

INNOFONE COM INC  
Form SB-2/A  
December 08, 2006

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As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 8, 2006  
(Registration No. 333-135855)

**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549**

**SB-2  
(Amendment No. 3)  
REGISTRATION STATEMENT  
UNDER  
THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933**

**INNOFONE.COM, INCORPORATED**  
(Name of small business issuer in its charter)

Nevada (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	7389 (Primary Standard Industrial Classification Code Number)	98-2020313 (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)
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1431 Ocean Avenue, Suite 1100  
Santa Monica, CA 90401  
(310) 458-3233  
(Address and telephone number of principal executive offices)

Mr. Alex Lightman  
Chief Executive Officer and President  
1431 Ocean Avenue, Suite 1100  
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Approximate Date of Commencement of Proposed Sale to the Public: As soon as practicable after the effective date of

this Registration Statement.

If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, check the following box:

If this form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act of 1933, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

If this form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act of 1933, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

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If this form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act of 1933, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

If delivery of the prospectus is expected to be made pursuant to Rule 434, check the following box.

#### CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

<b>Title of Each Class of Securities to be Registered</b>	<b>Amount to Be Registered(1)</b>	<b>Proposed Maximum Offering Price Per Share (1)(2)</b>	<b>Proposed Maximum Aggregate Offering Price (2)</b>	<b>Amount of Registration Fee</b>
Common Stock, \$0.001 par value, issuable upon conversion of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock	41,300,000(3) \$	1.12 \$	46,256,000 \$	4,949.39
Common Stock, \$0.001 par value	11,150,000(4) \$	1.12 \$	12,488,000 \$	1,336.22
		Previously Paid		\$ 1,540.16*
		Total Fee		\$ 4,745.45**

\* Amount was previously paid to the SEC on March 29, 2006.

\*\* Amount was previously paid to the SEC on July 19, 2006.

(1) The shares of our Common Stock being registered hereunder are being registered for resale by the selling stockholder named in the prospectus. In accordance with Rule 416(a), the registrant is also registering hereunder an indeterminate number of shares that may be issued and resold to prevent dilution resulting from stock splits, stock dividends or similar transactions.

(2) Estimated solely for the purpose of computing the amount of the registration fee pursuant to Rule 457(c) under the Securities Act of 1933, based on the closing price of \$1.12 on the OTC Bulletin Board on July 11, 2006.

(3) Represents shares of our Common Stock issuable upon the conversion of our Series A Convertible Preferred Stock. In accordance with Rule 416(a), the registrant is also registering hereunder an indeterminate number of shares that may be issued and resold to prevent dilution resulting from stock splits, stock dividends or similar transactions. In addition, should a decrease in the exercise price as a result of an issuance or sale of shares below the then current market price result in our having insufficient shares, we will not rely upon Rule 416, but will file a new registration statement to cover the resale of such additional shares should that become necessary.

(4) Represents (i) 3,600,000 shares of common stock issued to Mr. Alex Lightman, our Chief Executive Officer, President and a Director; (ii) 200,000 shares of common stock issued to Mr. Gerard Casale, our General Counsel and Vice President of Business and Legal Affairs; (iii) 500,000 shares of common stock issued to Mr. Lawrence Hughes; (iv) 5,000,000 shares of common stock issued to Cogent Capital Financial, LLC; and (v) 1,850,000 shares of common stock issued to Cogent Capital Investments, LLC.

The registrant hereby amends this registration statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this registration statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or until the registration statement shall become effective on such date as the Securities and Exchange Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.

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The information in this prospectus is not complete and may be changed. The selling securityholders may not sell these securities until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and it is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any state where the offer or sale is not permitted.

Subject to Completion, December 8, 2006

**PROSPECTUS**

52,450,000 SHARES

***INNOFONE.COM, INCORPORATED***  
**COMMON STOCK**

This prospectus relates to the resale of up to 52,450,000 shares of our Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share ("Common Stock"), consisting of (i) 41,300,000 shares issuable upon conversion of our Series A Convertible Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value per share, issued to Cogent Capital Investments, LLC ("CCI"); (ii) 5,000,000 shares issued to Cogent Capital Financial, LLC ("CCF"), an affiliate of CCI; (iii) 1,850,000 shares issued to CCI; (iv) 3,600,000 shares issued to Mr. Alex Lightman, our Chief Executive Officer and a Director ("Lightman"); (v) 200,000 shares issued to Mr. Gerard Casale, our General Counsel, Vice President of Business and Legal Affairs ("Casale"); and (vi) 500,000 shares issued to Mr. Lawrence Hughes ("Hughes") (Hughes, with CCF, CCI, Lightman, Casale and Hughes, collectively the "selling securityholders"). The Selling Securityholders may sell their common stock from time to time at prevailing market prices.

Our Common Stock is registered under Section 12(g) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and is quoted on the over-the-counter market and prices are reported on the OTC Bulletin Board under the symbol "INFN." On November 30, 2006, the closing price as reported was \$0.61 per share. Since our Common Stock trades below \$5.00 per share, it is considered a "penny stock" and is subject to SEC rules and regulations that impose limitations on the manner in which it can be publicly traded.

The selling securityholders, and any participating broker-dealers may be deemed to be "underwriters" within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and any commissions or discounts given to any such broker-dealer may be regarded as underwriting commissions or discounts under the Securities Act of 1933. The selling securityholders have informed us that they do not have any agreement or understanding, directly or indirectly, with any person to distribute their common stock. We agreed to pay the expenses of registering the foregoing shares of our Common Stock.

**INVESTMENT IN THE COMMON STOCK OFFERED BY THIS PROSPECTUS INVOLVES A HIGH DEGREE OF RISK. YOU MAY LOSE YOUR ENTIRE INVESTMENT. CONSIDER CAREFULLY THE "RISK FACTORS" BEGINNING ON PAGE 7 OF THIS PROSPECTUS BEFORE INVESTING.**

**NEITHER THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION NOR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION HAS APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED OF THESE SECURITIES OR DETERMINED IF THIS PROSPECTUS IS TRUTHFUL OR COMPLETE. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.**

The date of this prospectus is December \_\_, 2006

You should rely only on the information contained in or incorporated by reference in this prospectus. We have not, and the selling securityholders have not, authorized anyone, including any salesperson or broker, to give oral or written information about this offering, Innohone.com, Incorporated, or the shares of common stock offered hereby that is different from the information included in this prospectus. If anyone provides you with different information, you should not rely on it. We are not, and the selling securityholders are not, making an offer to sell these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted. You should assume that the information contained in this prospectus is accurate only as of the date on the front cover of this prospectus. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may have changed since that date.

This prospectus is not an offer to sell any securities other than the shares of common stock offered hereby. This prospectus is not an offer to sell securities in any circumstances in which such an offer is unlawful.

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## PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

*This summary highlights some information from this prospectus, and may not contain all of the information that is important to you. You should read the entire prospectus carefully, including the more detailed information regarding our company, the risks of purchasing our common stock discussed under “risk factors,” and our financial statements and the accompanying notes. In this prospectus, “we”, “us,” “Company” and “our”, refer to Innofone.com, Incorporated, unless the context otherwise requires. Unless otherwise indicated, the term “year,” “fiscal year” or “fiscal” refers to our fiscal year ending June 30th. Unless we tell you otherwise, the term “common stock” as used in this prospectus refers to our Common Stock.*

### History

On August 8, 2005, Innofone.com, Incorporated (“Innofone,” “we,” “us” and “our”) entered into a stock purchase agreement with Mr. Alex Lightman, our President and Chief Executive Officer, to purchase 100% of the issued and outstanding shares of IPv6 Summit Inc. (“IPv6 Summit”), an entity engaged in developing new technology referred to as Internet Protocol version 6. At the time of the Agreement, Mr. Lightman was the President, Treasurer, Director and sole shareholder of IPv6 Summit and was not an officer or director of Innofone. Pursuant to the agreement, on October 12, 2005 we issued to Mr. Lightman a promissory note in the principal amount of \$1,000,000 with interest at the rate of four percent (4%) per annum. On October 17, 2005, we amended and restated Mr. Lightman's promissory note to provide for a repayment schedule which will coincide with our receipt of funds under our current financing arrangement with four investors. Further, we issued to Mr. Lightman approximately 33,333,000 shares of our restricted common stock. As a result of the stock purchase agreement, IPv6 Summit became our wholly owned subsidiary Innofone. Prior to this acquisition, we operated as a holding company for companies involved in technology and financial services.

### Overview

The Internet as we know it today is based on Internet Protocol version 4, more commonly referred to as IPv4, a 33-year-old protocol. The IPv4 Internet is beginning to receive a major upgrade, with a new format for packets of data called Internet Protocol version 6, or IPv6. We believe that IPv6, sometimes called the New Internet, presents many new business opportunities, in roughly the same manner that the existing Internet did when it first hit the mainstream in the mid-1990s.

We offer three related services that are relevant to IPv6: consulting, training and conference management; we are in the process of developing a fourth service, testing. Our consulting and training is for businesses seeking consulting and training services largely related to the creation of corporate business plans defining the migration or transition from the current IPv4 environment to a future IPv6 Internet environment. Conferences are those events we host through our IPv6 Summit, Inc. subsidiary which typically occur one per calendar quarter and have typically 400-500 attendees mainly from corporations seeking to gain current information on IPv6 and network with others regarding the business of the Internet. Testing will be a service we hope to provide by year end 2006 in conjunction certain negotiations with Spirent Federal and will involve the testing and certification of electronic equipment and appliances which will be capable of being deployed in the IPv6 environment. We believe that we have deep expertise in these areas and hope to further expand these services. We are also in the early stages of a developing IPv6-related technology and have hired a Director of Product Development to assist in developing a strategy plan on developing our own IPv6 products in the future. These products might include secure email systems, wireless networks, mobile virtual networks and payment systems all using IPv6 and other technologies. We envision our IPv6 technology will be utilized in connection with our consulting, training and conference management services. We currently derive 69% of our revenue from our conference management services and 31% of our revenues from our consulting services. Our training services to date have not generated any revenues. However, we have incurred losses since inception and our

common stock is subject to certain rules and regulations pertaining to "penny stocks". We incurred net losses in fiscal 2006 of \$9,026,031. In addition, we expect some increase in our infrastructure and operating expenses to fund our anticipated growth. We have a history of net loss and our net loss totaling \$55,469 for the year ended June 30, 2005 increased by 8,970,562 compared to the same periods of the prior year. Further, we have an accumulated deficit of \$9,873,539 for the year ended June 30, 2005.

We began our conference services from our date of incorporation, July 2003 after our Chief Executive Officer and a former employee successfully organized the first IPv6 Summit in the United States that attracted over 300 people. Revenue comes from charging individuals and corporations an admission fee of approximately \$200 to \$500 per person for each event and from charging corporations from \$4,000 to \$18,000 each for sponsorship that include an exhibit booth. There are slight variations to these charges depending on how many benefits are included.

We began offering our training services with the US IPv6 Summit in December 2003 with a tutorial that preceded the three-day IPv6 Summit by adding a day of activity for people who needed initial training, and who wanted to know more about security than could be described in the Summit format. We added a separate training event, the Federal Chief Information Officer workshop, in October 2005. We anticipate that revenues from training services will come from admission fees to the events and are in the hundreds of dollars per person.

We began offering our consulting services in August 2005 with the sales of consulting agreements by our Chief Executive Officer domestically to the US Department of Defense IPv6 Transition Office, as a subcontractor to SI International, and Juniper Networks and internationally to North Atlantic Treaty Organization. Revenues from consulting are based on man-days and/or negotiated fees typically in the tens of thousands of dollars per engagement, with engagements in discussion in the hundreds of thousands of dollars.

We are in the early phases of developing our testing services. No revenues have been received, though we have received interest from a large public company to provide free test equipment. Testing revenues will not be generated until our test center is built and the first customers contracted. Revenues will come from a fixed price schedule with payments in the thousands to tens of thousands of dollars per product or service tested in our lab.

### **Transition to IPv6**

Simply put, one of the limitations of today's Internet is a shortage of addresses, so that the hardware or software equivalents of "middle men" are put into the system to let many people use one address, not unlike the old telephone party lines, where many people had the same "number," and everyone could listen in. The party line system had the advantage that a lot of people could be connected with few switched lines, but led to problems, such as lack of security. There was no way to assure that one person would be speaking with only one person at the other end. When every phone user got his/her own address, it led to many great new capabilities - such as privacy, the ability to deliver new services such as telefax messages to a particular person, and the ability to go mobile with cell phones, and caller ID, which enabled people to screen their calls, accepting only those they wanted to at that moment.

Similarly, the IPv6 will give everyone his or her personal address (or thousands of them, as needed), which enables the potential for "end-to-end" connectivity. Each individual can know for certain who the specific receiver at the other end is, and this allows the system to check for service quality, and allows much easier mobile use and roaming. Furthermore, this connectivity facilitates multiple layers of individual security measures rather than today's firewalls or network address translation, which offer little protection once a hacker has broken through the protective wall. The difference between the New Internet and the existing one is thought by some to be as dramatic as the difference between the phones with individual numbers that we have today and the phones with party lines of yesteryear.

The first major customers for the New Internet in the US were the Department of Defense, which in June 2003 mandated a transition within the Department that would make it “IPv6-capable” by 2008, and the Office of Management and Budget, on behalf of the Federal Government, which recently also mandated transition to IPv6, and the hundreds of large companies that supply these two entities. Many, but not all, major technology companies have appointed IPv6 points of contact and developed IPv6-related marketing messages, including Microsoft, Cisco, Juniper, Nokia, Hewlett-Packard and about fifty others in the US.

In 2005, as in 1995, we believe that the IPv6 space was occupied by first movers that both take advantage of the opportunities offered by the new technology and have a sound business plan to offer needed products and services to the United States and global markets. It is forecast that IPv6 will see some of the same rapid rise as the existing Internet did between 1995 and 2000, quickly growing from millions to billions, and potentially trillions of dollars in global revenues impacted by the Internet. The Japanese government, for instance, which has done a great deal of research into the upcoming IPv6 market, estimates the market size of IPv6-ready goods/services in the year 2010 to be 170 trillion yen, or about \$1.55 trillion in US currency.

We are facilitating this transition by offering our conference management, consulting and training services to government entities and corporations. Specifically, we offer a full range of services to help government organizations and Fortune 1000 companies conduct the transition. Further, we intend to develop products to enable the transition (including servers, routers, software and other network infrastructure, estimated at hundreds of billions of dollars over the next decade.

We will offer and manage our consulting, training and conference management services from two corporate offices: our corporate headquarters in Santa Monica, California, and our Eastern Office in Northern Virginia.

### **Recent Developments**

On October 4, 2006, we filed a complaint in the United States District Court, Central District of California, against InfoWeapons, Inc. (“InfoWeapons”) and Lawrence Hughes (“Hughes”) alleging that InfoWeapons and Hughes have failed to perform their obligations under that certain Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated August 16, 2006 (the “Merger Agreement”) and that each had wrongfully misappropriated trade secrets of our Company. Under the terms of the Merger Agreement, which was executed on or about August 16, 2006 by the parties, we acquired InfoWeapons and its assets (including but not limited to InfoWeapons’ subsidiary InfoWeapons Corp.) with the only non-administrative outstanding item subsequent to execution being the delivery by InfoWeapons of its financial statements in accordance with US Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Despite our recent and repeated requests, InfoWeapons has failed to deliver its US GAAP financial statements as required by the Merger Agreement.

However, on November 9, 2006 the Company received a letter from counsel to Mr. Hughes and InfoWeapons (“Counsel”) indicating that Mr. Hughes and InfoWeapons both intend to disregard and treat as without legal effect the Company's Acceptance. Further, Counsel indicated that they consider the Note to have matured on November 6, 2006 and, accordingly, the Company to be in default thereunder.

On November 16, 2006 the Company amended its Complaint to add two causes of action for 1) promissory estoppel on the Note and 2) declaratory relief on the Note. These claims were asserted because Defendants had taken the position that the Note was payable despite Mr. Hughes written notification to the Company on September 15, 2006 was to be extended indefinitely and the Company had accepted this extension in writing.

Since its filing, we have vigorously pursued prosecution of the Complaint demanding that InfoWeapons perform its obligations under the Merger Agreement and seeking approximately \$20,000,000 in damages from Defendants.

In what the Company believes to be a reaction to our filing of the Complaint, on November 22, 2006, Mr. Hughes filed a separate action against Innofone and Mr. Alex Lightman, the Company's President and Chief Executive Officer (service of process occurred on November 30, 2006 against Lightman and occurred separately on December 1, 2006 on Innofone), in the State Court of Fulton County, state of Georgia (Case No. 2006ev001457d) alleging (i) breach of contract (against Innofone); (ii) common law fraud (against both Innofone and Mr. Lightman); (iii) negligent misrepresentation (against both Innofone and Mr. Lightman); (iv) securities fraud (against both Innofone and Mr. Lightman); and (v) violation of Georgia's RICO laws (against Mr. Lightman) ("Hughes Complaint"). Mr. Hughes's action includes allegations involving (i) the issuance of a promissory note in the principal amount of \$2,000,000 by Innofone which were alleged as payable on the earlier of sixty (60) days from the issuance date or December 1, 2006, whichever was earlier or as was otherwise mutually agreed by the parties in writing (Innofone takes the position that on September 15, 2006, Mr. Hughes notified the Company in writing that the maturity date of the Note was to be extended indefinitely and that the Company subsequently accepted this extension in writing); and (ii) the sale of approximately 3,478,260 shares of the Company's common stock to Mr. Hughes for \$4 million on or about April 27, 2006. The Hughes Complaint seeks punitive damages in the amount of \$21,000,000.

The Company and Mr. Lightman strongly believe that the Hughes Complaint is wholly unmeritorious and procedurally flawed and contains many wholly false accusations and allegations. Just as the Company and Mr. Lightman will vigorously pursue its First Amended Complaint to enforce the Merger Agreement, as well as the other claims against Defendants, they will also vigorously challenge and defend against all claims contained in the Hughes Complaint.

On November 15, 2006, the Company received a Summons and Complaint filed against it in the Superior Court of the State of California by Caneum, Inc. ("Caneum") for (1) breach of contract and (2) money due for goods sold and delivered and/or services rendered. Caneum is seeking approximately \$198,203 in damages, fees and interest. The Company disputes these claims and intends to vigorously defend itself against such claims.

On September 8, 2006, we issued a promissory note to Mr. Lawrence Hughes in the principal face amount of \$2,000,000. The note bears interest at LIBOR plus one percent (1%) per annum and matures on the earlier of: (i) sixty (60) days from the issuance date; or (ii) December 1, 2006 or as agreed by the parties. Additionally, Mr. Hughes has invested \$4,000,000 in our common stock in June 2006 and is also the Chairman and CTO of InfoWeapons, Inc, an entity we sought to acquire.

Between August 8, 2006 and September 22, 2006, we issued a several promissory notes to numerous accredited investors (the "Investors") in the aggregate principal amount of \$415,000, with interest at 10% per annum (collectively, the "Notes"). The Maturity Dates of the Notes varies but is either six or twelve months from the date of issuance. The Company may, at our option, prepay any and all of the amounts owing under the Notes, in full or the part, without penalty. In connection with the issuance of the Notes, we issued five-year warrant to the to purchase shares of our common stock at \$1.00 per share; the amount of shares underlying the warrants is equal to the dollar amount of the respective Notes without interest thereon. We have granted certain piggyback registration rights with respect to some of the shares underlying the warrants. Moreover, each of the Notes are secured by shares of our restricted common stock and shares of restricted common stock owned by Mr. Alex Lightman, our Chief Executive Officer and President.

On August 4, 2006, Innofone completed the acquisition of Mobile Technology Group, Inc. ("MTG") through the merger of MTG into a newly formed wholly-owned subsidiary of Innofone pursuant to an Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated July 1, 2006 (the "Agreement"). In accordance with the terms and provisions of the Agreement, in exchange for all for of the capital stock of MTG, Innofone paid (a) \$7,500 in cash; and (b) issued a total of 1,441,441 shares of its common stock valued at the time of the execution of the Agreement at \$1,500,000.00 (the "Common Stock"). All of the shares issued to pursuant to the MTG Acquisition Agreement carried a restricted securities legend. MTG did not receive any cash proceeds from the transaction. The Company did not use any underwriter or broker-dealer in connection with the issuance of the shares to MTG and except for certain legal fees and stock transfer agent fees, no

other material costs or expenses were incurred in connection with the issuance of the shares. The shares issued to the MTG Shareholders were issued under a claim of exemption pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

Further, upon the effective date of the merger, the officers and directors of MTG became the officers and directors of the surviving company, Mobile Tech Acquisition Corp. Inc. (“Mobile Tech”). Specifically, Kirk Anderson, James Tyner, and Ricardo Micheri, all former officers of MTG, are now officers and directors of Mobile Tech. Innofone is in the process of entering new employment agreements with Messrs. Anderson, Tyner, and Micheri. Further, the parties to the MTG Acquisition Agreement acknowledged that potential conflicts may arise by virtue of the fact that Gerard N. Casale Jr. was a shareholder of both MTG and Innofone and has also acted in the past as corporate counsel to MTG and is currently General Counsel and Vice President of Business & Legal Affairs at Innofone. Accordingly, Gerard N. Casale Jr. abstained from any affirmative vote or consent or approval of the MTG Acquisition Agreement or the contemplated MTG merger transaction with us.

On July 10, 2006, we issued a promissory note to 55 South Investments in the face amount of \$500,000, with interest at 12% per annum. The Maturity Date shall be the earlier of: (a) one (1) year from the commencement of that certain equity swap transaction (“Swap”) whereby 30 days have expired thereafter the date in which the Company is granted effectiveness by the Securities and Exchange Commission on a registration statement filed pursuant to certain agreements made in connection with an equity swap made by and between the Company and Cogent Capital Financial, LLC and its affiliates as of June 2, 2006 (defined herein as the “Swap Start Date”); or (b) December 1, 2007, whichever is earlier. Repayment of the Principal by Innofone to the Holder shall commence within ten (10) days of the Swap Start Date and shall continue thereafter in equal pro rata monthly installments on the same date of each subsequent month thereafter for the successive eleven (11) months thereafter the Swap Start Date and continue until all principal payments are paid in full. The Principal shall be repaid in full no later than the Maturity Date. Should the Swap Start Date not occur prior to the Maturity Date, then the entirety of Principal shall be due and payable to Holder on the Maturity Date. Further Innofone may, at its option, prepay all amounts owing under this Note prior to the Maturity Date, in whole or in part, without payment of any premium or penalty, after giving written notice thereof to the Holder at least one (1) day prior to the date selected for prepayment. In connection with the issuance of the note, we issued (i) a five-year warrant to 55 South Investments for the right to purchase up to 2,000,000 shares of common stock at \$1.00 per share; and (ii) a five year warrant to Millennium Investment Services, Inc., an affiliate of 55 South, for the right to purchase 500,000 shares of common stock at \$1.00 per share. We have granted certain piggyback registration rights with respect only to the shares underlying the warrant issued to 55 South. The note is secured with approximately \$2,000,000 worth of our restricted common stock and \$2,000,000 worth of restricted common stock owned by Mr. Lightman, our Chief Executive Officer and President. On July 14, 2006, we issued an additional promissory note for \$500,000 on the same terms. In connection with the issuance of the note, we issued 55 South Investments a five year warrant to purchase up to \$2,000,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.00 per share. The Company has the right to redeem 1,400,000 of such warrants for \$250,000 until July 13, 2007 except for the right to redeem a portion of the warrants, the deal is on the same terms as the July 10th transaction. We have granted certain demand registration rights with respect to all shares issued as security under the notes. Further, we have agreed to pay to 55 South approximately \$40,000 representing an origination fee and a due diligence fee.

On June 2, 2006, pursuant to a securities purchase agreement, we sold in a private placement to Cogent Capital Investments LLC (“CCI”) (i) 1,850,000 shares of our common stock (“Common Stock”) and (ii) 4,815,000 shares of our Series A Convertible Preferred Stock (“Preferred Stock”) for an aggregate purchase price of \$50,000,000, which was paid in the form of U.S. Treasury Bonds (the “Bonds”). Pursuant to an Amended and Restated Certificate of Designation filed by Innofone, the Preferred Stock issued to Cogent has no voting rights, no dividend rights (unless the Board of Directors elects otherwise) and each shares of Preferred Stock shall be convertible into ten (10) shares of Common Stock, subject to certain adjustments (“Conversion Ratio”). Further, no sooner than two years after June 2, 2006, the issuance date, Innofone has the option to redeem all (but not less than all) of the outstanding Preferred Stock by paying in cash the market price (the trailing ten (10) average of the Common Stock) multiplied by the Conversion Ratio. The Preferred Stock shall rank, with respect to the payment of dividends and the distribution of assets, senior to any other security issued by Innofone.

Concurrently with the consummation of the private placement to CCI, we entered into an equity swap transaction with Cogent Capital Financial LLC (“CCF”), an affiliate of CCI (the “Equity Swap”). The Equity Swap is a fixed versus floating price swap with respect to a notional amount of 37,500,000 shares of our Common Stock, with CCF being the floating equity price payor and Innohone being the fixed equity price payor. The fixed price under the Equity Swap is \$1.333333 per share. The Equity Swap has a maturity date of December 2, 2010, though under certain conditions this date can be extended, and provides for periodic settlements and reductions of the notional amount of the Equity Swap over a 30 month period, provided that Innohone has satisfied certain conditions. Among these conditions is a requirement that Innohone maintain an effective registration statement with respect to specified portions of the Common Stock purchased by CCI and the Common Stock into which the Preferred Stock purchased by CCI is convertible. The portion of such Common Stock to be covered by the registration statement increases over a 30 month period to a maximum of 55,000,000 shares. This registration statement is being provided by Innohone to satisfy, on an initial basis, this condition of the Equity Swap. Continued satisfaction of this condition will depend on the maintenance of this registration statement and the provision at later dates of one or more additional registration statements. To secure Innohone's performance of the Equity Swap, Innohone has pledged to CCF, and deposited in a custodian account subject to a lien in favor of CCF, the Bonds. As the notional amount of the Equity Swap is reduced, a corresponding portion of the pledged Bonds are to be released to Innohone, subject to any required partial settlement of the Equity Swap resulting from the reduction in the notional amount. Cogent will not need to provide any form of consent to cause a release of funds to the Company under the contemplated Equity Swap. The purchase price paid by Cogent in the form of treasury bonds (the “Bonds”) was released from the escrow account on June 2, 2006, at which point the private placement was closed. At that time, we pledged the Bonds, in a separate collateral account, to secure our performance under the Equity Swap. Cogent is contractually obligated to cause proportionate amounts of the Bonds to be released with each monthly settlement of the Equity Swap. To further clarify that the Bonds are serving only as collateral for the Equity Swap and are no longer in escrow, Cogent is establishing standing instructions with the collateral agent under which the collateral agent will, each month, release the appropriate portion of the Bonds upon receipt of specified correspondence from us and our counsel confirming the then effective status of the registration statement. The release of the Bonds is not subject to Cogent's discretion and is not subject to any substantive condition other than the continued effectiveness of the resale registration statement. The Equity Swap establishes a schedule over 30 months during which time the notional share amount of the Equity Swap will reduce, provided we have satisfied the conditions. With each reduction, a corresponding portion of the pledged Bonds will be released from the collateral account. If for the relevant monthly period, the 10-trading-day average price exceeds the fixed price, then Cogent will be obligated to pay us an amount equal to the reduction in the notional share amount multiplied by this excess. Conversely, if for the relevant monthly period, the fixed price exceeds the 10-trading-day average price, then we will be obligated to pay Cogent an amount equal to the reduction in the notional amount multiplied by this excess.

In connection with and as consideration for CCF's obligations under the Equity Swap, Innohone paid to CCF an initial amount consisting of (i) \$568,750 (out of approximately \$1,375,000 to be paid); (ii) 5,000,000 shares of Common Stock; and (iii) a warrant to purchase 5,000,000 shares of Common Stock, during a 5-year term, at an initial exercise price per share of \$1.20. The remaining approximately \$806,250 (of the \$1,375,000) due is accruing interest and will be deducted and paid from the first 3 collateral releases. In addition, the Company paid CCI \$100,000 as an initial fee and has agreed to pay CCF an amount equal to the interest on \$50,000,000, at LIBOR plus 1.45% up through the Trigger Date then decreasing for the next 30 months based upon the decrease value in the notional stock amount. Innohone and CCF entered into a registration rights agreement granting CCF certain demand and piggyback registration rights with respect to these shares of Common Stock.

On May 25, 2006, we entered into a Letter Agreement (“Agreement”) with the NIR Group for the repayment (the “Repayment”) of certain notes (“Notes”) and cancellation of certain warrants (“Warrants”) issued on or about August 31, 2005 and October 31, 2005 pursuant to that certain Securities Purchase Agreement (the “SPA”) by and between Innohone and AJW Partners, LLC (“Partners”), New Millennium Capital Partners, II, LLC (“Millennium”), AJW Offshore, Ltd. (“Offshore”) and AJW Qualified Partners, LLC (“Qualified, with Partners, Millennium and Offshore,

collectively, the "NIR Group"). The Repayment was applied to the outstanding principal and interest owing under the Notes and as consideration for the cancellation of the Warrants issued to the NIR Group, and the termination of any and all UCC-1s filed in favor of NIR. Further, in connection with the SPA, Notes and Warrants, the following ancillary documents were executed and/or filed: (1) Guaranty and Pledge Agreement, dated August 31, 2005, by and between Innofone, Mr. Alex Lightman, Innofone's President and Chief Executive Officer, and NIR ("Pledge Agreement"); (2) Security Agreement by and between Innofone and NIR, dated August 31, 2005 ("Security Agreement"); and (3) UCC-1 Financing Statements ("UCC-1s") filed by NIR in Nevada (the Notes, SPA, Warrants, Pledge Agreement and Security Agreement are referred to collectively as "Original Documents").

In connection with the Repayment, Innofone and NIR executed and delivered the Agreement, a new promissory note (the "New Notes"), a new stock purchase warrant (the "New Warrants"), and a new registration rights agreement ("New Registration Agreement") (the Agreement, New Notes, New Warrants and New Registration Agreement and the UCC-3s shall be referred to collectively as the "New Documents", each of which is filed herewith as an Exhibit). Further, NIR is required to file UCC-3 Termination Statements ("UCC-3s") necessary to terminate any perfected security interest they had obtained pursuant to the Security Agreement.

