Innova Robotics & Automation, Inc. Form SB-2 November 09, 2007

As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 9, 2007

Registration Number 333-\_\_\_\_

## UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

# FORM SB-2 REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

## INNOVA ROBOTICS AND AUTOMATION, INC. (F/K/A INNOVA HOLDINGS, INC.)

(Name of Small Business Issuer in its Charter)

Delaware 7372 95-4868120 (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) Classification Code Number) Identification No.

15870 Pine Ridge Road
Fort Myers, Florida 33908
(239) 466-0488
(Address and telephone number of principal executive offices)

Eugene V. Gartlan, Chief Executive Officer 15870 Pine Ridge Road Fort Myers, Florida 33908 (239) 466-0488

(Name, address and telephone number of agent for service)

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Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the public: From time to time after the effective date of this Registration Statement.

If any of the securities being registered on this form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, other than securities offered only in connection with dividend or interest reinvestment plans, check the following box. x

If this form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act,

please check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. o
If this form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, please check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. o
If this form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering o
If delivery of the prospectus is expected to be made pursuant to Rule 434, please check the following box. o

#### **CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE**

		Proposed Maximum	Proposed Maximum		
	Amount To	Offering	Aggregate	Α	mount of
Title of Each Class of Securities to be	Be	Price Per	Offering	Re	egistration
Registered	Registered	Share (1)	Price		Fee
Common Stock, \$.001 par value per share (2)	48,000,000	\$ 0.02	\$ 960,000.00	\$	102.72
Common Stock, \$.001 par value per share (3)	9,300,000	\$ 0.02	\$ 186,000.00	\$	19.90
Total	57,300,000			\$	122.62

- (1) Estimated solely for purposes of calculating the registration fee pursuant to Rule 457(c) under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. The average of the high and low price per share of the Registrant's Common Stock on the Over the Counter Bulletin Board as of October 30, 2007 was \$0.02 per share.
- (2) Represents shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of our principal amount \$2,170,000 10% secured convertible debentures.
- (3) Represents (i) 1,000,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants at a price equal to \$.50 per share, (ii) 1,500,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants at a price equal to \$1.00 per share, (iii) 2,300,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants at a price equal to \$0.25 per share, (iv) 2,000,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants at a price equal to \$0.65 per share, and (v) 2,500,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants at a price equal to \$0.75 per share.

The registrant hereby amends this registration statement on such date or date(s) as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this registration statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or until the registration statement shall become effective on such date as the commission acting pursuant to said Section 8(a) may determine.

The information in this prospectus is not complete and may be changed. The securities may not be sold until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and it is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any state where the offer or sale is not permitted.

#### PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS, SUBJECT TO COMPLETION DATED NOVEMBER 9, 2007

### INNOVA ROBOTICS AND AUTOMATION, INC. (F/K/A INNOVA HOLDINGS, INC.)

#### 57,300,000 Shares of Common Stock

This prospectus relates to the resale by the selling stockholders of up to 57,300,000 shares of our common stock. The selling stockholders may sell common stock from time to time in the principal market on which the stock is traded at the prevailing market price or in negotiated transactions.

The total number of shares sold herewith includes the following shares owned by or to be issued to Cornell Capital Partners LP: (i) up to 48,000,000 shares issuable upon conversion of our principal amount \$1,920,000 10% secured convertible debentures, which are convertible into shares of our common stock at a fixed price equal to \$.40 per share unless Cornell elects to redeem up top \$500,000 on a monthly basis which we may repay in cash or issuing the number of shares of our common stock equal to the cash amount owed divided by a stock price equal to 95% of the lowest daily volume weighted average price of our common stock during the thirty (30) trading days immediately preceding the date of the redemption, (ii) 1,000,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants at a price equal to \$.50 per share, (ii) 1,500,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants at a price equal to \$1.00 per share, (iii) 2,300,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants at a price equal to \$0.25 per share, and (iv) 2,000,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants at a price equal to \$0.65 per share, and (v) 2,500,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants at a price equal to \$0.75 per share. We have the right to redeem a portion or all amounts outstanding under the Debenture prior to the maturity date at a 10% redemption premium provided that the closing bid price of the common stock is less than the conversion price and there is an effective registration statement covering the shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of the Debentures and exercise of the Warrants. In addition, on the first trading day of each calendar month, Cornell may require us to redeem up to \$500,000 of the remaining principal amount of the Debentures per calendar month. However, Cornell may not require us to redeem the Debentures if the closing bid price of the common stock exceeds the conversion price for each of the five consecutive trading days immediately prior to the redemption date, and the registration statement has been declared effective and remains effective on the redemption date. We have the option, in our sole discretion, to settle any requested redemptions by either paying cash or issuing the number of shares of our common stock equal to the cash amount owed divided by a stock price equal to 95% of the lowest daily volume weighted average price of our common stock during the thirty (30) trading days immediately preceding the date of the redemption.

We are not selling any shares of common stock in this offering and therefore will not receive any proceeds from this offering. We will, however, receive proceeds from the exercise of warrants to purchase an aggregate of 9,300,000 shares of common stock in the aggregate amount of \$5,750,000, if such warrants are exercised and if such warrants are exercised on a cash basis. All costs associated with this registration will be borne by us.

Our common stock currently trades on the Over the Counter Bulletin Board ("OTC Bulletin Board") under the symbol "INRA." On October 10, 2007, the last reported sale price for our common stock on the OTC Bulletin Board was \$0.02 per share.

The securities offered in this prospectus involve a high degree of risk. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page 7 of this prospectus to read about factors you should consider before buying shares of our common stock.

NEITHER THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION NOR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION HAS APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED OF THESE SECURITIES OR DETERMINED IF THIS PROSPECTUS IS TRUTHFUL OR COMPLETE. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

The information in this Prospectus is not complete and may be changed. This Prospectus is included in the Registration Statement that was filed by Innova Robotics and Automation, Inc. with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The selling stockholders may not sell these securities until the registration statement becomes effective. This Prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any state where the offer or sale is not permitted.

	The date of this Prospectus is	, 2007
3		

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Prospectus Summary	5
Risk Factors	7
Use of Proceeds	11
Forward Looking Statements	12
Management's Discussion and Analysis of	
Financial Condition or Plan of Operation	12
Description of Business	21
Description of Property	31
Legal Proceedings	32
Directors and Executive Officers	32
Executive Compensation	36
Changes In and Disagreements With	
Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure	39
Market for Common Equity and Related	
Stockholder Matters	39
Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners	
and Management	39
Selling Shareholders	40
Certain Relationships and Related Transactions	42
Description of Securities	43
Plan of Distribution	44
Legal Matters	46
Experts	46
Where You Can Find More Information	46
Disclosure of Commission Position on Indemnification	
for Securities Act Liabilities	46
Index to Consolidated Financial Statements	F-1

You may only rely on the information contained in this prospectus or that we have referred you to. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with different information. This prospectus does not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any securities other than the common stock offered by this prospectus. This prospectus does not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any common stock in any circumstances in which such offer or solicitation is unlawful. Neither the delivery of this prospectus nor any sale made in connection with this prospectus shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in our affairs since the date of this prospectus or that the information contained by reference to this prospectus is correct as of any time after its date.

#### PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

This summary highlights information contained elsewhere in this prospectus. You should read the entire prospectus carefully, including, the section entitled "Risk Factors" before deciding to invest in our common stock. Innova Robotics and Automation, Inc. is referred to throughout this prospectus as "Innova Robotics," "we" or "us."

#### General

We were formed in 1992 as a supplier to the information technology business. On January 31, 2003, we completed a reverse acquisition into SRM Networks, an Internet service provider, in which we were deemed the "accounting acquirer". We discontinued SRM Network's Internet business. In connection with the transaction, SRM Networks, Inc. changed its name to Hy-Tech Technology Group, Inc.

On August 25, 2004, we completed a reverse merger into Robotic Workspace Technologies, Inc., a robotics software technology provider, in which RWT was deemed the "accounting acquirer." Simultaneously, we discontinued our computer systems sales and services business. In connection with these transactions, Hy-Tech Technology Group, Inc. changed its name to Innova Holdings, Inc. On May 16, 2006, we completed the purchase of all of the assets of CoroWare, Inc. pursuant to a certain Asset Purchase Agreement we and CoroWare entered into with Coroware Technologies, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of our company dated as of May 12, 2006. Under the terms of the Asset Purchase Agreement, we purchased, and CoroWare sold, all of its assets including, without limitation, all hardware, software, employee relations, customer contacts in the military and homeland security markets, contacts with Microsoft, Inc. and all other customers. On June 16, 2006, we entered into a Strategic Alliance Agreement with Mesa Robotics, Inc., a robotics company with unmanned mobile robotic ground vehicles. We never entered a definitive agreement with Mesa and have ceased discussions regarding the development of this business line. During the third quarter of 2007 we discontinued the manufacturing of the RWT industrial robotic controller and refocused that business on obtaining licenses for the RWT robotic motion control patents.

We are a software and software professional services company with a strong focus on Information Technology integration and Robotics integration that delivers professional services, solutions and products that benefit customers in the software development, education, aerospace, and automotive industry sectors. Our plan of operations is to sell our services, solutions, products and licensable technologies to meet our customers' needs. In addition, we will identify, develop and acquire technology that we believe is or will become a market leader and to create opportunities to leverage our software into value-added service, solutions and products when combined with other software solutions offered by us.

For the three months ended June 30, 2007, we generated revenues of \$1,195,819 compared to revenues of \$389,981 during the three-month period ended June 30, 2006. For the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, we incurred a net loss of \$1,183,303 and \$1,193,511 respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2007, we generated revenues of \$1,867,491 compared to revenues of \$526,471 during the six-month period ended June 30, 2006. For the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, we incurred a net loss of \$1,216,861 and \$2,309,842 respectively.

As a result of recurring losses from operations, a working capital deficit and accumulated deficit, our auditors, in their report dated April 16, 2007, have expressed substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.

Our corporate office is located at 15870 Pine Ridge Road, Fort Myers, Florida 33908 and our telephone number is (239) 466-0488.

Our principal business office, and CoroWare's offices are at 4074 148th Avenue NE, Redmond, Washington 98052, and its telephone number is (800) 641-2676 (CORO).

#### **This Offering**

Shares offered by Selling Stockholders

Up to 57,300,000 shares, based on current market prices, including (i) up to 48,000,000 shares issuable upon conversion of our principal amount \$1,920,000 10% secured convertible debentures, which are convertible into shares of our common stock at a fixed price equal to \$.40 per share, (ii) 1,000,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants at a price equal to \$.50 per share, (ii) 1,500,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants at a price equal to \$1.00 per share, (iii) 2,300,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants at a price equal to \$0.25 per share, (iv) 2,000,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants at a price equal to \$0.65 per share, and (v) 2,500,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants at a price equal to \$0.75 per share.

This number represents approximately 59.39% of our current outstanding stock.

Common Stock to be outstanding after the offering

153,781,346\*

Use of Proceeds

We are not selling any shares of common stock in this offering and therefore will not receive any proceeds from this offering. We will, however, receive proceeds from the exercise of warrants to purchase 9,300,000 shares of common stock in the aggregate amount of \$5,750,000, if such warrants are exercised and if such warrants are exercised on a cash basis. We intend to use such proceeds, if any, for working capital and general corporate purposes. See "Use of Proceeds" for a complete description.

Risk Factors

The purchase of our common stock involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully review and consider "Risk Factors" beginning on page 7.

**OTC Bulletin Board Trading Symbol** 

**INRA** 

#### FINANCING TRANSACTION

On July 21, 2006, we consummated a Securities Purchase Agreement dated July 21, 2006 with Cornell Capital Partners L.P. providing for the sale by us to Cornell of our 10% secured convertible debentures in the aggregate principal amount of \$2,825,000 of which \$1,250,000 was advanced immediately. The second installment of \$575,000 was advanced on the date of the filing by us with the Securities and Exchange Commission of a registration statement (as further described below). The last installment of \$1,000,000 was advanced three business days after the date the registration statement was declared effective by the Commission. As of September 30, 2007, \$1,920,000 remained outstanding on the convertible debenture.

The debentures mature on the third anniversary of the date of issuance. The holder of the debentures may convert at any time amounts outstanding under the debentures into shares of our common stock at a fixed conversion price per share equal to \$0.40. Cornell has agreed not to short any of the shares of common stock. Our obligations under the Purchase Agreement are secured by substantially all of our and our wholly owned subsidiary's (CoroWare Technologies, Inc.) assets.

Under the Purchase Agreement, we also issued to Cornell five-year warrants to purchase 1,000,000 and 1,500,000 shares of common stock at a price equal to \$0.50 and \$1.00, respectively, together with three-year warrants to purchase 2,300,000, 2,000,000 and 2,500,000 shares of common stock at a price equal to \$0.25, \$0.65 and \$0.75, respectively.

In connection with the Purchase Agreement, we also entered into a registration rights agreement with Cornell providing for the filing of a registration statement with the Commission registering the common stock issuable upon conversion of the debentures and exercise of the warrants. We are obligated to use our best efforts to cause the registration statement to be filed no later than 30 days after the closing date. In the event of a default of our obligations

<sup>\*</sup> The above information regarding common stock to be outstanding after the offering is based on 96,481,346 shares of common stock outstanding as of September 30, 2007.

under the registration rights agreement, including our agreement to file the registration statement with the Commission no later than 30 days after the closing date, or if the registration statement is not declared effective within 120 days after the closing date, we are required to pay to Cornell, as liquidated damages, for each month that the registration statement has not been filed or declared effective, as the case may be, either a cash amount or shares of our common stock equal to 2% of the liquidated value of the debentures.

We have the right to redeem a portion or all amounts outstanding under the Debenture prior to the maturity date at a 10% redemption premium provided that the closing bid price of the common stock is less than the conversion price and there is an effective registration statement covering the shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of the Debentures and exercise of the Warrants. In addition, on the first trading day of each calendar month, Cornell may require us to redeem up to \$500,000 of the remaining principal amount of the Debentures per calendar month. However, Cornell may not require us to redeem the Debentures if the closing bid price of the common stock exceeds the conversion price for each of the five consecutive trading days immediately prior to the redemption date, and the registration statement has been declared effective and remains effective on the redemption date. We have the option, in our sole discretion, to settle any requested redemptions by either paying cash or issuing the number of shares of our common stock equal to the cash amount owed divided by a stock price equal to 95% of the lowest daily volume weighted average price of our common stock during the thirty (30) trading days immediately preceding the date of the redemption.

On July 21, 2006, we terminated the Standby Equity Distribution Agreement dated June 14, 2005 with Cornell, together with all of the definitive agreements related thereto. In addition, on July 21, 2006 Cornell agreed to terminate the promissory note in the remaining principal amount of \$80,000 in exchange for our issuance of 484,850 shares of common stock to Cornell.

We claim an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, (the "Act") for the private placement of these securities pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Act and/or Regulation D promulgated thereunder since, among other things, the transaction did not involve a public offering, Cornell is an accredited investor and/or qualified institutional buyer, Cornell had access to information about us and their investment, Cornell took the securities for investment and not resale, and we took appropriate measures to restrict the transfer of the securities.

#### RISK FACTORS

An investment in our shares involves a high degree of risk. Before making an investment decision, you should carefully consider all of the risks described in this prospectus. If any of the risks discussed in this prospectus actually occur, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially and adversely affected. If this were to happen, the price of our shares could decline significantly and you may lose all or a part of your investment. The risk factors described below are not the only ones that may affect us. Our forward-looking statements in this prospectus are subject to the following risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated by our forward-looking statements as a result of the risk factors below. See "Forward-Looking Statements."

#### Risks Related to Our Business and Financial Condition

### WE HAVE HISTORICALLY LOST MONEY AND LOSSES MAY CONTINUE IN THE FUTURE, WHICH MAY CAUSE US TO CURTAIL OPERATIONS.

For the three months ended June 30, 2007 we generated revenues of \$1,195,819 and \$389,981 respectively. For the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, we incurred a net loss of \$1,188,303 and \$1,193,511, respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2007 we generated revenues of \$1,867,491 and \$526,471 respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, we incurred a net loss of \$1,216,861 and \$2,309,842, respectively. Our accumulated deficit was \$15,115,203 as at December 31, 2006 and \$16,332,064 as at June 30, 2007.

While we are building our sales and operating infrastructure, future losses are likely to occur, as we are dependent on spending money in excess of funds received from sales to pay for our operations. No assurances can be given that we will be successful in reaching or maintaining profitable operations. Accordingly, we may experience liquidity and cash flow problems. If our losses continue, our ability to operate may be severely impacted which may cause us to cease operations altogether.

