AMERIPRISE FINANCIAL INC Form 10-Q November 03, 2009 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES

UNITED STATES 1

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Edgar Filing: AMERIPRISE FINANCIAL INC - Form 10-Q WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

FORM 10-Q 5

X QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended September 30, 2009

FORM 10-Q 6

OR

OR 7

| 0 | TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 |
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TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT&OF 1934

For the Transition Period from to

Commission File No. 1-32525





(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

13-3180631

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

1099 Ameriprise Financial Center, Minneapolis, Minnesota

55474

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

Registrant s telephone number, including area code: (612) 671-3131

Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report: Not Applicable

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated Filer x

Accelerated Filer o

Non-Accelerated Filer o (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer s classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class
Common Stock (par value \$.01 per share)

Outstanding at October 23, 2009 255,003,596 shares

55474

Table of Contents

AMERIPRISE FINANCIAL, INC.

FORM 10-Q

FORM 10-Q 16

INDEX

Part I. Financial Information:

| | Item 1. | <u>Financial Statements</u> | |
|----------|--------------------|--|-----|
| | | Consolidated Statements of Operations Three months and nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 | 3 |
| | | Consolidated Balance Sheets September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008 | 4 |
| | | Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 | 5 |
| | | Consolidated Statements of Equity Nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 | 7 |
| | | Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements | 8 |
| | Item 2. | Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations | 35 |
| | Item 3. | Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk | 67 |
| | Item 4. | Controls and Procedures | 67 |
| Part II. | Other Information: | | |
| | Item 1. | <u>Legal Proceedings</u> | 68 |
| | Item 1A. | Risk Factors | 68 |
| | Item 2. | Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds | 68 |
| | Item 6. | <u>Exhibits</u> | 68 |
| | Signatures | | 69 |
| | Exhibit Index | 1 | E-1 |
| | | | |
| | | 2 | |

Table of Contents

AMERIPRISE FINANCIAL, INC.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Edgar Filing: AMERIPRISE FINANCIAL INC - Form 10-Q CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

(in millions, except per share amounts)