The terms of the Repayment, as provided in the Agreement are as follows: (a) upon signing of Agreement, Innofone made a cash Payment to NIR in the amount of \$2,635,400 to be applied to the repayment of all amounts of principal and interest owing and outstanding under the Notes; (b) upon signing of the Agreement, Innofone issued to NIR the New Notes in the aggregate amount of \$1,200,000. The New Notes are self-amortizing over a one-year time period commencing on July 1, 2006, with each installment payment, of \$100,000 in the aggregate for all New Notes, due on the twelve consecutive monthly anniversaries beginning July 1, 2006. The New Notes may be prepaid by Innofone at anytime without penalty; (c) upon signing of the Agreement, Innofone shall issued to NIR the New Warrants exercisable into an aggregate of 750,000 shares of Innofone's Common Stock (the "Warrant Shares"). The New Warrants shall have a term of five years and an exercise price equal to \$1.79. The New Warrants may be exercised on a cashless basis only in the event that there is no effective registration statement covering the Warrant Shares. NIR may exercise the New Warrants by utilizing any amounts still owing under the New Notes. Innofone may buy back all of the New Warrants from NIR for an aggregate of \$100,000 at any time prior to the New Warrants being exercised; (d) upon signing of the Agreement, Innofone and NIR executed and delivered the New Registration Agreement providing for the registration of the Warrant Shares with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The New Registration Agreement provides for one piggyback registration right no sooner than six months from the date of hereof; (e) NIR agrees not to sell Innofone's Common Stock short, either directly or indirectly through its affiliates, principals or advisors; (f) the Original Documents were terminated in all respects, and were rendered null and void and no longer binding NIR or Innofone to any obligations, duties and responsibilities contained therein. Further, NIR and Innofone mutually agree that the New Documents shall supersede the Original Documents in all respects; (g) Innofone filed a Form AW to withdraw the Registration Statement on Form SB-2 currently on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission covering the shares of common stock underlying the Notes and the Warrants; (h) All security interests perfected by NIR on the "Collateral" (as defined in the Security Agreement), pursuant to the Original Documents, including the Security Agreement, shall be terminated. Accordingly, NIR agreed to file within (2) days of the Agreement, UCC-3 Termination Statement. To date, we have paid NIR a total of \$300,000 under the NIR New Notes and a total \$900,000 remains to be paid.

On April 27, 2006, Innofone entered into a term sheet with Mr. Lawrence Hughes providing for an investment by Mr. Hughes in the aggregate amount of \$4,000,000 in exchange for approximately 3,478,260 shares of Innofone's restricted common stock at \$1.15 per share. We have agreed to register 500,000 shares of common stock. Further, pursuant to the term sheet, Innofone is to issue a warrant to purchase 400,000 shares of Innofone's restricted common stock at an exercise price equal to eighty percent (80%) of the five (5) day trading average close price of Innofone's common stock. We completed the transaction with Mr. Hughes relative to the term sheet in June 2006.

On March 20, 2006, we entered into a transaction with Digital Presence, Inc., a recently formed Delaware corporation, whereby we agreed to purchase up to 66.67% of the total issued and outstanding common stock shares of Digital

Presence, Inc. in return for cash investment of a total of \$300,000 made in three (3) installment payments commencing on execution and ending on or about June 15, 2006. Digital Presence, Inc. is an entity which was formed for the purpose of creating a scalable and addressable IPv6 identity registry for application in various industries and government. Digital Presence, Inc. will be managed by employees other than those of Innofone but Innofone has the ability to elect one (1) member of the Board of Directors of Digital Presence, Inc. and maintains other rights, preferences and privileges through the subject investment. As of June 30, 2006, we had paid the initial and second closing payments totaling \$175,000, of which \$125,000 was treated as a deposit since the related shares were not received as of June 30, 2006. We made the third and final payment of \$125,000 on September 8, 2006.

Our headquarters are located at 1431 Ocean Ave., Suite 1100, Santa Monica, CA 90401 and our telephone number at that address is (310) 458-3233. We maintain five web sites at [www.usipv6.com](http://www.usipv6.com), [www.coalitionsummit.com](http://www.coalitionsummit.com), [www.innofone.net](http://www.innofone.net), [www.v6tranistion.com](http://www.v6tranistion.com) and [www.v6training.com](http://www.v6training.com). Information on our web sites is not a part of this prospectus.

## THE OFFERING

*SHARES  
OUTSTANDING  
PRIOR TO OFFERING*

*Common Stock, \$0.001  
par value* 74,435,328

*Common Stock Offered  
by Selling  
Securityholders* 52,450,000

*Use of Proceeds* We will not receive any proceeds from the sale by the selling securityholders of shares in this offering

See "Use of Proceeds."

*Risk Factors* An investment in our common stock involves a high degree of risk and could result in a loss of your entire investment.

*OTC Symbol* INFN

*Executive Offices* Our executive offices are located at 1431 Ocean Avenue, Suite 1100, Santa Monica, California 90401. Our telephone number is (310) 458-3233 and our five websites are: [www.usipv6.com](http://www.usipv6.com), [www.coalitionsummit.com](http://www.coalitionsummit.com), [www.innofone.net](http://www.innofone.net), [www.v6tranistion.com](http://www.v6tranistion.com) and [www.v6training.com](http://www.v6training.com). The information on our websites is not part of this prospectus.

## COGENT TRANSACTION SUMMARY

As more fully described in this prospectus, on June 2, 2006, pursuant to a securities purchase agreement, we sold in a private placement to Cogent Capital Investments LLC (“CCI”) (i) 1,850,000 shares of our common stock (“Common Stock”) and (ii) 4,815,000 shares of our Series A Convertible Preferred Stock (“Preferred Stock”) for an aggregate purchase price of \$50,000,000, which was paid in the form of U.S. Treasury Bonds (the “Bonds”). Pursuant to an Amended and Restated Certificate of Designation filed by Innofone, the Preferred Stock issued to Cogent has no voting rights, no dividend rights (unless the Board of Directors elects otherwise) and each shares of Preferred Stock shall be convertible into ten (10) shares of Common Stock, subject to certain adjustments (“Conversion Ratio”). Further, no sooner than two years after June 2, 2006, the issuance date, Innofone has the option to redeem all (but not less than all) of the outstanding Preferred Stock by paying in cash the market price (the trailing ten (10) average of the Common Stock) multiplied by the Conversion Ratio. The Preferred Stock shall rank, with respect to the payment of dividends and the distribution of assets, senior to any other security issued by Innofone.

Concurrently with the consummation of the private placement to CCI, we entered into an equity swap transaction with Cogent Capital Financial LLC (“CCF”), an affiliate of CCI (the “Equity Swap”). The Equity Swap is a fixed versus floating price swap with respect to a notional amount of 37,500,000 shares of our Common Stock, with CCF being the floating equity price payor and Innofone being the fixed equity price payor. The fixed price under the Equity Swap is \$1.333333 per share. The Equity Swap has a maturity date of December 2, 2010, though under certain conditions this date can be extended, and provides for periodic settlements and reductions of the notional amount of the Equity Swap over a 30 month period, provided that Innofone has satisfied certain conditions. Among these conditions is a requirement that Innofone maintain an effective registration statement with respect to specified portions of the Common Stock purchased by CCI and the Common Stock into which the Preferred Stock purchased by CCI is convertible. The portion of such Common Stock to be covered by the registration statement increases over a 30 month period to a maximum of 55,000,000 shares. This registration statement is being provided by Innofone to satisfy, on an initial basis, this condition of the Equity Swap. Continued satisfaction of this condition will depend on the maintenance of this registration statement and the provision at later dates of one or more additional registration statements. To secure Innofone’s performance of the Equity Swap, Innofone has pledged to CCF, and deposited in a custodian account subject to a lien in favor of CCF, the Bonds. As more fully illustrated below, as the notional amount of the Equity Swap is reduced, a corresponding portion of the pledged Bonds are to be released to Innofone, subject to any required partial settlement of the Equity Swap resulting from the reduction in the notional amount. Cogent will not need to provide any form of consent to cause a release of funds to the Company under the contemplated Equity Swap. The purchase price paid by Cogent in the form of treasury bonds (the “Bonds”) was released from the escrow account on June 2, 2006, at which point the private placement was closed. At that time, we pledged the Bonds, in a separate collateral account, to secure our performance under the Equity Swap. Cogent is contractually obligated to cause proportionate amounts of the Bonds to be released with each monthly settlement of the Equity Swap. To further clarify that the Bonds are serving only as collateral for the Equity Swap and are no longer in escrow, Cogent is establishing standing instructions with the collateral agent under which the collateral agent will, each month, release the appropriate portion of the Bonds upon receipt of specified correspondence from us and our counsel confirming the then effective status of the registration statement. The release of the Bonds is not subject to Cogent’s discretion and is not subject to any substantive condition other than the continued effectiveness of the resale registration statement. The Equity Swap establishes a schedule over 30 months during which time the notional share amount of the Equity Swap will reduce, provided we have satisfied the conditions. With each reduction, a corresponding portion of the pledged Bonds will be released from the collateral account. If for the relevant monthly period, the 10-trading-day average price exceeds the fixed price, then Cogent will be obligated to pay us an amount equal to the reduction in the notional share amount multiplied by this excess. Conversely, if for the relevant monthly period, the fixed price exceeds the 10-trading-day average price, then we will be obligated to pay Cogent an amount equal to the reduction in the notional amount multiplied by this excess.

In connection with and as consideration for CCF's obligations under the Equity Swap, Innohone paid to CCF an initial amount consisting of (i) \$568,780 (out of approximately \$1,375,000 to be paid); (ii) 5,000,000 shares of Common Stock; and (iii) a warrant to purchase 5,000,000 shares of Common Stock, during a 5-year term, at an initial exercise price per share of \$1.20. The remaining approximately \$831,250 (of the \$1,375,000) due is accruing interest and will be deducted and paid from the first 3 collateral releases. In addition, the Company paid CCI \$100,000 as an initial fee and has agreed to pay CCF an amount equal to the interest on \$50,000,000, at LIBOR plus 1.45% up through the Trigger Date then decreasing for the next 30 months based upon the decrease value in the notional stock amount. Innohone and CCF entered into a registration rights agreement granting CCF certain demand and piggyback registration rights with respect to these shares of Common Stock.

In considering numerous financing alternatives, our management had established various objectives, including minimizing the dilutive impact of any financing, avoiding transactions that do not have a fixed share number and not engaging in transactions that would have a tendency to subject us to potential short selling abuses. After having reviewed numerous financing alternatives, management concluded that the Cogent Transaction was the available financing alternative that would most likely enable us to achieve these objectives. In addition, unlike other financing alternatives, the Cogent Transaction gives us an opportunity to participate in the upside of our own shares, which in management's view are undervalued in the market, and provides financing over a longer term than otherwise available, which enhances our ability to focus on business development rather than capital raising activities.

Further, as a general matter, an increase in our share price either will tend to increase the amounts we receive or reduce the amounts we pay under the Equity Swap, while a decrease in our share price will tend to either increase the amounts we pay or reduce the amounts we receive under the Equity Swap. However, a decrease in our share price will not result in any increase in the number of shares held by Cogent as a result of these transactions.

Our and CCF's obligations under the Equity Swap depend upon the relationship between the fixed price and the 10-trading-day average price that is periodically determined. For each monthly settlement period, an amount will be due which shall equal the notional number of shares to which the monthly settlement relates multiplied by the difference between the fixed price and that period's average price. If the average price exceeds the fixed price, CCF will owe that amount to us, and if the fixed price exceeds the average price we will owe that amount to CCF. As noted above, our management determined that the Cogent Transaction represented the most favorable overall financing package available to the company. The consideration for the Equity Swap represents compensation to Cogent for assuming significant obligations under a long-term transaction that references a relatively illiquid and volatile equity security and under which Cogent bears an unlimited upside exposure, while our downside exposure is finite. The amount paid to Cogent reflects the net option values imbedded in the Equity Swap, which themselves reflect option valuation methodologies that take account of various factors, including the transaction term, share illiquidity and volatility, and relative price exposures.

For illustrative purposes, set out below is a summary table depicting the timing associated with the reduction in notional amount of the Equity Swap and corresponding release of the pledged Bonds and an illustration of how the monthly settlement will occur based on our current 10-day trading price.

<b>Swap Transaction</b>	<b>Applicable Settlement Date (Expressed as a Number of Months after the Trigger Date)</b>	<b>Applicable Share Amount</b>	<b>Total Notional Shares Covered by Swaps</b>	<b>Collateral Release Percentage (Assuming all Settlement Dates occur at earliest possible date)</b>
Swap 1	1 month after Trigger Date	750,000	36,750,000	2%
Swap 2	2 months after Trigger Date	750,000	36,000,000	2%

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Swap 3	3 months after Trigger Date	750,000	35,250,000	2%
Swap 4	4 months after Trigger Date	750,000	34,500,000	2%
Swap 5	5 months after Trigger Date	750,000	33,750,000	2%
Swap 6	6 months after Trigger Date	750,000	33,000,000	2%
Swap 7	7 months after Trigger Date	1,250,000	31,750,000	3 <sup>1/3</sup> %
Swap 8	8 months after Trigger Date	1,250,000	30,500,000	3 <sup>1/3</sup> %
Swap 9	9 months after Trigger Date	1,250,000	29,250,000	3 <sup>1/3</sup> %
Swap 10	10 months after Trigger Date	1,500,000	27,750,000	4%
Swap 11	11 months after Trigger Date	1,500,000	26,250,000	4%
Swap 12	12 months after Trigger Date	1,500,000	24,750,000	4%
Swap 13	13 months after Trigger Date	1,500,000	23,250,000	4%
Swap 14	14 months after Trigger Date	1,500,000	21,750,000	4%
Swap 15	15 months after Trigger Date	1,500,000	20,250,000	4%
Swap 16	16 months after Trigger Date	1,750,000	18,500,000	4 <sup>2/3</sup> %
Swap 17	17 months after Trigger Date	1,750,000	16,750,000	4 <sup>2/3</sup> %
Swap 18	18 months after Trigger Date	1,750,000	15,000,000	4 <sup>2/3</sup> %
Swap 19	19 months after Trigger Date	1,500,000	13,500,000	4%
Swap 20	20 months after Trigger Date	1,500,000	12,000,000	4%
Swap 21	21 months after Trigger Date	1,500,000	10,500,000	4%
Swap 22	22 months after Trigger Date	1,250,000	9,250,000	3 <sup>1/3</sup> %
Swap 23	23 months after Trigger Date	1,250,000	8,000,000	3 <sup>1/3</sup> %
Swap 24	24 months after Trigger Date	1,250,000	6,750,000	3 <sup>1/3</sup> %
Swap 25	25 months after Trigger Date	1,250,000	5,500,000	3 <sup>1/3</sup> %
Swap 26	26 months after Trigger Date	1,250,000	4,250,000	3 <sup>1/3</sup> %
Swap 27	27 months after Trigger Date	1,250,000	3,000,000	3 <sup>1/3</sup> %
Swap 28	28 months after Trigger Date	1,000,000	2,000,000	2 <sup>2/3</sup> %
Swap 29	29 months after Trigger Date	1,000,000	1,000,000	2 <sup>2/3</sup> %

Swap 30	30 months after Trigger Date	1,000,000	0	2 <sup>2</sup> / <sub>3</sub> %
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**Illustrative Settlement for Equity Swap Period 1 Using Current 10-day Avg Bid / Ask Spread**

Date	Bid	Ask	Average
12/7/2006	\$ 0.85	\$ 1.00	\$ 0.925000
12/6/2006	0.90	0.96	0.930000
12/5/2006	0.91	0.95	0.930000
12/4/2006	0.99	1.00	0.995000
12/1/2006	0.76	0.77	0.765000
11/30/2006	0.47	0.61	0.540000
11/29/2006	0.54	0.61	0.575000
11/28/2006	0.61	0.62	0.615000
11/27/2006	0.61	0.62	0.615000
11/24/2006	\$ 0.54	\$ 0.58	\$ 0.560000
Average Bid / Ask Spread over 10 days			\$ 0.745000
Reference Price			- \$ 1.333333
Difference			\$ (0.588333)
Applicable Share Amount			x 750,000
Equity Swap Settlement Amount			\$ (441,250)
Collateral Release			+ \$ 1,000,000
Net Before Release Fee			\$ 558,750
Collateral Release Fee			- \$ 19,000
Net to Innohone.com			\$ 577,750

**SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

The following tables set forth the summary financial information for our company as provided in the year end financial statements of IPv6 Summit and the three months ended September 30, 2006 on a condensed consolidated basis to include Innofone.com. You should read this information together with the financial statements and the notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this prospectus and the information under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations."

**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS DATA**

	For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2006 (Unaudited)	For the Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Audited)
Revenues	\$ 26,547	\$ 624,907
Cost of Revenues	\$ 24,793	\$ 158,636
Selling General Administrative Expense	\$ 1,272,848	\$ 4,506,159
Net loss	\$ (12,604,725)	\$ (17,969,539)
Basic Net loss per share	(0.17)	(0.31)
Weighted average common shares outstanding	73,851,151	58,528,680

**Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet Data**

	As of September 30, 2006 (Unaudited)	As of June 30, 2006 (Audited)
Total Current Assets	\$ 2,142,951	\$ 344,014
Current liabilities	\$ 5,568,437	\$ 3,180,232
Total Liabilities	\$ 19,815,324	\$ 6,749,455
Stockholders' equity (deficit)	\$ 34,962,119	\$ 44,850,452

## **RISK FACTORS**

*You should carefully consider the risks described below before buying shares of our Common Stock in this offering. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial may impair our business operations. If any of the adverse events described in this risk factors section actually occur, our business, results of operations and financial condition could be materially adversely affected, the trading price of our common stock could decline and you might lose all or part of your investment. We have had operating losses to date and cannot assure that we will be profitable in the foreseeable future. We make various statements in this section which constitute "forward-looking" statements under Section 27A of the Securities Act.*

### **RISKS RELATED TO OUR BUSINESS**

#### **WE HAVE INCURRED HISTORICAL LOSSES AND WE MAY NOT BE ABLE TO GENERATE PROFITS, SUPPORT OUR OPERATIONS, OR ESTABLISH A RETURN ON INVESTED CAPITAL.**

We incurred net losses in fiscal 2006 of \$17,969,539. In addition, we expect to increase our infrastructure and operating expenses to fund our anticipated growth. We may not be able to generate profits in 2007 or thereafter and may not be able to support our operations, or otherwise establish a return on invested capital. We cannot assure you that any of our business strategies will be successful or that significant revenues or profitability will ever be achieved or, if they are achieved, that they can be consistently sustained or increased on a quarterly or annual basis.

#### **WE EXPECT OUR OPERATING LOSSES TO CONTINUE AND WE CAN NOT ASSURE YOU THAT WE WILL EVER GENERATE SIGNIFICANT REVENUES.**

Innofone expects to incur increased operating expenses during the next year. The amount of net losses and the time required for Innofone to reach and sustain profitability are uncertain. The likelihood of Innofone's success must be considered in light of the problems, expenses, difficulties, and delays frequently encountered in connection with a new business, including, but not limited to uncertainty as to development and acquisitions and the time required for Innofone's planned production to become available in the marketplace. There can be no assurance that Innofone will ever generate significant revenues or achieve profitability at all or on any substantial basis which could cause a decrease in your entire investment in our shares.

#### **WE HAVE A LIMITED AMOUNT OF CASH AND ARE LIKELY TO REQUIRE ADDITIONAL CAPITAL TO CONTINUE OUR OPERATIONS. THEREFORE, FAILURE TO OBTAIN ADDITIONAL CAPITAL MAY RESULT IN US HAVING TO CURTAIL OUR BUSINESS.**

We have a limited amount of available cash and will likely require additional capital to successfully implement our business plan. Although, subject to our satisfying certain conditions under the Equity Swap (as defined below), including the effectiveness and maintenance of this registration statement, we will begin to have access to the \$50 million in U.S. Treasury Bonds pledged to secure our obligations under the Equity Swap, such pledged bonds are to be released over a thirty (30) month period in specified percentages and in exact amounts per month that depend on our stock price and will be sufficient to sustain our operations for such 30 month period only if our stock price remains stable. There can be no assurance that we will be able to obtain additional funding when needed if needed, or that such funding, if available, will be obtainable on terms acceptable to us. Moreover, we are subject to certain restrictions in the Securities Purchase Agreement which may limit or prohibit us from raising additional funds through future equity and debt financings. In the event that our operations do not generate sufficient cash flow, or we cannot obtain additional funds if and when needed, we may be forced to curtail or cease our activities, which would likely result in the loss to investors of all or a substantial portion of their investment.



**WE RELY HEAVILY ON OUR MANAGEMENT, THE LOSS OF WHICH COULD HURT OUR BUSINESS, OPERATING RESULTS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION.**

Our future success is dependent on having capable seasoned executives with the necessary business knowledge and relationships to execute our business plan. Accordingly, the services of our management and our board of directors are deemed essential to maintaining the continuity of our operations. If we were to lose their services, our business could be harmed. We have executed an employment agreement with Mr. Alex Lightman, our Chief Executive Officer, President, and Principal Accounting Officer, and with Mr. Gerard Casale, our Corporate Counsel and Vice President of Business Affairs. Our performance will also depend on our ability to find, hire, train, motivate and retain other executive officers and key employees. The Company currently does not have a chief financial officer which requires that our chief executive officer, Alex Lightman, to perform those duties. To the extent that Mr. Lightman will have to perform the duties of the principal accounting officer, he will not be able to perform his duties as the chief executive officer and vice versa. We are currently searching for a chief financial officer.

We must continually implement and improve our services, operations, operating procedures and quality controls on a timely basis, as well as expand, train, motivate and manage our work force in order to accommodate anticipated growth and compete effectively in our market segment. Successful implementation of our strategy also requires that we establish and manage a competent, dedicated work force and employ additional key employees. There can be no assurance that our personnel, systems, procedures and controls will be adequate to support our existing and future operations. Any failure to implement and improve such operations could cause operating results and financial condition to worsen.

Further, our future success depends on the continued services of executive management. We currently maintain key-man insurance on certain executives, including Mr. Alex Lightman, our Chief Executive Officer, President, and Principal Accounting Officer. Our future success is also dependent on our ability to identify, hire, train and retain other qualified managerial and other employees. Competition for these individuals is intense and increasing. The loss of any of their services would be detrimental to us and could have a harmful effect on our business development.

**WE OPERATE IN A HIGHLY COMPETITIVE ENVIRONMENT WHICH COULD SIGNIFICANTLY AFFECT OUR BUSINESS INITIATIVES WHICH COULD NEGATIVELY IMPACT YOUR INVESTMENT IN OUR SHARES.**

We have competitors in each of our three business divisions. Our conference division competes with IPv6 Forum; our training division competes with Sunset Learning and Nativ6, and our consulting division competes with Booz Allen Hamilton, ST International, SRI and Lockheed Martin. Our competitors are larger, have substantially greater resources and better known brand and reputation. Our competitors may be able to adapt more quickly to changes in customer needs or to devote greater resources than we can to developing and expanding our services. Such competitors could also attempt to increase their presence in our markets by forming strategic alliances with other competitors, by offering new or improved products or services by increasing their efforts to gain and retain market share through competitive pricing. As the market for our services matures, price competition and penetration into the market will intensify. There can be no assurance that we will be able to continue to compete successfully with existing or new competitors. Such competition may hamper our ability to generate profits.

## **RISK FACTORS AFFECTING OUR FUTURE RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

Due to our limited operating history, it is difficult to predict accurately future revenues. This may result in one or more future quarters where our financial results may fall below the expectation of management and investors. However firmly management may believe in its prospects, we could fail. Operating results may vary, depending upon a number of factors, many of which are outside our control. Material factors expected to impact our operating results include, legal costs expansion activities, increased interest and expenses for borrowings and possible hiring of additional full time employees. Every investor should evaluate the risks, uncertainties, expenses and difficulties frequently encountered by companies in the early stage of development.

## **WE ARE ATTEMPTING TO EXPAND OUR BUSINESS AND ANY FAILURE TO DO SO COULD HURT OUR BUSINESS**

We expect that expansion will be required to address potential growth. This need for expansion will continue to place a significant strain on our management and financial resources. Our business strategy includes entering into business partnerships and acquiring future businesses. We may be unable to complete suitable business partnerships and acquisitions on commercially reasonable terms, if at all. Competition could impair our ability to successfully pursue these aspects of this business strategy. Failure to manage growth or successfully pursue aspects of our business strategy could prevent us from generating revenues.

Business partnerships or acquisitions could disrupt ongoing business, distract management and employees and increase expenses. If we make an acquisition, we could face difficulties assimilating that company's personnel and operations. Key personnel of the acquired company may decide not to work for us. Acquisition of additional services or technologies also involves risk of incompatibility and lack of integration into existing operations. If we finance the acquisitions by issuing equity securities, this could dilute existing stockholders positions. Additionally, funding instruments may have rights, preferences or privileges senior to those of our stockholders, which would impact an investment in our shares.

## **WE HAVE LIMITED HISTORICAL FINANCIAL DATA WHICH MAKE IT DIFFICULT TO EVALUATE AN INVESTMENT IN OUR SHARES**

As a result of its limited operating history, we have limited historical financial data upon which to forecast revenues and results of operation. The actual effect of these factors on the price of stock will be difficult to assess. Results of operation may fall well below the expectations of and the trading price of our common stock may drop. As a result, any investment in our common stock could result in losses to the investor.

## **RISKS RELATED TO HOLDING OUR SECURITIES**

### **THERE ARE A LARGE NUMBER OF SHARES UNDERLYING OUR SERIES A PREFERRED STOCK THAT MAY BE AVAILABLE FOR FUTURE SALE AND THE SALE OF THESE SHARES MAY DEPRESS THE MARKET PRICE OF OUR COMMON STOCK.**

As of June 2006, we have 4,815,000 Series A Convertible Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value per share, issued and outstanding which may be converted into an estimated 48,150,000 shares of our Common Stock at a conversion ratio of ten (10) shares of common stock for each shares of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock. Upon the effectiveness of this registration statement, 41,300,000 shares may be sold without restriction upon conversion. Further, shares of our common stock may be shorted which could depress the price of our stock. The sale of these shares may cause the market price of our Common Stock to decrease.



**THE ISSUANCE OF SHARES UPON CONVERSION OF THE SERIES A CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED STOCK MAY CAUSE IMMEDIATE AND SUBSTANTIAL DILUTION TO OUR EXISTING STOCKHOLDERS.**

The issuance of shares upon conversion of the Series A Convertible Preferred Stock may result in substantial dilution to the interests of other stockholders since the selling stockholders may ultimately convert and sell the full amount issuable on conversion. The investors may convert their Series A shares at a conversion ratio equal to ten shares of common stock for each Series A share. The conversion of the Series A shares will represent approximately 39.28% of our issued and outstanding common stock.

**THE PROCEEDS FROM THE PRIVATE PLACEMENT WITH COGENT CAPITAL INVESTMENTS LLC HAVE BEEN PLEDGED AS COLLATERAL FOR AN EQUITY SWAP AND THE AVAILABILITY OF THOSE PROCEEDS IS SUBJECT TO THE CONDITIONS OF AND OUR OBLIGATIONS UNDER THE EQUITY SWAP**

As described more fully below under "Cogent Transaction", concurrently with the consummation of the private placement of shares of our common stock and Series A Convertible Preferred Stock to Cogent Capital Investments LLC, we entered into an equity swap with Cogent Capital Financial LLC relating to a notional amount of 37,500,000 shares of our common stock. To secure our performance under this equity swap, we pledged the \$50,000,000 of U.S. Treasury securities we received as the purchase price in the private placement. Our ability to access the pledged U.S. Treasury securities will depend on the satisfaction of various conditions under the equity swap as well as the ultimate determination of the fixed versus floating price settlement amounts due under the equity swap in connection with each reduction of the notional amount thereunder. As a result, the portion of the pledged U.S. Treasury securities that we will be able to deploy for our operational needs is uncertain and may be reduced if we fail to satisfy the conditions under the equity swap or the settlement payments under the equity swap are not in our favor.

**IN ORDER TO GET THE FULL BENEFIT OF THE EQUITY SWAP WE MUST OBTAIN AN INITIAL REGISTRATION STATEMENT COVERING AT LEAST 10 MILLION SHARES, OBTAIN ANOTHER EFFECTIVE REGISTRATION STATEMENT COVERING THE ENTIRE 55 MILLION SHARES AND MAINTAIN THE EFFECTIVENESS OF SUCH REGISTRATION STATEMENTS.**

Pursuant to the Equity Swap, the periodic settlements and reduction of the notional amounts over the 30-month period are conditioned upon us obtaining and maintaining an effective registration statement with respect to, initially, 10,000,000 shares of our common stock issued or issuable to CCI and thereafter, one or more registration statements covering up to 55 million shares over the 30-month period. Our inability to obtain effectiveness of either registration statement would have a materially adverse affect on our operations as we would be prevented from reducing the notional amount under the Equity Swap which would result in the Bonds not being released to us from the collateral account. Moreover, the continued delay in obtaining, or maintaining, an effective registration statement is resulting in our having to pay interest to CCF over an extended period of time; we are required to pay interest on the \$50,000,000 at LIBOR plus 1.45% up through the Trigger Date then decreasing for the next 30 months based upon the decrease value in the notional stock amount.

**WE ARE SUBJECT TO PENNY STOCK REGULATIONS AND RESTRICTIONS.**

Our common stock is approved for quotation on the NASD OTC Bulletin Board. Since our common stock trades below \$5.00 per share (the last reported bid price for our common stock on November 21, 2006, was \$0.55), it is considered a "penny stock" and is subject to SEC rules and regulations that impose limitations on the manner in which it can be publicly traded.