#### WE MAY NEED TO RAISE ADDITIONAL CAPITAL OR DEBT FUNDING TO SUSTAIN OPERATIONS.

Unless we can become profitable with the existing sources of funds we have available, including funds to be received under the terms of the Securities Purchase Agreement, and our operations generate sufficient cash flows to enable us to generate a profit on a sustained basis, we will require additional capital to sustain operations and we may need access to additional capital or additional debt financing to grow our operations. In addition, to the extent that we have a working capital deficit and cannot offset the deficit from profitable sales, we may have to raise capital to repay the deficit and provide more working capital to permit growth in revenues. We cannot assure that financing whether from external sources or related parties will be available if needed or on favorable terms. Our potential inability to obtain adequate financing if necessary will result in the need to reduce the pace of business operations. Any of these events could be materially harmful to our business and may result in a lower stock price and could cause us to cease

operations altogether.

THE REPORT OF OUR INDEPENDENT AUDITORS INCLUDES A GOING CONCERN UNCERTAINTY EXPLANATORY PARAGRAPH FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006, WHICH MEANS THAT WE MAY NOT BE ABLE TO CONTINUE OPERATIONS UNLESS WE CAN BECOME PROFITABLE OR OBTAIN ADDITIONAL FUNDING.

We have a history of operating losses that are likely to continue in the future. Our auditors have included an uncertainty explanatory paragraph in their Independent Auditor's Report dated as of April 16, 2007 included in our audited financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005 to the effect that our significant losses from operations and our dependence on equity and debt financing raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. Our financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary should we be unable to continue as a going concern. We expect to be able to continue operations for six months with the cash currently on hand, anticipated from our operations and from the convertible debentures we will issue to Cornell as part of the Securities Purchase Agreement entered into on July 21, 2006 and discussed above on page 6 - "Recent Financing Transactions".

## WE HAVE A WORKING CAPITAL DEFICIT, WHICH MEANS THAT OUR CURRENT ASSETS ON JUNE 30, 2007 WERE NOT SUFFICIENT TO SATISFY OUR CURRENT LIABILITIES AND, THEREFORE, OUR ABILITY TO CONTINUE OPERATIONS IS AT RISK.

As of June 30, 2007, we had a working capital deficit of \$4,105,487 which means that our current liabilities as of that date exceeded our current assets by \$4,105,487. Current assets are assets that are expected to be converted to cash within one year and, therefore, may be used to pay current liabilities as they become due. Our working capital deficit means that our current assets were not sufficient to satisfy all of our current liabilities on June 30, 2007. If our ongoing operations do not begin to provide sufficient profitability to offset the working capital deficit, we may have to raise additional capital or debt in the future to fund the deficit or curtail future plans.

#### OUR PRODUCTS AND SERVICES MUST BE ACCEPTED IN THE MARKET.

If our software and software professional services as well as patents on motion control along with our systems development and integration services, do not achieve market acceptance by an increasing customer base, we will not be able to generate revenues necessary to support our business operations, which could result in the termination of our operations.

#### THE SUCCESS OF OUR BUSINESS DEPENDS ON OUR KEY EMPLOYEES.

We are highly dependent upon the continuing contributions of our key management, sales, and software engineering and product development personnel. In particular, we would be adversely affected if we were to lose the services of Lloyd Spencer and David Hyams, President and Chief Technology Officer of CoroWare; Lloyd Spencer is also Vice President - Business Development and a director of the Company, who has provided significant business development, sales and product and service fulfillment, meeting the needs of customers. In addition, the loss of the services of any of our senior managerial, technical or sales personnel could impair our business, financial condition, and results of operations. As CoroWare continues to grow, we will continue to have a dependence of software professional staff, retention of key individuals, and the ability to source and attract key individuals

## IF WE FAIL TO ADEQUATELY PROTECT OUR INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS, COMPETITORS MAY USE OUR TECHNOLOGY AND TRADEMARKS, WHICH WOULD WEAKEN OUR COMPETITIVE POSITION AND MAY RESULT IN THE FAILURE OF OUR BUSINESS.

Our success depends, in part, upon our patented proprietary technology. We rely on a combination of three issued patents, copyrights, trademarks and trade secret rights, confidentiality procedures and licensing arrangements to establish and protect our proprietary rights. It is possible that other companies could successfully challenge the validity or scope of our patents and that our patents may not be supported, eliminating a competitive advantage we currently enjoy. As part of our confidentiality procedures, we generally enter into non-disclosure agreements with our employees, distributors and corporate partners and into license agreements with respect to our software, documentation and other proprietary information. Despite these precautions, third parties could copy or develop similar technology independently. The protection of our proprietary rights may not be adequate and our competitors could independently develop similar technology, duplicate our products, or design around patents and other intellectual property rights that we hold.

In connection with our efforts to protect our intellectual property, we believed it was necessary to commence an action in the Florida Federal District Court against ABB, Inc. and ABB Robotics AB, for alleged misappropriation of trade secrets, breach of contract and breach of the covenant of good faith. On February 23, 2007, RWT entered into a Settlement Agreement (the "Settlement Agreement") dated as of February 20, 2007 with ABB, Inc. and ABB Automation Technologies AB (collectively, "ABB") in which ABB agreed to make a settlement payment to RWT in the amount of \$2,925,000 no later than March 2, 2007 in exchange for RWT filing a Stipulation of Dismissal with the

Court to dismiss the Action with prejudice. In addition, the parties agreed to forever settle, resolve and dispose of all claims, demands and causes of action asserted, existing or claimed to exist between the parties because of or in any way related to the Action.

We may need to commence other litigation to protect our intellectual property and such litigation may be costly or unsuccessful.

#### WE NEED TO ESTABLISH AND MAINTAIN STRATEGIC AND LICENSING RELATIONSHIPS.

Our success will depend in part upon our ability to establish and maintain strategic and licensing relationships with companies in our markets as well as in related business fields, including but not limited to businesses in the industrial manufacturing markets and businesses in the service robotic markets. We believe that these relationships are needed to allow us access to manufacturing, sales and distribution resources, as well as to key technologies and selected industry expertise. However, the amount and timing of resources to be devoted to these activities by such other companies are not within our control. There can be no assurance that we will be able to maintain our existing relationships or enter into beneficial relationships in the future, that other parties will perform their obligations as expected or that our reliance on others will not result in unforeseen problems. There can be no assurance that our current and potential future strategic partners and licensees will not develop or pursue alternative technologies either on their own or in collaboration with others, including with our competitors. The failure of any of our current or future collaboration efforts could have a material adverse effect on our ability to sell existing products or to introduce new products or applications and therefore could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

#### A BREACH OF CUSTOMER CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION COULD DAMAGE OUR BUSINESS.

Any breach of security relating to confidential information of customers could result in legal liability for us and a reduction in customer's use or total cancellation of their participation, which could materially harm our business. It is anticipated that we will receive highly confidential information from customers. We anticipate that we will possess sensitive customer information as part of our services, which could be valuable to competitors or other similar companies if misappropriated or accessed. Our security procedures and protocols to protect the customer against the risk of inadvertent disclosure or intentional breach of security might fail, thereby exposing customers to the risk of disclosure of their confidential information.

#### A SIGNIFICANT PERCENT OF OUR REVENUES ARE CONCENTRATED WITH ONE CUSTOMER

CoroWare continues to represent a major portion of our revenues. Of CoroWare's revenues, a substantial amount of their revenues are derived from software systems development and integration performed for Microsoft. At June 30, 2007, of our total accounts receivable balance, our core Microsoft business represented approximately 90% of that balance. A concentration of business with one customer could lead to a substantial reduction in future revenues and accounts receivable if that customer chooses alternative sources for their needs.

### WE HAVE RECEIVED A SUBPOENA FROM THE SEC REGARDING A TRANSACTION FROM APRIL 2003.

We received a subpoena from the SEC dated May 10, 2005 relating to an investigation of trading in certain OTC stocks, including our common stock. The subpoena sought documents relating to the merger and financing transactions entered into by us in April 2003. We believe we provided all information requested under the subpoena promptly in 2005. We are not able to predict what actions, if any, the SEC may take against us as a result of the investigation.

#### **Risks Relating to Our Financing Arrangement**

THERE ARE A LARGE NUMBER OF SHARES UNDERLYING OUR CONVERTIBLE NOTES AND WARRANTS THAT ARE BEING REGISTERED IN THIS PROSPECTUS AND THE SALE OF THESE SHARES MAY DEPRESS THE MARKET PRICE OF OUR COMMON STOCK.

As of September 30, 2007, we had 96,481,346 shares of common stock issued and outstanding. In connection with our July 2006 Securities Purchase Agreement, we issued Cornell Capital Partners LP 10% secured convertible debentures with a September 30, 2007 outstanding balance of \$1,920,000, which are convertible into shares of our common stock at a fixed price equal to \$.40 per share unless Cornell elects to redeem up top \$500,000 on a monthly basis which we may repay in cash or issuing the number of shares of our common stock equal to the cash amount owed divided by a stock price equal to 95% of the lowest daily volume weighted average price of our common stock during the thirty (30) trading days immediately preceding the date of the redemption . We also have an obligation to issue warrants to purchase 9,300,000 shares of common stock . Upon effectiveness of the registration statement, all of the shares, including all of the shares issuable upon conversion of the debentures and upon exercise of our warrants, may be sold without restriction. The sale of these shares may adversely affect the market price of our common stock.

THE ISSUANCE OF OUR STOCK UPON CONVERSION OF THE DEBENTURES COULD ENCOURAGE SHORT SALES BY THIRD PARTIES, WHICH COULD CONTRIBUTE TO THE FUTURE DECLINE OF OUR STOCK PRICE AND MATERIALLY DILUTE EXISTING STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY AND VOTING RIGHTS.

The debentures have the potential to cause significant downward pressure on the price of our common stock. This is particularly the case if the shares being placed into the market exceed the market's ability to absorb the increased number of shares of stock. Such an event could place further downward pressure on the price of our common stock which presents an opportunity for short sellers and others to contribute to the future decline of our stock price. If there are significant short sales of our stock, the price decline that would result from this activity will cause the share price to decline more so, which, in turn, may cause long holders of the stock to sell their shares thereby contributing to sales of stock in the market. If there is an imbalance on the sell side of the market for the stock, our stock price will decline.

IF WE ARE REQUIRED FOR ANY REASON TO REPAY OUR OUTSTANDING SECURED CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES, WE WOULD BE REQUIRED TO DEPLETE OUR WORKING CAPITAL, IF AVAILABLE, OR RAISE ADDITIONAL FUNDS. OUR FAILURE TO REPAY THE SECURED CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES, IF REQUIRED, COULD RESULT IN LEGAL ACTION AGAINST US, WHICH COULD REQUIRE THE SALE OF SUBSTANTIAL ASSETS.

In July 2006, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement for the sale of an aggregate of \$2,825,000 principal amount of secured convertible debentures. There is an outstanding balance of \$1,920,000 as of September 30, 2007. These debentures are due and payable, with interest, three years from their respective dates of issuance, unless sooner converted into shares of our common stock. Any event of default such as our failure to repay the principal or interest when due, our failure to issue shares of common stock upon conversion by the holder, or our failure to timely file a registration statement or have such registration statement declared effective, could require the early repayment of the convertible debentures. We anticipate that the full amount of the convertible debentures will be converted into shares of our common stock, in accordance with the terms of these debentures. If we were required to repay the convertible debentures, we would be required to use our limited working capital and raise additional funds. If we were unable to repay the debentures when required, the holders could commence legal action against us and foreclose on all of our assets to recover the amounts due. Any such action would require us to curtail or cease operations.

IF AN EVENT OF DEFAULT OCCURS UNDER THE SECURITIES PURCHASE AGREEMENT, SECURED CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES, WARRANTS, SECURITY AGREEMENT OR AMENDED AND RESTATED SECURITY AGREEMENT, THE INVESTORS COULD TAKE POSSESSION OF ALL OUR GOODS, INVENTORY, CONTRACTUAL RIGHTS AND GENERAL INTANGIBLES, RECEIVABLES, DOCUMENTS, INSTRUMENTS, CHATTEL PAPER, AND INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY.

In connection with the Securities Purchase Agreement we entered into in July 2006, we executed an Amended and Restated Security Agreement and our wholly owned subsidiary, Coroware Technologies, Inc., entered into a Security Agreement in favor of the investors granting them a first priority security interest in all of our goods, inventory, contractual rights and general intangibles, receivables, documents, instruments, chattel paper, and intellectual property. The Security Agreement and the Amended and Restated Security Agreement state that if an event of default occurs under the Securities Purchase Agreement, Secured Convertible Debentures, Warrants, Security Agreement or Amended and Restated Security Agreement, the investors have the right to take possession of the collateral, to operate our business using the collateral, and have the right to assign, sell, lease or otherwise dispose of and deliver all or any part of the collateral, at public or private sale or otherwise to satisfy our obligations under these agreements.

Risk Related to Our Common Stock

### THERE IS A LIMITED MARKET FOR OUR COMMON STOCK WHICH MAY MAKE IT MORE DIFFICULT FOR YOU TO SELL YOUR STOCK.

Our common stock is quoted on the OTC Bulletin Board under the symbol "INRA." There is a limited trading market for our common stock. Accordingly, there can be no assurance as to the liquidity of any markets that may develop for our common stock, the ability of holders of our common stock to sell our common stock, or the prices at which holders may be able to sell our common stock.

#### OUR STOCK PRICE MAY BE VOLATILE.

The market price of our common stock is likely to be highly volatile and could fluctuate widely in price in response to various factors, many of which are beyond our control, including:

- technological innovations or new products and services by us or our competitors;
- additions or departures of key personnel;

- sales of our common stock;
- our ability to integrate operations, technology, products and services;
- · our ability to execute our business plan;
- operating results below expectations;
- · loss of any strategic relationship;
- · industry developments;
- economic and other external factors; and
- · period-to-period fluctuations in our financial results.

Because we have a limited operating history, you may consider any one of these factors to be material. Our stock price may fluctuate widely as a result of any of the above listed factors.

In addition, the securities markets have from time to time experienced significant price and volume fluctuations that are unrelated to the operating performance of particular companies. These market fluctuations may also materially and adversely affect the market price of our common stock.

## WE HAVE NOT PAID DIVIDENDS IN THE PAST AND DO NOT EXPECT TO PAY DIVIDENDS IN THE FUTURE. ANY RETURNS ON INVESTMENT MAY BE LIMITED TO THE VALUE OF OUR COMMON STOCK.

We have never paid cash dividends on our common stock and do not anticipate paying cash dividends in the foreseeable future. The payment of dividends on our common stock will depend on earnings, financial condition and other business and economic factors affecting it at such time as the board of directors may consider relevant. If we do not pay dividends, our common stock may be less valuable because a return on your investment will only occur if its stock price appreciates.

#### OUR COMMON STOCK IS DEEMED TO BE "PENNY STOCK" WITH A LIMITED TRADING MARKET.

Our common stock is currently listed for trading on the OTC Bulletin Board which is generally considered to be a less efficient market than markets such as NASDAQ or other national exchanges, and which may cause difficulty in conducting trades and difficulty in obtaining future financing. Further, our securities are subject to the "penny stock rules" adopted pursuant to Section 15 (g) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or Exchange Act. The penny stock rules apply to non-NASDAQ companies whose common stock trades at less than \$5.00 per share or which have tangible net worth of less than \$5,000,000 (\$2,000,000 if the company has been operating for three or more years). Such rules require, among other things, that brokers who trade "penny stock" to persons other than "established customers" complete certain documentation, make suitability inquiries of investors and provide investors with certain information concerning trading in the security, including a risk disclosure document and quote information under certain circumstances. Many brokers have decided not to trade "penny stock" because of the requirements of the penny stock rules and, as a result, the number of broker-dealers willing to act as market makers in such securities is limited. In the event that we remain subject to the "penny stock rules" for any significant period, there may develop an adverse impact on the market, if any, for our securities. Because our securities are subject to the "penny stock rules," investors will find it more difficult to dispose of our securities. Further, for companies whose securities are traded in the OTC Bulletin Board, it is more difficult: (i) to obtain accurate quotations, (ii) to obtain

coverage for significant news events because major wire services, such as the Dow Jones News Service, generally do not publish press releases about such companies, and (iii) to obtain needed capital.

#### **USE OF PROCEEDS**

This prospectus relates to shares of our common stock that may be offered and sold from time to time by Cornell. We are not selling any shares of common stock in this offering and therefore will not receive any proceeds from this offering. We will, however, receive proceeds from the exercise of warrants to purchase 9,300,000 shares of common stock in the aggregate amount of \$5,750,000, if such warrants are exercised and if such warrants are exercised on a cash basis. We intend to use any such proceeds for working capital or general corporate purposes.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATION

#### **Cautionary and Forward Looking Statements**

Our representatives and we may from time to time make written or oral statements that are "forward-looking," including statements contained in this prospectus and other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, reports to our stockholders and news releases. All statements that express expectations, estimates, forecasts or projections are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Act. In addition, other written or oral statements which constitute forward-looking statements may be made by us or on our behalf. Words such as "expects," "anticipates," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," "projects," "forecasts," "may," "should," variations of such words and similar expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions which are difficult to predict. Therefore, actual outcomes and results may differ materially from what is expressed or forecasted in or suggested by such forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to update publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. Important factors on which such statements are based are assumptions concerning uncertainties, including but not limited to uncertainties associated with the following:

- (a) volatility or decline of our stock price;
- (b) potential fluctuation in quarterly results;
- (c) our failure to earn revenues or profits;
- (d) inadequate capital and barriers to raising the additional capital or to obtaining the financing needed to implement its business plans;
- (e) inadequate capital to continue business;
- (f) changes in demand for our products and services;
- (g) rapid and significant changes in markets;
- (h) litigation with or legal claims and allegations by outside parties; or
- (i) insufficient revenues to cover operating costs.

