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IMAX CORP
Form 10-Q/A
February 27, 2004

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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q/A
(AMENDMENT NO. 1)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2003

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission File Number 0-24216

IMAX CORPORATION
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Canada

98-0140269

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification Number)

2525 Speakman Drive, Mississauga, Ontario, Canada

L5K 1B1

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Postal Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code (905) 403-6500

N/A

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate the number of shares of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date:

Class	Outstanding as of April 30, 2003
----- Common stock, no par value	----- 32,973,366

IMAX CORPORATION

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IMAX Corporation (the "Company") is filing this Amendment No. 1 on Form 10-Q/A (the "Form 10-Q/A") to amend Item 1 of its Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2003, which was originally filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on May 6, 2003. Specifically, Note 17 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements now provides financial information relating to the Company's Guarantor Subsidiaries and Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries, as defined therein. The Company has also reclassified foreign exchange gains (losses) to be included within selling general and administrative expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002 in the amounts of \$0.4 million and \$(0.4) million, respectively. The Company has also reclassified receivable provisions (recoveries) previously included within selling, general and administrative expenses and restructuring costs and asset impairment (recoveries) to be separately reported as receivable provisions, net of (recoveries) in the amounts of \$0.6 million, and \$1.1 million, respectively. In addition, Item 4 has been updated to reflect recent SEC pronouncements. No other information included in the Form 10-Q is amended hereby.

SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

Certain statements included in this quarterly report may constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, references to future capital expenditures (including the amount and nature thereof), business strategies and measures to implement strategies, competitive strengths, goals, expansion and growth of its

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business and operations, plans and references to the future success of IMAX Corporation together with its wholly owned subsidiaries (the "Company") and expectations regarding the Company's future operating results. These forward-looking statements are based on certain assumptions and analyses made by the Company in light of its experience and its perception of historical trends, current conditions and expected future developments as well as other factors it believes are appropriate in the circumstances. However, whether actual results and developments will conform with the expectations and predictions of the Company is subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, general economic, market or business conditions; the opportunities (or lack thereof) that may be presented to and pursued by the Company; competitive actions by other companies; conditions in the out-of-home entertainment industry; changes in laws or regulations; conditions in the commercial exhibition industry; the acceptance of the Company's new technologies; risks associated with investments and operations in foreign jurisdictions and any future international expansion, including those related to economic, political and regulatory policies of local governments and laws and policies of the United States and Canada; the potential impact of increased competition in the markets the Company operates within; and other factors, many of which are beyond the control of the Company. Consequently, all of the forward-looking statements made in this quarterly report are qualified by these cautionary statements, and actual results or developments anticipated by the Company may not be realized, and even if substantially realized, may not have the expected consequences to, or effects on, the Company. The Company undertakes no obligation to update publicly or otherwise revise any forward-looking information, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

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IMAX CORPORATION

PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are filed as part of
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as at March 31, 2003
and December 31, 2002.....
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three
month periods ended March 31, 2003 and 2002.....
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
for the three month periods ended March 31, 2003 and 2002.....
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.....

IMAX CORPORATION
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
IN ACCORDANCE WITH UNITED STATES GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES
(in thousands of U.S. dollars)

	MARCH 31, 2003 (UNAUDITED) -----	DECEMBER 31, 2002 -----
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents (note 6(f))	\$ 37,113	\$ 37,136
Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of (2002 - \$9,248)	\$ 9,838 14,914	15,054
Financing receivables (note 3)	52,478	51,918
Inventories (note 4)	30,159	34,092
Prepaid expenses	2,498	2,383
Film assets	560	419
Fixed assets	44,278	45,308
Other assets	9,908	10,455
Deferred income taxes (note 9)	3,821	3,821
Goodwill	39,027	39,027
Other intangible assets	3,396	3,363
	-----	-----
Total assets	\$ 238,152 =====	\$ 242,976 =====
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$ 6,680	\$ 6,768
Accrued liabilities	45,279	43,451
Deferred revenue	78,264	87,284
Senior notes due 2005	200,000	200,000
Convertible subordinated notes due 2003 (note 5)	9,143	9,143
	-----	-----
Total liabilities	339,366	346,646
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (note 6)		
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)		
Capital stock. Common shares - no par value. Authorized - unlimited number		
Issued and outstanding - 32,973,366 (2002 - 32,973,366)	65,563	65,563
Other equity (note 10)	1,575	1,542
Deficit	(168,997)	(171,420)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	645	645
	-----	-----
Total shareholders' equity (deficit)	(101,214)	(103,670)
	-----	-----
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity (deficit)	\$ 238,152 =====	\$ 242,976 =====

(the accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed
consolidated financial statements)

IMAX CORPORATION
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
IN ACCORDANCE WITH UNITED STATES GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES
(in thousands of U.S. dollars, except per share amounts)
(UNAUDITED)

	THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31,	
	2003	2002
REVENUE		
IMAX systems (note 7)	\$ 22,315	\$ 22,315
Films	6,835	6,835
Other	4,822	4,822
	33,972	33,972
COSTS OF GOODS AND SERVICES	18,266	18,266
	15,706	15,706
GROSS MARGIN		
Selling, general and administrative expenses	8,144	8,144
Research and development	712	712
Amortization of intangibles	140	140
Loss (income) from equity-accounted investees	(287)	(287)
Receivable provisions, net of recoveries (note 8)	614	614
	6,383	6,383
EARNINGS FROM OPERATIONS		
Interest income	265	265
Interest expense	(4,288)	(4,288)
Gain on repurchase of convertible subordinated notes (note 5)	--	1
	2,360	1,262
NET EARNINGS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES		
Provision for income taxes (note 9)	(137)	(137)
	2,223	1,125
NET EARNINGS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS		
Net earnings from discontinued operations (note 14)	200	200
	2,423	1,325
NET EARNINGS	2,423	1,325
EARNINGS PER SHARE (note 10): Earnings per share - basic and fully diluted:		
Net earnings from continuing operations	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.07
Net earnings from discontinued operations	\$ --	\$ --
	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.07
Net earnings	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.07

(the accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements)

IMAX CORPORATION
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
IN ACCORDANCE WITH UNITED STATES GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES
(in thousands of U.S. dollars)
(UNAUDITED)

	THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31,	
	2003	2002
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN):		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net earnings from continuing operations	\$ 2,223	\$ 10,547
Items not involving cash:		
Depreciation, amortization and write-downs	3,201	6,317
Loss (income) from equity-accounted investees	(287)	56
Deferred income taxes	--	(221)
Gain on repurchase of convertible subordinated notes	--	(12,224)
Stock and other non-cash compensation	1,101	1,618
Non-cash foreign exchange (gain) loss	(205)	55
Investment in film assets	(240)	(1,405)
Changes in other non-cash operating assets and liabilities	(5,350)	713
	443	5,456
Net cash provided by operating activities		
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of fixed assets	(323)	(693)
Increase in other assets	(195)	(448)
Increase in other intangible assets	(172)	(229)
	(690)	(1,370)
Net cash used in investing activities		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Repurchase of convertible subordinated notes	--	(5,172)
Receipt on note receivable from discontinued operations	200	--
Common shares issued	--	4
	200	(5,168)
Net cash used in financing activities		
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash	24	57
	(23)	(1,025)
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents, during the period		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	37,136	26,388
	\$ 37,113	\$ 25,363
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$ 37,113	\$ 25,363

(the accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements)

IMAX CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
IN ACCORDANCE WITH U.S. GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES
(Tabular amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)
(UNAUDITED)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of IMAX Corporation together with its wholly owned subsidiaries (the "Company"). The nature of the Company's business is such that the results of operations for the interim periods presented are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for the fiscal year. In the opinion of management, the information contained herein reflects all adjustments necessary to make the results of operations for the interim periods a fair statement of such operations. All such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature, except as discussed in the accompanying notes.

These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's most recent annual report on Form 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2002 which should be consulted for a summary of the significant accounting policies utilized by the Company. These interim financial statements are prepared following accounting policies consistent with the Company's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2002, except as described in note 2.