These regulations require the delivery, prior to any transaction involving a penny stock, of a disclosure schedule explaining the penny stock market and the associated risks. Potential investors in our common stock are urged to obtain and read this disclosure carefully before purchasing any shares that are deemed to be "penny stock." Also under these regulations, certain brokers who recommend a penny stock to persons other than established customers or certain accredited investors must make a special written suitability determination regarding the purchaser and receive the purchaser's written agreement to a transaction prior to sale. These procedures require the broker-dealer to:

- obtain from the investor information concerning his or her financial situation, investment experience and investment objectives;
- reasonably determine, based on that information, that transactions in penny stocks are suitable for the investor and that the investor has sufficient knowledge and experience as to be reasonably capable of evaluating the risks of penny stock transactions;
- provide the investor with a written statement setting forth the basis on which the broker-dealer has made the determination of suitability; and
- receive a signed and dated copy of the statement from the investor, confirming that it accurately reflects the investor's financial situation, investment experience and investment objectives.

These regulations have the effect of limiting the trading activity of our common stock and reducing the liquidity of an investment in our common stock.

Stockholders should be aware that, according to SEC Release No. 34-29093, the market for penny stocks has suffered in recent years from patterns of fraud and abuse.

Our "penny stock" designation may adversely affect the development or continuation of the public market for our common stock.

#### **BROKER-DEALER REQUIREMENTS MAY AFFECT TRADING AND LIQUIDITY.**

Section 15(g) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Rule 15g-2 promulgated thereunder by the SEC require broker-dealers dealing in penny stocks to provide potential investors with a document disclosing the risks of penny stocks and to obtain a manually signed and dated written receipt of the document before effecting any transaction in a penny stock for the investor's account. Potential investors in our common stock are urged to obtain and read such disclosure carefully before purchasing any shares that are deemed to be "penny stocks." Moreover, Rule 15g-9 requires broker-dealers in penny stocks to approve the account of any investor for transactions in such stocks before selling any penny stock to that investor. This procedure requires the broker-dealer to (i) obtain from the investor information concerning his or her financial situation, investment experience and investment objectives; (ii) reasonably determine, based on that information, that transactions in penny stocks are suitable for the investor and that the investor has sufficient knowledge and experience as to be reasonably capable of evaluating the risks of penny stock transactions; (iii) provide the investor with a written statement setting forth the basis on which the broker-dealer made the determination in (ii) above; and (iv) receive a signed and dated copy of such statement from the investor, confirming that it accurately reflects the investor's financial situation, investment experience and investment objectives. Compliance with these requirements may make it more difficult for holders of our common stock to resell their shares to third parties or to otherwise dispose of them in the market or otherwise.

**OUR COMMON STOCK MAY BE VOLATILE, WHICH SUBSTANTIALLY INCREASES THE RISK THAT YOU MAY NOT BE ABLE TO SELL YOUR SHARES AT OR ABOVE THE PRICE THAT YOU MAY PAY FOR THE SHARES.**

Because of the limited trading market expected to develop for our common stock, and because of the possible price volatility, you may not be able to sell your shares of common stock when you desire to do so. The inability to sell your shares in a rapidly declining market may substantially increase your risk of loss because of such illiquidity and because the price for our common stock may suffer greater declines because of its price volatility.

The price of our common stock that will prevail in the market after this offering may be higher or lower than the price you may pay. Certain factors, some of which are beyond our control, that may cause our share price to fluctuate significantly include, but are not limited to, the following:

- variations in our quarterly operating results;
- loss of a key relationship or failure to complete significant transactions;
- additions or departures of key personnel; and
- fluctuations in stock market price and volume.

Additionally, in recent years the stock market in general, and the over-the-counter markets in particular, have experienced extreme price and volume fluctuations. In some cases, these fluctuations are unrelated or disproportionate to the operating performance of the underlying company. These market and industry factors may cause our stock price to decline, regardless of our operating performance.

In the past, class action litigation often has been brought against companies following periods of volatility in the market price of those companies' common stock. If we become involved in this type of litigation in the future, it could result in substantial costs and diversion of management attention and resources, which could have a further negative effect on your investment in our stock.

**MANY OF OUR SHARES OF COMMON STOCK WILL IN THE FUTURE BE AVAILABLE FOR RESALE. ANY SALES OF OUR COMMON STOCK, IF IN SIGNIFICANT AMOUNTS, ARE LIKELY TO DEPRESS THE MARKET PRICE OF OUR SHARES.**

Assuming all of the 52,450,000 shares of common stock we are offering under this prospectus are sold in our offering, we would have 53,417,098 shares that are freely tradable without the requirement of registration under the Securities Act of 1933. 69,168,230 shares of our common stock are “restricted securities” as defined under Rule 144 of the Securities Act of 1933 and 5,586,224 remaining shares are a part of the public float for a total of 122,585,328 shares. Of these shares, approximately 44.1% of our shares are owned by our officers, directors or other “affiliates.” These individuals may only sell their shares, absent registration, in accordance with the provisions of Rule 144.

Restricted securities may only be publicly sold pursuant to registration under the Securities Act of 1933, or pursuant to Rule 144 or some other exemption that may be available from the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933. Rule 144 entitles each person holding restricted securities for a period of one year, and affiliates who own non-restricted shares of our common stock, to sell every three months in ordinary brokerage transactions an amount of shares which does not exceed the greater of 1% of the shares of our common stock outstanding or, assuming the shares of common stock are then traded on Nasdaq, the average weekly trading volume during the four calendar weeks prior to said sale. Any substantial sales pursuant to Rule 144, including the potential sale of our affiliates' shares of our common stock, may have an adverse effect on the market price of shares of our common stock, and may hinder our ability to arrange subsequent equity or debt financing or affect the terms and time of such financing.



***Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements***

This prospectus contains “forward-looking statements” and information relating to our business that are based on our beliefs as well as assumptions made by us or based upon information currently available to us. When used in this prospectus, the words “anticipate,” “believe,” “estimate,” “expect,” “intend,” “may,” “plan,” “project”, “should” and similar are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements relating to our performance in “Business” and “Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation”. These statements reflect our current views and assumptions with respect to future events and are subject to risks and uncertainties. Actual and future results and trends could differ materially from those set forth in such statements due to various factors. Such factors include, among others: general economic and business conditions; industry capacity; industry trends; competition; changes in business strategy or development plans; project performance; the commercially viability of our products and offerings; availability, terms, and deployment of capital; and availability of qualified personnel. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this prospectus. Subject at all times to relevant federal and state securities law disclosure requirements, we expressly disclaim any obligation or undertaking to disseminate any update or revisions to any forward-looking statement contained herein to reflect any change in our expectations with regard thereto or any changes in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based. In addition, we cannot assess the impact of each factor on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements.

**USE OF PROCEEDS**

We will not receive any proceeds from the sale of the shares of our common stock by the selling securityholders.

**MARKET FOR OUR SHARES**

Our common stock is currently quoted on the National Association of Securities Dealers Over the Counter Bulletin Board under the symbol "INFN" ("OTC Bulletin Board"). The common stock had previously been quoted on the OTC Bulletin Board and was delisted on September 1, 1999. From September 1, 1999 until the re-listing on the OTC Bulletin Board on March 27, 2001, our common stock was quoted in the over-the-counter Pink Sheets market in the United States.

The closing price of our common stock on the OTC Bulletin Board on November 30, 2006 was \$0.61 per share.

The price ranges of quotations in Innofone's common stock during the last two fiscal years and the subsequent interim period are as follows:

<u>2006</u>	High	Low
1/1/06-3/31/06	.60	.24
4/1/06-6/30/06	1.89	.60
7/1/06-9/30/06	1.25	.51
10/1/06-11/30/06	.87	.41
<u>2005</u>	High	Low
1/1/05 - 3/31/05	.85	.85
4/1/05 - 6/30/05	1.69	1.50
7/1/05 - 9/30/05	2.50	2.36
10/1/05 - 12/31/05	1.64	.42
<u>2004</u>		
1/1/04 - 3/31/04	2.50	2.35
4/1/04 - 6/30/04	2.50	2.35
7/1/04 - 9/30/04	2.50	2.35

As of November 21, 2006, we had issued and outstanding 74,435,328 shares of common stock, held by approximately 180 holders of record. There have been no cash dividends declared by us since our inception.

The source of these high and low prices was the OTC Bulletin Board. These quotations reflect inter-dealer prices, without retail mark-up, markdown or commissions and may not represent actual transactions. The high and low prices listed have been rounded up to the next highest two decimal places.

The market price of our common stock is subject to significant fluctuations in response to variations in our quarterly operating results, general trends in the market for the products we distribute, and other factors, over many of which we have little or no control. In addition, broad market fluctuations, as well as general economic, business and political conditions, may adversely affect the market for our common stock, regardless of our actual or projected performance.

We currently have no compensation plans.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

### Forward-Looking Statements

The information set forth in this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations ("MD&A") contains certain "forward-looking statements" including, among others (i) expected changes in Innofone's revenues and profitability, (ii) prospective business opportunities and (iii) Innofone's strategy for financing its business. Forward-looking statements are statements other than historical information or statements of current condition. Some forward-looking statements may be identified by use of terms such as "believes", "anticipates", "intends" or "expects". These forward-looking statements relate to the plans, objectives and expectations of Innofone for future operations. Although Innofone believes that its expectations with respect to the forward-looking statements are based upon reasonable assumptions within the bounds of its knowledge of its business and operations, in light of the risks and uncertainties inherent in all future projections, the inclusion of forward-looking statements in this report should not be regarded as a representation by Innofone or any other person that the objectives or plans of Innofone will be achieved.

### 1. Overview

You should read the following discussion and analysis in conjunction with the Financial Statements in this prospectus and Notes hereto, and the other financial data appearing elsewhere in this prospectus.

The Company's revenues and results of operations could differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements as a result of numerous factors, including, but not limited to, the following: the risk of significant natural disaster, the inability of the Company to insure against certain risks, inflationary and deflationary conditions and cycles, currency exchange rates, changing government regulations domestically and internationally affecting the New Internet, including various taxing authorities, VAT, OSHA, and general market conditions, competition and pricing, changes in external competitive market factors, termination of certain agreements, protocol, or inability to enter into strategic agreements, inability to satisfy anticipated working capital or other cash shortage requirements, changes in or developments under domestic or foreign laws, regulations, governmental requirements or in the IT industry, changes in the Company's business strategy or an inability to execute its strategy due to unanticipated changes in the market. In light of these risks and uncertainties, there can be no assurance that actual results, performance or achievements of the Company will not differ materially from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements.

The Company continues to review and evaluate its disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that they fully comply with the new Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-15 and 15d-15. At this time we are considering implementing further disclosure controls and procedures that are adequate and effective to ensure that material information relating to us is adequately recorded, processed, summarized and reported.

The Company currently operates two wholly-owned subsidiaries and supports the management of a majority-owned start-up subsidiary as well as operating a consulting division.

One of our two wholly-owned subsidiaries is IPv6 Summit, Inc., which is operated from our Santa Monica, California headquarters and is dedicated to the provision of IPv6-related conferences.

Our other wholly-owned subsidiary is Mobile Tech Acquisition Corp., Inc. ("Mobile Tech"). Mobile Tech is a recently acquired business completed in August 2006 which is developing and marketing mobile SMS and ticketing and

transaction services and products from its Las Vegas, Nevada headquarters.

Through our v6 Transition division, we have performed professional services related to IPv6 including IPv6 trainings, workshops, and the provision of other consulting services such as the drafting of corporate transition plans and other business plans.

We support the management of Digital Presence, Inc., a Delaware corporation in which we purchased approximately 66.67% of the total issued and outstanding common shares for \$300,000. Digital Presence, Inc. and our v6 Transition division are both managed by James Bacchus, our Vice President of Consulting. Digital Presence is a start-up corporation, recently formed for the purpose of creating a scalable addressable IPv6 identity registry.

Further to our business of acquiring companies in the IPv6 industry, we entered into a Merger Agreement on or about August 16, 2006 with InfoWeapons, Inc. (“InfoWeapons”) in which we agreed to acquire all of InfoWeapons, for \$8,500,000 worth of our common stock and other consideration. On October 4, 2006, we filed a complaint in the United States District Court, Central District of California, against InfoWeapons, and Lawrence Hughes (“Hughes”), alleging that InfoWeapons and Hughes have failed to perform their obligations under that certain Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated August 16, 2006 (the “Merger Agreement”) and that each had wrongfully misappropriated trade secrets of our Company. Under the terms of the Merger Agreement we acquired InfoWeapons and its assets (including but not limited to InfoWeapons' subsidiary, InfoWeapons Corp.) with the only non-administrative outstanding item subsequent to execution being the delivery by InfoWeapons of its financial statements in accordance with US Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Despite our recent and repeated requests, InfoWeapons has failed to deliver its US GAAP financial statements as required by the Merger Agreement.

The above-mentioned business divisions and subsidiaries are largely focused on exploiting what we anticipate to be a major shift in the way business is done on the Internet given the upgrade of the infrastructure of the Internet to Internet Protocol version 6 (IPv6). The Internet as we know it today is based on Internet Protocol version 4, more commonly referred to as IPv4, a 33-year-old protocol. The IPv4 based Internet is beginning to receive a major upgrade, with a new format established in computer operating systems for packets of data called Internet Protocol version 6, or IPv6 (also called the “New Internet” when referring to a fully implemented IPv6 network environment). Simply put, one of the limitations of today's Internet is a shortage of addresses, so that the hardware or software equivalents of “middle men” are put into the system to let many people use one address, not unlike the old telephone party lines, where many people had the same “number,” and everyone could listen in. The party line system had the advantage that a lot of people could be connected with few switched lines, but led to problems, such as lack of security. There was no way to assure that one person would be speaking with only one person at the other end. When every phone user received their own address, it led to many great new capabilities - such as enhanced privacy, the ability to deliver new services such as telefax messages to a particular person, and the ability to go mobile with cell phones, and caller ID, which enabled people to screen their calls, accepting only those they wanted to at that moment.

The advantages of IPv6 over the existing IPv4 are significant and can be summarized as that which provides greater security, mobility, and *ad hoc* networking capability which is a temporary network link initiated for a particular purpose. Specifically, IPv6 will give everyone his or her personal address (or thousands of them, as needed), which enables the potential for “end-to-end” connectivity. Each individual can know for certain who the specific receiver at the other end is which in turn allows the system to check for service quality and much easier mobile use and roaming. Furthermore, this connectivity facilitates multiple layers of individual security measures rather than today's firewalls or Network Address Translation, which offer little protection once a hacker has broken through the protective wall.

One new feature of IPv6 is the vast increase of trillions of Internet addresses, resulting in what will seem to be almost unlimited Internet Protocol (IP) address availability and which will enable each customer to have many such addresses for each cell phone, game console, home appliance, consumer electronics and automobiles in the household and/or at the office. Doing this today in the IPv4 environment is difficult and costly.

IPv6 is also more secure for wired and wireless communications in part because greater identity is possible with more addresses and in part because currently there are no known cases of spoofing an IPv6 address as occurs in IPv4. While being more secure, IPv6 will also provide greater access to mobile wireless online service, television and voice over Internet protocol (or “VoIP”) given its structure resulting in more mobile online users with greater overall trust in a secure network. Ultimately, even advanced online connections such as smart tags which utilize Radio Frequency Identification (RFID) to enable real-time inventory tracking will be able to be deployed in IPv6 efficiently and broadly. To do so under an IPv4 system would not be practical from a cost perspective.

We believe that IPv6 will present many new business opportunities in roughly the same manner that the existing Internet did when it first reached the mainstream in the mid-1990s. Our initial goal was to address such business

opportunities by initially focusing on training, consulting, conference management and testing all related specifically to IPv6 so as to become one of the known experts in this new field. By developing expertise and leadership in each of these areas, Innofone has gained the credibility required in this newly developing IPv6 environment to allow for our current expansion through the strategic acquisitions we have closed. We are currently filling a void in our areas of expertise related to IPv6 in the United States. There are few domestic competitors providing services to American businesses seeking advice on how to transition from IPv4 to IPv6. There are few competitors which understand the U.S. government's role in supporting IPv6. There are few competitors providing credible testing facilities for IPv6 enabled products. There are few competitors providing training to employees in American businesses on the IPv6 environment and its advantages, product possibilities and/or network solutions. By doing business in these areas with sparse competition and by holding regular summit conferences throughout the country, Innofone intends to take and maintain the lead in all business specifically related to IPv6.

Innofone currently offers and manages these services from two corporate centers: our corporate headquarters offices in Santa Monica, California and virtually through our Eastern seaboard based employee, James Bacchus.

## **2. Business Combination**

On August 8, 2005, Innofone.com, Incorporated entered into a stock purchase agreement with Mr. Alex Lightman, our Chief Executive Officer and President, to purchase 100% of the issued and outstanding shares of IPv6 Summit Inc. ("IPv6 Summit"), an entity engaged in providing conference management services related to Internet Protocol version 6 or IPv6. At the time of the Agreement, Mr. Lightman was the President, Treasurer, Director and sole shareholder of IPv6 Summit, and was neither an officer nor a director of Innofone. Pursuant to the Agreement, on October 12, 2005, which was amended on October 17, 2005, we issued to Mr. Lightman a promissory note in the principal face amount of \$1,000,000 with interest at the rate of 4% per annum. Further, we issued to Mr. Lightman approximately 33,333,000 shares of our restricted common stock. As a result of the stock purchase agreement, IPv6 Summit became a wholly-owned subsidiary of Innofone. IPv6 has been accounted for as the accounting acquirer similar to a reverse merger transaction and the historical accounting information of IPv6 is now that of Innofone. As of September 30, 2006, we had made payments against Mr. Lightman's promissory note totaling \$600,000 and, accordingly, our current balance owed to him totals \$400,000.

### 3. Current Business Operations

We currently employ nine individuals in our Santa Monica, California headquarters offices located at 1431 Ocean Avenue, Suite 1100, Santa Monica, California 90401 and employ one individual on the Eastern seaboard in and around the Northern Virginia area.

Innofone operates its wholly owned subsidiary, IPv6 Summit, Inc., in Santa Monica, California and its division styled as “v6 Transition” which is based in Clifton, Virginia and is managed by James Bacchus as Vice President of Consulting.

On August 4, 2006, we closed the acquisition of Mobile Technology Group, LLC (“MTG”), a mobile SMS service and ticketing provider based in Las Vegas, Nevada. We intend for MTG to serve as our mobile division and seek growth through acquisitions in being the leading provider of IPv6 based technology for mobile telephony.

Innofone anticipates seeking certain other strategic acquisitions and investments over the next twelve months in an effort to increase overall operations. Our ability to execute this goal will be largely based upon whether we can raise adequate capital to successfully close such acquisitions.

IPv6 Summit, Inc. is currently our primary source of revenue and focus of operations. IPv6 Summit, Inc. organizes and produces conference events related to IPv6 technology and the transition from IPv4 to IPv6.

v6 Transition has begun organizing trainings, workshops, and consulting services related to IPv6. v6 Transition has announced a three-year series of Federal Chief Information Officer IPv6 Workshops with the first event having taken place in Arlington, Virginia on May 17, 2006 and our second event, the Federal IPv6 Summit took place May 17, 2006 through May 19, 2006 in Reston, Virginia. v6 Transition has consulting projects with Juniper Networks.

A final core activity of this quarter was planning and research related to further development of our strategy for potential mergers and acquisitions of technology companies. On September 10, 2006, we completed an investment in Digital Presence, Inc., a Delaware start-up corporation, recently formed for the purpose of creating a scalable addressable IPv6 identity registry. On March 7, 2006, Innofone entered into a Common Stock Purchase Agreement to purchase a total of 66.67% of the outstanding common stock of Digital Presence, Inc. in consideration of cash totaling \$300,000 made in installment payments. The payment terms for the purchase are as follow: (a) \$50,000 which was due on the initial closing on March 7, 2006; (b) \$125,000 due on second closing of May 15, 2006; and (c) \$125,000 due on third closing of June 15, 2006 or on such other date as Digital Presence and the Company mutually agree upon. As of June 30, 2006, we had paid the initial and second closing payments totaling \$175,000, of which \$125,000 was treated as a deposit since the related shares were not received. We made the third and final payment of \$125,000 on September 8, 2006.

We executed a Merger Agreement on or about August 16, 2006 (“Merger Agreement”) with InfoWeapons, Inc. to acquire all of the issued and outstanding capital stock of InfoWeapons, Inc. (“InfoWeapons”) for \$8,500,000 of common stock of the Company and other consideration. InfoWeapons is a producer of IPv6 dual-stack servers and routers software, based in the Philippines and Georgia (USA). A shareholder of the Company is also the Chairman of InfoWeapons. On October 4, 2006, we filed a complaint in the United States District Court, Central District of California, against InfoWeapons and Lawrence Hughes (“Hughes”) alleging that InfoWeapons and Hughes have failed to perform their obligations under the Merger Agreement and that each had wrongfully misappropriated trade secrets of our Company. Under the terms of the Merger Agreement, we acquired InfoWeapons and its assets (including but not limited to InfoWeapons' subsidiary InfoWeapons Corp.) with the only non-administrative outstanding item subsequent to execution being the delivery by InfoWeapons of its financial statements in accordance with US Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Despite our recent and repeated requests, InfoWeapons has failed to deliver its US GAAP financial statements as required by the Merger Agreement.

Although we hope to resolve this matter in an amicable fashion, we are demanding pursuant to the complaint that InfoWeapons perform its obligations under the Merger Agreement and are seeking approximately \$20,000,000 in damages related to our tradeseecret misappropriation claim.

#### **4. Future Business Operations**

We anticipate that our principal business activities for the coming months will include the refinement of our strategic approach to realizing the potential of the IPv6 industry and as such intend to focus on the following areas of business growth:

1. Organic growth, via our existing business divisions:

- A. Conferences, including the U.S. IPv6 Summit, Coalition Summit for IPv6, as well as anticipated events in Asia starting in 2007.
- B. Training, including the one day Federal Chief Information Officer IPv6 Transition Workshops and anticipated five day and customized trainings for both technology and business aspects of IPv6.
- C. Consulting, including IPv6 Transition Plans, Project Plans and other types of IPv6 related consulting engagements.
- D. Testing, including the proposed establishment of what could become the first for-profit IPv6 test business in the US, in association with a leading test equipment manufacturer. This is dependent on the success of our Teaming Agreement with Spirent Federal which has recently sent us notice of its intent to terminate our Teaming Arrangement. We are in discussions with Spirent Federal in the hopes of continuing this relationship with a goal to launch a test center by December 31, 2006. There is no assurance we will be successful in reaching this goal.

2. Product Development and new Organic Growth Areas. Innohone has initiated the development of an internal research and development capability that we anticipate will generate a new products at regular intervals starting in the near future. Innohone also intends to develop new centers for revenue in 2007 related to IPv6 for mobile applications and Internet applications.

3. Strategic Mergers and Acquisitions: Innofone is considering the potential for acquisition of several companies which Management believes could lead to the consummation of certain transactions that could result in the positioning of Innofone for accelerated growth in areas such as secure Internet applications, video-over-IPv6, and mobile phone applications such as mobile TV that will be potentially enhanced by using IPv6. We have started on this path via the acquisition described hereinabove.

## **5. Results of Operations**

On August 8, 2005, Innofone purchased 100% of the issued and outstanding shares of IPv6 Summit, Inc. As a result, IPv6 has been accounted for as the accounting acquirer similar to a reverse merger in that the historical accounting information is that of IPv6. Accordingly, the results of operation discussion for the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 are that of IPv6.

### **For the Quarters Ended September 30, 2006 and 2005**

#### Revenues and Cost of Revenues

Innofone derives revenues primarily from attendance fees of summit conferences held, corporate sponsorships related to such summits, consulting fees, and fees for mobile technology services. Attendance fees are recognized when the conference has been held. Cost of revenues primarily relate to summit conference room rentals, food accommodations, advertising, and fees for access to mobile telephone lines. For the quarters ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, the revenues were \$26,547 and \$50,020, respectively. The decrease in revenues compared to the prior year of \$23,473 primarily related to the decrease in consulting revenues of \$50,000, offset by the addition of the revenues from the new subsidiary. There were no conferences held in the first quarters of 2006 or 2005.

We currently have two conferences scheduled over the next 12 months: (i) Asia IPv6 Summit booked for February 19-21, 2007 at the Makati Shangri-la Hotel with projected attendees of 500 people; and (ii) US IPv6 Summit booked for March 27-29, 2007 at the Hyatt Reston in Virginia with projected attendees of 700 people. We are in the process of re-organizing our Consulting division.

#### Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses totaled \$1,272,848 and \$640,866 for the quarters ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. The increase of \$631,982 primarily related to an increase in payroll expenses by approximately \$300,000 and increase in professional fees such as legal and accounting by \$300,000. The increase in payroll expense primarily related to the hiring of certain company officers which were not present in the previous year. The increase in professional fees primarily related to costs associated with filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company anticipates such level of expenses for payroll and professional fees to continue for the next twelve months.

#### Net Loss

Net losses totaling \$12,604,725 and \$589,486 for the quarters ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, increased by \$12,669,642 as result of the factors previously mentioned above, and costs related to the various debt agreements entered into by the company.

## **6. Liquidity and Capital Resources**

As of September 30, 2006, the Company had total current assets of \$2,142,951 and total current liabilities of \$5,568,437 resulting in a working capital deficit of \$3,425,486. As of September 30, 2006, the Company had cash

totaling \$1,851,158. Our cash flow from operating activities for the quarter ended September 30, 2006 resulted in a deficit of \$1,424,014. Our cash flow from investing activities resulted in a surplus of \$300,000. Our cash flows from financing activities resulted in a surplus of \$2,875,000. Overall, the Company's cash flows for the quarter ended September 30, 2006 netted a surplus of \$1,750,986.

The Company believes the cash flow from current operating activities for the next twelve months will be sufficient to provided necessary capital for the Company's operations for the next twelve months. Additionally, the Equity Swap (as described below) agreement should provide funds to the Company within the next twelve months.

On June 2, 2006, pursuant to a securities purchase agreement, we sold in a private placement to Cogent Capital Investments LLC ("CCI") (i) 1,850,000 shares of our common stock ("Common Stock") and (ii) 4,815,000 shares of our Series A Convertible Preferred Stock ("Preferred Stock") for an aggregate purchase price of \$50,000,000, which was paid in the form of U.S. Treasury Bonds (the "Bonds"). Pursuant to an Amended and Restated Certificate of Designation filed by Innofone, the Preferred Stock issued to Cogent has no voting rights, no dividend rights (unless the Board of Directors elects otherwise) and each shares of Preferred Stock shall be convertible into ten (10) shares of Common Stock, subject to certain adjustments ("Conversion Ratio"). Further, no sooner than two years after June 2, 2006, the issuance date, Innofone has the option to redeem all (but not less than all) of the outstanding Preferred Stock by paying in cash the market price (the trailing ten (10) average of the Common Stock) multiplied by the Conversion Ratio. The Preferred Stock shall rank, with respect to the payment of dividends and the distribution of assets, senior to any other security issued by Innofone.

Concurrently with the consummation of the private placement to CCI, we entered into an equity swap transaction with Cogent Capital Financial LLC ("CCF"), an affiliate of CCI (the "Equity Swap"). The Equity Swap is a fixed versus floating price swap with respect to a notional amount of 37,500,000 shares of our Common Stock, with CCF being the floating equity price payor and Innofone being the fixed equity price payor. The fixed price under the Equity Swap is \$1.333333 per share. The Equity Swap has a maturity date of December 2, 2010, though under certain conditions this date can be extended, and provides for periodic settlements and reductions of the notional amount of the Equity Swap over a 30 month period, provided that Innofone has satisfied certain conditions. Among these conditions is a requirement that Innofone maintain an effective registration statement with respect to specified portions of the Common Stock purchased by CCI and the Common Stock into which the Preferred Stock purchased by CCI is convertible. The portion of such Common Stock to be covered by the registration statement increases over a 30 month period to a maximum of 55,000,000 shares. This registration statement is being provided by Innofone to satisfy, on an initial basis, this condition of the Equity Swap. Continued satisfaction of this condition will depend on the maintenance of this registration statement and the provision at later dates of one or more additional registration statements. To secure Innofone's performance of the Equity Swap, Innofone has pledged to CCF, and deposited in a custodian account subject to a lien in favor of CCF, the Bonds. As the notional amount of the Equity Swap is reduced, a corresponding portion of the pledged Bonds are to be released to Innofone, subject to any required partial settlement of the Equity Swap resulting from the reduction in the notional amount. Cogent will not need to provide any form of consent to cause a release of funds to the Company under the contemplated Equity Swap. The purchase price paid by Cogent in the form of treasury bonds (the "Bonds") was released from the escrow account on June 2, 2006, at which point the private placement was closed. At that time, we pledged the Bonds, in a separate collateral account, to secure our performance under the Equity Swap. Cogent is contractually obligated to cause proportionate amounts of the Bonds to be released with each monthly settlement of the Equity Swap. To further clarify that the Bonds are serving only as collateral for the Equity Swap and are no longer in escrow, Cogent is establishing standing instructions with the collateral agent under which the collateral agent will, each month, release the appropriate portion of the Bonds upon receipt of specified correspondence from us and our counsel confirming the then effective status of the registration statement. The release of the Bonds is not subject to Cogent's discretion and is not subject to any substantive condition other than the continued effectiveness of the resale registration statement. The Equity Swap establishes a schedule over 30 months during which time the notional share amount of the Equity Swap will reduce, provided we have satisfied the conditions. With each reduction, a corresponding portion of the pledged Bonds will be released from the collateral account. If for the relevant monthly period, the 10-trading-day average price exceeds the

fixed price, then Cogent will be obligated to pay us an amount equal to the reduction in the notional share amount multiplied by this excess. Conversely, if for the relevant monthly period, the fixed price exceeds the 10-trading-day average price, then we will be obligated to pay Cogent an amount equal to the reduction in the notional amount multiplied by this excess.

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In connection with and as consideration to CCF under the Equity Swap as its fee, the Company has paid to CCF an amount consisting of: (i) \$568,750 (out of approximately \$1,375,000 to be paid); (ii) 5,000,000 shares of common stock and (iii) warrant for 5,000,000 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$1.20 and term of 5 year. The fair value of the common stock and warrant given as consideration totaled \$7,683,641. In addition, the Company paid CCI \$100,000 as an initial fee and has agreed to pay CCF an amount equal to the interest on \$50,000,000, at LIBOR plus 1.45% up through the Trigger Date then decreasing for the next 30 months based upon the decrease value in the notional stock amount. Collectively, the value of cash, common stock and warrant totaled \$9,161,641. The Company has written down the fee to CCF resulting in an additional expense of \$9.2 million to our statement of operations. The fair value of the warrants has been determined using Black-Scholes based on the following assumptions: stock price based on the date of grant; term of 3 years; volatility rate of 229%; discount rate of 3.5% and no dividends.