There is no assurance that we will be profitable, we may not be able to successfully develop, manage or market our products and services, we may not be able to attract or retain qualified executives and technology personnel, our products and services may become obsolete, government regulation may hinder our business, additional dilution in outstanding stock ownership may be incurred due to the issuance of more shares, warrants and stock options, or the exercise of warrants and stock options, and other risks inherent in the our businesses.

We undertake no obligation to publicly revise these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances that arise after the date hereof. Readers should carefully review the factors described in other documents we file from time to time with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including the Quarterly Reports on Form 10-QSB and Annual Report on Form 10-KSB filed by us in 2006 and 2007 and any Current Reports on Form 8-K filed by us.

#### **BACKGROUND**

We were formed in 1992 as a supplier to the information technology business. On January 31, 2003, we completed a reverse acquisition into SRM Networks, an Internet service provider, in which we were deemed the "accounting acquirer". We discontinued SRM Network's Internet business. In connection with the transaction, SRM Networks, Inc. changed its name to Hy-Tech Technology Group, Inc.

On August 25, 2004, we completed a reverse merger into Robotic Workspace Technologies, Inc. ("RWT"), a robotics software technology provider, in which RWT was deemed the "accounting acquirer." Simultaneously, we discontinued our computer systems sales and services business and changed the Company's name to Innova Holdings, Inc.

On May 16, 2006, we acquired all of the assets and assumed certain liabilities of CoroWare, Inc., a software systems integration firm with particular expertise in the area of mobile service robotics. CoroWare is the only mobile service robotics company to join the Microsoft ® Windows Embedded Partner Program. CoroWare uses the Windows XP Embedded operating system to power its mobile service robots, which are based on de facto standards, off-the-shelf hardware and proven software.

On June 16, 2006, we entered into a Strategic Alliance Agreement with Mesa Robotics, Inc., a robotics company with unmanned mobile robotic ground vehicles. We never entered a definitive agreement with Mesa and have ceased discussions regarding the development of this business line.

On November 20, 2006, we effectuated a one-for-ten reverse stock split of our issued and outstanding shares of common stock and changed our name from Innova Holdings, Inc. to Innova Robotics and Automation, Inc. In addition, on November 20, 2006, our trading symbol on the Over-the-Counter Bulletin Board was changed to "INRA".

On March 16, 2007, RWT, one of our wholly owned subsidiaries, completed the purchase of all of the issued and outstanding shares of common stock of Altronics Service, Inc. ("Altronics") pursuant to a certain Stock Purchase Agreement dated as of March 16, 2007 which RWT entered into with Alfred Fleming and Andrea Fleming, being all of the shareholders of Altronics. In September 2007, the assets of Altronics Service was sold in exchange for \$100,000 in the form of a promissory note payable within 35 days secured by the assets of the buyer, the buyer's assumption of liabilities totaling \$365,000, the forgiveness of a promissory note for \$100,000 payable by Innova to the buyer, and the assignment of 250,000 shares of the Company's restricted Common Stock for cancellation.

In September, Innova Robotics & Automation announced changes that it believes will assist in achieving its financial goal of becoming cash flow positive by 2008 as outlined in the Company's July 2007 Strategic Plan. These changes comprised cost reductions as well as managing and reducing debt through a combination of renegotiation of short term debt as well as voluntary debt conversions into restricted common stock of Innova.

Also, the Company realigned and focused its resources toward addressing the Company's most attractive and successful market segments - software and software professional services - through its fastest growing subsidiary, CoroWare. We believe that we can grow effectively through organic growth, with the continuous release of new services and products, global expansion, and acquisitions of privately held software development and professional services companies.

#### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### General

The consolidated financial statements and notes included in our quarterly and annual financial statements contain information that is pertinent to this management's discussion and analysis. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of its assets and liabilities, and affect the disclosure of any contingent assets and liabilities. We believe these accounting policies involve judgment due to the sensitivity of the methods, assumptions, and estimates necessary in determining the related asset and liability amounts. The significant accounting policies are described in its financial statements and notes included in its Form 10-KSB filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

#### **Revenue Recognition**

We derive our software system integration services revenue from short-duration, time and material contracts. Generally, such contracts provide for an hourly-rate and a stipulated maximum fee. Revenue is recorded only on executed arrangements as time is incurred on the project and as materials, which are insignificant to the total contract value, are expended. Revenue is not recognized in cases where customer acceptance of the work product is necessary, unless sufficient work has been performed to ascertain that the performance specifications are being met and the customer acknowledges that such performance specifications are being met. We periodically review contractual performance and estimates future performance requirements. Losses on contracts are recorded when estimable. No contractual losses were identified during the periods presented.

We recognize revenue for our software and software professional services as well as patents on motion control when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, delivery has occurred, the sales price is fixed or determinable and collectibility is probable. Product sales are recognized by us generally at the time product is shipped. Shipping and handling costs are included in cost of goods sold.

We account for arrangements that contain multiple elements in accordance with EITF 00-21, "Revenue Arrangements with Multiple Deliverables". When elements such as hardware, software and consulting services are contained in a single arrangement, or in related arrangements with the same customer, we allocate revenue to each element based on its relative fair value, provided that such element meets the criteria for treatment as a separate unit of accounting. The price charged when the element is sold separately generally determines fair value. In the absence of fair value for a delivered element, we allocate revenue first to the fair value of the underlying elements and allocate the residual revenue to the delivered elements. In the absence of fair value for an undelivered element, the arrangement is accounted for as a single unit of accounting, resulting in a delay of revenue recognition for the delivered elements until the undelivered elements are fulfilled. We limit the amount of revenue recognition for delivered elements to the amount that is not contingent on future delivery of products or services or subject to customer-specified return of refund privileges.

We recognize revenue from the sale of manufacturer's maintenance and extended warranty contracts in accordance with EITF 99-19 net of its costs of purchasing the related contracts.

#### **Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation**

In accordance with SFAS 123(R), we have implemented the modified prospective method which recognizes compensation expense at previously determined fair values for all unvested awards granted to employees prior to the effective date of adoption and fair value for all new share-based payments made after adoption.

#### **Allowance for Doubtful Accounts**

Earnings are charged with a provision for doubtful accounts based on past experience, current factors, and management's judgment about collectibility. Accounts deemed uncollectible are applied against the allowance for doubtful accounts.

#### **Derivative Financial Instruments**

Derivative financial instruments, as defined in Financial Accounting Standard No. 133, Accounting for Derivative Financial Instruments and Hedging Activities (FAS 133), consist of financial instruments or other contracts that contain a notional amount and one or more underlying variables (e.g. interest rate, security price or other variable), require no initial net investment and permit net settlement. The caption Derivative Liability consists of (i) the fair values associated with derivative features embedded in the Cornell Capital Partners, L.P. ("Cornell") financings and (ii) the fair values of the detachable warrants that were issued in connection with those financing arrangements. In addition, this caption includes the fair values of other pre-existing derivative financial instruments that were reclassified from stockholders' equity when net-share settlement was no longer within our control.

We generally do not use derivative financial instruments to hedge exposures to cash-flow, market or foreign-currency risks. However, we have entered into certain other financial instruments and contracts, such as debt financing arrangements and freestanding warrants with features that are either (i) not afforded equity classification, (ii) embody risks not clearly and closely related to host contracts, or (iii) may be net-cash settled by the counterparty. As required by FAS 133, these instruments are required to be carried as derivative liabilities, at fair value, in our financial statements.

We estimate fair values of derivative financial instruments using various techniques (and combinations thereof) that are considered to be consistent with the objective of measuring fair values. In selecting the appropriate technique, we consider, among other factors, the nature of the instrument, the market risks that it embodies and the expected means of settlement. For less complex derivative instruments, such as free-standing warrants, we generally use the Black-Scholes-Merton option valuation technique because it embodies all of the requisite assumptions (including trading volatility, estimated terms and risk free rates) necessary to fair value these instruments. For complex derivative instruments, such as embedded conversion options, we generally use the Flexible Monte Carlo valuation technique because it embodies all of the requisite assumptions (including credit risk, interest-rate risk and exercise/conversion behaviors) that are necessary to fair value these more complex instruments. Estimating fair values of derivative financial instruments requires the development of significant and subjective estimates that may, and are likely to, change over the duration of the instrument with related changes in internal and external market factors. In addition, option-based techniques are highly volatile and sensitive to changes in the trading market price of our common stock, which has a high-historical volatility. Since derivative financial instruments are initially and subsequently carried at fair values, our income will reflect the volatility in these estimate and assumption changes.

#### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 COMPARED TO THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2006:

During the three-month period ended June 30, 2007 (the "2007 Period") revenues were \$1,195,819 compared to revenues of \$389,981 during the three-month period ended June 30, 2006 (the "2006 Period"). These 2007 revenues included \$1,106,014 from CoroWare and \$89,805 from Altronics since the closing date of the acquisition, March 16, 2007. Gross profit on these revenues amounted to \$279,084.

Cost of goods sold was \$916,735 and \$279,247 for the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. Cost of goods sold represents primarily labor and labor-related costs in addition to overhead costs. Additionally, costs include materials to assemble the Universal Robot Controllers, including electronic parts and components, electrical amplifiers, and cabinetry to house all of the materials.

Operating expenses were \$1,865,150 during the 2007 period compared to \$1,160,553 during the 2006 Period. The increase in operating expenses primarily resulted from increased employee compensation of approximately \$200,000, which resulted from the inclusion of CoroWare and Altronics personnel as well as additional personnel hired by us, an increase in stock option expense of approximately \$40,374, an increase in other general and administrative expenses of approximately \$460,000. We also spent \$16,200 on R&D activities during the 2007 period compared to \$0 during the 2006 period.

Net loss for the 2007 Period was \$1,183,303, compared to a net loss of \$1,193,511 for the 2006 Period. The decrease is due primarily to derivative income of \$866,570 offset by a loss on the conversion of our convertible debt of approximately \$385,008 in addition to the increase in operating expenses.

#### SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 COMPARED TO SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2006:

During the six-month period ended June 30, 2007 (the "2007 Period") revenues were \$1,867,491 compared to revenues of \$526,471 during the six-month period ended June 30, 2006 (the "2006 Period"). These 2007 revenues included \$1,741,312 from CoroWare, \$16,520 from RWT, and \$109,659 from Altronics since the closing date of the acquisition, March 16, 2007. Gross profit on these revenues amounted to \$446,957.

Cost of goods sold was \$1,420,534 and \$386,937 for the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. Cost of goods sold represents primarily labor and labor-related costs in addition to overhead costs. Additionally, costs include materials to assemble the Universal Robot Controllers, including electronic parts and components, electrical amplifiers, and cabinetry to house all of the materials.

Operating expenses were \$4,001,354 during the 2007 Period compared to \$2,204,910 during the 2006 Period. The increase in operating expenses primarily resulted from increased employee compensation of approximately \$310,000, which resulted from the inclusion of CoroWare and Altronics personnel as well as additional personnel hired by us, a reduction in stock option expense of approximately \$412,000, and an increase in legal fees of \$958,000 associated with the settlement of a lawsuit during the first quarter of 2007. We also spent \$65,175 on R&D activities during the 2007 period compared to \$0 during the 2006 period.

#### YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 COMPARED TO YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005:

During the year ended December 31, 2006 (the "2006 Period") revenues were \$1,340,222 compared to revenues of \$-0- during the year ended December 31, 2005 (the "2005 Period"). The 2006 revenues resulted primarily from the inclusion of CoroWare's results since the closing date of the acquisition, May 16, 2006 which totaled \$1,046,407. Additionally, Robotic Workspace Technologies, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, recorded revenues in the amount of \$293,815. Gross profit on these revenues amounted to \$288,514.

Cost of goods sold was \$1,051,708 and \$-0- for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively. Cost of goods sold represents primarily labor and labor-related costs in addition to overhead costs. Additionally, costs include materials to assemble the Universal Robot Controllers, including electronic parts and components, electrical amplifiers, cabinetry to house all of the materials, and teach pendants as well as labor to assemble the controllers and install software is included. The 2006 cost of goods sold resulted primarily from the inclusion of CoroWare's results since the closing date of the acquisition, May 16, 2006 which totaled \$818,573. Robotic Workspace Technologies, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, recorded cost of goods sold in the amount of \$233,135.

Operating expenses were \$4,790,960 for the year ended December 31, 2006 compared to \$1,758,273 during the year ended December 31, 2005. The increase in operating expenses primarily resulted from increased employee stock based compensation of \$729,618 and the inclusion of CoroWare since the date of acquisition, May 16, 2006. Selling, general and administrative expenses amounted to \$3,422,657 during the year ended December 31, 2006 compared to \$857,515 during the year ended December 31, 2005, and represented mostly labor and related compensation costs, trade shows, travel expenses, rental expense and related office expenses. Selling, general and administrative costs included \$340,930 and \$43,000 of research and development costs during the year ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively. Other operating costs were \$1,368,303 for the year ended December 31, 2006 compared to \$900,758 for the year ended December 31, 2005 and consisted of legal and professional fees, outside services and depreciation and amortization.

Net loss for the 2006 Period was \$5,607,098 compared to a net loss of \$1,881,125 for the 2005 Period, due largely to increased employee stock based compensation of \$729,618, a derivative loss of \$335,041 which resulted from the recent convertible debenture financing and the inclusion of CoroWare's results since the closing date of May 16, 2006.

Net loss for the 2007 Period was \$1,216,861 compared to a net loss of \$2,309,842 for the 2006 Period. The decrease is due primarily to approximately \$2,925,000 of other income associated with the settlement of a lawsuit and derivative income of \$654,435 offset by a loss on the conversion of our convertible debt of approximately \$1,053,000.

#### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

At June 30, 2007, we had current assets of \$1,749,712 and current liabilities of \$5,855,199. At June 30, 2007, we had negative working capital of \$4,105,487 and an accumulated deficit of \$16,332,064.

We will continue to seek funds through private placements as well as debt financing. We will also continue to investigate alternative sources of financing. As discussed in Note 6 above, on July 21, 2006, we consummated a Securities Purchase Agreement dated July 21, 2006 with Cornell providing for the sale by us to Cornell of its 10% secured convertible debentures in the aggregate principal amount of \$2,825,000 of which \$1,250,000 was advanced immediately, \$575,000 was advanced on the date of the filing of the registration statement by us with the Securities and Exchange Commission of the Registration Statement, and \$1,000,000 was advanced three business days after the date the registration statement was declared effective by the Commission.

We cannot guarantee that additional funding will be available on favorable terms, if at all. If we are unable to obtain debt and/or equity financing upon terms that our management deems sufficiently favorable, or at all, it would have a materially adverse impact upon our ability to pursue our business strategy and maintain our current operations.

#### **OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS**

We do not have any off balance sheet arrangements that are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, revenues, results of operations, liquidity or capital expenditures.

#### EFFECT OF RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

**Stock-Based Compensation**. Effective January 1, 2006 we adopted SFAS 123R and our consolidated financial statements as of and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 reflect the impact of SFAS 123R. For the there months ended June 30, 2007, we recorded employee stock-based compensation expense of \$100,725. The impact on basic net loss per share for the three months ended June 30, 2007 was \$0.00. For the three months ended June 30, 2006, we recorded employee stock-based compensation expense of \$60,351. The impact on basic net loss per share for the three months ended June 30, 2007 was \$0.00.

#### **Plan of Operation**

During the remainder of the year, we expect to aggressively market and sell our software and software professional services with particular emphasis on Information Technology integration and Robotics integration, and to continue our licensing efforts for the three intellectual property patents of RWT. Also, we will continue to implement our aggressive strategic plan related to the creation of awareness of our products, and to communicate the value of our solutions to the aerospace, industrial, military, educational, research and other robotic markets. During the third quarter of 2007 we discontinued the manufacturing of the RWT industrial robotic controller and refocused that business on obtaining licenses for the RWT robotic motion control patents.

We have determined a strategic plan for growing the business beyond organic growth. This growth strategy revolves around making strategic acquisitions that will enhance the solutions offerings of the various operating units of the business, and in particular.. to add acquisitions in the software and technical services markets to support our other solutions offerings.

Looking forward into the remainder of the fiscal year 2007, CoroWare is well positioned to continue its revenue growth by further expanding its Enterprise Business Solutions business and rapidly growing its Robotics and Automation business. The Enterprise Business Solutions group intends to achieve its expansion through its ongoing business relationship with Microsoft, and through its professional services that provide customized software and service implementations of Microsoft solutions such as Microsoft Customer Care Framework, Infrastructure Optimization and Innovation Portal. The Robotics and Automation group expects to accomplish its rapid growth by continuing to offer expert systems development services that address embedded systems, robotic simulation and Microsoft Robotics Studio opportunities, and by addressing the rapidly expanding mobile robot marketplace through the introduction of hardware and software products that are built upon and compatible with Microsoft Robotics Studio.

