term notes payable	169,853	196,067
Short-term convertible notes payable	4,005,435	3,050,510
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>8,002,283</b>	<b>6,755,490</b>
Long-term liabilities:		
Derivative liability relating to convertible debentures	18,309,890	17,334,621
Warrant liability relating to convertible debentures	3,790,257	4,509,538
<b>Total long-term liabilities</b>	<b>22,100,147</b>	<b>21,844,159</b>
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>30,102,430</b>	<b>28,599,649</b>
<b>Commitments and Contingencies</b>		
Redeemable Series A convertible preferred stock, \$0.001 par value; 200 shares designated, 26.9806 and 28.9806 issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, respectively; liquidation preference of \$219,892 and \$231,845 as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively	134,900	144,900

**DEFICIENCY IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY**

Class B convertible preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, 3,650,000 shares designated; 3,650,000 shares issued and outstanding for March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007; liquidation preference of \$3,650,000 as of March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007	3,650	3,650
Class C convertible preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, 700,000 shares designated; 150,000 shares issued and outstanding for March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, liquidation preference of \$3,863,240 and \$3,823,230, as of March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, respectively	150	150
Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 700,000,000 shares authorized; 566,806,181 and 552,342,881 shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007	566,806	552,343
Additional paid-in capital	15,854,390	15,286,709
Accumulated deficit	(43,239,723)	(41,087,239)
Deficiency in stockholders' equity	(26,814,727)	(25,244,387)
<b>Total liabilities and (deficiency) in stockholders' equity</b>	<b>\$ 3,422,603</b>	<b>\$ 3,500,162</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements

**CYBERLUX CORPORATION**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**  
**(unaudited)**

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2008	2007
<b>REVENUE:</b>	\$ 186,839	\$ 49,462
Cost of goods sold	(104,563)	(40,320)
Gross margin (loss)	82,276	9,142
<b>OPERATING EXPENSES:</b>		
Depreciation	6,979	5,934
Research and development	152	69,713
General and administrative expenses	715,078	887,280
Total operating expenses	722,209	962,927
<b>NET LOSS FROM OPERATIONS</b>	<b>(639,933)</b>	<b>(953,785)</b>
Unrealized gain (loss) relating to adjustment of derivative and warrant liability to fair value of underlying securities	(255,988)	3,523,832
Interest expense, net	(796,642)	(527,800)
Debt acquisition costs	(459,921)	11,420
Net Income (loss) before provision for income taxes	(2,152,484)	2,053,667
Income taxes (benefit)	-	-
<b>INCOME (LOSS) AVAILABLE TO COMMON STOCKHOLDERS</b>	<b>\$ (2,152,484)</b>	<b>\$ 2,053,667</b>
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding-basic	557,490,415	189,015,023
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding-fully diluted	Note A	Note A
Income (loss) per share-basic	\$ (0.00)	\$ 0.01
Loss per share - fully diluted	Note A	Note A
Preferred dividend	\$ 24,000	\$ 24,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements

**CYBERLUX CORPORATION**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOW**  
**(unaudited)**

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2008	2007
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Net income (loss) available to common stockholders	\$ (2,152,484)	\$ 2,053,667
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to cash used in operating activities		
Depreciation	6,979	5,934
Amortization	131,472	131,473
Common stock issued in connection issuance of debt	385,108	-
Common stock issued in connection with services rendered	2,300	-
Beneficial conversion feature relating to convertible debenture	184,736	-
Accretion of convertible notes payable	454,925	401,096
Unrealized (gain) loss on adjustment of derivative and warrant liability to fair value of underlying securities	255,988	(3,523,832)
(Increase) decrease in:		
Accounts receivable	5,712	116,425
Inventories	14,106	(8,803)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(9,776)	10,413
Increase (decrease) in:		
Cash overdraft	(33,178)	-
Accounts payable	117,712	168,167
Accrued liabilities	222,790	97,604
Net cash (used in) operating activities	(413,611)	(547,856)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Net cash acquired in connection with acquisition of Hybrid Lighting Technologies, Inc	-	150,000
Acquisition of fixed assets	-	(11,316)
Net cash provided by investing activities:	-	138,684
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Net proceeds from issuance of convertible debentures	500,000	-
Proceeds from exercise of warrants	-	-
Proceeds from sale of warrants	-	-
Net proceeds (payments) from borrowing on long term basis	(26,214)	(26,107)
Net proceeds (payments) to notes payable, related parties	10,759	66,000
Net cash provided by financing activities:	484,545	39,893
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	70,934	(369,279)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	626	395,812
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 71,560	\$ 26,533
<b>Supplemental disclosures:</b>		
Interest Paid	\$ -	\$ -
Income Taxes Paid	-	-

NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:

Unrealized (gain) loss in adjustment of derivative and warrant liability to fair value of underlying securities	255,988	(3,523,832)
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements



**CYBERLUX CORPORATION**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**MARCH 31, 2008**  
**(Unaudited)**

**NOTE A-SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

General

The accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and the instructions to Form 10-Q. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements.

In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Accordingly, the results from operations for the three period ended March 31, 2008, are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ended December 31, 2008. The unaudited condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the December 31, 2007 financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company's Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2007.

Business and Basis of Presentation

Cyberlux Corporation (the "Company") is incorporated on May 17, 2000 under the laws of the State of Nevada. Until December 31, 2004, the Company was a development state enterprise as defined under Statement on Financial Accounting Standards No.7, Development Stage Enterprises ("SFAS No.7"). The Company develops, manufactures and markets long-term portable lighting products for commercial and industrial users. While the Company has generated revenues from its sale of products, the Company has incurred expenses, and sustained losses. Consequently, its operations are subject to all risks inherent in the establishment of a new business enterprise. As of March 31, 2008, the Company has accumulated losses of \$43,239,723.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of its wholly owned subsidiaries, SPE Technologies, Inc. and Hybrid Lighting Technologies, Inc. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Revenue Recognition

Revenues are recognized in the period that products are provided. For revenue from product sales, the Company recognizes revenue in accordance with Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 104, REVENUE RECOGNITION ("SAB104"), which superseded Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 101, REVENUE RECOGNITION IN FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ("SAB101"). SAB 101 requires that four basic criteria must be met before revenue can be recognized: (1) persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists; (2) delivery has occurred; (3) the selling price is fixed and determinable; and (4) collectability is reasonably assured. Determination of criteria (3) and (4) are based on management's judgments regarding the fixed nature of the selling prices of the products delivered and the collectability of those amounts. Provisions for discounts and rebates to customers, estimated returns and allowances, and other adjustments are provided for in the same period the related sales are recorded. The Company defers any revenue for which the product has not been delivered or is subject to refund until such time that the Company and the customer jointly determine that the product has been delivered or no refund will be required. At March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, the Company did not have any deferred revenue.

SAB 104 incorporates Emerging Issues Task Force 00-21 ("EITF 00-21"), MULTIPLE DELIVERABLE REVENUE ARRANGEMENTS. EITF 00-21 addresses accounting for arrangements that may involve the delivery or performance of multiple products, services and/or rights to use assets. The effect of implementing EITF 00-21 on the Company's financial position and results of operations was not significant.

Reclassification

Certain reclassifications have been made in prior year's financial statements to conform to classifications used in the current year.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

Financial instruments and related items which potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of cash, cash equivalents and trade receivables. The Company places its cash and temporary cash investments with credit quality institutions. At times, such investments may be in excess of the FDIC insurance limit. The Company periodically reviews its trade receivables in determining its allowance for doubtful accounts. At March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, allowance for doubtful receivable was \$8,646.

**CYBERLUX CORPORATION**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**MARCH 31, 2008**  
**(Unaudited)**

**NOTE A-SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Stock based compensation

On December 16, 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued FASB Statement No. 123R (revised 2004), "Share-Based Payment" which is a revision of FASB Statement No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation". Statement 123R supersedes APB opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees", and amends FASB Statement No. 95, "Statement of Cash Flows". Generally, the approach in Statement 123R is similar to the approach described in Statement 123. However, Statement 123R requires all share-based payments to employees, including grants of employee stock options, to be recognized in the income statement based on their fair values. Pro-forma disclosure is no longer an alternative. This statement does not change the accounting guidance for share based payment transactions with parties other than employees provided in Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123(R). This statement does not address the accounting for employee share ownership plans, which are subject to AICPA Statement of Position 93-6, "Employers' Accounting for Employee Stock Ownership Plans." On April 14, 2005, the SEC amended the effective date of the provisions of this statement. The effect of this amendment by the SEC is that the Company had to comply with Statement 123R and use the Fair Value based method of accounting no later than the first quarter of 2006. The Company implemented SFAS No. 123(R) on January 1, 2006 using the modified prospective method. The fair value of each option grant issued after January 1, 2006 was determined as of grant date, utilizing the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The amortization of each option grant will be over the remainder of the vesting period of each option grant.

As more fully described in Note I below, the Company granted stock options over the years to employees of the Company under a non-qualified employee stock option plan. As of December 31, 2005, 34,000,000 stock options were outstanding and exercisable.

In prior years, the Company applied the intrinsic-value method prescribed in Accounting Principles Board ("APB") Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," to account for the issuance of stock options to employees and accordingly compensation expense related to employees' stock options were recognized in the prior year financial statements to the extent options granted under stock incentive plans had an exercise price less than the market value of the underlying common stock on the date of grant.

For the year ended December 31, 2006, the Company granted 34,930,000 stock options to employees with exercise prices of \$0.022 to \$0.04 per share expiring ten years from date of issuance. The fair value of the options was determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: expected dividend yield: 0%; volatility from 364% to 373%; risk free interest rate from 4.57% to 5.04%. The fair value of \$1,131,500 was recorded as a current period charge to earnings.

Net Income (loss) Per Common Share

The following reconciliation of net income and share amounts used in the computation of income (loss) per share for the three months ended March 31, 2007:

Three Months Ended
March 31, 2007
\$ 2,053,667

Net income used in computing basic net income per share	
Impact of assumed assumptions:	
Accretion of convertible debenture charged to interest expense	401,096
Impact of equity classified as liability:	
Gain on warrant liability marked to fair value	(3,523,832)
Net loss in computing diluted net loss per share:	\$ (1,069,069)

The weighted average shares outstanding used in the basic net income per share computations for the three months ended March 31, 2007 was 189,015,023. In determining the number of shares used in computing diluted loss per share, the Company added approximately 1,201,705,941 potentially dilutive securities for the three months ended March 31, 2007. The potentially dilutive securities added were mostly attributable to the warrants, options and convertible debentures outstanding. As a result, the diluted loss per share for the three months ended March 31, 2007 was \$0.00.

**CYBERLUX CORPORATION**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**MARCH 31, 2008**  
**(Unaudited)**

**NOTE A-SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**Patents

The Company acquired in December 2006, for \$2,270,000, and January 2007, for \$1,387,000, patents in conjunction with the acquisitions of SPE Technologies, Inc and Hybrid Lighting Technologies, Inc, respectively. The patents have an estimated useful life of 7 years. Accordingly, the Company recorded an amortization charge to current period earnings of \$131,472 for the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007. Patents are comprised of the following:

Description	Cost	Accumulated amortization and impairments	Net carrying value at March 31, 2008
Development costs	\$ 293,750	\$ 293,750	\$ -0-
Patents	2,294,224	409,683	1,884,541
Patents	1,387,000	247,678	1,139,322
Total	\$ 3,974,974	\$ 951,111	\$ 3,023,863

Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company's derivative financial instruments consist of embedded derivatives related to the 10% Secured Convertible Debentures (see Note D). These embedded derivatives include certain conversion features, variable interest features, call options and default provisions. The accounting treatment of derivative financial instruments requires that the Company record the derivatives and related warrants at their fair values as of the inception date of the Note Agreement and at fair value as of each subsequent balance sheet date. In addition, under the provisions of EITF Issue No. 00-19, "Accounting for Derivative Financial Instruments Indexed to, and Potentially Settled in, a Company's Own Stock," as a result of entering into the Notes, the Company is required to classify all other non-employee stock options and warrants as derivative liabilities and mark them to market at each reporting date. Any change in fair value inclusive of modifications of terms will be recorded as non-operating, non-cash income or expense at each reporting date. If the fair value of the derivatives is higher at the subsequent balance sheet date, the Company will record a non-operating, non-cash charge. If the fair value of the derivatives is lower at the subsequent balance sheet date, the Company will record non-operating, non-cash income. Conversion-related derivatives were valued using the intrinsic method and the warrants using the Black Scholes Option Pricing Model with the following assumptions: dividend yield of 0%; annual volatility of 528%; and risk free interest rate from 3.36% to 3.70%. The derivatives are classified as long-term liabilities.

Registration rights

In with raising capital through the issuance of Convertible Notes, the Company has issued convertible debentures and warrants in that have registration rights with liquidated damages for the underlying shares. As the contract must be settled by the delivery of registered shares and the delivery of the registered shares is not controlled by the Company, pursuant to EITF 00-19, "Accounting for Derivative Financial Instruments Indexed to, and Potentially Settled in, a Company's Own Stock", the net value of the of the underlying embedded derivative and warrants at the date of issuance was recorded as liabilities on the balance sheet. Liquidated damages are estimated and accrued as a liability at each reporting date. The Company has accrued an estimated \$620,659 in liquidation damages.

Recent accounting pronouncements

In July 2006, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 48 (FIN 48). "Accounting for uncertainty in Income Taxes". FIN 48 clarifies the accounting for Income Taxes by prescribing the minimum recognition threshold a tax position is required to meet before being recognized in the financial statements. It also provides guidance on derecognition, measurement, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition and clearly scopes income taxes out of SFAS 5, "Accounting for Contingencies". FIN 48 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. The Company has not yet evaluated the impact of adopting FIN 48 on our consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

In September 2006 the Financial Account Standards Board (the "FASB") issued its Statement of Financial Accounting Standards 157, Fair Value Measurements. This Statement defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. This Statement applies under other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements, the Board having previously concluded in those accounting pronouncements that fair value is the relevant measurement attribute. Accordingly, this Statement does not require any new fair value measurements. However, for some entities, the application of this Statement will change current practice. FAS 157 effective date is for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. The Company does not expect adoption of this standard will have a material impact on its financial position, operations or cash flows.

**CYBERLUX CORPORATION**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**MARCH 31, 2008**  
**(Unaudited)**

**NOTE A-SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Recent accounting pronouncements (continued)

In September 2006 the FASB issued its Statement of Financial Accounting Standards 158 "Employers' Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans". This Statement improves financial reporting by requiring an employer to recognize the overfunded or underfunded status of a defined benefit postretirement plan (other than a multiemployer plan) as an asset or liability in its statement of financial position and to recognize changes in that funded status in the year in which the changes occur through comprehensive income of a business entity or changes in unrestricted net assets of a not-for-profit organization. This Statement also improves financial reporting by requiring an employer to measure the funded status of a plan as of the date of its year-end statement of financial position, with limited exceptions. The effective date for an employer with publicly traded equity securities is as of the end of the fiscal year ending after December 15, 2006. The Company does not expect adoption of this standard will have a material impact on its financial position, operations or cash flows.

In December 2006, the FASB issued FSP EITF 00-19-2, Accounting for Registration Payment Arrangements ("FSP 00-19-2") which addresses accounting for registration payment arrangements. FSP 00-19-2 specifies that the contingent obligation to make future payments or otherwise transfer consideration under a registration payment arrangement, whether issued as a separate agreement or included as a provision of a financial instrument or other agreement, should be separately recognized and measured in accordance with FASB Statement No. 5, Accounting for Contingencies. FSP 00-19-2 further clarifies that a financial instrument subject to a registration payment arrangement should be accounted for in accordance with other applicable generally accepted accounting principles without regard to the contingent obligation to transfer consideration pursuant to the registration payment arrangement. For registration payment arrangements and financial instruments subject to those arrangements that were entered into prior to the issuance of EITF 00-19-2, this guidance shall be effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006 and interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company adopted FSP 00-19-2 in the preparation of the financial statements.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities." SFAS 159 permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments, and certain other items, at fair value. SFAS 159 applies to reporting periods beginning after November 15, 2007. The adoption of SFAS 159 is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial condition or results of operations.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141(R), "Business Combinations" ("SFAS No. 141(R)"), which establishes principles and requirements for how an acquirer recognizes and measures in its financial statements the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, and any noncontrolling interest in an acquiree, including the recognition and measurement of goodwill acquired in a business combination. SFAS No. 141R is effective as of the beginning of the first fiscal year beginning on or after December 15, 2008. Earlier adoption is prohibited and the Company is currently evaluating the effect, if any, that the adoption will have on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, "Noncontrolling Interest in Consolidated Financial Statements, an amendment of ARB No. 51" ("SFAS No. 160"), which will change the accounting and reporting for minority interests, which will be recharacterized as noncontrolling interests and classified as a component of equity within the consolidated balance sheets. SFAS No. 160 is effective as of the beginning of the first fiscal year beginning on or after

December 15, 2008. Earlier adoption is prohibited and the Company is currently evaluating the effect, if any, that the adoption will have on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows.