2. ACCOUNTING CHANGE

Effective January 1, 2003, the Company adopted FASB Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 145 "Rescission of FAS Nos. 4, 44, and 64, Amendment of FAS 13, and Technical Corrections as of April 2002" ("FAS 145"), under which gains and losses from extinguishment of debt should be classified as extraordinary items only if they meet the criteria in APB 30. Under FAS 145 the Company is required to reclassify any gain or loss on extinguishment of debt that was classified as an extraordinary item to net earnings from continuing operations before income taxes for all fiscal years beginning after May 15, 2002, including all prior period presentations. In the first quarter of 2003 the Company has reclassified the extraordinary gain on repurchase of Subordinated Notes within net earnings from continuing operations before income taxes (see note 5 for further details).

Effective January 1, 2003, the Company adopted FASB Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets" ("FAS 144"). This standard requires that long-lived assets be reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Long-lived assets are grouped at the lowest level for which identifiable cash flows are largely independent, when testing for and measuring impairment. The Company reviews the carrying values of its long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset might not be recoverable. In performing its review for recoverability, the Company estimates the future cash flows expected to result from the use of the asset and its eventual disposition. If the sum of the expected future cash flows is less than the carrying amount of the asset, an impairment loss is recognized. Measurement of impairment

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losses is based on the excess of the carrying amount of the asset over the fair value calculated using discounted expected future cash flows. Adoption of this new standard did not have an impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Effective January 1, 2003, the Company adopted FASB Interpretation No. 45, "Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others" ("FIN 45"). FIN 45 requires a guarantor to recognize, at the inception of a guarantee, a liability for the fair value of an obligation assumed by issuing a guarantee. The provision for initial recognition and measurement of the liability is applied on a prospective basis to guarantees issued or modified after December 31, 2002. The adoption of FIN 45 did not have a significant impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations. Enhanced disclosures as required under FIN 45 have been included in note 6.

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IMAX CORPORATION
 NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 IN ACCORDANCE WITH U.S. GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES
 (Tabular amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)
 (UNAUDITED)

3. FINANCING RECEIVABLES

Financing receivables consisting of net investment in leases and long-term receivables, are comprised of the following:

	MARCH 31, 2003 -----	DECEMBER 31, 2002 -----
NET INVESTMENT IN LEASES		
Gross minimum lease amounts receivable	\$ 95,387	\$ 97,167
Residual value of equipment	824	824
Unearned finance income	(38,001)	(39,001)
	-----	-----
Present value of minimum lease amounts receivable	58,210	58,990
Accumulated allowance for uncollectible amounts	(9,118)	(8,938)
	-----	-----
Net investment in leases	49,092	50,052
	-----	-----
LONG-TERM RECEIVABLES	3,386	1,866
	-----	-----
Total financing receivables	\$ 52,478 =====	\$ 51,918 =====

4. INVENTORIES

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	MARCH 31, 2003 -----	DECEMBER 31, 2002 -----
Raw materials	\$ 5,050	\$ 5,042
Work-in-process	2,973	2,249
Finished goods	22,136	26,801
	-----	-----
	\$30,159	\$34,092
	=====	=====

5. CONVERTIBLE SUBORDINATED NOTES DUE 2003

In April 1996, the Company issued \$100.0 million of 5.75% Convertible Subordinated Notes due April 1, 2003 (the "Subordinated Notes"). The Subordinated Notes, subordinate to present and future senior indebtedness of the Company, are convertible into common shares of the Company at the option of the holder at a conversion price of \$21.406 per share (equivalent to a conversion rate of 46.7154 shares per \$1,000 principal amount of Subordinated Notes) at any time prior to maturity.

During the year ended December 31, 2001, the Company and a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company purchased an aggregate of \$70.4 million of the Company's Subordinated Notes for \$13.7 million consisting of \$12.5 million in cash and common shares of the Company valued at \$1.2 million. During the year ended December 31, 2002, the Company and a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company purchased \$20.5 million (\$19.5 million during the three months ended March 31, 2002) in the aggregate of the Company's Subordinated Notes for \$8.1 million, consisting of \$6.0 million in cash, and common shares of the Company valued at \$2.1 million. The Company cancelled the purchased Subordinated Notes and recorded a gain of \$12.2 million related to the \$19.5 million purchased in the first quarter. Following the adoption of FAS 145 the Company was required to reclassify this gain from extraordinary items to earnings from continuing operations in the comparative figures. The repurchase transactions had the effect of reducing the principal amount of the Company's outstanding Subordinated Notes as at March 31, 2003 to \$9.1 million.

On April 1, 2003, the Company repaid the remaining outstanding Subordinated Notes balance of \$9.1 million plus accrued interest on the maturity date.

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IMAX CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
IN ACCORDANCE WITH U.S. GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES
(Tabular amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)
(UNAUDITED)

6. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

- (a) In November 2001, the Company filed a complaint with the High Court of Munich (the "Court") against Big Screen, a German large-screen cinema owner in Berlin ("Big Screen"), demanding payment of rental payments

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and certain other amounts owed to the Company. Big Screen has raised a defense based on alleged infringement of German antitrust rules, relating mainly to an allegation of excessive pricing. Big Screen had brought a number of motions for restraining orders in this matter relating to the Company's provision of films and maintenance, all of which have been rejected by the courts, including the Berlin Court of Appeals, and for which all appeals have been exhausted. The Company believes that all of the allegations in Big Screen's individual defense are meritless and will accordingly continue to prosecute this matter vigorously. The Company believes that the amount of the loss, if any, suffered in connection with this dispute would not have a material impact on the financial position or results of operations of the Company, although no assurance can be given with respect to the ultimate outcome of any such litigation.

- (b) In June 2000, a complaint was filed against the Company and a third party by Mandalay Resort Group formerly known as Circus Circus Enterprises, Inc., alleging breach of contract and express warranty, fraud and misrepresentation in connection with the installation of certain motion simulation bases in Nevada. The case is being heard in the U.S. District Court for the District of Nevada. The complainant is seeking damages in excess of \$4.0 million. The Company has brought a third party action against Tri-Tech International, Inc. ("Tri-Tech") claiming that any liability of the Company would be due to Tri-Tech's non-performance. The Company believes that the allegations made against it in the complaint are meritless and will accordingly defend the matter vigorously. The Company further believes that the amount of loss, if any, suffered in connection with this lawsuit would not have a material impact on the financial position or results of operations of the Company, although no assurance can be given with respect to the ultimate outcome of any such litigation.
- (c) In March 2001, a complaint was filed against the Company by Muvico Entertainment, L.L.C. ("Muvico"), alleging misrepresentation and seeking rescission in respect of the system lease agreements between the Company and Muvico. The Company filed counterclaims against Muvico for breach of contract, unjust enrichment unfair competition and/or deceptive trade practices and theft of trade secrets, and brought claims against MegaSystems, Inc. ("MegaSystems"), a large-format theater system manufacturer, for tortious interference and unfair competition and/or deceptive trade practices and to enjoin Muvico and MegaSystems from using the Company's confidential and proprietary information. The Company moved for summary judgement on its contract claims against Muvico in September 2002. The case is being heard in the U.S. District Court, Southern District of Florida, Miami Division. The Company believes that the allegations made by Muvico in its complaint are entirely without merit and will accordingly defend the claims vigorously. The Company further believes that the amount of loss, if any, suffered in connection with this lawsuit would not have a material impact on the financial position or results of operation of the Company, although no assurance can be given with respect to the ultimate outcome of any such litigation.
- (d) In addition to the litigation described above, the Company is currently involved in other litigation which, in the opinion of the Company's management, will not materially affect the Company's financial position or future results of operations, although no assurance can be given with respect to the ultimate outcome of any such proceedings.

IMAX CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
IN ACCORDANCE WITH U.S. GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES
(Tabular amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)
(UNAUDITED)

6. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (cont'd)

- (e) In November 2002, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 45, "Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others" ("FIN 45"), which expands previously issued accounting guidance and requires additional disclosure by a guarantor in its interim and annual financial statements issued after December 15, 2002 for certain guarantees.

