FREESTONE RESOURCES, INC. Form 10-K October 13, 2016

#### **UNITED STATES**

#### SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D. C. 20549

FORM 10-K

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXHANGE ACT OF  $^{\rm 0}_{\rm 1934}$ 

For the Transition Period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

# **FREESTONE RESOURCES, INC.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

NEVADA000-2875390-0514308(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)(Commission File Number)(IRS Employer Identification No.)

**Republic Center, Suite 1350** 

75201

**325 N. St. Paul St. Dallas, TX** (Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: 214-880-4870

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: None

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: Common Stock, Par value \$0.001

Indicate by a check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined by Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yeso No b

Indicate by a check mark whether the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act. Yes o No b

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) (2) has been subject to such filing requirement for the past 90 days. Yes b Noo

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its website, if any, every Interactive File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§325.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files), Yes b Noo

Indicate by check if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K (s229.405 of this chapter) is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K X

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated Filer o Accelerated Filer o

Non-Accelerated Filer o Smaller Reporting Company b

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act): Yes o No b

Aggregate market value of the voting stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant as of December 31, 2015: \$10,276,044

Indicate the number of Shares of outstanding of each of the Registrant's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date: As of September 30, 2016, the Registrant had 91,238,177 shares of common stock outstanding.

# DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

None

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# FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This report includes forward-looking statements as the term is defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 or by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission in its rules, regulations and releases, regarding, among other things, all statements other than statements of historical facts contained in this report, including statements regarding our future financial position, business strategy and plans and objectives of management for future operations. The words "believe," "may," "estimate," "continue," "anticipate," "intend," "should," "plan," "could," "target," "plikely," "will," "expect" and similar expressions, as they relate to us, are intended to identify forward-looking statements. We have based these forward-looking statements largely on our current expectations and projections about future events and financial trends that we believe may affect our financial condition, results of operations, business strategy and financial needs. In addition, our past results of operations do not necessarily indicate our future results.

Other sections of this report may include additional factors which could adversely affect our business and financial performance. New risk factors emerge from time to time and it is not possible for us to anticipate all the relevant risks to our business, and we cannot assess the impact of all such risks on our business or the extent to

which any risk, or combination of risks, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements. Those factors include, among others, those matters disclosed in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Except as otherwise required by applicable laws and regulations, we undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements or the risk factors described in this report, whether as a result of new information, future events, changed circumstances or any other reason after the date of this report. Neither the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 nor Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 provides any protection to us for statements made in this report. You should not rely upon forward-looking statements as predictions of future events or performance. We cannot assure you that the events and circumstances reflected in the forward-looking statements will be achieved or occur. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements.

# PART I

#### **ITEM 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS**

#### **Company Background**

Freestone Resources, Inc. (the "Company" or "Freestone"), a Nevada corporation, is an oil and gas technology development company that is actively developing and marketing technologies and solvents designed to benefit various sectors in the oil and gas industry. The Company has re-launched its Petrozene<sup>TM</sup> solvent after developing a new and improved formula. Petrozene<sup>TM</sup> is primarily used to dissolve paraffin buildup, and it is primarily used for pipelines, oil storage tanks, oil sludge build up, de-emulsification, well treatment, as a corrosion inhibitor and as a catalyst in opening up formations thereby aiding in oil production.

On June 24, 2015 Freestone purchased 100% of the common stock of C.C. Crawford Retreading Company, Inc. ("CTR"), a Texas corporation. CTR is an Off-The-Road ("OTR") tire company located in Ennis, Texas, and a wholly owned subsidiary of Freestone. CTR's primary business is to repair, recycle, dispose of and sell OTR tires, which are used on large, industrial equipment. Freestone made the decision to purchased CTR in order to utilize the CTR facility for the production of Petrozene<sup>TM</sup>.

On June 24, 2015 the Company formed Freestone Dynamis Energy Products, LLC ("FDEP") with Dynamis Energy, LLC ("Dynamis"). FDEP was formed in order to operate and manage the specialized pyrolysis process that is used to create Petrozene<sup>™</sup> and other byproducts of value. Freestone chose to work with Dynamis based on their extensive engineering and waste-to-energy expertise. Freestone owns a 70% member interest in FDEP.

The acquisition of CTR and the formation of FDEP have allowed Freestone to vertically integrate the Petrozene<sup>TM</sup> product line. CTR will remain an auxiliary company that will maintain existing operations that complement the efforts of FDEP and Freestone.

#### **Available Information**

The Freestone website is <u>www.freestoneresources.com</u>. The Company's references to the URLs for these websites are intended to be inactive textual references only. The Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K, and amendments to reports filed pursuant to Sections 13(a) and 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, are filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC").

The public may read and copy any materials filed by the Company with the SEC at the SEC's Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, NE, Room 1580, Washington, DC 20549. The public may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. The SEC maintains an Internet site that contains reports, proxy, and information statements and other information regarding issuers that file electronically with the SEC at <u>http://www.sec.gov</u>.

#### **Products and Services**

#### OTR Tire Services

CTR has been involved in the OTR tire business since 1987. Since its formation, CTR has evolved into a unique company that can handle most of the needs of its customers that require OTR tire services. These services include:

Specialized OTR tire repair services quickly and efficiently, and at competitive prices; and

·Disposal services for OTR tires that can no longer be used or repaired; and

·A substantial inventory of used OTR tires for sale; and

•Recycling OTR tires for alternative uses that prevent them from going to landfills.

# <u>Petrozene</u><sup>TM</sup>

Freestone purchased CTR in order to use a specialized pyrolysis technology. Pyrolysis, by definition, is the decomposition of organic matter in the absence of oxygen. The Company and FDEP will use this process to convert the OTR tires that have been disposed of into byproducts of value. One of the byproducts from this process is used in the production of Petrozene<sup>TM</sup>. The use of pyrolysis allows Freestone and CTR to reduce the amount of tires that would have otherwise been disposed of in landfills.

#### Customers

CTR provides services to many international OTR tire dealers. These OTR tire dealers make up a majority of its customer base.

#### Competition

#### OTR Tire Services

Several tire processing companies are permitted in the Dallas/Ft. Worth area, but most of them cannot handle OTR tires due to the size of the OTR tires. CTR has its own trucks, forklifts and other equipment that are necessary for the management and processing of OTR tires. CTR also has specialized, on-site shredding equipment to convert the OTR tires into one inch tire pieces that can be sold as a tire derived fuel ("TDF"), or processed in the specialized pyrolysis technology.

CTR is one of the few tire processing facilities that provide other services to its customers. These additional services include the sale of used OTR tires and the repair of OTR tires. CTR's operations focus on the states of Texas, Oklahoma, Louisiana, New Mexico and Arkansas. Focusing on these specific states allow CTR to provide some of the fastest repair turnarounds in the industry.

#### <u>Petrozene</u><sup>TM</sup>

Many oil and gas service companies and petro-chemical companies provide a product that competes with Petrozene<sup>TM</sup>. The Company's advantage is that Petrozene<sup>TM</sup> is derived from a readily available waste product, and the pyrolysis process used to create Petrozene<sup>TM</sup> is extremely cost efficient. Most of the Company's competitors use synthetically derived chemicals that are extremely expensive to develop and manufacture.

#### **Research and Development**

Freestone and its partners are continuously evaluating technologies and processes that can convert waste streams into valuable byproducts. Freestone's main focus has been the development of byproducts that can be used by the oil and gas industry to increase production and efficiency. The Company's research has resulted in the relaunch of Petrozene<sup>TM</sup>, and expanding the ways in which Petrozene<sup>TM</sup> can be utilized. Freestone's partners and customers have provided valuable feedback that has continued to help create a superior product.

#### **Growth Strategy**

Freestone is actively pursuing a strategy of growth through the vertical integration of Petrozene<sup>TM</sup>. The implementation of this strategy allows the Company to reduce variables that could affect growth, performance and the quality of its products. In addition, Freestone and FDEP are providing CTR with another recycling option. This means that more tires will be processed each year, and thus will allow CTR to increase its disposal operations.

#### **Government Approval and Environmental Matters**

CTR is registered with the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality ("TCEQ") as a transporter and scrap tire facility.

Freestone's and CTR's operations and properties are subject to extensive and changing federal, state and local laws and regulations relating to environmental protection, including the generation, storage, handling, emission, transportation and discharge of materials into the environment, and relating to safety and health. The recent trend in environmental legislation and regulation generally is toward stricter standards, and this trend will likely continue.

The permits required for our operations may be subject to revocation, modification and renewal by issuing authorities. Governmental authorities have the power to enforce their regulations, and violations are subject to fines or injunctions, or both.

On September 6, 2016 CTR received a Notice of Enforcement for Compliance Evaluation Investigation from the TCEQ informing them of potential violations related to its processing permit. On September 6, 2016 FDEP also received a Notice of Enforcement for Compliance Evaluation Investigation informing them of potential violations relating to waste disposal and its permit for pyrolysis process.