**CYBERLUX CORPORATION**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**MARCH 31, 2008**  
**(Unaudited)**

**NOTE B-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES**

Notes payable at March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007:

	March 31, 2008			December 31, 2007		
	Gross Principal Amount	Less: Unamortized Discount	Net	Gross Principal Amount	Less: Unamortized Discount	Net
10% convertible note payable, unsecured and due September, 2003; accrued and unpaid interest due at maturity; Note holder has the option to convert note principal together with accrued and unpaid interest to the Company's common stock at a rate of \$0.50 per share. The Company is in violation of the loan covenants	\$ 2,500	-	\$ 2,500	\$ 2,500	-	\$ 2,500
10% convertible debenture, due three years from date of the note with interest payable quarterly during the life of the note. The note is convertible into the Company's common stock at the lower of a) \$0.03 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for twenty days before, but not including, conversion date. The Company granted the note holder a security interest in	1,094,091	67,741	1,026,350	1,094,091	158,665	935,426

substantially all of the Company's assets and intellectual property and registration rights. The Company is in violation of the loan covenants (see below)

10% convertible debenture, due three years from date of the note with interest payable quarterly during the life of the note. The note is convertible into the Company's common stock at the lower of a) \$0.6 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for twenty days before, but not including, conversion date. The Company granted the note holder a security interest in substantially all of the Company's assets and intellectual property and registration rights. The Company is in violation of the loan covenants (see below)

	800,000	150,502	649,498	800,000	216,986	583,014
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8% convertible debenture, due three years from date of the note with interest payable quarterly during the life of the note. The note is convertible into the Company's common stock at the lower of a) \$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common

	\$ 700,000	\$ 173,242	\$ 526,758	\$ 700,000	\$ 231,416	\$ 468,584
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stock on a principal market for twenty days before, but not including, conversion date. The Company granted the note holder a security interest in substantially all of the Company's assets and intellectual property and registration rights (see below)

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**CYBERLUX CORPORATION**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**MARCH 31, 2008**  
**(Unaudited)**

**NOTE B-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (continued)**

	March 31, 2008			December 31, 2007		
	Gross Principal Amount	Less: Unamortized Discount	Net	Gross Principal Amount	Less: Unamortized Discount	Net
<p>8% convertible debenture, due March 2009 with interest payable quarterly during the life of the note. The note is convertible into the Company's common stock at the lower of a)\$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for twenty days before, but not including, conversion date. The Company granted the note holder a security interest in substantially all of the Company's assets and intellectual property and registration rights. (See below)</p>	\$ 500,000	\$ 164,384	\$ 335,616	\$ 500,000	\$ 205,936	\$ 294,064
<p>6% convertible debenture, due July 2009 with interest payable quarterly during the life of the note. The note is convertible into the Company's common stock at the lower of a)\$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for twenty days before, but not including,</p>	500,000	220,548	279,452	500,000	262,100	237,900

conversion date. The Company granted the note holder a security interest in substantially all of the Company's assets and intellectual property and registration rights. (See below)

6% convertible debenture, due September 2009 with interest payable quarterly during the life of the note. The note is convertible into the Company's common stock at the lower of a)\$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for twenty days before, but not including, conversion date. The Company granted the note holder a security interest in substantially all of the Company's assets and intellectual property and registration rights. (See below)

280,000	138,849	141,151	280,000	162,119	117,881
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6% convertible debenture, due December 2009 with interest payable quarterly during the life of the note. The note is convertible into the Company's common stock at the lower of a)\$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for twenty days before, but not including, conversion date. The

600,000	344,110	255,890	600,000	393,973	206,027
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Company granted the note holder a security interest in substantially all of the Company's assets and intellectual property and registration rights. (See below)

8% convertible debenture, due April 2010 with interest payable quarterly during the life of the note. The note is convertible into the Company's common stock at the lower of a)\$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for twenty days before, but not including, conversion date. The Company granted the note holder a security interest in substantially all of the Company's assets and intellectual property and registration rights. (See below)

\$	400,000	\$	272,877	\$	127,123	\$	400,000	\$	306,119	\$	93,881
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**CYBERLUX CORPORATION**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**MARCH 31, 2008**  
**(Unaudited)**

**NOTE B-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (continued)**

	March 31, 2008			December 31, 2007		
	Gross Principal Amount	Less: Unamortized Discount	Net	Gross Principal Amount	Less: Unamortized Discount	Net
8% convertible debenture, due May 2010 with interest payable quarterly during the life of the note. The note is convertible into the Company's common stock at the lower of a)\$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for twenty days before, but not including, conversion date. The Company granted the note holder a security interest in substantially all of the Company's assets and intellectual property and registration rights. (See below)	\$ 150,000	\$ 104,110	\$ 45,890	\$ 150,000	\$ 116,575	\$ 33,425
8% convertible debenture, due June 2010 with interest payable quarterly during the life of the note. The note is convertible into the Company's common stock at the lower of a)\$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the	150,000	108,356	41,644	150,000	120,822	29,178

three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for twenty days before, but not including, conversion date. The Company granted the note holder a security interest in substantially all of the Company's assets and intellectual property and registration rights. (See below)

8% convertible debenture, due June 2010 with interest payable quarterly during the life of the note. The note is convertible into the Company's common stock at the lower of a)\$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for twenty days before, but not including, conversion date. The Company granted the note holder a security interest in substantially all of the Company's assets and intellectual property and registration rights. (See below)

150,000	112,329	37,671	150,000	124,795	25,205
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8% convertible debenture, due July 2010 with interest payable quarterly during the life of the note. The note is

150,000	114,109	35,891	150,000	126,575	23,425
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convertible into the Company's common stock at the lower of a)\$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for twenty days before, but not including, conversion date. The Company granted the note holder a security interest in substantially all of the Company's assets and intellectual property and registration rights. (See below)

6% convertible debenture (warrant), maturing March 2015 with interest accruing until conversion. The warrant is exercisable at the greater of a) \$0.012 or b) 75% of the average of three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for twenty days before, but including, conversion date. The Company issued 6,763,300 shares of its common stock as security.

	\$	500,000	-	500,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
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Less: current maturities:	5,976,591	(1,971,157)	(4,005,434)	(5,476,591)	(2,426,081)	(3,050,510)
Long term portion	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-

**CYBERLUX CORPORATION**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**MARCH 31, 2008**  
**(Unaudited)**

**NOTE B-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (continued)**

The Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on April 23, 2005 for the issuance of an aggregate of \$1,500,000 of convertible notes ("Convertible Notes") and attached to the Convertible Notes was warrants to purchase 25,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The Convertible Notes accrue interest at 10% per annum, payable quarterly, and are due three years from the date of the note. The note holder has the option to convert any unpaid note principal to the Company's common stock at a rate of the lower of a) \$0.03 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for the 20 trading days before, but not including, conversion date. The effective interest rate at the date of inception was 270.43% per annum.

As of March 31, 2008, the Company issued to investors of the Convertible Notes a total amount of \$1,500,000 in exchange for total proceeds of \$1,352,067. The proceeds that the Company received were net of prepaid interest of \$72,933 representing the first eight month's interest and related fees and costs of \$75,000.

The Company's identified embedded derivatives related to the Securities Purchase Agreement entered into on April 23, 2005. These embedded derivatives included certain conversion features, variable interest features, call options and default provisions. The accounting treatment of derivative financial instruments requires that the Company allocate the relative fair values of the derivatives and related warrants as of the inception date of the Securities Purchase Agreement up to the proceeds amount and to fair value as of each subsequent balance sheet date. At the inception of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Company allocated \$945,313 and \$554,687 to the embedded derivatives and related warrants, respectively.

The Securities Purchase Agreement contains the following covenants:

- Requirement to pay principal and interest when due
- Provide shares of the Company's common stock to the Holder(s) upon exercise by the Holder(s)
- Timely file a registration statement with the SEC and obtain effectiveness and maintain effectiveness
- Maintain sufficient number of authorized shares, subject to Stockholder approval for full conversion of any remaining Security Purchase Agreement
- Change of control
- Trading market limitations

The Company agreed to file a registration statement with the SEC to affect the registration of the shares of its common stock underlying the Security Purchase Agreement and the warrants within 30 days from the date of receipt of written demand of the Investors. The Company also agreed to use its reasonable best efforts to cause the registration statement to be declared effective no later than 90 days after the date of the Securities Purchase Agreement. If the Registration Statement is not filed and/or not declared effective as described above, the Company will be required to pay liquidated damages in the form of cash or the Company's common stock, at the Company's discretion, in an amount equal to 2% of the unpaid principal balance per month to the date on which the Registrable Securities (in the opinion of counsel to the Initial Investors) may be immediately sold to the public without registration or restriction (including, without limitation, as to volume by each holder thereof) under the 1933 Act.

As of March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, the Company has not maintained an effective registration statement and therefore is in default of the Security Purchase agreement. As such, at the option of the Holders of a majority of the aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Notes issued pursuant to the Purchase Agreement and through the

delivery of written notice to the Company by such Holders (the "DEFAULT NOTICE"); the Notes shall become immediately due and payable and the Company shall pay to the Holder an amount equal to the greater of (i) 130% times the sum of (w) the then outstanding principal amount of this Note plus (x) accrued and unpaid interest on the unpaid principal amount of this Note to the date of payment plus (y) Default Interest (at 15% per annum), if any, plus (z) any amounts owed to the Holder pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement. The then outstanding principal amount of the Note to the date of payment plus the amounts referred to in clauses (x), (y) and (z) shall collectively be known as the "DEFAULT SUM") or (ii) the "parity value" of the Default Sum to be prepaid, where parity value means (a) the highest number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of or otherwise pursuant to such Default Sum, treating the Trading Day immediately preceding the Mandatory Prepayment Date as the "Conversion Date" for purposes of determining the lowest applicable Conversion Price, unless the Default Event arises as a result of a breach in respect of a specific Conversion Date in which case such Conversion Date shall be the Conversion Date), multiplied by (b) the highest Closing Price for the Common Stock during the period beginning on the date of first occurrence of the Event of Default and ending one day prior to the Mandatory Prepayment Date (the "DEFAULT AMOUNT") and all other amounts payable hereunder shall immediately become due and payable, together with all costs including legal fees and expenses of collection. If the Borrower fails to pay the Default Amount within five (5) business days of written notice that such amount is due and payable, then the Holder shall have the right at any time, so long as the Borrower remains in default (and so long and to the extent that there are sufficient authorized shares), to require the Borrower, upon written notice, to immediately issue, in lieu of the Default Amount, the number of shares of Common Stock of the Borrower equal to the Default Amount divided by the Conversion Price then in effect.

**CYBERLUX CORPORATION**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**MARCH 31, 2008**  
**(Unaudited)**

**NOTE B-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (continued)**

For the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007, the Company amortized the debt discount and charged to interest expense \$90,925 and \$123,288, respectively.

The Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on October 24, 2005 for the issuance of \$800,000 of convertible notes ("Convertible Notes") and attached to the Convertible Notes was warrants to purchase 800,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The Convertible Note accrues interest at 10% per annum, payable quarterly, and are due three years from the date of the note. The note holder has the option to convert any unpaid note principal to the Company's common stock at a rate of the lower of a) \$0.06 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for the 20 trading days before, but not including, conversion date. The effective interest rate at the date of inception was 142.28% per annum.

As of March 31, 2008, the Company issued to investors of the Convertible Notes a total amount of \$800,000 in exchange for total proceeds of \$775,000. The proceeds that the Company received were net of related fees and costs of \$25,000.

The Company's identified embedded derivatives related to the Securities Purchase Agreement entered into on October 24, 2005. These embedded derivatives included certain conversion features, variable interest features, call options and default provisions. The accounting treatment of derivative financial instruments requires that the Company allocate the relative fair values of the derivatives and related warrants as of the inception date of the Securities Purchase Agreement up to the proceeds amount and to fair value as of each subsequent balance sheet date. At the inception of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Company allocated \$743,770 and \$56,230 to the embedded derivatives and related warrants, respectively.

The Securities Purchase Agreement contains the following covenants:

- Requirement to pay principal and interest when due
- Provide shares of the Company's common stock to the Holder(s) upon exercise by the Holder(s)
- Timely file a registration statement with the SEC and obtain effectiveness and maintain effectiveness
- Maintain sufficient number of authorized shares, subject to Stockholder approval for full conversion of any remaining Security Purchase Agreement
- Change of control
- Trading market limitations

The Company agreed to file a registration statement with the SEC to affect the registration of the shares of its common stock underlying the Security Purchase Agreement and the warrants within 30 days from the date of receipt of written demand of the Investors. The Company also agreed to use its reasonable best efforts to cause the registration statement to be declared effective no later than 90 days after the date of the Securities Purchase Agreement. If the Registration Statement is not filed and/or not declared effective as described above, the Company will be required to pay liquidated damages in the form of cash or the Company's common stock, at the Company's discretion, in an amount equal to 2% of the unpaid principal balance per month to the date on which the Registrable Securities (in the opinion of counsel to the Initial Investors) may be immediately sold to the public without registration or restriction (including, without limitation, as to volume by each holder thereof) under the 1933 Act.

As of March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, the Company has not maintained an effective registration statement and therefore is in default of the Security Purchase agreement. As such, at the option of the Holders of a majority of the aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Notes issued pursuant to the Purchase Agreement and through the delivery of written notice to the Company by such Holders (the "DEFAULT NOTICE"); the Notes shall become immediately due and payable and the Company shall pay to the Holder an amount equal to the greater of (i) 130% times the sum of (w) the then outstanding principal amount of this Note plus (x) accrued and unpaid interest on the unpaid principal amount of this Note to the date of payment plus (y) Default Interest (at 15% per annum), if any, plus (z) any amounts owed to the Holder pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement. The then outstanding principal amount of the Note to the date of payment plus the amounts referred to in clauses (x), (y) and (z) shall collectively be known as the "DEFAULT SUM") or (ii) the "parity value" of the Default Sum to be prepaid, where parity value means (a) the highest number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of or otherwise pursuant to such Default Sum, treating the Trading Day immediately preceding the Mandatory Prepayment Date as the "Conversion Date" for purposes of determining the lowest applicable Conversion Price, unless the Default Event arises as a result of a breach in respect of a specific Conversion Date in which case such Conversion Date shall be the Conversion Date), multiplied by (b) the highest Closing Price for the Common Stock during the period beginning on the date of first occurrence of the Event of Default and ending one day prior to the Mandatory Prepayment Date (the "DEFAULT AMOUNT") and all other amounts payable hereunder shall immediately become due and payable, together with all costs including legal fees and expenses of collection. If the Borrower fails to pay the Default Amount within five (5) business days of written notice that such amount is due and payable, then the Holder shall have the right at any time, so long as the Borrower remains in default (and so long and to the extent that there are sufficient authorized shares), to require the Borrower, upon written notice, to immediately issue, in lieu of the Default Amount, the number of shares of Common Stock of the Borrower equal to the Default Amount divided by the Conversion Price then in effect.

**CYBERLUX CORPORATION**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**MARCH 31, 2008**  
**(Unaudited)**

**NOTE B-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (continued)**

For the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007, the Company amortized the debt discount and charged to interest expense \$66,484 and \$65,753, respectively.

The Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on December 28, 2005 for the issuance of \$700,000 of convertible notes ("Convertible Notes") and attached to the Convertible Notes were warrants to purchase 700,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The Convertible Note accrues interest at 8% per annum, payable quarterly, and are due three years from the date of the note. The note holder has the option to convert any unpaid note principal to the Company's common stock at a rate of the lower of a) \$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for the 20 trading days before, but not including, conversion date. The effective interest rate at the date of inception was 158.81% per annum.

As of March 31, 2008, the Company issued to investors of the Convertible Notes a total amount of \$700,000 in exchange for total proceeds of \$675,000. The proceeds that the Company received were net of related fees and costs of \$25,000.