In the normal course of business, the Company enters into agreements that may contain features that meet the FIN 45 definition of a guarantee. FIN 45 defines a guarantee to be a contract (including an indemnity) that contingently requires the Company to make payments (either in cash, financial instruments, other assets, shares of the its stock or provision of services) to a third party based on (i) changes in an underlying interest rate, foreign exchange rate, equity or commodity instrument, index or other variable, that is related to an asset, a liability or an equity security of the counterparty, (ii) failure of another party to perform under an obligating agreement or (iii) failure of another third party to pay its indebtedness when due.

The customer leases theater systems with one year's free maintenance on the system at inception. The fair value of this component of the arrangement is deferred when the systems revenue is recognized and is amortized over the maintenance period. All costs associated with this maintenance program are expensed as incurred. The Company has therefore not recognized an additional warranty accrual on systems installed.

Significant guarantees that the Company has provided to third parties are as follows:

FINANCIAL GUARANTEES

The Company has provided guarantees up to a maximum amount of \$5.2 million related to debt and real estate lease obligations entered into by theaters in which it holds a minority equity interest. In the event that one of the theaters fails to meet certain financial obligations, the lenders or landlord may draw upon these guarantees. The term of the guarantees is equal to the term of the related debt or lease arrangement, which range from 2009 and 2013. In the event that the landlord guarantees are drawn upon, the Company would investigate various options available to mitigate the financial damages. The Company has accruals in its financial statement of \$2.5 million related to potential claims under these guarantees.

DIRECTOR/OFFICER INDEMNIFICATIONS

The Company's General By-law contains an indemnification of its directors/officers, former directors/officers and persons who have acted at its request to be a director/officer of an entity in which the Company is a shareholder or creditor, to indemnify them, to the extent permitted by the Canada Business Corporations Act, against expenses

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(including legal fees), judgements, fines and any amount actually and reasonably incurred by them in connection with any action, suit or proceeding in which the directors and officers are sued as a result of their service, if they acted honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interests of the Company. The nature of the indemnification prevents the Company from making a reasonable estimate of the maximum potential amount it could be required to pay to counterparties. The Company has purchased directors' and officers' liability insurance. No amount has been accrued in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as of March 31, 2003, with respect to this indemnity.

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IMAX CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
IN ACCORDANCE WITH U.S. GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES
(Tabular amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)
(UNAUDITED)

6. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (cont'd)

OTHER INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENTS

In the normal course of the Company's operations, it provides indemnification agreements to counterparties in transactions such as: theater system lease and sale agreements; film production, exhibition and distribution agreements; real property lease agreements and employment agreements. These indemnification agreements require the Company to compensate the counterparties for costs incurred as a result of litigation claims that may be suffered by the counterparty as a consequence of the transaction or the Company's breach or non-performance under these agreements. The terms of these indemnification agreements will vary based upon the contract. The nature of the indemnification agreements prevents the Company from making a reasonable estimate of the maximum potential amount it could be required to pay to counterparties. Historically, the Company has not made any significant payments under such indemnifications.

- (f) As of March 31, 2003, the Company has letters of credit of \$4.3 million outstanding, which have been collateralized by cash deposits.

7. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Included in IMAX systems revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2003, is \$2.6 million (2002 - \$2.7 million) for restructured and/or terminated lease agreements with customers.

8. RECEIVABLE PROVISIONS, NET OF RECOVERIES

THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31,	
----- 2003	2002 -----

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Accounts receivable provisions (recoveries), net	\$ 614	\$ (498)
Financing receivables provisions, net	\$ --	\$ 2,573
Recovery of asset impairment provisions		
Financing receivables (1)	\$ --	\$ (988)
	-----	-----
Receivable provisions, net of recoveries	\$ 614	\$ 1,087
	=====	=====

- (1) For the quarter ended March 31, 2003, the Company recorded a recovery of previously provided amounts of \$nil million (2002 - \$1.0 million) as collectibility uncertainty associated with certain leases was resolved by amendment, settlement of the leases, or other resolving conditions.

The Company recorded no restructuring costs during the three-month periods ended March 31, 2002 and 2003. As at March 31, 2003 the Company has accrued liabilities of \$1.0 million (December 31, 2002 - \$1.4 million) for costs of previously severed employees to be paid out over the next two years. During the three months ended March 31, 2003, the Company paid out \$0.4 million in termination benefits.

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IMAX CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
IN ACCORDANCE WITH U.S. GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES
(Tabular amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)
(UNAUDITED)

9. INCOME TAXES

The effective tax rate on earnings differs significantly from the statutory rate due to the effect of permanent differences, income taxed at differing rates in foreign and other provincial jurisdictions and changes in the Company's valuation allowance on deferred tax assets. The income tax expense for the quarter is calculated by applying the estimated average annual effective tax rate to quarterly pre-tax income.

As at March 31, 2003, the Company has recognized net deferred income tax assets of \$3.8 million, comprised of tax credit carryforwards, net operating loss and capital loss carryforwards and other deductible temporary differences, which can be utilized to reduce either taxable income or taxes otherwise payable in future years. As of March 31, 2003, the Company had a net deferred income tax asset of \$47.5 million, against which the Company is carrying a \$43.7 million valuation allowance.

10. CAPITAL STOCK

(a) STOCK BASED COMPENSATION

The Company currently follows the intrinsic value method of accounting

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for employee stock options as prescribed by APB 25. If the fair value methodology prescribed by FAS 123 had been adopted by the Company, pro forma results for the three months ended March 31, would have been as follows:

	2003	2002
	-----	-----
Net earnings as reported	\$ 2,423	\$ 10,5
Stock based compensation expense, if the methodology prescribed by FAS 123 had been adopted	(2,223)	(2,5
	-----	-----
Adjusted net earnings	\$ 200	\$ 8,0
	=====	=====
Earnings per share - basic and fully diluted:		
Net earnings as reported	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.
FAS 123 stock based compensation expense	\$ (0.06)	\$ (0.
	-----	-----
Adjusted net earnings	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.
	=====	=====

The weighted average fair value of common share options granted for the three months ended March 31, 2003 at the time of grant was \$0.1 million (2002 - \$0.3 million). The fair value of common share options granted is estimated at the grant date using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions: dividend yield of 0%, an average risk free interest rate of 2.1% (2002 - 2.6%), 20% forfeiture of options vesting greater than two years, expected life of one to seven years and expected volatility of 50% (2002 - 50%).

Of the total stock based compensation expense for 2003 of \$2,223, \$1,890 relates to stock grants made in years 1998-2000 at an average exercise price of \$23.29. In accordance with FAS 123, this expense represents amortization of stock option charges that were valued at the grant date using an option-pricing model with assumptions that were valid at the time with no further update of current stock trends and assumptions.

The Company recorded compensation expense relating to stock options granted to non-employees for \$0.03 million for the three months ended March 31, 2003 (2002 - \$nil) and credited the amounts to other equity.

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IMAX CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
IN ACCORDANCE WITH U.S. GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES
(Tabular amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)
(UNAUDITED)

- 10. CAPITAL STOCK (cont'd)
- (b) EARNINGS PER SHARE

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Reconciliations of the numerators and denominators of the basic and fully diluted per-share computations, are comprised of the following:

	THREE MONTHS MARCH 31
	2003
Net earnings applicable to common shareholders:	
Net earnings	\$ 2,423 =====
Weighted average number of common shares (000's):	
Issued and outstanding, beginning of period	32,973
Weighted average number of shares issued during the period	-- -----
Weighted average number of shares used in computing basic earnings per share	32,973
Assumed exercise of stock options, net of shares assumed	300 -----
Weighted average number of shares used in computing fully diluted earnings per share	33,273 =====

The calculation of fully diluted earnings per share for the quarters ended March 31, 2003 and 2002 excludes common shares issuable upon conversion of the Subordinated Notes, as the impact of these conversions would be anti-dilutive.

11. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

	THREE MONTHS MARCH 31
	2003
Interest paid	\$ 20
Income taxes paid	\$534

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12. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company has three reportable segments: IMAX systems, films and other.

There has been no change in the basis of measurement of segment profit or loss from the Company's most recent annual report on form 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2002. Inter-segment transactions are not significant.

	THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31,	
	2003	2002
REVENUE		
IMAX systems	\$ 22,315	\$ 20,385
Films	6,835	6,067
Other	4,822	4,823
	-----	-----
TOTAL	\$ 33,972	\$ 31,275
	=====	=====
EARNINGS (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS		
IMAX systems	\$ 11,082	\$ 9,314
Films	679	(381)
Other	23	(160)
Corporate overhead	(5,844)	(5,856)
	-----	-----
TOTAL	\$ 5,940	\$ 2,917
	=====	=====

13. IMPACT OF RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

(a) FASB INTERPRETATION NO. 46, "CONSOLIDATION OF VARIABLE INTEREST ENTITIES" ("FIN 46")

In January 2003, the FASB issued FIN 46 which addresses consolidation by business enterprises of variable interest entities. In general, a variable interest entity is a corporation, partnership, trust, or any other legal structure used for business purposes that either (a) does not have equity investors with voting rights or (b) has equity investors that do not provide sufficient financial resources for the entity to support its activities. A variable interest entity often holds financial assets, including loans or receivables, real estate or other property. A variable interest entity may be essentially passive or it may engage in research and development or other activities on behalf of another company. The objective of FIN 46 is not to restrict the use of variable interest entities but to improve financial reporting by companies involved with variable interest entities. Until now, a company generally has included another entity in its consolidated financial statements only if it controlled the entity through voting interests. FIN 46 changes that by requiring a variable interest entity to be consolidated by a company if that company is subject to a majority of the risk of loss from the variable interest

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entity's activities or entitled to receive a majority of the entity's residual returns or both. The Company has evaluated the requirements of FIN 46 to be implemented in the subsequent quarter, and does not believe that its adoption will have a material effect on the Company.

14. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

Effective December 11, 2001, the Company completed the sale of its wholly owned subsidiary, Digital Projection International, including its subsidiaries (collectively "DPI"), to a company owned by members of DPI management. The Company recorded net earnings from discontinued operations for the three months ended March 31, 2003 of \$0.2 million (2002 - \$nil), net of income tax expense of \$nil (2002 - \$nil) representing payments on notes received by the Company in connection with the sale of DPI which were fully allowed for.

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IMAX CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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15. AMENDMENTS

The Company has reclassified foreign exchange gains (losses) to be included within selling, general and administrative expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002 in the amounts of \$0.4 million and \$(0.4) million, respectively. The Company has also reclassified receivable provisions (recoveries) previously included within selling, general and administrative expenses and restructuring costs and asset impairments (recoveries) to be separately reported as receivable provisions, net of (recoveries) in the amounts of \$0.6 million, and \$1.1 million, respectively.

16. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In December 2003, the Company completed a private placement of \$160.0 million, 9.625% Senior Notes due December 1, 2010 with net proceeds of \$154.0 million. Also, the Company completed a tender offer and consent solicitation in December 2003 for the \$152.8 million outstanding 7.785% Senior Notes due 2005 in which the Company purchased approximately \$123.6 million of such Senior Notes. In January 2004, the Company redeemed the remaining 7.785% Senior Notes not acquired in the tender offer. The 9.625% Senior Notes impose certain restrictions on the Company's operating and financing activities and are unconditionally guaranteed by certain of the Company's wholly-owned subsidiaries. The Company has agreed to conduct an exchange offer to exchange all the outstanding Senior Notes for Senior Notes that are registered under the US Securities Act of 1933.

On February 6, 2004, the company entered into a new \$20.0 million credit facility which is secured by substantially all of the assets of IMAX Corporation and certain of its subsidiaries. The credit facility imposes certain restrictions on the Company's operating and financing activities, including covenants that restrict the Company's ability to: incur certain additional indebtedness; make certain loans, investments

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or guarantees; pay dividends; make asset sales; incur certain liens or other encumbrances; conduct certain transactions with affiliates and enter into certain corporate transactions.

17. SUPPLEMENTAL CONSOLIDATING FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The Company's 9.625% senior notes due 2010 are unconditionally guaranteed, jointly and severally by specific wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company (the "Guarantor Subsidiaries"). The main Guarantor Subsidiaries are David Keighley Productions 70 MM Inc., Sonics Associates Inc., and the subsidiaries that own and operate certain theaters. These guarantees are full and unconditional. The information under the column headed "Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries" relates to the following subsidiaries of the Company (the "Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries"): IMAX Japan Inc., IMAX B.V., and IMAX Entertainment Pte. Inc., which have not provided any guarantees of the senior notes.

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for by the equity method for purposes of the supplemental consolidating financial data.

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IMAX CORPORATION
 NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 IN ACCORDANCE WITH U.S. GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES
 (Tabular amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)
 (UNAUDITED)

17. SUPPLEMENTAL CONSOLIDATING FINANCIAL INFORMATION (cont'd)

Supplemental Consolidating Balance Sheets as at March 31, 2003:

	IMAX CORPORATION	GUARANTOR SUBSIDIARIES	NON-GUARANTOR SUBSIDIARIES	ADJ ELI
	-----	-----	-----	-----
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 31,265	\$ 5,348	\$ 500	\$
Accounts receivable	9,186	4,733	995	
Financing receivables	51,091	1,244	143	
Inventories	33,348	272	62	
Prepaid expenses	1,663	601	234	
Intercompany receivables	32,052	12,128	13,848	
Film assets	560	--	--	
Fixed assets	39,587	5,374	6	
Other assets	9,942	(34)	--	
Deferred income taxes	3,770	51	--	
Goodwill	39,027	--	--	
Other intangible assets	3,396	--	--	
Investments in subsidiaries	26,369	--	--	
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total assets	\$ 281,256	\$ 29,717	\$ 15,788	\$
	=====	=====	=====	=====

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LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	2,875	3,131	674	
Accrued liabilities	43,504	1,601	174	
Intercompany payables	54,605	21,625	10,776	
Deferred revenue	71,718	6,360	186	
Senior notes due 2005	200,000	--	--	
Convertible subordinated notes due 2003	9,143	--	--	
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total liabilities	381,845	32,717	11,810	
	-----	-----	-----	-----
SHAREHOLDER'S DEFICIT				
Common stock - no par value. Authorized - unlimited number. Issued and outstanding - 32,973,366	65,563	--	117	
Other equity/Additional paid in capital/Contributed surplus	541	46,950	--	
Deficit	(167,952)	(49,336)	3,861	
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	1,259	(614)	--	
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total shareholders' equity (deficit)	\$ (100,589)	\$ (3,000)	\$ 3,978	\$
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total liabilities & shareholders' equity (deficit)	\$ 281,256	\$ 29,717	\$ 15,788	\$
	=====	=====	=====	=====

In certain guarantor subsidiaries accumulated losses have exceeded the original investment balance. As a result of applying equity accounting, the parent company has consequently reduced intercompany receivable balances with respect to these guarantor subsidiaries in the amounts of \$26.4 million.