| Name | | | Three Months Ended September 30, | | | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | | | |
|---|--|----|-------------------------------------|---------|-----------|----|------------------------------------|---------|-------|--|
| Management and financial advice fees \$ 689 \$ 721 \$ 1,849 \$ 2,929 Distribution fees 367 376 1,029 1,231 Net investment income 542 62 1,477 856 Premiums 276 264 811 777 Other revenues 109 249 493 564 Total revenues 1,983 1,672 5,659 5,720 Banking and deposit interest expense 33 43 113 132 Total net revenues 1,950 1,629 5,546 5,588 Expenses Expenses Expenses Expenses Expenses Expenses Expenses Botic rick accounts 232 200 674 587 Expenses 466 461 1,274 1,499 Interest credited to fixed accounts (64) 240 97 538 Interest | | | | DE1 50, | 2008 | | | DEI 30, | 2008 | |
| Distribution fees | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment income 542 bit of the premiums 62 bit of the premiums 1,477 bit of 26 bit of 26 bit of 27 bit of | - | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | | |
| Premiums 276 264 811 777 Other revenues 109 249 493 564 Total revenues 1,983 1,672 5,659 5,720 Banking and deposit interest expense 33 43 113 132 Total revenues 1,950 1,629 5,546 5,588 Expenses 8 466 461 1,274 1,499 Distribution expenses 466 461 1,274 1,499 Interest credited to fixed accounts 232 200 674 587 Benefits, claims, losses and settlement expenses 306 196 993 794 Amortization of deferred acquisition costs (64) 240 97 538 Benefits, claims, losses and settlement expenses 45 27 99 81 General and administrative expense 625 681 1,820 1,843 Total expenses 1,610 1,805 4,97 5,342 Petax income (loss) 340 (176) <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | | | | | | | | | |
| Other revenues 109 249 493 564 Total revenues 1,983 1,672 5,659 5,720 Banking and deposit interest expense 33 43 113 132 Total net revenues 1,950 1,629 5,546 5,588 Expenses Expenses Distribution expenses 466 461 1,274 1,499 Interest credited to fixed accounts 232 200 674 587 Benefits, claims, losses and settlement expenses 306 196 993 794 Amortization of deferred acquisition costs (64) 240 97 538 Interest and debt expense 45 27 99 81 General and administrative expense 625 681 1,820 1,843 Total expenses 1,610 1,805 4,957 5,342 Pretax income (loss) 340 (176) 589 246 Income tax provision (benefit) 80 (92) 126 < | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total revenues | | | | | | | | | | |
| Banking and deposit interest expense 33 43 113 132 Total net revenues 1,950 1,629 5,546 5,588 Expenses 5,546 5,588 Distribution expenses 466 461 1,274 1,499 Interest credited to fixed accounts 232 200 674 587 Benefits, claims, losses and settlement expenses 306 196 993 794 Amortization of deferred acquisition costs (64) 240 97 538 Interest and debt expense 45 27 99 81 General and administrative expense 625 681 1,820 1,843 Total expenses 1,610 1,805 4,957 5,342 Pretax income (loss) 340 (176) 589 246 Income tax provision (benefit) 80 (92) 126 (61) Net income (loss) 260 (84) 463 307 Net income (loss) attributable to Ameriprise Financial 260 (70) 485 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total net revenues | | | , | | , | | - , | | | |
| Expenses Sustribution expenses 466 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Distribution expenses | Total net revenues | | 1,950 | | 1,629 | | 5,546 | | 5,588 | |
| Interest credited to fixed accounts | Expenses | | | | | | | | | |
| Benefits, claims, losses and settlement expenses 306 196 993 794 | Distribution expenses | | 466 | | 461 | | 1,274 | | 1,499 | |
| Amortization of deferred acquisition costs (64) 240 97 538 Interest and debt expense 45 27 99 81 General and administrative expense 625 681 1,820 1,843 Total expenses 1,610 1,805 4,957 5,342 Pretax income (loss) 340 (176) 589 246 Income tax provision (benefit) 80 (92) 126 (61) Net income (loss) 260 (84) 463 307 Less: Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests (14) (22) (24) Net income (loss) attributable to Ameriprise Financial 260 (70) 485 331 Earnings (loss) per share attributable to Ameriprise Financial 260 (0.32) 2.05 1.48 Diluted 1.00 (0.32)(1) 2.04 1.46 Weighted average common shares outstanding Basic 258.7 219.1 236.6 223.6 Diluted 260.7 221.7 238.0 226.4 Cash dividends paid per common share \$0.17 <td< td=""><td>Interest credited to fixed accounts</td><td></td><td>232</td><td></td><td>200</td><td></td><td>674</td><td></td><td>587</td></td<> | Interest credited to fixed accounts | | 232 | | 200 | | 674 | | 587 | |
| Interest and debt expense | | | 306 | | 196 | | 993 | | 794 | |
| General and administrative expense 625 681 1,820 1,843 Total expenses 1,610 1,805 4,957 5,342 Pretax income (loss) 340 (176) 589 246 Income tax provision (benefit) 80 (92) 126 (61) Net income (loss) 260 (84) 463 307 Less: Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests (14) (22) (24) Net income (loss) attributable to Ameriprise Financial \$ 260 \$ (70) \$ 485 \$ 331 Earnings (loss) per share attributable to Ameriprise Financial \$ 260 \$ (70) \$ 485 \$ 331 Earnings (loss) per share attributable to Ameriprise Financial common shareholders \$ 1.00 \$ (0.32) \$ 2.05 \$ 1.48 Diluted 1.00 (0.32)(1) 2.04 1.46 Weighted average common shares outstanding 258.7 219.1 236.6 223.6 Diluted 260.7 221.7 238.0 226.4 Cash dividends paid per common share \$ 0.17 \$ 0.17 \$ 0.51 \$ 0.47 Supplemental Disclosures: | Amortization of deferred acquisition costs | | \ / | | | | | | 538 | |
| Total expenses | | | | | 27 | | 99 | | 81 | |
| Pretax income (loss) 340 (176) 589 246 Income tax provision (benefit) 80 (92) 126 (61) Net income (loss) 260 (84) 463 307 Less: Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests (14) (22) (24) Net income (loss) attributable to Ameriprise Financial 260 (70) 485 \$ 331 Earnings (loss) per share attributable to Ameriprise Financial common shareholders 8 1.00 (0.32) \$ 2.05 \$ 1.48 Diluted 1.00 (0.32) \$ 2.05 \$ 1.48 Diluted 1.00 (0.32) 2.05 \$ 1.48 Weighted average common shares outstanding 8 258.7 219.1 236.6 223.6 Diluted 260.7 221.7 238.0 226.4 Cash dividends paid per common share \$ 0.17 \$ 0.17 \$ 0.51 \$ 0.47 Supplemental Disclosures: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Income tax provision (benefit) | • | | | | , | | | | | |
| Net income (loss) 260 (84) 463 307 Less: Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests (14) (22) (24) Net income (loss) attributable to Ameriprise Financial 260 (70) 485 331 Earnings (loss) per share attributable to Ameriprise Financial common shareholders 8 1.00 (0.32) 2.05 1.48 Basic 1.00 (0.32)(1) 2.04 1.46 Weighted average common shares outstanding Basic 258.7 219.1 236.6 223.6 Diluted 260.7 221.7 238.0 226.4 Cash dividends paid per common share \$ 0.17 \$ 0.51 \$ 0.47 Supplemental Disclosures: Net investment income: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Less: Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests (14) (22) (24) Net income (loss) attributable to Ameriprise Financial \$ 260 \$ (70) \$ 485 \$ 331 Earnings (loss) per share attributable to Ameriprise Financial common shareholders \$ 1.00 (0.32) \$ 2.05 \$ 1.48 Basic \$ 1.00 (0.32)(1) 2.04 1.46 Weighted average common shares outstanding Basic 258.7 219.1 236.6 223.6 Diluted 260.7 221.7 238.0 226.4 Cash dividends paid per common share \$ 0.17 \$ 0.17 \$ 0.51 \$ 0.47 Supplemental Disclosures: Net investment income: | | | | | ` ' | | | | ` , | |
| Net income (loss) attributable to Ameriprise Financial \$ 260 \$ (70) \$ 485 \$ 331 Earnings (loss) per share attributable to Ameriprise Financial common shareholders | ` / | | 260 | | () | | | | | |
| Earnings (loss) per share attributable to Ameriprise Financial common shareholders Basic \$ 1.00 \$ (0.32) \$ 2.05 \$ 1.48 Diluted 1.00 (0.32)(1) 2.04 1.46 Weighted average common shares outstanding Basic 258.7 219.1 236.6 223.6 Diluted 260.7 221.7 238.0 226.4 Cash dividends paid per common share \$ 0.17 \$ 0.17 \$ 0.51 \$ 0.47 Supplemental Disclosures: Net investment income: | | | • (0 | φ. | | | | | | |
| Financial common shareholders Basic \$ 1.00 \$ (0.32) \$ 2.05 \$ 1.48 Diluted 1.00 (0.32)(1) 2.04 1.46 Weighted average common shares outstanding Basic 258.7 219.1 236.6 223.6 Diluted 260.7 221.7 238.0 226.4 Cash dividends paid per common share \$ 0.17 \$ 0.17 \$ 0.51 \$ 0.47 Supplemental Disclosures: | Net income (loss) attributable to Ameriprise Financial | \$ | 260 | \$ | (70) | \$ | 485 | \$ | 331 | |
| Basic \$ 1.00 \$ (0.32) \$ 2.05 \$ 1.48 Diluted 1.00 (0.32)(1) 2.04 1.46 Weighted average common shares outstanding Basic 258.7 219.1 236.6 223.6 Diluted 260.7 221.7 238.0 226.4 Cash dividends paid per common share \$ 0.17 \$ 0.17 \$ 0.51 \$ 0.47 Supplemental Disclosures: Net investment income: | Earnings (loss) per share attributable to Ameriprise | | | | | | | | | |
| Diluted 1.00 (0.32)(1) 2.04 1.46 Weighted average common shares outstanding Basic 258.7 219.1 236.6 223.6 Diluted 260.7 221.7 238.0 226.4 Cash dividends paid per common share \$ 0.17 \$ 0.17 \$ 0.51 \$ 0.47 Supplemental Disclosures: | Financial common shareholders | | | | | | | | | |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding Basic 258.7 219.1 236.6 223.6 Diluted 260.7 221.7 238.0 226.4 Cash dividends paid per common share \$ 0.17 \$ 0.17 \$ 0.51 \$ 0.47 Supplemental Disclosures: Net investment income: | Basic | \$ | 1.00 | \$ | (0.32) | \$ | 2.05 | \$ | 1.48 | |
| Basic 258.7 219.1 236.6 223.6 Diluted 260.7 221.7 238.0 226.4 Cash dividends paid per common share \$ 0.17 \$ 0.17 \$ 0.51 \$ 0.47 Supplemental Disclosures: Net investment income: | Diluted | | 1.00 | | (0.32)(1) |) | 2.04 | | 1.46 | |
| Basic 258.7 219.1 236.6 223.6 Diluted 260.7 221.7 238.0 226.4 Cash dividends paid per common share \$ 0.17 \$ 0.17 \$ 0.51 \$ 0.47 Supplemental Disclosures: Net investment income: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Diluted 260.7 221.7 238.0 226.4 Cash dividends paid per common share \$ 0.17 \$ 0.17 \$ 0.51 \$ 0.47 Supplemental Disclosures: Net investment income: | | | 258 7 | | 210.1 | | 236.6 | | 223.6 | |
| Cash dividends paid per common share \$ 0.17 \$ 0.17 \$ 0.51 \$ 0.47 Supplemental Disclosures: Net investment income: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Supplemental Disclosures: Net investment income: | Dilucci | | 200.7 | | 221.7 | | 230.0 | | 220.4 | |
| Net investment income: | Cash dividends paid per common share | \$ | 0.17 | \$ | 0.17 | \$ | 0.51 | \$ | 0.47 | |
| | Supplemental Disclosures: | | | | | | | | | |
| | Net investment income: | | | | | | | | | |
| The introduction module detate impairment robbed on | | | | | | | | | | |
| securities \$ 561 \$ 1,562 | - | \$ | 561 | | | \$ | 1.562 | | | |
| Total other-than-temporary impairment losses on securities (18) (68) | | Ψ | | | | Ψ | | | | |
| Portion of loss recognized in other comprehensive income (1) (17) | 1 7 1 | | () | | | | () | | | |
| Net impairment losses recognized in net investment income (19) (85) | | | ` ′ | | | | | | | |
| Net investment income \$ 542 \$ 1,477 | | \$ | . , | | | \$ | | | | |

⁽¹⁾ Diluted shares used in this calculation represent basic shares due to the net loss. Using actual diluted shares would result in anti-dilution.

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

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AMERIPRISE FINANCIAL, INC.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(in millions, except share amounts)

| | Se | eptember 30, 2009 (unaudited) | December 31, 2008 |
|--|----|----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Assets | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 3,580 | \$ 6,228 |
| Investments | | 36,847 | 27,522 |
| Separate account assets | | 55,576 | 44,746 |
| Receivables | | 4,247 | 3,887 |
| Deferred acquisition costs | | 4,323 | 4,383 |
| Restricted and segregated cash | | 1,822 | 1,883 |
| Other assets | | 4,806 | 6,928 |
| Total assets | \$ | 111,201 | \$ 95,577 |
| | | | |
| Liabilities and Equity | | | |
| Liabilities: | | | |
| Future policy benefits and claims | \$ | 31,042 | \$ 29,293 |
| Separate account liabilities | | 55,576 | 44,746 |
| Customer deposits | | 9,028 | 8,229 |
| Debt | | 2,076 | 2,027 |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | | 765 | 887 |
| Other liabilities | | 3,320 | 3,928 |
| Total liabilities | | 101,807 | 89,110 |
| | | | |
| Equity: | | | |
| Ameriprise Financial: | | | |
| Common shares (\$.01 par value; shares authorized, 1,250,000,000; shares issued, | | | |
| 295,679,166 and 256,432,623, respectively) | | 3 | 3 |
| Additional paid-in capital | | 5,699 | 4,688 |
| Retained earnings | | 5,091 | 4,592 |
| Treasury shares, at cost (40,619,335 and 39,921,924 shares, respectively) | | (2,021) | (2,012) |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net | | 277 | (1,093) |
| Total Ameriprise Financial shareholders' equity | | 9,049 | 6,178 |
| Noncontrolling interests | | 345 | 289 |
| Total equity | | 9,394 | 6,467 |
| Total liabilities and equity | \$ | 111,201 | \$ 95,577 |