CTR's potential violations related to tires stored in excess of the numbers permitted and noncompliance with fire regulations. CTR has submitted a plan to reduce the number of tires and bring the facility into full compliance with all fire regulations within nine months.

FDEP's potential violations regarded failure to properly classify, track and dispose of hazards waste as well as operating a pyrolysis machine without a separate permit from CTR. FDEP cured the potential hazards waste issue and submitted documentation of such to the TCEQ. FDEP has applied for a separate permit for its pyrolysis operation and is awaiting approval from the TCEQ.

In conjunction with the plan submitted to the TCEQ to bring the tire storage facility into compliance CTR has increased its environmental and tire disposal accrual by approximately \$368,000. (See financial statement Note 7).

#### **Intellectual Property**

Freestone is the owner of the Petrozene<sup>TM</sup> trademark. Freestone does not own any patents at this time.

# ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

As a smaller reporting company we are not required to provide the information required by this item.

# ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

None.

# **ITEM 2. DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY**

Freestone's corporate offices are located at Republic Center, Suite 1350, 325 N. St. Paul St. Dallas, TX 75201. Freestone entered into a lease agreement amendment on April 30<sup>th</sup> 2014 on this property to extend its lease for a term of three years. CTR is located at 101 W. Ave. D, Ennis TX 75119 and owns approximately 10.141 acres with three buildings consisting of 32,800 square feet.

#### **ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

Freestone and CTR are not subject to any material pending legal proceedings, nor are the companies aware of any material threatened claims against them.

#### **ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES**

None.

# PART II

# ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

The Common Stock is currently quoted on the OTCQB under the symbol "FSNR."

The following tables set forth the quarterly high and low bid prices for the Common Stock for 2016 and 2015. The prices set forth below represent interdealer quotations, without retail markup, markdown or commission and may not be reflective of actual transactions.

Fiscal 2016	High	Low
First Quarter	\$0.23	\$0.18
Second Quarter	\$0.20	\$0.10
Third Quarter	\$0.18	\$0.09
Fourth Quarter	\$0.13	\$0.04
Fiscal 2015	High	Low
Fiscal 2015 First Quarter	<b>High</b> \$0. 29	<b>Low</b> \$0. 10
	0	
First Quarter	\$0. 29	\$0.10

#### Shareholders

As of June 30, 2016, there were approximately 256 record holders of the Common Stock. This number excludes any estimate by Freestone of the number of beneficial owners of shares held in street name, the accuracy of which cannot be guaranteed.

#### Dividends

Freestone has not paid cash dividends on any class of common equity since formation and Freestone does not anticipate paying any dividends on its outstanding common stock in the foreseeable future.

Warrants

As of June 30, 2016 the Company had no outstanding stock warrants.

# ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

As a smaller reporting company we are not required to report selected financial data disclosures as required by item 301 of Regulation S-K.

# ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

At present, Freestone's management is focused on the development and vertical integration of the Petrozene<sup>™</sup> product line. Freestone continues to look for various solvents, chemicals, and technologies that might fit into Freestone's petro-chemical line, and continues to seek opportunities in the oil and gas water industry.

# Critical Accounting Policies

The Company's consolidated financial statements were prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. As such, management is required to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions that they believe are reasonable based upon the information available. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expense during the periods presented. The significant accounting policies which management believes are the most critical to aid in fully understanding and evaluating our reported financial results include the following:

#### **Revenue Recognition**

Freestone and CTR recognize revenue from the sale of products in accordance with ASC 605. Revenue will be recognized only when all of the following criteria have been met:

- Persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists; and
- · Ownership and all risks of loss have been transferred to buyer, which is generally upon delivery; and
- The price is fixed and determinable; and
- · Collectability is reasonably assured.

The three main sources of revenue are recognized as follows:

·Revenues associated with tire disposals are recognized upon receipt of the tire by CTR; and

Revenues associated with tire repairs are invoiced and recognized upon completion of repair and receipt of the tire by the customer; and

•Revenue associated with used tires and scrap sales are recognized upon delivery of the product to the customer.

#### Stock Based Compensation

Pursuant to Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 505, the guidelines for recording stock issued for services require the fair value of the shares granted be based on the fair value of the services received or the publicly traded share price of the Company's registered shares on the date the shares were granted (irrespective of the fact that the shares granted were unregistered), whichever is more readily determinable. This position has been further clarified by

the issuance of ASC 820. ASC 820 defines fair value as "the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date". Accordingly, the Company elected the application of these guidelines. Freestone has determined that the fair value of all common stock issued for goods or services is more readily determinable based on the publicly traded share price on the date of grant.

# Results of Operations for the Year ended June 30, 2016 (Successor) Compared to the Period from July 1, 2014 to June 24, 2015 (Predecessor).

Revenues

Revenues for the year ended June 30, 2016 (Successor) and the period from July 1, 2014 to June 24, 2015 (Predecessor) and were \$1,098,926 and \$1,115,020, respectively. The decrease was primarily due to a decrease in used tire sales and tire repair revenue. Tire disposal revenue increased by 19% over the previous year.

Cost of Goods and Gross Profit

The Company's gross margin dropped from 48% to 1.7%. This is primarily due to a \$368,000 accrual to tire disposal expense for the cost of bringing CTR in compliance with TCEQ regulations as discussed above. The Company had previously anticipated using all the tire stock in the FDEP pyrolysis operation. Without the accrual the Company's gross margin decreased to 35% largely due to the increased value of the used tires sold resulting from the purchases price allocation to inventory at Freestone's acquisition of CTR.

# **Operating** Expense

Total operating expenses the year ended June 30, 2016 (Successor) and the period from July 1, 2014 to June 24, 2015 (Predecessor) were \$2,388,255 and \$544,950, respectively. The increase is largely due to the inclusion of Freestone Resources and FDEP in the consolidated operations for the year ended June 30, 2016 as opposed to the stand alone expenses of CTR for the predecessor period. Freestone's general and administrative expenses totaled \$1,382,734 including \$852,750 of stock based compensation, \$212,476 of payroll and benefits and \$192,744 of professional fees. The majority of the professional and payroll expenses were to support the SEC reporting requirements of being a public company. FDEP incurred \$480,287 of startup costs. Depreciation increased from \$60,652 to \$118,978 primarily due to the increased basis of assets due to the purchase price allocation upon Freestone's acquisition of CTR. Selling costs increased from \$154,842 to \$199,274.

Other income and expense for the year ended June 30, 2016 (Successor) and the period from July 1, 2014 to June 24, 2015 (Predecessor) consisted of interest expense of \$134,271 and \$10,530 respectively. The increase was due to the addition of the note payable for the purchase of CTR as well as financing of capital expenditures.

# Net (Loss) Income

Net loss for and the year ended June 30, 2016 (Successor) was \$2,378,174 compared to the net loss for the period from July 1, 2014 to June 24, 2015 (Predecessor) of \$20,537. The increase was primarily due to the inclusion of Freestone and the cost of running a public company and FDEP and its startup costs as detailed above.

# Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company has little cash reserves and liquidity to the extent we receive it from operations and through the sale of common stock.

Cash decreased by \$8,581 from \$38,372 at June 30, 2015 (Predecessor) to \$29,791 at June 30, 2016 (Successor).

Net cash used by operating activities was \$799,397 for the year ended June 30, 2016 (Successor), compared to net cash provided by operating activities of \$40,337 for the period from July 1, 2014 to June 24, 2015 (Predecessor). The difference was funding of the operations of Freestone and startup cost of FDEP.

#### Employees

As of June 30, 2016 CTR had 17 full-time employees including 4 leased to FDEP. Freestone's only employees are its three officers.

#### **Need for Additional Financing**

The Company is uncertain of its ability to generate sufficient liquidity from its operations so the need for additional funding may be necessary. The Company may sell stock and/or issue additional debt to raise capital to accelerate our growth.

# **Going Concern Uncertainties**

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are presented on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. As of the date of this annual report, there is doubt regarding the Company's ability to continue as a going concern as we have not generated sufficient cash flows to fund our business operations and loan commitments. Our future success and viability, therefore, are dependent upon our ability to generate capital financing. The failure to generate sufficient revenues or raise additional capital may have a material and adverse effect upon the Company and our shareholders.

The Company formed FDEP in order to vertically integrate its Petrozene<sup>TM</sup> product line, and utilize a specialized pyrolysis process in order to produce other byproducts of value that will generate revenue for FDEP. In turn, the ability of FDEP to process large quantities of OTR tires will allow the Company to increase the amount of OTR tires it can dispose of and process, which will generate additional revenue of the Company. Additionally, the Company intends to raise equity or debt financing that will allow the Company to expand its current operations.

# ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Market risk represents the risk of loss arising from adverse changes in market rates and foreign exchange rates. The amount of our outstanding debt at any time may fluctuate and we may from time to time be subject to refinancing risk. A hypothetical 100 basis point increase in interest rates would have a material effect on our annual interest expense and on our results of operations or financial condition as we rely on these notes to sustain our operations. Since we do not have transactions in foreign currencies, we do not consider it necessary to hedge against currency risk.

# ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

The consolidated financial statements of Freestone Resources, Inc. and Subsidiaries, together with the Reports of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm of Heaton & Company, PLLC for the year ended June 30, 2016 and Malone Bailey, LLP for the year ended June 30, 2015, appear on pages 17 through 34 of this report.

# ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURES

None.

# ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

**Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures** 

We carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) as of June 30, 2016. This evaluation was accomplished under the supervision and with the participation of our chief executive officer / principal executive officer, and chief financial officer / principal financial officer who concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are not effective to ensure that all material information required to be filed in the annual report on Form 10-K has been made known to them.

For purposes of this section, the term disclosure controls and procedures means controls and other procedures of an issuer that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the issuer in the reports that it files or submits under the Act (15 U.S.C. 78a et seg.) is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the Commission's rules and forms. Disclosure, controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by in our reports filed under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Act") is accumulated and communicated to the issuer's management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

# Management's Annual Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) of the Exchange Act. Our internal control system was designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America. Our internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management of the Company; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of inherent limitations, a system of internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate due to change in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Our management conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting using the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) in Internal Control—Integrated Framework (2013 framework) at June 30, 2016. Based on its evaluation, our management concluded that, as of June 30, 2016, our internal control over financial reporting was not effective because of: 1) Our reliance upon independent financial reporting consultants for review of critical accounting areas and disclosures and material non-standard transaction; and 2) a lack of sufficient accounting staff which results in a lack of segregation of duties necessary for a good system of internal control. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

This annual report does not include an attestation report of the Company's registered public accounting firm regarding internal control over financial reporting. Management's report was not subject to the attestation by the Company's registered public accounting firm pursuant to the rules of the SEC that permit the Company to provide only management's report in this annual report.

# PART III

# ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The following persons serve as directors and officers of Freestone Resources, Inc.:

Michael McGhan, Chief Executive Officer and President

Paul E. Babb, Chief Financial Officer

#### Don Edwards, Chief Investment Officer

Michael McGhan, age 61, has extensive experience with operations, sales and management that will be extremely beneficial to Freestone, and the development of the Company's petrochemical product line. From 1991 to August 2002, Mr. McGhan was a co-founder, President and Chief Executive Officer of Hanover Compressor Co. (now Exterran Holdings, Inc.). Hanover became the largest natural gas compression company in the world with approximately 7,000 compression rental units in the field, and annual revenues over \$1.1 billion. In August 2004, Mr. McGhan along with his partners co-founded Valerus Compression Services LLP. Mr. McGhan served as co-CEO and ultimately Vice-Chairman of the company until December 2009. Mr. McGhan and his partners built Valerus into one of the world's leading providers of natural gas treatment and compression equipment and services to the global oil and gas industry.

Paul E. Babb, age 59 is a CPA and served as the Company's Controller and Director of Financial Reporting since July, 2015 until his appointment as C.F.O. He received his B.S. and M.S. degrees in accounting from Oklahoma State University. He has over thirty years of financial reporting experience in both industry and public accounting. Prior to his employment with Freestone Mr. Babb worked as a consultant for the Thomas Edwards Group as an audit manager for The Hall Group CPAs. His previous experience included ten years as controller for Mapsco, Inc.

Don Edwards, age 66, is a graduate from Texas Christian University with a BBA degree concentrating in Finance and Economics. Mr. Edwards started his business career with E. F. Hutton where he was a regional OTC Coordinator. He also ran a trading desk for OTC stocks. He later served as President, CFO, CEO and Director for four securities firms as well as a Director for two savings and loans. He has been responsible for managing many public and private companies. He has raised startup capital for dozens of both private and public companies. Mr. Edwards has vast knowledge in the investment field including fine art. He has bought and sold art works of such artists as Charles Russell and Monet. Don was a licensed Insurance agent for many years and assisted in managing the West Texas region for Mass Mutual Life Ins. Co. Don also has a background in the Oil and Gas Industry. His family has run a successful Drilling Co. in West Texas for over half a century. Mr. Edwards will maintain his position as Chief Investment Officer of the Company. Mr. Edwards has served as the Chief Investment Officer for the Company for five years. Prior to his employment at the Company, Mr. Edwards was self-employed.

# Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance

Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), requires our executive officers and directors, and persons who beneficially own more than ten percent of our common stock, to file initial reports of ownership and reports of changes in ownership with the SEC. Executive officers, directors and greater than ten percent beneficial owners are required by SEC regulations to furnish us with copies of all Section 16(a) forms they file. We believe that as of the date of this report they were all current in their 16(a) reports.

#### **Board of Directors**

Our board of directors currently consists of three members. Our directors serve one-year terms. Our board of directors has affirmatively determined that there are currently no independent directors serving on our board.

#### **Committees of the Board of Directors**

#### Audit Committee

We do not have a standing audit committee of the Board of Directors. Management has determined not to establish an audit committee at present because of our limited resources and limited operating activities do not warrant the formation of an audit committee or the expense of doing so. We do not have a financial expert serving on the Board of Directors or employed as an officer based on management's belief that the cost of obtaining the services of a person who meets the criteria for a financial expert under Item 401(e) of Regulation S is beyond its limited financial resources and the financial skills of such an expert are simply not required or necessary for us to maintain effective internal controls and procedures for financial reporting in light of the limited scope and simplicity of accounting issues raised in its financial statements at this stage of its development.

#### Governance, Compensation and Nominating Committee

We do not have a standing governance, compensation and nominating committee of the Board of Directors. Management has determined not to establish governance, compensation and nominating committees at present

because of our limited resources and limited operations do not warrant such a committee or the expense of doing so.

# **Code of Ethics**

The Company has adopted the following code of ethics for officers, directors and employees:

·Show respect towards others in the workplace

·Conduct all business activities in a fair and ethical manner

·Work dutifully and responsibly for the Company's shareholders and stakeholders

# Limitation of Liability of Directors

Pursuant to the Nevada General Corporation Law, our Articles of Incorporation exclude personal liability for our Directors for monetary damages based upon any violation of their fiduciary duties as Directors, except as to liability for any breach of the duty of loyalty, acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law, or any transaction from which a Director receives an improper personal benefit. This exclusion of liability does not limit any right which a Director may have to be indemnified and does not affect any Director's liability under federal or applicable state securities laws.

# ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

#### **Compensation of Executive Officers**

The following summary compensation table sets forth all compensation awarded to, earned by, or paid to the named executive officers paid by us during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 in all capacities for the accounts of our executives, including the Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Chief Financial Officer (CFO), and Chief Investment Officer (CIO):

# SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE

					Non-Equity Non-Qualified				
Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary (\$)	Bonu (\$)	Stock s Awards	-	on Incentive dsPlan	Deferred Compensa	All Other	. Totals
1 USILIUII		(Ψ)	(Ψ)	(\$)	(\$)	Compensa	tidfarnings	(\$)	(Φ)
						(\$)	(\$)		
Michael McGhan,	2016	29,125	0	540,000	0	0	0	0	569,125
CEO	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Clayton Carter,	2016	50,083	0	114,000	0	0	0	0	164,083
CEO (former)	2015	56,260	0	0	0	0	0	0	56,260
Don Edwards,	2016	39,500	0	114,000	0	0	0	0	153,500
CIO	2015	30,500	0	0	0	0	0	0	30,500
Paul Babb, CFO	2016	78,672	0	38,250	0	0	0	0	116,922
	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
James Carroll, CFO	2016	0	0	9,500	0	0	0	0	9,500
(former)	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

#### **Employment Agreements**

On January 7, 2016 Michael McGhan and the Company entered into a two-year employment agreement ("Employment Agreement"). The terms of the Employment Agreement include an initial salary of \$5,000 per month, which will increase to \$10,000 per month after six months, as well as stock-based compensation in the amount of 3,000,000 shares of the Company's restricted stock pursuant to Rule 144. Subject to Board approval, Mr. McGhan is eligible to receive warrants for up to 2,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock (the "Warrants"). The Warrants were not issued on the date of the Employment Agreement. The Board is not required to issue the Warrants. If the Warrants are issued to Mr. McGhan during the term of his Employment Agreement, the terms and conditions of the Warrants will be determined by the Board on the date the Warrants are issued. Mr. McGhan will also be eligible to participate in the Company's employee benefit plan that is generally available to all other employees at the Company.

On April 1, 2016 Paul Babb and the Company entered into a two-year employment agreement ("Employment Agreement") to serve as Controller and Director of SEC reporting. The terms of the Employment Agreement include an initial salary of \$5,250 per month, which will increase to \$6,667 per month after six months, as well as stock-based compensation in the amount of 1,000,000 shares of the Company's restricted stock pursuant to Rule 144 to be issued over the life of the contract. On May 31, 2016 Mr. Babb was appointed C.F.O.