We do not expect to sell any significant amount of our fixed assets, including our property or equipment in the next twelve months, nor do we expect to purchase any real property in the next twelve months. During the remainder of the fiscal year we expect to purchase certain equipment to support software development, testing and continued deployment of its technologies. Additionally, we expect to purchase office equipment, computer equipment and laboratory development and testing equipment to support the planned increase of the number of our employees.

#### **Recent Financing Transactions**

During the year ended December 31, 2006, we utilized the Equity Distribution Agreement and sold 16,173,617 shares of common stock to Cornell for gross proceeds of \$2,435,000. Of the gross proceeds received, Cornell was paid \$121,750 in commitment fees and \$9,000 in structuring fees. Additionally, \$120,000 of the promissory note due Cornell was paid to Cornell and the remaining balance of \$80,000 was settled by the issuance of 484,850 shares of our common stock.

On July 21, 2006, we consummated a Securities Purchase Agreement dated July 21, 2006 with Cornell providing for the sale by us to Cornell of our 10% secured convertible debentures in the aggregate principal amount of \$2,825,000, of which \$1,250,000 was advanced immediately. The second installment of \$575,000 was advanced on the date of the filing by us with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) of the Registration Statement. The last installment of \$1,000,000 was advanced on December 7, 2006.

The Debentures mature on the third anniversary of the date of issuance. The holder of the Debentures may convert at any time amounts outstanding under the Debentures into shares of common stock at a fixed conversion price per share equal to \$0.40. Cornell has agreed not to short any of the shares of common stock. Our obligations under the Purchase Agreement are secured by substantially all of our, and our wholly owned subsidiary's (CoroWare Technologies, Inc.) assets. The amount of outstanding debt as of September 30, 2007 on the convertible debenture is \$1,920,000.

Under the Purchase Agreement, we also issued to Cornell five-year warrants to purchase 1,000,000 and 1,500,000 shares of common stock at a price equal to \$0.50 and \$1.00, respectively, together with three-year warrants to purchase 2,300,000, 2,000,000 and 2,500,000 shares of Common Stock at a price equal to \$0.25, \$0.65 and \$0.75, respectively.

In connection with the Purchase Agreement, we also entered into a registration rights agreement with Cornell providing for the filing of a registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission registering the common stock issuable upon conversion of the Debentures and exercise of the Warrants. We are obligated to use our best efforts to cause the registration statement to be filed no later than 30 days after the closing date. In the event of a default of our obligations under the Registration Rights Agreement, including our agreement to file the registration statement with the Commission no later than 30 days after the closing date, or if the registration statement is not declared effective within 120 days after the closing date, we are required to pay to Cornell, as liquidated damages, for each month that the registration statement has not been filed or declared effective, as the case may be, either a cash amount or shares of our common stock equal to 2% of the liquidated value of the Debentures.

We have the right to redeem a portion or all amounts outstanding under the Debenture prior to the maturity date at a 10% redemption premium provided that the closing bid price of the common stock is less than the conversion price and there is an effective registration statement covering the shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of the Debentures and exercise of the Warrants. In addition, beginning on the earlier of: (i) the first trading day following the day which the registration statement is declared effective by the Commission, or (ii) December 1, 2006, and continuing on the first trading day of each calendar month thereafter, Cornell may require us to redeem up to \$500,000 of the remaining principal amount of the Debentures per calendar month. However, Cornell may not require us to redeem the Debentures if the closing bid price of the common stock exceeds the conversion price for each of the five consecutive trading days immediately prior to the redemption date, and the registration statement has been declared

effective and remains effective on the redemption date. We have the option, in our sole discretion, to settle any requested redemptions by either paying cash or issuing the number of shares of our common stock equal to the cash amount owed divided by a stock price equal to 95% of the lowest daily volume weighted average price of our common stock during the thirty (30) trading days immediately preceding the date of the redemption.

On October 13, 2007, as a condition to a Securities Purchase Agreement entered into by the Company and Yorkville Advisors LLC (f/k/a Cornell Capital Partners L.P.), Eugene Gartlan (Chief Executive Officer and Director), Lloyd Spencer (Director), and Linda Robison (Counsel) purchased a total of 35,000 Units, 10,000 units, 10,000 units, and 15,0000 units, respectively. Each unit consists of one share of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock, at a price of \$1.00 per share as well as stock purchase warrants equal to the number of shares of common stock converted from the Series C Convertible Preferred Stock, exercisable at \$.06 per share and which expires five years from the conversion date. In connection with the issuance, a Certificate of Designation was filed with the Florida Secretary of State.

On October 25, 2007, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement (the "Purchase Agreement") with Yorkville Advisors LLC (f/ka/ Cornell Capital Partners L.P.) (the "Investor") providing for the sale by the Company to the Investors of (i) 12% Secured Convertible Debentures in the aggregate principal amount of \$600,000 (the "Debentures") due on October 25, 2009 (the "Repayment Date") and (ii) common stock purchase warrants (the "Warrants") issuable if the Debentures are redeemed.

The Debentures are convertible into shares of the Company's common stock at the lesser of (1) \$0.02 or eighty five percent (85%) of the lowest closing bid price, as quoted by Bloomberg LP, of the Company's common stock for thirty (30) trading days immediately preceding a conversion date.

We will have the right to redeem any or all of the amounts outstanding under the Debentures with 3 trading days advance written notice to the Investor. The redemption price will be equal to 120% of face value. In the event that we exercise our right of redemption for either all or a portion of the outstanding Debentures, the Investor shall receive a warrant to purchase 35,000 shares of Common Stock for every \$100,000 redeemed at an exercise price of \$0.025.

The Investor agreed not to short any of the shares of Common Stock of the Company. The Investor was granted a security interest in all the assets of the Company, including a first security interest on all the intellectual property of Robotic Workspace Technologies, Inc.

In connection with the Purchase Agreement, we also entered into a registration rights agreement (the "Registration Rights Agreement") providing for the filing of a registration statement (the "Registration Statement") with the Securities and Exchange Commission registering the Common Stock issuable upon conversion of the Debentures no later than 30 days following a written demand from the Investors requesting the filing of such Registration Statement. The Company is obligated to use its best efforts to cause the Registration Statement to be declared effective no later than 120 calendar days from the filing date of the Registration Statement. In the event the Registration Statement is not timely filed or declared effective, then the Company shall pay to the Investors, a cash amount equal to 2.0% of the aggregate purchase price paid by the holder pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement for any Debenture then held by such holder, with a cap of 24%, as liquidated damages and not as a penalty

On June 14, 2005, we entered into a Standby Equity Distribution Agreement with Cornell Capital Partners, LP. Under the Equity Distribution Agreement, we may issue and sell to Cornell common stock for a total purchase price of up to \$10,000,000 over a period of up to 24 months. The purchase price for the shares is equal to 96% of their market price, which is defined in the Equity Distribution Agreement as the lowest volume weighted average price of the common stock during the five trading days following the date notice is given by us that we desires an advance of funds. Cornell is paid a fee equal to 5% of each advance, which is retained by Cornell from each advance. The amount of each advance is subject to an aggregate maximum advance amount of \$400,000, with no advance occurring within five trading days of a prior advance. We will pay a structuring fee of \$500 for each advance made under the Equity Distribution Agreement. We agreed to file a registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission that

registers for resale the common stock that will be issued to Cornell under the Equity Distribution Agreement. No advance of funds will be made under the Equity Distribution Agreement until the registration statement was declared effective by the SEC. The registration statement was declared effective by the SEC on December 22, 2005.

In connection with the transaction, Cornell received a one-time commitment fee of 2,608,699 restricted shares of our common stock, equal to approximately \$90,000 based on our stock price on May 4, 2005. These shares were registered for resale in the registration statement for the common stock to be issued under the Equity Distribution Agreement. We also issued to Cornell a promissory note for \$300,000. The principal of the note is payable in three \$100,000 installments due on the 30, 60, and 90 days following the date the registration statement for the Cornell shares was declared effective. The promissory note does not bear interest except in the event of a default. We also paid \$20,000 in cash to Cornell and its affiliates for structuring and due diligence fees.

On June 14, 2005, we entered into a Placement Agent Agreement with Monitor Capital Inc., a registered broker-dealer, to act as our exclusive placement agent in connection with the Equity Distribution Agreement. The placement agent agreed to advise us regarding the Equity Distribution Agreement. Pursuant to the Placement Agent Agreement, we paid a one-time placement agent fee of 289,8 55 restricted shares of common stock, equal to approximately \$10,000 based on our stock price on May 4, 2005. These shares were registered for resale in the registration statement for the Cornell shares.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2006, we utilized the Standby Equity Distribution Agreement and sold 16,173,617 shares of common stock to Cornell for gross proceeds of \$2,435,000. Of the gross proceeds received, Cornell was paid \$121,750 in commitment fees and \$9,000 in structuring fees. Additionally, \$220,000 of the promissory note due Cornell was paid to Cornell during the nine months ended September 30, 2006.

On July 21, 2006, we terminated the Standby Equity Distribution Agreement dated June 14, 2005 with Cornell, together with all of the definitive agreements related thereto. In addition, on July 21, 2006 Cornell agreed to terminate the promissory note in the remaining principal amount of \$80,000 in exchange for our issuance of 484,850 shares of common stock to Cornell.

On July 22, 2005, we borrowed \$30,000 from a beneficial shareholder and entered into a short term note for that amount, the terms of which are: interest at the annual rate of 5%, due date in six months, and principal and accrued interest are convertible into common stock at \$.15 per share. The lender has agreed to a repayment plan that extends the term to December 31, 2007.

On October 7, 2005, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with Cornell. Pursuant to this agreement, we sold a convertible debenture in the principal amount of \$55,000 to Cornell. The convertible debenture bears interest at the rate of 12% per annum and is due on April 7, 2006. The principal of the convertible debenture is convertible into common stock at a price of \$.03 per shares. We granted demand registration rights to Cornell Capital for the shares issuable upon conversion of the debenture. The convertible debenture is secured by a second lien on all of our assets. The convertible debenture was repaid in full by the due date.

During September through December 2005, we also entered into short-term debt obligations other than in the ordinary course of business. All of the short-term debt bears interest at the rate of 10% per annum. The following table sets for the names of the lenders, the amount of the loans, the dates of the loans and the due date of the loans:

Lender	Amo	unt of Loan	Date of Loan	Due Date
				October 19,
Eugene Gartlan	\$	40,000	September 19, 2005	2005
				October 22,
Jerry Horne	\$	50,000	September 22, 2005	2005
				October 22,
James Marks	\$	30,000	September 22, 2005	2005
Eugene Gartlan	\$	5,000	October 5, 2005	January 5, 2006
Rick Wynns	\$	30,000	October 3, 2005	

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			November 3, 2005
			February 14,
Rick Wynns	\$ 30,000	October 14, 2005	2006
			February 22,
Gary McNear	\$ 1,000	November 22, 2005	2006
			December 28,
Jerry Horne	\$ 50,000	November 28, 2005	2005
James Marks	\$ 21,000	December 21, 2005	March 21, 2006

All of the lenders are shareholders of the Company. Mr. Gartlan, Mr. McNear, and Mr. Wynns are Directors of the Company. During the year ended December 31, 2006, Mr. Gartlan and Mr. Marks were paid in full and Mr. Wynns was paid back a total of \$20,000 of principal. All lenders have agreed to repayment terms that extend the due date to December 31, 2007.

#### **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements.**

We do not have any off balance sheet arrangements.

#### **BUSINESS DESCRIPTION**

#### General

We are a software and software professional services company with a strong focus on Information Technology integration and Robotics integration that delivers professional services, solutions and products that benefit customers in the software development, education, aerospace, and automotive industry sectors. Our plan of operations is to sell our services, solutions, products and licensable technologies to meet our customers' needs. In addition, we will identify, develop and acquire technology that we believe is or will become a market leader and to create opportunities to leverage our software into value-added service, solutions and products when combined with other software solutions offered by us.

Our three subsidiaries are CoroWare Technologies, Inc. ("CoroWare"), Robotic Workspace Technologies, Inc. ("RWT"), and Innova Robotics, Inc.

- · CoroWare delivers professional services with a strong focus on Information Technology integration and Robotics integration, business automation solutions, and unmanned systems solutions to its customers in North America and Europe.
- RWT intends to license its robotic control technology patents to original equipment manufacturers (OEMs), software development companies, and other interested parties.
- · Innova Robotics investigates and markets the application of robotic motion control based upon the patents of the Company in the development of technologies, applications, and markets in the mobile and service robot arena. As opportunities present themselves, the full resources of the Company, including the software engineering professionals of CoroWare, will be available to market and fulfill new customer needs.

Additionally, we have strategic development relationships with Embry Riddle Aeronautical University (ERAU) and the University of South Florida (USF).

# COROWARE TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

CoroWare delivers software professional services company with a strong focus on Information Technology integration and Robotics integration, business automation solutions, and unmanned systems solutions to its customers in North America and Europe; and is comprised of two principal solutions delivery groups:

- · Enterprise Business Solutions
  - · Robotics and Automation

#### **Enterprise Business Solutions**

## **Microsoft Practice**

As a member of the Microsoft® Vendor Program (MSVP), CoroWare provides release management, software systems development, and product integration services that help Microsoft employees and departments deliver high quality products, solutions and services. For example, CoroWare has been working closely with the Microsoft Customer Care Framework (CCF), helping the solutions team deliver a premium solution for worldwide deployment. CoroWare's expertise in release management, product licensing, and marketing coordination have helped Microsoft expedite the development and market availability of Microsoft Customer Care Framework.

CoroWare shall continue to offer our high value software systems development and integration services that complement the growing trend in outsourced software development services in Asia, South America and Eastern Europe. In addition, CoroWare is investigating the potential of offering software solutions that complement our High Value Software Systems Development and Integration Services, especially in the areas of marketing management.

#### **Infrastructure Optimization**

In July 2007, CoroWare launched a its Infrastructure Optimization service to help small- to medium-size enterprises transform information technology (IT) from a cost center to a strategic asset using Microsoft's Information Optimization (IO) Model.

CIOs of small- to medium-sized companies are expected to help solve business challenges such as improving customer relationships and increasing operational efficiency through technology. They are also often faced with complex and inflexible data center and desktop platforms that are difficult to manage. CoroWare bridges this gap, leveraging Information Technology Infrastructure Library (ITIL) best practices and its expertise in Microsoft IO to help customers create an efficient, productive IT infrastructure based on industry standards.

The focus of CoroWare's Infrastructure Optimization is to give small and medium businesses the assistance required to achieve a secure and efficient IT environment. The tools CoroWare provides include identity and access management, desktop, device and server management, and data protection and recovery.

# Service Oriented Business Applications (SOBA)

CoroWare's software and systems engineering staff has many years experience with the development and deployment of application software that is based on XML web services and service-oriented architecture. CoroWare will further grow its capabilities in the development and deployment of Service Oriented Business Applications (SOBA) through its development efforts with NamesCo (UK) and release management efforts with Microsoft's Customer Care Framework initiative.

In the coming three years, CoroWare anticipates growing its systems integration practice by focusing on the development and deployment of Service Oriented Business Applications, such as service provisioning and customer care, in growing service provider markets such as mobile communications, application services, and media & entertainment.

#### **Robotics and Automation**

#### **Professional Services**

CoroWare is focused on the global market for service robots and offers its robotic integration expertise to customers who are looking for software systems development and integration services in areas such as architectural design and software applications development. We believe CoroWare is uniquely positioned with its knowledge of Microsoft Robotics Studio to offer software systems development and integration services to customers who are considering how to take full advantage of Microsoft Robotics Studio for the development of commercial products or educational services.

For example, CoroWare is currently working on projects that help research customers simulate a complex robot using Microsoft Robotic Studio. Similarly, our engineers in Europe are using Microsoft Robotics Studio to simulate and deploy a wireless remote sensor network.

# **Solutions and Products**

In May 2007, CoroWare began shipping the CoroBot, an affordable and flexible mobile robot for researchers, hobbyists and developers in the industrial and service robot segments. Some university customers are deploying CoroBots for use in various lab activities, including the development of swarm robotics applications designed to leverage groups of robots to complete complex tasks.

CoroWare designed the CoroBot to meet the need for affordable and flexible mobile robot platforms within the academic and commercial mobile robotics research and development community. Based on customer feedback, CoroWare believes that the availability of pre-installed Microsoft Robotics Studio® services will be viewed as a major advantage for users.

#### ROBOTIC WORKSPACE TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

RWT holds three pioneer patents issued by the United States Patent and Trademark Office that cover all applications pertaining to the interface of a general use computer and the mobility of robots, regardless of specific applications. Previously RWT marketed its Universal Controller Robot. However, during the third quarter of 2007 the Company discontinued the manufacturing of the RWT industrial robotic controller (URC) and refocused that business on obtaining licenses for the RWT robotic motion control patents.

We, through RWT, intend to license its robotic control technology patents to original equipment manufacturers (OEMs), software development companies, and other interested parties. At this moment, we have no guarantees that a market exists for selling licenses for these pioneer patents.