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

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|---------|---|---|------------|--------|--------|---|
| Πa | h | е | α t | ('01 | ntents | i |
| | | | | | | |

AMERIPRISE FINANCIAL, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

(in millions)

| | Nine Months Ended Sep 2009 | tember 30, 2008 |
|---|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| Cash Flows from Operating Activities | | |
| Net income § | \$ 463 \$ | 307 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities: | | |
| Capitalization of deferred acquisition and sales inducement costs | (560) | (543) |
| Amortization of deferred acquisition and sales inducement costs | 95 | 599 |
| Depreciation, amortization and accretion, net | 101 | 214 |
| Deferred income tax expense (benefit) | 103 | (187) |
| Share-based compensation | 138 | 114 |
| Net realized investment gains | (132) | (5) |
| Other-than-temporary impairments recognized in net investment income and provision for | | |
| loan losses | 107 | 380 |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | |
| Segregated cash | 82 | (663) |
| Trading securities and equity method investments, net | 253 | 115 |
| Future policy benefits and claims, net | 294 | 341 |
| Receivables | (207) | (588) |
| Brokerage deposits | 23 | 834 |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | (128) | (413) |
| Liability for derivatives collateral held | (1,659) | (102) |
| Other, net | 89 | (214) |
| Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities | (938) | 189 |
| Cash Flows from Investing Activities | | |
| Available-for-Sale securities: | | |
| Proceeds from sales | 3,910 | 316 |
| Maturities, sinking fund payments and calls | 4,375 | 2,864 |
| Purchases | (14,497) | (2,393) |
| Proceeds from sales and maturities of commercial mortgage loans | 235 | 265 |
| Funding of commercial mortgage loans | (83) | (88) |
| Proceeds from sales of other investments | 47 | 40 |
| Purchase of other investments | (14) | (345) |
| Purchase of land, buildings, equipment and software | (56) | (100) |
| Change in policy loans, net | 9 | (26) |
| Change in restricted cash | 16 | 151 |
| Change in consumer banking loans and credit card receivables, net | (107) | (60) |
| Other, net | (107) | 3 |
| Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities | (6,165) | 627 |

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

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AMERIPRISE FINANCIAL, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

(in millions)

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009 2008 **Cash Flows from Financing Activities** Investment certificates and banking time deposits: Proceeds from additions \$ 2,141 1,813 Maturities, withdrawals and cash surrenders (2,515)(1,033)Change in other banking deposits 1,157 (87) Policyholder and contractholder account values: Consideration received 4,386 1,569 Net transfers from separate accounts 174 Surrenders and other benefits (1,587)(2,223)Deferred premium options, net (38)(40)Proceeds from issuance of common stock, net of issuance costs 869 Proceeds from issuance of debt, net of issuance costs 553 73 Repayments of debt (550)(6) Dividends paid to shareholders (118)(105)Repurchase of common shares (9) (636)Exercise of stock options 9 1 Excess tax benefits from share-based compensation 12 7 Noncontrolling interests investments in subsidiaries 108 (42) Distributions to noncontrolling interests (33) Other, net (2) (1) 4,439 Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities (585)16 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash (24) Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (2,648)207 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period 6,228 3,836 Cash and cash equivalents at end of period \$ 3,580 \$ 4,043 Supplemental Disclosures: Interest paid on debt \$ 84 61 Income taxes paid, net 13 165

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Table of Contents

AMERIPRISE FINANCIAL, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009 and 2008

(in millions, except share amounts)

| Ameri | prise | Finar | ıcıal |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | | |

| | Number of Outstanding Shares | Com Sha | | P | ditional Paid-In Capital | | etained arnings | | reasury Shares | | Other mprehensive Income (Loss) | Non- controlling Interests | Total |
|---|------------------------------------|------------|---|----|--------------------------------|----|--------------------|----|-------------------|----|--|----------------------------------|---------------|
| Balances at January 1, 2008 Change in accounting principle, net | 227,747,843 | \$ | 3 | \$ | 4,630 | \$ | 4,811 (30) | \$ | (1,467) | \$ | (167) | \$ 378 \$ | 8,188 (30) |
| Comprehensive income: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net income (loss) | | | | | | | 331 | | | | | (24) | 307 |
| Other comprehensive loss, net: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Change in net unrealized securities losses | | | | | | | | | | | (778) | | (778) |
| Change in net unrealized derivatives losses | | | | | | | | | | | (2) | | (2) |
| Foreign currency translation | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| adjustment | | | | | | | | | | | (26) | (37) | (63) |
| Total comprehensive loss | | | | | | | | | | | | | (536) |
| Dividends paid to shareholders | | | | | | | (105) | | | | | | (105) |
| Noncontrolling interests investments | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| in subsidiaries | | | | | | | | | | | | 108 | 108 |
| Distributions to noncontrolling | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| interests | | | | | | | | | | | | (33) | (33) |
| Repurchase of common shares | (13,293,913) | | | | | | | | (636) | | | | (636) |
| Share-based compensation plans | 2,189,349 | | | | 74 | | (3) | | 82 | | | | 153 |
| Balances at September 30, 2008 | 216,643,279 | \$ | 3 | \$ | 4,704 | \$ | 5,004 | \$ | (2,021) | \$ | (973) | \$ 392 \$ | 7,109 |
| Balances at January 1, 2009 | 216,510,699 | \$ | 3 | \$ | 4,688 | \$ | 4,592 | \$ | (2,012) | \$ | (1,093) | \$ 289 \$ | 6,467 |
| Change in accounting principle, net | | | | | | | 132 | | | | (132) | | |
| Comprehensive income: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net income (loss) | | | | | | | 485 | | | | | (22) | 463 |
| Other comprehensive income, net: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Change in net unrealized securities | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| losses | | | | | | | | | | | 1,411 | | 1,411 |
| Change in noncredit related | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| impairments on securities and net | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| unrealized securities losses on | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| previously impaired securities | | | | | | | | | | | 41 | | 41 |
| Change in net unrealized derivative | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| losses | | | | | | | | | | | (1) | | (1) |
| Foreign currency translation | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| adjustment | | | | | | | | | | | 51 | 24 | 75 |
| Total comprehensive income | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1,989 |
| Issuance of common stock | 36,000,000 | | | | 869 | | (1.10) | | | | | | 869 |
| Dividends paid to shareholders | | | | | | | (118) | | | | | | (118) |
| Noncontrolling interests investments | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.0 | 0.6 |
| in subsidiaries | | | | | | | | | | | | 96 | 96 |
| Distributions to noncontrolling | | | | | | | | | | | | (40) | (40) |
| interests | ((07.411) | | | | | | | | (0) | | | (42) | (42) |
| Repurchase of common shares | (697,411) | | | | 1.40 | | | | (9) | | | | (9) |
| Share-based compensation plans | 3,246,543 | ф | 2 | ф | 142 | ф | 5.001 | ф | (0.001) | ф | 277 | ф 24 <i>5</i> ф | 142 |
| Balances at September 30, 2009 | 255,059,831 | \$ | 3 | \$ | 5,699 | \$ | 5,091 | \$ | (2,021) | \$ | 277 | \$ 345 \$ | 9,394 |

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

| Edgar Filing: | AMERIPRISE | FINANCIAL | INC - | Form | 10-Q |
|---------------|------------|-----------|-------|------|------|
| | | | | | |

Table of Contents

AMERIPRISE FINANCIAL, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

1. Basis of Presentation

1. Basis of Presentation 40

Ameriprise Financial, Inc. is a holding company, which primarily conducts business through its subsidiaries to provide financial planning and products and services that are designed to be utilized as solutions for clients—cash and liquidity, asset accumulation, income, protection and estate and wealth transfer needs. The Company—s foreign operations in the United Kingdom are conducted through its subsidiary, Threadneedle Asset Management Holdings Sàrl (Threadneedle).

The accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of Ameriprise Financial, Inc., companies in which it directly or indirectly has a controlling financial interest, variable interest entities (VIEs) in which it is the primary beneficiary and certain limited partnerships for which it is the general partner (collectively, the Company). Noncontrolling interests are the ownership interests in subsidiaries not attributable, directly or indirectly, to Ameriprise Financial, Inc. and are classified as equity within the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The Company excluding noncontrolling interests (Ameriprise Financial) includes ownership interests in subsidiaries that are attributable, directly or indirectly, to Ameriprise Financial, Inc. All material intercompany transactions and balances between or among Ameriprise Financial, Inc. and its subsidiaries and affiliates have been eliminated in consolidation.

The interim financial information in this report has not been audited. In the opinion of management, all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the consolidated results of operations and financial position for the interim periods have been made. All adjustments made were of a normal recurring nature.

The accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Certain reclassifications of prior period amounts have been made to conform to the current presentation. Results of operations reported for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results for the entire year. These Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on March 2, 2009.

The Company evaluated events or transactions that may have occurred after the balance sheet date for potential recognition or disclosure through November 2, 2009, the date the financial statements were issued.

2. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Adoption of New Accounting Standards

The Hierarchy of GAAP

In June 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) established the FASB Accounting Standards Codification (Codification) as the single source of authoritative accounting principles recognized by the FASB in the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The Codification supersedes existing nongrandfathered, non-SEC accounting and reporting standards. The Codification did not change GAAP but rather organized it into a hierarchy where all guidance within the Codification carries an equal level of authority. The Codification became effective on July 1, 2009. The Codification did not have a material effect on the Company s consolidated results of operations and financial condition.

Subsequent Events

Subsequent Events 48

In May 2009, the FASB updated the accounting standards on the recognition and disclosure of subsequent events. The standard also requires the disclosure of the date through which subsequent events were evaluated. The standard is effective for interim and annual reporting periods ending after June 15, 2009, and shall be applied prospectively. The Company adopted the standard in the second quarter of 2009. The adoption did not have a material effect on the Company s consolidated results of operations and financial condition.

Fair Value

In April 2009, the FASB updated the accounting standards to provide guidance on estimating the fair value of a financial asset or liability when the trade volume and level of activity for the asset or liability have significantly decreased relative to historical levels. The standard requires entities to disclose the inputs and valuation techniques used to measure fair value and any changes in valuation inputs or techniques. In addition, debt and equity securities as defined by GAAP shall be disclosed by major category. This standard is effective for interim and annual reporting periods ending after June 15, 2009, with early adoption permitted for periods ending after March 15, 2009, and is to be applied prospectively. The Company early adopted the standard in the first quarter of 2009. The adoption did not have a material effect on the Company s consolidated results of operations and financial condition.

8

Table of Contents

AMERIPRISE FINANCIAL, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (continued)

In April 2009, the FASB updated the accounting standards to require interim disclosures about the fair value of in-scope financial instruments that are not reported at fair value. This standard is effective for interim and annual reporting periods ending after June 15, 2009, with early adoption permitted for periods ending after March 15, 2009. The Company applied the disclosure requirements of the standard in the first quarter of 2009. See Note 9 for the required disclosures.

In September 2006, the FASB updated the accounting standards to define fair value, establish a framework for measuring fair value and expand disclosures about fair value measurements. The new standard applies under other accounting standards that require or permit fair value measurements. Accordingly, the standard does not require any new fair value measurements. The provisions of the standard are required to be applied prospectively as of the beginning of the fiscal year in which it is initially applied, except for certain financial instruments as defined in the standard that require retrospective application. Any retrospective application will be recognized as a cumulative effect adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings for the fiscal year of adoption. The Company adopted the standard effective January 1, 2008 and recorded a cumulative effect reduction to the opening balance of retained earnings of \$30 million, net of deferred acquisition costs (DAC) and deferred sales inducement costs (DSIC) amortization and income taxes. This reduction to retained earnings was related to adjusting the fair value of certain derivatives the Company uses to hedge its exposure to market risk related to certain variable annuity riders. Prior to January 1, 2009, the Company recorded these derivatives in accordance with accounting guidance for derivative contracts held for trading purposes and contracts involved in energy trading and risk management activities. The new standard nullifies the previous guidance and requires these derivatives to be marked to the price the Company would receive to sell the derivatives to a market participant (an exit price). The adoption of the standard also resulted in adjustments to the fair value of the Company s embedded derivative liabilities associated with certain variable annuity riders. Since there is no market for these liabilities, the Company considered the assumptions participants in a hypothetical market would make to determine an exit price. As a result, the Company adjusted the valuation of these liabilities by updating certain policyholder assumptions, adding explicit margins to provide for profit, risk, and expenses, and adjusting the rate used to discount expected cash flows to reflect a current market estimate of the Company s risk of nonperformance specific to these liabilities. These adjustments resulted in an adoption impact of a \$4 million increase in earnings, net of DAC and DSIC amortization and income taxes, at January 1, 2008. The nonperformance risk component of the adjustment is specific to the risk of RiverSource Life Insurance Company (RiverSource Life) and RiverSource Life Insurance Co. of New York (RiverSource Life of NY) (collectively, RiverSource Life companies) not fulfilling these liabilities. As the Company s estimate of this credit spread widens or tightens, the liability will decrease or increase.

Recognition and Presentation of Other-Than-Temporary Impairment

In April 2009, the FASB updated the accounting standards for the recognition and presentation of other-than-temporary impairments. The standard amends existing guidance on other-than-temporary impairments for debt securities and requires that the credit portion of other-than-temporary impairments be recorded in earnings and the noncredit portion of losses be recorded in other comprehensive income. The standard requires separate presentation of both the credit and noncredit portions of other-than-temporary impairments on the financial statements and additional disclosures. This standard is effective for interim and annual reporting periods ending after June 15, 2009, with early adoption permitted for periods ending after March 15, 2009. At the date of adoption, the portion of previously recognized other-than-temporary opening balance of retained earnings with a corresponding adjustment to accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). The Company adopted the standard in the first quarter of 2009 and recorded a cumulative effect increase to the opening balance of retained earnings of \$132 million, net of DAC and DSIC amortization, certain benefit reserves and income taxes, and a corresponding increase to accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of impacts to DAC and DSIC amortization, certain benefit reserves and income taxes. See Note 3 for the Company s

impairments that represent the noncredit related loss component shall be recognized as a cumulative effect of adoption with an adjustment to the updated accounting policy and disclosures required by this standard. Determining Whether Instruments Granted in Share-Based Payment Transactions are Participating Securities

In June 2008, the FASB updated the accounting standards for determining whether instruments granted in share-based payment transactions are participating securities. The standard clarifies that unvested share-based payment awards with nonforfeitable rights to dividends or dividend equivalents are considered participating securities and should be included in the calculation of earnings per share pursuant to the two-class method. The standard is effective for financial statements issued for periods beginning after December 15, 2008, with early adoption prohibited. The standard requires that all prior-period earnings per share data be adjusted retrospectively to conform with the provisions of the new standard. The Company adopted the new standard as of January 1, 2009. The adoption did not have a material effect on the Company s earnings per share.

9

Table of Contents

AMERIPRISE FINANCIAL, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (continued)

Disclosures about Derivative Instrument and Hedging Activities

In March 2008, the FASB updated the accounting standards for disclosures about derivative instruments and hedging activities. The standard intends to improve financial reporting about derivative instruments and hedging activities by requiring enhanced disclosures about their impact on an entity s financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. The standard requires disclosures regarding the objectives for using derivative instruments, the fair value of derivative instruments and their related gains and losses, and the accounting for derivatives and related hedged items. The standard is effective for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after November 15, 2008, with early adoption permitted. The Company applied the new disclosure requirements in the first quarter of 2009. See Note 10 for the required disclosures.

Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements

In December 2007, the FASB updated the accounting standards for noncontrolling interests in consolidated financial statements to establish the accounting and reporting for ownership interest in subsidiaries not attributable, directly or indirectly, to a parent. The standard requires noncontrolling (minority) interests to be classified as equity (instead of as a liability) within the consolidated balance sheet, and net income (loss) attributable to both the parent and the noncontrolling interests to be disclosed on the face of the consolidated statement of operations. The standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008, and interim periods within those years with early adoption prohibited. The provisions of the standard are to be applied prospectively, except for the presentation and disclosure requirements which are to be applied retrospectively to all periods presented. The Company adopted the new standard as of January 1, 2009. The adoption did not have a material effect on the Company s consolidated results of operations and financial condition.

Future Adoption of New Accounting Standards

Investments in Certain Entities That Calculate Net Asset Value per Share (or Its Equivalent)

In September 2009, the FASB updated the accounting standards to allow for net asset value (NAV) to be used as a practical expedient in estimating the fair value of alternative investments without readily determinable fair values. The standard also requires additional disclosure by major category of investment related to restrictions on the investor s ability to redeem the investment as of the measurement date, unfunded commitments and the investment strategies of the investees. The disclosures are required for all investments within the scope of the standard regardless of whether the fair value of the investment is measured using the NAV or another method. The standard is effective for interim and annual periods ending after December 15, 2009, with early adoption permitted. The Company does not expect the adoption to have a material effect on its consolidated results of operations and financial condition.

Measuring Liabilities at Fair Value

In August 2009, the FASB updated the accounting standards to provide additional guidance on estimating the fair value of a liability in a hypothetical transaction where the liability is transferred to a market participant. The standard is effective for the first reporting period, including interim periods, beginning after issuance. The Company does not expect the adoption to have a material effect on the Company s consolidated results of operations and financial condition.

Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities

In June 2009, the FASB updated the accounting standards related to the consolidation of variable interest entities. The standard amends current consolidation guidance and requires additional disclosures about an enterprise s involvement in VIEs. The standard is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after November 15, 2009, with early adoption prohibited. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the standard on its consolidated results of operations and financial condition.

Accounting for Transfers of Financial Assets

In June 2009, the FASB updated the accounting standards related to accounting for transfers of financial assets. The standard improves the relevance, representational faithfulness, and comparability of the information that a reporting entity provides in its financial statements about a transfer of financial assets; the effects of a transfer on its financial position, financial performance, and cash flows; and a transferor s continuing involvement, if any, in transferred financial assets. The standard is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after November 15, 2009, with early adoption prohibited, and must be applied to transfers of financial assets occurring on or after the effective date. The adoption of the standard is not expected to have a material effect on the Company s consolidated results of operations and financial condition.

10

Table of Contents

Employer s Disclosures about Postretirement Benefit Plan Assets

In December 2008, the FASB updated the accounting standards to require enhanced disclosure related to postretirement benefit plan assets, including information about inputs and techniques used to determine the fair value of plan assets. The standard is effective for the first fiscal year ending after December 15, 2009, with early adoption permitted. The Company will apply the disclosure requirements of this standard as of December 31, 2009.

3. Investments

3. Investments 80

The following is a summary of investments:

| | September 30, 2009 | | December 31, 2008 |
|--|--------------------|----|-------------------|
| | (in | | |
| Available-for-Sale securities, at fair value | \$ 32,625 | \$ | 22,873 |
| Commercial mortgage loans, net | 2,706 | | 2,887 |
| Trading securities | 313 | | 501 |
| Policy loans | 719 | | 729 |
| Other investments | 484 | | 532 |
| Total | \$ 36,847 | \$ | 27,522 |

Available-for-Sale Securities

Effective January 1, 2009, the Company early adopted an accounting standard that significantly changed the Company s accounting policy regarding the timing and amount of other-than temporary impairments for Available-for-Sale securities as follows. When the fair value of an investment is less than its amortized cost, the Company assesses whether or not: (i) it has the intent to sell the security (made a decision to sell) or (ii) it is more likely than not that the Company will be required to sell the security before its anticipated recovery. If either of these conditions are met, the Company must recognize an other-than-temporary impairment for the difference between the investment s amortized cost basis and its fair value through earnings. For securities that do not meet the above criteria, and the Company does not expect to recover a security s amortized cost basis, the security is considered other-than temporarily impaired. For these securities, the Company separates the total impairment into the credit loss component and the amount of the loss related to other factors. The amount of the total other-than-temporary impairment related to credit loss is recognized in earnings. The amount of the total other-than-temporary impairment related to other factors is recognized in other comprehensive income, net of impacts to DAC, DSIC, certain benefit reserves and income taxes. For Available-for-Sale securities that have recognized an other-than-temporary impairment through earnings, if through subsequent evaluation there is a significant increase in the cash flow expected, the difference between the amortized cost basis and the cash flows expected to be collected is accreted as interest income. Subsequent increases and decreases in the fair value of Available-for-Sale securities are included in other comprehensive income. The Company s Consolidated Statements of Equity present all changes in other comprehensive income associated with Available-for-Sale debt securities that have been other-than-temporarily impaired on a separate line from fair value changes recorded in other comprehensive income from all other securities.

The Company provides a supplemental disclosure on the face of its Consolidated Statements of Operations that presents: (i) total other-than-temporary impairment losses recognized during the period and (ii) the portion of other-than-temporary impairment losses recognized in other comprehensive income. The sum of these amounts represents the credit-related portion of other-than-temporary impairments that were recognized in earnings during the period. The portion of other-than-temporary losses recognized in other comprehensive income includes: (i) the portion of other-than-temporary impairment losses related to factors other than credit recognized during the period and (ii) reclassifications of other-than-temporary impairment losses previously determined to be related to factors other than credit that are determined to be credit-related in the current period. The amount presented on the Consolidated Statements of Operations as the portion of other-than-temporary losses recognized in other comprehensive income excludes subsequent increases and decreases in the fair value of these securities.

For all securities that are considered temporarily impaired, the Company does not intend to sell these securities (has not made a decision to sell) and it is not more likely than not that the Company will be required to sell the security before recovery of its amortized cost basis. The Company believes that it will collect all principal and interest due on all investments that have amortized cost in excess of fair value that are considered only temporarily impaired.

Corporate debt securities

Factors the Company considers in determining whether declines in the fair value of fixed maturity securities are other-than-temporary include: (i) the extent to which the market value is below amortized cost; (ii) the duration of time in which there has been a significant decline in value; (iii) fundamental analysis of the liquidity, business prospects and overall financial

Table of Contents

condition of the issuer; and (iv) market events that could impact credit ratings, economic and business climate, litigation and government actions, and similar external business factors. In order to determine the amount of the credit loss component for corporate debt securities considered other-than-temporarily impaired, a best estimate of the present value of cash flows expected to be collected discounted at the security s effective interest rate is compared to the amortized cost basis of the security. The significant inputs to cash flow projections consider potential debt restructuring terms, projected cash flows available to pay creditors and the Company s position in the debtor s overall capital structure.

Structured investments

Structured investments 89

For structured investments (e.g., residential mortgage backed securities, commercial mortgage backed securities, asset backed securities and other structured investments), the Company also considers factors such as overall deal structure and its position within the structure, quality of underlying collateral, delinquencies and defaults, loss severities, recoveries, prepayments and cumulative loss projections in assessing potential other-than-temporary impairments of these investments. Based upon these factors, securities that have indicators of potential other-than-temporary impairment are subject to detailed review by management. Securities for which declines are considered temporary continue to be carefully monitored by management. For the nine months ended September 30, 2009, certain non-agency mortgage backed securities were deemed other-than temporarily impaired. Generally, the credit loss component for the non-agency mortgage backed securities is determined as the amount the amortized cost basis exceeds the present value of the projected cash flows expected to be collected. Significant inputs considered in these projections are consistent with the factors considered in assessing potential other-than-temporary impairment for these investments. Forward interest rates are considered in the cash flow projections and are used to calculate the discount rate used to determine the present value of the expected cash flows when structures are supported by variable rate securities. Current effective interest rates are used to discount cash flows supported by fixed rate securities.