# **Compensation of Directors**

Directors do not receive any compensation for their services as directors. The Board of Directors has the authority to fix the compensation of directors. No amounts have been paid to, or accrued to, directors in such capacity.

# ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT

# AND RELATED SHAREHOLDER MATTERS

As of June 30, 2016 the following persons are known to Freestone to own 5% or more of Freestone's Common Stock, as well as the Company's officers and directors.

Name and Address of Beneficial Owner, Officer or Director	Amount Beneficially Owned*	Percent of Class	t
Michael McGhan, President, CEO and Director	6,000,000	6.62	%
Paul E. Babb, Chief Financial Officer and Director	607,275	0.67	%
Don Edwards, Chief Investment Officer and Director	6,500,000	7.17	%
Clayton Carter, Beneficial Owner	7,605,000	8.39	%

Gerald M. Johnston, Beneficial Owner

12,904,167 14.24 %

# **Directors and Officers as a Group**

325 N. St. Paul St.

Suite 1350

Dallas, TX 75201

#### Gerald M. Johnston

2821 Alliance Place

Suite 1

Springdale, AR 72764

# ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

On April 12, 2015 Paul Babb loaned the company \$50,000 under a note due April 12, 2016 bearing interest at 6.5%. The note is convertible into common stock at \$.08 per share upon maturity. Mr. Babb became the Company's CFO and a member of the board on May 31, 2016.

Due to our limited resources, the Company does not have any independent directors serving on the board of directors.

# ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES

#### **Audit Fees**

The aggregate fees billed for professional services rendered by our auditors, for the audit of the our annual financial statements and review of the financial statements included in our Form 10-K and Forms 10-Q or services that are normally provided by the accountant in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements for the year ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 were \$82,800 and \$25,610, respectively.

#### **Audit Related Fees**

None.

<u>Tax Fees</u>

None.

#### **All Other Fees**

None.

# ITEM 15. EXHIBITS AND FINANICAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

(a) The following documents are filed as part of this report: Included in Part II, Item 7 of this report:

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm for the year Ended June 30, 2016

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm for the year Ended June 30, 2015

**Consolidated Balance Sheets** 

Consolidated Statements of Operations

Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(b) Freestone filed the following Exhibits in the year ended June 30, 2016:

On January 7, 2016 Freestone filed an 8-K to report the resignation of its President and Chief Executive Office and the appointment of a new President and Chief Executive Officer.

(incorporated by reference to the Form 8-K filed on January 7, 2016)

On April 19, 2016 Freestone filed an 8-K to report the Change in Registrant's Certifying Accountant (incorporated by reference to the Form 8-K filed on April 19, 2016)

On April 28, 2016 Freestone filed an 8-K to report the registration of its Chief Financial Officer (incorporated by reference to the Form 8-K filed on April 28, 2016)

On June 2, 2016 Freestone filed an 8-K to report three board members and the appointment of two new board members and a Chief Financial Officer (incorporated by reference to the Form 8-K filed on June 2, 2016)

#### (c) Exhibits

#### 31 Certification

32 Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 – CEO and CFO

XBRL

# SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

#### Freestone Resources, Inc.

Dated: October 13, 2016 By:/s/ Michael McGhan Michael McGhan,

Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Annual Report on Form 10-K to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

Name	Title	Date
By: /s/ Michael McGhan	President, Chief Executive Officer and Director	October 13, 2016
Michael McGhan		

By: /s/ Paul E. Babb	Chief Financial Officer, Director	October 13, 2016
Paul E. Babb		
By: /s/ Don Edwards	Chief Investment Officer, Director	October 13, 2016
Don Edwards		,

# REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To The Board of Directors and Stockholders

Freestone Resources, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Freestone Resources, Inc. (the "Company") as of June 30, 2016, and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States of America). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Freestone Resources, Inc. as of June 30, 2016, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements referred to above have been prepared assuming the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 14 to the financial statements, the Company has not generated sufficient cash flows to fund its business operations. These factors raise substantial doubt that the Company will be able to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

/s/ Heaton & Company, PLLC

Farmington, Utah

October 13, 2016

# REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of

Freestone Resources, Inc.

Dallas, Texas

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Freestone Resources, Inc. and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Company", or "Successor") as of June 30, 2015, and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the period from June 25, 2015 through June 30, 2015. We have also audited the statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows of C. C. Crawford Retreading Co., Inc. (the "Predecessor") for the period from July 1, 2014 through June 24, 2015. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Freestone Resources, Inc. and its subsidiaries as of June 30, 2015 and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the period from June 25, 2015 through June 30, 2015, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Further, in our opinion, the Predecessor financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, results of operations and cash flows of C. C. Crawford Retreading Co., Inc. for the period from July 1, 2014 through June 24, 2015 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that Freestone Resources, Inc. will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 14 to the financial statements, Freestone Resources, Inc. has not generated sufficient profits and cash flows to fund our business operations, which raises substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans regarding those matters also are described in Note 14. The financial statements do not include any adjustments to reflect the possible future effects on the recoverability and classification of assets or the amounts and classification of liabilities that may result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

/s/ MaloneBailey, LLP

www.malonebailey.com

Houston, Texas

October 6, 2015

### Freestone Resources Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Balance Sheets

	June 30, 2016 Successor	June 30, 2015 Successor
ASSETS		
Current Assets Cash	\$29,791	\$38,372
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful account of \$4,000 and \$0 Inventory Prepaid and Other Assets Total Current Assets	141,134 69,570 43,497 283,992	98,208 122,000 51,151 309,731
Property, plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$125,436 and \$16,564	1,641,661	1,665,430
TOTAL ASSETS	\$1,925,653	\$1,975,161
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Environmental liability Current portion of capital lease obligation Current portion of long-term debt Total Current Liabilities	\$86,661 205,382 400,000 11,419 1,212,261 1,915,723	\$51,269 72,777 32,000  56,051 212,097
Asset Retirement Obligation Capital lease obligation, less current portion Long-term debt, less current portion	 37,523 50,279	14,470 — 1,104,913
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,003,525	1,331,480
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Common stock, \$.001 par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized, 90,613,177 and 81,088,177 shares issued and outstanding Additional paid in capital Accumulated deficit Non-Controlling Interest	90,613 20,786,503 (21,304,159) (427,043) 349,171 (77,872)	643,381 300

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY\$1,925,653\$1,975,161

The Accompanying Notes Are An Integral Part of These Consolidated Financial Statements

## Freestone Resources Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Operations

	Year Ended June 30, 2016 Successor (A	June 25, 2 to June 30 2015 ) Successor	), to Ju 201	r 1, 2014 une 24, 5 decessor (A)
REVENUE Tipping Fee Revenue	\$ 552	2,115 \$	- \$	463,537
Tire Repair Revenue Used	370	),298	-	432,039
Tire Sales	137	7,900	-	161,445
Oil & Gas Revenue Scrap	12	2,180		
Material Sales	26	5,433	-	57,999
Total Revenue	1,098	3,926	-	1,115,020
COSTS OF REVENUE				
Tipping Fee Operations	205	5,799	-	255,345
Tire Repair and Sales	237	7,160	-	163,011
Tire Disposal Total	637	7,730	-	161,721
Cost of Revenue	1,080	),689	-	580,077
GROSS PROFIT		3,237	-	534,943
OPERATING EXPENSES Start	1.7%		48.0	)%
Up Costs	418	3,287		-
Selling	199 1,649	9,274 9,605	-	154,842 329,456

General and					
Administrative Depreciation and		118,978			60,652
Amortization Loss on Sale of		2,111	-		_
Assets Total					
Operating Expense		2,388,255	-	5	544,950
INCOME (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS	(2	2,370,018)	-	(	10,007)
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)					
Bargain Purchase Gain		-	128,750		-
Interest Expense, net		(134,271)		(	10,530)
net		(134,271)	128,750	(	10,530)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE NON-CONTROLL INTEREST	LING <sup>(2</sup>	2,504,289)	128,750	(	20,537)
Loss Attributable to Non-Controlling Interest		126,115	-		-
NET INCOME(LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO FREESTONE	\$ (2	2,378,174) \$	128,750	\$ (	20,537)
Basic and diluted income (loss) per share Net income					
(loss) per share	\$	(0.03)	0.00		

81,088,177

Weighted average 86,963,484 shares 0utstanding Basic and diluted

(A) The acquisition of C.C. Crawford Retreading Co., Inc. by Freestone Resources Inc. closed on June 24, 2015.(See Note 3 to the consolidated

financial Statements)

The Accompanying Notes Are An Integral Part of These Consolidated Financial Statements

## Freestone Resources Inc. and Subsidiaries Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

Predecessor	Common Shares	Stock Amount	Paid-In Capital	Accumulate Deficit	Non d Controlling Interest		Totals
Balance, June 30, 2014	100,000	\$1,000,000	\$(557,816)	\$(413,977)	\$		\$28,207
Net Loss				(20,537)			(20,537)
Balance, June 24, 2015 (A)	100,000	\$1,000,000	\$(557,816)	\$(434,514)	\$	-	\$7,670