#### INNOVA ROBOTICS, INC.

In the world of non-industrial robotics, there are two distinct markets emerging, in our opinion, that apply advanced robotic software and hardware technologies. These are:

- · Unmanned robotic vehicles these vehicles typically are autonomous and function on the ground, in the air, under sea and in space and are controlled with an advanced Operating Control Unit.
- · Service robots these robotic devices tend to operate semi or fully autonomously to perform services useful to individuals and their care and well-being, either as Personal Robots or as Domestic Robots.

Innova Robotics investigates and markets the application of robotic motion control based upon the patents of the Company in the development of technologies, applications, and markets in the mobile and service robot arena. As opportunities present themselves, the full resources of the Company, including the software engineering professionals of CoroWare, will be available to market and fulfill new customer needs.

We retained The Ashcroft Group, LLC to provide strategic advisory consulting services relative to targeted markets including homeland security, military, first responders and the intelligence community. Additionally, John Ashcroft, former Attorney General of the United States of America, has agreed to be the Chairman of the Company's Board of Advisors.

#### Coroware Technologies, Inc.'s Business

On May 16, 2006, we completed the purchase of all of the assets of CoroWare, Inc. pursuant to a certain Asset Purchase Agreement we and CoroWare entered into with CoroWare Technologies, Inc., our wholly owned subsidiary, dated as of May 12, 2006. Under the terms of the agreement, we purchased, and CoroWare sold, all of its assets including, without limitation, all hardware, software, employee relations, customer contacts in the military and homeland security markets, contacts with Microsoft, Inc. and all other customers, and all other tangible and intangible assets including all developed software (the "Assets"), and we agreed to assume certain liabilities; however, the amount of assumed liabilities shall not be greater than \$100,000 more than the amount of certain accounts receivable and ash assets purchased. Additionally, we agreed to assume certain bank credit card debt in an amount up to \$98,168.

We paid a purchase price for the Assets equal to: (i) \$450,000 in cash, of which \$100,000 is guaranteed and \$350,000 is contingent based upon the financial results of CoroWare Technologies, Inc. for the three years following May 16, 2006; (ii) \$1,200,000 in the restricted shares of our common stock (3,000,000 shares), of which 500,000 shares were delivered to CoroWare at the closing and the remaining 2,500,000 shares are contingent based upon the financial results of CoroWare Technologies, Inc. for the three years following May 16, 2006, and (iii) options to purchase 1,200,000 shares of our common stock, exercisable at a price equal to \$0.18 per share, allocated to employees of CoroWare. Of the 2,500,000 shares of contingent common stock, 1,250,000 shares are being held in escrow to be released at such time as a certain legal proceeding brought by Manor Systems, LLC against CoroWare and Lloyd Spencer, the President of CoroWare, is settled. The amount of contingent cash paid to CoroWare will be reduced by the amount of assumed liabilities, and the amount of contingent shares paid to CoroWare will be reduced by the amount of all bank credit card debt assumed.

#### Mesa Robotics, Inc.

On June 16, 2006, we entered into a Strategic Alliance Agreement with Mesa Robotics, Inc., a robotics company with unmanned mobile robotic ground vehicles. We never entered a definitive agreement with Mesa and have ceased discussions regarding the development of this business line.

# Acquisition and Asset Sale of Subsidiary Altronics Service, Inc.

On March 16, 2007, Robotics Workspace Technologies, Inc. ("RWT"), a wholly owned subsidiary of Innova Robotics and Automation, Inc. (the "Company"), completed the purchase of all of the issued and outstanding shares of common stock of Altronics Service, Inc. ("Altronics") pursuant to a certain Stock Purchase Agreement dated as of March 16, 2007 (the "Agreement") which RWT entered into with Alfred Fleming and Andrea Fleming (the "Sellers"), being all of the shareholders of Altronics.

Under the terms of the Agreement, RWT purchased, and the Sellers sold, an aggregate of 280 shares of common stock of Altronics, representing all of the issued and outstanding shares of Altronics (the "Shares") for an aggregate purchase price of \$300,000 (the "Purchase Price"), paid or to be paid by the Company as follows: (i) \$150,000 was paid on March 16, 2007 (the "Closing Date"); (ii) \$100,000 shall be paid in two installments, the first installment of \$50,000 within 180 days after the Closing Date, and the second installment within 1 year after the Closing Date, which was evidenced in the form of a \$100,000 principal amount Promissory Note issued by the Company to the Sellers on the Closing Date; and (iii) \$50,000 in restricted shares of common stock of the Company at a per share price equal to \$0.20 (250,000 shares), which was delivered to the Sellers on the Closing Date and vest as follows, provided that Alfred Fleming is an employee of Altronics at each vesting date: (x) 100,000 shares on the first anniversary of the Closing Date; (y) 100,000 shares on the second anniversary of the Closing Date; and (z) 50,000 shares on the third anniversary of the Closing Date.

In addition, on March 16, 2007, Altronics entered into an Employment Agreement (the "Employment Agreement") with Alfred Fleming under which the Company will employ Mr. Fleming as a Vice President for a period of 3 years commencing March 16, 2007 and ending on March 15, 2010 which will be automatically renewed for successive 1 year periods until 30 days prior written notice not to renew is delivered by either the Company or Mr. Fleming. Mr. Fleming will be paid a monthly salary of \$6,250, or \$75,000 per annum, and shall be issued stock options in accordance with Altronics' executive level option schedule, which will vest over the 3 year term of the Employment Agreement. Further, Mr. Fleming may be eligible for Altronics' employee bonus program, to be determined by the Board of Directors of Altronics based on meeting performance objectives and bonus criteria. During the term of his employment and for a period thereafter, Mr. Fleming will be subject to confidentiality and non-competition provisions, subject to standard exceptions.

In September 2007, the Company decided that Altronics was not part of the core business activities of the Company since the Company was focusing primarily on software and software professional services. Accordingly, on September 28, 2007, the Company and its subsidiaries entered into an Asset Purchase Agreement (the "Agreement") with Alfred Fleming and The Transaction Acquisition Company LLC ("TAC" and collectively with Mr. Fleming, the "Purchaser") pursuant to which the Purchaser agreed to purchase substantially all of the assets (the "Assets") of Altronics Service, Inc. ("Altronics"), a subsidiary of the Company. Pursuant to the Agreement, the Company sold and, the Purchaser purchased, the Assets. The purchase price paid to the Company is \$100,000 in the form of a promissory note due 35 days from closing (the "Note"), the assumption of \$365,000 in liabilities, the assignment of a note to the Seller in the amount of \$100,000 that was initially issued to the Purchaser upon the Company acquiring Altronics, and the return of 250,000 shares of common stock of the Company by the Purchaser. The Note is secured by all of the membership interest in TAC. The closing of the sale of the Assets occurred on September 28, 2007. Except for an employment agreement between Altronics and Mr. Fleming which was terminated as a result of his resignation at closing of the sale of the Assets, no material relationship exists between the Company and the Purchaser and/or its affiliates, directors, officers or any associate of an officer or director.

## **RWT Business pre 2005**

RWT started operations in 1994 with the intent to develop a PC based coordinated motion controller for industrial robots. Up to that point in time, virtually everyone in the industry doubted if a PC based controller, using an open architecture system and based on Microsoft's platform, could ever be developed and accepted as a standard in the industry. RWT dedicated significant resources and time, over \$6 million and six years, to develop such a controller and was awarded three pioneer utility patents by the USPTO. RWT successfully established itself as a provider of a Universal Robot Controller to the industrial market, and in particular to the automobile industry, the key market for RWT products. In November 2000, after 10 months of due diligence verifying source code and the operations of the Universal Robot Controller at Ford and other production facilities, the Ford Motor Company investment group invested \$3.0 million in RWT and Ford planned a substantial order for RWT's Universal Robot Controllers. Also, Ford received the first rights to RWT's development and up to 80% of RWT's production capacity. The Ford Vice President for Body Assembly, Stamping, and Structures joined the RWT Board of Directors.

In June 2001, a joint international press conference announcing the Ford investment in RWT was held at the 32nd International Robotics Conference and Exposition. Additionally, 10 Universal Robot Controllers were successfully sold and installed in non-automotive manufacturing environments. However, the business of RWT was drastically and adversely affected by the economic recession and the impact on the automobile industry after the September 11, 2001 attacks in the US. After the September 11, 2001 attacks, Ford cancelled their planned orders due to large losses they were incurring. The resulting continued downturn in the economy and RWT's inability to raise additional capital resulted in the termination of all its employees, except the Chief Executive Officer and several contract employees. RWT substantially shut down its operations during December 2002. The Ford investment was subsequently purchased by us and the shares were retired.

## Activities of Hy-Tech Prior to the Merger with RWT

We were previously named Hy Tech Technology Group, Inc. and had as our sole operating activities our wholly owned operating subsidiary Hy Tech Computer Systems, Inc. (HTCS). On August 25, 2004, Hy Tech completed the reverse acquisition into RWT in which RWT was deemed to be the "accounting acquirer." Simultaneously, Hy Tech sold its Hy-Tech Computer Systems, Inc. subsidiary and discontinued its computer systems sales and services business. Prior to these transactions, Hy-Tech changed its name to Innova Holdings, Inc.

In January 31, 2003, HTCS completed a reverse acquisition into SRM Networks, an Internet service provider and web hosting business, in which HTCS was deemed the "accounting acquirer." SRM Networks, Inc., a Nevada corporation, was incorporated on June 8, 2001 and as part of the reverse merger agreement changed its state of incorporation to Delaware. In connection with the transaction, SRM Networks, Inc. changed its name to Hy-Tech Technology Group, Inc. and HTCS discontinued SRM Network's Internet business.

HTCS was formed in 1992 in Fort Myers, Florida as a supplier to the information technology business. From 1992 through 2002, HTCS was a leading custom systems builder and authorized distributor of the world's leading computer system and components. The products sold by HTCS were "Hy-Tech" branded computer systems - desktops, notebooks and servers, computer components and peripherals, computer storage products; computer operating systems and office software; Compaq computer systems - desktop and servers; computer service; and computer warranty work. At the end of 2003, as a result of substantial losses, the management of HTCS concluded that the then existing business was not viable, and initiated the changes necessary to closing its stores, laying off employees and transferring all business to e-commerce. Negotiations were initiated to acquire RWT and to divest the old HTCS business, which was accomplished in August 2004. As a result, we are no longer actively selling any of the HTCS products.

On April 29, 2003, Hy Tech entered into an agreement called an "option to purchase" with SunTrust Bank under which Hy Tech agreed to settle all pending litigation and satisfy all judgments obtained against the HTCS subsidiary by SunTrust Bank. Hy Tech agreed to pay a total of \$1.5 million by August 28, 2003 in full settlement of all of SunTrust's claims of approximately \$3.7 million. Under the terms of the Settlement Agreement, Hy Tech delivered \$1.0 million dollars to SunTrust on April 29, 2003. This \$1.0 million represents all of the proceeds of the sale of the Convertible Debenture described below. Hy Tech also agreed to pay SunTrust three installments of \$65,000 each in June 2003, July 2003, and August 2003, and the balance of \$305,000 on or before August 28, 2003. Hy Tech used part of the proceeds from the Factoring Line of Credit to pay the August 28, 2003 installment of \$305,000 due to SunTrust Bank, and all other amounts were paid. As a result of this settlement, Hy Tech obtained the ownership of the Sun Trust judgment, per the Settlement Agreement.

On April 22, 2003, Hy Tech entered into an Advisory Agreement with Altos Bancorp Inc. pursuant to which Altos agreed to act as our exclusive business advisor for a one-year period. Martin Nielson was President of Altos and subsequently became Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Hy Tech. Altos advised Hy Tech regarding equity and debt financings, strategic planning, mergers and acquisitions, and business developments.

In conjunction with the decision to proceed with the RWT acquisition, the agreement with Altos was concluded. Altos did not receive any cash compensation for its services rendered, but received 16,133,333 shares of our common stock.

On April 28, 2003, a merger between Hy Tech and Sanjay Haryama ("SH"), a Wyoming corporation, was effected. The merger was based upon an Agreement and Plan of Merger dated April 28, 2003 among the parties. Pursuant to the merger (i) SH was merged with and into Hy Tech; (ii) the SH shareholder exchanged 1,000 shares of common stock of SH, constituting all of the issued and outstanding capital stock of SH, for an aggregate of 1,000 shares of Hy Tech's restricted common stock; and (iii) SH's separate corporate existence terminated. The SH shareholder was Coachworks Auto Leasing, which is wholly owned by Jehu Hand. The determination of the number of shares of Hy Tech's stock to be exchanged for the SH shares was based upon arms' length negotiations between the parties.

Prior to the merger, SH completed a \$1,000,000 financing transaction pursuant to Rule 504 of Regulation D of the General Rules and Regulations under the Securities Act of 1933 as amended pursuant to a Convertible Debenture Purchase Agreement dated April 21, 2003 between SH and an accredited Colorado investor. In connection therewith, SH sold a 1% 1,000,000 Convertible Debenture due April 20, 2008 (the "SH Debenture") to the investor. The unpaid principal amount of the SH Debenture was convertible into unrestricted shares of SH common stock to be held in escrow pending the repayment or conversion of the SH Debenture. Pursuant to the merger, Hy Tech assumed all obligations of SH under the SH Debenture and issued the holder thereof its 1% \$1,000,000 Convertible Debenture due April 28, 2008 in exchange for the SH Debenture. The material terms of the convertible debenture were identical to the terms of the SH Debenture except that the unpaid principal amount of the convertible debenture was convertible into unrestricted shares of Hy Tech's common stock. The per share conversion price for the convertible debenture in effect on any conversion date was the lesser of (a) \$0.35 or one-hundred twenty-five percent (125%) of the average of the closing bid prices per share of Hy Tech's common stock during the five (5) trading days immediately preceding April 29, 2003 or (b) one hundred percent (100%) of the average of the three (3) lowest closing bid prices per share of Hy Tech's common stock during the forty (40) trading days immediately preceding the date on which the holder of the convertible debenture provides the escrow agent with a notice of conversion. The number of shares of Hy Tech's common stock issuable upon conversion was also subject to anti-dilution provisions. The investor's right to convert the convertible debenture was subject to the limitation that the Investor may not at any time own more than 4.99% of the outstanding Common Stock of Hy Tech, unless Hy Tech was in default of any provision of the convertible debenture or the investor gives seventy five (75) days advance notice of its intent to exceed the limitation.

Between the date of the merger and the end of November 2003, the convertible debenture was fully converted to Hy Tech's common stock.

We received a subpoena from the SEC dated May 10, 2005 relating to an investigation of trading in certain OTC stocks, including our common stock. The subpoena sought documents relating to the merger and financing transactions entered into by us in April 2003. We believe we provided all information requested under the subpoena promptly in 2005. We are not able to predict what actions, if any, the SEC may take against us as a result of the investigation.

On April 28, 2003, Hy Tech announced it had entered into a financing transaction in which it had received a firm commitment from a private equity fund for the purchase of a \$750,000 convertible debenture from Hy Tech. The debenture was not closed and Hy Tech arranged for alternative financing under a Factoring Line of Credit with Platinum Funding Corporation.

In May 2003, Martin Nielson assumed full time responsibilities as Chief Executive Officer, brought new investors to the company, and was chartered to transform Hy Tech away from being a custom systems builder. During the fiscal year, Hy Tech took steps necessary to design the new business strategy and commenced the implementation of this strategy, which also included growth by acquisition.

Concurrent with the steps taken, Hy Tech aggressively pursued new financing from debt and equity sources to increase working capital, further reduce liabilities, and to help negotiate acquisitions to provide a platform for growth.

At the same time and due to the substantial requirement for capital to keep inventory in multiple outlets and to finance receivables, Hy Tech faced significant challenges to produce an adequate return on investment from HTCS. Hy Tech restructured operations by shifting its sales operations to an online store operated by a third party. This change was important. It was much more cost effective and far less capital intensive. HTCS eliminated the overhead of the local wholesale outlets, and all local costs became variable. Key employees in the local operations were offered positions with the contracting company, yet HTCS retained benefit of the sales as part of the deal.

In February 2004, Hy Tech announced its planned changes that included its planned acquisition of Robotic Workspace Technologies (RWT) and the intended divestiture of HTCS. Such changes were in keeping with Hy Tech's new plan to grow by acquisitions, to differentiate itself by adding unique technologies, by converting to e-commerce selling and distribution techniques and by adding complementary, higher margin services.

Effective July 29, 2004, Hy Tech changed its name to Innova Holdings, Inc. from Hy-Tech Technology Group, Inc. Hy Tech's trading symbol changed to "IVHG". Simultaneously with the name change, Hy Tech increased its authorized capitalization from 101,000,000 shares, consisting of 100,000,000 shares of common stock, \$.001 par value and 1,000,000 shares of preferred stock, \$.001 par value to 910,000,000 shares, consisting of 900,000,000 shares of common stock, \$.001 par value and 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock, \$.001 par value.