The Company's identified embedded derivatives related to the Securities Purchase Agreement entered into on December 28, 2005. These embedded derivatives included certain conversion features, variable interest features, call options and default provisions. The accounting treatment of derivative financial instruments requires that the Company allocate the relative fair values of the derivatives and related warrants as of the inception date of the Securities Purchase Agreement up to the proceeds amount and to fair value as of each subsequent balance sheet date. At the inception of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Company allocated \$655,921 and \$44,079 to the embedded derivatives and related warrants, respectively.

The Securities Purchase Agreement contains the following covenants:

- Requirement to pay principal and interest when due
- Provide shares of the Company's common stock to the Holder(s) upon exercise by the Holder(s)
- Timely file a registration statement with the SEC and obtain effectiveness and maintain effectiveness
- Maintain sufficient number of authorized shares, subject to Stockholder approval for full conversion of any remaining Security Purchase Agreement
- Change of control
- Trading market limitations

The Company agreed to file a registration statement with the SEC to affect the registration of the shares of its common stock underlying the Security Purchase Agreement and the warrants within 30 days from the date of receipt of written demand of the Investors. The Company also agreed to use its reasonable best efforts to cause the registration statement to be declared effective no later than 90 days after the date of the Securities Purchase Agreement. If the Registration Statement is not filed and/or not declared effective as described above, the Company will be required to pay liquidated damages in the form of cash or the Company's common stock, at the Company's discretion, in an amount equal to 2% of the unpaid principal balance per month to the date on which the Registrable Securities (in the opinion of counsel to the Initial Investors) may be immediately sold to the public without registration or restriction (including, without limitation, as to volume by each holder thereof) under the 1933 Act.

As of March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, the Company has not maintained an effective registration statement and therefore is in default of the Security Purchase agreement. As such, at the option of the Holders of a majority of the aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Notes issued pursuant to the Purchase Agreement and through the delivery of written notice to the Company by such Holders (the "DEFAULT NOTICE"); the Notes shall become immediately due and payable and the Company shall pay to the Holder an amount equal to the greater of (i) 130% times the sum of (w) the then outstanding principal amount of this Note plus (x) accrued and unpaid interest on the unpaid principal amount of this Note to the date of payment plus (y) Default Interest (at 15% per annum), if any, plus (z) any amounts owed to the Holder pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement. The then outstanding principal amount of the Note to the date of payment plus the amounts referred to in clauses (x), (y) and (z) shall collectively be known as the "DEFAULT SUM") or (ii) the "parity value" of the Default Sum to be prepaid, where parity value means (a) the highest number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of or otherwise pursuant to such Default Sum, treating the Trading Day immediately preceding the Mandatory Prepayment Date as the "Conversion Date" for purposes of determining the lowest applicable Conversion Price, unless the Default Event arises as a result of a breach in respect of a specific Conversion Date in which case such Conversion Date shall be the Conversion Date), multiplied by (b) the highest Closing Price for the Common Stock during the period beginning on the date of first occurrence of the Event of Default and ending one day prior to the Mandatory Prepayment Date (the "DEFAULT AMOUNT") and all other amounts payable hereunder shall immediately become due and payable, together with all costs including legal fees and expenses of collection. If the Borrower fails to pay the Default Amount within five (5) business days of written notice that such amount is due and payable, then the Holder shall have the right at any time, so long as the Borrower remains in default (and so long and to the extent that there are sufficient authorized shares), to require the Borrower, upon written notice, to immediately issue, in lieu of the Default Amount, the number of shares of Common Stock of the Borrower equal to the Default Amount divided by the Conversion Price then in effect.

**CYBERLUX CORPORATION**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**MARCH 31, 2008**  
**(Unaudited)**

**NOTE B-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (continued)**

For the three month period ended March 31, 2008 and 2007, the Company amortized the debt discount and charged to interest expense \$58,174 and \$57,534, respectively.

The Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on March 31, 2006 for the issuance of \$500,000 of convertible notes ("Convertible Notes") and attached to the Convertible Notes was warrants to purchase 19,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The Convertible Note accrues interest at 8% per annum, payable quarterly, and are due three years from the date of the note. The note holder has the option to convert any unpaid note principal to the Company's common stock at a rate of the lower of a) \$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for the 20 trading days before, but not including, conversion date. The effective interest rate at the date of inception was 11.01% per annum.

As of December 31, 2007, the Company issued to investors of the Convertible Notes a total amount of \$500,000 in exchange for total proceeds of \$460,000. The proceeds that the Company received were net of related fees and costs of \$40,000.

The Company's identified embedded derivatives related to the Securities Purchase Agreement entered into on March 31, 2006. These embedded derivatives included certain conversion features, variable interest features, call options and default provisions. The accounting treatment of derivative financial instruments requires that the Company allocate the relative fair values of the derivatives and related warrants as of the inception date of the Securities Purchase Agreement up to the proceeds amount and to fair value as of each subsequent balance sheet date. At the inception of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Company allocated \$136,612 and \$363,388 to the embedded derivatives and related warrants, respectively.

The Securities Purchase Agreement contains the following covenants:

- Requirement to pay principal and interest when due
- Provide shares of the Company's common stock to the Holder(s) upon exercise by the Holder(s)
- Timely file a registration statement with the SEC and obtain effectiveness and maintain effectiveness
- Maintain sufficient number of authorized shares, subject to Stockholder approval for full conversion of any remaining Security Purchase Agreement
- Change of control
- Trading market limitations

The Company agreed to file a registration statement with the SEC to affect the registration of the shares of its common stock underlying the Security Purchase Agreement and the warrants within 30 days from the date of receipt of written demand of the Investors. The Company also agreed to use its reasonable best efforts to cause the registration statement to be declared effective no later than 90 days after the date of the Securities Purchase Agreement. If the Registration Statement is not filed and/or not declared effective as described above, the Company will be required to pay liquidated damages in the form of cash or the Company's common stock, at the Company's discretion, in an amount equal to 2% of the unpaid principal balance per month to the date on which the Registrable Securities (in the opinion of counsel to the Initial Investors) may be immediately sold to the public without registration or restriction (including, without limitation, as to volume by each holder thereof) under the 1933 Act.



As of March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, the Company has not maintained an effective registration statement and therefore is in default of the Security Purchase agreement. As such, at the option of the Holders of a majority of the aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Notes issued pursuant to the Purchase Agreement and through the delivery of written notice to the Company by such Holders (the "DEFAULT NOTICE"); the Notes shall become immediately due and payable and the Company shall pay to the Holder an amount equal to the greater of (i) 130% times the sum of (w) the then outstanding principal amount of this Note plus (x) accrued and unpaid interest on the unpaid principal amount of this Note to the date of payment plus (y) Default Interest (at 15% per annum), if any, plus (z) any amounts owed to the Holder pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement. The then outstanding principal amount of the Note to the date of payment plus the amounts referred to in clauses (x), (y) and (z) shall collectively be known as the "DEFAULT SUM") or (ii) the "parity value" of the Default Sum to be prepaid, where parity value means (a) the highest number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of or otherwise pursuant to such Default Sum, treating the Trading Day immediately preceding the Mandatory Prepayment Date as the "Conversion Date" for purposes of determining the lowest applicable Conversion Price, unless the Default Event arises as a result of a breach in respect of a specific Conversion Date in which case such Conversion Date shall be the Conversion Date), multiplied by (b) the highest Closing Price for the Common Stock during the period beginning on the date of first occurrence of the Event of Default and ending one day prior to the Mandatory Prepayment Date (the "DEFAULT AMOUNT") and all other amounts payable hereunder shall immediately become due and payable, together with all costs including legal fees and expenses of collection. If the Borrower fails to pay the Default Amount within five (5) business days of written notice that such amount is due and payable, then the Holder shall have the right at any time, so long as the Borrower remains in default (and so long and to the extent that there are sufficient authorized shares), to require the Borrower, upon written notice, to immediately issue, in lieu of the Default Amount, the number of shares of Common Stock of the Borrower equal to the Default Amount divided by the Conversion Price then in effect.

**CYBERLUX CORPORATION**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**MARCH 31, 2008**  
**(Unaudited)**

**NOTE B-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (continued)**

For the three month period ended March 31, 2008 and 2007, the Company amortized the debt discount and charged to interest expense \$41,553 and \$41,096, respectively.

The Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on July 28, 2006 for the issuance of \$500,000 of convertible notes ("Convertible Notes") and attached to the Convertible Notes was warrants to purchase 15,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The Convertible Note accrues interest at 6% per annum, payable quarterly, and are due three years from the date of the note. The note holder has the option to convert any unpaid note principal to the Company's common stock at a rate of the lower of a) \$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for the 20 trading days before, but not including, conversion date. The effective interest rate at the date of inception was 10.00% per annum.

As of March 31, 2008, the Company issued to investors of the Convertible Notes a total amount of \$500,000 in exchange for total proceeds of \$490,000. The proceeds that the Company received were net of related fees and costs of \$10,000.

The Company's identified embedded derivatives related to the Securities Purchase Agreement entered into on July 28, 2006. These embedded derivatives included certain conversion features, variable interest features, call options and default provisions. The accounting treatment of derivative financial instruments requires that the Company allocate the relative fair values of the derivatives and related warrants as of the inception date of the Securities Purchase Agreement up to the proceeds amount and to fair value as of each subsequent balance sheet date. At the inception of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Company allocated \$200,000 and \$300,000 to the embedded derivatives and related warrants, respectively.

The Securities Purchase Agreement contains the following covenants:

- Requirement to pay principal and interest when due
- Provide shares of the Company's common stock to the Holder(s) upon exercise by the Holder(s)
- Timely file a registration statement with the SEC and obtain effectiveness and maintain effectiveness
- Maintain sufficient number of authorized shares, subject to Stockholder approval for full conversion of any remaining Security Purchase Agreement
- Change of control
- Trading market limitations

The Company agreed to file a registration statement with the SEC to affect the registration of the shares of its common stock underlying the Security Purchase Agreement and the warrants within 30 days from the date of receipt of written demand of the Investors. The Company also agreed to use its reasonable best efforts to cause the registration statement to be declared effective no later than 90 days after the date of the Securities Purchase Agreement. If the Registration Statement is not filed and/or not declared effective as described above, the Company will be required to pay liquidated damages in the form of cash or the Company's common stock, at the Company's discretion, in an amount equal to 2% of the unpaid principal balance per month to the date on which the Registrable Securities (in the opinion of counsel to the Initial Investors) may be immediately sold to the public without registration or restriction (including, without limitation, as to volume by each holder thereof) under the 1933 Act.

As of March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, the Company has not maintained an effective registration statement and therefore is in default of the Security Purchase agreement. As such, at the option of the Holders of a majority of the aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Notes issued pursuant to the Purchase Agreement and through the delivery of written notice to the Company by such Holders (the "DEFAULT NOTICE"); the Notes shall become immediately due and payable and the Company shall pay to the Holder an amount equal to the greater of (i) 130% times the sum of (w) the then outstanding principal amount of this Note plus (x) accrued and unpaid interest on the unpaid principal amount of this Note to the date of payment plus (y) Default Interest (at 15% per annum), if any, plus (z) any amounts owed to the Holder pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement. The then outstanding principal amount of the Note to the date of payment plus the amounts referred to in clauses (x), (y) and (z) shall collectively be known as the "DEFAULT SUM") or (ii) the "parity value" of the Default Sum to be prepaid, where parity value means (a) the highest number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of or otherwise pursuant to such Default Sum, treating the Trading Day immediately preceding the Mandatory Prepayment Date as the "Conversion Date" for purposes of determining the lowest applicable Conversion Price, unless the Default Event arises as a result of a breach in respect of a specific Conversion Date in which case such Conversion Date shall be the Conversion Date), multiplied by (b) the highest Closing Price for the Common Stock during the period beginning on the date of first occurrence of the Event of Default and ending one day prior to the Mandatory Prepayment Date (the "DEFAULT AMOUNT") and all other amounts payable hereunder shall immediately become due and payable, together with all costs including legal fees and expenses of collection. If the Borrower fails to pay the Default Amount within five (5) business days of written notice that such amount is due and payable, then the Holder shall have the right at any time, so long as the Borrower remains in default (and so long and to the extent that there are sufficient authorized shares), to require the Borrower, upon written notice, to immediately issue, in lieu of the Default Amount, the number of shares of Common Stock of the Borrower equal to the Default Amount divided by the Conversion Price then in effect.

**CYBERLUX CORPORATION**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**MARCH 31, 2008**  
**(Unaudited)**

**NOTE B-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (continued)**

For the three month period ended March 31, 2008 and 2007, the Company amortized the debt discount and charged to interest expense \$41,553 and \$41,096, respectively.

The Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on September 26, 2006 for the issuance of \$280,000 of convertible notes (“Convertible Notes”) and attached to the Convertible Notes was warrants to purchase 10,000,000 shares of the Company’s common stock. The Convertible Note accrues interest at 6% per annum, payable quarterly, and are due three years from the date of the note. The note holder has the option to convert any unpaid note principal to the Company’s common stock at a rate of the lower of a) \$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for the 20 trading days before, but not including, conversion date. The effective interest rate at the date of inception was 9.36% per annum.

As of March 31, 2008, the Company issued to investors of the Convertible Notes a total amount of \$280,000 in exchange for total proceeds of \$259,858. The proceeds that the Company received were net of related fees and costs of \$20,142.

The Company's identified embedded derivatives related to the Securities Purchase Agreement entered into on September 26, 2006. These embedded derivatives included certain conversion features, variable interest features, call options and default provisions. The accounting treatment of derivative financial instruments requires that the Company allocate the relative fair values of the derivatives and related warrants as of the inception date of the Securities Purchase Agreement up to the proceeds amount and to fair value as of each subsequent balance sheet date. At the inception of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Company allocated \$100,513 and \$179,487 to the embedded derivatives and related warrants, respectively.

The Securities Purchase Agreement contains the following covenants:

- Requirement to pay principal and interest when due
- Provide shares of the Company’s common stock to the Holder(s) upon exercise by the Holder(s)
- Timely file a registration statement with the SEC and obtain effectiveness and maintain effectiveness
- Maintain sufficient number of authorized shares, subject to Stockholder approval for full conversion of any remaining Security Purchase Agreement
- Change of control
- Trading market limitations

The Company agreed to file a registration statement with the SEC to affect the registration of the shares of its common stock underlying the Security Purchase Agreement and the warrants within 30 days from the date of receipt of written demand of the Investors. The Company also agreed to use its reasonable best efforts to cause the registration statement to be declared effective no later than 90 days after the date of the Securities Purchase Agreement. If the Registration Statement is not filed and/or not declared effective as described above, the Company will be required to pay liquidated damages in the form of cash or the Company’s common stock, at the Company’s discretion, in an amount equal to 2% of the unpaid principal balance per month to the date on which the Registrable Securities (in the opinion of counsel to the Initial Investors) may be immediately sold to the public without registration or restriction (including, without limitation, as to volume by each holder thereof) under the 1933 Act.

As of March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, the Company has not maintained an effective registration statement and therefore is in default of the Security Purchase agreement. As such, at the option of the Holders of a majority of the aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Notes issued pursuant to the Purchase Agreement and through the delivery of written notice to the Company by such Holders (the "DEFAULT NOTICE"); the Notes shall become immediately due and payable and the Company shall pay to the Holder an amount equal to the greater of (i) 130% times the sum of (w) the then outstanding principal amount of this Note plus (x) accrued and unpaid interest on the unpaid principal amount of this Note to the date of payment plus (y) Default Interest (at 15% per annum), if any, plus (z) any amounts owed to the Holder pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement. The then outstanding principal amount of the Note to the date of payment plus the amounts referred to in clauses (x), (y) and (z) shall collectively be known as the "DEFAULT SUM") or (ii) the "parity value" of the Default Sum to be prepaid, where parity value means (a) the highest number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of or otherwise pursuant to such Default Sum, treating the Trading Day immediately preceding the Mandatory Prepayment Date as the "Conversion Date" for purposes of determining the lowest applicable Conversion Price, unless the Default Event arises as a result of a breach in respect of a specific Conversion Date in which case such Conversion Date shall be the Conversion Date), multiplied by (b) the highest Closing Price for the Common Stock during the period beginning on the date of first occurrence of the Event of Default and ending one day prior to the Mandatory Prepayment Date (the "DEFAULT AMOUNT") and all other amounts payable hereunder shall immediately become due and payable, together with all costs including legal fees and expenses of collection. If the Borrower fails to pay the Default Amount within five (5) business days of written notice that such amount is due and payable, then the Holder shall have the right at any time, so long as the Borrower remains in default (and so long and to the extent that there are sufficient authorized shares), to require the Borrower, upon written notice, to immediately issue, in lieu of the Default Amount, the number of shares of Common Stock of the Borrower equal to the Default Amount divided by the Conversion Price then in effect.