	Common S Shares	tock Amount	Paid-In Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Non Controlling Interest	Totals
Successor		1 1110 0110	Cupitui	2 • • • • • •		
(A)						
Balance,						
June 25,	76,088,177	\$76,088	\$18,993,2783	\$(19,054,735) \$	5	- \$14,631
2015						
Common						
Stock						
Issued						
to fund	5 000 000	5 000	405 000			500.000
CTR	5,000,000	5,000	495,000			500,000
Downpaym	lent					
Sale of						
Membershi	D				300	300
Interest	r					
Bargain						
Purchase				128,750		128,750
Gain						
Balance,	01 000 177	¢01.000	¢ 10, 400, <b>27</b> 04	t (10 005 005) (	t 200	¢ ( 42 ( 01
June 30,	81,088,177	\$81,088	\$19,488,2783	\$(18,925,985) \$	\$300	\$643,681
2015						
	4,600,000	4,600	430,400			435,000
	. ,	,				·

Common Stock Issued for Cash					
Common Stock Issued for Services	) 4,725	848,025		852,750	
Common Stock Issued for 200,000 O&S Interest	200	19,800		20,000	
Members Contributions to LLC			474,986	474,986	
Net Loss		(2,378	3,174)	(2,378,174)	
Loss Attributable to Non-Controlling Interest			(126,115)	(126,115)	
Balance, June 30, 90,613,17 2016	7\$90,613	\$20,786,503\$(21,30	)4,159) \$349,171	\$(77,872)	
(A) The acquisition of C.C. Crawford Retreading Co., Inc. by Freestone Resources Inc.					

(A) The acquisition of C.C. Crawford Retreading Co., Inc. by Freestone Resources Inc. closed on June 24, 2015.(See Note 3 to the consolidated financial Statements)

The Accompanying Notes Are An Integral Part of These Consolidated Financial Statements

## Freestone Resources Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Cash Flow

	Year Ended June 30, 2016 Successor (A)	July 1, 2014 to June 24, 2015 Successor (A)	July 1, 2014 to June 24, 2015 Predecessor (A)
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net Income \$ (Loss) Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by	(2,504,289) \$	6 128,750	\$ (20,537)
operating activities: Depreciation Loss	118,978	-	60,652
on Disposal of Assets	2,111	-	-
Bargain Purchase Gain Stock	-	(128,750)	-
Issued for Services	852,750	-	-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities Decrease			
in Accounts Receivable	(42,626)	-	25,981
Decrease	52,430	-	1,968

Inventory Increase			
in Documental	7,654	-	(527)
Prepaid Expenses			
Increase			
(Decrease) in			
Accounts	713,595	-	27,800
Payable and	, 10,070		_,,
Accrued Liabilities			
Decrease			
in			
Accrued	-	-	(55,000)
Bonus			
Payable Net Cash			
Provided			
by	(799,397)	-	40,337
Operating			
Activities			
CASH			
FLOW			
FROM			
INVESTING			
ACTIVITIES			
Cash received			
in CTR	-	18,225	
Acquisition			
Purchase			
of	(19,419)		
Fixed Assets			
Cash			
Contributed			
to LLC by	324,113	-	-
non-controlling			
member Net Cash			
Used in			
Investing	304,694	18,225	-
Activities			
CASH			
FLOW			
FROM			
FINANCING			
ACTIVITIES	425.000		
	435,000		

	0 0		-	
Proceeds from sale of stock Proceeds from	120,000			
borrowing Repayment of Debt Net Cash	(68,878)	-	(52,577)	
Used In Financing Activities	486,122	-	(52,577)	
Net Decrease in Cash	(8,581)	18,225	(12,240)	
Cash at Beginning of the Period	38,372	20,147	30,465	
Cash at the End of the Period	\$ 29,791 \$	38,372	\$ 18,225	
Cash Transactions Total Amount				
of Interest Paid in Cash	\$ 10,613 \$	-	\$ 10,802	
Total Income Taxes Paid in Cash	\$ - \$	-	\$ -	
Non Cash financing and Investing Activities				

Note Payable for Fixed Assets	\$ 123,899	\$ -	\$ -
Note assumed by Buyer in Sale of Vehicle	\$ 12,109	\$	\$
Note Payable for Acquisition of CTR	\$	\$ 1,020,000	\$ -
Stock Issued to fund down payment of			
CTR Purchase	\$	\$ 500,000	\$ -

(A) The acquisition of C.C. Crawford Retreading Co., Inc. by Freestone Resources Inc. closed on June 24, 2015.(See Note 3 to the consolidated financial Statements)

The Accompanying Notes Are An Integral Part of These Consolidated Financial Statements

### Freestone Resources Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

# NOTE 1 - NATURE OF ACTIVITIES AND CONTINUANCE OF BUSINESS

Freestone Resources, Inc. and subsidiaries ("Freestone" or collectively the "Company") are an oil and gas technology development company. The Company is located in Dallas, Texas and is incorporated under the laws of the State of Nevada. The Company's subsidiaries consist of C.C. Crawford Retreading Company, Inc., Freestone Technologies, LLC and Freestone Dynamis Energy Products, LLC.

The Company's primary business is the development of new technologies that allow for the utilization of oil and gas resources in an environmentally responsible and cost effective way.

C.C. Crawford Retreading Company, Inc. ("CTR") is an Off-The-Road ("OTR") tire company located in Ennis, Texas and incorporated under the laws of the State of Texas. CTR's primary business is to repair, recycle, dispose of and sell OTR tires, which are used on large, industrial equipment.

Freestone Dynamis Energy Products, LLC ("FDEP") is a joint venture between Dynamis Energy, LLC and the Company. FDEP was established to pursue the production and marketing of Petrozene<sup>TM</sup>. FDEP's initial operations will utilize a specialized pyrolysis technology in order to process CTR's feedstock, and begin large scale production of Petrozene<sup>TM</sup>. Freestone owns 70% of FDEP.

Freestone Technology, LLC. is an inactive subsidiary.

# NOTE 2 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Company's management selects accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and adopts methods for their application. The application of accounting principles requires the estimating, matching and timing of revenue and expense. It is also necessary for management to determine, measure and allocate resources and

obligations within the financial process according to those principles. The accounting policies used conform to generally accepted accounting principles which have been consistently applied in the preparation of these financial statements.

The financial statements and notes are representations of the Company's management which is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. Management further acknowledges that it is solely responsible for adopting sound accounting practices, establishing and maintaining a system of internal accounting control and preventing and detecting fraud. The Company's system of internal accounting control is designed to assure, among other items, that 1) recorded transactions are valid; 2) valid transactions are recorded; and 3) transactions are recorded in the proper period in a timely manner to produce financial statements which present fairly the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Company for the respective periods being presented.

### Basis of Presentation:

The Company prepares its financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting. The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries, all of which have a fiscal year end of June 30. All significant intercompany accounts, balances and transactions have been eliminated in the consolidation.

The Company consolidates its subsidiaries in accordance with ASC 810, and specifically ASC 810-10-15-8 which states, "[t]he usual condition for a controlling financial interest is ownership of a majority voting interest, and, therefore, as a general rule ownership by one reporting entity, directly or indirectly, or over 50% of the outstanding voting shares of another entity is a condition pointing toward consolidation."

### Predecessor Accounting:

On June 24, 2015 Freestone acquired 100% of the outstanding common stock of CTR. The results of operations and cash flows from June 24, 2015 (the date of acquisition) through June 30, 2015 are considered immaterial. The allocation of the purchase price and the estimated fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed are presented as of that date. (See Note 3) The operations of Freestone were insignificant in comparison to CTR, so the consolidated financial statements included herein for the period from July 1, 2014 to June 24, 2015 are presented under predecessor entity reporting wherein the prior historical information consists solely of CTR's balance sheet and results of operations and cash flows. The consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2015 and for the period from June 25, 2015 through June 30, 2015 are presented under successor entity reporting. Because the results of operations and cash flows from June 24, 2015 (the date of acquisition) through June 30, 2015 are immaterial, they have been included in the predecessor period for reporting purposes. Accordingly, only transactions directly associated with the purchase of CTR are included in the successor period.

### Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

### Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements:

The Company does not expect the adoption of recently issued accounting pronouncements to have a significant impact on the Company's results of operations, financial position or cash flows.

### Income Taxes:

The Company has adopted ASC 740-10, which requires the use of the liability method in the computation of income tax expense and the current and deferred income taxes payable. A valuation allowance is provided for the amount of deferred tax assets that, based on available evidence, are not expected to be realized.

### Cash:

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in banks and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less. The Company maintains deposits in a financial institution which provides Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation coverage for interest bearing and non-interest bearing transaction accounts of up to \$250,000. At June 30, 2016, none of the Company's cash was in excess of federally insured limits.