On July 21, 2004, Hy Tech entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger with Robotic Workspace Technologies, Inc. ("RWT"). This transaction closed on August 25, 2004. The agreement provided that RWT Acquisition, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of Hy Tech, will merge into RWT, with RWT continuing as the surviving corporation. RWT became a wholly owned subsidiary of Hy Tech. The shareholders of RWT were issued an aggregate of 280,000,000 shares of Hy Tech's common stock as consideration for the merger. RWT's outstanding options were converted into options to acquire Hy Tech common stock at the same exchange ratio at which the RWT shareholders received Hy Tech common stock. For financial reporting purposes this transaction was treated as an acquisition of Innova and a recapitalization of RWT using the purchase method of accounting. RWT's historical financial statements replaced Innova's for SEC reporting purposes. As part of the agreement, the Company agreed to indemnify the directors of the Company from certain liabilities that were in existence on the date of closing of the sale, which management believes may apply to a maximum of approximately \$500,000 of debt. If the Company issues shares of its common stock or pays cash to settle any of this debt, it shall issue an equal number of common shares to the former RWT shareholders, in proportion to their RWT share holdings.

The determination of the number of shares of Hy Tech common stock exchanged for the RWT common stock was determined in arms length negotiations between the Boards of Directors of Hy Tech and RWT. The negotiations took into account the value of RWT's financial position, results of operations, products, prospects and other factors relating to RWT's business. At the time of the execution of the agreement, there were no material relationships between RWT and Hy Tech or any of its affiliates, any director, or officer of Hy Tech, or any associate of any such officer or director.

On June 23, 2004, Hy Tech entered into and simultaneously closed an Agreement with Encompass Group Affiliates, Inc. pursuant to which Hy Tech granted to Encompass exclusive, worldwide, royalty free, fully paid up, perpetual and irrevocable licenses to use Hy Tech's customer list for its computer and systems related products and its related websites. Hy Tech also assigned to Encompass Hy Tech's rights to enter into acquisitions with Cyber-Test, Inc., BCD 2000, Inc. and Pacific Magtron International, Inc. Hy Tech agreed for a five year period commencing on the closing not to compete with Encompass (i) in the business of the marketing, sale, integration, distribution or repair of computer systems, components, equipment or peripherals, and any related consulting work, and (ii) conducting any business of a nature (A) engaged in by Encompass or its subsidiaries or (B) engaged in by Hy Tech at the time of closing, or (C) engaged in by any of BCD 2000, Inc., Cyber Test, Inc. or Pacific Magtron International Corp. at the time the stock or assets of which are acquired by Encompass. For (i) a period of three (3) months following the closing, Hy Tech is permitted to sell, in the ordinary course of its business, any inventory not sold on or prior to the

closing and (ii) so long as RWT is engaged solely in the business of developing or acquiring proprietary computer technology within the robotics field, Hy Tech will be permitted to engage in this business.

Encompass hired Martin Nielson, who had been Hy Tech's Chief Executive Officer, as an Executive Officer. Mr. Nielson will continue to serve on Hy Tech's board of directors and resigned as Hy Tech's Chief Executive Officer.

In consideration for the transaction, Encompass assumed all of Hy Tech's obligations under certain convertible debentures in the aggregate principal amount of \$503,300. The holders of the convertible debentures released Hy Tech from all claims arising under the convertible debentures.

The determination of the consideration in the Encompass transaction was determined in arms length negotiations between the Boards of Directors of Hy Tech and Encompass. The negotiations took into account the value of the assets sold to Encompass and the consideration received. At the time of the transaction, there were no material relationships between Encompass and Hy Tech or any of its affiliates, any director, or officer of Hy Tech, or any associate of any such officer or director.

On June 23, 2004, immediately after the closing of the transaction with Encompass, Hy-Tech entered into a private placement of 125,000 shares of its Series A Preferred Stock for an aggregate issue price of \$125,000 with the holders of the convertible debentures. Each share of the Series A Preferred Stock (i) pays a dividend of 5%, payable at the discretion of Hy-Tech in cash or common stock, (ii) is convertible into the number of shares of common stock equal to \$1.00 divided by a conversion price equal to the lesser of 75% of the average closing bid price of Hy-Tech's common stock over the twenty trading days preceding conversion or \$0.005, (iii) has a liquidation preference of \$1.00 per share, (iv) must be redeemed by Hy-Tech five years after issuance at \$1.00 per share plus accrued and unpaid dividends, (v) may be redeemed by Hy Tech at any time for \$1.30 per share plus accrued and unpaid dividends, (vi) grants rights to acquire one share of Common Stock for each share of Common Stock issued on conversion at a price per share equal to the average of the closing price of the common stock on the five business days preceding the date of conversion for a period of one year from the date of conversion and, (vii) has no voting rights except when mandated by Delaware law.

In the event that Hy Tech has not (a) completed the merger with RWT and (2) RWT has not raised \$500,000 in new capital by August 27, 2004, then each of the holders of the Series A Preferred Stock may elect to convert their shares into:

- (a) a demand note payable by Hy Tech in the principal amount equal to the purchase price of the Series A Preferred Stock plus accrued and unpaid dividends, with interest at the rate of ten percent (10%) until paid in full and
- (b) warrants to purchase 2,500,000 shares of Hy Tech's common stock at an exercise price of \$.005 per share, with a term of two (2) years' from the date of issuance, and standard anti-dilution provisions regarding stock splits, recapitalizations and mergers, for each \$25,000 of Series A Preferred Stock purchased.

On August 18, 2004 we entered into an agreement with Aegis Funds, Inc (AFI) to sell all of the issued and outstanding capital stock of HTCS to AFI. The sale of HTCS to AFI closed on August 25, 2004. At the closing date, for and in consideration for the transfer to AFI of the HTCS common stock, AFI became the record and beneficial owner of the HTCS common stock, we transferred as directed by AFI and for the benefit of HTCS the sum of fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) in good funds, and the judgment of Sun Trust Bank against HTCS was transferred to AFI free of all claims and liens. AFI is controlled by Gary McNear and Craig Conklin, who are directors of the Company. The transaction was approved by the member of the board of directors who had no interest in the transaction.

#### **Trademarks and Patents**

We have the following trademarks and patents:

RWT(TM)

	Universal Robot Controller(TM)
	URC(TM)
	RobotScript(R)
	TeachPoint File Creator(TM)
	Gatekeeper(TM)
	ControlScript(TM)
	CMMScript(TM)
28	

MediScript(TM)

Robotic Artists(TM)

Service Robots(TM) SM

CoroWare<sup>TM</sup>

CoroBot(TM pending)

#### **RWT Patents**

First Patent number 6,442,451 - awarded September 5, 2002 - Versatile robot control system - Abstract - An improved, versatile robot control system comprises a general purpose computer with a general purpose operating system in electronic communication with a real-time computer subsystem. The general-purpose computer includes a program execution module to selectively start and stop processing of a program of robot instructions and to generate a plurality of robot move commands. The real-time computer subsystem includes a move command data buffer for storing the plurality of move commands, a robot move module linked to the data buffer for sequentially processing the moves and calculating a required position for a robot mechanical joint. The real-time computer subsystem also includes a dynamic control algorithm in software communication with the move module to repeatedly calculate a required actuator activation signal from a robot joint position feedback signal.

Second Patent number 6,675,070 - awarded April 5, 2004 - Automation equipment control system Abstract - An automation equipment control system comprises a general-purpose computer with a general-purpose operating system in electronic communication with a real-time computer subsystem. The general-purpose computer includes a program execution module to selectively start and stop processing of a program of equipment instructions and to generate a plurality of move commands. The real-time computer subsystem includes a move command data buffer for storing the plurality of move commands, a move module linked to the data buffer for sequentially processing the moves and calculating a required position for a mechanical joint. The real-time computer subsystem also includes a dynamic control algorithm in software communication with the move module to repeatedly calculate a required actuator activation signal from a joint position feedback signal.

Third Patent number 6,922,611 - awarded July 26, 2005 - Each of RWT's patents pertains to RWT's versatile PC control system suitable for controlling robots of various electromechanical configurations, other automation equipment, and its common programmer/operator interface.

# **Research and Development**

There was approximately \$43,000 and \$340,930 spent on R&D during 2005 and 2006 respectively, primarily to enhance the functionality of our software and control systems. In addition, approximately \$65,175 was spent on R&D during the six months ended June 30, 2007.

#### **Contracts**

We entered into contracts with three independent contractors, B. Smith Holdings, Inc. and Stratex Solutions, LLC (Stratex). The contract with B. Smith, which became effective January 14, 2005, is for business development, sales, and marketing services, is for a term of five years, and is automatically renewable annually thereafter unless terminated by either party by giving written notice of no less than 30 days. Under the terms of the contract, we will pay B. Smith a monthly engagement fee of \$10,000 provided certain sales and other objectives are met, a commission on such sales, stock options equal to 1% of the common stock outstanding on a fully dilutive basis vesting over a three year period, reimbursement of approved expenses, and a one-time payment of 6 million shares of common stock. The monthly fee is payable in cash or common stock at our option; if common stock, the price per share shall be \$.05 for the two weeks ended January 31, 2005 and thereafter at the closing bid price on the fifteenth day of the calendar month, or the closest trading day, for which such fee is earned. B. Smith has agreed to keep all inventions, trade secrets and other information about us confidential and to not compete with us during the term of the agreement and for one year thereafter. This contract was terminated as of August 1, 2005.

The contract with Stratex, effective December 15, 2004, is for certain business planning, financial and accounting services and is for a term of five years which is automatically renewable annually thereafter unless terminated by either party by giving written notice of no less than 30 days. Under the terms of the contract, we will pay Stratex \$10,000 monthly for the first 6 months and \$15,000 monthly thereafter, provided certain stipulated objectives are met. We shall have the option to pay Stratex in either cash or common stock; if common stock, the price per share shall be \$.05 through December 15, 2005 and thereafter at the closing bid price on the first trading day of the calendar month for which such fee is earned. Additionally, we will grant to Stratex stock options equal to 2% of the common stock outstanding on a fully dilutive basis vesting over a three-year period and reimbursement of approved expenses. If the agreement with Stratex is terminated without just cause or if there is a change of ownership of our company or any of our subsidiaries, then all remaining unexercised outstanding stock options shall immediately vest to the benefit of Stratex. Stratex is also eligible for incentive fees as determined by the board of directors. If the agreement with Stratex is terminated without just cause, Stratex will receive a payment equal to twenty-four months of the full monthly fee payable to Stratex immediately prior to the termination. Stratex has agreed to keep all inventions, trade secrets and other information about us confidential and to not compete with us during the term of the agreement and for one year thereafter. Eugene V. Gartlan, President of Stratex, was employed by us on June 14, 2005 as the Chief Financial Officer and the contract with Stratex was simultaneously terminated with no termination fee required.

On August 2, 2006, we entered into a contract with The Ashcroft Group (Consultant) for strategic advisory consulting services relative to the Innova Robotics subsidiary's targeted markets to protecting our interests, marketing our products to our targeted service robotic markets including healthcare, homeland security, military, first responders and the intelligence community, and other markets as robotics evolves into general consumer and added industrial product lines; additionally, Consultant will assist us in protecting our assets and holdings. The Ashcroft Group and we further agreed that John Ashcroft would become the Chairman of our Board of Advisors. In consideration of such services to be rendered and for serving on our Board of Advisors, we agreed to compensate the Consultant with a monthly cash payment of \$10,000 and with 2,000,000 shares of our restricted common stock, and warrants to purchase up to an additional 2,000,000 shares of our common stock at a price of \$0.15 per share, if through Consultant's direct efforts and introductions our sales (including the Company's subsidiaries' sales) are increased by the direct efforts of Consultant in accordance with the following schedule:

- (a) Warrants to purchase 1,000,000 shares if through the Consultant's direct efforts and introductions, our sales (including its subsidiaries' sales) are increased by \$5,000,000.
- (b) Warrants to purchase an additional 1,000,000 shares if through the Consultant's direct efforts and introductions, our sales (including its subsidiaries' sales) are increased by an additional \$10,000,000 for a total increase of Fifteen Million Dollars in sales.

The Company has a one year employment contract with Mr. Weisel pursuant to which Mr. Weisel, shall at the discretion of the Corporation's Board of Directors serve as the Chairman of the Corporation and the President of two of its subsidiaries, Robotic Workspace Technologies, Inc. and Innova Robotics, Inc. Mr. Weisel is guaranteed a one year salary of \$150,000 unless he voluntarily terminates his employment. Mr. Weisel is also entitled to a bonus equal to five percent of any licensing fees he obtains for the licensing of RWT's patents.

#### **Employees**

As of October 30, 2007, we have a total of thirty seven full time employees and several independent contractors providing services. None of our employees are covered by the by collective bargaining agreements. We believe that our relations with our employees are good. Included in our employee count are employees of our CoroWare subsidiary which had a total of thirty five (35) full time employees, two hourly employees and several independent contractors providing services.

#### **DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY**

On May 15, 2005 we leased 4,000 square feet of space at 15870 Pine Ridge Road, Ft Myers, Florida which will be used for primary operations. The lease is with Gulf To Bay Construction, Inc., with monthly payments of \$3,639 through June 1, 2010. The lease has five (5) successive renewal options each for a period of two (2) years. The rent will increase annually by 3%. The space is the location of the Company's Research, Design and Engineering center as well as office space for up to fifteen (15) employees.

On June 15, 2005 we entered into a month-to-month lease with Bola Industries, LLC for approximately 4,000 square feet of production space located at 30946 Industrial Road, Livonia Michigan. The lease expired on March 31, 2006. The rent was \$3,775 monthly and included all utilities, use of all equipment on site including certain heavy equipment, and use of internet service.

On May 5, 2006 we leased 1,400 square feet of space at 4074 148<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Redmond, Washington, which will be used as the primary location for CoroWare. The lease was with the Yett Family Partnership, LP, with monthly payments of \$1,944 through May 31, 2007. We subsequently entered into a lease with PS Business Park at the same

location beginning on June 1, 2007 for a period of three (3) years. The rent will increase annually by 3%. The space is the location of CoroWare's headquarters and consists of office and warehouse space for its employees.

Rental expense for the operating leases for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005 was \$90,383 and \$51,035, respectively.

Future minimum rentals on non-cancelable leases are as follows:

December 31,	
2007	\$ 66,767
2008	67,846 68,412
2009	68,412
2010	43,179
2011	-
	\$ 246 204

#### **LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

There are no lawsuits against us as of March 31, 2007. There are no material proceedings to which any director, officer or affiliate of the Company, any owner of record or beneficially of more than 5% of the common stock of the Company is a party adverse to us.

On February 23, 2007, RWT entered into a Settlement Agreement dated as of February 20, 2007 with ABB, Inc. and ABB Automation Technologies AB in which ABB agreed to make a settlement payment to RWT in the amount of \$2,925,000 no later than March 2, 2007 in exchange for RWT filing a Stipulation of Dismissal with the Court to dismiss the Action with prejudice. In addition, the parties agreed to forever settle, resolve and dispose of all claims, demands and causes of action asserted, existing or claimed to exist between the parties because of or in any way related to the Action.

We received a subpoena from the SEC dated May 10, 2005 relating to an investigation of trading in certain OTC stocks, including our common stock. The subpoena sought documents relating to the merger and financing transactions entered into by us in April 2003. We believe we provided all information requested under the subpoena promptly in 2005. We are not able to predict what actions, if any, the SEC may take against us as a result of the investigation.

#### DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

#### **Directors and Executive Officers**

The following table sets forth information regarding our executive officers, senior managers and directors as of October 30, 2007:

Name	Age	Position
Eugene V. Gartlan	62	Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Executive Director of Strategic Development, and Director
Walter K. Weisel	66	Chairman of the Board and Director, Previously Chief Executive Officer and Director
Martin Nielson	55	Previously Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board of Directors; Director
Gary F. McNear	62	Director; Previously C F O, Vice President, and Secretary
Craig W. Conklin	57	

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		Director; Previously Chief Operating Officer and Vice President
Rick Wynns	61	Director
Sheri Aws	46	Vice President and Secretary
John Kroon	67	Director
Charles H. House	66	Director
Lloyd Spencer	51	Director, Vice President - Business Development
32		

The principal occupations for the past five years of each of our executive officers and directors are as follows:

**EUGENE GARTLAN** was appointed Chief Executive Officer by the Board of Directors on August 21, 2007. Mr. Gartlan served as a consultant to the Company since December 15, 2004 through his wholly owned company, Stratex Solutions, LLC ("Stratex"), a business consulting firm. Stratex earned 1,200,000 shares of the Company's common stock and received reimbursement of business expenses of approximately \$12,000 as consideration for these consulting services. Mr. Gartlan served as the President of Stratex since June 2003. Stratex's compensation was based on a monthly salary of \$10,000, payable in cash or common stock of the Company at the option of the Company. The price per share used to determine the number of shares earned if stock was paid was \$.05 per share, the stock price on the date the Company and Stratex entered into the consulting agreement. No cash salary has been paid to Stratex. From June 2005 through December 2006, Mr. Gartlan served as CFO of the Company. From June 2000 through June 2003 Mr. Gartlan was a self employed business consultant doing business under the name CFO Strategies and E. V. Gartlan. From June 2000 to June 2003, Mr. Gartlan was also an independent contractor with Whitestone Communications, Inc. serving in the capacity as a Managing Director of this investment banking firm specializing in mergers and acquisitions in the publishing industry. Mr. Gartlan's prior experience include positions as Chief Financial Officer of The Thomson Corporation's Information Publishing Group, Chief Financial Officer with Moody's Investors Service, Chief Financial Officer with International Data Group as well as several top financial management positions with The Dun & Bradstreet Corporation. Mr. Gartlan worked with Price Waterhouse earlier in his career and is a CPA in New York.