**CYBERLUX CORPORATION**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**MARCH 31, 2008**  
**(Unaudited)**

**NOTE B-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (continued)**

For the three months period ended March 31, 2008 and 2007, the Company amortized the debt discount and charged to interest expense \$23,269 and \$23,014, respectively.

The Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on December 20, 2006 for the issuance of \$600,000 of convertible notes (“Convertible Notes”) and attached to the Convertible Notes was warrants to purchase 20,000,000 shares of the Company’s common stock. The Convertible Note accrues interest at 6% per annum, payable quarterly, and are due three years from the date of the note. The note holder has the option to convert any unpaid note principal to the Company’s common stock at a rate of the lower of a) \$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for the 20 trading days before, but not including, conversion date. The effective interest rate at the date of inception was 15.00% per annum.

As of March 31, 2008, the Company issued to investors of the Convertible Notes a total amount of \$600,000 in exchange for total proceeds of \$590,000. The proceeds that the Company received were net of related fees and costs of \$10,000.

The Company's identified embedded derivatives related to the Securities Purchase Agreement entered into on December 20, 2006. These embedded derivatives included certain conversion features, variable interest features, call options and default provisions. The accounting treatment of derivative financial instruments requires that the Company allocate the relative fair values of the derivatives and related warrants as of the inception date of the Securities Purchase Agreement up to the proceeds amount and to fair value as of each subsequent balance sheet date. At the inception of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Company allocated \$360,000 and \$240,000 to the embedded derivatives and related warrants, respectively.

The Securities Purchase Agreement contains the following covenants:

- Requirement to pay principal and interest when due
- Provide shares of the Company’s common stock to the Holder(s) upon exercise by the Holder(s)
- Timely file a registration statement with the SEC and obtain effectiveness and maintain effectiveness
- Maintain sufficient number of authorized shares, subject to Stockholder approval for full conversion of any remaining Security Purchase Agreement
- Change of control
- Trading market limitations

The Company agreed to file a registration statement with the SEC to affect the registration of the shares of its common stock underlying the Security Purchase Agreement and the warrants within 30 days from the date of receipt of written demand of the Investors. The Company also agreed to use its reasonable best efforts to cause the registration statement to be declared effective no later than 90 days after the date of the Securities Purchase Agreement. If the Registration Statement is not filed and/or not declared effective as described above, the Company will be required to pay liquidated damages in the form of cash or the Company’s common stock, at the Company’s discretion, in an amount equal to 2% of the unpaid principal balance per month to the date on which the Registrable Securities (in the opinion of counsel to the Initial Investors) may be immediately sold to the public without registration or restriction (including, without limitation, as to volume by each holder thereof) under the 1933 Act.

As of March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, the Company has not maintained an effective registration statement and therefore is in default of the Security Purchase agreement. As such, at the option of the Holders of a majority of the aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Notes issued pursuant to the Purchase Agreement and through the delivery of written notice to the Company by such Holders (the "DEFAULT NOTICE"); the Notes shall become immediately due and payable and the Company shall pay to the Holder an amount equal to the greater of (i) 130% times the sum of (w) the then outstanding principal amount of this Note plus (x) accrued and unpaid interest on the unpaid principal amount of this Note to the date of payment plus (y) Default Interest (at 15% per annum), if any, plus (z) any amounts owed to the Holder pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement. The then outstanding principal amount of the Note to the date of payment plus the amounts referred to in clauses (x), (y) and (z) shall collectively be known as the "DEFAULT SUM") or (ii) the "parity value" of the Default Sum to be prepaid, where parity value means (a) the highest number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of or otherwise pursuant to such Default Sum, treating the Trading Day immediately preceding the Mandatory Prepayment Date as the "Conversion Date" for purposes of determining the lowest applicable Conversion Price, unless the Default Event arises as a result of a breach in respect of a specific Conversion Date in which case such Conversion Date shall be the Conversion Date), multiplied by (b) the highest Closing Price for the Common Stock during the period beginning on the date of first occurrence of the Event of Default and ending one day prior to the Mandatory Prepayment Date (the "DEFAULT AMOUNT") and all other amounts payable hereunder shall immediately become due and payable, together with all costs including legal fees and expenses of collection. If the Borrower fails to pay the Default Amount within five (5) business days of written notice that such amount is due and payable, then the Holder shall have the right at any time, so long as the Borrower remains in default (and so long and to the extent that there are sufficient authorized shares), to require the Borrower, upon written notice, to immediately issue, in lieu of the Default Amount, the number of shares of Common Stock of the Borrower equal to the Default Amount divided by the Conversion Price then in effect.

**CYBERLUX CORPORATION**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**MARCH 31, 2008**  
**(Unaudited)**

**NOTE B-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (continued)**

For the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007, the Company amortized the debt discount and charged to interest expense \$49,863 and \$49,315, respectively.

The Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on April 18, 2007 for the issuance of \$400,000 of convertible notes (“Convertible Notes”) and attached to the Convertible Notes was warrants to purchase 10,000,000 shares of the Company’s common stock. The Convertible Note accrues interest at 8% per annum, payable quarterly, and are due three years from the date of the note. The note holder has the option to convert any unpaid note principal to the Company’s common stock at a rate of the lower of a) \$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for the 20 trading days before, but not including, conversion date. The effective interest rate at the date of inception was 235.00% per annum.

As of March 31, 2008, the Company issued to investors of the Convertible Notes a total amount of \$400,000 in exchange for total proceeds of \$360,000. The proceeds that the Company received were net of related fees and costs of \$40,000.

The Company's identified embedded derivatives related to the Securities Purchase Agreement entered into on April 18, 2007. These embedded derivatives included certain conversion features, variable interest features, call options and default provisions. The accounting treatment of derivative financial instruments requires that the Company allocate the relative fair values of the derivatives and related warrants as of the inception date of the Securities Purchase Agreement up to the proceeds amount and to fair value as of each subsequent balance sheet date. At the inception of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Company allocated \$386,378 and \$13,622 to the embedded derivatives and related warrants, respectively.

The Securities Purchase Agreement contains the following covenants:

- Requirement to pay principal and interest when due
- Provide shares of the Company’s common stock to the Holder(s) upon exercise by the Holder(s)
- Timely file a registration statement with the SEC and obtain effectiveness and maintain effectiveness
- Maintain sufficient number of authorized shares, subject to Stockholder approval for full conversion of any remaining Security Purchase Agreement
- Change of control
- Trading market limitations

The Company agreed to file a registration statement with the SEC to affect the registration of the shares of its common stock underlying the Security Purchase Agreement and the warrants within 30 days from the date of receipt of written demand of the Investors. The Company also agreed to use its reasonable best efforts to cause the registration statement to be declared effective no later than 90 days after the date of the Securities Purchase Agreement. If the Registration Statement is not filed and/or not declared effective as described above, the Company will be required to pay liquidated damages in the form of cash or the Company’s common stock, at the Company’s discretion, in an amount equal to 2% of the unpaid principal balance per month to the date on which the Registrable Securities (in the opinion of counsel to the Initial Investors) may be immediately sold to the public without registration or restriction (including, without limitation, as to volume by each holder thereof) under the 1933 Act.



As of March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, the Company has not maintained an effective registration statement and therefore is in default of the Security Purchase agreement. As such, at the option of the Holders of a majority of the aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Notes issued pursuant to the Purchase Agreement and through the delivery of written notice to the Company by such Holders (the "DEFAULT NOTICE"); the Notes shall become immediately due and payable and the Company shall pay to the Holder an amount equal to the greater of (i) 130% times the sum of (w) the then outstanding principal amount of this Note plus (x) accrued and unpaid interest on the unpaid principal amount of this Note to the date of payment plus (y) Default Interest (at 15% per annum), if any, plus (z) any amounts owed to the Holder pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement. The then outstanding principal amount of the Note to the date of payment plus the amounts referred to in clauses (x), (y) and (z) shall collectively be known as the "DEFAULT SUM") or (ii) the "parity value" of the Default Sum to be prepaid, where parity value means (a) the highest number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of or otherwise pursuant to such Default Sum, treating the Trading Day immediately preceding the Mandatory Prepayment Date as the "Conversion Date" for purposes of determining the lowest applicable Conversion Price, unless the Default Event arises as a result of a breach in respect of a specific Conversion Date in which case such Conversion Date shall be the Conversion Date), multiplied by (b) the highest Closing Price for the Common Stock during the period beginning on the date of first occurrence of the Event of Default and ending one day prior to the Mandatory Prepayment Date (the "DEFAULT AMOUNT") and all other amounts payable hereunder shall immediately become due and payable, together with all costs including legal fees and expenses of collection. If the Borrower fails to pay the Default Amount within five (5) business days of written notice that such amount is due and payable, then the Holder shall have the right at any time, so long as the Borrower remains in default (and so long and to the extent that there are sufficient authorized shares), to require the Borrower, upon written notice, to immediately issue, in lieu of the Default Amount, the number of shares of Common Stock of the Borrower equal to the Default Amount divided by the Conversion Price then in effect.

**CYBERLUX CORPORATION**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**MARCH 31, 2008**  
**(Unaudited)**

**NOTE B-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (continued)**

For the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007, the Company amortized the debt discount and charged to interest expense \$33,242 and \$-0-, respectively.

The Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on May 1, 2007 for the issuance of \$150,000 of convertible notes ("Convertible Notes") and attached to the Convertible Notes was warrants to purchase 10,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The Convertible Note accrues interest at 8% per annum, payable quarterly, and are due three years from the date of the note. The note holder has the option to convert any unpaid note principal to the Company's common stock at a rate of the lower of a) \$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for the 20 trading days before, but not including, conversion date. The effective interest rate at the date of inception was 80.83% per annum.

As of March 31 2008, the Company issued to investors of the Convertible Notes a total amount of \$150,000 in exchange for total proceeds of \$150,000.

The Company's identified embedded derivatives related to the Securities Purchase Agreement entered into on May 1, 2007. These embedded derivatives included certain conversion features, variable interest features, call options and default provisions. The accounting treatment of derivative financial instruments requires that the Company allocate the relative fair values of the derivatives and related warrants as of the inception date of the Securities Purchase Agreement up to the proceeds amount and to fair value as of each subsequent balance sheet date. At the inception of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Company allocated \$135,154 and \$14,846 to the embedded derivatives and related warrants, respectively.

The Securities Purchase Agreement contains the following covenants:

- Requirement to pay principal and interest when due
- Provide shares of the Company's common stock to the Holder(s) upon exercise by the Holder(s)
- Timely file a registration statement with the SEC and obtain effectiveness and maintain effectiveness
- Maintain sufficient number of authorized shares, subject to Stockholder approval for full conversion of any remaining Security Purchase Agreement
- Change of control
- Trading market limitations

The Company agreed to file a registration statement with the SEC to affect the registration of the shares of its common stock underlying the Security Purchase Agreement and the warrants within 30 days from the date of receipt of written demand of the Investors. The Company also agreed to use its reasonable best efforts to cause the registration statement to be declared effective no later than 90 days after the date of the Securities Purchase Agreement. If the Registration Statement is not filed and/or not declared effective as described above, the Company will be required to pay liquidated damages in the form of cash or the Company's common stock, at the Company's discretion, in an amount equal to 2% of the unpaid principal balance per month to the date on which the Registrable Securities (in the opinion of counsel to the Initial Investors) may be immediately sold to the public without registration or restriction (including, without limitation, as to volume by each holder thereof) under the 1933 Act.

As of March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, the Company has not maintained an effective registration statement and therefore is in default of the Security Purchase agreement. As such, at the option of the Holders of a majority of the aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Notes issued pursuant to the Purchase Agreement and through the delivery of written notice to the Company by such Holders (the "DEFAULT NOTICE"); the Notes shall become immediately due and payable and the Company shall pay to the Holder an amount equal to the greater of (i) 130% times the sum of (w) the then outstanding principal amount of this Note plus (x) accrued and unpaid interest on the unpaid principal amount of this Note to the date of payment plus (y) Default Interest (at 15% per annum), if any, plus (z) any amounts owed to the Holder pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement. The then outstanding principal amount of the Note to the date of payment plus the amounts referred to in clauses (x), (y) and (z) shall collectively be known as the "DEFAULT SUM") or (ii) the "parity value" of the Default Sum to be prepaid, where parity value means (a) the highest number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of or otherwise pursuant to such Default Sum, treating the Trading Day immediately preceding the Mandatory Prepayment Date as the "Conversion Date" for purposes of determining the lowest applicable Conversion Price, unless the Default Event arises as a result of a breach in respect of a specific Conversion Date in which case such Conversion Date shall be the Conversion Date), multiplied by (b) the highest Closing Price for the Common Stock during the period beginning on the date of first occurrence of the Event of Default and ending one day prior to the Mandatory Prepayment Date (the "DEFAULT AMOUNT") and all other amounts payable hereunder shall immediately become due and payable, together with all costs including legal fees and expenses of collection. If the Borrower fails to pay the Default Amount within five (5) business days of written notice that such amount is due and payable, then the Holder shall have the right at any time, so long as the Borrower remains in default (and so long and to the extent that there are sufficient authorized shares), to require the Borrower, upon written notice, to immediately issue, in lieu of the Default Amount, the number of shares of Common Stock of the Borrower equal to the Default Amount divided by the Conversion Price then in effect.

**CYBERLUX CORPORATION**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**MARCH 31, 2008**  
**(Unaudited)**

**NOTE B-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (continued)**

For the three months ended March 31, 2008, the Company amortized the debt discount and charged to interest expense \$12,466.

The Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on June 1, 2007 for the issuance of \$150,000 of convertible notes (“Convertible Notes”) and attached to the Convertible Notes was warrants to purchase 10,000,000 shares of the Company’s common stock. The Convertible Note accrues interest at 8% per annum, payable quarterly, and are due three years from the date of the note. The note holder has the option to convert any unpaid note principal to the Company’s common stock at a rate of the lower of a) \$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for the 20 trading days before, but not including, conversion date. The effective interest rate at the date of inception was 91.87% per annum.

As of March 31, 2008, the Company issued to investors of the Convertible Notes a total amount of \$150,000 in exchange for total proceeds of \$150,000.

The Company's identified embedded derivatives related to the Securities Purchase Agreement entered into on June 1, 2007. These embedded derivatives included certain conversion features, variable interest features, call options and default provisions. The accounting treatment of derivative financial instruments requires that the Company allocate the relative fair values of the derivatives and related warrants as of the inception date of the Securities Purchase Agreement up to the proceeds amount and to fair value as of each subsequent balance sheet date. At the inception of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Company allocated \$136,938 and \$13,062 to the embedded derivatives and related warrants, respectively.

The Securities Purchase Agreement contains the following covenants:

- Requirement to pay principal and interest when due
- Provide shares of the Company’s common stock to the Holder(s) upon exercise by the Holder(s)
- Timely file a registration statement with the SEC and obtain effectiveness and maintain effectiveness
- Maintain sufficient number of authorized shares, subject to Stockholder approval for full conversion of any remaining Security Purchase Agreement
- Change of control
- Trading market limitations

The Company agreed to file a registration statement with the SEC to affect the registration of the shares of its common stock underlying the Security Purchase Agreement and the warrants within 30 days from the date of receipt of written demand of the Investors. The Company also agreed to use its reasonable best efforts to cause the registration statement to be declared effective no later than 90 days after the date of the Securities Purchase Agreement. If the Registration Statement is not filed and/or not declared effective as described above, the Company will be required to pay liquidated damages in the form of cash or the Company’s common stock, at the Company’s discretion, in an amount equal to 2% of the unpaid principal balance per month to the date on which the Registrable Securities (in the opinion of counsel to the Initial Investors) may be immediately sold to the public without registration or restriction (including, without limitation, as to volume by each holder thereof) under the 1933 Act.