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IMAX CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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(Tabular amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)
(UNAUDITED)

17. SUPPLEMENTAL CONSOLIDATING FINANCIAL INFORMATION (cont'd)

Supplemental Consolidating Balance Sheets as at December 31, 2002:

	IMAX CORPORATION	GUARANTOR SUBSIDIARIES	NON-GUARANTOR SUBSIDIARIES	ADJ
	-----	-----	-----	-----
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 31,091	\$ 5,695	\$ 350	\$
Accounts receivable	10,274	3,373	1,407	

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Financing receivables	50,492	1,249	177	
Inventories	37,239	280	62	
Prepaid expenses	1,856	340	187	
Intercompany receivables	29,740	15,863	13,338	
Film assets	419	--	--	
Fixed assets	40,610	5,402	6	
Other assets	10,455	--	--	
Deferred income taxes	3,770	51	--	
Goodwill	39,027	--	--	
Other intangible assets	3,363	--	--	
Investments in subsidiaries	25,472	--	--	
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total assets	\$ 283,808	\$ 32,253	\$ 15,527	\$ -----
	=====	=====	=====	=====
 LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	2,641	3,113	1,014	
Accrued liabilities	41,230	1,913	308	
Intercompany payables	54,093	22,523	10,122	
Deferred revenue	79,759	7,309	216	
Senior notes due 2005	200,000	--	--	
Convertible subordinated notes due 2003	9,143	--	--	
Liabilities of discontinued operation	--	--	--	
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total liabilities	386,866	34,858	11,660	\$ -----
	-----	-----	-----	-----
 SHAREHOLDER'S DEFICIT				
Common stock - no par value. Authorized - unlimited number. Issued and outstanding - 32,973,366	65,563	--	117	
Other equity/Additional paid in capital/Contributed surplus	508	46,950	--	
Deficit	(170,388)	(48,941)	3,750	
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	1,259	(614)	--	
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total shareholders' equity (deficit)	\$ (103,058)	\$ (2,605)	\$ 3,867	\$ -----
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total liabilities & shareholders' equity (deficit)	\$ 283,808	\$ 32,253	\$ 15,527	\$ -----
	=====	=====	=====	=====

In certain guarantor subsidiaries accumulated losses have exceeded the original investment balance. As a result of applying equity accounting, the parent company has consequently reduced intercompany receivable balances with respect to these guarantor subsidiaries in the amounts of \$25.2 million.

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IN ACCORDANCE WITH U.S. GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES
(Tabular amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)
(UNAUDITED)

17. SUPPLEMENTAL CONSOLIDATING FINANCIAL INFORMATION (cont'd)

Supplemental Consolidating Statements of Operations for the three months ended March 31, 2003:

	IMAX CORPORATION	GUARANTOR SUBSIDIARIES	ADJUSTME	NON-GUARANTOR SUBSIDIARIES
	-----	-----		-----
REVENUE				
IMAX systems	\$ 21,862	\$ 1,850		\$ 318
Films	4,042	3,394		17
Other	1,381	3,434		107
	-----	-----		-----
	27,285	8,678		442
COST OF GOODS AND SERVICES	11,771	8,741		174
	-----	-----		-----
GROSS MARGIN	15,514	(63)		268
Selling, general and administrative expenses	7,710	277		157
Research and development	712	--		--
Amortization of intangibles	140	--		--
Loss (income) from equity-accounted investees	(37)	34		--
Receivable provisions (recoveries), net	614	--		--
Restructuring recoveries	--	--		--
	-----	-----		-----
EARNINGS (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS	6,375	(374)		111
Interest income	265	--		--
Interest expense	(4,279)	(9)		--
Gain (loss) on retirement of notes	--	--		--
Recovery on long-term investments	--	--		--
	-----	-----		-----
NET EARNINGS (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	2,361	(383)		111
Provision for income taxes	(125)	(12)		--
	-----	-----		-----
NET EARNINGS (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	2,236	(395)		111
Net earnings from discontinued operations	200	--		--
	-----	-----		-----
NET EARNINGS (LOSS)	\$ 2,436	\$ (395)		\$ 111
	=====	=====		=====

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NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 IN ACCORDANCE WITH U.S. GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES
 (Tabular amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)
 (UNAUDITED)

17. SUPPLEMENTAL CONSOLIDATING FINANCIAL INFORMATION (cont'd)

Supplemental Consolidating Statements of Operations for the three months ended March 31, 2002:

	IMAX CORPORATION	GUARANTOR SUBSIDIARIES	ADJUSTME NON-GUARANTOR SUBSIDIARIES
	-----	-----	-----
REVENUE			
IMAX systems	\$ 18,658	\$ 1,681	\$ 310
Films	3,548	2,519	--
Other	1,193	3,622	8
	-----	-----	-----
	23,399	7,822	318
COST OF GOODS AND SERVICES	11,080	6,997	87
	-----	-----	-----
GROSS MARGIN	12,319	825	231
Selling, general and administrative expenses	8,488	137	499
Research and development	202	2	--
Amortization of intangibles	388	--	--
Loss (income) from equity-accounted investees	6	56	--
Receivable provisions (recoveries), net	846	241	--
Restructuring recoveries	--	--	--
	-----	-----	-----
EARNINGS (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS	2,389	389	(268)
Interest income	82	--	3
Interest expense	(4,177)	(142)	--
Loss on retirement of notes	12,224	--	--
Recovery on long-term investments	--	--	--
	-----	-----	-----
NET EARNINGS (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	10,518	247	(265)
Recovery of (provision for) income taxes	--	--	--
	-----	-----	-----
NET EARNINGS (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	10,518	247	(265)
Net earnings from discontinued operations	--	--	--
	-----	-----	-----
NET EARNINGS (LOSS)	\$ 10,518	\$ 247	\$ (265)
	=====	=====	=====

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NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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17. SUPPLEMENTAL CONSOLIDATING FINANCIAL INFORMATION (cont'd)

Supplemental Consolidating Statements of Cash Flows for the three months ended March 31, 2003:

	IMAX CORPORATION -----	GUARANTOR SUBSIDIARIES -----	ADJUSTME NON-GUARANTOR SUBSIDIARIES -----
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN):			
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net earnings (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 2,236	\$ (395)	\$ 111
Items not involving cash:			
Depreciation, amortization and write-downs	2,917	282	2
Loss (income) from equity-accounted investees	(37)	34	--
Deferred income taxes	--	--	--
Loss (gain) on retirement of notes	--	--	--
Stock and other non-cash compensation	1,101	--	--
Non-cash foreign exchange gain	(205)	--	--
Payment under certain employment agreements	--	--	--
Investment in film assets	(240)	--	--
Changes in other non-cash operating assets and liabilities	(5,406)	(15)	37
	-----	-----	-----
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	366	(94)	150
	-----	-----	-----
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of fixed assets	(69)	(231)	(2)
Increase in other assets	(195)	--	--
Increase in other intangible assets	(172)	--	--
Recovery on long-term investments	--	--	--
	-----	-----	-----
Net cash used in investing activities	(436)	(231)	(2)
	-----	-----	-----
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Repayment of convertible subordinated notes	--	--	--
Repurchase of convertible subordinated notes	--	--	--
Receipt on note receivable from discontinued operations	200	--	--
Common shares issued	--	--	--
	-----	-----	-----
Net cash used in financing activities	200	--	--
	-----	-----	-----
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash	44	(22)	2
	-----	-----	-----
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, DURING THE PERIOD	174	(347)	150
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	31,091	5,695	350
	-----	-----	-----
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$ 31,265	\$ 5,348	\$ 500
	=====	=====	=====

IMAX CORPORATION
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(Tabular amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)
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17. SUPPLEMENTAL CONSOLIDATING FINANCIAL INFORMATION (cont'd)

Supplemental Consolidating Statements of Cash Flows for the three months ended March 31, 2002:

	IMAX CORPORATION -----	GUARANTOR SUBSIDIARIES -----	ADJUSTME NON-GUARANTOR SUBSIDIARIES -----
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN):			
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net earnings (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 10,518	\$ 247	\$ (265)
Items not involving cash:			
Depreciation, amortization and write-downs	5,727	588	2
Loss from equity-accounted investees	6	56	--
Deferred income taxes	(221)	--	--
Loss on retirement of notes	(12,224)	--	--
Stock and other non-cash compensation	1,618	--	--
Non-cash foreign exchange loss	55	--	--
Payment under certain employment agreements	--	--	--
Investment in film assets	(7,387)	5,982	--
Changes in other non-cash operating assets and liabilities	11,136	(10,616)	604
	-----	-----	-----
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	9,228	(3,743)	341
	-----	-----	-----
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Disposal (purchase) of fixed assets	113	(1,160)	--
Decrease (increase) in other assets	(1,354)	906	--
Decrease (increase) in other intangible assets	(229)	--	--
Recovery on long-term investments	--	--	--
	-----	-----	-----
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,470)	(254)	--
	-----	-----	-----
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Repayment of convertible subordinated notes	(5,172)	--	--
Repurchase of convertible subordinated notes	--	--	--
Receipt on note receivable from discontinued operations	--	--	--
Common shares issued	4	--	--
	-----	-----	-----
Net cash used in financing activities	(5,168)	--	--