## Revenue Recognition:

CTR recognizes revenue from the sale of products in accordance with ASC 605. Revenue will be recognized only when all of the following criteria have been met:

- Persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists; and
- Ownership and all risks of loss have been transferred to buyer, which is generally upon delivery; and
- The price is fixed and determinable; and
- Collectability is reasonably assured.

The three main sources of revenue are recognized as follows:

Revenues associated with tire disposals are recognized upon receipt of the tire by CTR; and

Revenues associated with tire repairs are invoiced and recognized upon completion of repair and receipt of the tire by the customer; and

Revenue associated with used tires and scrap sales are recognized upon delivery of the product to the customer. Revenue associated with sales of Petrozene is recognize upon delivery to the customer.

### Accounts Receivable:

Accounts Receivable consists of accrued OTR tire repair, disposal, recycling and used tire sales receivables due from customers and are unsecured. The receivables are generally unsecured and such amounts are generally due within 30 to 45 days after the date of the invoice. Accounts Receivable are carried at their face amount, less an allowance for doubtful accounts. CTR's policy is generally not to charge interest on receivables after the invoice becomes past due. A receivable is considered past due if payments have not been received within agreed upon invoice terms. Write offs are recorded at a time when a customer receivable is deemed uncollectible. CTR's allowance for doubtful accounts was \$4,000 and \$0 as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

### Shipping and Handling Costs

The Company's includes shipping and handlings cost as part of cost of goods sold.

### Inventory:

Inventory of the Company is carried at lower of cost or market. At acquisition the Company's inventory was revalued at fair market value as part of the purchase price allocation. The Company's inventory consists of processed rubber from disposed tires carried at cost of processing, and used tires for sale carried at the cost of repairs. As of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015 inventory consisted of:

	2016	2015
	Successor	Successor
Crum Rubber for Processing	\$ 8,087	\$10,246
Used Tire for Resale	49,945	111,754
Tire Oil	11,538	-
	\$69,570	\$122,000

### Property, Plant and Equipment:

Property, Plant and Equipment are carried at the cost of acquisition or construction, and are depreciated over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Assets acquired in a business combination are stated at estimated fair value. Costs associated with repair and maintenance are expensed as they are incurred. Costs associated with improvements which extend the life, increase the capacity or improve the efficiency of our property and equipment are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining life of the related asset. Gains and losses on dispositions of equipment are in operating income. Depreciation and amortization are provided using the straight-line and accelerated methods over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Buildings and Improvements	10 - 39 Years
Machinery and Equipment	7 Years
Automotive Equipment	5-7 Years
Office Furniture & Equipment	5 Years
Collectable Art Work	Not Depreciated

#### Impairment of Long-Lived Assets:

The Company evaluates, on a periodic basis, long-lived assets to be held and used for impairment in accordance with the reporting requirements of ASC 360-10. The evaluation is based on certain impairment indicators, such as the nature of the assets, the future economic benefit of the assets, any historical or future profitability measurements, as well as other external market conditions or factors that may be present. If these impairment indicators are present or other factors exist that indicate that the carrying amount of the asset may not be recoverable, then an estimate of the undiscounted value of expected future operating cash flows is used to determine whether the asset is recoverable and the amount of any impairment is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the asset and its estimated fair value. The fair value is estimated using valuation techniques such as market prices for similar assets or discounted future operating cash flows.

### Asset Retirement Obligation:

The Company records the fair value of a liability for asset retirement obligations ("ARO") in the period in which an obligation is incurred and records a corresponding increase in the carrying amount of the related long-lived asset. For Freestone Resources, asset retirement obligations primarily relate to the abandonment of oil and gas properties. The present value of the estimated asset retirement cost is capitalized as part of the carrying amount of oil and gas properties. The settlement date fair value is discounted at Freestone's credit adjusted risk-free rate in determining the abandonment liability. The abandonment liability is accreted with the passage of time to its expected settlement fair value. Revisions to such estimates are recorded as adjustments to the ARO and capitalized asset retirement costs and are charged to operations in the period in which they become known. At the time the abandonment cost is incurred, Freestone Resources is required to recognize a gain or loss if the actual costs do not equal the estimated costs included in the ARO. During 2016 and 2015, the Company recognized no accretion expense, as the properties were written down to salvage value as of June 30, 2009.

The amounts recognized for the ARO are based upon numerous estimates and assumptions, including future abandonment costs, future recoverable quantities of oil and gas, future inflation rates, and the credit adjusted risk-free interest rate.

### Stock-Based Compensation:

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation using a fair value based method whereby compensation cost is measured at the grant date based on the value of the services received and is recognized over the service period. The Company uses the Black-Scholes pricing model to calculate the fair value of options and warrants issued. In calculating this fair value, there are certain assumptions used such as the expected life of the option, risk-free interest rate, dividend yield, volatility and forfeiture rate. The use of a different estimate for any one of these components could have a material impact on the amount of calculated compensation expense.

The Company does not have any employee benefit or stock option plans.

### Fair Value Measurements:

ASC Topic 820, defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles, and requires certain disclosures about fair value measurements. In general, fair value of financial instruments are based upon quoted market prices, where available. If such quoted market prices are not available, fair

value is based upon internally developed models that primarily use, as inputs, observable market based parameters. Valuation adjustments may be made to ensure that financial instruments are recorded at fair value. These adjustments may include amounts to reflect counterparty credit quality and the Company's credit worthiness, among other things, as well as unobservable parameters.

Cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and other accrued expenses and other current assets and liabilities are carried at amounts which reasonably approximate their fair values because of the relatively short maturity of those instruments.

### Emerging Growth Company Critical Accounting Policy Disclosure:

The Company qualifies as an "emerging growth company" under the 2012 JOBS Act. Section 107 of the JOBS Act provides that an emerging growth company can take advantage of the extended transition period provided in Section 7(a)(2)(B) of the Securities Act for complying with new or revised accounting standards. As an emerging grown company, the Company can delay the adoption of certain accounting standards until those standards would otherwise apply to private companies. The Company may elect to take advantage of the benefits of this extended transition period in the future.

Reclassifications

Certain accounts in the prior year financial statements have been reclassified to conform with current year presentation.

## NOTE 3 - ACQUISITION OF C.C. CRAWFORD RETREADING CO., INC.

On June 24, 2015 the Company acquired 100% of the outstanding common stock of C.C. Crawford Retreading Co., Inc., a privately held company, for an aggregate price of \$1,520,000. Terms of the purchase were \$500,000 cash at closing and a note payable to the seller for \$1,020,000. The cash down payment was paid direct to a seller by a third party from sale of stock proceeds as discussed in Note 11. The Company estimated the fair value of assets acquired net of liabilities assumed to be \$1,648,750 resulting in a bargain purchase gain of \$128,750. The operations of Freestone were insignificant in comparison to CTR, so the consolidated financial statements included herein for the period from July 1, 2014 to June 24, 2015 are presented under predecessor entity reporting wherein the prior historical information consists solely of CTR's balance sheet and results of operations and cash flows. The consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015 and for the period from June 25, 2015 through June 30, 2015 are presented under successor entity reporting. Because the results of operations and cash flows from June 24, 2015 (the date of acquisition) through June 30, 2015 are immaterial, they have been included in the predecessor period for reporting purposes. Accordingly, only transactions directly associated with the purchase of CTR are included in the successor period.

The allocation of the purchase price and the estimated fair market value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed are shown below:

Acquired assets:

Current assets	
Cash	\$18,225
Accounts receivable	97,908
Inventory	122,000
Prepaid Expenses	49,000
Total Current Assets	287,133
Property, Plant and Equipment	
Land	360,000
Buildings and improvements	700,000
Automotive equipment	78,100
Machinery and equipment	499,860
Total PP&E	1,637,960
Total acquired assets	1,925,093
Assumed liabilities	
Current liabilities	

Accounts payable Environmental liability Current portion of long term debt	(103,379) (32,000) (56,051) (191,430)
Long Term Debt	(84,913)
Total assumed liabilities	(276,343)
Net Assets Acquired Purchase Price Bargain Purchase Gain	1,648,750 1,520,000 \$128,750

Unaudited pro forma results of operations data for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015 as if the companies had been combined as of July 1, 2014, follow. The pro forma results include estimates and assumptions which management believes are reasonable. However pro form results do not include any anticipated cost savings or other effects of the planned integration of these entities, and are not necessarily indicative of the results that would have occurred if the business combination had been in effect on the dates indicated or which may result in the future.