On May 25, 2006, we entered into a Letter Agreement (“Agreement”) with the NIR Group for the repayment (the “Repayment”) of certain notes (“Notes”) and cancellation of certain warrants (“Warrants”) issued on or about August 31, 2005 and October 31, 2005 pursuant to that certain Securities Purchase Agreement (the “SPA”) by and between Innohone and AJW Partners, LLC (“Partners”), New Millennium Capital Partners, II, LLC (“Millennium”), AJW Offshore, Ltd. (“Offshore”) and AJW Qualified Partners, LLC (“Qualified, with Partners, Millennium and Offshore, collectively, the “NIR Group”). The Repayment was applied to the outstanding principal and interest owing under the Notes and as consideration for the cancellation of the Warrants issued to the NIR Group, and the termination of any and all UCC-1s filed in favor of NIR. Further, in connection with the SPA, Notes and Warrants, the following ancillary documents were executed and/or filed: (1) Guaranty and Pledge Agreement, dated August 31, 2005, by and between Innohone, Mr. Alex Lightman, Innohone's President and Chief Executive Officer, and NIR (“Pledge Agreement”); (2) Security Agreement by and between Innohone and NIR, dated August 31, 2005 (“Security Agreement”); and (3) UCC-1 Financing Statements (“UCC-1s”) filed by NIR in Nevada (the Notes, SPA, Warrants, Pledge Agreement and Security Agreement are referred to collectively as “Original Documents”).

In connection with the Repayment, Innohone and NIR executed and delivered the Agreement, a new promissory note (the “New Notes”), a new stock purchase warrant (the “New Warrants”), and a new registration rights agreement (“New Registration Agreement”) (the Agreement, New Notes, New Warrants and New Registration Agreement and the UCC-3s shall be referred to collectively as the “New Documents”, each of which is filed herewith as an Exhibit). Further, NIR is required to file UCC-3 Termination Statements (“UCC-3s”) necessary to terminate any perfected security interest they had obtained pursuant to the Security Agreement.

The terms of the Repayment, as provided in the Agreement are as follows: (a) upon signing of Agreement, Innofone made a cash Payment to NIR in the amount of \$2,635,400 to be applied to the repayment of all amounts of principal and interest owing and outstanding under the Notes; (b) upon signing of the Agreement, Innofone issued to NIR the New Notes in the aggregate amount of \$1,200,000. The New Notes are self-amortizing over a one-year time period commencing on July 1, 2006, with each installment payment due on the twelve consecutive monthly anniversaries beginning July 1, 2006. Further, pursuant to the New Notes, Innofone will pay to NIR an aggregate of \$100,000 per month. The New Notes may be prepaid by Innofone at anytime without penalty; (c) upon signing of the Agreement, Innofone shall issued to NIR the New Warrants exercisable into an aggregate of 750,000 shares of Innofone's Common Stock (the "Warrant Shares"). The New Warrants shall have a term of five years and an exercise price equal to \$1.79. The New Warrants may be exercised on a cashless basis only in the event that there is no effective registration statement covering the Warrant Shares. NIR may exercise the New Warrants by utilizing any amounts still owing under the New Notes. Innofone may buy back all of the New Warrants from NIR for an aggregate of \$100,000 at any time prior to the New Warrants being exercised; (d) upon signing of the Agreement, Innofone and NIR executed and delivered the New Registration Agreement providing for the registration of the Warrant Shares with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The New Registration Agreement provides for one piggyback registration right no sooner than six months from the date of hereof; (e) NIR agrees not to sell Innofone's Common Stock short, either directly or indirectly through its affiliates, principals or advisors; (f) the Original Documents were terminated in all respects, and were rendered null and void and no longer binding NIR or Innofone to any obligations, duties and responsibilities contained therein. Further, NIR and Innofone mutually agree that the New Documents shall supersede the Original Documents in all respects; (g) Innofone filed a Form AW to withdraw the Registration Statement on Form SB-2 currently on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission covering the shares of common stock underlying the Notes and the Warrants; (h) All security interests perfected by NIR on the "Collateral" (as defined in the Security Agreement), pursuant to the Original Documents, including the Security Agreement, shall be terminated. Accordingly, NIR agreed to file within (2) days of the Agreement, UCC-3 Termination Statement.

On April 27, 2006, Innofone entered into a term sheet with Mr. Lawrence Hughes providing for an investment by Mr. Hughes in the aggregate amount of \$4,000,000 in exchange for approximately 3,478,260 shares of Innofone's restricted common stock at \$1.15 per share. Further, pursuant to the term sheet, Innofone is to issue a warrant to purchase 400,000 shares of Innofone's restricted common stock at an exercise price equal to eighty percent (80%) of the five (5) day trading average close price of Innofone's common stock. Definitive agreements between Innofone and Mr. Hughes will be entered forthwith.

## **Critical Accounting Policies**

The preparation of our financial statements requires our management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts on our financial statements. Management bases its estimates and judgments on historical experience and on various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

The Notes to the consolidated financial statements included in this filing contain a discussion of our significant accounting policies and recent accounting pronouncements applicable to us.

## **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

In May 2005, the FASB issued SFAS No. 154, "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections." This statement applies to all voluntary changes in accounting principle and requires retrospective application to prior periods' financial statements of changes in accounting principle, unless this would be impracticable. This statement also makes a distinction between "retrospective application" of an accounting principle and the "restatement" of financial statements to reflect the correction of an error. This statement is effective for accounting changes and corrections of errors made in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2005. This statement is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

In February 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 155, "Accounting for Certain Hybrid Financial Instruments". SFAS No. 155 amends SFAS No 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities", and SFAS No. 140, "Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities". SFAS No. 155, permits fair value remeasurement for any hybrid financial instrument that contains an embedded derivative that otherwise would require bifurcation, clarifies which interest-only strips and principal-only strips are not subject to the requirements of SFAS No. 133, establishes a requirement to evaluate interest in securitized financial assets to identify interests that are freestanding derivatives or that are hybrid financial instruments that contain an embedded derivative requiring bifurcation, clarifies that concentrations of credit risk in the form of subordination are not embedded derivatives, and amends SFAS No. 140 to eliminate the prohibition on the qualifying special-purpose entity from holding a derivative financial instrument that pertains to a beneficial interest other than another derivative financial instrument. This statement is effective for all financial instruments acquired or issued after the beginning of the Company's first fiscal year that begins after September 15, 2006. This statement is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

In June 2005, the EITF reached consensus on Issue No. 05-6, Determining the Amortization Period for Leasehold Improvements ("EITF 05-6.") EITF 05-6 provides guidance on determining the amortization period for leasehold improvements acquired in a business combination or acquired subsequent to lease inception. The guidance in EITF 05-6 will be applied prospectively and is effective for periods beginning after June 29, 2005. EITF 05-6 is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157 "Fair Value Measurements". SFAS No. 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles and expands disclosure about fair values. This statement is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Management believes that the adoption of SFAS No. 157 will not have a material impact on the consolidated financial results of the Company.

## BUSINESS

### History

On August 8, 2005, Innofone.com, Incorporated (“Innofone,” the “Company,” “we,” “us” and “our”) entered into a stock purchase agreement with Mr. Alex Lightman, our President and Chief Executive Officer, to purchase the total issued and outstanding shares of IPv6 Summit Inc. (“IPv6 Summit”), an entity engaged in developing new technology referred to as Internet Protocol version 6. At the time of the Agreement, Mr. Lightman was the President, Treasurer, Director and sole shareholder of IPv6 Summit and was not an officer or director of Innofone. Pursuant to the agreement, on October 12, 2005 we issued to Mr. Lightman a promissory note in the principal amount of \$1,000,000 with interest at the rate of four percent (4%) per annum and issued to him approximately 33,333,000 shares of our restricted common stock in exchange for 100% of the issued and outstanding shares of IPv6 Summit. On October 17, 2005, we amended and restated the note to provide for the repayment to coincide with our receipt of the tranches as indicated herein. As a result of the stock purchase agreement, IPv6 Summit became our wholly owned subsidiary. Prior to this acquisition, we operated as a holding company for companies involved in technology and financial services.

### Overview

The Internet as we know it today is based on Internet Protocol version 4, more commonly referred to as IPv4, a 33-year-old protocol. The IPv4 Internet is beginning to receive a major upgrade, with a new format for packets of data called Internet Protocol version 6, or IPv6. We believe that IPv6, sometimes called the New Internet, presents many new business opportunities, in roughly the same manner that the existing Internet did when it first hit the mainstream in the mid-1990s.

In the past, we have offered three related services that are relevant to IPv6 and allowed us to refine our expertise and recognition as experts in the IPv6 industry; (i) conference management for conferences dedicated to IPv6 technology and deployment, (ii) consulting for companies seeking IPv6 strategies and solutions and (iii) training of company personnel regarding IPv6 technology and applications. We have also been in the process of developing a fourth service, testing for devices which are IPv6 capable. Currently, we are largely utilizing acquisitions of other companies to enhance our business model and shift from a conference/training/consulting/testing firm to a technology development, business products and services solutions enterprise. For example, our first acquisition, Mobile Technology Group, LLC (“MTG”), closed on August 4, 2006 and as a result we now own and operate MTG as a wholly owned subsidiary dedicated to providing mobile based SMS services and products as well as mobile transactions such as mobile ticketing. On May 10, 2006, the Company executed an amended binding term sheet to acquire all of the issued and outstanding capital stock of InfoWeapons, Inc., a producer of IPv6 dual-stack servers and routers in the Philippines. A Merger Agreement was executed on August 16, 2006. The sole remaining closing requirement in the Merger Agreement was the delivery of InfoWeapon's US GAAP audited financial statements. However, on October 4, 2006, we filed a complaint in the United States District Court, Central District of California, against InfoWeapons and Lawrence Hughes alleging that InfoWeapons and Mr. Hughes have failed to perform their obligations under that certain Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated August 16, 2006 (the “Merger Agreement”) and that each had wrongfully misappropriated trade secrets of our Company.

We believe that we have deep expertise in IPv6 so as to allow us to integrate each acquisition and focus same on our ultimate goal which is to create a company consisting of the best of the breed profitable technologies enabling all forms of communication and transactions and all utilizing IPv6 for its distinguishing features of security, quality of service and enhanced features. Although to date we have derived 69% of our revenues from our conference management services and 31% of our revenues from our consulting services we anticipate this dramatically changing in the coming quarters such that total consulting/training/conference/testing revenue will be rapidly outstripped by sales of technology products and services.

## Recent Developments

On October 4, 2006, we filed a complaint in the United States District Court, Central District of California, against InfoWeapons and Lawrence Hughes alleging that InfoWeapons and Hughes have failed to perform their obligations under that certain Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated August 16, 2006 (the "Merger Agreement") and that each had wrongfully misappropriated trade secrets of our Company. Under the terms of the Merger Agreement, which was executed on or about August 16, 2006 by the parties, we acquired InfoWeapons and its assets (including but not limited to InfoWeapons' subsidiary InfoWeapons Corp.) with the only non-administrative outstanding item subsequent to execution being the delivery by InfoWeapons of its financial statements in accordance with US Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Despite our recent and repeated requests, InfoWeapons has failed to deliver its US GAAP financial statements as required by the Merger Agreement. Although we hope to resolve this matter in an amicable fashion, we are demanding pursuant to the complaint that InfoWeapons perform its obligations under the Merger Agreement and are seeking approximately \$20,000,000 in damages related to our tradeseecret misappropriation claim.

However, on November 9, 2006 the Company received a letter from counsel to Mr. Hughes and InfoWeapons ("Counsel") indicating that Mr. Hughes and InfoWeapons both intend to disregard and treat as without legal effect the Company's Acceptance. Further, Counsel indicated that they consider the Note to have matured on November 6, 2006 and, accordingly, the Company to be in default thereunder.

On November 16, 2006 the Company amended its Complaint to add two causes of action for 1) promissory estoppel on the Note and 2) declaratory relief on the Note. These claims were asserted because Defendants had taken the position that the Note was payable despite Mr. Hughes written notification to the Company on September 15, 2006 was to be extended indefinitely and the Company had accepted this extension in writing.

Since its filing, we have vigorously pursued prosecution of the Complaint demanding that InfoWeapons perform its obligations under the Merger Agreement and seeking approximately \$20,000,000 in damages from Defendants.

In what the Company believes to be a reaction to our filing of the Complaint, on November 22, 2006, Mr. Hughes filed a separate action against Innofone and Mr. Alex Lightman, the Company's President and Chief Executive Officer (service of process occurred on November 30, 2006 against Lightman and occurred separately on December 1, 2006 on Innofone), in the State Court of Fulton County, state of Georgia (Case No. 2006ev001457d) alleging (i) breach of contract (against Innofone); (ii) common law fraud (against both Innofone and Mr. Lightman); (iii) negligent misrepresentation (against both Innofone and Mr. Lightman); (iv) securities fraud (against both Innofone and Mr. Lightman); and (v) violation of Georgia's RICO laws (against Mr. Lightman) ("Hughes Complaint"). Mr. Hughes's action includes allegations involving (i) the issuance of a promissory note in the principal amount of \$2,000,000 by Innofone which were alleged as payable on the earlier of sixty (60) days from the issuance date or December 1, 2006, whichever was earlier or as was otherwise mutually agreed by the parties in writing (Innofone takes the position that on September 15, 2006, Mr. Hughes notified the Company in writing that the maturity date of the Note was to be extended indefinitely and that the Company subsequently accepted this extension in writing); and (ii) the sale of approximately 3,478,260 shares of the Company's common stock to Mr. Hughes for \$4 million on or about April 27, 2006. The Hughes Complaint seeks punitive damages in the amount of \$21,000,000.

The Company and Mr. Lightman strongly believe that the Hughes Complaint is wholly unmeritorious and procedurally flawed and contains many wholly false accusations and allegations. Just as the Company and Mr. Lightman will vigorously pursue its First Amended Complaint to enforce the Merger Agreement, as well as the other claims against Defendants, they will also vigorously challenge and defend against all claims contained in the Hughes Complaint.

On November 15, 2006, the Company received a Summons and Complaint filed against it in the Superior Court of the State of California by Caneum, Inc. ("Caneum") for (1) breach of contract and (2) money due for goods sold and delivered and/or services rendered. Caneum is seeking approximately \$198,203 in damages, fees and interest. The Company disputes these claims and intends to vigorously defend itself against such claims.

On September 8, 2006, we issued a promissory note to Mr. Lawrence Hughes in the principal face amount of \$2,000,000. The note bears interest at LIBOR plus one percent (1%) per annum and matures on the earlier of: (i) sixty (60) days from the issuance date; or (ii) December 1, 2006 or as agreed by the parties. Additionally, Mr. Hughes has invested \$4,000,000 in our common stock in June 2006 and is also the Chairman and CTO of InfoWeapons, an entity we sought to acquire.

Between August 8, 2006 and September 22, 2006, we issued a several promissory notes to numerous accredited investors (the "Investors") in the aggregate principal amount of \$415,000, with interest at 10% per annum (collectively, the "Notes"). The Maturity Dates of the Notes varies but is either six or twelve months from the date of issuance. The Company may, at our option, prepay any and all of the amounts owing under the Notes, in full or the part, without penalty. In connection with the issuance of the Notes, we issued five-year warrant to the to purchase shares of our common stock at \$1.00 per share; the amount of shares underlying the warrants is equal to the dollar amount of the respective Notes without interest thereon. We have granted certain piggyback registration rights with respect to some of the shares underlying the warrants. Moreover, each of the Notes are secured by shares of our restricted common stock and shares of restricted common stock owned by Mr. Alex Lightman, our Chief Executive Officer and President.

On August 4, 2006, Innofone completed the acquisition of Mobile Technology Group, Inc. (“MTG”) through the merger of MTG into a newly formed wholly-owned subsidiary of Innofone pursuant to an Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated July 1, 2006 (the “Agreement”). In accordance with the terms and provisions of the Agreement, in exchange for all for of the capital stock of MTG, Innofone paid (a) \$7,500 in cash; and (b) issued a total of 1,441,441 shares of its common stock valued at the time of the execution of the Agreement at \$1,500,000.00 (the “Common Stock”). All of the shares issued to pursuant to the MTG Acquisition Agreement carried a restricted securities legend. MTG did not receive any cash proceeds from the transaction. The Company did not use any underwriter or broker-dealer in connection with the issuance of the shares to MTG and except for certain legal fees and stock transfer agent fees, no other material costs or expenses were incurred in connection with the issuance of the shares. The shares issued to the MTG Shareholders were issued under a claim of exemption pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

On July 10, 2006, we issued a promissory note to 55 South Investments in the face amount of \$500,000, with interest at 12% per annum. The Maturity Date shall be the earlier of: (a) one (1) year from the commencement of that certain equity swap transaction (“Swap”) whereby 30 days have expired thereafter the date in which the Company is granted effectiveness by the Securities and Exchange Commission on a registration statement filed pursuant to certain agreements made in connection with an equity swap made by and between the Company and Cogent Capital Financial, LLC and its affiliates as of June 2, 2006 (defined herein as the “Swap Start Date”); or (b) December 1, 2007, whichever is earlier. Repayment of the Principal by Innofone to the Holder shall commence within ten (10) days of the Swap Start Date and shall continue thereafter in equal pro rata monthly installments on the same date of each subsequent month thereafter for the successive eleven (11) months thereafter the Swap Start Date and continue until all principal payments are paid in full. The Principal shall be repaid in full no later than the Maturity Date. Should the Swap Start Date not occur prior to the Maturity Date, then the entirety of Principal shall be due and payable to Holder on the Maturity Date. Further Innofone may, at its option, prepay all amounts owing under this Note prior to the Maturity Date, in whole or in part, without payment of any premium or penalty, after giving written notice thereof to the Holder at least one (1) day prior to the date selected for prepayment. In connection with the issuance of the note, we issued (i) a five-year warrant to 55 South Investments for the right to purchase up to 2,000,000 shares of common stock at \$1.00 per share; and (ii) a five year warrant to Millennium Investment Services, Inc., an affiliate of 55 South, for the right to purchase 500,000 shares of common stock at \$1.00 per share. We have granted certain piggyback registration rights with respect only to the shares underlying the warrant issued to 55 South. The note is secured with approximately \$2,000,000 worth of our restricted common stock and \$2,000,000 worth of restricted common stock owned by Mr. Lightman, our Chief Executive Officer and President. On July 14, 2006, we issued an additional promissory note for \$500,000 on the same terms. In connection with the issuance of the note, we issued 55 South Investments a five year warrant to purchase up to \$2,000,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.00 per share. The Company has the right to redeem 1,400,000 of such warrants for \$250,000 until July 13, 2007 except for the right to redeem a portion of the warrants, the deal is on the same terms as the July 10th transaction. We have granted certain demand registration rights with respect to all shares issued as security under the notes. Further, we have agreed to pay to 55 South approximately \$40,000 representing an origination fee and a due diligence fee.

On June 2, 2006, pursuant to a securities purchase agreement, we sold in a private placement to Cogent Capital Investments LLC (“CCI”) (i) 1,850,000 shares of our common stock (“Common Stock”) and (ii) 4,815,000 shares of our Series A Convertible Preferred Stock (“Preferred Stock”) for an aggregate purchase price of \$50,000,000, which was paid in the form of U.S. Treasury Bonds (the “Bonds”). Pursuant to an Amended and Restated Certificate of Designation filed by Innofone, the Preferred Stock issued to Cogent has no voting rights, no dividend rights (unless the Board of Directors elects otherwise) and each shares of Preferred Stock shall be convertible into ten (10) shares of Common Stock, subject to certain adjustments (“Conversion Ratio”). Further, no sooner than two years after June 2, 2006, the issuance date, Innofone has the option to redeem all (but not less than all) of the outstanding Preferred Stock by paying in cash the market price (the trailing ten (10) average of the Common Stock) multiplied by the Conversion Ratio. The Preferred Stock shall rank, with respect to the payment of dividends and the distribution of assets, senior to any other security issued by Innofone.

Concurrently with the consummation of the private placement to CCI, we entered into an equity swap transaction with Cogent Capital Financial LLC (“CCF”), an affiliate of CCI (the “Equity Swap”). The Equity Swap is a fixed versus floating price swap with respect to a notional amount of 37,500,000 shares of our Common Stock, with CCF being the floating equity price payor and Innofone being the fixed equity price payor. The fixed price under the Equity Swap is \$1.333333 per share. The Equity Swap has a maturity date of December 2, 2010, though under certain conditions this date can be extended, and provides for periodic settlements and reductions of the notional amount of the Equity Swap over a 30 month period, provided that Innofone has satisfied certain conditions. Among these conditions is a requirement that Innofone maintain an effective registration statement with respect to specified portions of the Common Stock purchased by CCI and the Common Stock into which the Preferred Stock purchased by CCI is convertible. The portion of such Common Stock to be covered by the registration statement increases over a 30 month period to a maximum of 55,000,000 shares. This registration statement is being provided by Innofone to satisfy, on an initial basis, this condition of the Equity Swap. Continued satisfaction of this condition will depend on the maintenance of this registration statement and the provision at later dates of one or more additional registration statements. To secure Innofone's performance of the Equity Swap, Innofone has pledged to CCF, and deposited in a custodian account subject to a lien in favor of CCF, the Bonds. As the notional amount of the Equity Swap is reduced, a corresponding portion of the pledged Bonds are to be released to Innofone, subject to any required partial settlement of the Equity Swap resulting from the reduction in the notional amount. Cogent will not need to provide any form of consent to cause a release of funds to the Company under the contemplated Equity Swap. The purchase price paid by Cogent in the form of treasury bonds (the “Bonds”) was released from the escrow account on June 2, 2006, at which point the private placement was closed. At that time, we pledged the Bonds, in a separate collateral account, to secure our performance under the Equity Swap. Cogent is contractually obligated to cause proportionate amounts of the Bonds to be released with each monthly settlement of the Equity Swap. To further clarify that the Bonds are serving only as collateral for the Equity Swap and are no longer in escrow, Cogent is establishing standing instructions with the collateral agent under which the collateral agent will, each month, release the appropriate portion of the Bonds upon receipt of specified correspondence from us and our counsel confirming the then effective status of the registration statement. The release of the Bonds is not subject to Cogent’s discretion and is not subject to any substantive condition other than the continued effectiveness of the resale registration statement.

In connection with and as consideration for CCF's obligations under the Equity Swap, Innofone paid to CCF an initial amount consisting of (i) \$568,750 (out of approximately \$1,375,000 to be paid); (ii) 5,000,000 shares of Common Stock; and (iii) a warrant to purchase 5,000,000 shares of Common Stock, during a 5-year term, at an initial exercise price per share of \$1.20. The remaining approximately \$806,250 (of the \$1,375,000) due is accruing interest and will be deducted and paid from the first 3 collateral releases. In addition, the Company paid CCI \$100,000 as an initial fee and has agreed to pay CCF an amount equal to the interest on \$50,000,000, at LIBOR plus 1.45% up through the Trigger Date then decreasing for the next 30 months based upon the decrease value as the notional amount. Innofone and CCF entered into a registration rights agreement granting CCF certain demand and piggyback registration rights with respect to these shares of Common Stock.

Further, upon the effective date of the merger, the officers and directors of MTG became the officers and directors of the surviving company, Mobile Tech Acquisition Corp. Inc. ("Mobile Tech"). Specifically, Kirk Anderson, James Tyner, and Ricardo Micheri, all former officers of MTG, are now officers and directors of Mobile Tech. Innofone is in the process of entering new employment agreements with Messrs. Anderson, Tyner, and Micheri. Further, the parties to the MTG Acquisition Agreement acknowledged that potential conflicts may arise by virtue of the fact that Gerard N. Casale Jr. was a shareholder of both MTG and Innofone and has also acted in the past as corporate counsel to MTG and is currently General Counsel and Vice President of Business & Legal Affairs at Innofone. Accordingly, Gerard N. Casale Jr. abstained from any affirmative vote or consent or approval of the MTG Acquisition Agreement or the contemplated MTG merger transaction with us.

On May 25, 2006, we entered into a Letter Agreement ("Agreement") with the NIR Group for the repayment (the "Repayment") of certain notes ("Notes") and cancellation of certain warrants ("Warrants") issued on or about August 31, 2005 and October 31, 2005 pursuant to that certain Securities Purchase Agreement (the "SPA") by and between Innofone and AJW Partners, LLC ("Partners"), New Millennium Capital Partners, II, LLC ("Millennium"), AJW Offshore, Ltd. ("Offshore") and AJW Qualified Partners, LLC ("Qualified, with Partners, Millennium and Offshore, collectively, the "NIR Group"). The Repayment was applied to the outstanding principal and interest owing under the Notes and as consideration for the cancellation of the Warrants issued to the NIR Group, and the termination of any and all UCC-1s filed in favor of NIR. Further, in connection with the SPA, Notes and Warrants, the following ancillary documents were executed and/or filed: (1) Guaranty and Pledge Agreement, dated August 31, 2005, by and between Innofone, Mr. Alex Lightman, Innofone's President and Chief Executive Officer, and NIR ("Pledge Agreement"); (2) Security Agreement by and between Innofone and NIR, dated August 31, 2005 ("Security Agreement"); and (3) UCC-1 Financing Statements ("UCC-1s") filed by NIR in Nevada (the Notes, SPA, Warrants, Pledge Agreement and Security Agreement are referred to collectively as "Original Documents").

In connection with the Repayment, Innofone and NIR executed and delivered the Agreement, a new promissory note (the "New Notes"), a new stock purchase warrant (the "New Warrants"), and a new registration rights agreement ("New Registration Agreement") (the Agreement, New Notes, New Warrants and New Registration Agreement and the UCC-3s shall be referred to collectively as the "New Documents", each of which is filed herewith as an Exhibit). Further, NIR is required to file UCC-3 Termination Statements ("UCC-3s") necessary to terminate any perfected security interest they had obtained pursuant to the Security Agreement.

The terms of the Repayment, as provided in the Agreement are as follows: (a) upon signing of Agreement, Innofone made a cash Payment to NIR in the amount of \$2,635,400 to be applied to the repayment of all amounts of principal and interest owing and outstanding under the Notes; (b) upon signing of the Agreement, Innofone issued to NIR the New Notes in the aggregate amount of \$1,200,000. The New Notes are self-amortizing over a one-year time period commencing on July 1, 2006, with each installment payment, of \$100,000 in the aggregate for all New Notes, due on the twelve consecutive monthly anniversaries beginning July 1, 2006. The New Notes may be prepaid by Innofone at anytime without penalty; (c) upon signing of the Agreement, Innofone shall issued to NIR the New Warrants exercisable into an aggregate of 750,000 shares of Innofone's Common Stock (the "Warrant Shares"). The New Warrants shall have a term of five years and an exercise price equal to \$1.79. The New Warrants may be exercised on a cashless basis only in the event that there is no effective registration statement covering the Warrant Shares. NIR may exercise the New Warrants by utilizing any amounts still owing under the New Notes. Innofone may buy back all of the New Warrants from NIR for an aggregate of \$100,000 at any time prior to the New Warrants being exercised; (d) upon signing of the Agreement, Innofone and NIR executed and delivered the New Registration Agreement providing for the registration of the Warrant Shares with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The New Registration Agreement provides for one piggyback registration right no sooner than six months from the date of hereof; (e) NIR agrees not to sell Innofone's Common Stock short, either directly or indirectly through its affiliates, principals or advisors; (f) the Original Documents were terminated in all respects, and were rendered null and void and no longer binding NIR or Innofone to any obligations, duties and responsibilities contained therein. Further, NIR and Innofone mutually agree that the New Documents shall supersede the Original Documents in all respects; (g) Innofone filed a Form AW to withdraw the Registration Statement on Form SB-2 currently on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission covering the shares of common stock underlying the Notes and the Warrants; (h) All security interests perfected by NIR on the "Collateral" (as defined in the Security Agreement), pursuant to the Original Documents, including the Security Agreement, shall be terminated. Accordingly, NIR agreed to file within (2) days of the Agreement, UCC-3 Termination Statement. To date, we have paid NIR a total of \$300,000 under the NIR New Notes and a total \$900,000 remains to be paid.

On April 27, 2006, Innofone entered into a term sheet with Mr. Lawrence Hughes providing for an investment by Mr. Hughes in the aggregate amount of \$4,000,000 in exchange for approximately 3,478,260 shares of Innofone's restricted common stock at \$1.15 per share. We have agreed to register 500,000 shares of common stock. Further, pursuant to the term sheet, Innofone is to issue a warrant to purchase 400,000 shares of Innofone's restricted common stock at an exercise price equal to eighty percent (80%) of the five (5) day trading average close price of Innofone's common stock. We completed the transaction with Mr. Hughes relative to the term sheet in June 2006.

On March 20, 2006, we entered into a transaction with Digital Presence, Inc., a recently formed Delaware corporation, whereby we agreed to purchase up to 66.67% of the total issued and outstanding common stock shares of Digital Presence, Inc. in return for cash investment of a total of \$300,000 made in three (3) installment payments commencing on execution and ending on or about June 15, 2006. Digital Presence, Inc. is an entity which was formed for the purpose of creating a scalable and addressable IPv6 identity registry for application in various industries and government. Digital Presence, Inc. will be managed by employees other than those of Innofone but Innofone has the ability to elect one (1) member of the Board of Directors of Digital Presence, Inc. and maintains other rights, preferences and privileges through the subject investment. As of June 30, 2006, we had paid the initial and second closing payments totaling \$175,000, of which \$125,000 was treated as a deposit since the related shares were not received as of June 30, 2006. We made the third and final payment of \$125,000 on September 8, 2006.

## **Our Services**

We began our conference services from our date of incorporation on July 9, 2003 after we organized the first Ipv6 Summit in the United States that attracted over 300 people. Our conference revenue comes from charging individuals and corporations an admission fee of approximately \$200 to \$500 per person for each event and from charging corporations from \$4,000 to \$18,000 each for sponsorship that include an exhibit booth. There are slight variations in these charges depending on how many benefits are included. We currently have two conferences scheduled over the next 12 months: (i) Asia Ipv6 Summit booked for February 19-21, 2007 at the Makati Shangri-la Hotel with projected attendees of 500 people; and (ii) US Ipv6 Summit booked for March 27-29, 2007 at the Hyatt Reston in Virginia with projected attendees of 700 people.