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Effects of exchange rate changes on cash	----- --	----- 41	----- --
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, DURING THE PERIOD	2,590	(3,956)	341
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	20,039	6,144	205
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$ 22,629 =====	\$ 2,188 =====	\$ 546 =====

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IMAX CORPORATION

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

OVERVIEW

The Company's principal business is the design, manufacture, sales and leasing of projector systems for giant screen theaters for customers including commercial theaters, museums and science centers, and destination entertainment sites. In addition, the Company's designs and manufactures high-end sound systems and produces and distributes large format film. There are more than 230 IMAX theaters operating in more than 30 countries worldwide as of March 31, 2003. IMAX Corporation is a publicly traded company listed on both the TSX and NASDAQ.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

The Company reports its results under both United States Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("U.S. GAAP") and Canadian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. The financial statements and results referred to herein are reported under U.S. GAAP.

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and judgements that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. On an ongoing basis, management evaluates its estimates, including those related to accounts receivable, net investment in leases, inventories, fixed and film assets, investments, intangible assets, income taxes, contingencies and litigation. Management bases its estimates on historical experience, future expectations and other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable at the date of the financial statements. Actual results may differ from these estimates due to uncertainty involved in measuring, at a specific point in time, events which are continuous in nature. The Company's significant accounting policies are discussed in note 2 of the Consolidated Financial Statements in the Company's most recent annual report on form 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2002 and are summarized below.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Management considers the following critical accounting policies to have the most significant effect on its estimates, assumptions and judgements:

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REVENUE RECOGNITION

SALES-TYPE LEASES OF THEATER SYSTEMS

Theater system leases that transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership to customers are classified as sales-type leases as a result of meeting the criteria established by FASB Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13, "Accounting for Leases" ("FAS 13"). When revenue is recognized, the initial rental fees due under the contract, along with the present value of minimum ongoing rental payments, are recorded as revenues for the period, and the related projector costs including installation expenses are recorded as cost of goods and services. Additional ongoing rentals in excess of minimums are recognized as revenue when reported by the theater operator, provided that collection is reasonably assured.

The Company recognizes revenues from sales-type leases upon installation of the theater system. Revenue associated with a sales-type lease is recognized when all of the following criteria are met: persuasive evidence of an agreement exists; the price is fixed or determinable; and collection is reasonably assured.

The timing of installation of the theater system is largely dependent on the timing of the construction of the customer's theater. Therefore, while revenue for theater systems is generally predictable on a long-term basis, it can vary from quarter to quarter or year to year depending on the timing of installation.

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IMAX CORPORATION

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (cont'd)

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

REVENUE RECOGNITION (cont'd)

SALES-TYPE LEASES OF THEATER SYSTEMS (cont'd)

The Company monitors the performance of the theaters to which it has leased equipment. When facts and circumstances indicate that it may need to change the terms of a lease which had previously been recorded as a sales-type lease, the Company evaluates the likely outcome of such negotiations. A provision is recorded against the net investment in leases if the Company believes that it is probable that the negotiation will result in a reduction in the minimum lease payments such that the lease will be reclassified as an operating lease. The provision is equal to the excess of the carrying value of the net investment in lease over the fair value of the equipment.

If the Company and a lessee agree to change the terms of the lease, other than by renewing the lease or extending its terms, management evaluates whether the new agreement would be classified as a sales-type lease or an operating lease under the provisions of FAS 13. Any adjustments which result from a change in classification from a sales-type lease to an operating lease are reported as a charge to income during the period the change occurs.

From time to time, the Company is involved in legal proceedings relating to

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terminated lease agreements. When settlements are received, the Company will allocate the total settlement to each of the elements based on their relative fair value.

OPERATING LEASES OF THEATER SYSTEMS

Leases that do not transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership to the customer are classified as operating leases. For these leases, initial rental fees and minimum lease payments are recognized as revenue on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Additional rentals in excess of minimum annual amounts are recognized as revenue when reported by theater operators, provided that collection is reasonably assured.

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE AND NET INVESTMENT IN LEASES

The allowance for doubtful accounts and provision against the net investment in leases are based on the Company's assessment of the collectibility of specific customer balances and the underlying asset value of the equipment under lease where applicable. If there is a deterioration in a customer's credit worthiness or actual defaults under the terms of the leases are higher than the Company's historical experience, the Company's estimates of recoverability for these assets could be adversely affected.

INVENTORIES

In establishing the appropriate provisions for theater systems inventory, management must make estimates of future events and conditions including the anticipated installation dates for the current backlog of theater system contracts, potential future signings, general economic conditions, technology factors, growth prospects within the customers' ultimate marketplace and the market acceptance of the Company's current and pending projection systems and film library. If management estimates of these events and conditions, proves to be incorrect, it could result in inventory losses in excess of the provisions determined to be adequate as at the balance sheet date.

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IMAX CORPORATION

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (cont'd)

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

GOODWILL

The Company adopted FAS 142 "Goodwill and Other Intangibles" effective January 1, 2002. Upon adoption of this standard, no impairment in goodwill was found to exist.

The Company performs an impairment test on at least an annual basis and additionally, whenever events or changes in circumstances suggest that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. Impairment of goodwill is tested at the reporting unit level by comparing the reporting unit's carrying amount, including goodwill, to the fair value of the reporting unit. The fair values of the reporting units are estimated using a discounted cash flows approach. If the carrying amount of the reporting unit exceeds its fair value, then a second step

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is performed to measure the amount of impairment loss, if any. Any impairment loss would be expensed in the statement of operations.

FIXED ASSETS

Management reviews the carrying values of its fixed assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset might not be recoverable. In performing its review for recoverability, management estimates the future cash flows expected to result from the use of the asset and its eventual disposition. If the sum of the expected future cash flows is less than the carrying amount of the asset, an impairment loss is recognized. Measurement of impairment losses is based on the excess of the carrying amount of the asset over the fair value calculated using discounted expected future cash flows. If the actual future cash flows are less than the Company's estimates, future earnings could be adversely affected.

TAX ASSET VALUATION

As at March 31, 2003, the Company has net deferred income tax assets of \$3.8 million, comprised of tax credit carryforwards, net operating loss and capital loss carryforwards and other deductible temporary differences, which can be utilized to reduce either taxable income or taxes otherwise payable in future years. Management assesses realization of these net deferred income tax assets based on all available evidence and has concluded that it is more likely than not that these net deferred income tax assets will be realized. Positive evidence includes, but is not limited to, the Company's projected future earnings based on contracted sales backlog at March 31, 2003, and the ability to realize certain deferred income tax assets through loss and tax credit carryback strategies. However, if the Company's projected future earnings do not materialize, these net deferred income tax assets may not be realizable and the Company may need to establish additional valuation allowances for all or a portion of the net deferred income tax assets. As of March 31, 2003, the Company had a net deferred income tax asset of \$47.5 million, against which the Company is carrying a \$43.7 million valuation allowance.

IMPACT OF RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In January 2003, the FASB issued FIN 46 which addresses consolidation by business enterprises of variable interest entities. In general, a variable interest entity is a corporation, partnership, trust, or any other legal structure used for business purposes that either (a) does not have equity investors with voting rights or (b) has equity investors that do not provide sufficient financial resources for the entity to support its activities. A variable interest entity often holds financial assets, including loans or receivables, real estate or other property. A variable interest entity may be essentially passive or it may engage in research and development or other activities on behalf of another company. The objective of FIN 46 is not to restrict the use of variable interest entities but to improve financial reporting by companies involved with variable interest entities. Until now, a company generally has included another entity in its consolidated financial statements only if it controlled the entity through voting interests. FIN 46 changes that by requiring a variable interest entity to be consolidated by a company if that company is subject to a majority of the risk of loss from the variable interest entity's activities or entitled to receive a majority of the entity's residual returns or both. The Company has evaluated the requirements of FIN 46 to be implemented in the subsequent quarter, and does not believe that its adoption will have a material effect on the Company.