## FREESTONE RESOURCES, INC. UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

## Year Ended

### 6/30/2015

REVENUE Tipping Fee Revenue Tire Repair Revenue Used Tire Sales Oil & Gas Revenue Scrap Material Sales Total Revenue COSTS OF REVENUE	\$463,537 432,039 161,445 2,723 57,999 1,117,743	
Tipping Fee Operations	255,345	
Tire Repair and Sales	163,011	
Tire Disposal	161,721	
Cost of Petrozine		
Total Cost of Revenue	580,077	
GROSS PROFIT	537,666	
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Lease Operating Cost	33,563	
Loss on Equity Method Investment		
Impairment of Equity method Investment		
Impairment of Oil and Gas Investment		
Selling	154,842	
General and Administrative	590,060	
Depreciation and Amortization	60,652	
Gain on Sale of Asset	(1,064	)
Total Operating Expense	838,053	
INCOME (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS	(300,387	)
OTHER EXPENSES		
Interest Expense, net	(10,530	)
L	(10,530	)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TAXES	(310,917	)
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES	_	

NET INCOME(LOSS)

\$(310,917)

## NOTE 4 - FORMATION OF FREESTONE DYNAMIS ENERGY PRODUCTS, LLC.

On June 24, 2015 the Company entered into an agreement with Dynamis in order to form the joint venture FDEP, a Delaware limited liability company. Freestone determined to enter into a joint venture with Dynamis based on their track record and experience in the waste-to-energy industry, and their ability to provide the necessary funding to fully integrate the production, marketing and sale of Petrozene<sup>TM</sup> to current and future customers. The terms of the joint venture between the Company and Dynamis are as follows:

Freestone owns a 70% member interest in FDEP for licensing the rights to use Petrozene<sup>™</sup> to FDEP; and

Dynamis owns a 30% member interest in FDEP in exchange for providing funding up to \$5,000,000 to operate the joint venture, and purchase a continuous-feed pyrolysis machine capable of producing a product that can be used to produce Petrozene<sup>TM</sup>; and

FDEP will be leasing employees from CTR, and said employees will operate the machine. FDEP will reimburse CTR for the leased employees; and

FDEP has the right, but not the obligation to purchase CTR from Freestone through cash compensation to Freestone, the issuance of additional units in FDEP to Freestone or a combination of both cash and units in FDEP as mutually agreed upon by FDEP and Freestone; and

FDEP will lease a building from CTR in order to operate the specialized pyrolysis technology for payment of either the ad valorem taxes associated with the rented property or \$1,000 per month depending on which amount is the greater of the two; and

Dynamis will receive 80% of the distributions from FDEP until they have reached a 25% initial rate of return on funds invested into the joint venture. Once the 25% initial rate of return threshold is met all distributions from FDEP will be split according to the 70 / 30 member interest of FDEP owned by the Company and Dynamis.

On June 24, 2015 FDEP simultaneously entered into a lease agreement with a company that has developed a continuous-feed pyrolysis technology that will be operated by FDEP at the Company's facility in Ennis, Texas. FDEP and the company that developed the pyrolysis technology will split the revenues generated from the machine. FDEP will receive 70% of the revenues generated from the machine, and the company providing the continuous-feed pyrolysis technology will receive 30% of the revenues. This revenue split will remain in place so long as the machine is operating at the Company's facility in Ennis, Texas. The agreement between the two companies allows FDEP the opportunity to ensure that the technology continues to operate properly under the strict conditions that are necessary to produce Petrozene<sup>TM</sup>. If the leased pyrolysis machine operates within certain, predefined parameters then FDEP has the right to purchase additional machines.

During the year ended June 30, 2016, Dynamis paid \$150,873 for certain engineering and general administrative costs on behalf of FDEP, which are shown on the Statement of Cash Flows as a non-cash financing activity. These payments were treated as capital contributions to the entity by Dynamis. Dynamis also made cash contributions totaling \$324,113 to the entity during the year ended June 30, 2016

## NOTE 5 - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE AND CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

At June 30, 2016 and 2015 three customers made up 77% and two customers made up 53% of the Company's outstanding accounts receivable balance, respectively. For the years ending June 30, 2016 and 2015 two customers and one customer accounted for 60% and 49% of the Company's net revenue, respectively.

## NOTE 6 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

At June 30, 2016 and 2015 Property, Plant and Equipment was as follows:

	2016	2015
· ·	Successor	Successor
Land	\$360,000	\$360,000
Buildings and Improvements	700,000	700,000
Computers and Office Furniture	21,967	21,967
Automotive Equipment	120,585	78,100
Machinery and Equipment	505,878	499,860
Capital Lease Assets	56,738	-
Oil and gas properties used for research and development	-	22,067
	1,767,097	1,681,994
Less Accumulated Depreciation	125,436	16,564
	\$1,641,0661	\$1,665,430

For the year ended June 30, 2016 (Sucessor) and the period from July 1, 2014 through June 24, 2015 (Predecessor) depreciation expense was \$118,978 and \$60,652, respectively. There was no depreciation expense during the Successor of June 25, 2015 to June 30, 2015.

### NOTE 7 – ENVIRONMENTAL LIABILITY

The Company's tire recycling permit requires the Company to ultimately dispose of all tires accepted for recycling. Tire disposal occurs in the normal course of business however the Company always has tires stored at its facility that have not yet been disposed of. CTR had recorded liabilities totaling \$320,000 at June 30, 2014 (Predecessor) for estimated costs related to dispose of all tires at its Ennis, Texas facility. The environmental liability was calculated by estimating the costs associated with the various disposal costs that would be necessary to remove the tires from the CTR permitted facility. Upon acquisition of CTR by Freestone the liability was reduced to \$32,000 (Successor) as part of the purchase price allocation, and the revaluation of assets and liability to fair market value. The reduction was due to the formation of FDEP. CTR plans to convert the majority of the tires into crum rubber, and sell it to FDEP as a feedstock for its specialized pyrolysis operations. The remaining \$32,000 was an estimate of cost of disposing of the tires that are not acceptable for use as feedstock. At June 30, 2016, CTR increased its liability to \$400,000 representing the estimated disposal fees on the revised estimate of tires on hand. Although CTR still plans to convert the majority of the tires on hand. Although CTR still plans to convert the majority of the tires on hand. Although CTR still plans to convert the majority of the tires in crum rubber for use by FDEP the liability was recorded as part of the plan submitted to the TCEQ to cure potential violations regarding it processing permit. Since the plan requires CTR to significantly reduce the numbers of tires on hand within the next year and to date FDEP has not been able to demonstrate the capacity to

use the number of tires on hand so the liability is consider short-term.

# NOTE 8 - CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS

Capital lease assets of \$56,738 and accumulated amortization of \$8,861 are included in property, plant and equipment on the balance sheet at June 30, 2016. For the year ended June 30, 2016 amortization expense was \$8,861.

At June 30, 2016 and 2015 capital lease obligations were as follows:

At June 30, 2010 and 2013 capital lease obligations were as follows.	2016 2015
	Successor Successor
Lease payable bearing interest at 4.95% with monthly payments of \$315 maturing August 2019. The lease is secured by equipment.	\$11,069 \$
Lease payable bearing interest at 3.95% with monthly payments of \$309 maturing December, 2020. The lease is secured by equipment.	14,969
Lease payable bearing interest at 4.78% with monthly payments of \$489 maturing September, 2020. The lease is secured by equipment.	22,904
	48,942
Less current maturities	(11,419 )
	\$ 37,523 \$
At June 30, 2017 future maturities of capital lease obligations were as follows:	
Year Ending June 30:	
	2017\$ 11,419

2017\$	11,419
2018	11,939
2019\$	12,484
2020\$	9,839
2021\$	3,261
\$	48,942

# NOTE 9 – NOTES PAYABLE

At June 30, 2016 and 2015 notes payable were as follows:	2016	2015
Note payable to bank bearing interest at 4.5% with monthly payment of \$390 maturing September, 2017. The note is secured by an automobile	Successor \$5,676	Successor \$9,989
Note payable to bank bearing interest at 6.5% with monthly payment of \$4,892 maturing November, 2017. The note is secured by machinery and equipment	79,293	130,975
Note payable to bank bearing interest at 6.5% with monthly payment of \$809 maturing April, 2020. The note is secured by a Truck.	32,853	
Note payable to vendor bearing interest at 6.0% with monthly payment of \$800 maturing December, 2016. The note is unsecured.	4,718	
Note payable to officer bearing interest at 6.5% due April, 2017. The note is convertible into common stock at \$.08 a share at maturity. The note is unsecured.	50,000	
Line of credit with Bank maximum of \$75,000 bearing interest at 6.5% due March, 2017. The line is secured by accounts receivable.	70,000	
Note payable to seller in connection with purchase of CTR bearing interest at 12% maturing March, 2017. Interest only payable for the first year. Interest and principal due March, 2017. Secured by the common steels and essets of CTP.	1,020,000	1,020,000
due March, 2017. Secured by the common stock and assets of CTR	1,262,540	1,160,964

Less current maturities	(1,212,261	) (56,051 )
	\$50,279	\$1,104,913
At June 30, 2016 future maturities of long term debt were as follows:		
Year Ending June 30:		

2017\$1,212,261 2018\$33,549 2019\$8,881 2020\$7,849 \$1,262,540

## NOTE 10 - ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATIONS

Freestone's asset retirement obligations ("ARO") represents the estimated present value of the amount Freestone Resources will incur to plug, abandon and remediate its producing properties at the end of their productive lives, in accordance with applicable state laws. Freestone Resources determines the ARO on its oil and gas properties by calculating the present value of estimated cash flows related to the liability. The asset retirement obligations are recorded as current or non-current liabilities based on the estimated timing of the anticipated cash flows. For the years ending June 30, 2016 and 2015, Freestone Resources recognized no accretion expense. CTR did not have an asset retirement obligation.