We began offering our training services with the US IPv6 Summit in December 2003 with the tutorial that preceded the three-day IPv6 Summit by adding a day of activity for people who needed initial training, and who wanted to know more about security than could be described in the Summit format. We added a separate training event, the Federal Chief Information Officer workshop, in October 2005. We anticipate that revenues from training services will come from admission fees to the events and are in the hundreds of dollars per person. Our chief officer responsible for the training and consulting, Dale Geesey, resigned in August 2006 and we replaced him immediately with James Bacchus, CEO of Digital Presence, Inc.

We began offering our consulting services in August 2005 with the sales of consulting agreements by our Chief Executive Officer domestically to the US Department of Defense IPv6 Transition Office, as a subcontractor to SI International and to Juniper Networks and internationally to North Atlantic Treaty Organization. Revenues from consulting are based on man-days and/or negotiated fees typically in the tens of thousands of dollars per engagement.

### **New Services in Development**

We are in the early phases of developing our testing service. No revenues have been received, though we have received interest from a large public company to provide free test equipment. Testing revenues will not be generated until our test center is built and the first customers contracted. Revenues will come from, a fixed price schedule with payments in the thousands to tens of thousands of dollars per product or service tested in our lab.

### **IPv6: The New Internet**

The first major customers for the New Internet in the US were the Department of Defense, which in June 2003 mandated a transition within the department that would make it "IPv6-capable" by 2008, and the Office of Management and Budget, on behalf of the Federal Government, which recently also mandated transition to IPv6, and the hundreds of large companies that supply these two entities. Many, but not all, major technology companies have appointed IPv6 points of contact and developed IPv6-related marketing messages, including Microsoft, Cisco, Juniper, Nokia, Hewlett-Packard and about fifty others in the US.

In 2005, as in 1995, we believe that the IPv6 will be seized by first movers that both take advantage of the opportunities offered by the new technology and have a sound business plan to offer needed products and services to the U.S. and global markets. It is forecast that the IPv6 will see some of the same rapid rise as the existing Internet did between 1995 and 2000, quickly growing from millions to billions, and potentially trillions of dollars in global revenues impacted by the Internet. The Japanese government, for instance, which has done a great deal of research into the upcoming IPv6 market, estimates the market size of IPv6-ready goods/services in the year 2010 to be 170 trillion yen, or about \$1.55 trillion in US currency.

The advantages of IPv6 over the existing protocol are significant and can be summarized as "security, mobility, and ad hoc networking." These advantages are described in many articles and in over 244 presentations. In summary, some of the major new features are:

- a) A vast increase of trillions of Internet addresses, resulting in what will seem to be almost unlimited Internet Protocol (IP) address availability, which will enable each customer to have many such addresses, inexpensively - for cell phones, game consoles, home appliances, consumer electronics and automobiles (getting such addresses with today's Internet is difficult, and costly in most parts of the world);

- b) More secure wired and wireless communications (this is one reason the military has mandated this protocol, to send top secret information) in part because greater identity is possible with more addresses;
- c) Mobile wireless online access (this is more difficult to do with IPv4);
- d) Television and voice over the Internet Protocol, or VoIP (very difficult and expensive to do well with IPv4 without multicast);
- e) The online connection of many wireless devices, such as security cameras. Some forecasts estimate over one trillion Internet connected devices by 2015, an impossibility with only an IPv4 platform; and
- f) Online connection of smart tags such as Radio Frequency Identification (RFID), which could enable tracking inventory and products as an essential part of any Enterprise Resource Program (ERP).

Simply put, one of the limitations of today's Internet is a shortage of addresses, so that the hardware or software equivalents of "middle men" are put into the system to let many people use one address, not unlike the old telephone party lines, where many people had the same "number," and everyone could listen in. The party line system had the advantage that a lot of people could be connected with few switched lines, but led to problems, such as lack of security. There was no way to assure that one person would be speaking with only one person at the other end. When every phone user got his/her own address, it led to many great new capabilities - such as privacy, the ability to deliver new services such as telefax messages to a particular person, and the ability to go mobile with cell phones, and caller ID, which enabled people to screen their calls, accepting only those they wanted to at that moment.

Similarly, the New Internet will give everyone his or her personal address (or thousands of them, as needed), which enables the potential for "end-to-end" connectivity. Each individual can know for certain who the specific receiver at the other end is, and this allows the system to check for service quality, and allows much easier mobile use and roaming. The difference between IPv6 and IPv4 is thought by some to be as dramatic as the difference between the phones with individual numbers that we have today and the phones with party lines of yesteryear.

#### **Corporate Headquarters in Southern California (Santa Monica, CA)**

We moved our headquarters to Southern California on or about October 18, 2005. Our California headquarters is responsible for our overall management as well as marketing communications and support materials. It is anticipated that we will hire a Vice President of Business Development who will manage our Santa Monica office in the future. Further, the Vice President of Consulting, and when hired, the Vice President of Business Development will identify and secure consulting opportunities within the different customer communities, by phone calls and other communications, attending conferences, and advertisements. This office will also house consultants for the Southern California customer area, including military bases and major aerospace firms such as Northrop Grumman.

## **Mergers and Acquisitions**

On August 4, 2006, we closed the acquisition of Mobile Technology Group, LLC, a mobile SMS messaging and ticketing/transactions company located in Las Vegas, Nevada (“MTG”). MTG maintains clients such as Luxor, Mandalay Bay hotels, United Coin, Inc., and the Las Vegas Monorail as well as OAG and Verizon. Currently, MTG sells services related to SMS messaging for concierge, travel and other services for its customers. MTG is also engaged in a venture with the Las Vegas Monorail to deploy the first US ticketless transport system using mobile phones and electronic ticketing in lieu of paper tickets. We anticipate MTG and its President, Kirk Anderson, to lead MTG in the development of our entire mobile strategy including the integration of IPv6 into mobile applications enhancing security and making mobile telephony more robust.

On October 4, 2006, we filed a complaint in the United States District Court, Central District of California, against InfoWeapons, Inc. (“InfoWeapons”) and Lawrence Hughes (“Hughes”) alleging that InfoWeapons and Hughes have failed to perform their obligations under that certain Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated August 16, 2006 (the “Merger Agreement”) and that each had wrongfully misappropriated trade secrets of our Company. Under the terms of the Merger Agreement, which was executed on or about August 16, 2006 by the parties, we acquired InfoWeapons and its assets (including but not limited to InfoWeapons’ subsidiary InfoWeapons Corp.) with the only non-administrative outstanding item subsequent to execution being the delivery by InfoWeapons of its financial statements in accordance with US Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Despite our recent and repeated requests, InfoWeapons has failed to deliver its US GAAP financial statements as required by the Merger Agreement.

Although we hope to resolve this matter in an amicable fashion, we are demanding pursuant to the complaint that InfoWeapons perform its obligations under the Merger Agreement and are seeking approximately \$20,000,000 in damages related to our tradeseecret misappropriation claim.

## **Eastern Seaboard Offices**

Our former Vice President of Consulting had established our Washington, DC area offices. The Vice President of Consulting resigned in August 2006 and we replaced him with James Bacchus, CEO of Digital Presence, Inc. We are in the process of re-organizing our Consulting division.

Once restructured, the Eastern Seaboard offices will support the consultant staff for the Eastern United States, and will be used for meetings with customers. The office suite will have a conference room capable of holding 20-30 people, with a projector and large screen, and high speed IPv4 and IPv6 Internet connectivity, so that IPv6 capabilities such as Television delivered over the Internet (IPTV) and IPv6-enabled video security cameras can be demonstrated.

We will offer and manage our consulting, training, and conference management services from two corporate offices: our corporate headquarters in Santa Monica, California, and our Eastern Seaboard Office to be restructured by James Bacchus.

## **Consulting Division**

Our consulting division, directed by our new VP of Consulting Services James Bacchus, serves major clients that need help with IPv6, especially executives of government agencies that suddenly must come up with plans on how to switch to the New Internet, and have to come up with detailed budgets and plans for doing so. Innohone will also serve the executive management of the aerospace and IT companies that do business with the government.

Our Consulting Division seeks to provide consulting services aimed at assisting with the transition from IPv4 to IPv6. The consulting contracts will be either directly with the end client (usually the case with public corporations) or,

in the case of certain government offices, as a subcontractor to a company that has an existing “open ordering agreement” with such an offices. We are very familiar with this process and have consulted to clients both directly and as a subcontractor to other companies. We will attempt to obtain our own open ordering agreement contracts, both via SETAs and by getting onto the Government Services Administration (GSA) schedule; we anticipate that both of these will take 1-2 years to complete.

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An important part of the consulting process will be identifying potential clients that need training, and recommending them to our Training Division. Likewise, the consultants will promote our conferences and other services, as will all of its employees.

In addition to conducting presentations and briefings, both on-site at customer facilities and off-site at hotels and other facilities, we may rent space from certain consultants. Also, the consultants will recommend various products, such as Panasonic IPv6-enabled video cameras for security, that may be available for sale on our website. At present and subject to change, our role will be purely that of a pass-through; we will not conduct the sale, shipping or customer support of these products. Although we will receive a commission on sales, our main interest for the products available on our website will be the convenience of the customer. There will usually be several brands of an IPv6 product available on the website, so that we do not show favoritism to one supplier (and perhaps lose competitors as sponsors for its conferences).

The consultants will price their services by job or by time. They will deliver white papers (technical background documents) and reports, as well as videos and multimedia presentations. In addition to face-to-face contact with customers, the consultants will also generate video presentations of certain basic technical materials, and will make these available to remote customer sites. All consultant work by us for the foreseeable future will be unclassified. We will investigate applying for clearances if necessary for government work, and whether the additional costs of secured offices, locking safes, etc. can be justified.

### **Training Division**

Our Training Division performs two types of training services - one in the form of executive training (including introductions to the technology and outlines of new business opportunities) and the other in the form of business management training (including project management, and conformance of proposals with IPv6 contractual requirements) and technologist, system administration and engineer training (with certificates similar to those awarded for Cisco or Microsoft system mastery).

We estimate that the Eastern Office will eventually support a manager and up to ten training personnel, and the headquarters offices in Santa Monica will have a manager and up to eight trainers, a combination of employees and independent contractors. The Santa Monica Headquarters will coordinate the generation of courseware and other training materials, especially during the beginning of Year 1 (when basic courseware for classes has to be generated) and at the beginning of Year 3 (when online courseware will be generated in order to leverage trainers for a wider audience).

Most training courses will be of a one-week duration, but there will also be two-day Boot Camps (typically on weekends), and one-day and part-day trainings for management and executives.

## **Conference Management Division**

Our Conference Management Division focuses on establishing conferences related to IPv6.

Conference Management will be conducted mainly from the Santa Monica office, with the assistance of consultants that are local to conference locations, such as Press Relations managers for areas such as Washington, D.C. or Bonn, Germany. We do not currently have any agreements with any local consultants but typically retain them around the time of our conference to assist in aspects of conference including temporary workers to work the conferences. In addition to expanding the two events in Reston, VA (by adding more materials oriented towards upcoming military programs and toward the consumer electronics market), we plan to add a yearly event in California, which should attract the many aerospace and IT companies on the West Coast, as well as the military bases in the area.

Additional specialized conferences planned for the US will address the market areas of NCO (Network Centric Operations), RFIDs, Transition to IPv6, Contracts issues, and Consumer Electronics; they will be held in different cities, including New York, Chicago, San Jose, Las Vegas, and Washington, D.C.

We currently have two conferences scheduled over the next 12 months: (i) Asia IPv6 Summit booked for February 19-21, 2007 at the Makati Shangri-la Hotel with projected attendees of 500 people; and (ii) US IPv6 Summit booked for March 27-29, 2007 at the Hyatt Reston in Virginia with projected attendees of 700 people.

## **Testing Division**

Through our v6 Transition division, we are in the process of establishing a world-class IPv6 Test and Certification Center in the Northern Virginia area. Once fully operational, the Test Center will provide numerous services to Federal, Department of Defense and commercial entities. The services to be provided will include:

- Product testing and certification;
- Interoperability testing;
- Performance testing; and
- Demonstration and proof-of-concept.

The Test Center will provide a neutral facility where customers and vendors can identify and demonstrate solutions required to support the transition to IPv6. Through its partnership with Spirent Federal, the Test Center will have the broad range of equipment necessary to support a full range of testing services.

We have entered a Teaming Agreement with Spirent Federal to provide for the development of an electronic device testing center which is intended to be a location where companies can have their electronic devices tested and approved for capability with the IPv6 Internet environment. One of the criteria to maintain our agreement with Spirent Federal was to locate and lease or own a testing facility suitable to all parties in sufficient time to launch by December 31, 2006. We received notice from Spirent Federal on or about October 17, 2006 that Spirent Federal intended to terminate our agreement with them due to the failure of the parties to agree on a suitable test center location. However, we have engaged in discussions and negotiations with Spirent Federal which continue and are made in the hopes of extending the time period for finding a mutually suitable test center location.

### **Our Corporate Strategy**

Our corporate strategy has five thrust areas:

*Conduct and publicize the major IPv6 conference.*

The goodwill that is being built up at these conferences is key to achieving corporate goals. The government and corporate executives who are featured as speakers build up goodwill because they have been invited to speak. We believe the conferences help the audience see us as an authority figure and one of the positive, constructive, community building leaders in the IPv6 area. We gain deep knowledge of the status of organizations regarding IPv6, and who needs help (such as consulting and training), as well as what best practices for IPv6 adoption are being developed and working in the field. The past conferences have also incorporated training sessions, where we obtained experience in what training was necessary and desired by the community. Finally, the list of attendees at the conferences represent a unique database for us of both executives and working-level technologists, as well as marketing and other staffers. We believe our work in the conferencing business has provided us with the credibility in the IPv6 marketplace which will allow us to make successful acquisitions.

*Support completion of the IPv6 standard.*

We have a relationship to the IPv6 Association; a neutral body that could help formulate and provide input to the issues of what "IPv6-capable" means and how it will be implemented, with respect to the IETF and other standards bodies. The precise formulation of standards for IPv6 implementation in specific applications (such as use in cellphones, wireless video cameras, home appliances or video transmission) by an internationally accepted expert group that is not prone to favor a particular manufacturer is important to us in several ways. First, such standards must exist and be unambiguous so that our consultants are able to clearly define to clients what specific standards they have to get their company to meet. Second, our Training arm must have such standards to relate to in order to train its clients to levels that are universally understood and accepted, and in order to issue Certificates of Completion after students have achieved a defined level of expertise.

*Be a first mover.*

We are seeking to establish a dominate foothold now because the IPv6 space is not, as of yet, overly populated with competitors. We believe this prime time period where the market share is ripe for the taking will be long gone by the 2010 time period.

*Build a solid base, and look for targets of opportunity.*

We will build a business base of steady growth in a strategic and profitable area, and will then acquire a target of opportunity that offers fast leveraged growth in a related area. Part of this effort will be the support of the IPv6 industry by promotion (such as Conferences) and by garnering political support (such as Congressional Hearings). In this way, we believe that we will not just help the growth of IPv6, but will have our “hand on the pulse” of the Industry, to know what related services will soon be sought very actively.

*Seek Growth through Acquisition.*

We intend to expand beyond being just a conference and consulting business by seeking to acquire strong companies with similar corporate cultures that each can either benefit directly from the implementation of IPv6, having an existing subscriber base capable of leveraging IPv6, and/or enable a broader usage of IPv6. We closed the acquisition of Mobile Technology on or about August 4, 2006. The acquisition of Mobile Technology group is strategic in that, management believes it will produce IPv6 capable products. Mobile Technology Group satisfies Innofone’s needs as a center for mobile services and transactions.

## **Competition**

Our competition could be considered broadly to include information technology companies in general, since, sooner or later, they will need to enter into our market for products, services and usage. Each company that could be seen as a competitor could also at some point become a customer, since Ipv6 knowledge is currently rare and precious, and deployed Ipv6-centric products and networks are few and far between. As a result of the acquisition of MTG, we now face competition from Mobiqua and to a lesser extent, in international markets, its US partner, Swiftpass UK, related to mobile ticketing and mobile commerce. We have three business divisions, all of them related to IPv6 technology: Consulting (this includes consulting to corporate executives, as well as offering IPv6-related equipment from 3<sup>rd</sup> parties on our website), training and conference management. The largest competitor is Command Information, Inc. which purchased Nativ6 of Seattle, and claims that it will create hundreds of training jobs in Northern Virginia, which would make it the largest IPv6 training company if it succeeds. Some of our other competitors in IPv6 consulting are SI International, Book Allen Hamilton, SRI and Lockheed Martin and we believe we are ranked fifth in terms of revenues. We believe that our chief competitors in IPv6 training are Sunset Learning (which does not specialize in IPv6; its main business is Cisco-related training - see: <http://www.sunsetlearning.com> ) and Native6, Inc. and is ranked third among these competitors in terms of revenues. The competitors for IPv6 conferences are: IGI (Information Gatekeepers, Inc. - see: <http://www.igigroup.com> ), which has recently started to put on small IPv6 technical conferences in the US; the IPv6 Forum, a loosely organized group based in Luxembourg which supports small technical conferences put on worldwide, usually by affiliated local groups (for instance, its California conference is organized by IGI, mentioned above); and, Consul Intel, a small company that conducts a yearly IPv6 conference in Spain (see: <http://www.consulintel.es> ). We believe that we are one of the top ranked conference providers in terms of revenues.

## **Intellectual Property**

We have registered, and/or have applied to register, trademarks and service marks in the United States for the marks: INNOFONE, IPv6 SUMMIT INC., NORTH AMERICAN IPv6 SUMMIT, v6 TRANSITION, and other trademarks and service marks relating to certain aspects of our conference management, consultation services, training services, and IPv6 compatible computer hardware systems and software.

## **Employees**

We have 10 employees in the Santa Monica office and one employee in the Eastern Seaboard office. Our wholly owned subsidiary, MTG, has 5 employees currently.

None of our employees are covered by a collective bargaining agreement. We have never experienced a work stoppage and we believe that we have satisfactory working relations with our employees.

## **ITEM 2. DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY**

Innofone does not own any real estate. Innofone currently rents approximately 2,400 square feet of space at 1431 Ocean Avenue, Suite 1100, Santa Monica, California 90401. The lease is currently on a month-to-month basis and Innofone is paying approximately \$5,000 per month for four offices. The current arrangement for our Virginia office is based on "seat space" and not square footage. We rent four seat spaces, including amenities (i.e. phone, furniture, printer/office supply space, meeting room access, kitchen) for \$3,000 per month.

We believe that the premises leased are adequate for our current and near term requirements.

## **ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

On October 4, 2006, we filed a complaint in the United States District Court, Central District of California, against InfoWeapons and Lawrence Hughes alleging that InfoWeapons and Hughes have failed to perform their obligations under that certain Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated August 16, 2006 (the "Merger Agreement") and that each had wrongfully misappropriated trade secrets of our Company. Under the terms of the Merger Agreement, which was executed on or about August 16, 2006 by the parties, we acquired InfoWeapons and its assets (including but not limited to InfoWeapons' subsidiary InfoWeapons Corp.) with the only non-administrative outstanding item subsequent to execution being the delivery by InfoWeapons of its financial statements in accordance with US Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Despite our recent and repeated requests, InfoWeapons has failed to deliver its US GAAP financial statements as required by the Merger Agreement.

However, on November 9, 2006 the Company received a letter from counsel to Mr. Hughes and InfoWeapons ("Counsel") indicating that Mr. Hughes and InfoWeapons both intend to disregard and treat as without legal effect the Company's Acceptance. Further, Counsel indicated that they consider the Note to have matured on November 6, 2006 and, accordingly, the Company to be in default thereunder.

On November 16, 2006 the Company amended its Complaint to add two causes of action for 1) promissory estoppel on the Note and 2) declaratory relief on the Note. These claims were asserted because Defendants had taken the position that the Note was payable despite Mr. Hughes written notification to the Company on September 15, 2006 was to be extended indefinitely and the Company had accepted this extension in writing.

Since its filing, we have vigorously pursued prosecution of the Complaint demanding that InfoWeapons perform its obligations under the Merger Agreement and seeking approximately \$20,000,000 in damages from Defendants.

In what the Company believes to be a reaction to our filing of the Complaint, on November 22, 2006, Mr. Hughes filed a separate action against Innofone and Mr. Alex Lightman, the Company's President and Chief Executive Officer (service of process occurred on November 30, 2006 against Lightman and occurred separately on December 1, 2006 on Innofone), in the State Court of Fulton County, state of Georgia (Case No. 2006ev001457d) alleging (i) breach of contract (against Innofone); (ii) common law fraud (against both Innofone and Mr. Lightman); (iii) negligent misrepresentation (against both Innofone and Mr. Lightman); (iv) securities fraud (against both Innofone and Mr. Lightman); and (v) violation of Georgia's RICO laws (against Mr. Lightman) ("Hughes Complaint"). Mr. Hughes's action includes allegations involving (i) the issuance of a promissory note in the principal amount of \$2,000,000 by Innofone which were alleged as payable on the earlier of sixty (60) days from the issuance date or December 1, 2006, whichever was earlier or as was otherwise mutually agreed by the parties in writing (Innofone takes the position that on September 15, 2006, Mr. Hughes notified the Company in writing that the maturity date of the Note was to be extended indefinitely and that the Company subsequently accepted this extension in writing); and (ii) the sale of approximately 3,478,260 shares of the Company's common stock to Mr. Hughes for \$4 million on or about April 27, 2006. The Hughes Complaint seeks punitive damages in the amount of \$21,000,000.

The Company and Mr. Lightman strongly believe that the Hughes Complaint is wholly unmeritorious and procedurally flawed and contains many wholly false accusations and allegations. Just as the Company and Mr. Lightman will vigorously pursue its First Amended Complaint to enforce the Merger Agreement, as well as the other claims against Defendants, they will also vigorously challenge and defend against all claims contained in the Hughes Complaint.

On November 15, 2006, the Company received a Summons and Complaint filed against it in the Superior Court of the State of California by Caneum, Inc. ("Caneum") for (1) breach of contract and (2) money due for goods sold and delivered and/or services rendered. Caneum is seeking approximately \$198,203 in damages, fees and interest. The Company disputes these claims and intends to vigorously defend itself against such claims.

## MANAGEMENT

### **DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, PROMOTERS AND CONTROL PERSONS; COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 16(A) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT.**

The following table sets forth the name, age and position of each of the members of our board of directors, executive officers and promoters as of November 17, 2006:

Name	Age	Position
Alex Lightman	44	Chief Executive Officer, President, Principal Accounting Officer and Director
Jim Bacchus(1)	44	Vice President of Consulting
Paul Shephard	50	Chief Operating Officer and Secretary
Gerard Casale	39	Vice President of Business and Legal Affairs

(1) Mr. Jim Bacchus assumed full responsibility as our Vice President of Consulting on August 14, 2006.

The principal occupations and brief summary of the background of each executive officer and director of Innofone is as follows:

Mr. Alex Lightman has been our President, CEO and a director since August 2005. Upon the resignation of Ms. Karen Rosolowski in January 2006, Mr. Lightman took on the position of Principal Accounting Officer until such time as a

suitable replacement can be found. From June 2003 to July 2005 he was the founding CEO and Chairman of IPv6 Summit, Inc., a leading organizer of international IPv6 events and consultants to government and industry on IPv6 applications, training, and promotion. From May 1999 to Present Mr. Lightman has been the CEO of Charmed Technology, ([www.charmed.com](http://www.charmed.com)). He is the founding director of The 4G Society and the first Cal- (IT)<sup>2</sup> Scholar at the California Institute for Telecommunications and Information Technology, a joint program of UCSD and UCI ([www.calit2.net](http://www.calit2.net)). Mr. Lightman has nearly 20 years of high technology management experience and, in addition, has experience in politics (including work for a US Senator), consulting, the oil drilling industry, and the renewable energy industry. He also produced the 100 Brave New Unwired World fashion shows, featuring wearable and pervasive computing, which included many of Lightman's own inventions and designs, such as the patented Charmed Viewer display and the first Internet jewelry. Harvard Business School featured Lightman and Charmed in a case study that recognized Lightman's pioneering innovation of presenting computers as fashion. Both the show and Lightman's designs are now copied worldwide. Mr. Lightman is the author of *Brave New Unwired World* (Wiley, 2002) and a 1983 graduate of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. He has attended graduate school at the Kennedy School of Government (Harvard University) and the University of Phoenix.

Mr. Lightman devotes approximately ninety percent (90%) of his time to us and the remaining ten percent (10%) on outside endeavors, including Charmed Technology and 4G Society. Mr. Lightman's term of office is for two years.

Mr. Jim Bacchus was hired as the Vice President of Consulting in June 2006 for an effective date of employment as of August 14, 2006 coinciding with the resignation effective date of Dale Geesey. Mr. Jim Bacchus has over 20 years experience in technology programs ranging from advanced communications to space craft. He has held executive positions at GE, Lockheed Martin and Ingersoll Rand. In addition to his corporate experience he has worked in several high tech capacities for the armed services and is currently a Colonel in the Marine Corps Reserve. Most recently he was recalled to active duty for service in Iraq and with the Joint Chiefs of Staff at the Pentagon. Bacchus holds a JD from Widener University School of Law, MS from the University of Southern California, and a BA from Drew University.

Mr. Paul Shephard has been our Secretary and Chief Operating Officer and since August 2005. From July 2003 to August 2005, Mr. Shephard was the secretary of IPv6 Summit, Inc. From October 2002 to July 2003, Mr. Shephard was a marketing consultant for Charmed Technology. From October 2000 to October 2002, Mr. Shephard was the secretary of Pacific Goldstar, Inc. Mr. Shephard holds an Associate in Arts in Business Administration at Santa Monica College. Mr. Shephard is an "at will" employee.

Mr. Gerard Casale has been the VP of Business and Legal Affairs for the Company since August, 2005 and is responsible for its overall general counsel duties and business affairs including contractual, corporate affairs and management of all material business transactions. From 1993-2005, Casale was Managing Partner and Founder of Casale Alliance, LLP [formerly Casale Coffee Nojima, LLP], where he practiced with a focus on corporate law and M&A and throughout this period was involved in over \$600 million of financing and M&A transactions. From 2000-2003, Casale founded and was CEO and Chairman of X-laboratories, LLC, a partnership with Hughes Research Labs [HRL] in Malibu, CA, where he developed, financed and spun-off non-core high-tech intellectual property assets of HRL as a partnership between Boeing, Raytheon and General Motors. The company was sold in 2003. Mr. Casale has been featured by many news programs including CNN, Investor Business Daily, Darwin Magazine, Red Herring, EE Times and many others. He has a B.A. in Economics from Fairfield University, Fairfield, CT and a Juris Doctor Degree from the Pepperdine University School of Law. Mr. Casale has also served as adjunct professor of law at Pepperdine University, School of Law writing the coursebook and teaching *Venture Finance and the Law*.

**ITEM 10. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

The following table sets forth the aggregate cash compensation paid by Innofone to: (i) its Chief Executive Officer, Chairman; and (ii) its most highly compensated officers whose cash compensation exceeded \$100,000 for services performed from August 8, 2005, the date we completed our acquisition of IPv6 Summit, through June 30, 2006.

Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary(\$)	Bonus(\$)	Other Annual Compensation(\$)	Restricted Stock Award(s) (\$)	Securities Underlying Options SARs(#)	LTIP Payouts(\$)	All Other Compensation (\$)
Alex Lightman	2006	\$ 269,333	\$ 43,000					
	2005	\$ 37,000						
Dale Geesey (1)	2006	\$ 117,115	\$ 12,468	--	\$ 4,158	--	--	--
	2005							
Gerard Casale(2)	2006	\$ 230,572	\$ 15,000		\$ 633,250			

(1) Mr. Geesey resigned from Innofone in June 2006 effective August 14, 2006.

(2) Mr. Casale became our VP of Business and Legal Affairs on December 1, 2005. The Restricted Stock Award represents the issuance of 700,000 shares of our restricted Common Stock.

**COMPENSATION PLANS**

We do not have any option, annuity, retirement, pension or deferred compensation plan or other arrangements under which an executive officer is entitled to participate without similar participation by other employees.

**DIRECTOR COMPENSATION**

We do not have any agreement to compensate our directors at this time, however we have paid a one-time advance payment of \$25,000 to Mr. Maddocks for his board representation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006.

**EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENTS**

On September 22, 2005, Innofone entered into an employment agreement with Frederick Dale Geesey, our Vice President of Consulting. The term of the agreement is for one year and provides for an annual base salary of \$150,000 with certain performance based target bonuses consisting of (a) a cash target bonus equal to 35% of total annual salary, as determined by the Board of Directors and (b) a performance bonus paid in cash equal to 35% of total annual salary for each and every merger and/or acquisition made by us. The target bonus and the performance bonus may not exceed 100% of annual salary. The agreement also provides for the issuance of options to purchase 200,000 shares of restricted common stock. The options vest over a period of three years.

On September 6, 2005, Innofone entered into an employment agreement with Gerard Casale, Esq., our Corporate Counsel. The agreement provides for an initial part time term during which Mr. Casale shall be our Corporate General Counsel with an annual salary of \$142,500 and shall be issued 50,000 shares of restricted common stock. On December 1, 2005, Mr. Casale became our Vice President of Business and Legal Affairs with an annual salary of \$285,000 and was issued 700,000 shares of our restricted common stock.



On October 31, 2005, we entered into an employment agreement (the "Agreement") with Mr. Alex Lightman, our Chief Executive Officer, President and Principal Accounting Officer. Pursuant to the Agreement, Mr. Lightman will serve as Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board and will receive annual base compensation of \$295,000. Mr. Lightman will also be eligible for executive bonus compensation as follows: (a) a Target Bonus paid in cash equal to 35% of the total cash value of his annual salary, as determined by the Board of Directors, 50% of which may be paid in shares of Innofone's common stock; and (b) a Performance Bonus paid in cash equal to 35% of the total cash value of his annual salary for each and every merger and/or acquisition made by Innofone of a non-affiliated third party entity (such potential target must provide no less than \$1,000,000 of estimated annual accretive EBITDA to Innofone). The total amount of the Target Bonus and Performance Bonus paid to Mr. Lightman shall not exceed 100% of his annual compensation in any 12 month period. Mr. Lightman is also eligible to participate in any other bonus or incentive programs established by Innofone. The term of the Agreement is for two years and may renew for additional two year periods thereafter unless notice of non-renewal is given within six months of the end of the then current term.