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IMAX CORPORATION

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (cont'd)

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2003 VERSUS THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2002

The Company reported net income from continuing operations of \$2.2 million or \$0.07 per share on a fully diluted basis for the first quarter of 2003, compared to net income of \$10.5 million or \$0.32 per share on a fully diluted basis for the first quarter of 2002.

During the first quarter of 2002, the Company recorded a gain of \$12.2 million from the purchase of \$19.5 million of the Company's Subordinated Notes by a wholly owned subsidiary.

REVENUE

The Company's revenues for the first quarter of 2003 increased 8.6% to \$34.0 million from \$31.3 million in the same quarter last year primarily as a result of more installations in the current quarter and the continued success of the Company's film, SPACE STATION released in April 2002, which has achieved gross box office receipts of approximately \$7.6 million in the first quarter of 2003 and \$47.5 million at the end of its 51st week of release.

IMAX systems revenue in the first quarter of 2003 was \$22.3 million up from \$20.4 million in the same quarter of 2002. The Company installed 8 theater systems in the first quarter of 2003, compared to 6 theater systems in the first quarter of 2002.

Film revenues increased 12.7% to \$6.8 million in the first quarter of 2003 from \$6.1 million in the same quarter last year primarily due to the continued success of SPACE STATION. Film post-production revenues increased to \$3.4 million in the first quarter of 2003 from \$3.0 million in the prior year primarily due to the increased number of films in the network.

Other revenues remained consistent at \$4.8 million in the first quarter of 2003 and 2002.

GROSS MARGIN

Gross margin for the first quarter of 2003 was \$15.7 million, or 46.2% of total revenue, compared to \$13.4 million or 42.9% of total revenue in the corresponding quarter last year. The increase in gross margin during the quarter was due to the stronger performance of SPACE STATION.

OTHER

Selling, general and administrative expenses were \$9.2 million in the first quarter of 2003 compared to \$10.8 million in the corresponding quarter last year. A significant reason for the decrease was due to lower legal fees of \$1.6 million compared to the same quarter last year as the Company prevailed in or otherwise resolved and settled, a number of its litigation matters during 2002. In addition, bad debts decreased by \$1.5 million in the first quarter of 2003 due to the improved performance of the theater network. The above decreases were partially offset by an increase in performance bonuses of \$1.4 million compared to the first quarter of 2002.

IMAX CORPORATION

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (cont'd)

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (cont'd)

THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2003 VERSUS THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2002 (cont'd)

OTHER (cont'd)

Research and development expenses were \$0.7 million in the first quarter of 2003, compared to \$0.2 million in the same quarter last year. The higher level of expenses in 2003 primarily reflects research and development activities pertaining to the Company's new IMAX(R) MPXTM projection system designed to lower the cost for multiplex customers entering the IMAX business. Through research and development, the Company plans to continue to design and develop cinema-based equipment and software to enhance its product offering.

Amortization of intangibles was \$0.1 million in the first quarter of 2003, compared to \$0.4 million in the same quarter last year. The prior year's amount included write-downs related to the Company's sound system intangibles in 2002.

The Company incurred no restructuring costs or asset impairments (recoveries) during the quarter ended March 31, 2003. Comparatively the Company recorded a \$1.0 million recovery in the first quarter of 2002 on previously provided amounts for net investment in leases as collectibility associated with certain leases due to amendment or settlement of the leases was resolved.

Interest income increased to \$0.3 million in the first quarter of 2003 from \$0.1 million in the same quarter last year primarily due to an increase in the average balance of cash and cash equivalents held and interest earned on accounts receivables.

Net earnings from continuing operations before income taxes includes the gain pertaining to the Company's purchase of \$19.5 million in the aggregate of the Company's Subordinated Notes during the first quarter of 2002, which resulted in the Company recording a gain of \$12.2 million. The Company was required to reclassify this gain following the adoption of FAS 145, previously recorded as an extraordinary item, net of tax.

Interest expense remained consistent in the first quarters of 2003 and 2002 at \$4.3 million and is expected to decline following the Company's payment of the remaining outstanding Subordinated Notes on April 1, 2003.

The effective tax rate on earnings differs significantly from the statutory rate due to the effect of permanent differences, income taxed at differing rates in foreign and other provincial jurisdictions and changes in the Company's valuation allowance on deferred tax assets. The income tax expense for the quarter is calculated by applying the estimated average annual effective tax rate to quarterly pre-tax income. In the current year, it is expected that the tax benefits associated with the release of the valuation allowance and the other expected income tax recoveries will reduce the tax provision for the year such that the effective annual tax rate will be approximately 10%. As at March 31, 2003, the Company had a net deferred tax asset of \$47.5 million, against

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which the Company is carrying a \$43.7 million valuation allowance.

SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On April 23, 2003, the Company announced that it had reached an agreement with Warner Bros., a division of Time Warner Entertainment Company, L.P. ("Warner Bros.") for the creation and distribution of IMAX(R) DMRTM large format versions of the Warner Bros. films, The Matrix Reloaded and The Matrix Revolutions, in 2003. The Matrix Reloaded: The IMAX Experience is scheduled to be released to IMAX theaters in North America approximately two to three weeks after the 35mm version is released to North American theaters on May 15, 2003. The Matrix Revolutions: The IMAX Experience is scheduled to be released to IMAX theaters in North America in November 2003, simultaneously with the 35mm release to North American theaters. IMAX DMR is the Company's technology for the conversion of 35mm film to 15-perforation film frame, 70mm format.

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IMAX CORPORATION

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (cont'd)

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

At March 31, 2003, the Company's principal source of liquidity included cash and cash equivalents of \$37.1 million, trade accounts receivable of \$14.9 million and net investment in leases due within one year of \$4.8 million.

As of March 31, 2003, the Company has letters of credit of \$4.3 million outstanding, which have been collateralized by cash deposits.

In December 1998, the Company issued \$200.0 million of 7.875% Senior Notes due December 1, 2005 (the "Senior Notes"). The Senior Notes are subject to redemption by the Company, in whole or in part, at any time on or after December 1, 2002 at redemption prices expressed as percentages of the principal amount for each 12-month period ending December 1 of the years indicated: 2003 - 101.969%; 2004 and thereafter - 100.000% together with interest accrued thereon to the redemption date. If certain changes result in the imposition of withholding taxes under Canadian law, the Senior Notes may be redeemed by the Company at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount plus accrued interest to the date of redemption. In the event of a change in control, holders of the Senior Notes may require the Company to repurchase all or part of the Senior Notes at a price equal to 101% of the principal amount plus accrued interest to the date of repurchase.

The terms of the Company's outstanding Senior Notes impose certain restrictions on its operating and financing activities, including certain restrictions on its ability to:

- o issue additional debt;
- o create liens;
- o make investments;
- o enter into transactions with affiliates;

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- o effect sales of assets;
- o declare or pay dividends or other distributions to shareholders; and
- o effect consolidations, amalgamations and mergers.

As of March 31, 2003, the Company has \$9.1 million outstanding on its Subordinated Notes. In April 1996, the Company completed a private placement of \$100.0 million of the Company's Subordinated Notes. The Subordinated Notes are convertible into common shares of the Company at the option of the holder at a conversion price of \$21.406 per share (equivalent to a conversion rate of 46.7154 shares per \$1,000 principal amount of Subordinated Notes) at any time prior to maturity. During 2001, the Company and a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company purchased an aggregate of \$70.4 million of the Company's Subordinated Notes for \$13.7 million consisting of \$12.5 million in cash and common shares of the Company valued at \$1.2 million. The Company cancelled the purchased Subordinated Notes and recorded a gain of \$55.5 million. During 2002, the Company and the subsidiary of the Company purchased an additional \$20.5 million in the aggregate of the Company's Subordinated Notes for \$8.1 million consisting of \$6.0 million in cash and common shares of the Company valued at \$2.1 million. The Company cancelled the purchased Subordinated Notes and recorded a gain of \$12.2 million through the first quarter of 2002. On April 1, 2003, the Company repaid the remaining outstanding Subordinated Notes balance of \$9.1 million plus accrued interest on the maturity date.