As of March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, the Company has not maintained an effective registration statement and therefore is in default of the Security Purchase agreement. As such, at the option of the Holders of a majority of the aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Notes issued pursuant to the Purchase Agreement and through the delivery of written notice to the Company by such Holders (the "DEFAULT NOTICE"); the Notes shall become immediately due and payable and the Company shall pay to the Holder an amount equal to the greater of (i) 130% times the sum of (w) the then outstanding principal amount of this Note plus (x) accrued and unpaid interest on the unpaid principal amount of this Note to the date of payment plus (y) Default Interest (at 15% per annum), if any, plus (z) any amounts owed to the Holder pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement. The then outstanding principal amount of the Note to the date of payment plus the amounts referred to in clauses (x), (y) and (z) shall collectively be known as the "DEFAULT SUM") or (ii) the "parity value" of the Default Sum to be prepaid, where parity value means (a) the highest number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of or otherwise pursuant to such Default Sum, treating the Trading Day immediately preceding the Mandatory Prepayment Date as the "Conversion Date" for purposes of determining the lowest applicable Conversion Price, unless the Default Event arises as a result of a breach in respect of a specific Conversion Date in which case such Conversion Date shall be the Conversion Date), multiplied by (b) the highest Closing Price for the Common Stock during the period beginning on the date of first occurrence of the Event of Default and ending one day prior to the Mandatory Prepayment Date (the "DEFAULT AMOUNT") and all other amounts payable hereunder shall immediately become due and payable, together with all costs including legal fees and expenses of collection. If the Borrower fails to pay the Default Amount within five (5) business days of written notice that such amount is due and payable, then the Holder shall have the right at any time, so long as the Borrower remains in default (and so long and to the extent that there are sufficient authorized shares), to require the Borrower, upon written notice, to immediately issue, in lieu of the Default Amount, the number of shares of Common Stock of the Borrower equal to the Default Amount divided by the Conversion Price then in effect.

**CYBERLUX CORPORATION**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**MARCH 31, 2008**  
**(Unaudited)**

**NOTE B-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (continued)**

For the three months ended March 31, 2008, the Company amortized the debt discount and charged to interest expense \$12,466.

The Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on June 30, 2007 for the issuance of \$150,000 of convertible notes ("Convertible Notes") and attached to the Convertible Notes was warrants to purchase 10,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The Convertible Note accrues interest at 8% per annum, payable quarterly, and are due three years from the date of the note. The note holder has the option to convert any unpaid note principal to the Company's common stock at a rate of the lower of a) \$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for the 20 trading days before, but not including, conversion date. The effective interest rate at the date of inception was 85.51% per annum.

As of March 31, 2008, the Company issued to investors of the Convertible Notes a total amount of \$150,000 in exchange for total proceeds of \$150,000.

The Company's identified embedded derivatives related to the Securities Purchase Agreement entered into on June 30, 2007. These embedded derivatives included certain conversion features, variable interest features, call options and default provisions. The accounting treatment of derivative financial instruments requires that the Company allocate the relative fair values of the derivatives and related warrants as of the inception date of the Securities Purchase Agreement up to the proceeds amount and to fair value as of each subsequent balance sheet date. At the inception of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Company allocated \$135,966 and \$14,034 to the embedded derivatives and related warrants, respectively.

The Securities Purchase Agreement contains the following covenants:

- Requirement to pay principal and interest when due
- Provide shares of the Company's common stock to the Holder(s) upon exercise by the Holder(s)
- Timely file a registration statement with the SEC and obtain effectiveness and maintain effectiveness
- Maintain sufficient number of authorized shares, subject to Stockholder approval for full conversion of any remaining Security Purchase Agreement
- Change of control
- Trading market limitations

The Company agreed to file a registration statement with the SEC to affect the registration of the shares of its common stock underlying the Security Purchase Agreement and the warrants within 30 days from the date of receipt of written demand of the Investors. The Company also agreed to use its reasonable best efforts to cause the registration statement to be declared effective no later than 90 days after the date of the Securities Purchase Agreement. If the Registration Statement is not filed and/or not declared effective as described above, the Company will be required to pay liquidated damages in the form of cash or the Company's common stock, at the Company's discretion, in an amount equal to 2% of the unpaid principal balance per month to the date on which the Registrable Securities (in the opinion of counsel to the Initial Investors) may be immediately sold to the public without registration or restriction (including, without limitation, as to volume by each holder thereof) under the 1933 Act.

As of March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, the Company has not maintained an effective registration statement and therefore is in default of the Security Purchase agreement. As such, at the option of the Holders of a majority of the aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Notes issued pursuant to the Purchase Agreement and through the delivery of written notice to the Company by such Holders (the "DEFAULT NOTICE"); the Notes shall become immediately due and payable and the Company shall pay to the Holder an amount equal to the greater of (i) 130% times the sum of (w) the then outstanding principal amount of this Note plus (x) accrued and unpaid interest on the unpaid principal amount of this Note to the date of payment plus (y) Default Interest (at 15% per annum), if any, plus (z) any amounts owed to the Holder pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement. The then outstanding principal amount of the Note to the date of payment plus the amounts referred to in clauses (x), (y) and (z) shall collectively be known as the "DEFAULT SUM") or (ii) the "parity value" of the Default Sum to be prepaid, where parity value means (a) the highest number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of or otherwise pursuant to such Default Sum, treating the Trading Day immediately preceding the Mandatory Prepayment Date as the "Conversion Date" for purposes of determining the lowest applicable Conversion Price, unless the Default Event arises as a result of a breach in respect of a specific Conversion Date in which case such Conversion Date shall be the Conversion Date), multiplied by (b) the highest Closing Price for the Common Stock during the period beginning on the date of first occurrence of the Event of Default and ending one day prior to the Mandatory Prepayment Date (the "DEFAULT AMOUNT") and all other amounts payable hereunder shall immediately become due and payable, together with all costs including legal fees and expenses of collection. If the Borrower fails to pay the Default Amount within five (5) business days of written notice that such amount is due and payable, then the Holder shall have the right at any time, so long as the Borrower remains in default (and so long and to the extent that there are sufficient authorized shares), to require the Borrower, upon written notice, to immediately issue, in lieu of the Default Amount, the number of shares of Common Stock of the Borrower equal to the Default Amount divided by the Conversion Price then in effect.

**CYBERLUX CORPORATION**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**MARCH 31, 2008**  
**(Unaudited)**

**NOTE B-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (continued)**

For the three months ended March 31, 2008, the Company amortized the debt discount and charged to interest expense \$12,466.

The Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on July 13, 2007 for the issuance of \$150,000 of convertible notes ("Convertible Notes") and attached to the Convertible Notes was warrants to purchase 10,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The Convertible Note accrues interest at 8% per annum, payable quarterly, and are due three years from the date of the note. The note holder has the option to convert any unpaid note principal to the Company's common stock at a rate of the lower of a) \$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for the 20 trading days before, but not including, conversion date. The effective interest rate at the date of inception was 85.13% per annum.

As of March 31, 2008, the Company issued to investors of the Convertible Notes a total amount of \$150,000 in exchange for total proceeds of \$150,000.

The Company's identified embedded derivatives related to the Securities Purchase Agreement entered into on July 13, 2007. These embedded derivatives included certain conversion features, variable interest features, call options and default provisions. The accounting treatment of derivative financial instruments requires that the Company allocate the relative fair values of the derivatives and related warrants as of the inception date of the Securities Purchase Agreement up to the proceeds amount and to fair value as of each subsequent balance sheet date. At the inception of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Company allocated \$135,903 and \$14,097 to the embedded derivatives and related warrants, respectively.

The Securities Purchase Agreement contains the following covenants:

- Requirement to pay principal and interest when due
- Provide shares of the Company's common stock to the Holder(s) upon exercise by the Holder(s)
- Timely file a registration statement with the SEC and obtain effectiveness and maintain effectiveness
- Maintain sufficient number of authorized shares, subject to Stockholder approval for full conversion of any remaining Security Purchase Agreement
- Change of control
- Trading market limitations

The Company agreed to file a registration statement with the SEC to affect the registration of the shares of its common stock underlying the Security Purchase Agreement and the warrants within 30 days from the date of receipt of written demand of the Investors. The Company also agreed to use its reasonable best efforts to cause the registration statement to be declared effective no later than 90 days after the date of the Securities Purchase Agreement. If the Registration Statement is not filed and/or not declared effective as described above, the Company will be required to pay liquidated damages in the form of cash or the Company's common stock, at the Company's discretion, in an amount equal to 2% of the unpaid principal balance per month to the date on which the Registrable Securities (in the opinion of counsel to the Initial Investors) may be immediately sold to the public without registration or restriction (including, without limitation, as to volume by each holder thereof) under the 1933 Act.



As of March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, the Company has not maintained an effective registration statement and therefore is in default of the Security Purchase agreement. As such, at the option of the Holders of a majority of the aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Notes issued pursuant to the Purchase Agreement and through the delivery of written notice to the Company by such Holders (the "DEFAULT NOTICE"); the Notes shall become immediately due and payable and the Company shall pay to the Holder an amount equal to the greater of (i) 130% times the sum of (w) the then outstanding principal amount of this Note plus (x) accrued and unpaid interest on the unpaid principal amount of this Note to the date of payment plus (y) Default Interest (at 15% per annum), if any, plus (z) any amounts owed to the Holder pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement. The then outstanding principal amount of the Note to the date of payment plus the amounts referred to in clauses (x), (y) and (z) shall collectively be known as the "DEFAULT SUM") or (ii) the "parity value" of the Default Sum to be prepaid, where parity value means (a) the highest number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of or otherwise pursuant to such Default Sum, treating the Trading Day immediately preceding the Mandatory Prepayment Date as the "Conversion Date" for purposes of determining the lowest applicable Conversion Price, unless the Default Event arises as a result of a breach in respect of a specific Conversion Date in which case such Conversion Date shall be the Conversion Date), multiplied by (b) the highest Closing Price for the Common Stock during the period beginning on the date of first occurrence of the Event of Default and ending one day prior to the Mandatory Prepayment Date (the "DEFAULT AMOUNT") and all other amounts payable hereunder shall immediately become due and payable, together with all costs including legal fees and expenses of collection. If the Borrower fails to pay the Default Amount within five (5) business days of written notice that such amount is due and payable, then the Holder shall have the right at any time, so long as the Borrower remains in default (and so long and to the extent that there are sufficient authorized shares), to require the Borrower, upon written notice, to immediately issue, in lieu of the Default Amount, the number of shares of Common Stock of the Borrower equal to the Default Amount divided by the Conversion Price then in effect.

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**NOTE B-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (continued)**

For the three months ended March 31, 2008, the Company amortized the debt discount and charged to interest expense \$12,466.

As of March 31, 2008, the Company has accrued \$816,586 in default provision liabilities and liquidated damages relating the to the above described Securities Purchase Agreements.

On March 10, 2008, the Company sold a warrant to purchase 20,833,333 shares of its common stock at the greater of a) \$0.012 or b) 75% of the average of three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for twenty days before, but including, conversion date. The warrant exercise amount accrues interest at 0.5% per month until exercised.

Although described as a warrant, the instrument was considered a convertible debenture for accounting purposes.

In accordance with EITF 98-5, the Company recognized an imbedded beneficial conversion feature present in the convertible note. The Company allocated a portion of the proceeds equal to the intrinsic value of that feature to additional paid-in capital. The Company recognized and measured an aggregate of \$184,736 of the proceeds, which is equal to the intrinsic value of the imbedded beneficial conversion feature, to additional paid in capital and a discount against the convertible note payable. The debt discount attributed to the beneficial conversion feature charged to current period earnings as interest expense.

Additionally, in conjunction with the issuance of the above described debenture, the Company issued an aggregate of 6,763,300 and 7,500,000 shares of its common stock to be held as security and as a financing cost of the transaction, respectively. The charged a total of \$385,109 of debt acquisition costs to current period earnings.

The accompanying financial statements comply with current requirements relating to warrants and embedded derivatives as described in FAS 133, EITF 98-5 and 00-27, and APB 14 as follows:

- The Company allocated the proceeds received between convertible debt and detachable warrants based upon the relative fair market values on the dates the proceeds were received. The fair values of the detachable warrants and the embedded derivatives were determined under the Black-Scholes option pricing formula and the intrinsic method, respectively
- Subsequent to the initial recording, the increase (or decrease) in the fair value of the detachable warrants, determined under the Black-Scholes option pricing formula and the increase (or decrease) in the intrinsic value of the embedded derivatives of the convertible debentures are recorded as adjustments to the liabilities at December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively.
- The expense relating to the increase (or decrease) in the fair value of the Company's stock reflected in the change in the fair value of the warrants and derivatives is included as other income item as a gain or loss arising from convertible financing on the Company's balance sheet.
  - Accreted principal of \$5,476,591 and \$3,048,010 as of March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007.

**NOTE C-WARRANT LIABILITY**

Total warrant liability as of March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007 is comprised of the following:

	March 31, 2008	December 31, 2007
Fair value of warrants relating to convertible debentures	\$ 1,574,985	\$ 1,874,970
Fair value of other outstanding warrants	2,215,272	2,634,568
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 3,790,257</b>	<b>\$ 4,509,538</b>

Warrants were valued at the date of inception and at March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007 using the Black Scholes Option Pricing Model.

The assumptions used at March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007 were as follows:

	March 31, 2008	December 31, 2007
Expected volatility	578%	528%
Expected dividend yield	-0-%	-0-%
Average risk free rate	1.62% to 2.06%	3.45%
Expected life (a)	1.62 to 6.28 yrs	1.01 to 6.53 yrs

(a)The expected option life is based on contractual expiration dates.

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**NOTE D - NOTE PAYABLE**

Note payable as of March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, comprised of the following:

	March 31, 2008	December 31, 2007
Note payable, 24% interest per annum; due in 90 days; secured by specific accounts receivables	\$ 169,853	\$ 196,067

**NOTE E - NOTES AND CONVERTIBLE NOTES PAYABLE-RELATED PARTY**

Notes payable-related party is comprised of the following:

	March 31, 2008	December 31, 2007
Notes payable, 12% per annum; due on demand; unsecured	\$ 158,473	\$ 147,714
Notes payable, 10% per annum, due on demand; unsecured	249,350	249,350
	407,823	397,064
Less: current maturities:	(407,823)	(397,064)
Long term portion:	\$ -	\$ -

**NOTE F - STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY****Series A - Convertible Preferred stock**

The Company has also authorized 5,000,000 shares of Preferred Stock, with a par value of \$.001 per share.

On December 30, 2003, the Company filed a Certificate of Designation creating a Series A Convertible Preferred Stock classification for 200 shares.

The Series A Preferred stated conversion price of \$.10 per shares is subject to certain anti-dilution provisions in the event the Company issues shares of its common stock or common stock equivalents below the stated conversion price. Changes to the conversion price are charged to operations and included in unrealized gain (loss) relating to adjustment of derivative and warrant liability to fair value of underlying securities.

In December, 2003, the Company issued 155 shares of its Series A Preferred stock, valued at \$5,000 per share. The stock has a stated value of \$5,000 per share and a conversion price of \$0.10 per share and warrants to purchase an aggregate of 15,500,000 shares of our common stock.

In May, 2004, the Company issued 15.861 shares of its Series A Preferred stock, valued at \$5,000 per share. The stock has a stated value of \$5,000 per share and a conversion price of \$0.10 per share and warrants to purchase an aggregate of 1,600,000 shares of our common stock.

In the year ended December 31, 2004, 7 of the Series A Preferred shareholders exercised the conversion right and exchanged 19 shares of Series A Preferred for 950,000 shares of the Company's common stock.

In the year ended December 31, 2005, 20 of the Series A Preferred shareholders exercised the conversion right and exchanged 92 shares of Series A Preferred for 4,600,000 shares of the Company's common stock.

In the year ended December 31, 2006, 9 of the Series A Preferred shareholders exercised the conversion right and exchanged 20.88 shares of Series A Preferred for 1,019,032 shares of the Company's common stock

In the three months ended March 31, 2008, 1 of the Series A Preferred shareholders exercised the conversion right and exchanged 2 shares of Series A Preferred for 100,000 shares of the Company's common stock

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**NOTE F -STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY (continued)**

**Series A - Convertible Preferred stock (continued)**

The holders of the Series A Preferred shall have the right to vote, separately as a single class, at a meeting of the holders of the Series A Preferred or by such holders' written consent or at any annual or special meeting of the stockholders of the Corporation on any of the following matters: (i) the creation, authorization, or issuance of any class or series of shares ranking on a parity with or senior to the Series A Preferred with respect to dividends or upon the liquidation, dissolution, or winding up of the Corporation, and (ii) any agreement or other corporate action which would adversely affect the powers, rights, or preferences of the holders of the Series A Preferred.