#### ITEM 11. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS.

The following table sets forth certain information regarding the beneficial ownership of Innofone's Common Stock by each person or group that is known by Innofone to be the beneficial owner of more than five percent of its outstanding Common Stock, each director of Innofone, each person named in the Summary Compensation Table, and all directors and executive officers of Innofone as a group as of September 20, 2006. Unless otherwise indicated, Innofone believes that the persons named in the table below, based on information furnished by such owners, have sole voting and investment power with respect to the Common Stock beneficially owned by them, where applicable. As of November 17, 2006, there were 74,435,328 shares of common stock issued and outstanding.

Name/Address of Beneficial Owner	Position with Company	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership of common Stock (1)	Percentage of Securities (1)
Alexander Lightman(2)/*	Chief Executive Officer and President	31,359,503	42.13%
Peter Maddocks*	Director	0	0
Dale Geesey*/(3)	VP of Consulting(3)	45,314	**
Paul Shephard*	Secretary	500,000	0.67%
Jim Bacchus*/(4)	VP of Consulting	0	0
Gerard Casale	VP Business and Legal Affairs	967,648	1.3%
Abby International Holdings, Ltd.(5) c/o UK Administration Office, Suite 363	--	20,500,000	27.54%

78 Marylebone High  
Street  
London, W1U5AP  
United Kingdom

Cogent Capital Investments, LLC and Cogent Capital Financial LLC (6)(7) 11444 South 1780 East Sandy, Utah 84092	--	7,071,356	9.5%
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All executive officers and Directors as a group (5 persons)		32,827,151	44.1%
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\* Address of all holders is c/o Innofone.com, Incorporated, 1431 Ocean Avenue, Suite 1100, Santa Monica, California 90401.

\*\* Less than one percent.

(1) Pursuant to the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission, a person is deemed to "beneficially own" shares of common stock over which the person has or shares investment or voting power, or has the right to acquire such power within 60 days. The percentage of common stock owned is calculated based on the number of shares of common stock outstanding, plus in the case of each person the number of shares of common stock issuable only to such person upon the exercise of options or warrants and the conversion of convertible debt securities.

(2) Includes 27,000,000 shares owned by Equitocracy Trust. Mr. Lightman is the trustee of Equitocracy Trust and is deemed the beneficial owner of such shares.

(3) Mr. Dale Geesey resigned as the Vice President of Consulting in June 2006, which will become effective as of August 14, 2006.

(4) Mr. Jim Bacchus was hired in June 2006 to replace Mr. Dale Geesey effective August 14, 2006

(5) Mr. Irving Aronson has the voting and dispositive power over the shares beneficially owned by Abbey International, an entity formed under the laws of Belize, by virtue of being a director of that entity.

(6) CCI and CCF are affiliated entities controlled by Greg Kofford and Mark Holden, who have the voting and dispositive power over all shares held by CCI or CCF.

(7) CCI and CCF may be considered a group that beneficially owns all of the shares beneficially owned by either of them. CCI owns 1,850,000 shares of our common stock and 4,815,000 shares of our Series A Convertible Preferred Stock, which are, subject to the limitations noted below, convertible into 48,150,000 shares of our common stock. CCF owns 5,000,000 shares of our common stock and a warrant which is, subject to the limitations noted below, exercisable for 5,000,000 shares of our common stock. Pursuant to the terms of our Series A Convertible Preferred Stock and the warrant, CCI and CCF do not have the right to convert such Preferred Stock or exercise such warrant if, after giving effect to the conversion or exercise, CCI, CCF and their affiliates would as a group be deemed to beneficially own more than 9.5% of the then outstanding shares of our common stock (the "Conversion/Exercise Cap"). If not for the Conversion/Exercise Cap, CCI and CCF, considered as a group, would beneficially own 60,000,000 of our common shares, including 48,150,000 shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of our Series A Convertible Preferred Stock and 5,000,000 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of such warrant.

## **ITEM 12. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS**

On August 8, 2005, we entered into a stock purchase agreement with Mr. Alex Lightman to purchase the total issued and outstanding shares of IPv6 Summit Inc., an entity engaged in developing new technology referred to as Internet Protocol version 6. Pursuant to the agreement, we agreed to pay Mr. Lightman \$1,000,000 in the form of a promissory note and issue to him approximately 33,333,000 shares of our restricted common stock in exchange for 100% of the issued and outstanding shares of IPv6. As a result of the stock purchase agreement, IPv6 Summit Inc. became a wholly owned subsidiary of Innohone and Mr. Lightman became our President and Chief Executive Officer. Prior to this acquisition, we operated as a holding company for companies involved in technology and financial services. Pursuant to the Repayment of NIR, Mr. Lightman's pledged shares were released and he no longer guarantees Innohone's obligation to NIR.

On August 31, 2005, Mr. Lightman pledged 3 million shares to support obligations under the Notes issued to AJW Partners, LLC, AJW Offshore Ltd., AJW Qualified Partners and New Millenium Capital Partners, II, LLC on August 31, 2005. Specifically, pursuant to a Guaranty and Pledge Agreement, Mr. Lightman has agreed to unconditionally guarantee the timely and full satisfaction of all of our obligations, whether matured or unmatured, now or hereafter existing or created and becoming due and payable to the investors under the Notes.

On October 17, 2005, we amended and restated our promissory note issued to Mr. Alex Lightman, our Chief Executive Officer, President, and Principal Accounting Officer, on October 12, 2005, in connection with our Stock Purchase Agreement dated August 8, 2005. The principal face amount of the note is \$1,000,000 and bears interest at the rate of four percent (4%) per annum. The note was amended and restated to provide for a repayment schedule which was to coincide with the timing that Innofone receives the Traunches. Specifically, we will make monthly installment payments equal to \$83,333.33 for each successive month starting on the date of execution of the note and ending January 17, 2006. We agreed that upon the filing of this registration statement and receipt of the second Traunche, we would make monthly installment payments of \$83,333.33 for the four (4) successive months thereafter. Further, upon the effectiveness of this registration statement and receipt of the third Traunche, we would make monthly installment payments of \$83,333.33 for the four (4) successive months thereafter. As of June 2006, we have repaid approximately \$600,000 of Mr. Lightman's note. Mr. Lightman has agreed to defer any additional payments until our financial condition allows for the continuation of such payments.

On April 18, 2006, Company has entered a second Promissory Note with its CEO, Alex Lightman, in connection with Mr. Lightman's loan of \$400,000 ("Lightman Note") to Innofone. The Lightman Note principal is to be repaid at the earlier of either the next financing after the closing of the NIR final payment or April 18, 2007 as is to be repaid with interest at the rate of 5% simple interest per annum plus the issuance of 800,000 restricted shares of common stock of Innofone. The proceeds of the Lightman Note will assist us in our liquidity needs and need for operating capital going forward.

On July 10, 2006, and July 14, 2006, we issued two promissory notes to 55 South Investments each in the face amount of \$500,000. The note is secured by approximately \$2,000,000 worth of our restricted common stock and \$2,000,000 worth of restricted common stock owned by Mr. Lightman, our Chief Executive Officer and President. Pursuant to a Guaranty and Pledge Agreement, Mr. Lightman has agreed to unconditionally guarantee the timely and full satisfaction of all of our obligations, whether matured or unmatured, now or hereafter existing or created and becoming due and payable to the investors under the note.

Between August 8, 2006 and September 22, 2006, we issued a several promissory notes to numerous accredited investors (the "Investors") in the aggregate principal amount of \$415,000, with interest at 10% per annum (collectively, the "Notes"). The Maturity Dates of the Notes varies but is either six or twelve months from the date of issuance. The Company may, at our option, prepay any and all of the amounts owing under the Notes, in full or the part, without penalty. In connection with the issuance of the Notes, we issued five-year warrant to the to purchase shares of our common stock at \$1.00 per share; the amount of shares underlying the warrants is equal to the dollar amount of the respective Notes without interest thereon. We have granted certain piggyback registration rights with respect to some of the shares underlying the warrants. Moreover, each of the Notes are secured by shares of our restricted common stock and shares of restricted common stock owned by Mr. Alex Lightman, our Chief Executive Officer and President.

On October 4, 2006, we filed a complaint in the United States District Court, Central District of California, against InfoWeapons, Inc. ("InfoWeapons") and Lawrence Hughes ("Hughes") alleging that InfoWeapons and Hughes have failed to perform their obligations under that certain Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated August 16, 2006 (the "Merger Agreement") and that each had wrongfully misappropriated trade secrets of our Company. Under the terms of the Merger Agreement, which was executed on or about August 16, 2006 by the parties, we acquired InfoWeapons and its assets (including but not limited to InfoWeapons' subsidiary InfoWeapons Corp.) with the only non-administrative outstanding item subsequent to execution being the delivery by InfoWeapons of its financial statements in accordance with US Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Despite our recent and repeated requests, InfoWeapons has failed to deliver its US GAAP financial statements as required by the Merger Agreement.

However, on November 9, 2006 the Company received a letter from counsel to Mr. Hughes and InfoWeapons ("Counsel") indicating that Mr. Hughes and InfoWeapons both intend to disregard and treat as without legal effect the Company's Acceptance. Further, Counsel indicated that they consider the Note to have matured on November 6, 2006

and, accordingly, the Company to be in default thereunder.

On November 16, 2006 the Company filed a First Amended Complaint against Mr. Hughes and InfoWeapons for: (i) specific performance; (ii) declaratory relief; (iii) misappropriation of trade secrets; (iv) interference with contract; (v) promissory estoppel on note; and (vi) declaratory relief on note.

Although we hope to resolve this matter in an amicable fashion, we are demanding pursuant to the complaint that InfoWeapons perform its obligations under the Merger Agreement and are seeking approximately \$20,000,000 in damages related to our tradeseecret misappropriation claim.

## DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES

Innofone's authorized capital stock consists of 950,000,000 shares of common stock, par value of \$0.001 per share, of which 74,435,328 issued and outstanding as of November 17, 2006. The holders of shares of our common stock are entitled to elect all of the directors and to one vote per share on all matters submitted to shareholder vote. Holders of our common stock are entitled to receive ratably dividends, subject to the rights of the holders of Preferred Stock (if any), as may be declared by our Board of Directors out of funds legally available therefore.

On May 31, 2006, we filed an Amended and Restated Certificate of Designation of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock establishing the rights and preferences of 4,185,000 such shares ("Series A Shares"). The Series A Shares have no voting rights and may be converted into shares of our common stock based on a conversion ratio initially equal to ten shares of common stock, subject to certain adjustments. Any holder of the Series A Shares may convert its shares into common stock upon the earlier of (i) sixty days after the date on which this registration statement has been declared effective; or (ii) June 3, 2008. The holders of the Series A Shares shall not be entitled to any dividends in respect thereof unless and until our board of directors so elects. We may redeem all (but not less than all) of the outstanding Series A Shares two years after the issuance date. The redemption price per share is equal to the market price of our common stock at the time of redemption multiplied by the conversion ratio plus any unpaid amounts due. The market price shall be the trailing ten day average of the common stock as quoted on the OTC Bulletin Board or, if applicable, as listed on one of the following markets or exchanges: the Nasdaq SmallCap Market, the American Stock Exchange, the New York Stock Exchange or the Nasdaq National Market. The Series A Shares shall rank senior to our other securities with respect to the payment of dividends and the distribution of assets. Further, no holder of the Series A shares shall have the right to receive, and the Company shall not issue to any holder of the Series A shares, any securities as a dividend or distribution, or upon conversion or redemption of the Series A Shares, to the extent that, upon giving effect to such issuance, the aggregate number of shares of Common Stock beneficially owned by such holder (and its affiliates) would exceed 9.5% of the total issued and outstanding shares of Common Stock following such issuance.

All of the shares of our authorized capital stock, when issued for such consideration as our board of directors may determine, shall be fully paid and non-assessable. Our board of directors has the discretion and may, by adoption of a resolution, designate one or more series of preferred stock and has the power to determine the conversion and/or redemption rights, preferences and privileges of each such series of preferred stock provided that such conversion and/or redemption rights, preferences and privileges of any series of preferred stock does not subordinate or otherwise limit the conversion and/or redemption rights, preferences and/or privileges of any previously issued series of preferred stock. Our Certificate of Incorporation and bylaw's currently do not provide for the delaying, deferring or preventing of a change.

### **Disclosure of Commission Position of Indemnification for Securities Act Liabilities**

Our articles of incorporation provide that we will indemnify an officer, director, or former officer or director, to the full extent permitted by law. We have been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act of 1933, and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities is asserted by one of our directors, officers, or controlling persons in connection with the securities being registered, we will, unless in the opinion of our legal counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit the question of whether such indemnification is against public policy to a court of appropriate jurisdiction. We will then be governed by the court's decision.

### **TRANSFER AGENT**

Innofone's transfer agent is Interwest Transfer Company, Inc.

### **SHARES ELIGIBLE FOR RESALE**

Future sales of a substantial number of shares of our common stock in the public market could adversely affect market prices prevailing from time to time. Under the terms of this offering, the shares of common stock offered may be resold without restriction or further registration under the Securities Act of 1933, except that any shares purchased by our "affiliates," as that term is defined under the Securities Act of 1933, may generally only be sold in compliance with Rule 144 under the Securities Act of 1933.

**SALE OF RESTRICTED SHARES.** Certain shares of our outstanding common stock were issued and sold by us in private transactions in reliance upon exemptions from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and have not been registered for resale. There are 5,267,098 shares of our common stock that are not restricted by Rule 144 because they are in the public float. Resales of the remainder of our issued and outstanding shares of common stock are restricted under Rule 144. There are 69,168,230 shares of our common stock that are restricted, including shares subject to outstanding warrants to purchase, or notes convertible into, common stock (excluding any conversions of notes to date). Such shares may be sold only pursuant to an effective registration statement filed by us or an applicable exemption, including the exemption contained in Rule 144 promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933.

In general, under Rule 144 as currently in effect, a shareholder, including one of our affiliates, may sell shares of common stock after at least one year has elapsed since such shares were acquired from us or our affiliate. The number of shares of common stock which may be sold within any three-month period is limited to the greater of: (i) one percent of our then outstanding common stock, or (ii) the average weekly trading volume in our common stock during the four calendar weeks preceding the date on which notice of such sale was filed under Rule 144. Certain other requirements of Rule 144 concerning availability of public information, manner of sale and notice of sale must also be satisfied. In addition, a shareholder who is not our affiliate, who has not been our affiliate for 90 days prior to the sale, and who has beneficially owned shares acquired from us or our affiliate for over two years may resell the shares of common stock without compliance with many of the foregoing requirements under Rule 144.

## SELLING SECURITYHOLDERS

We agreed to register for resale shares of common stock by the selling securityholders listed below. The selling securityholders may from time to time offer and sell any or all of their shares that are registered under this prospectus. All expenses incurred with respect to the registration of the common stock will be borne by us, but we will not be obligated to pay any underwriting fees, discounts, commissions or other expenses incurred by the selling securityholders in connection with the sale of such shares.

The following table sets forth information with respect to the maximum number of shares of common stock beneficially owned by the selling securityholders named below and as adjusted to give effect to the sale of the shares offered hereby. The shares beneficially owned have been determined in accordance with rules promulgated by the SEC, and the information is not necessarily indicative of beneficial ownership for any other purpose. The information in the table below is current as of the date of this prospectus. All information contained in the table below is based upon information provided to us by the selling securityholders and we have not independently verified this information. The selling securityholders are not making any representation that any shares covered by the prospectus will be offered for sale. The selling securityholders may from time to time offer and sell pursuant to this prospectus any or all of the common stock being registered.

Except as indicated below, none of the selling securityholders has held any position or office with us, nor are any of the selling securityholders associates or affiliates of any of our officers or directors. Except as indicated below, no selling stockholder is the beneficial owner of any additional shares of common stock or other equity securities issued by us or any securities convertible into, or exercisable or exchangeable for, our equity securities. No selling stockholder is a registered broker-dealer or an affiliate of a broker-dealer.

For purposes of this table, beneficial ownership is determined in accordance with SEC rules, and includes voting power and investment power with respect to shares and shares owned pursuant to warrants exercisable within 60 days, except that with respect to CCI and CCF, we have included shares that, as a result of the Conversion/Exercise Cap, would not be deemed to be beneficially owned by CCI and CCF. The "Number of Shares Beneficially Owned After the Offering" column assumes the sale of all shares offered.

As explained below under "Plan of Distribution," we have agreed with the selling securityholders to bear certain expenses (other than broker discounts and commissions, if any) in connection with the registration statement, which includes this prospectus.

Name	Number of Shares Beneficially Owned Prior to Offering <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	Number of Shares Offered	Number of Shares Beneficially Owned After the Offering
Cogent Capital Investments, LLC <sup>(3)(4)</sup>	50,000,000 <sup>(5)</sup>	43,150,000 <sup>(6)</sup>	0
Cogent Capital Financial, LLC <sup>(3)(4)</sup>	10,000,000 <sup>(7)</sup>	5,000,000 <sup>(8)</sup>	0
Alex Lightman <sup>(9)</sup> C/o Innohone.com, Incorporated 1431 Ocean Avenue, Suite 1500 Santa Monica, CA 90401	31,359,503	3,600,000	27,759,503
Gerard Casale <sup>(10)</sup>	967,648	200,000	767,648

C/o Innofone.com, Incorporated  
 1431 Ocean Avenue, Suite 1500  
 Santa Monica, CA 90401

Lawrence Hughes C/o Innofone.com, Incorporated 1431 Ocean Avenue, Suite 1500 Santa Monica, CA 90401	3,539,511	500,000	3,039,511
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(1) Unless otherwise indicated, the selling securityholders have sole voting and investment power with respect to their shares of common stock. The inclusion of any shares in this table does not constitute an admission of beneficial ownership for the selling securityholders.

(2) The actual number of shares of Common Stock offered in this prospectus, and included in the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part, includes such additional number of shares of common stock as may be issued or issuable upon conversion of the Series A Convertible Preferred Stock, in accordance with Rule 416 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

(3) Greg Kofford and Mark W. Holden have the voting and investment power with respect to the shares of common stock beneficially owned by Cogent Capital Financial LLC and Cogent Capital Investments LLC. As a result of the limitations on convertibility of the preferred stock held by CCI and the exercise of the warrant by CCF, the voting and dispositive power with respect to the shares of our common stock into which the Preferred Stock is convertible and the warrant is exercisable are limited so that CCI, CCF and their affiliates will not have beneficial ownership (as defined in Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act) of more than 9.5% of our Common Stock.

(4) Cogent’s address is 11444 South 1780 East, Sandy, Utah 84092.

(5) Includes 48,150,000 shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock which are convertible subject to certain limitations as more fully described in this prospectus and 1,850,000 shares of common stock.

(6) Consists of 41,300,000 shares issuable upon conversion of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock and 1,850,000 shares of common stock.

(7) Includes 5,000,000 shares of common stock underlying a warrant; the exercise of this warrant is subject to certain limitations pertaining to the amount of shares CCF may beneficially own and 5,000,000 shares of common stock.

(8) Consists of 5,000,000 shares of common stock.

(9) Mr. Alex Lightman is Innofone’s Chief Executive Officer, President, Principal Accounting Officer, and a Director.

(10) Mr. Gerard Casale is Innofone’s General Counsel and Vice President of Business and Legal Affairs.

### **Cogent Transaction**

As more fully described in this prospectus, on June 2, 2006, pursuant to a securities purchase agreement, we sold in a private placement to Cogent Capital Investments LLC (“CCI”) (i) 1,850,000 shares of our common stock (“Common Stock”) and (ii) 4,815,000 shares of our Series A Convertible Preferred Stock (“Preferred Stock”) for an aggregate purchase price of \$50,000,000, which was paid in the form of U.S. Treasury Bonds (the “Bonds”). Pursuant to an Amended and Restated Certificate of Designation filed by Innofone, the Preferred Stock issued to Cogent has no voting rights, no dividend rights (unless the Board of Directors elects otherwise) and each shares of Preferred Stock shall be convertible into ten (10) shares of Common Stock, subject to certain adjustments (“Conversion Ratio”). Further, no sooner than two years after June 2, 2006, the issuance date, Innofone has the option to redeem all (but not less than all) of the outstanding Preferred Stock by paying in cash the market price (the trailing ten (10) average of the Common Stock) multiplied by the Conversion Ratio. The Preferred Stock shall rank, with respect to the payment of dividends and the distribution of assets, senior to any other security issued by Innofone.

Concurrently with the consummation of the private placement to CCI, we entered into an equity swap transaction with Cogent Capital Financial LLC (“CCF”), an affiliate of CCI (the “Equity Swap”). The Equity Swap is a fixed versus floating price swap with respect to a notional amount of 37,500,000 shares of our Common Stock, with CCF being the floating equity price payor and Innofone being the fixed equity price payor. The fixed price under the Equity Swap is \$1.333333 per share. The Equity Swap has a maturity date of December 2, 2010, though under certain conditions this date can be extended, and provides for periodic settlements and reductions of the notional amount of the Equity Swap over a 30 month period, provided that Innofone has satisfied certain conditions. Among these conditions is a requirement that Innofone maintain an effective registration statement with respect to specified portions of the Common Stock purchased by CCI and the Common Stock into which the Preferred Stock purchased by CCI is convertible. The portion of such Common Stock to be covered by the registration statement increases over a 30 month period to a maximum of 55,000,000 shares. This registration statement is being provided by Innofone to satisfy, on an initial basis, this condition of the Equity Swap. Continued satisfaction of this condition will depend on the maintenance of this registration statement and the provision at later dates of one or more additional registration statements. To secure Innofone’s performance of the Equity Swap, Innofone has pledged to CCF, and deposited in a custodian account subject to a lien in favor of CCF, the Bonds. As the notional amount of the Equity Swap is reduced, a corresponding portion of the pledged Bonds are to be released to Innofone, subject to any required partial settlement of the Equity Swap resulting from the reduction in the notional amount. Cogent will not need to provide any form of consent to cause a release of funds to the Company under the contemplated Equity Swap. The purchase price paid by Cogent in the form of treasury bonds (the “Bonds”) was released from the escrow account on June 2, 2006, at which point the private placement was closed. At that time, we pledged the Bonds, in a separate collateral account, to secure our performance under the Equity Swap. Cogent is contractually obligated to cause proportionate amounts of the Bonds to be released with each monthly settlement of the Equity Swap. To further clarify that the Bonds are serving only as collateral for the Equity Swap and are no longer in escrow, Cogent is establishing standing instructions with the collateral agent under which the collateral agent will, each month, release the appropriate portion of the Bonds upon receipt of specified correspondence from us and our counsel confirming the then effective status of the registration statement. The release of the Bonds is not subject to Cogent’s discretion and is not subject to any substantive condition other than the continued effectiveness of the resale registration statement. The Equity Swap establishes a schedule over 30 months during which time the notional share amount of the Equity Swap will reduce, provided we have satisfied the conditions. With each reduction, a corresponding portion of the pledged Bonds will be released from the collateral account. If for the relevant monthly period, the 10-trading-day average price exceeds the fixed price, then Cogent will be obligated to pay us an amount equal to the reduction in the notional share amount multiplied by this excess. Conversely, if for the relevant monthly period, the fixed price exceeds the 10-trading-day average price, then we will be obligated to pay Cogent an amount equal to the reduction in the notional amount multiplied by this excess.

In connection with and as consideration for CCF's obligations under the Equity Swap, Innofone paid to CCF an initial amount consisting of (i) \$568,780 (out of approximately \$1,375,000 to be paid); (ii) 5,000,000 shares of Common Stock; and (iii) a warrant to purchase 5,000,000 shares of Common Stock, during a 5-year term, at an initial exercise price per share of \$1.20. The remaining approximately \$831,250 (of the \$1,375,000) due is accruing interest and will be deducted and paid from the first 3 collateral releases. In addition, the Company paid CCI \$100,000 as an initial fee and has agreed to pay CCF an amount equal to the interest on \$50,000,000, at LIBOR plus 1.45% up through the Trigger Date then decreasing for the next 30 months based upon the decrease value in the notional stock amount. Innofone and CCF entered into a registration rights agreement granting CCF certain demand and piggyback registration rights with respect to these shares of Common Stock.

In considering numerous financing alternatives, our management had established various objectives, including minimizing the dilutive impact of any financing, avoiding transactions that do not have a fixed share number and not engaging in transactions that would have a tendency to subject us to potential short selling abuses. After having reviewed numerous financing alternatives, management concluded that the Cogent Transaction was the available financing alternative that would most likely enable us to achieve these objectives. In addition, unlike other financing alternatives, the Cogent Transaction gives us an opportunity to participate in the upside of our own shares, which in management's view are undervalued in the market, and provides financing over a longer term than otherwise available, which enhances our ability to focus on business development rather than capital raising activities.

Further, as a general matter, an increase in our share price either will tend to increase the amounts we receive or reduce the amounts we pay under the Equity Swap, while a decrease in our share price will tend to either increase the amounts we pay or reduce the amounts we receive under the Equity Swap. However, a decrease in our share price will not result in any increase in the number of shares held by Cogent as a result of these transactions.

Our and CCF's obligations under the Equity Swap depend upon the relationship between the fixed price and the 10-trading-day average price that is periodically determined. For each monthly settlement period, an amount will be due which shall equal the notional number of shares to which the monthly settlement relates multiplied by the difference between the fixed price and that period's average price. If the average price exceeds the fixed price, CCF will owe that amount to us, and if the fixed price exceeds the average price we will owe that amount to CCF. As noted above, our management determined that the Cogent Transaction represented the most favorable overall financing package available to the company. The consideration for the Equity Swap represents compensation to Cogent for assuming significant obligations under a long-term transaction that references a relatively illiquid and volatile equity security and under which Cogent bears an unlimited upside exposure, while our downside exposure is finite. The amount paid to Cogent reflects the net option values imbedded in the Equity Swap, which themselves reflect option valuation methodologies that take account of various factors, including the transaction term, share illiquidity and volatility, and relative price exposures.

## PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

The selling securityholders and any of their respective pledges, donees, assignees and other successors-in-interest may, from time to time, sell any or all of their shares of common stock on any stock exchange, market or trading facility on which the shares are traded or in private transactions. These sales may be at fixed or negotiated prices. The selling securityholders may use any one or more of the following methods when selling shares:

- ordinary brokerage transactions and transactions in which the broker-dealer solicits purchasers;
- block trades in which the broker-dealer will attempt to sell the shares as agent, but may position and resell a portion of the block as principal to facilitate the transaction;
- purchases by a broker-dealer as principal and resale by the broker-dealer for its account;
- an exchange distribution in accordance with the rules of the applicable exchange;
- privately negotiated transactions;
- short sales after this registration statement becomes effective;
- broker-dealers may agree with the selling securityholders to sell a specified number of such shares at a stipulated price per share;
- through the writing of options on the shares;
- a combination of any such methods of sale; and
- any other method permitted pursuant to applicable law.

The selling securityholders may also sell shares under Rule 144 under the Securities Act of 1933, if available, rather than under this prospectus. The selling securityholders will have the sole and absolute discretion not to accept any purchase offer or make any sale of shares if they deem the purchase price to be unsatisfactory at any particular time.

The selling securityholders may also engage in short sales against the box after this registration statement becomes effective, puts and calls and other transactions in our securities or derivatives of our securities and may sell or deliver shares in connection with these trades.

The selling securityholders or their respective pledges, donees, transferees or other successors in interest, may also sell the shares directly to market makers acting as principals and/or broker-dealers acting as agents for themselves or their customers. Such broker-dealers may receive compensation in the form of discounts, concessions or commissions from the selling securityholders and/or the purchasers of shares for whom such broker-dealers may act as agents or to whom they sell as principal or both, which compensation as to a particular broker-dealer might be in excess of customary commissions. Market makers and block purchasers purchasing the shares will do so for their own account and at their own risk. It is possible that a selling stockholder will attempt to sell shares of common stock in block transactions to market makers or other purchasers at a price per share which may be below the then market price. The selling securityholders cannot assure that all or any of the shares offered in this prospectus will be issued to, or sold by, the selling securityholders. The selling securityholders and any brokers, dealers or agents, upon effecting the sale of any of the shares offered in this prospectus, may be deemed to be "underwriters" as that term is defined under the

Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the rules and regulations under such acts. In such event, any commissions received by such broker-dealers or agents and any profit on the resale of the shares purchased by them may be deemed to be underwriting commissions or discounts under the Securities Act.

Discounts, concessions, commissions and similar selling expenses, if any, attributable to the sale of shares will be borne by a selling stockholder. The selling securityholders may agree to indemnify any agent, dealer or broker-dealer that participates in transactions involving sales of the shares if liabilities are imposed on that person under the Securities Act of 1933.

The selling securityholders may from time to time pledge or grant a security interest in some or all of the shares of common stock owned by them and, if they default in the performance of their secured obligations, the pledgee or secured parties may offer and sell the shares of common stock from time to time under this prospectus after we have filed an amendment to this prospectus under Rule 424(b)(3) or any other applicable provision of the Securities Act of 1933 amending the list of selling securityholders to include the pledgee, transferee or other successors in interest as selling securityholders under this prospectus.

The selling securityholders also may transfer the shares of common stock in other circumstances, in which case the transferees, pledgees or other successors in interest will be the selling beneficial owners for purposes of this prospectus and may sell the shares of common stock from time to time under this prospectus after we have filed an amendment to this prospectus under Rule 424(b)(3) or other applicable provision of the Securities Act of 1933 amending the list of selling securityholders to include the pledgee, transferee or other successors in interest as selling securityholders under this prospectus.

We are required to pay all fees and expenses incident to the registration of the shares of common stock. We have agreed to indemnify the selling securityholders against certain losses, claims, damages and liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933.