WALTER K. WEISEL is our Chairman and was the Chief Executive Officer since August 25, 2004, the date the merger closed between us and RWT. He resigned as Chief Executive Officer effective August 21, 2007. With over thirty year's experience, Mr. Weisel is recognized as a pioneer and leader in the robotics industry. An original founding member of the Robotic Industries Association (RIA), the U.S. robot manufacturers' trade association, Mr. Weisel served three terms as President. He served on the RIA Board of Directors and Executive Committee and, as a spokesperson for the industry, served as an advisor to members of the U.S. Trade Commission and the U.S. Department of Commerce. Mr. Weisel was a founding member of Robotics International (RI), a member society dedicated to the advancement of robotic technology. During his term as President the membership grew to over 16,000 members. In 1992 Mr. Weisel was awarded the Joseph F. Engelberger Award, which recognizes the most significant contribution to the advancement of robotics and automation in the service of mankind. Each year nominations are received from 26 nations worldwide. This award has been presented since 1977.

Mr. Weisel has a long record of advancing technology and growing companies that develop and commercialize technology. Mr. Weisel served 13 years with Prab Robots, Inc. as Chief Executive Officer, President, and Chief Operating Officer. During his tenure, Prab Robots, Inc. was transformed into an international organization and leader in the fields of industrial robots and automation. While under his direction, Prab Robots, Inc. was taken public in an Initial Public Offering and Unimation, Inc. and several other companies in the U.S. and Europe were acquired. By 1990, Prab Robots, Inc. was responsible for the largest installed base of robots in North America and had developed a very successful robot retrofit business with customers such as General Motors, Ford, and Chrysler. Mr. Weisel has served as Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of RWT since its incorporation in 1994, and continues to serve in that capacity.

The Company has a one year employment contract with Mr. Weisel pursuant to which Mr. Weisel, shall at the discretion of the Corporation's Board of Directors serve as the Chairman of the Corporation and the President of two of its subsidiaries, Robotic Workspace Technologies, Inc. and Innova Robotics, Inc. Mr. Weisel is guaranteed a one year salary of \$150,000 unless he voluntarily terminates his employment. Mr. Weisel is also entitled to a bonus equal to five percent of any licensing fees he obtains for the licensing of RWT's patents.

**MARTIN NIELSON** was our Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board of Directors since May 2003. He resigned effective June 1, 2004. Mr. Nielson was a principal of Altos Bancorp, Inc., serving as its Chairman and Chief

Executive Officer since November 2002. He is presently president of Global Electronics Recovery, Inc., a partner in Altos-Blumberg Partners, LLC, and a director of Maxus Technology Corporation. He previously served as Chief Executive Officer and director of Inclusion Inc. since September, 2000. Mr. Nielson and Altos were instrumental in assisting us in the negotiations that led to our settlement of its litigation with SunTrust Bank and in securing the financing that funded that settlement. Mr. Nielson will continue as a director of our Company. Mr. Nielson is a senior executive with extensive experience in operations and finance. He has been a business builder for 30 years with such companies as Gap, Businessland, and Corporate Express.

Altos, which was an outgrowth of Nielson's M&A practice during his ten years in London was engaged in providing investment banking and business development services to growth oriented, emerging companies throughout the United States and Europe. Altos was retained by the Company to act as its business advisor, but that contract was concluded to coincide with the acquisition of RWT.

GARY F. MCNEAR was the Chief Financial Officer, Vice President and Secretary since May 2003 through August 25, 2004, and a Director since May 2003. From January 2003, through May 2003 he served as Chief Executive Officer and Director of our company. Mr. McNear has served as the Chief Executive Officer, Chairman of the Board, and Treasurer of Hy-Tech Computer Systems(HTCS) since HTCS's inception in November 1992, and was a founding shareholder. Mr. McNear has also served as Secretary of HTCS since March 2001. HTCS acquired us in a reverse acquisition in January 2003. Mr. McNear's duties included banking relationships, cash management, and financial reporting. Mr. McNear's formal education is in Industrial Administration at Iowa State University. Mr. McNear is a former officer and pilot in the U.S. Air Force, and a former airline pilot.

**CRAIG W. CONKLIN** was the Chief Operating Officer and Vice President since May 2003 through August 25, 2004, and a Director since May 2003. From January 2003 through May 2003, he served as President and Director of our company. Mr. Conklin has served as President and Director of HTCS since HTCS's inception in November 1992, and was a founding shareholder. HTCS acquired us in a reverse acquisition in January 2003. Mr. Conklin's duties included marketing and operations of our company. Mr. Conklin holds a B.S. in engineering from the Dartmouth College, and an MBA from the Amos Tuck School of business. Mr. Conklin was formerly employed by Owens-Corning Fiberglas, Inc. and he successfully operated and sold Golf & Electric Carriages, Inc., a local distributorship for Club Car Golf Carts.

RICK WYNNS is a successful businessman, owning one of the most flourishing State Farm Insurance Agencies in the country for 26 years. Currently his business has over 5,000 households as customers, representing nearly 12,000 accounts, all of this from a customer base of virtually nothing at the start of his insurance career. This was accomplished by excellent sales and marketing skills, both direct and telephone. Mr. Wynns graduated from the University of South Florida with a Bachelor of Science degree.

SHERI AWS was appointed Secretary of our company on September 14, 2004. Ms. Aws has served as Vice President of Administration of RWT, the Company's wholly owned subsidiary, since February 2004. Prior to that, Ms. Aws served as Executive Administrator, General Mortgage Corporation of America, from August 24, 2003 to February 2004; Director of Just for Kids, an after school and summer camp program for children, from December 2002 to August 2003; Assistant to the Chief Executive Officer of RWT from December 2002 through February 2004; and Administrative Assistant to Vice President of Marketing and Sales and Manager of Proposals and Contracts Administration for RWT.

CHARLES H. HOUSE was appointed as a director of Innova Robotics & Automation, Inc. on January 17, 2007. Since November, 2006, Mr. House has been the Executive Director of the Media X program in the Division of Research at Stanford University. From 2001 until October 2006, Mr. House served as Director, Virtual Collaboratory, IT Research for Intel Corporation. Mr. House has been Chairman of TII Networks (NASDAQ: TII) since December 2005, and a director since December 2003. Mr. House also served as Chairman of Applied Microsystems (NASDAQ: APPC) until it was acquired in 2003.

**DR. JOHN KROON** was appointed as a director of Innova Robotics & Automation, Inc. on April 30, 2007. Dr. John Kroon, 67, worked for GE from 1984 to 2001, serving in various senior management roles in Europe and North America. Among the positions he held was President of GE/Reuter-Stokes in Twinsburg, Ohio and European President of GE Fanuc, a world renowned automation company and a JV between GE and Fanuc, and most recently Vice President of Strategic Planning and Business Development for GE Fanuc North America. From 2002 to June 2004, Dr. Kroon served as President and CEO of ImageGuide Inc., a medical device company focused on commercializing an image guided robotic needle driver for biopsy and ablation procedures. He was also a member of the Board of Directors of Innova's RWT subsidiary. Dr. Kroon received his Bachelor of Science, M.Sc. and Ph.D. degrees in Nuclear Physics from the University of Ottawa in Canada.

**LLOYD SPENCER** was appointed as a director of Innova Robotics & Automation, Inc. on September 27, 2007. From September 1, 2004 to the present, Mr. Spencer has served as the President and CEO of Coroware, Inc., which we acquired in May 2006. Prior to joining Coroware, Mr. Spencer served as the Vice President of Sales of eQuest Technologies (merged into Planet Technologies in May 2004) from September 2002 to August 2004. From November 1996 through September 2002, Mr Spencer served as a Solutions Unit Manager for Microsoft Corporation. Prior to Microsoft, Lloyd was Assistant Vice President and Business Sector Manager at Newbridge Networks in Ottawa, Ontario, where he directed the development of innovative embedded systems solutions for telecommunications.

#### **Board of Directors Committees**

Our Board of Directors is responsible for establishing broad corporate policies and for overseeing our overall management. In addition to considering various matters which require Board approval, the Board provides advice and counsel to, and ultimately monitors the performance of, our senior management.

We have a standing Audit Committee, a Compensation Committee, a Nominating Committee and a Technology Committee of the board of directors. Our committees are comprised of the following directors:

#### **Audit**

Martin Nielson - Chair Gary McNear Chuck House Rick Wynns

#### **Compensation**

Gene Gartlan - Chair Chuck House Martin Nielson Craig Conklin

#### **Nominating**

Gene Gartlan - Chair Chuck House Craig Conklin Martin Nielson Rick Wynns

#### **Technology**

Chuck House - Chair Craig Conklin Martin Nielson

Messrs. Weisel, Gartlan, Nielson, Conklin, Spencer and McNear are not considered independent directors as defined by any national securities exchange registered pursuant to Section 6(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 or by any national securities association registered pursuant to Section 15A(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

The Board and our management strive to perform and fulfill their respective duties and obligations in a responsible and ethical manner. The Board performs annual self-evaluations.

#### COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 16(a) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT

Under the Exchange Act, our directors, executive officers, and any persons holding more than 10% of our common stock are required to report their ownership of the common stock and any changes in that ownership to the Commission. Specific due dates for these reports have been established and we are required to report in this Proxy Statement any failure to file by these dates during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006. All of these filing requirements were satisfied by our directors, officers and 10% holders. In making these statements, we have relied on the written representations of our directors, officers and our 10% holders and copies of the reports that they have filed with the Commission.

# **Family Relationships**

There are no family relationships among our executive officers and directors.

# **Legal Proceedings**

There are no orders, judgments, or decrees of any governmental agency or administrator, or of any court of competent jurisdiction, revoking or suspending for cause any license, permit or other authority to engage in the securities business or in the sale of a particular security or temporarily or permanently restraining any of our officers or directors from engaging in or continuing any conduct, practice or employment in connection with the purchase or sale of securities, or convicting such person of any felony or misdemeanor involving a security, or any aspect of the securities business or of theft or of any felony or any conviction in a criminal proceeding or being subject to a pending criminal proceeding.

#### **DIRECTOR COMPENSATION**

The compensation of our Board of Directors, which is all paid in restricted shares of the common stock of the Company and does not include any cash compensation for Board member of Committee member activities, is as follows:

Annual fee for outside Board membership and meeting attendance - restricted common stock valued at \$25,000

Annual fee for audit committee chair - restricted common stock valued at \$8,000

Annual fee for compensation, nominating and other restricted common stock valued at \$6,500

Annual fee for committee membership - restricted common stock valued at \$5,000

Options awarded in January valued at closing price on grant date - options for shares valued at \$50,000

All restricted common stock is allocated at beginning of year based on January's 30 day volume weighted average closing price and delivered to board members monthly as earned by attendance, either by phone or in person. New directors receive restricted common stock valued at \$130,000, which vests ratably equally over 24 months.

We have not paid and do not presently propose to pay cash compensation to any director for acting in such capacity. However, we will give the directors a grant of shares of restricted common stock or options and reimbursement for reasonable out-of-pocket expenses for attending meetings. In December 2004 and in March 2006, we awarded each director 500,000 options in each year for services as a director, each with an exercise price of \$.10 per share and a term of ten years. In addition, Mr. Weisel received 1,500,000 options in April 2005 for services as Chief Executive Officer. Originally these options had an exercise price of \$.17 per share but were modified in March 2006 to have an exercise price of \$.10 per share. These options have a term of ten years and expire in April 2015. In April 2007 each director who served during 2006, Messrs. Nielsen, McNear, Conklin and Wynns, were each awarded options for 500,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$0.11 per share, expiring in ten years and vesting ratably over three years. Each current outside director, Messrs. Nielsen, McNear, Conklin, Wynns, House and Kroon, each received for their service as a director for 2007 options for 454,545 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$.011 per share, expiring in ten years and vesting ratably over three years.

#### **Code of Ethics**

We have adopted a Code of Ethics that applies to the Company's principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer and other employees performing similar functions. The Code of Ethics filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission as part of the Company's report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2004 is being updated in 2007 for recent changes.

#### **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

The table set forth below summarizes the annual and long-term compensation for services payable to our executive officers during the years ending December 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005.

#### **Summary Compensation Table**

					Restricted		
Name & Position	Year	Salary	Bonus	Other	Stock Options	LTIP	All Other
Walter K. Weisel,							
Chairman and CEO	2006 \$	150,000	-	-	500,000		- \$ 69,000
(see note 1 and 2 below)	2005	150,000	-	-	1,500,000		-
Eugene V. Gartlan							
Chief Financial Officer	2006 \$	180,000 \$	50,000	-	-		- \$ 12,000
(see Note 3 below)	2005	-	-	-	1,200,000	1,800,00	0

Note 1. Walter K. Weisel has served as our Chairman and CEO since August 25, 2004, the date the merger between the Company and RWT closed. During 2005, Mr. Weisel was reimbursed for expenses incurred over the prior three years in an amount of \$69,100.

Note 2. During 2003, 2004 and 2005 Walter K. Weisel did not received any cash compensation. The amounts owed to Mr. Weisel remain accrued by the Company as of December 31, 2006.

Note 3. Eugene V. Gartlan did not receive any cash compensation in 2005. Mr. Gartlan served as a consultant to the company since December 15, 2004 through his wholly owned company, Stratex Solutions, LLC ("Stratex"), a business consulting firm. Stratex earned 1,200,000 shares of the Company's common stock and received reimbursement of business expenses of approximately \$12,000 as consideration for these consulting services. Additionally, on December 15, 2004 Stratex received 1,212,128 options at an exercise price of \$0.05 per share with a term of ten years, expiring in December 2014. On June 30, 2005, the Company and Mr. Gartlan entered into an Employment Agreement effective as of June 14, 2005. For all the services to be rendered by Mr. Gartlan from June 14, 2005 through December 14, 2005, Mr. Gartlan shall be granted stock options to purchase 1,800,000 shares of common stock of the Company at the purchase price of \$0.36 with a term of ten years. After December 14, 2005, Mr. Gartlan shall be paid a salary of fifteen thousand dollars per month, which payment commenced in January 2006. In March 2006 the Company modified the 1,800,000 options granted to Mr. Gartlan as part of his employment agreement dated June 30, 2005 by changing their vesting from a three year period to 100% vested as of December 14, 2005, and by modifying the exercise price from \$0.036 to \$0.1. They expire in June 2015. Additionally, the 1,212,128 options that were granted to Stratex Solutions, Inc in December 2004 were modified in March 2006 to vest over three years. They expire in December 2014.

#### **Stock Option Plans**

The plan is presently administered by our board of directors, which selects the eligible persons to whom options shall be granted, determines the number of common shares subject to each option, the exercise price therefore and the periods during which options are exercisable, interprets the provisions of the plan and, subject to certain limitations, may amend the plan. Each option granted under the plan shall be evidenced by a written agreement between us and the optionee.

Options may be granted to employees (including officers) and directors and certain consultants and advisors.

The exercise price for incentive stock options granted under the plan may not be less than the fair market value of the common stock on the date the option is granted, except for options granted to 10% stockholders which must have an exercise price of not less than 110% of the fair market value of the common stock on the date the option is granted. The exercise price for nonstatutory stock options is determined by the board of directors. Incentive stock options granted under the plan have a maximum term of ten years, except for 10% stockholders who are subject to a maximum term of five years. The term of nonstatutory stock options is determined by the board of directors. Options granted under the plan are not transferable, except by will and the laws of descent and distribution.

The following table sets forth information with respect to grants of options to purchase our common stock under our Stock Option Plans to the named executive officers during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006.

options in Tem Emaca Econoci 51, 2000								
Individual Grants								
Name	Number of Shares Underlying Options	% of Total Options Granted to Employees	Exercise Price	Market Price	Expiration Date			
Walter K Weisel	500,000	30.8%		\$ 10	3/10/2016			

Options in Year Ended December 31, 2006

# **Equity Compensation Plan Information**

The following table sets forth the information as of December 31, 2006 with respect to compensation plans under which equity securities of the Company are authorized for issuance:

	DECEMBER 31, 2006  Number of shares to be issued upon exercise of	exe	Weighted average rcise price	Number of securities
Dlan Catagory	outstanding		outstanding options	available for future issuance
Plan Category Equity compensation plans approved by	options		options	Tuture Issuance
security holders Equity compensation plans not approved	-		-	-
by security holders	15,887,676	\$	0.11	4,927,324
Total	15,887,676	\$	0.11	4,927,324

As of December 31, 2006, we had three stock option plans; the 2003 Stock Option Plan, the 2004 Stock Option Plan, and the 2005 Stock Option Plan. The authorized options under the 2003, 2004, and 2005 Stock Option Plans are

500,000 shares, 315,000 shares, and 20,000,000 shares respectively.