The holders of record of the Series A Preferred shall be entitled to receive cumulative dividends at the rate of twelve percent per annum (12%) on the face value (\$5,000 per share) when, if and as declared by the Board of Directors, if ever. All dividends, when paid, shall be payable in cash, or at the option of the Company, in shares of the Company's common stock. Dividends on shares of the Series A Preferred that have not been redeemed shall be payable quarterly in arrears, when, if and as declared by the Board of Directors, if ever, on a semi-annual basis. No dividend or distribution other than a dividend or distribution paid in Common Stock or in any other junior stock shall be declared or paid or set aside for payment on the Common Stock or on any other junior stock unless full cumulative dividends on all outstanding shares of the Series A Preferred shall have been declared and paid. These dividends are not recorded until declared by the Company. As of the period ended March 31, 2008, \$0 in dividends was accumulated.

Upon any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Corporation, whether voluntary or involuntary, and after payment of any senior liquidation preferences of any series of Preferred Stock and before any distribution or payment is made with respect to any Common Stock, holders of each share of the Series A Preferred shall be entitled to be paid an amount equal in the greater of (a) the face value denominated thereon subject to adjustment for stock splits, stock dividends, reorganizations, reclassification or other similar events (the "Adjusted Face Value") plus, in the case of each share, an amount equal to all dividends accrued or declared but unpaid thereon, computed to the date payment thereof is made available, or (b) such amount per share of the Series A Preferred immediately prior to such liquidation, dissolution or winding up, or (c) the liquidation preference of \$5,000.00 per share, and the holders of the Series A Preferred shall not be entitled to any further payment, such amount payable with respect to the Series A Preferred being sometimes referred to as the "Liquidation Payments."

Because the Series A Shares include a redemption feature that is outside of the control of the Company and the stated conversion price is subject to reset, the Company has classified the Series A Shares outside of stockholders' equity in accordance with Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") Topic D-98, "Classification and Measurement of Redeemable Securities." In accordance with EITF Topic D-98, the fair value at date of issuance was recorded outside of stockholders' equity in the accompanying balance sheet. Dividends on the Series A Shares are reflected as a reduction of net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders.

In connection with the issuance of the Series A Preferred and related warrants, the holders were granted certain registration rights in which the Company agreed to timely file a registration statement to register the common shares and the shares underlying the warrants, obtain effectiveness of the registration statement by the SEC within ninety-five (95) days of December 31, 2003, and maintain the effectiveness of this registration statement for a preset time thereafter. In the event the Company fails to timely perform under the registration rights agreement, the Company agrees to pay the holders of the Series A Preferred liquidated damages in an amount equal to 1.5% of the

aggregate amount invested by the holders for each 30-day period or pro rata for any portion thereof following the date by which the registration statement should have been effective. The initial registration statement was filed and declared effective by the SEC within the allowed time, however the Company has not maintained the effectiveness of the registration statement to date. Accordingly, the Company issued 203,867 shares of common stock as liquidated damages on December 10, 2004. The Company has not been required to pay any further liquidated damages in connection with the filing or on-going effectiveness of the registration statement.

The Company was required to record a liability relating to the detachable warrants as described in FAS 133, EITF 98-5 and 00-27, and APB 14. As such:

Subsequent to the initial recording, the increase in the fair value of the detachable warrants, determined under the Black-Scholes option pricing formula, are accrued as adjustments to the liabilities at March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, respectively.

The expense relating to the increase in the fair value of the Company's stock reflected in the change in the fair value of the warrants (noted above) is included as an other comprehensive income item of an unrealized gain or loss arising from convertible financing on the Company's balance sheet.

The warrants expired unexercised in the year ended December 31, 2006.

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**NOTE F -STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY (continued)**

**Series B - Convertible Preferred stock**

On February 19, 2004, the Company filed a Certificate of Designation creating a Series B Convertible Preferred Stock classification for 800,000 shares.

In January, 2004, the Company issued 800,000 shares of its Series B Preferred in lieu of certain accrued management service fees payable and notes payable including interest payable thereon totaling \$800,000 to officers of the company. The shares of the Series B Preferred are non voting and convertible, at the option of the holder, into common shares at \$0.10 per share per share. The shares issued were valued at \$1.00 per share, which represented the fair value of the common stock the shares are convertible into. In connection with the transaction, the Company recorded a beneficial conversion discount of \$800,000 - preferred dividend relating to the issuance of the convertible preferred stock. None of the Series B Preferred shareholders have exercised their conversion right and there are 800,000 shares of Series B Preferred shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2008.

The holders of the Series B Preferred shall have the right to vote, separately as a single class, at a meeting of the holders of the Series B Preferred or by such holders' written consent or at any annual or special meeting of the stockholders of the Corporation on any of the following matters: (i) the creation, authorization, or issuance of any class or series of shares ranking on a parity with or senior to the Series B Preferred with respect to dividends or upon the liquidation, dissolution, or winding up of the Corporation, and (ii) any agreement or other corporate action which would adversely affect the powers, rights, or preferences of the holders of the Series B Preferred.

The holders of record of the Series B Preferred shall be entitled to receive cumulative dividends at the rate of twelve percent per annum (12%) on the face value (\$1.00 per share) when, if and as declared by the Board of Directors, if ever. All dividends, when paid, shall be payable in cash, or at the option of the Company, in shares of the Company's common stock. Dividends on shares of the Series B Preferred that have not been redeemed shall be payable quarterly in arrears, when, if and as declared by the Board of Directors, if ever, on a semi-annual basis. No dividend or distribution other than a dividend or distribution paid in Common Stock or in any other junior stock shall be declared or paid or set aside for payment on the Common Stock or on any other junior stock unless full cumulative dividends on all outstanding shares of the Series B Preferred shall have been declared and paid. These dividends are not recorded until declared by the Company. As of March 31, 2008 \$ 404,000 in dividends were accumulated.

Upon any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Corporation, whether voluntary or involuntary, and after payment of any senior liquidation preferences of any series of Preferred Stock and before any distribution or payment is made with respect to any Common Stock, holders of each share of the Series B Preferred shall be entitled to be paid an amount equal in the greater of (a) the face value denominated thereon subject to adjustment for stock splits, stock dividends, reorganizations, reclassification or other similar events (the "Adjusted Face Value") plus, in the case of each share, an amount equal to all dividends accrued or declared but unpaid thereon, computed to the date payment thereof is made available, or (b) such amount per share of the Series B Preferred immediately prior to such liquidation, dissolution or winding up, or (c) the liquidation preference of \$1.00 per share, and the holders of the Series B Preferred shall not be entitled to any further payment, such amount payable with respect to the Series B Preferred being sometimes referred to as the "Liquidation Payments."

**Series C - Convertible Preferred stock**



On November 13, 2006, the Company filed a Certificate of Designation creating a Series C Convertible Preferred Stock classification for 100,000 shares. Subsequently amended on January 11, 2007 to 700,000 shares.

In December 2006, the Company issued 100,000 shares of its Series C Preferred stock in conjunction with the acquisition of SPE Technologies, Inc. The shares of the Series C Preferred are non voting and convertible, at the option of the holder, into common shares one year from issuance. The number of common shares to be issued per Series C share is adjusted based on the average closing bid price of the previous ten days prior to the date of conversion based on divided into \$25.20. The shares issued were valued at \$25.20 per share, which represented the fair value of the common stock the shares are convertible into. None of the Series C Preferred shareholders have exercised their conversion right and there are 100,000 shares of Series C Preferred shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2008.

The holders of record of the Series C Preferred shall be entitled to receive cumulative dividends at the rate of five percent per annum (5%), compounded quarterly, on the face value (\$25.00 per share) when, if and as declared by the Board of Directors, if ever. All dividends, when paid, shall be payable in cash, or at the option of the Company, in shares of the Company's common stock. Dividends on shares of the Series C Preferred that have not been redeemed shall be payable quarterly in arrears, when, if and as declared by the Board of Directors, if ever, at the time of conversion. These dividends are not recorded until declared by the Company. As of March 31, 2008 \$-0- in dividends were accumulated.

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**NOTE F -STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY (continued)**

**Common stock**

The Company has authorized 950,000,000 shares of common stock, with a par value of \$.001 per share. As of March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, the Company has 566,806,181 and 552,142,881 shares issued and outstanding, respectively.

During the year ended December 31, 2007, holders converted 10 shares of preferred stock – Class A into 500,000 shares of common stock. Each share of preferred stock is convertible into 50,000 shares of common stock.

In January 2007, the Company issued 25,564,000 shares of its common stock on conversion of \$247,496 of convertible debentures.

In January 2007, the Company issued 26,500,000 shares of its common stock in connection with the acquisition of Hybrid Lighting Technologies, Inc.

In February 2007, the Company issued 24,309,800 shares of its common stock on conversion of \$184,592 of convertible debentures.

In March 2007, the Company issued 18,021,800 shares of its common stock on conversion of \$116,242 of convertible debentures.

In April 2007, the Company issued 33,357,000 shares of its common stock on conversion of \$154,554 of convertible debentures

In April 2007, the Company issued 2,500,000 shares of its common stock in exchange for services rendered. The Company valued the shares issued at \$27,500, which approximated the fair value of the shares issued during the periods the services were rendered.

In April 2007, the Company issued 5,226,182 shares of its common stock on conversion of \$104,524 of related party convertible debentures and related interest.

In May 2007, the Company issued 48,579,100 shares of its common stock on conversion of \$106,345 of convertible debentures

In June 2007, the Company issued 60,418,910 shares of its common stock on conversion of \$86,128 of convertible debentures.

In July 2007, the Company issued 90,328,573 shares of its common stock on conversion of \$101,827 of convertible debentures.

In August 2007, the Company issued 11,568,802 shares of its common stock on conversion of \$10,412 of convertible debentures.

In September 2007, the Company issued 26,650,000 shares of its common stock in exchange for services rendered. The Company valued the shares issued at \$90,610 which approximated the fair value of the shares issued during the periods the services were rendered.

In January 2008, holders converted 2 shares of preferred stock – Class A into 100,000 shares of common stock. Each share of preferred stock is convertible into 50,000 shares of common stock.

In January 2008, the Company issued 100,000 shares of its common stock in exchange for services rendered. The Company valued the shares issued at \$2,300, which approximated the fair value of the shares issued during the periods the services were rendered.

In February 2008, the Company issued 6,763,300 shares of its common stock as security in conjunction with the sale of a warrant (see Note B above). The Company valued the shares issued at \$183,609, which approximated the fair value of the shares issued at the date of issuance, and charged current period earnings.

In February 2008, the Company issued 7,500,000 shares of its common stock in conjunction with the sale of a warrant (see Note B above). The Company valued the shares issued at \$202,500, which approximated the fair value of the shares issued at the date of issuance, and charged current period earnings.

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**NOTE G - STOCK OPTIONS AND WARRANTS****Class A Warrants**

The following table summarizes the changes in warrants outstanding and related prices for the shares of the Company's common stock issued to shareholders at March 31, 2008:

Exercise Price	Number Outstanding	Warrants Outstanding		Number Exercisable	Warrants Exercisable	
		Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (years)	Weighted Average Exercise price		Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Exercise Price
\$ 0.001	50,000,000	4.501	\$ 0.001	50,000,000	0.001	
0.02	50,000,000	4.18	0.02	50,000,000	0.02	
0.03	25,000,000	2.13	0.03	25,000,000	0.03	
0.10	991,500	1.17	0.10	991,500	0.10	
0.25	58,500	0.75	0.25	58,500	0.25	
0.50	50,000	0.53	0.50	50,000	0.50	
1.05	100,000	0.75	1.05	100,000	1.05	
0.03075	49,760,443	4.14	0.03075	49,760,443	0.03075(a)	
	175,960,443			175,960,443		

(a) See terms of warrants issued below

Transactions involving the Company's warrant issuance are summarized as follows:

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Price Per Share
Outstanding at December 31, 2006	99,895,000	\$ 0.09
Granted	200,000,000	0.01525
Exercised	(50,239,557)	(0.03)
Canceled or expired	(73,695,000)	(0.07)
Outstanding at December 31, 2007	175,960,443	0.016
Granted	-	-
Exercised	-	-
Canceled or expired	-	-
Outstanding at March 31, 2008	175,960,443	0.016

For the year ended December 31, 2006, warrants totally 64,000,000 were issued in connection with debt financing. The warrants are exercisable until seven years after date of issuance with 19,000,000 at a purchase price of \$0.10 per share, 45,000,000 at \$0.06 per share. The 19,000,000 warrants have a reset provision should the Company issue shares below \$0.10 per share excluding conversion of related debt.

Warrants granted during the year ended December 31, 2007 totaling 50,000,000 were issued in connection with debt financing. The warrants are exercisable until five years after the date of issuance at a purchase price of \$0.02 per share.

In the year ended December 31, 2007, the Company sold 100,000,000 five year warrants with an exercise price of 50% of the average closing price of the twenty trading days prior to warrant execution. The transaction, to the extent that it is to be satisfied with common stock of the Company would normally be included as equity obligations. However, in the instant case, due to the indeterminate number of shares which might be issued under the embedded convertible host conversion feature, the Company is required to record a liability relating to warrants and as such has recorded the fair value of the embedded conversion feature, using the Black-Scholes option pricing method, as a liability for the current period.

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**NOTE G - STOCK OPTIONS AND WARRANTS (continued)****Class A Warrants (continued)**

In the year ended December 31, 2007, the Company sold 50,000,000 five year warrants with an exercise price of \$0.001.

**Employee Stock Options**

The following table summarizes the changes in options outstanding and the related prices for the shares of the Company's common stock issued to employees of the Company under a non-qualified employee stock option plan at March 31, 2008:

Exercise Prices	Options Outstanding			Weighted Average Exercise Price	Options Exercisable	
	Number Outstanding	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years)	Weighted Average Exercise Price		Number Exercisable	Weighted Average Exercise Price
\$ 0.2125	2,000,000	5.71	\$ 0.2125	2,000,000	\$ 0.2125	
0.2125	2,000,000	6.12	0.2125	2,000,000	0.2125	
0.022	20,500,000	8.62	0.022	20,500,000	0.022	
0.0295	4,000,000	7.10	0.0295	4,000,000	0.0295	
0.04	14,430,000	8.32	0.04	14,430,000	0.04	
0.10	9,502,307	6.01	0.10	9,502,307	0.10	

Transactions involving stock options issued to employees are summarized as follows:

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Price Per Share
Outstanding at December 31, 2006	52,432,307	0.0562
Granted	-	-
Exercised	-	-
Canceled or expired	-	-
Outstanding at December 31, 2007	52,432,307	0.0562
Granted	-	-
Exercised	-	-
Canceled or expired	-	-
Outstanding at March 31, 2008	52,432,307	\$ 0.0562

The Company did not grant employee stock options in the three month period ended March 31, 2008 and 2007.

**NOTE H - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

From time to time, the Company's principal officers have advanced funds to the Company for working capital purposes in the form of unsecured promissory notes, accruing interest at 10% to 12% per annum. As of March 31,

2008 and December 31, 2007, the balance due to the officers was \$407,823 and \$397,064, respectively.

## **NOTE I -COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

### **Consulting Agreements**

The Company has consulting agreements with outside contractors, certain of whom are also Company stockholders. The Agreements are generally for a term of 12 months from inception and renewable automatically from year to year unless either the Company or Consultant terminates such engagement by written notice.

### **Operating Lease Commitments**

The Company leases office space in Durham, NC on a six year lease expiring December 31, 2012, for an annualized rent payment of \$88,020. Additionally the Company leases warehouse space on a month to month basis for \$550 per month. At March 31, 2008, schedule of the future minimum lease payments is as follows:

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**NOTE I - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)**

2008	88,020
2009	88,020
2010	88,020
2011	88,020
2012	88,020

**Litigation**

The Company is subject to other legal proceedings and claims, which arise in the ordinary course of its business. Although occasional adverse decisions or settlements may occur, the Company believes that the final disposition of such matters should not have a material adverse effect on its consolidated financial position, results of operations or liquidity. There was no outstanding litigation as of March 31, 2008.

**NOTE J - BUSINESS CONCENTRATION**

Sales to 3 major customers approximated \$185,368 or 98% of total sales for the three months ended March 31, 2008 (3 major customers approximated \$11,646 or 23% of total sales for the three months ended March 31, 2007).