Available-for-Sale securities distributed by type were as follows:

| Am | ortized Cost | Gro | ss Unrealized Gains | (| Gross Unrealized Losses | | Fair Value |
|----|--------------|---|--|--|---|---|--|
| | | | (in r | nillions |) | | |
| \$ | 15,662 | \$ | 962 | \$ | (137) | \$ | 16,487 |
| | | | | | | | |
| | 8,311 | | 236 | | (498) | | 8,049 |
| | | | | | | | |
| | 4,188 | | 208 | | (23) | | 4,373 |
| | 1,837 | | 79 | | (70) | | 1,846 |
| | 1,332 | | 46 | | (56) | | 1,322 |
| | | | | | | | |
| | 303 | | 9 | | | | 312 |
| | | | | | | | |
| | 93 | | 16 | | | | 109 |
| | 53 | | 7 | | (12) | | 48 |
| | 23 | | 32 | | | | 55 |
| | 24 | | | | | | 24 |
| \$ | 31,826 | \$ | 1,595 | \$ | (796) | \$ | 32,625 |
| | \$ | 8,311 4,188 1,837 1,332 303 93 53 23 24 | \$ 15,662 \$ 8,311 4,188 1,837 1,332 303 93 53 23 24 | Amortized Cost Gross Unrealized Gains (in r \$ 15,662 \$ 962 8,311 236 4,188 208 1,837 79 1,332 46 303 9 93 16 53 7 23 32 24 | Amortized Cost Gross Unrealized Gains (in millions) \$ 15,662 \$ 962 \$ 8,311 236 4,188 208 1,837 79 1,332 46 303 9 93 16 53 7 23 32 24 | (in millions) \$ 15,662 \$ 962 \$ (137) 8,311 236 (498) 4,188 208 (23) 1,837 79 (70) 1,332 46 (56) 303 9 93 16 53 7 (12) 23 32 24 | Amortized Cost Gross Unrealized Gains (in millions) Gross Unrealized Losses (in millions) \$ 15,662 \$ 962 \$ (137) \$ 8,311 236 (498) 4,188 208 (23) (70) 1,837 79 (70) (56) 303 9 9 (12) 93 16 (12) (12) 23 32 (24) (24) |

| | December 31, 2008 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-------------------|--|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Amo | rtized Cost | Gross | S Unrealized Gains | G | ross Unrealized Losses |] | Fair Value | | | | | |
| | | | (in n | nillions) | | | | | | | | |
| \$ | 13,687 | \$ | 86 | \$ | (1,174) | \$ | 12,599 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 5,616 | | 71 | | (452) | | 5,235 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2,880 | | 36 | | (183) | | 2,733 | | | | | |
| | 1,055 | | 4 | | (101) | | 958 | | | | | |
| | 1,024 | | 4 | | (155) | | 873 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 257 | | 14 | | | | 271 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 95 | | 17 | | (5) | | 107 | | | | | |
| | 53 | | 6 | | (22) | | 37 | | | | | |
| | 31 | | 19 | | | | 50 | | | | | |
| | 10 | | | | | | 10 | | | | | |
| \$ | 24,708 | \$ | 257 | \$ | (2,092) | \$ | 22,873 | | | | | |
| | \$ | 5,616 2,880 1,055 1,024 257 95 53 31 10 | \$ 13,687 \$ 5,616 2,880 1,055 1,024 257 95 53 31 10 | Amortized Cost Gross Unrealized Gains (in r (in r)) \$ 13,687 \$ 86 5,616 71 2,880 36 1,055 4 1,024 4 257 14 95 17 53 6 31 19 10 10 | Amortized Cost Gross Unrealized Gains (in millions) \$ 13,687 \$ 86 \$ 5,616 71 2,880 36 1,055 4 1,024 4 257 14 95 17 53 6 31 19 10 10 | Amortized Cost Gross Unrealized Gains (in millions) Gross Unrealized Losses (in millions) \$ 13,687 \$ 86 \$ (1,174) 5,616 71 (452) 2,880 36 (183) 1,055 4 (101) 1,024 4 (155) 257 14 (5) 53 6 (22) 31 19 10 10 10 | Amortized Cost Gross Unrealized Gains (in millions) Gross Unrealized Losses (in millions) \$ 13,687 \$ 86 \$ (1,174) \$ 5,616 71 (452) 2,880 36 (183) (101) 1,055 4 (101) (155) 257 14 (155) (5) 253 6 (22) 31 19 10 | | | | | |

Table of Contents

At September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, fixed maturity securities comprised approximately 88% and 83%, respectively, of the Company's total investments. These securities were rated by Moody's Investors Service (Moody's), Standard & Poor's Rating Services (S&P) and Fitch Ratings Ltd. (Fitch), except for approximately \$1.2 billion of securities at both September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, which were rated by the Company's internal analysts using criteria similar to Moody's, S&P and Fitch. Ratings on fixed maturity securities are presented using the median of ratings from Moody's, S&P and Fitch. If only two of the ratings are available, the lower rating is used. A summary of fixed maturity securities by rating was as follows:

| | | | Septen | nber 30, 2009 | | | | Decen | nber 31, 2008 | |
|------------------------|----|-------------------|--------|---------------|---|--------------|-------------------|-------|---------------|-----------------------------------|
| Ratings | 1 | Amortized Cost | F | air Value | Percent of Total Fair Value (in millions, exce | _ | Amortized Cost | I | Fair Value | Percent of Total Fair Value |
| AAA | \$ | 12.892 | \$ | 13,356 | 41% | рг рег \$ | 9.475 | \$ | 8.988 | 40% |
| AA | - | 1,401 | - | 1,394 | 4 | - | 1,698 | _ | 1,571 | 7 |
| A | | 4,930 | | 5,085 | 16 | | 4,689 | | 4,396 | 19 |
| BBB | | 10,152 | | 10,755 | 33 | | 7,299 | | 6,707 | 29 |
| Below investment grade | | 2,398 | | 1,987 | 6 | | 1,494 | | 1,174 | 5 |
| Total fixed maturities | \$ | 31,773 | \$ | 32,577 | 100% | \$ | 24,655 | \$ | 22,836 | 100% |

At September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, approximately 28% and 45%, respectively, of the securities rated AAA were GNMA, FNMA and FHLMC mortgage backed securities. No holdings of any other issuer were greater than 10% of Ameriprise Financial shareholders equity.

The following tables provide information about Available-for-Sale securities with gross unrealized losses and the length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position:

| Description of Securities | I Fair V | ess than 1 | Uı | September 30, 2009 months 12 months or more Tota Unrealized Unrealized Losses Fair Value Losses Fair Value (in millions) | | | | | | Jnrealized Losses | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------|------------|----|--|----|-------|-------------------------|-------|----|----------------------|----|-------|
| Corporate debt securities | \$ | 351 | \$ | (5) | \$ | 2,157 | 1111011S <i>)</i> \$ | (132) | \$ | 2,508 | \$ | (137) |
| Residential mortgage backed | - | | T. | (0) | * | 2,107 | 4 | (102) | 7 | 2,000 | Ψ | (107) |
| securities | | 914 | | (33) | | 958 | | (465) | | 1,872 | | (498) |
| Commercial mortgage backed | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| securities | | 102 | | (1) | | 514 | | (22) | | 616 | | (23) |
| Asset backed securities | | 126 | | (5) | | 230 | | (65) | | 356 | | (70) |
| State and municipal | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| obligations | | 1 | | | | 397 | | (56) | | 398 | | (56) |
| Foreign government bonds | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| and obligations | | | | | | 4 | | | | 4 | | |
| Common and preferred stocks | | | | | | 38 | | (12) | | 38 | | (12) |
| Total | \$ | 1,494 | \$ | (44) | \$ | 4,298 | \$ | (752) | \$ | 5,792 | \$ | (796) |

| Description of Securities | Fai | Less than | Un | ths realized Losses | Fa | December 12 month wir Value (in m | s or mo Ur | | F | Tot 'air Value | nrealized Losses |
|-----------------------------|-----|-----------|----|---------------------------|----|-----------------------------------|---------------|-------|----|-------------------|---------------------|
| Corporate debt securities | \$ | 6,250 | \$ | (396) | \$ | 3,544 | \$ | (778) | \$ | 9,794 | \$ (1,174) |
| Residential mortgage backed | | | | | | | | | | | |
| securities | | 765 | | (164) | | 786 | | (288) | | 1,551 | (452) |
| | | 473 | | (27) | | 997 | | (156) | | 1,470 | (183) |