Each of the selling securityholders acquired the securities offered hereby in the ordinary course of business and have advised us that they have not entered into any agreements, understandings or arrangements with any underwriters or broker-dealers regarding the sale of their shares of common stock, nor is there an underwriter or coordinating broker acting in connection with a proposed sale of shares of common stock by any selling stockholder. If we are notified by any selling stockholder that any material arrangement has been entered into with a broker-dealer for the sale of shares of common stock, if required, we will file a supplement to this prospectus. If the selling securityholders use this prospectus for any sale of the shares of common stock, they will be subject to the prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act of 1933.

The anti-manipulation rules of Regulation M under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 may apply to sales of our common stock and activities of the selling securityholders.

## **LEGAL MATTERS**

The validity of the issuance of the common stock offered hereby will be passed upon for us by Gersten Savage LLP, New York, New York.

## **EXPERTS**

The financial statements of Innofone.com, Incorporated as of and for the period from June 30, 2006 appearing in this prospectus have been audited by Danziger & Hochman and the financial statements of IPv6 Summit, Inc. appearing in this prospectus have been audited by DeJoya Griffith & Company, LLC, as set forth in their reports thereon appearing elsewhere herein, and are included in reliance upon such reports given upon the authority of such firms as experts in accounting and auditing.

## **CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE.**

On November 28, 2006, the firm of DeJoya Griffith & Company, LLC resigned as the auditor of IPv6 Summit, Inc. DeJoya Griffith & Company was considered the “predecessor accountant” as they are no longer associated with the Company’s financial statements subsequent to the reverse acquisition in August, 2005. DeJoya Griffith & Company’s resignation was accepted and ratified by our Board of Directors, as of November 28, 2006, and was made upon

determination that it would be more efficient and cost-effective for us to utilize one independent accountant to audit all of our financial statements. As a result, Danziger & Hochman will be our independent auditor and will report on the financial statements of Innohone.com, Incorporated and IPv6 Summit. Prior to the engagement of Danziger & Hochman, the Company had no consultations with such firm up through the date of their engagement.

DeJoya Griffith & Company's report on IPv6 Summit's financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005 and 2004, did not contain an adverse opinion or disclaimer of opinion, and was not qualified or modified as to uncertainty, audit scope, or accounting principles. Further, there was no disclosure of uncertainty regarding the ability to continue as a going concern in DeJoya Griffith & Company's report.

From the date of DeJoya Griffith & Company's engagement, through the date of resignation, we had no disagreements with them on any matter of accounting principles or practices, financial statement disclosure, or auditing scope or procedure, which disagreements, if not resolved to their satisfaction, would have caused them to make reference to the subject matter of the disagreements in its report. In addition, during that time period, no "reportable events" occurred, as described in Item 304(a)(1)(iv) of Regulation S-B.

### **WHERE YOU CAN FIND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

We have filed with the SEC under the Securities Act of 1933 a registration statement on Form SB-2 with respect to the shares being offered in this offering. This prospectus does not contain all of the information set forth in the registration statement, certain items of which are omitted in accordance with the rules and regulations of the SEC. The omitted information may be inspected and copied at the Public Reference Room maintained by the SEC at Room 1580, 100 F Street N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. You can obtain information about operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. The SEC also maintains an Internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding issuers that file electronically with the SEC at <http://www.sec.gov>. Copies of such material can be obtained from the public reference section of the SEC at prescribed rates. Statements contained in this prospectus as to the contents of any contract or other document filed as an exhibit to the registration statement are not necessarily complete and in each instance reference is made to the copy of the document filed as an exhibit to the registration statement, each statement made in this prospectus relating to such documents being qualified in all respect by such reference.

For further information with respect to us and the securities being offered hereby, reference is hereby made to the registration statement, including the exhibits thereto and the financial statements, notes, and schedules filed as a part thereof.

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**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

To the Board of Directors and  
Stockholders of Innofone.com, Incorporated

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Innofone.com, Incorporated as of June 30, 2006, and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year ended June 30, 2006. These financial statements are the responsibility of the company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. The statements of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flows disclosed as comparative figures for the year ended June 30, 2006 are those of IPv6 Summit, Inc., a subsidiary of Innofone.com, Incorporated, were audited by other auditors whose report dated September 9, 2006, expressed an unqualified opinion.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Innofone.com, Incorporated as of June 30, 2006, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year ended June 30, 2006 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As more fully described in note 13, the 2006 financial statements have been restated.

/s/ Danziger & Hochman

**Toronto, Ontario**  
**August 30, 2006 except for note 13 for which the date is**  
**December 6, 2006**

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*De Joya Griffith & Company, LLC*  
**Certified Public Accountants & Consultants**  
**2425 W. Horizon Ridge Parkway**  
**Henderson, Nevada 89052**

**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

To the Board of Directors  
IPv6 Summit, Inc.  
Santa Monica, California

We have audited the balance sheet of IPv6 Summit, Inc. (the "Company") as of June 30, 2005 and the related statements of operations, stockholders' deficit and cash flows for the years ended June 30, 2005 and 2004. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosure in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presently fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of IPv6 Summit, Inc. as of June 30, 2005 and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the years ended June 30, 2005 and 2004, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

/s/ De Joya Griffith & Company, LLC  
De Joya Griffith and Company, LLC  
Henderson, Nevada  
September 9, 2005

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INNOFONE.COM, INCORPORATED  
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET  
AS OF JUNE 30, 2006  
(RESTATED)

ASSETS

Current assets		
Cash	\$	100,172
Accounts receivable		32,000
Prepaid expenses and other assets		211,842
Total current assets		344,014
Fixed assets, net		
Investment in U.S. Treasury Bonds - restricted		49,998,571
Investment in Digital Presence, Inc., equity method		38,646
Unamortized debt discount and finance cost		872,779
Deposits for pending acquisitions		304,500
Intangible asset		25,000
Total assets	\$	51,599,907

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	1,156,981
Accrued interest payable		123,251
Due to related party		800,000
Notes payable - current portion		1,100,000
Total current liabilities		3,180,232
Long-term liabilities		
Liability on equity swap agreement		3,469,223
Notes payable - long term portion		100,000
Total liabilities		6,749,455
Stockholders' equity		
Preferred stock; \$0.01 par value; 4,815,000 shares authorized, issued and outstanding		48,150
Common stock; \$0.001 par value; 950,000,000 shares authorized, 72,858,345 issued and outstanding		72,858
Additional paid-in capital		62,944,096
Stock payable for 71,000 shares of common stock		58,395
Related party stock payable for 800,000 shares of common stock		544,000
Accumulated deficit		(18,817,047)
Total stockholders' equity		44,850,452
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	51,599,907

See Accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements  
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INNOFONE.COM, INCORPORATED  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS  
FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 AND 2005

	2006 (Restated)	2005
Revenues	\$ 624,907	\$ 545,588
Cost of revenues	158,636	118,164
Gross profit	466,271	427,424
Operating expenses		
Depreciation	7,521	2,941
Selling, general and administrative	4,506,159	466,914
Total operating expenses	4,513,680	469,855
Income (loss) from operations	(4,047,409)	(42,431)
Other income (expense)		
Interest income	214,767	3
Interest expense and finance cost	(1,428,796)	--
Unrealized loss on equity swap agreement	(12,630,864)	
Other expense	(77,237)	(2,756)
Total other income (expense)	(13,922,130)	(2,753)
Net income (loss) before provision for income taxes	(17,969,539)	(45,184)
Provision for income taxes	--	10,285
Net income (loss)	\$ (17,969,539)	\$ (55,469)
Net income (loss) per common share - basic and diluted	\$ (0.31)	\$ (0.00)
Weighted average common shares outstanding - basic and diluted	58,528,680	33,333,333

See Accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

INNOFONE.COM, INCORPORATED  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY  
FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 AND 2005

	Preferred Stock		Common Stock		Additional	Stock	Related	Accumulated	Total
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Paid-in Capital	Payable	Party Stock Payable	Deficit	Stockholders' Equity
Balance, June 30, 2004	--	\$ --	33,333,000	\$ 33,333	\$ (31,333)	\$ --	\$ --	75,076	\$ 77,076
Net income (loss)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	(55,469)	(55,469)
Balance, June 30, 2005	--	--	33,333,000	33,333	(31,333)	--	--	19,607	21,607
Issuance of stock related to reverse-merger with Innohone.com, Incorporated	--	--	28,005,270	28,005	--	--	--	--	28,005
Distribution related to reverse-merger	--	--	--	--	(132,885)	--	--	(867,115)	(1,000,000)
Issuance of common stock and warrants for \$4,000,000 in cash	--	--	3,478,261	3,478	3,996,522	--	--	--	4,000,000
Issuance of stock for services	--	--	1,191,814	1,192	853,496	--	--	--	854,688
Issuance of warrants for services	--	--	--	--	140,199	--	--	--	140,199
Issuance of warrants related to new NIR Group debt totaling \$1,200,000	--	--	--	--	476,121	--	--	--	476,121

Vesting of employee stock options	--	--	--	--	13,335	--	--	--	13,335
Issuance of 4,815,000 preferred stock and 6,850,000 common stock for \$50,000,000 in U.S. Treasury Bonds	4,815,000	48,150	6,850,000	6,850	49,945,000	--	--	--	50,000,000
Issuance of common stock and warrants for related to Equity Swap Agreement with Cogent Capital Financial, LLC	--	--	--	--	7,683,641	--	--	--	7,683,641
Stock payable for 71,000 shares of common stock related to services	--	--	--	--	--	58,395	--	--	58,395
Related party stock payable for 800,000 shares of common stock related to \$400,000 loan	--	--	--	--	--	--	544,000	--	544,000
Net income (loss)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	(17,969,539)	(17,969,539)
Balance, June 30, 2006 (Restated)	4,815,000	\$ 48,150	72,858,345	\$ 72,858	\$ 62,944,096	\$ 58,395	\$ 544,000	\$ (18,817,047)	\$ 44,850,452

See Accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

INNOFONE.COM, INCORPORATED  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS  
FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 AND 2005

	2006 (Restated)	2005
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income (loss)	\$ (17,969,539)	\$ (55,469)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation	7,521	2,941
Amortization of premium on U.S. Treasury Bonds	1,429	--
Amortization of debt discount and finance cost	147,342	--
Unrealized loss on equity swap agreement	12,630,864	--
Loss on disposal of assets	--	2,756
Loss on equity investment in Digital Presence, Inc.	11,354	--
Stock based expenses	1,036,227	--
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Change in accounts receivable	14,980	69,548
Change in prepaid expenses	(199,112)	3,050
Change in other assets	--	(919)
Change in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	289,948	(22,513)
Change in accrued interest payable	123,251	--
Change in stock payable	58,395	--
Net cash used in operating activities	(3,847,340)	(606)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of fixed assets	(19,078)	(2,165)
Capital outlay for intangible assets	(25,000)	--
Capital outlay for Digital Presence, Inc.	(175,000)	--
Capital outlay for Equity Swap Agreement	(671,750)	--
Deposits for pending acquisitions	(179,500)	--
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,070,328)	(2,165)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from notes payable	3,000,000	--
Proceeds from related party notes payable	500,000	--
Proceeds from issuance of common stocks	4,000,000	--
Payments on notes payable	(1,800,000)	--
Payments on related party notes payable	(700,000)	(39,139)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	5,000,000	(39,139)
Net change in cash	82,332	(41,910)
Cash, beginning of period	17,840	59,750
Cash, end of period	\$ 100,172	\$ 17,840
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Cash paid for interest	\$ --	\$ --

## Schedule of non-cash financing and investing activities:

Issuance of \$1,000,000 note payable to Alex Lightman related to reverse-merger and accounted for as a distribution	\$	1,000,000	\$	--
Debt discount related to beneficial conversion feature of convertible debt	\$	1,893,526	\$	--
Finance cost related to warrants issued associated with convertible debt	\$	664,125	\$	--
Issuance of 4,185,000 shares of preferred stock and 6,850,000 shares of common stock for \$50,000,000 U.S. Treasury Bonds	\$	50,000,000	\$	--

See Accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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INNOFONE.COM, INCORPORATED  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2006 (RESTATED)

1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Description of business - Innohone.com, Incorporated (the "Company") was incorporated on December 19, 1995. On August 19, 2005, the Company consummated a Stock Purchase Agreement (the "Agreement") with Alexander Lightman to acquire 100% of the outstanding capital stock of IPv6 Summit, Inc. ("IPv6"). The fundamental terms of the purchase agreement provide for the Company to deliver a promissory note in the sum of \$1,000,000 as partial consideration of the purchase price and to issue 33,333,000 shares of restricted common stock of the Company to satisfy the balance of the purchase price in full (the "IPv6 Transaction"). As a result, IPv6 has become a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. Prior to the IPv6 Transaction, the Company was non-operating public company with no operations or assets; 28,005,270 shares of common stock issued and outstanding; and IPv6 was a privately held operating company. The IPv6 Transaction is considered to be a capital transaction in substance, rather than a business combination. Inasmuch, the IPv6 Transaction is equivalent to the issuance of shares by a private company (IPv6) for the non-monetary assets of a non-operational public company, accompanied by a recapitalization. The accounting for IPv6 Transaction is similar to that resulting from a reverse acquisition, except goodwill is not recorded. Accordingly, the historical financial information of the accompany financial statements are that of IPv6 which the 33,333,000 shares issued by the Company are considered the historical outstanding shares of IPv6 for accounting purposes. The partial consideration of \$1,000,000 promissory note has been accounted for as a distribution as if IPv6 had returned capital to its previous sole shareholder in the form of a distribution. The Company's operating activities are conducted through its wholly owned subsidiary, IPv6 Summit, Inc.

IPv6 Summit, Inc., a Nevada corporation located in Santa Monica, California was incorporated on July 9, 2003. The Company is among the leading organizers of IPv6 conference events in the world. IPv6 stands for Internet Protocol version 6 and is the successor protocol to the current Internet, Internet Protocol version 4, which was introduced in June 1973 and turned 33 years old this summer. IPv4 is a 32-bit protocol, while IPv6 is a 128-bit protocol allowing for  $3.4 \times 10$  to the 38th power new IP addresses, and thus allowing for a vast increase in connecting people, places, and things to the Internet.

The Company derives revenue from Sponsorships, Conference Attendee Fees, Training Fees, and Consulting to Governments.

Liquidity and capital resources - As of June 30, 2006, the Company had total current assets of \$344,014 and total current liabilities of \$3,180,232 resulting in a working capital deficit of \$2,836,218. As of June 30, 2006, the Company had cash totaling \$100,172. Our cash flow from operating activities for the year ended June 30, 2006 resulted in a deficit of \$3,847,340. Our cash flow from investing activities resulted in a deficit of \$1,070,328. Our cash flows from financing activities resulted in a surplus of \$5,000,000. Overall, the Company's cash flows for the year ended June 30, 2006, netted a surplus of \$82,332. Subsequent to June 30, 2006 as further discussed in Note 12, the Company raised approximately \$3,140,000 through debt financing. Furthermore, the acquisition of InfoWeapons, Inc. as discussed in Note 11, is anticipated to be completed in September 2006. The Company believes the cash flow from current operating activities and operating activities of InfoWeapons, Inc. for the next twelve months, and capital raised subsequent to June 30, 2006 of approximately \$3,140,000 through debt financing will be sufficient to provide necessary capital for the Company's operations for the next twelve months. Additionally, the Equity Swap agreement, as more fully described in Note 7, should provide funds to the Company within the next twelve months.

INNOFONE.COM, INCORPORATED  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2006 (RESTATED)

Use of estimates - The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Year end - The Company's year end is June 30.

Principles of consolidation - The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Innofone.com, Incorporated and its wholly owned subsidiary, IPv6 Summit, Inc. The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. All material inter-company accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Revenue and expense recognition - The Company recognizes revenue from services provided once all of the following criteria for revenue recognition have been met: 1) pervasive evidence of an agreement exists, 2) the services have been delivered, 3) the price is fixed and determinable and not subject to refund or adjustment and 4) collection of the amounts due is reasonably. Overhead and administrative costs are recognized when incurred and direct event costs and expenses are recognized during the period in which the event they are associated with occurs.

Cash - Cash equivalents consist of highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased. Cash and cash equivalents are on deposit with financial institutions without any restrictions.

Allowance for doubtful accounts - The allowance for doubtful accounts is an estimate made by management, based upon current information, to reserve for potential credit losses in the future. While these losses have been within management's expectations in the past, it is reasonably possible that the allowance for doubtful accounts will need to be revised in the future to reflect changing information and conditions.

Fixed assets - Fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is provided principally on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which are generally 3 years. The cost of repairs and maintenance is charged to expense as incurred. Expenditures for property betterments and renewals are capitalized. Upon sale or other disposition of a depreciable asset, cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any gain or loss is reflected in other income (expense).

The Company periodically evaluates whether events and circumstances have occurred that may warrant revision of the estimated useful life of fixed assets or whether the remaining balance of fixed assets should be evaluated for possible impairment. The Company uses an estimate of the related undiscounted cash flows over the remaining life of the fixed assets in measuring their recoverability.

INNOFONE.COM, INCORPORATED  
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JUNE 30, 2006 (RESTATED)

Goodwill and intangible asset - In July 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (“SFAS”) No. 141, “Business Combinations” and No. 142, “Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets.” SFAS No. 141 requires all business combinations initiated after June 30, 2001 to be accounted for using the purchase method. Under SFAS No. 142, goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives are no longer amortized but are reviewed annually (or more frequently if impairment indicators arise) for impairment.

According to this statement, goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives are no longer subject to amortization, but rather an annual assessment of impairment by applying a fair-value based test. Fair value for goodwill is based on discounted cash flows, market multiples and/or appraised values as appropriate. Under SFAS No. 142, the carrying value of assets are calculated at the lowest level for which there are identifiable cash flows.

The Company has intangible assets totaling \$25,000 as of June 30, 2006. which in the opinion of management, no impairment is deemed necessary.

SFAS 142 requires the Company to compare the fair value of the reporting unit to its carrying amount on an annual basis to determine if there is potential impairment. If the fair value of the reporting unit is less than its carrying value, an impairment loss is recorded to the extent that the fair value of the goodwill within the reporting unit is less than its carrying value.

INNOFONE.COM, INCORPORATED  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
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**Income taxes** - The Company accounts for its income taxes in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109, which requires recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases and tax credit carry-forwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in operations in the period that includes the enactment date. As June 30, 2006, the Company has available for federal income tax purposes a net operating loss carryforward of approximately \$5,127,000, expiring in the year 2024, that may be used to offset future taxable income. The Company has provided a valuation reserve against the full amount of the net operating loss benefit, since in the opinion of management based upon the limited earning history of the Company, it is more likely than not that the benefits will not be realized.

Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial statement purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes. Significant component of the Company's deferred tax liabilities and assets as of June 30, 2006 are as follows:

Deferred tax assets:	
Net operating loss	\$ 17,970,000
Stock, options and warrants issued for services and financing costs	(1,036,000)
Unrealized losses	(12,631,000)
Equity investment losses	(11,000)
	4,292,000
Income tax rate	34%
	1,459,000
Less valuation allowance	(1,459,000)
	\$ --

The income tax rate to the federal statutory rate for the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 were 34% and 15%, respectively.

**Advertising costs** - The Company recognizes advertising expenses in accordance with Statement of Position 93-7 "Reporting on Advertising Costs." Accordingly, the Company expenses the costs of producing advertisements at the time production occurs, and expenses the costs of communicating advertisements in the period in which the advertising space or airtime is used. The Company has recorded approximately \$253,000 and \$148,000 of advertising costs for the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

**Research and development costs** - Research and development costs are charged to expense as incurred.

INNOFONE.COM, INCORPORATED  
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Stock based compensation - On January 1, 2006, the Company adopted SFAS No. 123 (R) "Share-Based Payment" which requires the measurement and recognition of compensation expense for all share-based payment awards made to employees and directors including employee stock options and employee stock purchases related to a Employee Stock Purchase Plan based on the estimated fair values.

The Company adopted SFAS No. 123(R) using the modified prospective transition method, which required the application of the accounting standard as of January 1, 2006. The accompanying consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006 reflect the impact of SFAS No. 123(R). In accordance with the modified prospective transition method, the Company's accompanying consolidated financial statements for the prior periods have not been restated, and do not include the impact of SFAS No. 123(R). Stock based compensation expense recognized under SFAS No. 123(R) for the year ended June 30, 2006 totaled \$13,335. Pro forma stock based compensation for the year ended June 30, 2005 totaled \$-0-

Earnings (loss) per share - The Company reports earnings (loss) per share in accordance with SFAS No. 128, "Earnings per Share." Basic earnings (loss) per share is computed by dividing income (loss) available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares available. Diluted earnings (loss) per share is computed similar to basic earnings (loss) per share except that the denominator is increased to include the number of additional common shares that would have been outstanding if the potential common shares had been issued and if the additional common shares were dilutive. Diluted earnings (loss) per share has not been presented since the effect of the assumed exercise of options and warrants to purchase common shares would have an anti-dilutive effect.

Recent accounting pronouncements - In May 2005, the FASB issued SFAS No. 154, "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections." This statement applies to all voluntary changes in accounting principle and requires retrospective application to prior periods' financial statements of changes in accounting principle, unless this would be impracticable. This statement also makes a distinction between "retrospective application" of an accounting principle and the "restatement" of financial statements to reflect the correction of an error. This statement is effective for accounting changes and corrections of errors made in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2005. This statement is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

In February 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 155, "Accounting for Certain Hybrid Financial Instruments". SFAS No. 155 amends SFAS No 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities", and SFAS No. 140, "Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities". SFAS No. 155, permits fair value remeasurement for any hybrid financial instrument that contains an embedded derivative that otherwise would require bifurcation, clarifies which interest-only strips and principal-only strips are not subject to the requirements of SFAS No. 133, establishes a requirement to evaluate interest in securitized financial assets to identify interests that are freestanding derivatives or that are hybrid financial instruments that contain an embedded derivative requiring bifurcation, clarifies that concentrations of credit risk in the form of subordination are not embedded derivatives, and amends SFAS No. 140 to eliminate the prohibition on the qualifying special-purpose entity from holding a derivative financial instrument that pertains to a beneficial interest other than another derivative financial instrument.

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This statement is effective for all financial instruments acquired or issued after the beginning of the Company's first fiscal year that begins after September 15, 2006. This statement is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

In June 2005, the EITF reached consensus on Issue No. 05-6, Determining the Amortization Period for Leasehold Improvements ("EITF 05-6.") EITF 05-6 provides guidance on determining the amortization period for leasehold improvements acquired in a business combination or acquired subsequent to lease inception. The guidance in EITF 05-6 will be applied prospectively and is effective for periods beginning after June 29, 2005. EITF 05-6 is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157 "Fair Value Measurements". SFAS No. 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles and expands disclosure about fair values. This statement is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Management believes that the adoption of SFAS No. 157 will not have a material impact on the consolidated financial results of the Company.

2. INVESTMENT IN U.S. TREASURY BONDS - RESTRICTED

Investment in U.S. Treasury Bonds - restricted totaling \$49,998,571 at June 30, 2006, consist of two bonds with a face value of \$49,950,000. The bonds have a maturity date of May 31, 2008 and May 15, 2009. These U.S. Treasury Bonds are considered restricted since they are posted in a collateral account as pledged assets related to an Equity Swap agreement as further discussed in Note 7. The Company has accounted for this investment in U.S. Treasury Bonds as investments available for sale. Accordingly, any changes in the market value of this investment would be accounted for as an adjustment to other comprehensive income (loss).

3. FIXED ASSETS

Fixed assets consist of the following as of June 30, 2006:

Equipment	\$ 28,083
Less: accumulated depreciation	11,686
Fixed assets, net	\$ 16,397

4. UNAMORTIZED DEBT DISCOUNT AND FINANCE COST

As of June 30, 2006, unamortized debt discount and finance cost totaling \$872,779 consist of the following:

Debt discount related to notes payable, see Note 8	\$ 442,112
Debt discount related to Alex Lightman note payable, see Note 6 and 10	430,667
	\$ 872,779

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Unamortized debt discount and finance cost are being amortized over the term of the related agreements on a straight line method which approximates the effective interest method.

5. DEPOSITS FOR PENDING ACQUISITIONS

As June 30, 2006, deposit for pending acquisition totaling \$304,500 relates deposit paid to Digital Presence, Inc. for \$125,000, Mobile Technology Group, LLC for \$99,500 and InfoWeapons, Inc. for \$80,000 which had not been completed as of June 30, 2006, see Note 11 for additional discussion.

6. DUE TO RELATED PARTY

Due to related party as of June 30, 2006 are comprised of the following transactions with Alex Lightman, the Company's Chief Executive Officer, President and shareholder:

Note payable to Alex Lightman related to Stock Purchase Agreement(see Note 1 for detailed discussion), interest rate at 4%, payable in monthly installment payments of \$83,333 (principal only) for each successive month starting on the date of execution of the note contingent upon certain conditions having been met, and ending October 17, 2006 which any unpaid principal and interest would be due at that date	\$ 400,000
Note payable to Alex Lightman, interest rate at 5%, unsecured and principal and interest due at maturity on April 17, 2007 (see Note 4 for additional discussion)	400,000
	\$ 800,000

7. EQUITY SWAP AGREEMENT

On June 2, 2006, the entered into a securities purchase agreement with Cogent Capital Investments LLC ("CCI") for the sale of 1,850,000 shares of common stock ("Common Stock") and 4,815,000 shares of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock ("Preferred Stock") for an aggregate purchase price of \$50,000,000, which was paid in the form of U.S. Treasury Bonds. The Preferred Stock issued to CCI has no voting rights, no dividend rights and each share of Preferred Stock is convertible into ten (10) shares of common stock.

Concurrently with the consummation of the securities purchase agreement, the Company entered into an equity swap agreement ("Equity Swap") with Cogent Capital Financial LLC ("CCF") an affiliate of CCI which such transaction is considered to be a derivative. The Equity Swap is a fixed versus floating price swap with respect to a notional stock amount of 37,500,000 shares of common stock , with Cogent being the floating equity payor and the Company being the fixed equity price payor. The fixed price under the Equity Swap is \$1.333 per share. The Equity Swap has a maturity date of December 2, 2010, through certain conditions this date can be extended, and provides for periodic settlements and reductions of the notional amount of the Equity Swap over a 30 month period beginning one month after the Trigger Date, provided that the Company has satisfied certain conditions. The Trigger Date is the first date as of which the Resale Condition has been satisfied with respect to at least 10,000,000 shares. The Resale Condition shall be deemed satisfied as of any day with respect to the number of equity shares that, as of such day, are then subject to an effective resale registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, with the holders of such shares

being named therein as selling shareholders or fully eligible for resale under Rule 144 adopted under the Securities Act of 1933. The Company agreed to pay CCF an amount equal to the decrease in value of the notional stock amount of 37,500,000 below \$1.333 per share at each settlement date during the 30 month period beginning one month after the Trigger Date. Under the terms of the Equity Swap, the Company agreed to pay CCF an amount equal to in interest on \$50,000,000, at Libor plus 1.45%, up through the Trigger Date then decreasing for the next 30 months based upon the decrease value in the notional stock amount. Among these conditions is a requirement that the Company maintain an effective registration statement with respect to specified portions of the Common Stock purchased by CCI and the Common Stock into which the Preferred Stock purchased is convertible. To secure the Company's performance of the Equity Swap, the Company has pledged to CCF, and deposited in a collateral account subject to a lien in favor of CCF, the \$50,000,000 in U.S. Treasury Bonds. As the notional amount of the Equity Swap is reduced, corresponding portion of the pledged U.S. Treasury Bonds are to be released to the Company, subject to any partial settlement of the Equity Swap resulting from the reduction in the notional amount. In the event the Company is required pay an amount equal to the decrease in value of the notional stock during each settlement date, it would do so through the liquidation of the U.S. Treasury Bonds which would then be recorded within the statement of operations as part earnings (loss).

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In connection with and as consideration to CCF under the Equity Swap as its fee, the Company paid to CCF an amount consisting of: (i) \$1,375,000 (which \$568,750 was paid at closing); (ii) 5,000,000 shares of common stock and (iii) warrant for 5,000,000 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$1.20 and term of 5 year. The fair value of the common stock and warrant given as consideration totaled \$7,683,641. In addition, the Company paid CCI \$103,000 as an initial fee. Collectively, the value of cash, common stock and warrant totaled \$9,161,641. The Company has accounted for the fee to CCF as an initial investment fee. The fair value of the warrants has been determined using Black-Scholes based on the following assumptions: stock price based on the date of grant; term of 3 years; volatility rate of 229%; discount rate of 3.5% and no dividends.

Since the Equity Swap is considered to be a derivative transaction, the Equity Swap is recorded at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Effective changes in fair value of the Equity Swap is recorded within the statement of operations as part earnings (loss). As of June 30, 2006, the Company recorded a liability on equity swap agreement of \$3,469,223 which resulted in an unrealized loss on equity swap agreement totaling \$12,630,864 reflected within the statement of operations. The fair value of the Equity Swap is determined using Black-Scholes based on the following assumptions: stock price of \$1.14 based upon the date of this reporting period; term based upon the settlement period; volatility rate of 235%; discount rate of 3.5% and no dividends.

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8. NOTES PAYABLE

On May 25, 2006, the Company entered into a Letter Agreement the NIR Group for the repayment of convertible notes and warrants issued on or about August 31, 2005 and October 15, 2005 pursuant to a Securities Purchase Agreement by and between the Company and AJW Partners, LLC, New Millennium Capital Partners II, LLC, AJW Offshore, Ltd. and AJW Qualified Partners, LLC (collectively, the "NIR Group"). The repayment was applied to the outstanding principal and interest owing under the convertible notes and as consideration for the cancellation of the associated warrants for 1,000,000 shares of common stock issued to the NIR Group, and the termination of any and all Uniform Commercial Code filings in favor of the NIR Group. In connection with the repayment, the Company and the NIR Group executed and delivered the Letter Agreement, a new promissory note ("new notes"), a new stock purchase warrant ("new warrants"), and new registration rights agreement ("new registration agreement").