Purchases from the Company's 5 major suppliers accounted for 81% of total purchases for the three months ended March 31, 2008 (3 major suppliers accounted for 43% of total purchases for the three months ended March 31, 2007).

**NOTE L- GOING CONCERN MATTERS**

The accompanying statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. As shown in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, as of March 31, 2008, the Company incurred accumulated losses of \$43,239,723. The Company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by \$7,695,571 as of March 31, 2008. These factors among others may indicate that the Company will be unable to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

The Company is actively pursuing additional equity financing through discussions with investment bankers and private investors. There can be no assurance the Company will be successful in its effort to secure additional equity financing.

If operations and cash flows continue to improve through these efforts, management believes that the Company can continue to operate. However, no assurance can be given that management's actions will result in profitable operations or the resolution of its liquidity problems.

**NOTE M – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

In April 2008, the Company borrowed an aggregate of \$140,000. In conjunction with the borrowing, the Company issued a total of 10,000,000 shares of its common stock





## ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion contains forward-looking statements that are subject to significant risks and uncertainties about us, our current and planned products, our current and proposed marketing and sales, and our projected results of operations. There are several important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from historical results and percentages and results anticipated by the forward-looking statements. The Company has sought to identify the most significant risks to its business, but cannot predict whether or to what extent any of such risks may be realized nor can there be any assurance that the Company has identified all possible risks that might arise. Investors should carefully consider all of such risks before making an investment decision with respect to the Company's stock. The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the financial statements of the Company and notes thereto. This discussion should not be construed to imply that the results discussed herein will necessarily continue into the future, or that any conclusion reached herein will necessarily be indicative of actual operating results in the future. Such discussion represents only the best present assessment from our Management.

### Overview

We are a Nevada corporation that was incorporated on May 17, 2000. We were founded to design, develop, market and sell advanced lighting systems that utilize light emitting diodes as illumination elements.

To address the opportunity in the \$12 billion general lighting market, we have developed a line of LED lighting products for the military, homeland security, and commercial markets. We design and engineer products that adapt technology advancements from semiconductor manufacturers, including Cree, Inc., for use in products that serve our selected markets.

### Military / Homeland Security Business Development and Sales

On January 15, 2008, we announced today that we had been selected to provide portable task lighting for the City of New York's new 911 Public Safety Answering Center. Selected by Evans Consoles, the manufacturer of the new 911 Dispatch Command Consoles, our Portable LED Task Light will illuminate the work environment of the new 911 public safety call taking and dispatching operators. We received an initial order from Evans Consoles for 355 units valued at over \$64,000.

Evans Consoles ([www.evansonline.com](http://www.evansonline.com)), the world leader in the design and manufacture of mission-critical custom control room solutions, selected us to develop the LED Task Light in order to meet the energy-efficiency, durability and performance requirements of the new City of New York 911 Public Safety Answering Center (PSAC). Through our military specification (milspec) design/build process, we with collaborated Evans Consoles to develop a lighting solution for the public safety call center market. The resulting milspec LED Task Light will replace the traditional fluorescent task lighting fixtures typically used in existing call centers.

The milspec LED Task Light performs for over 50,000 hours without a lighting element replacement, and operates with up to 52% more energy efficiency on low lighting levels and up to 31% more energy efficiency on high lighting levels when compared to traditional fluorescent task lighting. Our milspec LED Task Lighting products provide up to 1000 lumens of illumination with 12 watts of power and utilize a patent-pending thermal management system for optimal lighting performance.

In addition, our milspec LED Task Light is the only LED task light available that is compatible with the Johnson Controls Personal Environments control center. The Johnson Control system is typically used by call center operators, including those in New York City, to control lighting, heating and air conditioning within their personal operating environment. The dual-arm milspec LED Task Light is adjustable and adaptable to any call center operator's lighting needs and is dimmed and controlled using the Johnson Controls system to vary the amount of light according to task.

On February 19, 2008, we announced today that we had received the first commitment for 80 BrightEye and 60 WatchDog Visible and Covert Portable Illumination Systems from the United States Air Force (USAF). This initial USAF order for our tactical lighting equipment equates to \$3,318,646 in revenue, including spares and maintenance supplies. We project that operations will be cash flow positive with the fulfillment of these first USAF orders.

The 2008 Department of Defense Appropriations legislation contains \$8.0 million for the equipping of the USAF with Cyberlux Portable Illumination Systems. As part of this \$8.0 million budget, the USAF Air Mobility Command will first fulfill the requirements of the Operations, Installation and Mission Support commands for the BrightEye and WatchDog systems. The remaining \$4.6 million appropriations will be allocated within the Air Mobility Command and other USAF commands during the remaining Fiscal Year 2008.

On March 24, 2008, we announced today that we had successfully completed the field demonstration of the new 4-meter tower-based BrightEye high-performance solid-state LED lighting system. The testing was conducted by us and the United States Air Force Air Mobility Command at Fort Huachuca, the home to the U.S. Army Intelligence Center, located in Arizona. The new BrightEye 4M Tower Portable Illumination System is the latest product we developed to fulfill the United States Air Force requirements for portable, light-weight, battery-powered visible and covert night vision- compatible lighting systems for air field support, aircraft maintenance and forward air base in-theater lighting capability.

The BrightEye 4M Tower Portable Illumination System was tested in both visible and covert lighting modes to demonstrate advanced lighting capability during various scenarios, including force protection and broad area security lighting, first responder rapid set up capability, night vision-compatible illumination for aircraft maintenance, and general operational lighting for ground operation support of supply aircraft such as the C-130. All testing scenarios met the Air Mobility Command (AMC) expectations, including illumination levels, power system runtimes, system weight levels and deployment set-up times.

The 2008 Department of Defense Appropriations legislation contains \$8.0 million for the equipping of the United States Air Force (USAF) with our Portable Illumination Systems. Of the \$8.0 million budget, the USAF Air Mobility Command will utilize \$3.3M to fulfill initial Operations, Installation and Mission Support requirements. The remaining \$4.6M will be allocated within the USAF for the purchase of various BrightEye systems including the Dual Lighthouse Portable Illumination Systems and the new 4M Tower Portable Illumination System during the remaining Fiscal Year 2008.

In an earlier field test evaluation, the AMC determined that the BrightEye System is 97% smaller in footprint, weighs 94% less than the current diesel- powered incandescent lighting systems and saves an estimated 63% in daily operating costs. In addition, the AMC concluded that the BrightEye System provides versatile and economical tactical lighting capability as required by expeditionary forces across all U.S. armed services.

During 2006, we began pursuing the Military / Homeland Security market with a Cyberlux product category known as 'Tactical Illumination Systems' which provide bright white LED lighting and covert night vision-compatible lighting in a self-contained portable battery powered system. In September of 2006, we signed a contract with United States Air Force (USAF) to deliver a commercial off the shelf (COTS) version of our BrightEye product for use as a battery-powered visible and covert lighting for expeditionary military force deployment. In February of 2007, we delivered the BrightEye VAC product to the USAF for field testing and evaluation. In September of 2007, the USAF completed the field testing and reported that the BrightEye system provided a 54% annual operations and maintenance cost savings, a 63% daily operational cost savings, and a 97% space / 94% weight savings when compared to their current lighting system. As a result, we were successful in securing \$8M in USAF acquisition budget in the 2008 Department of Defense budget. We are currently preparing to manufacture the first \$5M in USAF purchase orders for BrightEye systems. We believe that the remaining \$3M will be purchased during the 2008 fiscal year, but we have yet to receive commitments to confirm the mix of products to be purchased. In addition in December 2007, we received an order from the National Guard Bureau for \$313,004 to supply 17 BrightEye Systems to the National Guard emergency responder units to be used as the tactical lighting solution for disaster response. We are currently producing and shipping BrightEye units to fulfill this purchase order by March 2008.

Also during 2006, we registered with the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) as a Secure Border Initiative subcontractor for the opportunity to provide advanced lighting capability to the effort to secure the northern and southern U.S. borders. Once The Boeing Company was awarded the contract as the prime contractor to deploy the Secure Border Initiative solution, known as SBInet, we began marketing the Cyberlux BrightEye technology to Boeing and the appropriate DHS organizations. In September of 2007, we were selected as an SBInet lighting system supplier and executed a SBInet supplier contract with The Boeing Company to provide advanced portable lighting systems for the SBInet mobile infrastructure solution. In November of 2007, we received the first purchase order from The Boeing Company for our BrightEye 10M Tower Lighting System for \$31,185, which we produced and shipped to Boeing in November. The SBInet Mobile Infrastructure team is in field tests with the BrightEye 10M Tower System and we expect to deploy the System during 3Q/4Q 2008 timeframe.

#### Retail Business Development and Sales

During 2006 after several years of attempts, we were successful in closing the sale of our EverOn product to Wal-mart Stores, Inc., our largest retail customer to date, for \$39,793 and continued our on-air EverOn sales relationship QVC

that resulted in \$42,350. The importance of the Wal-Mart contract was demonstrated when we were able to use this sale as a reference when we closed the sale of our EverOn product with The Home Depot for \$64,507 in October 2006. In 2007, The Home Depot business increased to \$139,167 and continues to grow in already in 2008. With several major retailers as customers, we now have the experience to build further retail sales during 2008.

### Technology Portfolio

Between November of 2006 and January of 2007, we acquired the world-wide exclusive rights to two technologies that when combined create a breakthrough in solid-state lighting capability. Through the combination of the hybrid organic / inorganic white and multi-color lighting technology acquired from the University of California-Santa Barbara (UCSB) with the Scattered Photon Extraction<sup>TM</sup> (SPE) technology acquired from Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute (RPI), Cyberlux will commercialize the resulting proprietary lighting technology as “Hybrid Lighting Technology” (HLT) and market the core technology under the “LumenOptic” technology brand. We expect the resulting lighting technology to yield a lower cost, more energy-efficient lighting source than currently available in solid-state light-emitting diode (LED) solutions.

Specifically, we acquired the worldwide exclusive rights to patent 5,966,393 “Hybrid Light-Emitting Sources for Efficient and Cost Effective White Lighting and for Full-Color Applications” from UCSB. This technology patent defines the method and practice for creating a white or multi-colored lighting source by combining the photoluminescence of polymers and/or organic films with photon emissions from a solid-state inorganic light source. The principle inventors include Nobel Laureate Dr. Alan Heeger and Dr. Steven DenBaars, Professor of Materials and Co-Director of the UCSB Solid-State Lighting Center, who will advise the Company on the HLT technology commercialization.

In addition, we acquired the worldwide exclusive rights to five pending patents that define the Scattered Photon Extraction technology method and practice from RPI. The principle inventor from RPI is the Director of the RPI Lighting Research Center, Dr. Nadarajah Narendran. Dr. Narendran will also be advising the Company on the HLT technology commercialization.

Based on the technology acquired from UCSB and RPI, both leading solid-state lighting research institutions, we are positioned to introduce compelling lighting products to the \$12B lighting industry. The Company’s ability to commercialize, innovative and introduce proprietary lighting technologies such as HLT, either in unique Cyberlux products or through an OEM licensing model, will capture the opportunity for major advances in the lighting industry where low cost, energy efficient lighting solutions are in high demand for the foreseeable future.

Traditional LED lighting sources produce light when a solid-state material emits a photon through a phosphor downconversion material to create white and multi-color light. With HLT, the phosphor is replaced with a less costly, more efficient polymer or organic film downconversion material. In addition, HLT utilizes the SPE technology to optically maximize the light output of the lighting source. Because of the fundamental difference in the nature of the HLT technologies compared to traditional LEDs, we intends to broadly market the technology across large lighting industry market segments through OEM licensing and Cyberlux product solutions. During December of 2007, we began negotiations with a major lighting fixture manufacturer on licensing some or all of the HLT technology for future product development.

#### Financing Capability

During 2007, we began a financing relationship with Deutsche Bank through two warrant purchase agreements that resulted in financings of \$760K in 2007 through warrant exercise. We anticipate long-term financing relationship with Deutsche Bank that will also include purchase order financing as continue to grow through the significant expansion of our Military / Homeland Security business. Our ability to move from a toxic financing relationship with the NIR Group to a traditional warrant purchase relationship with Deutsche Bank is a significant step for the Company, and we intend to utilize this relationship to continually improve our business operations and our balance sheet.

#### Results of Operations

Three months ended March 31, 2008 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2007

#### REVENUES

Revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2008 were \$186,839 as compared to \$49,462 for the same period last year. The increase in revenue was attributed to sales of our Keon product to Bank of America in the amount of \$181,636.

#### OPERATING EXPENSES

Operating expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2008, were \$722,209 as compared to \$962,927 for the same period ended March 31, 2007. Included in the three months ended March 31, 2008 were \$152 in expenses for research & development. This compares to \$69,713 for the three months ended March 31, 2007.

We reported an unrealized loss for the change in fair value of warrants and debt derivatives of \$(255,988) as compared to a gain of \$3,523,832 for the same period last year. Although the change of \$(255,988) is unrelated to our operating activities, the decrease is included in our reported net loss.

As a result of limited capital resources and minimal revenues from operations from its inception, we have relied on the issuance of equity securities to non-employees in exchange for services. Our management enters into equity compensation agreements with non-employees if it is in our best interest under terms and conditions consistent with the requirements of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123, Accounting for Stock Based Compensation. In order to conserve our limited operating capital resources, we anticipate continuing to compensate non-employees for services during the next twelve months. This policy may have a material effect on our results of operations during the next twelve months.

### Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of March 31, 2008, we had a working capital deficit of \$7,695,571. This compares to a working capital deficit of \$509,670 as of December 31, 2007. Accrued interest on notes payable was \$2,018,725 compared to accrued interest of \$1,893,561 as December 31, 2007. Accounts payable as of March 31, 2008 were \$851,250 and compares to \$733,538 as compared to December 31, 2007. As a result of our operating losses for the three months ended March 31, 2008, we generated a cash flow deficit of \$413,611 from operating activities. Cash flows from financing activities provided \$484,545 primarily from the issuance of convertible debentures for the three months ended March 31, 2008.

While we have raised capital to meet our working capital and financing needs in the past, additional financing is required in order to meet our current and projected cash flow deficits from operations and development.

By adjusting our operations and development to the level of capitalization, we believe we have sufficient capital resources to meet projected cash flow deficits through the next twelve months. However, if thereafter, we are not successful in generating sufficient liquidity from operations or in raising sufficient capital resources, on terms acceptable to us, this could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, liquidity and financial condition.

Our independent certified public accountant has stated in their report included in our December 31, 2007, Form 10-KSB that we have incurred operating losses in the last two years, and that we are dependent upon management's ability to develop profitable operations. These factors among others may raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.

#### April 2007 Stock Purchase Agreement

To obtain funding for our ongoing operations, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on April 18, 2007, for the sale of (i) \$400,000 in secured convertible notes, and (ii) warrants to purchase 10,000,000 shares of our common stock. The investors purchased all of the secured convertible notes on April 18, 2007.

The proceeds received from the sale of the secured convertible notes were used for business development purposes, working capital needs, pre-payment of interest, payment of consulting and legal fees and purchasing inventory.

The secured convertible notes bear interest at 8%, mature three years from the date of issuance, and are convertible into our common stock, at the investors' option, at the lower of (i) \$0.10 or (ii) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on the Over-The-Counter Bulletin Board for the 20 trading days before but not including the conversion date. The full principal amount of the secured convertible notes is due upon default under the terms of secured convertible notes. The warrants are exercisable until seven years from the date of issuance at a purchase price of \$0.02 per share. In addition, the conversion price of the secured convertible notes and the exercise price of the warrants will be adjusted in the event that we issue common stock at a price below the fixed conversion price, below market price, with the exception of any securities issued in connection with the Securities Purchase Agreement. The conversion price of the secured convertible notes and the exercise price of the warrants may be adjusted in certain circumstances such as if we pay a stock dividend, subdivide or combine outstanding shares of common stock into a greater or lesser number of shares, or take such other actions as would otherwise result in dilution of the selling stockholder's position. As of the date of this filing, the conversion price for the secured convertible debentures and the exercise price of the warrants have not been adjusted. The selling stockholders have contractually agreed to restrict their ability to convert or exercise their warrants and receive shares of our common stock such that the number of shares of common stock held by them and their affiliates after such conversion or exercise does not exceed 4.9% of the then issued and outstanding shares of common stock. In addition, we have granted the investors a security interest in substantially all of our assets and intellectual property and registration



rights.