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| Commercial mortgage | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| backed securities | | | | | | |
| Asset backed securities | 373 | (52) | 231 | (49) | 604 | (101) |
| State and municipal | | | | | | |
| obligations | 438 | (64) | 295 | (91) | 733 | (155) |
| U.S. government and | | | | | | |
| agencies obligations | | | 11 | | 11 | |
| Foreign government bonds | | | | | | |
| and obligations | 20 | (5) | | | 20 | (5) |
| Common and preferred | | | | | | |
| stocks | | | 27 | (22) | 27 | (22) |
| Total | \$ 8,319 | \$ (708) | \$ 5,891 | \$ (1,384) | \$ 14,210 | \$ (2,092) |

Table of Contents

The following tables summarize gross unrealized losses by ratio of fair value to amortized cost:

| | | | | | | S | Septen | nber 30, 20 | 009 | | | | | | |
|---------------------|------------|---------|-----------|-----|---------|--------------|--------|-------------|--------|-----------|------------|----|----------|-----|----------|
| | L | ess tha | an 12 mon | ths | | 1 | 2 mo | nths or mo | re | | | | Total | | |
| | | | | G | ross | | | | (| Fross | | | | (| Fross |
| | Number | | | | | Number | | | | | Number | | | | |
| Ratio of Fair Value | of | | | Unr | ealized | of | | | Uni | realized | of | | | Unr | realized |
| to Amortized Cost | Securities | Fa | ir Value | L | osses | Securities | Fa | ir Value | L | osses | Securities | Fa | ir Value | L | osses |
| | | | | | | (in millions | , exce | pt number | of sec | curities) | | | | | |
| 95% - 100% | 94 | \$ | 1,335 | \$ | (13) | 228 | \$ | 2,174 | \$ | (48) | 322 | \$ | 3,509 | \$ | (61) |
| 90% - 95% | 10 | | 100 | | (7) | 72 | | 574 | | (47) | 82 | | 674 | | (54) |
| 80% - 90% | 5 | | 24 | | (4) | 68 | | 576 | | (87) | 73 | | 600 | | (91) |
| Less than 80% | 6 | | 35 | | (20) | 145 | | 974 | | (570) | 151 | | 1,009 | | (590) |
| Total | 115 | \$ | 1,494 | \$ | (44) | 513 | \$ | 4,298 | \$ | (752) | 628 | \$ | 5,792 | \$ | (796) |

| | | | | | | | Decer | nber 31, 2 | 008 | | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|--------|-----------|-----|--------------------|--|-------|-----------------------|-----|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|----|-----------|-------------------------|
| | L | ess th | an 12 mon | ths | | 1 | 2 mo | nths or m | ore | | | | Total | |
| | | | | (| Gross | | | | | Gross | | | | Gross |
| Ratio of Fair Value to Amortized Cost | Number of Securities | Fai | ir Value | _ | realized Losses | Number of Securities (in millions | | ir Value ept numbe | | nrealized Losses ecurities) | Number of Securities | Fa | nir Value | nrealized Losses |
| 95% - 100% | 328 | \$ | 4,717 | \$ | (100) | 105 | \$ | 1,392 | \$ | (30) | 433 | \$ | 6,109 | \$ (130) |
| 90% - 95% | 169 | | 1,980 | | (152) | 64 | | 1,117 | | (96) | 233 | | 3,097 | (248) |
| 80% - 90% | 162 | | 974 | | (156) | 124 | | 1,624 | | (297) | 286 | | 2,598 | (453) |
| Less than 80% | 108 | | 648 | | (300) | 281 | | 1,758 | | (961) | 389 | | 2,406 | (1,261) |
| Total | 767 | \$ | 8,319 | \$ | (708) | 574 | \$ | 5,891 | \$ | (1,384) | 1,341 | \$ | 14,210 | \$ (2,092) |

As part of the Company s ongoing monitoring process, management determined that a majority of the gross unrealized losses on its Available-for-Sale securities are attributable to changes in credit spreads across sectors. The primary driver of lower unrealized losses in 2009 compared to 2008 was the tightening of credit spreads across sectors. A portion of the decrease in unrealized losses was offset by an increase due to the adoption of a new accounting standard effective January 1, 2009. The Company recorded a cumulative effect increase to the amortized cost of previously other-than-temporarily impaired investments that increased the gross unrealized losses on Available-for-Sale securities by \$211 million. This impact is due to the impairment of Available-for-Sale securities recognized in other comprehensive income previously recognized through earnings for factors other than credit.

The following table presents the amounts recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Operations for other-than-temporary impairments related to credit losses on securities for which a portion of the securities total other-than-temporary impairments was recognized in other comprehensive income:

| | Months Ended ember 30, 2009 (in m | illions) | Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009 |
|--|---|----------|---|
| Beginning balance of credit losses on securities held for which a portion of | | | |
| other-than-temporary impairment was recognized in other comprehensive | | | |
| income | \$ 310 | \$ | 258 |
| Additional amount related to credit losses for which an other-than-temporary | | | |
| impairment was not previously recognized | | | 8 |
| Reductions for securities sold during the period (realized) | (17) | | (20) |
| Additional increases to the amount related to credit losses for which an | | | |
| other-than-temporary impairment was previously recognized | 3 | | 50 |
| | \$ 296 | \$ | 296 |

Ending balance of credit losses on securities held as of September 30 for which a portion of other-than-temporary impairment was recognized in other comprehensive income

The change in net unrealized securities losses in other comprehensive income (loss) includes three components, net of tax: (i) unrealized gains (losses) that arose from changes in the market value of securities that were held during the period; (ii) (gains) losses that were previously unrealized, but have been recognized in current period net income due to sales of Available-for-Sale securities and (iii) other items primarily consisting of adjustments in asset and liability balances, such as DAC, DSIC, benefit reserves and reinsurance recoverables, to reflect the expected impact on their carrying values had the unrealized gains (losses) been realized as of the respective balance sheet dates. As a result of the adoption of a new accounting standard effective January 1, 2009, net unrealized investment gains (losses) arising during the period also includes

Table of Contents

other-than-temporary impairment losses on Available-for-Sale securities related to factors other than credit that were recognized in other comprehensive income during the period. Additionally, reclassification of (gains) losses included in net income contains noncredit other-than-temporary impairment losses that were previously unrealized, but have been recognized in current period net income due to their reclassification as credit losses.

The following table presents a rollforward of the net unrealized securities gains (losses) on Available-for-Sale securities included in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss):

| | Net Unrealized Investment Gains (Losses) | | Deferred Income Tax (in millions) | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Related to Net Unrealized Investment Gains (Losses) |
|--|---|----|---|---|
| Balance at January 1, 2008 | \$ (258) | \$ | 90 | \$ (168) |
| Net unrealized investment losses arising during the period | (1,568) | | 549 | (1,019) |
| Reclassification of losses included in net income | 368 | | (129) | 239 |
| Impact of net unrealized investment gains on DAC, DSIC and | | | | |
| benefit reserves | 3 | | (1) | 2 |
| Balance at September 30, 2008 | \$ (1,455) | \$ | 509 | \$ (946) |
| | | | | |
| Balance at January 1, 2009 | \$ (1,478) | \$ | 517 | \$ (961) |
| Cumulative effect of accounting change | (203)(1 |) | 71 | (132) |
| Net unrealized investment gains arising during the period | 2,892 | | (1,012) | 1,880 |
| Reclassification of gains included in net income | (47) | | 16 | (31) |
| Impact of net unrealized investment losses on DAC, DSIC, | | | | |
| benefit reserves and reinsurance recoverables | (611) | | 214 | (397) |
| Balance at September 30, 2009 | \$ 553 | \$ | (194) | \$ 359(2) |

⁽¹⁾ Amount represents the cumulative effect of adopting a new accounting standard on January 1, 2009, net of DAC and DSIC amortization and certain benefit reserves. See Note 2 for additional information on the adoption impact.