The following table presents the changes in the asset retirement obligations as of and for the period from June 25, 2015 through June 30, 2015 (Successor):

2015

2016

	2016	2015
	(Successor)	(Successor)
Asset retirement obligations beginning period	\$14,470	\$14,470
Accretion expense	0	0
Assumed by Buyer of Property	(14,470	) 0
Asset retirement obligations, end of period	\$	\$14,470

### NOTE 11 – EQUITY

The Company is authorized to issue 100,000,000 common shares at a par value of \$0.001 per share. These shares have full voting rights. At June 30, 2016 and 2015 there were 90,613,177 and 81,088,177 common shares outstanding, respectively.

On July 25, 2015 Company sold 3,500,000 shares at \$0.10 per share to provide funding of subsequent costs associated with the acquisition of CTR, as well as general working capital for the Company. This transaction made Gerald M. Johnson a controlling shareholder of the Company. Mr. Johnson also joined the Company's advisory board. Mr. Johnson is the former CFO of Tyson Foods, Inc.

The Company has not paid a dividend to its shareholders.

June 30, 2015:

At June 30, 2015 (beginning of successor period) the Company had 76,088,177 shares outstanding. As part of the acquisition of CTR, the Company sold 5,000,000 shares for \$.10 each. The \$500,000 proceeds were paid directly to the seller of CTR.

In each case, the certificates representing the shares carry a legend that the shares may not be transferred without compliance with the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933 or in reliance upon an exemption therefrom. For each of these transactions, the Company relied upon Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933 as an exemption from the registration requirements of the Act.

### Stock Warrant:

As of June 30, 2015 there were 1,000,000 warrants outstanding allowing the holder to purchase one share of common stock each for 80% of the closing price at the exercise date. These warrants expired November 15, 2015.

On June 24, 2015 in connection with the sale of 5,000,000 shares of the company common stock associated with the purchase of CTR the Company issued 5,000,000 warrants to purchase shares of common stock at 80% of the average closing bid and sale cost over the previous ten days at exercise date. The warrants vested immediately and had a one year term.

As of June 30, 2016 there were no stock warrants outstanding.

## NOTE 12 - INCOME TAXES

The Company files a consolidate Federal Income Tax Return. As of June 30, 2016 the Company has a NOL carryforward of approximately \$4,400,000. Under IRC Code Sec 382 use of NOL carryforwards may be limited due to CTR acquisition by Freestone.

The Company recognizes the tax effects of transactions in the year in which such transactions enter into the determination of net income, regardless of when reported for tax purposes. Deferred taxes are provided in the financial statements under ASC Topic 740, *Income Taxes*, to give effect to the resulting temporary differences which may arise from differences in the bases of fixed assets, depreciation methods, allowances, non-deductible stock for services and environmental reserves based on the income taxes expected to be payable in future years. Deferred tax benefits related to the NOL carryforward of approximated \$1,500,000 are fully reserved.

FDEP has a calendar tax year and files a separate Form 1065 partnership return with income and loss being allocated based on distributions and contributions under the partnership agreement. Freestone share of the year ended December 31, 2016 loss is included in the consolidated June 30, 2016 return.

The Company has no tax positions at June 30, 2016 and 2015 for which the ultimate deductibility is highly certain but for which there is uncertainty about the timing of such deductibility.

The Company's tax returns for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014, 2013 and 2012 are open for examination under Federal Statute of Limitations.

The Company recognizes interest accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits in interest expense and penalties in operating expenses. The Company had no accruals for interest and penalties since inception.

A reconciliation of the provision for income tax expense with the expected income tax computed by applying the federal statutory income tax to income before provision for income taxes is as follows:

(Successor)	(Successor)	(Predecessor)
2016	2015	2015
June 30	June 30	June 24
Year Ended	Period Ended	Period Ended

Federal statutory tax rate of 34%	\$(809,000)	\$ (44,000	) \$ (64,000	)
Non-Deductible Stock Compensation Expense	290,000			
Non-Deductible Travel & Entertainment	8,000			
Change in valuation allowance	510,000 \$—	44,000 \$—	64,000 \$ —	

## NOTE 13 – EMPLOYEE BENEFITS AND AGREEMENTS

### Officer Agreement:

On June 5, 2012, CTR entered into a three year Employment Agreement with Dirk Crawford ("Mr. Crawford"). For certain compensation, including a salary and signing bonus, Mr. Crawford would remain president of CTR for the term of his Employee Agreement. Mr. Crawford also received certain retirement and healthcare benefits relating to his Employee Agreement. No other employees have employment agreements at CTR, and they are at will employees.

On June 24, 2015 CTR agreed to an extension of Mr. Crawford's Employee Agreement ("Employee Agreement Extension"). The Employee Agreement Extension included an increased yearly salary, as well as a commission for tires sold. The aforesaid tire sales commission is limited to \$40,000. All other retirement and healthcare benefits remained the same, and no other changes were made to the Employee Agreement.

On January 7, 2016, Michael McGhan and the Company entered into a two-year employment agreement ("Employment Agreement"). The terms of the Employment Agreement include an initial salary of \$5,000 per month, which will increase to \$10,000 per month after six months, as well as stock-based compensation in the amount of 3,000,000 shares of the Company's restricted stock pursuant to Rule 144. Subject to Board approval, Mr. McGhan is eligible to receive warrants for up to 2,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock (the "Warrants"). The Warrants are not issued on the date of the Employment Agreement. The Board is not required to issue the Warrants. If the Warrants are issued to Mr. McGhan during the term of his Employment Agreement, the terms and conditions of the Warrants will be determined by the Board on the date the Warrants are issued. Mr. McGhan will also be eligible to participate in the Company's employee benefit plan that is generally available to all other employees at the Company.

On April 1, 2016, Paul Babb and the Company entered into a two-year employment agreement ("Employment Agreement") to serve as Controller and Director of SEC reporting. The terms of the Employment Agreement include an initial salary of \$5,250 per month, which will increase to \$6,667 per month after six months, as well as stock-based compensation in the amount of 1,000,000 shares of the Company's restricted stock pursuant to Rule 144 to be issued over the life of the contract. On June 1, 2016 Mr. Babb was appointed C.F.O.

### Retirement Plan Contribution:

During the year ended June 30, 2016 (Successor) and the period from July 1, 2014 until June 24, 2015 (Predecessor) the Company contributed \$6,185 and \$5,246 in matching contributions to the Company's IRA plan. There were no contributions during the successor period from June 25, 2015 to June 30, 2015.

### NOTE 13 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Freestone leases office space under a non-cancelable office lease which expires July 31, 2017. There was no lease expense during the successor period. The predecessor had no lease expense for either predecessor period.

Future Minimum Lease payments are as follow

Year	
End	Amount
June	Amount
30	
2017	\$22,605
2018	1,884
Total	\$24,489

Freestone has royalty and commission agreements with certain consultants related to the sale of Petrozene<sup>TM</sup> for their work in the re-launch of the Petrozene<sup>TM</sup> product line. These royalty and commission agreements range from 2.5% to 7.5% of the net income the Company receives from Petrozene<sup>TM</sup> sales, and the agreements also have special royalty provisions for certain customers that expire on April 14, 2030. One of the contracts is with the brother of the former C.E.O of the Company.

### NOTE 14 – GOING CONCERN

As of the date of this annual report, there is substantial doubt regarding the Company's ability to continue as a going concern as we have not generated sufficient cash flows to fund our business operations and loan commitments. Our future success and viability, therefore, are dependent upon our ability to generate capital financing. The failure to generate sufficient revenues or raise additional capital may have a material and adverse effect upon the Company and our shareholders.

The Company formed FDEP in order to vertically integrate its Petrozene<sup>TM</sup> product line, and utilize a specialized pyrolysis process in order to produce other byproducts of value that will generate revenue for FDEP. In turn, the ability of FDEP to process large quantities of OTR tires will allow the Company to increase the amount of OTR tires it can dispose of and process, which will generate additional revenue of the Company. Additionally, the Company intends to raise equity or debt financing that will allow the Company to expand its current operations.

# NOTE 15 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In July, 2016 the Company sold 500,000 shares of Common Stock for \$25,000 cash.

On July 31, 2016 the Company borrowed \$60,000 from a stockholder under a one year note payable convertible into common stock at \$.08 a share.

On September 23, 2016 the Company modified the terms of its note payable in connection with the purchase of CTR to deferr all principal and interest until March 15, 2017 at which time it will be due in full.

On September 30, 2016 the Company issued 125,000 shares of common stock to its Chief Financial Officer for services render under his employment contract.