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IMAX CORPORATION

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (cont'd)

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES (cont'd)

The Company's total minimum annual rental payments to be made under operating leases for premises as of March 31, 2003 are as follows:

2003	\$	3,657
2004		4,479
2005		4,554
2006		4,676
2007		4,538
Thereafter		36,177

	\$	58,081

As of March 31, 2003, the Company has an unfunded and accrued projected benefit

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obligation of approximately \$17.9 million (December 31, 2002 - \$17.2 million) in respect of its defined benefit pension plan. The Company intends to use the proceeds of life insurance policies taken on its Co-Chief Executive Officers to satisfy, in whole or in part, certain of the benefits due and payable under the plan, although there can be no assurance that the Company will ultimately do so.

The Company substantially funds its operations through cash flow from operations. Under the terms of the Company's typical theater system lease agreement, the Company receives substantial cash payments before it completes the performance of its obligations. Similarly, the Company receives cash payments for some of its film productions in advance of related cash expenditures.

In the first three months of 2003, cash provided by operating activities amounted to \$0.6 million. Changes in other non-cash operating assets and liabilities include a decrease in deferred revenue of \$9.0 million, a decrease of \$3.7 million in inventories, a decrease of \$1.2 million in net investment in leases, an increase of \$1.1 million in accrued liabilities, and a \$1.8 million increase in accounts receivable.

Cash used in investing activities amounted to \$0.7 million in the first three months of 2003, which includes purchases of \$0.3 million in fixed assets and an increase in other assets of \$0.2 million.

During the first three months of 2003, no cash was used or provided by financing activities.

The Company believes that cash flow from operations together with existing cash will be sufficient to meet operating needs for the next several years. The Company's accounts receivable, inventory, certain fixed assets and net investment in leases are currently unsecured and available as collateral for future borrowing. The Company believes it has access to other sources of liquidity, however, there can be no assurance that the Company will be successful in securing additional financing. In addition, if management's projections of future signings and installations are not realized, there is no guarantee the Company will continue to be able to fund its operations through cash flows from operations.

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IMAX CORPORATION

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE FACTORS ABOUT MARKET RISK

The Company is exposed to market risk from changes in foreign currency rates. The Company does not use financial instruments for trading or other speculative purposes.

A substantial portion of the Company's revenues are denominated in U.S. dollars while a substantial portion of its costs and expenses denominated in Canadian dollars. A portion of the net U.S. dollar flows of the Company are converted to Canadian dollars to fund Canadian dollar expenses through the spot market. The Company plans to convert Canadian dollar expenses to U.S. dollars through the spot market on a go-forward basis. In Japan, the Company has ongoing operating expenses related to its operations. Net Japanese Yen flows are converted to U.S. dollars through the spot market. The Company also has cash receipts under leases denominated in Japanese Yen and Euros. The Company plans to convert Japanese Yen

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and Euros lease cash flows to U.S. dollars through the spot market on a go-forward basis.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

EVALUATION OF DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

The Company's Co-Chief Executive Officers and Chief Financial Officer, after evaluating the effectiveness of the Company's "disclosure controls and procedures" (as defined in the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) as of the end of the period covered by this report, have concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were adequate and effective to ensure that material information relating to the Company and the Company's consolidated subsidiaries would be made known to them by others within those entities.

CHANGES IN INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

As of the end of the period covered by this report there was no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the period covered by this report that has materially affected or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

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IMAX CORPORATION

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

- (a) In November 2001, the Company filed a complaint with the High Court of Munich (the "Court") against Big Screen, a German large-screen cinema owner in Berlin ("Big Screen"), demanding payment of rental payments and certain other amounts owed to the Company. Big Screen has raised a defense based on alleged infringement of German antitrust rules, relating mainly to an allegation of excessive pricing. Big Screen had brought a number of motions for restraining orders in this matter relating to the Company's provision of films and maintenance, all of which have been rejected by the courts, including the Berlin Court of Appeals, and for which all appeals have been exhausted. The Company believes that all of the allegations in Big Screen's individual defense are meritless and will accordingly continue to prosecute this matter vigorously. The Company believes that the amount of the loss, if any, suffered in connection with this dispute would not have a material impact on the financial position or results of operations of the Company, although no assurance can be given with respect to the ultimate outcome of any such litigation.
- (b) In June 2000, a complaint was filed against the Company and a third party by Mandalay Resort Group formerly known as Circus Circus Enterprises, Inc., alleging breach of contract and express warranty, fraud and misrepresentation in connection with the installation of certain motion simulation bases in Nevada. The case is being heard in the U.S. District Court for the District of Nevada. The complainant is seeking damages in excess of \$4.0 million. The Company has brought

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a third party action against Tri-Tech International, Inc. ("Tri-Tech") claiming that any liability of the Company would be due to Tri-Tech's non-performance. The Company believes that the allegations made against it in the complaint are meritless and will accordingly defend the matter vigorously. The Company further believes that the amount of loss, if any, suffered in connection with this lawsuit would not have a material impact on the financial position or results of operations of the Company, although no assurance can be given with respect to the ultimate outcome of any such litigation.

- (c) In March 2001, a complaint was filed against the Company by Muvico Entertainment, L.L.C. ("Muvico"), alleging misrepresentation and seeking rescission in respect of the system lease agreements between the Company and Muvico. The Company filed counterclaims against Muvico for breach of contract, unjust enrichment unfair competition and/or deceptive trade practices and theft of trade secrets, and brought claims against MegaSystems, Inc. ("MegaSystems"), a large-format theater system manufacturer, for tortious interference and unfair competition and/or deceptive trade practices and to enjoin Muvico and MegaSystems from using the Company's confidential and proprietary information. The case is being heard in the U.S. District Court, Southern District of Florida, Miami Division. The Company moved for summary judgement on its contract claims against Muvico in September 2002. The Company believes that the allegations made by Muvico in its complaint are entirely without merit and will accordingly defend the claims vigorously. The Company further believes that the amount of loss, if any, suffered in connection with this lawsuit would not have a material impact on the financial position or results of operation of the Company, although no assurance can be given with respect to the ultimate outcome of any such litigation.

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IMAX CORPORATION

PART II OTHER INFORMATION (cont'd)

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS (cont'd)

- (d) In addition to the matters described above, the Company is currently involved in other legal proceedings which, in the opinion of the Company's management, will not materially affect the Company's financial position or future operating results, although no assurance can be given with respect to the ultimate outcome of any such proceedings.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

(a) EXHIBITS

- 31.1 Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes - Oxley Act of 2002, dated February 27, 2004, by Bradley J. Wechsler.
- 31.2 Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes - Oxley Act of

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2002, dated February 27, 2004, by Richard L. Gelfond.

31.3 Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes - Oxley Act of 2002, dated February 27, 2004, by Francis T. Joyce.

32.1 Certification Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes - Oxley Act of 2002, dated February 27, 2004, by Bradley J. Wechsler.

32.2 Certification Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes - Oxley Act of 2002, dated February 27, 2004, by Richard L. Gelfond.

32.3 Certification Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes - Oxley Act of 2002, dated February 27, 2004, by Francis T. Joyce

(b) REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

There were no reports filed on Form 8-K in the three month period ended March 31, 2003.

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IMAX CORPORATION

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

IMAX CORPORATION

Date: February 27, 2004

By: /s/ Francis T. Joyce

Francis T. Joyce
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

Date: February 27, 2004

By: /s/ Kathryn A. Gamble

Kathryn A. Gamble
Vice President, Finance, Controller
(Principal Accounting Officer)

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