The terms of the repayment, as provided in the Letter Agreement are as follows: (a) upon signing of the Letter Agreement, the Company made a cash payment to the NIR Group in the amount of \$2,635,400 which was applied to the repayment of all amounts of principal and interest owing and outstanding under previous convertible note balances; (b) the issuance of new notes in the aggregate amount totaling \$1,200,000. The new notes are self-amortizing over a one year period commencing on July 1, 2006, with each installment payment due on the twelve consecutive monthly anniversaries beginning July 1, 2006. Further, pursuant to the new notes, the Company will pay to the NIR Group an aggregate of \$100,000 per month. Additionally, the Company issued to the NIR Group new warrants for 750,000 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$1.79 and a term of five years. The new warrants may be exercised on a cashless basis only in the event that there is no effective registration statement covering the shares underlying the warrants. The Company may buy back all the new warrants from the NIR Group for an aggregate of \$100,000 at any time prior to the new warrants being exercised. The fair value of the new warrants totaled \$476,121 was determined using Black-Scholes option pricing model based on the following assumptions: term of 2 years, volatility rate of 229%, risk free interest rate of 3.5% and dividend yield of 0%. The fair value of the new warrants totaling \$476,121 have been accounted for as debt discount which have been capitalized and amortized over the term the new notes on a straight line basis. As of June 30, 2006, the unamortized debt discount balance totaled \$442,112, see Note 4.

9. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Stock options - In December 2005, the Company had granted an employee a stock option for 100,000 shares of common stock which vest over a twenty four (24) month period. The stock option has been valued at \$45,718 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model based upon the following assumptions: term of 4 years, a risk free interest rate of 3.5%, a dividend yield of 0% and volatility of 169%. The Company has recorded an expense of \$13,335 for the year ended June 30, 2006 based upon the vested portion of the stock option totaling 29,167 up through June 30, 2006.

Warrants - In August 2005, the Company had issued warrants for 34,286 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$3.50 to an entity for services provided. The warrants have been valued at \$102,000 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model based upon the following assumptions: term of 3 years, a risk free interest rate of 3.5%, a dividend yield of 0% and volatility of 162%. The entire amount of \$102,000 has been expensed as of June 30, 2006.

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As discussed in Note 8, the Company had issued warrants in May 2006 for 750,000 shares of common stock with a fair value of \$476,121. The Company has recorded an expense associated with these warrants totaling \$34,009 for the year ended June 30, 2006 related to the fair value of these warrants.

In June 2006, the Company issued 3,478,261 shares of common stock for a total cash consideration of \$4,000,000. In addition, the Company had issued a warrant for 400,000 shares of common stock with an exercise price of 80% of the 5 day average closing price prior to the date of exercise notification and expiring in two years. The fair value of the warrant totaled \$272,843 which is considered as part of the overall consideration given for the \$4,000,000 cash received by the Company. Accordingly, the value of the warrant has been netted against of the offering proceeds associated with the common stock issuance.

As discussed in Note 7, the Company issued a warrant for 5,000,000 shares of common stock associated with the Equity Swap agreement. The warrant has been valued at \$3,733,641. The Company has recorded an expense associated with this warrant totaling \$88,896 for the year ended June 30, 2006.

In June 2006, the Company has issued warrants for 35,000 shares of common stock for legal services provided. The warrants have been valued at \$38,431 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model based upon the following assumptions: term of 3 years, risk free interest rate of 3.5%, a dividend yield of 0% and volatility of 235%. The entire amount of the \$38,431 has been expensed as of June 30, 2006.

The following is a summary of warrants activity during the year ended June 30, 2006:

Balance outstanding at June 30, 2005	\$	--
Shares related to warrants granted		7,219,286
Forfeited or cancelled		(1,000,000)
Exercised		--
Balance outstanding at June 30, 2006	\$	6,219,286

All of the outstanding warrants for shares of common stock totaling 6,219,286 are exercisable as of June 30, 2006.

#### 10. STOCK PAYABLE

During the year ended June 30, 2006, the Company entered in various agreement with consultants whereby compensation for such services would be either be paid partially or fully with shares of common stock. As of June 30, 2006, the Company had stock payable for 71,000 shares of common stock due to these consultants with a total value of \$58,395.

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In April 2006, the Company entered into a promissory note with Alex Lightman, as noted in Note 6, whereby as consideration, aside interest and repayment of the note, Mr. Lightman is entitled to receive 800,000 shares of common stock valued at \$544,000 and considered as a loan fee, see Note 4. As of June 30, 2006, the 800,000 shares of common stock had not been issued and has been recorded as a stock payable.

11. BUSINESS ACQUISITIONS

On March 7, 2006, the Company entered into a Common Stock Purchase Agreement to purchase a total of 66.67% of the outstanding common stock of Digital Presence, Inc. (“Digital”) in consideration of cash totaling \$300,000 made in installment payments. The payment terms for the purchase are as follow: (a) \$50,000 which was due on the initial closing on March 7, 2006; (b) \$125,000 due on second closing of May 15, 2006; and (c) \$125,000 due on third closing of June 15, 2006. As of June 30, 2006, the Company has paid the initial and second closing payment totaling \$175,000 of which \$125,000 was treated as deposit since the related shares were not received as of June 30, 2006. As June 30, 2006, the Company had ownership interest in Digital which of approximately 25% which has been accounted for as an equity investment. The Company made the third and final payment of \$125,000 and completed the acquisition on September 10, 2006. As of June 30, 2006, the Company has recorded total payments related to the acquisition of \$50,000 as “Investment in Digital Presence” has accounted for such investment under the equity method. For the year ended June 30, 2006, the Company recorded its proportionate ownership interest of Digital’s net loss of \$11,354 and reduced its investment in Digital to \$163,646 at June 30, 2006.

On April 12, 2006, the Company entered into an Amended Non-Binding term sheet to acquire all of the outstanding capital stock of InfoWeapons, Inc. in consideration of \$50,000 in cash plus shares of the Company’s common stock equal in value of \$8,500,000. The Company made a non-refundable payment of \$10,000 on execution of the original Non-Binding term sheet on or about February 20, 2006. Company will be required to make a non-refundable deposit payments totaling \$40,000 upon certain approvals of contingencies which shall be made at the Company’s sole discretion. As of June 30, 2006, the Company had not completed its acquisition of InfoWeapons, Inc. and anticipates completion on or about September 2006 based upon receipt of the audited financial statements of InfoWeapons, Inc.

On April 21, 2006, the Company entered into a Non-binding term sheet to acquire all the outstanding capital of Mobile Technology Group, LLC in consideration of \$7,500 in cash payable on execution and shares of the Company’s common stock equal in value of \$1,500,000. The Company completed its acquisition of Mobile Technology Group, LLC in August 4, 2006, see Note 12 for additional discussions.

12. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In July 2006, the Company issued 64,542 shares of common stock with a total value of \$72,000 for services. During the same month, the Company issued 36,000 shares of common stock related to a stock payable amount totaling \$24,480 outstanding at June 30, 2006, as reflected in Note 10.

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In July 2006, the Company issued two promissory notes (the “Notes”) to 55 South Investments (“Holder”) totaling \$1,000,000, with interest at 12% per annum. The Maturity Date shall be the earlier of: (a) one (1) year from the commencement of that certain Equity Swap transaction, as discussed in Note 7, whereby 30 days have expired thereafter the date in which the Company is granted effectiveness by the Securities and Exchange Commission on a registration statement filed pursuant to certain agreements made in connection with an equity swap made by and between the Company and Cogent Capital Group, LLC and its affiliates as of June 2, 2006 (defined herein as the “Swap Start Date”); or (b) December 1, 2007, whichever is earlier. Repayment of the principal amounts of the Notes by the Company shall commence within ten (10) days of the Swap Start Date and shall continue thereafter in equal pro rata monthly installments on the same date of each subsequent month thereafter for the successive eleven (11) months thereafter the Swap Start Date and continue until all principal payments are paid in full. The principal shall be repaid in full no later than the maturity date. Should the Swap Start Date not occur prior to the maturity date, then the entirety of principal shall be due and payable on the maturity date. Further the Company may, at its option, prepay all amounts owing under the Notes prior to the maturity date, in whole or in part, without payment of any premium or penalty, after giving written notice thereof to the Holder at least one (1) day prior to the date selected for prepayment. In connection with the Notes, the Company issued (i) a five-year warrants to 55 South Investments for the right to purchase up to 4,000,000 shares of common stock at \$1.00 per share; and (ii) a five year warrants to Millennium Investment Services, Inc., an affiliate of 55 South, for the right to purchase 1,000,000 shares of common stock at \$1.00 per share. The Company has the right to redeem 1,400,000 of such warrants for \$250,000 until July 13, 2007. The note is secured with approximately \$4,000,000 worth of the Company’s restricted common stock and \$4,000,000 worth of restricted common stock owned by Alex Lightman, the Company’s Chief Executive Officer and President. Further, the Company has agreed to pay to 55 South approximately \$40,000 representing an origination fee and a due diligence fee. The fair value of the warrants totaled \$5,466,584 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model which will be capitalized and amortized on a straight line basis over the term of the Notes.

In August 2006, the Company filed a Form SB-2 registration statement with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission for the registration of 22,407,352 shares of common stock related to the Equity Swap agreement as discussed in Note 7.

In August 2006, the Company completed its acquisition of Mobile Technology Group, LLC. The Company issued a total of 1,441,441 shares of common stock pursuant to the acquisition agreement with a total value of \$1,500,000. In conjunction with the completion of the acquisition agreement, the Company issued 28,828 shares of common stock with a total value of \$32,000 to the Company’s Vice President of Business and Legal Affairs for a bonus for sourcing and closing the acquisition transaction.

In August 2006, the Company issued promissory notes to three individuals totaling \$140,000, with interest at 10% per annum and maturity dates starting from February 28, 2007 through August 30, 2007. The promissory notes are each secured by Company assets, restricted common stock of the Company and common stock of the Company owned by Alex Lightman equaling four times the principal amount of the note. Additionally, the Company has issued warrants for the purchase of 180,000 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$1.00 and a term of five years. The fair value of the warrants totaled \$199,883 using Black-Scholes option pricing model which will be capitalized and amortized on a straight line basis over the term of the promissory note.

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In September 2006, the Company issued a promissory note to an individual totaling \$2,000,000, with interest at the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus one percent (1%) per annum and maturing on the earlier of 60 days or December 1, 2006. The promissory note is secured by Company assets.

13. RESTATEMENT

For the year ended June 30, 2006, the Company did not properly account for its loss on the Equity Swap Agreement resulting in a writedown of fees paid inconjunction with the Equity Swap Agreement and an additional expense of \$9,161,641 as unrealized loss on Equity Swap Agreement.

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**PART II**  
**INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN PROSPECTUS**

**ITEM 24. INDEMNIFICATION OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS**

Under Nevada law, a corporation may indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, except an action by or in the right of the corporation, by reason of the fact that he is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, against expenses, including attorneys' fees, judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by him in connection with the action, suit or proceeding if he:

(a) Is not liable pursuant to NRS 78.138; or

(b) Acted in good faith and in a manner which he reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation, and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe his conduct was unlawful.

The termination of any action, suit or proceeding by judgment, order, settlement, conviction or upon a plea of nolo contendere or its equivalent, does not, of itself, create a presumption that the person is liable pursuant to NRS 78.138 or did not act in good faith and in a manner which he reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation, or that, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, he had reasonable cause to believe that his conduct was unlawful.

Under our Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws, the corporation shall indemnify any individual made a party to a proceeding because he is or was an officer, director, employee or agent of the corporation against liability incurred in the proceeding, all pursuant to and consistent with the provisions of NRS 78.751, as amended from time to time.

The expenses of officers and directors incurred in defending a civil or criminal action, suit or proceeding shall be paid by the corporation as they are incurred and in advance of the final deposition of the action, suit or proceeding, but only after receipt by the corporation of an undertaking by or on behalf of the officer or director on terms set by the Board of Directors, to repay the expenses advanced if it is ultimately determined by a court of competent jurisdiction that he is not entitled to be indemnified by the corporation.

The indemnification permitted herein is intended to be to the fullest extent permissible under the laws of the State of Nevada, and any amendments thereto.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act might be permitted to directors, officers or persons controlling our company under the provisions described above, we have been informed that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is therefore unenforceable.

**ITEM 25. OTHER EXPENSES OF ISSUANCE AND DISTRIBUTION**

The following table sets forth an estimate of the costs and expenses, other than the underwriting discounts and commissions, payable by the registrant in connection with the issuance and distribution of the common stock being registered.

SEC registration fee	\$ 4,745.45
Legal fees and expenses	30,000.00
Accountants' fees and expenses	
Printing expenses	1,500.00
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 36,245.45</b>

All amounts except the SEC registration fee are estimated. All of the expenses set forth above are being paid by us.

**ITEM 26. RECENT SALES OF UNREGISTERED SECURITIES**

On September 7, 2006, we issued a promissory note to Mr. Lawrence Hughes in the principal face amount of \$2,000,000. The note bears interest at LIBOR plus one percent (1%) per annum and matures on the earlier of: (i) sixty(60) days from the issuance date; or (ii) December 1, 2006 or as agreed by the parties. Mr. Hughes has invested in our common stock prior and is also the Chairman and CTO of one of our intended acquisitions, InfoWeapons, Inc.

Between August 8, 2006 and September 6, 2006, we issued a several promissory notes to numerous accredited investors (the "Investors") in the aggregate principal amount of \$320,000, with interest at 10% per annum (collectively, the "Notes"). The Maturity Dates of the Notes varies but is either six or twelve months from the date of issuance. The Company may, at our option, prepay any and all of the amounts owing under the Notes, in full or the part, without penalty. In connection with the issuance of the Notes, we issued five-year warrant to the to purchase shares of our common stock at \$1.00 per share; the amount of shares underlying the warrants is equal to the dollar amount of the respective Notes without interest thereon. We have granted certain piggyback registration rights with respect to some of the shares underlying the warrants. Moreover, each of the Notes are secured by shares of our restricted common stock and shares of restricted common stock owned by Mr. Alex Lightman, our Chief Executive Officer and President.

On July 10, 2006, we issued a promissory note to 55 South Investments in the face amount of \$500,000. The note bears interest at 12% per annum and matures by December 1, 2007. We have the right to repay the note without penalty. In connection with the issuance of the note, we issued (i) a five-year warrant to 55 South Investments for the right to purchase up to 2,000,000 shares of common stock at \$1.00 per share; and (ii) a five year warrant to Millennium Investment Services, Inc., an affiliate of 55 South, for the right to purchase 500,000 shares of common stock at \$1.00 per share. We have granted certain piggyback registration rights with respect only to the shares underlying the warrant issued to 55 South. The note is secured with approximately \$2,000,000 worth of our restricted common stock and \$2,000,000 worth of restricted common stock owned by Mr. Lightman, our Chief Executive Officer and President. We have granted certain demand registration rights with respect to all shares issued as security under the note. Further, we have agreed to pay to 55 South approximately \$40,000 representing an origination fee and a due diligence fee. On July 14, 2006, we issued an additional promissory note for \$500,000 on the same terms. In connection with the issuance of the note, we issued 55 South Investments a five year warrant to purchase up to \$2,000,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.00 per share. The Company has the right to redeem 1,400,000 of such warrants for \$250,000 until July 13, 2007 except for the right to redeem a portion of the warrants, the deal is on the same terms as the July 10th transaction. We have granted certain demand registration rights with respect to all shares issued as security under the notes. Further, we have agreed to pay to 55 South approximately

\$40,000 representing an origination fee and a due diligence fee.

On June 2, 2006, pursuant to a securities purchase agreement, we sold in a private placement to Cogent Capital Investments LLC (“CCI”) (i) 1,850,000 shares of our common stock (“Common Stock”) and (ii) 4,815,000 shares of our Series A Convertible Preferred Stock (“Preferred Stock”) for an aggregate purchase price of \$50,000,000, which was paid in the form of U.S. Treasury Bonds (the “Bonds”). Pursuant to an Amended and Restated Certificate of Designation filed by Innofone, the Preferred Stock issued to Cogent has no voting rights, no dividend rights (unless the Board of Directors elects otherwise) and each shares of Preferred Stock shall be convertible into ten (10) shares of Common Stock, subject to certain adjustments (“Conversion Ratio”). Further, no sooner than two years after June 2, 2006, the issuance date, Innofone has the option to redeem all (but not less than all) of the outstanding Preferred Stock by paying in cash the market price (the trailing ten (10) average of the Common Stock) multiplied by the Conversion Ratio. The Preferred Stock shall rank, with respect to the payment of dividends and the distribution of assets, senior to any other security issued by Innofone.

On May 25, 2006, in connection with the Repayment, Innofone issued a new promissory notes (the “New Notes”), and new stock purchase warrants (the “New Warrants”) to NIR. The New Notes are self-amortizing over a one-year time period commencing on July 1, 2006, with each installment payment due on the twelve consecutive monthly anniversaries beginning July 1, 2006. Further, pursuant to the New Notes, Innofone will pay to NIR an aggregate of \$100,000 per month. The New Notes may be prepaid by Innofone at anytime without penalty; (c) upon signing of the Agreement, Innofone shall issued to NIR the New Warrants exercisable into an aggregate of 750,000 shares of Innofone's Common Stock (the “Warrant Shares”); the New Warrants. The New Warrants shall have a term of five years and an exercise price equal to \$1.79. The New Warrants may be exercised on a cashless basis only in the event that there is no effective registration statement covering the Warrant Shares. NIR may exercise the New Warrants by utilizing any amounts still owing under the New Notes. Innofone may buy back all of the New Warrants from NIR for an aggregate of \$100,000 at any time prior to the New Warrants being exercised.

On April 27, 2006, Innofone entered into a term sheet with Mr. Lawrence Hughes providing for an investment by Mr. Hughes in the aggregate amount of \$4,000,000 in exchange for approximately 3,478,260 shares of Innofone's restricted common stock at \$1.15 per share. Further, pursuant to the term sheet, Innofone is to issue a warrant to purchase 400,000 shares of Innofone's restricted common stock at an exercise price equal to eighty percent (80%) of the five (5) day trading average close price of Innofone's common stock. Definitive agreements between Innofone and Mr. Hughes are being finalized.

In connection with our Stock Purchase Agreement, dated August 8, 2005, we issued securities to Mr. Alex Lightman in exchange for 100% of the issued and outstanding shares of IPv6 Summit, Inc. Specifically, we issued a promissory note in the principal face amount of \$1,000,000 and issued 33,333,000 shares of our restricted common stock. On October 17, 2005, we amended and restated our promissory note originally issued to Mr. Alex Lightman on October 12, 2005. The principal face amount of the note is \$1,000,000 and bears interest at the rate of four percent (4%) per annum. The note was amended and restated to provide for a repayment schedule which is to coincide with the timing that Innofone receives the Traunches.

**ITEM 27. EXHIBITS**

(a) Exhibits

All references to Innofone's Forms 8-K, 10-K, 10-QSB and 10-KSB include reference to File No. 0-31949

(a) Exhibits

Exhibit No.	Document
3.1	Articles of Incorporation of Innofone.com, Incorporated,as amended (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 filed with Innofone's Form 10-KSB on October 14, 2005)*
3.1(a)	Amended and Restated Certificate of Designation of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock of Innofone.com, Incorporated (filed as Exhibit 3.1 to Current Report on Form 8-k filed June 8, 2006 and incorporated herein by reference)
3.2	Bylaw, as amended (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 filed with Innofone's Form 10-KSB on October 14, 2005)*
4	Specimen of Common Stock certificate (1)
5.1	Consent of Gersten Savage LLP (1)
10.1	Employment Agreement between Innofone and Gerard Casale, Jr., dated September 6, 2005 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 filed with Innofone's Form 10-KSB on October 14, 2005)*
10.2	Employment Agreement between Innofone and Frederic D. Geesey, dated September 22, 2005 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 filed with Innofone's Form 10-KSB on October 14, 2005)*
10.3	Stock Purchase Agreement between Innofone and Alex Lightman, dated August 8, 2005 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 filed with Innofone's Form 8-K on August 19, 2005 ("August 8-K") as amended on October 31, 2005 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Form 8-K filed on November 4, 2005)*
10.4	Investment Agreement between Innofone and Alex Lightman, dated August 8, 2005 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 filed with Innofone's August 8-K)*
10.5	Form of Callable Secured Convertible Note, dated August August 31, 2005 (1)
10.6	Stock Purchase Agreement between Innofone and various investors, dated August 31, 2005 (1)

- 10.7 Security Agreement between Innofone and certain secured parties, dated August 31, 2005 (1)
- 10.8 Guaranty and Pledge Agreement between Innofone, Alex Lightman and certain Pledgees, dated August 31, 2005 (1)
- 10.9 Form of Stock Purchase Warrant issued by Innofone to various investors, dated August 31, 2005 (1)
- 10.10 Commercial Lease between Innofone and Barrington Pacific, LLC, dated October 7, 2003 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 filed with Innofone's Form 10-KSB on October 14, 2005)\*
- 10.11 Form of Promissory Note, dated October 12, 2005 issued to Alex Lightman (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 filed with Innofone's Form 10-KSB on October 14, 2005)\*

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- 10.12 Amended and Restated Promissory Note, dated October 17, 2005 issued to Alex Lightman (2)
- 10.13 Intellectual Property Security Agreement (filed as Exhibit 99.4 to Current Report on Form 8-K, filed August 31, 2005 and incorporated herein by reference)\*
- 10.14 Registration Rights Agreement between Innofone and various investors, dated August 31, 2005 (1)
- 10.15 Common Stock Purchase Agreement between Innofone and Digital Presence, Inc., dated March 7, 2006 (1)
- 10.16 Registration Rights Agreement between Innofone and digital Presence, Inc., dated March 7, 2006 (1)
- 10.17 Letter Agreement, dated as of May 25, 2006, by and between Innofone and the NIR Group (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Current Report on Form 8-k, dated June 1, 2006 and incorporated herein by reference)\*
- 10.18 Form of Note issued by Innofone, dated May 25, 2006 (filed as Exhibit 10.2 to Current Report on Form 8-k, dated June 1, 2006 and incorporated herein by reference)\*
- 10.19 Form of Warrant issued by Innofone, dated May 25, 2006 (filed as Exhibit 10.3 to Current Report on Form 8-k, dated June 1, 2006 and incorporated herein by reference)\*
- 10.20 Registration Rights Agreement, dated May 25, 2006, by and between Innofone and the NIR Group 2006 (filed as Exhibit 10.3 to Current Report on Form 8-k, dated June 1, 2006 and incorporated herein by reference)\*
- 10.21 Securities Purchase Agreement by and between Innofone and Cogent Capital Investments LLC and Cogent Capital Financial LLC, dated June 2, 2006 (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Current Report on Form 8-k, dated June 8, 2006 and incorporated herein by reference)\*
- 10.22 Escrow Agreement by and between Innofone and Cogent Capital Investments LLC and Cogent Capital Financial LLC, dated June 2, 2006 (filed as Exhibit 10.2 to Current Report on Form 8-k, dated June 8, 2006 and incorporated herein by reference)\*
- 10.23 ISDA Master Agreement by and between Innofone and Cogent Capital Financial LLC, dated June 2, 2006 (filed as Exhibit 10.3 to Current Report on Form 8-k, dated June 8, 2006 and incorporated herein by reference)\*
- 10.24 Equity Swap Confirmation by and between Innofone and Cogent Capital Financial LLC, dated June 2, 2006 (filed as Exhibit 10.4 to Current Report on Form 8-k, dated June 8, 2006 and incorporated herein by reference)\*

- 10.25 Credit Support Annex by and between Innofone and Cogent Capital Financial LLC, dated June 2, 2006 (filed as Exhibit 10.5 to Current Report on Form 8-k, dated June 8, 2006 and incorporated herein by reference)\*
- 10.26 Registration Rights Agreement, by and between Innofone and Cogent Capital Investments LLC and Cogent Capital Financial LLC, dated June 2, 2006 (filed as Exhibit 10.6 to Current Report on Form 8-k, dated June 8, 2006 and incorporated herein by reference)\*
- 10.27 Warrant issued by Innofone to Cogent Capital Financial LLC, dated June 2, 2006 (filed as Exhibit 10.7 to Current Report on Form 8-k, dated June 8, 2006 and incorporated herein by reference)\*
- 10.28 Promissory Note issued to 55 South Investment, dated July 10, 2006 (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Current Report on Form 8-K, dated July 13, 2006 (“July 8-K”) and incorporated herein by reference)\*
- 10.29 Registration Rights Agreement between Innofone and 55 South Investments, dated July 10, 2006 (filed as Exhibit 10.2 to the July 8-K and incorporated herein by reference)\*
- 10.30 Guaranty and Pledge Agreement between Innofone, Alex Lightman and 55 South Investments, dated July 10, 2006 (filed as Exhibit 10.3 to the July 8-K and incorporated herein by reference)\*
- 10.31 Warrant issued to 55 South Investment, dated July 10, 2006 (filed as Exhibit 10.4 to the July 8-K and incorporated herein by reference)\*
- 10.32 Warrant issued to Millennium Investment Service, Inc., dated July 10, 2006 (filed as Exhibit 10.5 to the July 8-K and incorporated herein by reference)\*
- 10.33 Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated July 1, 2006, by and among Innofone.com, Mobile Tech Acquisition Corp; a wholly owned subsidiary of Innofone, Mobile Technology Group, Inc. and its shareholders (Filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the August 10, 2006 Form 8-K and incorporated herein by reference)\*
- 10.34 Promissory Note issued to Keiran Gaffney Weinroth and Paul Weinroth, (the "Weinroths") dated August 8, 2006 (1)
- 10.35 Registration Rights Agreement between Innofone and the Weinroths, dated August 8, 2006 (1)
- 10.36 Guaranty and Pledge Agreement between Innofone and the Weinroths, dated August 8, 2006 (1)
- 10.37 Warrant issued to the Weinroths, dated August 8, 2006 (1)

List of Company's subsidiaries (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 filed with Innofone's Form 10-KSB on October 14, 2005)\*

- 23.1 Consent of Gersten Savage LLP (included in Exhibit 5.1 hereto) (1)
- 23.2 Consents of DeJoya Griffith & Company, LLC(1)
- 23.3 Consents of Denzinger and Hochman(1)

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\* Incorporated by reference as stated therein

(1) Filed herewith

(2) Previously filed with Registration Statement on Form SB-2 on October 27, 2005 and Incorporated herein by reference.

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## ITEM 28. UNDERTAKINGS

The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes to:

(1) To file, during any period in which offers or sales are being made, a post-effective amendment to this registration statement:

(i) To include any prospectus required by section 10(a)(3) of the Securities Act:

(ii) Reflect in the prospectus any facts or events which, individually or together, represent a fundamental change in the information in the registration statement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any increase or decrease in volume of securities offered (if the total dollar value of securities offered would not exceed that which was registered) and any deviation from the low or high end of the estimated maximum offering range may be reflected in the form of prospectus filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b)(ss.230.424(b) of this chapter) if, in the aggregate, the changes in volume and price represent no more than a 20% change in the maximum aggregate offering price set forth in the "Calculation of Registration Fee" table in the effective registration statement; and(2) For determining liability under the Securities Act, treat each post-effective amendment as a new registration statement of the securities offered, and the offering of the securities at that time to be the initial bona fide offering.

(3) File a post-effective amendment to remove from registration any of the securities that remain unsold at the end of the offering.

(4) For determining liability of the undersigned small business issuer under the Securities Act to any purchaser in the initial distribution of the securities, the undersigned small business issuer undertakes that in a primary offering of securities of the undersigned small business issuer pursuant to this registration statement, regardless of the underwriting method used to sell the securities to the purchaser, if the securities are offered or sold to such purchaser by means of any of the following communication, the undersigned small business issuer will be a seller to the purchaser and will be considered to offer or sell such securities to such purchaser:

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(i) Any preliminary prospectus or prospectus of the undersigned small business issuer relating to the offering required to be filed pursuant to Rule 424 (§230.424 of this chapter)

(ii) Any free writing prospectus relating to the offering prepared by or on behalf of the undersigned small business issuer or used or referred to by the undersigned small business issuer;

(iii) The portion of any other free writing prospectus relating to the offering containing material information about the undersigned small business issuer or its securities provided by or on behalf of the undersigned small business issuer; and

(iv) Any other communication that is an offer in the offering made by the undersigned small business issuer to the purchaser.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 (the "Act") may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the small business issuer pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the small business issuer has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy and as expressed in the Act and is, therefore, unenforceable.

In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the small business issuer of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the small business issuer in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the small business issuer will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

That for the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act to any purchaser:

(i) Each prospectus filed by the undersigned small business issuer pursuant to Rule 424(b)(3)(ss.230.424(b)(3) of this chapter) shall be deemed to be part of the registration statement as of the date the filed prospectus was deemed part of and included in the registration statement; and

(ii) Each prospectus required to be filed pursuant to Rule 424(b)(2), (b)(5), or (b)(7) (ss.230.424(b)(2), (b)(5), or (b)(7) of this chapter) as part of a registration statement in reliance on Rule 430B relating to an offering made pursuant to Rule 415(a)(1)(i), (vii), or (x)(ss.230.415(a)(1)(i), (vii), or (x) of this chapter) for the purpose of providing the information required by section 10(a) of the Securities Act shall be deemed to be part of and included in the registration statement as of the earlier of the date such form of prospectus is first used after effectiveness or the date of the first contract of sale of securities in the offering described in the prospectus. As provided in Rule 430B, for liability purposes of the issuer and any person that is at that date an underwriter, such date shall be deemed to be a new effective date of the registration statement relating to the securities in the registration statement to which that prospectus relates, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof. Provided, however, that no statement made in a registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement will, as to a purchaser with a time of contract of sale prior to such effective date, supersede or modify any statement that was made in the registration statement or prospectus that was part of the registration statement or made in any such document immediately prior to such effective date.

**SIGNATURES**

In accordance with the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the registrant certifies that it has reasonable grounds to believe that it meets all of the requirements for filing on Form SB-2 and authorized this registration statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, in the City of Santa Monica, California, on December 8, 2006.

**INNOFONE.COM, INCORPORATED**

By: /s/ Alex Lightman

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Alex Lightman, Chief Executive Officer,  
President and Principal Accounting Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, this amended report has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
/s/Alex Lightman Alex Lightman	Chief Executive Officer, President, Principal Accounting Officer and Director	December 8, 2006
/s/ Peter Maddocks Peter Maddocks	Director	December 8, 2006
/s/Jim Bacchus Jim Bacchus	Vice-President of Consulting	December 8, 2006
/s/ Paul Shephard Paul Shephard	Secretary	December 8, 2006