# **Stock Options**

There are a total 15,887,676 outstanding options to purchase common equity of Innova Robotics & Automation, Inc. as of March 16, 2007.

# **Employment Agreements**

Currently there are employment agreements with four executives, Walter Weisel, Chairman of the Board of Directors, Sheri Aws, Vice President and Secretary, Lloyd Spencer, President and CEO of CoroWare, and David Hyams, CTO of CoroWare.

# CHANGES AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

There are none.

#### MARKET FOR COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

#### **Reports to Security Holders**

We are a reporting company with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC. The public may read and copy any materials filed with the SEC at the SEC's Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, DC 20549. The public may also obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. The SEC maintains an Internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding issuers that file electronically with the SEC. The address of that site is http://www.sec.gov.

#### **Prices of Common Stock**

Since February 2002, we have been eligible to participate in the OTC Bulletin Board, an electronic quotation medium for securities traded outside of the NASDAQ Stock Market, and prices for our common stock were published on the OTC Bulletin Board under the trading symbol "SRMW" until such time as our acquisition of Hy-Tech Technology Group, Inc. on January 31, 2003 when our symbol became HYTT. In November 2006 the name of the Company was changed to Innova Robotics & Automation, Inc. and the trading symbol was changed to INRA.

The following table sets forth, for the fiscal quarters indicated, the high and low closing sales price of our Common Stock as reported on the NASD Over-the-Counter Bulletin Board for each quarterly period during fiscal years ended December 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005.

	COMMON STOCK		
Six Months Ended June 30, 2007		High	Low
First Quarter	\$	0.330	\$ 0.090
Second Quarter	\$	0.140	\$ 0.060
Third Quarter	\$	0.080	\$ 0.010
Year Ended December 31, 2006			
First Quarter	\$	0.241	\$ 0.065
Second Quarter	\$	0.450	\$ 0.110
Third Quarter	\$	0.330	\$ 0.120
Fourth Quarter	\$	0.300	\$ 0.020

# **Number of Stockholders**

As of September 30, 2007, there were 130 holders of record of our common stock.

# **Dividend Policy**

We have never declared or paid any cash dividends on its common stock. We anticipate that any earnings will be retained for development and expansion of its business and does not anticipate paying any cash dividends in the foreseeable future. Additionally, as of December 31, 2006 we issued and have outstanding 284,334 shares of Series B Preferred Stock, all of which earns a 5% dividend, payable in either cash or common stock of the Company. Such

dividends on these Preferred Stocks will be paid before any dividends on common stock. The board of directors has sole discretion to pay cash dividends based on our financial condition, results of operations, capital requirements, contractual obligations and other relevant factors. As of December 31, 2006 all of the Series A preferred stock had been converted into common stock and 240,666 shares of Series B Preferred and an additional \$9,772 of Series B Preferred dividends had been converted into common stock.

#### SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT

Percentage ownership in the following table is based on 96,481,346 shares of common stock outstanding as of September 30, 2007. A person is deemed to be the beneficial owner of securities that can be acquired by that person within 60 days from September 30, 2007 upon the exercise of options, warrants or convertible securities, or other rights. Each beneficial owner's percentage ownership is determined by dividing the number of shares beneficially owned by that person by the base number of outstanding shares, increased to reflect the shares underlying options, warrants, convertible securities, or other rights included in that person's holdings, but not those underlying shares held by any other person.

Name and Address of Beneficial Owner	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership	Percent of Class
Walter K. Weisel	Belleficial Ownership	reicelli of Class
15870 Pine Ridge Road	8,491,056	8.09%
Fort Myers, FL 33908	Direct Ownership	0.09 //
Martin Nielson	Direct Ownership	
15870 Pine Ridge Road	4,122,384	4.48%
Fort Myers, FL 33908	Direct Ownership	4.4070
Gary McNear	Direct Ownership	
15870 Pine Ridge Road	2,361,653	2.22%
Fort Myers, FL 33908	Direct Ownership	2.22 70
Craig Conklin	Direct & whersimp	
15870 Pine Ridge Road	2,721,576	2.75%
Fort Myers, FL 33908	Direct Ownership	2.75 %
Eugene V. Gartlan	2 Heer & Whereinp	
15870 Pine Ridge Road	5,350,795	6.44%
Fort Myers, FL 33908	Direct Ownership	
Jerry Horne	1	
15870 Pine Ridge Road	7,432,922	7.15%
Fort Myers, FL 33908	Direct Ownership	
Richard K & Johanna Wynns	•	
15870 Pine Ridge Road	3,886,447	3.87%
Fort Myers, FL 33908	Direct Ownership	
Chuck House	•	
15870 Pine Ridge Road	70,763	*
Fort Myers, FL 33908	Direct Ownership	
John Kroon		
15870 Pine Ridge Road	584,382	*
Fort Myers, FL 33908	Direct Ownership	
Lloyd Spencer		
15870 Pine Ridge Road	504,168	*
Fort Myers, FL 33908	Direct Ownership	
Sheri Aws		
15870 Pine Ridge Road	939,899	*
Fort Myers, FL 33908	Direct Ownership	
Directors and Officers as a Group	29,033,123	34.13%

<sup>\*</sup> Less than one percent

# **SELLING SHAREHOLDERS**

The table below sets forth information concerning the resale of the shares of common stock by the selling stockholder. We will not receive any proceeds from the resale of the common stock by the selling stockholder. We will receive proceeds from the exercise of the warrants. Assuming all the shares registered below are sold by the selling stockholder, none of the selling stockholders will continue to own any shares of our common stock.

The following table also sets forth the name of each person who is offering the resale of shares of common stock by this prospectus, the number of shares of common stock beneficially owned by each person, the number of shares of common stock that may be sold in this offering and the number of shares of common stock each person will own after the offering, assuming they sell all of the shares offered.

		Total					
		Percentage			Percentage		
	Total Shares of	of Common			of	]	Percentage
	Common Stock	Stock,			Common		Stock
	Issuable Upon	Assuming		Beneficial	Stock	Ownership	Owned
	Conversion of	Full	Shares of Common	Ownership	Owned	After the	After
	Notes and/or	Conversion	Stock Included in	Before the	Before	Offering	Offering
Name	Warrants	(1)	Prospectus	Offering	Offering*	(2)	(2)
CornellCapital			Up to				
Partners, L.P.			57,300,000(4)				
(3)	57,300,000	59.39%	shares	4,814,000	4.999	<b>%</b> 0	_

<sup>\*</sup> This column represents the aggregate maximum number and percentage of shares that the selling stockholders can own at one time (and therefore, offer for resale at any one time) due to their 4.99% limitation.

- (1) Applicable percentage ownership is based on 96,481,346 shares of common stock outstanding as of September 30, 2007. Beneficial ownership is determined in accordance with the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission and generally includes voting or investment power with respect to securities. Shares of common stock that are currently exercisable or exercisable within 60 days of September 30, 2006 are deemed to be beneficially owned by the person holding such securities for the purpose of computing the percentage of ownership of such person, but are not treated as outstanding for the purpose of computing the percentage ownership of any other person.
- (2) Assumes that all shares of common stock being registered will be sold.
- (3) All investment decisions of, and control of, Cornell Capital Partners are held by its general partner, Yorkville Advisors, LLC. Mark Angelo, the managing member of Yorkville Advisors, makes the investment decisions on behalf of and controls Yorkville Advisors.
- (4) Includes: (i) up to 48,000,000 shares issuable upon conversion of our outstanding principal amount \$1,920,000 10% secured convertible debentures, which are convertible into shares of our common stock at a fixed price equal to \$.40 per share, (ii) 1,000,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants at a price equal to \$.50 per share, (ii) 1,500,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants at a price equal to \$1.00 per share, (iii) 2,300,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants at a price equal to \$0.25 per share, (iv) 2,000,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants at a price equal to \$0.65 per share, and (v) 2,500,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants at a price equal to \$0.75 per share.

We have the right to redeem a portion or all amounts outstanding under the Debenture prior to the maturity date at a 10% redemption premium provided that the closing bid price of the common stock is less than the conversion price and there is an effective registration statement covering the shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of the Debentures and exercise of the Warrants. In addition, on the first trading day of each calendar month, Cornell may require us to redeem up to \$500,000 of the remaining principal amount of the Debentures per calendar month. However, Cornell may not require us to redeem the Debentures if the closing bid price of the common stock exceeds the conversion price for each of the five consecutive trading days immediately prior to the redemption date, and the registration statement has been declared effective and remains effective on the redemption date. We have the option, in our sole discretion, to settle any requested redemptions by either paying cash or issuing the number of shares of our common stock equal to the cash amount owed divided by a stock price equal to 95% of the lowest daily volume weighted average price of our common stock during the thirty (30) trading days immediately preceding the date of the redemption.

#### CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

On July 22, 2005, we borrowed \$30,000 from a beneficial shareholder, Rick Wynns, and entered into a short term note for that amount, the terms of which are: interest at the annual rate of 5%, due date in six months, and principal and accrued interest are convertible into common stock at \$.15 per share. The due date of the note has been extended to December 31, 2007. To date there have been no conversions.

During September through December 2005, we also entered into short-term debt obligations other than in the ordinary course of business. All of the short-term debt bears interest at the rate of 10% per annum. The following table sets forth the names of the lenders, the amount of the loans, the dates of the loans and the due date of the loans:

Lender		ount of Loan	Date of Loan	Due Date
			September 19,	
Eugene Gartlan	\$	40,000	2005	October 19, 2005
			September 22,	
Jerry Horne	\$	50,000	2005	October 22, 2005
Eugene Gartlan	\$	5,000	October 5, 2005	January 5, 2006
Rick Wynns	\$	30,000	October 3, 2005	November 3, 2005
Rick Wynns	\$	30,000	October 14, 2005	February 14, 2006
			November 22,	
Gary McNear	\$	1,000	2005	February 22, 2006
			November 28,	December 28,
Jerry Horne	\$	50,000	2005	2005

All of the lenders are shareholders of the Company. Mr. Gartlan, Mr. McNear, and Mr. Wynns are our Directors. During the year ended December 31, 2006, Mr. Gartlan and Mr. Marks were paid in full and Mr. Wynns was paid back a total of \$20,000 of principal. All lenders have agreed to repayment terms that extend the due date to December 31, 2007.

In May 2006, we recorded a liability associated with the indemnification of a director for his personal liability in an amount of \$110,000 resulting from his personal guarantee of amounts owed by a former subsidiary of ours and the settlement of such indebtedness of the Company's former subsidiary incurred in the ordinary course of business in accordance with the provisions of Article V, Paragraph 6.2 (k) of the Merger Agreement we entered into with RWT Acquisition, Inc., and Robotic Workspace Technologies, Inc. dated July 21, 2004.

On June 23, 2004, we entered into and simultaneously closed an Agreement with Encompass Group Affiliates, Inc., pursuant to which we granted to Encompass an exclusive, worldwide, royalty free and fully paid up perpetual and

irrevocable licenses to use the customer list associated with its computer and systems related products business and its related websites; this business was subsequently closed down. Additionally, we assigned to Encompass our rights to enter into acquisitions with three companies. In consideration for this transaction, Encompass assumed all of our obligations under certain convertible debentures in the aggregate principal amount of \$503,300. The holders of the convertible debentures released us from all claims arising under the convertible debentures.

On October 13, 2007, as a condition to a Securities Purchase Agreement entered into by the Company and Yorkville Advisors LLC (f/k/a Cornell Capital Partners L.P.), Eugene Gartlan (Chief Executive Officer and Director), Lloyd Spencer (Director), and Linda Robison (Counsel) purchased a total of 35,000 Units, 10,000 units, 10,000 units, and 15,0000 units, respectively. Each unit consists of one share of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock, at a price of \$1.00 per share as well as stock purchase warrants equal to the number of shares of common stock converted from the Series C Convertible Preferred Stock, exercisable at \$.06 per share and which expires five years from the conversion date. In connection with the issuance, a Certificate of Designation was filed with the Florida Secretary of State.

On October 19, 2007, we entered into a Conversion Agreement (the "Conversion Agreement") with Jerry Horne, a principal shareholder of the Company (the "Holder"), who previously loaned to the Company an aggregate sum, including interest accrued, of \$297,853 pursuant to various notes (the "Notes"). The first Note was dated November 1, 2004 for \$165,000 at an annual interest rate of 6.75%; the second Note was dated September 22, 2005 for \$50,000 at an annual interest rate of 10%; and the third Note was dated November 28, 2005 for \$50,000 at an annual interest rate of 10%. During 2006 \$20,000 of accrued interest was paid. Pursuant to the Conversion Agreement, the Company and the Holder agreed that upon conversion of the Notes in full and the issuance by the Company of 14,892,650 shares of restricted common stock and warrants (the "Warrants") to purchase 14,892,650 shares of common stock, the Company shall be forever released from all of its obligations and liabilities under the Notes and the Holder shall release its security interest thereunder. The Warrants have an exercise price of \$0.04 and expire on October 19, 2012.

In January 2003, Craig W. Conklin, our President, and Gary F. McNear, our Chief Executive Officer, entered into a consulting agreement with our subsidiary relating to the negotiation of a reduced loan amount due SunTrust Bank. Pursuant to the consulting agreement, the subsidiary agreed to pay each of Messrs. Conklin and McNear six percent of the discounted amount of the loan due SunTrust Bank. In consideration for six percent of the discounted amount, Messrs. Conklin and McNear agreed to forego any compensation due them for the past two years and each received. In connection with the SunTrust settlement, we issued common stock valued at \$225,772 to each individual, Mr. Conklin and Mr. McNear.

On August 18, 2004 we entered into an agreement with Aegis Funds, Inc (AFI) to sell all of the issued and outstanding capital stock of its subsidiary Hy Tech Computer Systems (HTCS) to AFI. The sale of HTCS to AFI closed on August 25, 2004. At the closing date, for and in consideration for the transfer to AFI of the HTCS common stock, AFI became the record and beneficial owner of the HTCS common stock, the company transferred as directed by AFI and for the benefit of HTCS the sum of fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) in good funds, and the judgment of Sun Trust Bank against HTCS was transferred to AFI free of all claims and liens. AFI is controlled by Gary McNear and Craig Conklin, who are directors of our company. The transaction was approved by the member of the board of directors who had no interest in the transaction.

On July 22, 2002, we entered into a revolving line of credit of \$225,000 with Fifth Third Bank, Florida, secured by the assets of our company. The annual interest rate on unpaid principal is the prime rate plus 2%, due in monthly installments. Principal and interest were due on July 22, 2003. In November 2004, a principal shareholder, Jerry E. Horne, loaned us \$165,000 to pay down the line of credit with Fifth Third Bank. The loan has the same terms as the Fifth Third Bank line of credit, except that it remains unsecured until such time as the Fifth Third Bank line of credit is fully paid, including principal and accrued interest, and is due upon demand. In January 2005, the Fifth Third Bank line of credit was paid off.

On August 25, 2004 we issued 280,000,000 shares of common stock for 100% of the outstanding stock of Robotic Workspace Technology, Inc ("RWT"). For financial reporting purposes this transaction was treated as an acquisition of us and a recapitalization of RWT using the purchase method of accounting. As part of this transaction, Walter K. Weisel received 53,172,765 shares of common stock of our company and Jerry E. Horne received 74,329,227 shares.

We believe that these transactions were advantageous to us and were on terms no less favorable to us than could have been obtained from unaffiliated third parties.

#### **DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES**

#### **GENERAL**

Our authorized capital consists of 900,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.001 per share and 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.001 per share. As of September 30, 2007, there were 96,481,346 outstanding shares of common stock and 179,666 outstanding shares of preferred stock. Set forth below is a description of certain provisions relating to our capital stock. On November 20, 2006, we effectuated a one-for-ten reverse stock split of our issued and outstanding shares of common stock. In addition, on November 20, 2006, our trading symbol on the Over-the-Counter Bulletin Board was changed to "INRA".

#### **COMMON STOCK**

Each outstanding share of common stock has one vote on all matters requiring a vote of the stockholders. There is no right to cumulative voting; thus, the holder of fifty percent or more of the shares outstanding can, if they choose to do so, elect all of the directors. In the event of a voluntary of involuntary liquidation, all stockholders are entitled to a pro rata distribution after payment of liabilities and after provision has been made for each class of stock, if any, having

preference over the common stock. The holders of the common stock have no preemptive rights with respect to future offerings of shares of common stock. Holders of common stock are entitled to dividends if, as and when declared by the Board out of the funds legally available therefore. It is our present intention to retain earnings, if any, for use in our business. The payment of dividends on the common stock are, therefore, unlikely in the foreseeable future.

#### PREFERRED STOCK

We are authorized to issue 10,000,000 shares of \$0.001 par value preferred stock. As of September 30, 2007, there were 179,666 shares of Series B Preferred outstanding. The preferred stock, which is commonly known as "blank check preferred", may be issued by the Board of Directors with rights, designations, preferences and other terms, as may be determined by the Directors in their sole dis