May 2007 Stock Purchase Agreement

To obtain funding for our ongoing operations, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on May 1, 2007, for the sale of (i) \$150,000 in secured convertible notes, and (ii) warrants to purchase 10,000,000 shares of our common stock. The investors purchased all of the secured convertible notes on May 1, 2007.

The proceeds received from the sale of the secured convertible notes were used for business development purposes, working capital needs, pre-payment of interest, payment of consulting and legal fees and purchasing inventory.

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The secured convertible notes bear interest at 8%, mature three years from the date of issuance, and are convertible into our common stock, at the investors' option, at the lower of (i) \$0.10 or (ii) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on the Over-The-Counter Bulletin Board for the 20 trading days before but not including the conversion date. The full principal amount of the secured convertible notes is due upon default under the terms of secured convertible notes. The warrants are exercisable until seven years from the date of issuance at a purchase price of \$0.02 per share. In addition, the conversion price of the secured convertible notes and the exercise price of the warrants will be adjusted in the event that we issue common stock at a price below the fixed conversion price, below market price, with the exception of any securities issued in connection with the Securities Purchase Agreement. The conversion price of the secured convertible notes and the exercise price of the warrants may be adjusted in certain circumstances such as if we pay a stock dividend, subdivide or combine outstanding shares of common stock into a greater or lesser number of shares, or take such other actions as would otherwise result in dilution of the selling stockholder's position. As of the date of this filing, the conversion price for the secured convertible debentures and the exercise price of the warrants have not been adjusted. The selling stockholders have contractually agreed to restrict their ability to convert or exercise their warrants and receive shares of our common stock such that the number of shares of common stock held by them and their affiliates after such conversion or exercise does not exceed 4.9% of the then issued and outstanding shares of common stock. In addition, we have granted the investors a security interest in substantially all of our assets and intellectual property and registration rights.

We will still need additional investments in order to continue operations to cash flow break even. Additional investments are being sought, but we cannot guarantee that we will be able to obtain such investments. Financing transactions may include the issuance of equity or debt securities, obtaining credit facilities, or other financing mechanisms. However, the trading price of our common stock and the downturn in the U.S. stock and debt markets could make it more difficult to obtain financing through the issuance of equity or debt securities. Even if we are able to raise the funds required, it is possible that we could incur unexpected costs and expenses, fail to collect significant amounts owed to us, or experience unexpected cash requirements that would force us to seek alternative financing. Further, if we issue additional equity or debt securities, stockholders may experience additional dilution or the new equity securities may have rights, preferences or privileges senior to those of existing holders of our common stock. If additional financing is not available or is not available on acceptable terms, we will have to curtail our operations again.

The proceeds received from the sale of the secured convertible notes will be used for business development purposes, working capital needs, pre-payment of interest, payment of consulting and legal fees and purchasing inventory.

#### June 6, 2007 Stock Purchase Agreement

To obtain funding for our ongoing operations, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on June 6, 2007, for the sale of (i) \$150,000 in secured convertible notes, and (ii) warrants to purchase 10,000,000 shares of our common stock. The investors purchased all of the secured convertible notes on June 6, 2007.

The proceeds received from the sale of the secured convertible notes were used for business development purposes, working capital needs, pre-payment of interest, payment of consulting and legal fees and purchasing inventory.

The secured convertible notes bear interest at 8%, mature three years from the date of issuance, and are convertible into our common stock, at the investors' option, at the lower of (i) \$0.10 or (ii) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on the Over-The-Counter Bulletin Board for the 20 trading days before but not including the conversion date. The full principal amount of the secured convertible notes is due upon default under the terms of secured convertible notes. The warrants are exercisable until seven years from the date of issuance at a purchase price of \$0.02 per share. In addition, the conversion price of the secured convertible notes and the exercise price of the warrants will be adjusted in the event that we issue common stock at a price below the fixed

conversion price, below market price, with the exception of any securities issued in connection with the Securities Purchase Agreement. The conversion price of the secured convertible notes and the exercise price of the warrants may be adjusted in certain circumstances such as if we pay a stock dividend, subdivide or combine outstanding shares of common stock into a greater or lesser number of shares, or take such other actions as would otherwise result in dilution of the selling stockholder's position. As of the date of this filing, the conversion price for the secured convertible debentures and the exercise price of the warrants have not been adjusted. The selling stockholders have contractually agreed to restrict their ability to convert or exercise their warrants and receive shares of our common stock such that the number of shares of common stock held by them and their affiliates after such conversion or exercise does not exceed 4.9% of the then issued and outstanding shares of common stock. In addition, we have granted the investors a security interest in substantially all of our assets and intellectual property and registration rights.

We will still need additional investments in order to continue operations to cash flow break even. Additional investments are being sought, but we cannot guarantee that we will be able to obtain such investments. Financing transactions may include the issuance of equity or debt securities, obtaining credit facilities, or other financing mechanisms. However, the trading price of our common stock and the downturn in the U.S. stock and debt markets could make it more difficult to obtain financing through the issuance of equity or debt securities. Even if we are able to raise the funds required, it is possible that we could incur unexpected costs and expenses, fail to collect significant amounts owed to us, or experience unexpected cash requirements that would force us to seek alternative financing. Further, if we issue additional equity or debt securities, stockholders may experience additional dilution or the new equity securities may have rights, preferences or privileges senior to those of existing holders of our common stock. If additional financing is not available or is not available on acceptable terms, we will have to curtail our operations again.

The proceeds received from the sale of the secured convertible notes will be used for business development purposes, working capital needs, pre-payment of interest, payment of consulting and legal fees and purchasing inventory.

### June 20, 2007 Stock Purchase Agreement

To obtain funding for our ongoing operations, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on June 20, 2007, for the sale of (i) \$150,000 in secured convertible notes, and (ii) warrants to purchase 10,000,000 shares of our common stock. The investors purchased all of the secured convertible notes on June 20, 2007.

The proceeds received from the sale of the secured convertible notes were used for business development purposes, working capital needs, pre-payment of interest, payment of consulting and legal fees and purchasing inventory.

The secured convertible notes bear interest at 8%, mature three years from the date of issuance, and are convertible into our common stock, at the investors' option, at the lower of (i) \$0.10 or (ii) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on the Over-The-Counter Bulletin Board for the 20 trading days before but not including the conversion date. The full principal amount of the secured convertible notes is due upon default under the terms of secured convertible notes. The warrants are exercisable until seven years from the date of issuance at a purchase price of \$0.02 per share. In addition, the conversion price of the secured convertible notes and the exercise price of the warrants will be adjusted in the event that we issue common stock at a price below the fixed conversion price, below market price, with the exception of any securities issued in connection with the Securities Purchase Agreement. The conversion price of the secured convertible notes and the exercise price of the warrants may be adjusted in certain circumstances such as if we pay a stock dividend, subdivide or combine outstanding shares of common stock into a greater or lesser number of shares, or take such other actions as would otherwise result in dilution of the selling stockholder's position. As of the date of this filing, the conversion price for the secured convertible debentures and the exercise price of the warrants have not been adjusted. The selling stockholders have contractually agreed to restrict their ability to convert or exercise their warrants and receive shares of our common stock such that the number of shares of common stock held by them and their affiliates after such conversion or exercise does not exceed 4.9% of the then issued and outstanding shares of common stock. In addition, we have granted the investors a security interest in substantially all of our assets and intellectual property and registration rights.

We will still need additional investments in order to continue operations to cash flow break even. Additional investments are being sought, but we cannot guarantee that we will be able to obtain such investments. Financing transactions may include the issuance of equity or debt securities, obtaining credit facilities, or other financing mechanisms. However, the trading price of our common stock and the downturn in the U.S. stock and debt markets could make it more difficult to obtain financing through the issuance of equity or debt securities. Even if we are able to raise the funds required, it is possible that we could incur unexpected costs and expenses, fail to collect significant amounts owed to us, or experience unexpected cash requirements that would force us to seek alternative financing. Further, if we issue additional equity or debt securities, stockholders may experience additional dilution or the new equity securities may have rights, preferences or privileges senior to those of existing holders of our common stock. If additional financing is not available or is not available on acceptable terms, we will have to curtail our operations again.

The proceeds received from the sale of the secured convertible notes will be used for business development purposes, working capital needs, pre-payment of interest, payment of consulting and legal fees and purchasing inventory.

### Critical Accounting Policies

In February 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 155. "Accounting for certain Hybrid Financial Instruments an amendment of FASB Statements No. 133 and 140," or SFAS No. 155. SFAS No. 155 permits fair value remeasurement for any hybrid financial instrument that contains an embedded derivative that otherwise would require bifurcation, clarifies which interest-only strips and principal-only strips are not subject to the requirements of Statement No. 133,

establishes a requirement to evaluate interests in securitized financial assets to identify interests that are freestanding derivatives or that are hybrid financial instruments that contain an embedded derivative requiring bifurcation, clarifies that concentrations of credit risk in the form of subordination are not embedded derivatives, and amends SFAS No. 140 to eliminate the prohibition on a qualifying special purpose entity from holding a derivative financial instrument that pertains to a beneficial interest other than another derivative financial instrument. SFAS 155 is effective for all financial instruments acquired or issued after the beginning of an entity's first fiscal year that begins after September 15, 2006. We do not expect the adoption of SFAS 155 to have a material impact on our consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In March 2006, the FASB issued FASB Statement No. 156, Accounting for Servicing of Financial Assets - an amendment to FASB Statement No. 140. Statement 156 requires that an entity recognize a servicing asset or servicing liability each time it undertakes an obligation to service a financial asset by entering into a service contract under certain situations. The new standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after September 15, 2006. The adoption of SFAS No.156 did not have a material impact on the Company's financial position and results of operations.

In July 2006, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 48 (FIN 48). "Accounting for uncertainty in Income Taxes". FIN 48 clarifies the accounting for Income Taxes by prescribing the minimum recognition threshold a tax position is required to meet before being recognized in the financial statements. It also provides guidance on derecognition, measurement, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition and clearly scopes income taxes out of SFAS 5, "Accounting for Contingencies". FIN 48 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. We have not yet evaluated the impact of adopting FIN 48 on our consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

In September 2006 the Financial Account Standards Board (the “FASB”) issued its Statement of Financial Accounting Standards 157, Fair Value Measurements. This Statement defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. This Statement applies under other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements, the Board having previously concluded in those accounting pronouncements that fair value is the relevant measurement attribute. Accordingly, this Statement does not require any new fair value measurements. However, for some entities, the application of this Statement will change current practice. FAS 157 effective date is for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. The Company does not expect adoption of this standard will have a material impact on its financial position, operations or cash flows.

#### Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The financial statements appearing in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q do not contain any financial measures which are not in accordance with generally accepted accounting procedures.

#### Inflation

In the opinion of management, inflation has not had a material effect on our financial condition or results of its operations.

#### Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not maintain off-balance sheet arrangements nor do we participate in non-exchange traded contracts requiring fair value accounting treatment.

#### Product Research and Development

We anticipate incurring approximately \$500,000 in research and development expenditures in connection with the development of our military and Homeland Security, portable illumination, system, lighting and our hybrid lighting technology that is based on the recently acquired patent rights from Renssealer Polytechnic Institute and at the University of California Santa Barbara.

These projected expenditures are dependent upon our generating revenues and obtaining sources of financing in excess of our existing capital resources. There is no guarantee that we will be successful in raising the funds required or generating revenues sufficient to fund the projected costs of research and development during the next twelve months.

#### Acquisition or Disposition of Plant and Equipment

We do not anticipate the sale of any significant property, plant or equipment during the next twelve months. We do not anticipate the acquisition of any significant property, plant or equipment during the next 12 months.

### ITEM 3. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

(a) Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures.

Our management, with the participation of our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rule 13a-15 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as of March 31, 2008. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives. In addition, the design of disclosure controls and procedures must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints and that management is required to apply its judgment in evaluating the benefits of possible controls and procedures relative to their costs.

Based on our evaluation, our chief executive officer and chief financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are designed at a reasonable assurance level and are effective to provide reasonable assurance that information we are required to disclose in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

(b) Changes in internal control over financial reporting.

We regularly review our system of internal control over financial reporting and make changes to our processes and systems to improve controls and increase efficiency, while ensuring that we maintain an effective internal control environment. Changes may include such activities as implementing new, more efficient systems, consolidating activities, and migrating processes.

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

### Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

From time to time, we may become involved in various lawsuits and legal proceedings which arise in the ordinary course of business. However, litigation is subject to inherent uncertainties, and an adverse result in these or other matters may arise from time to time that may harm our business.

On April 16, 2007, Casey Tool and Machine Co. filed a complaint against us in the Circuit Court for the Fourth Judicial District, Shelbyville, Illinois, alleging breach of contract for failure to pay \$14,222 on an account payable. We intend to resolve this matter in a judicious manner.

On September 5, 2007, we announced that we had commenced an action against AJW Partners, LLC, AJW Offshore, LTD., AJW Qualified Partners, LLC, and New Millennium Capital Partners II, LLC, (the "Defendants") in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York for violations of the anti-fraud provisions of the Securities Act of 1934, fraud, negligent misrepresentation, breach of fiduciary duty, breach of contract, breach of implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing and conversion. The complaint alleges that the Defendants utilized an illegal trading scheme involving deceptive secured loan financings to convert shares of Company's common stock for the Defendants' own use and benefit. The trading scheme involved the Defendants manipulating the Company's stock price downward by short sales. In addition the complaint seeks declaratory, injunctive and monetary relief. On September 17, 2007, AJW Partners, LLC, AJW Offshore, LTD., AJW Qualified Partners, LLC, New Millennium Capital Partners II, LLC and AJW Master Fund, LTD, filed an action against us in the Supreme Court of the State of New York, County of New York alleging breach of contract. On September 26, 2007, we removed the state law complaint to federal court to join the federal court complaint. On March 17, 2008, the federal court having determined that it lacked subject matter jurisdiction over the state court complaint, remanded the case back to state court. On May 1, 2008, we filed our answer and affirmative and separate defenses and our counterclaims for declaratory, injunctive and monetary relief.

On September 13, 2007, Britannia Law Office commenced an action against us and our President, Mark D. Schmidt, in the General Court of Justice, Superior Court Division, Durham County, North Carolina, alleging breach of contract, additional payments due under contract, unjust enrichment, fraud and unfair trade practices arising out of a consultant agreement. These motions are currently pending. We believe that their claims are without merit and we will vigorously defend these claims.

### Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

In January 2008, holders converted 2 shares of preferred stock – Series A into 100,000 shares of common stock. Each share of preferred stock is convertible into 50,000 shares of common stock.

In January 2008, we issued 100,000 shares of its common stock in exchange for services rendered.

In February 2008, the Company issued 6,763,300 shares of its common stock as security in conjunction with the sale of a warrant.

In February 2008, the Company issued 7,500,000 shares of its common stock in conjunction with the sale of a warrant.

### Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.



On August 21, 2007, we received a Notice of Default from AJW Partners, LLC, New Millennium Capital Partners II, LLC, AJW Qualified Partners, LLC and AJW Offshore, LTD. (collectively, the “Investors”), claiming that we were purportedly in default of certain obligations under our notes issued to the Investors due to our failure to honor any further conversion of notes to common stock.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.

None.

Item 5. Other Information.

Subsequent Events.

In April 2008, we borrowed an aggregate of \$140,000. In conjunction with the borrowing, the Company issued a total of 10,000,000 shares of its common stock.

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On May 8, 2008, the Minnesota National Guard issued a Purchase Order for two BrightEye Portable Lighting Systems for a total purchase price of \$36,824.

On May 9, 2008, the New York National Guard issued a Purchase Order for two BrightEye Portable Lighting Systems and two BrightEye Field Spare Parts kits for a total purchase price of \$49,648.

Item 6. Exhibits

- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14 and Rule 15d-14(a), promulgated under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended
- 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14 and Rule 15d 14(a), promulgated under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended
- 32.1 Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (Chief Executive Officer)
- 32.2 Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (Chief Financial Officer)

SIGNATURES

In accordance with requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

Date: May 14, 2008

By: /s/ DONALD F. EVANS  
Donald F. Evans  
Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) and  
Chairman of the Board of Directors

Date: May 14, 2008

By: /s/ DAVID D. DOWNING  
David D. Downing  
Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer and  
Principal Accounting Officer)