Net realized gains and losses on Available-for-Sale securities, determined using the specific identification method, recognized in net investment income were as follows:

| | Three Mont Septemb | | d | Nine Moi Septer | ed | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------|-------|-------|--------------------|----------|-------|
| | 2009 | | 2008 | 2009 | | 2008 |
| | (in mill | ions) | | (in m | illions) | |
| Gross realized gains from sales | \$ 56 | \$ | 4 \$ | 165 | \$ | 15 |
| Gross realized losses from sales | (21) | | (8) | (33) | | (10) |
| Impairment losses | (19) | | (313) | (85) | | (373) |

The \$19 million of other-than-temporary impairments recognized in net investment income for the three months ended September 30, 2009 were related primarily to the Company s decision to sell certain corporate debt securities in the banking and finance industries. The \$85 million of other-than-temporary impairments recognized in net investment income for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 were related to credit losses on non-agency residential mortgage backed securities, corporate debt securities primarily in the gaming, banking and finance industries and other structured investments.

⁽²⁾ At September 30, 2009, Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income Related to Net Unrealized Investment Gains included \$(91) million of noncredit related impairments on securities and net unrealized securities losses on previously impaired securities.

Table of Contents

Available-for-Sale securities by contractual maturity as of September 30, 2009 were as follows:

| | Amortiz | zed Cost (in mill | Fair Value |
|--|---------|----------------------|--------------|
| Due within one year | \$ | 1,329 | \$ 1,348 |
| Due after one year through five years | | 7,794 | 8,020 |
| Due after five years through 10 years | | 4,739 | 5,027 |
| Due after 10 years | | 3,552 | 3,859 |
| | | 17,414 | 18,254 |
| | | | |
| Residential mortgage backed securities | | 8,311 | 8,049 |
| Commercial mortgage backed securities | | 4,188 | 4,373 |
| Asset backed securities | | 1,837 | 1,846 |
| Other structured investments | | 23 | 55 |
| Common and preferred stocks | | 53 | 48 |
| Total | \$ | 31,826 | \$ 32,625 |

Actual maturities may differ from contractual maturities because issuers may have the right to call or prepay obligations. Residential mortgage backed securities, commercial mortgage backed securities, asset backed securities and other structured investments are not due at a single maturity date. As such, these securities, as well as common and preferred stocks, were not included in the maturities distribution.

Trading Securities

Net recognized gains related to trading securities held at September 30, 2009 were \$14 million and \$33 million, respectively, for the three months and nine months then ended. Net recognized losses related to trading securities held at September 30, 2008 were \$30 million and \$48 million, respectively, for the three months and nine months then ended.

4. Deferred Acquisition Costs and Deferred Sales Inducement Costs

During the third quarter of 2009 and 2008, the Company completed the annual detailed review of valuation assumptions for RiverSource Life products. In addition, during the third quarter of 2008, the Company converted to a new industry standard valuation system that provides enhanced modeling capabilities.

The total pretax impacts on the Company s assets and liabilities attributable to the review of valuation assumptions during the third quarter of 2009 and 2008 and the valuation system conversion during the third quarter of 2008 were as follows:

| Balance Sheet Impact Debit | | | Future Policy Other Benefits and Other | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|------|---------|--|-----|----|-----------------|----------|--------|-------------|----|-------|
| (Credit) | Rece | ivables | | DAC | | Assets (in m | illions) | Claims | Liabilities | | Total |
| 2009 period | \$ | (65) | \$ | 119 | \$ | 9 | \$ | 71 | \$ | \$ | 134 |

Trading Securities 106

2008 period 92 (81) (5) 95 5 106

The total pretax impacts on the Company s revenues and expenses attributable to the review of the valuation assumptions for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 and the valuation system conversion for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008 were as follows:

| Pretax Benefit (Charge) | Premi | iums | Other Revenues | Distribution Expenses (i) | Bend Claims, and Set Expentions) | Losses tlement | ortization f DAC | Total |
|-------------------------|-------|------|-------------------|---------------------------------|---|-------------------|---------------------|-----------|
| 2009 period | \$ | \$ | (65) | \$ | \$ | 80 | \$ 119 | \$ 134 |
| 2008 period | | 2 | 95 | 1 | | 89 | (81) | 106 |
| | | | | 16 | | | | |

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|---------------|-------------------|-----------|-------|------|------|
| | | | | | |

Table of Contents

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (continued)

The balances of and changes in DAC were as follows:

| | 2009 | | 2008 |
|---|-------------|--------|-------|
| | (in mil | lions) | |
| Balance at January 1 | \$ 4,383 | \$ | 4,408 |
| Cumulative effect of accounting change | | | 36 |
| Capitalization of acquisition costs | 499 | | 479 |
| Amortization, excluding impacts of valuation assumptions review and valuation system conversion | (216) | | (457) |
| Amortization, impact of valuation assumptions review and valuation system conversion | 119 | | (81) |
| Impact of change in net unrealized securities losses | (462) | | (11) |
| Balance at September 30 | \$ 4,323 | \$ | 4,374 |

The balances of and changes in DSIC, included in other assets on the Consolidated Balance Sheets, were as follows:

| | 2009 | | 2008 |
|---|-----------|--------|------|
| | (in mil | lions) | |
| Balance at January 1 | \$ 518 | \$ | 511 |
| Cumulative effect of accounting change | | | 9 |
| Capitalization of sales inducement costs | 61 | | 64 |
| Amortization, excluding impacts of valuation assumptions review and valuation system conversion | (7) | | (55) |
| Amortization, impact of valuation assumptions review and valuation system conversion | 9 | | (6) |
| Impact of change in net unrealized securities losses | (67) | | |
| Balance at September 30 | \$ 514 | \$ | 523 |

The Company adopted a new accounting standard on the recognition and presentation of other-than-temporary impairments in the first quarter of 2009. The adoption had no net impact to DAC and DSIC.

Effective January 1, 2008, the Company adopted a new accounting standard on fair value measurements and recorded as a cumulative change in accounting principle a pretax increase of \$36 million and \$9 million to DAC and DSIC, respectively. See Note 2 and Note 9 for additional information regarding the Company s adoption of fair value accounting standards.

5. Future Policy Benefits and Claims and Separate Account Liabilities

Future policy benefits and claims consisted of the following:

| | September 30, 2009 | | December 31, 2008 |
|--|--------------------|-----------|-------------------|
| | (in ı | millions) | |
| Fixed annuities | \$ 16,551 | \$ | 14,058 |
| Equity indexed annuities accumulated host values | 183 | | 228 |
| Equity indexed annuities embedded derivatives | 13 | | 16 |
| Variable annuities fixed sub-accounts | 6,040 | | 5,623 |
| Variable annuity guaranteed minimum withdrawal benefits (GMWB) | 468 | | 1,471 |
| Variable annuity guaranteed minimum accumulation benefits (GMAB) | 151 | | 367 |
| Other variable annuity guarantees | 16 | | 67 |
| Total annuities | 23,422 | | 21,830 |
| Variable universal life (VUL)/universal life (UL) insurance | 2,584 | | 2,526 |
| Other life, disability income and long term care insurance | 4,548 | | 4,397 |
| Auto, home and other insurance | 373 | | 368 |
| Policy claims and other policyholders funds | 115 | | 172 |
| Total | \$ 31,042 | \$ | 29,293 |

Separate account liabilities consisted of the following:

| | Septer | mber 30, 2009 (in mill | December 31, 2008 |
|--|--------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| Variable annuity variable sub-accounts | \$ | 46,959 | \$ 37,657 |
| VUL insurance variable sub-accounts | | 5,033 | 4,091 |
| Other insurance variable sub-accounts | | 45 | 39 |
| Threadneedle investment liabilities | | 3,539 | 2,959 |
| Total | \$ | 55,576 | \$ 44,746 |

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|---------------|-------------------|-----------|-------|------|------|
| | | | | | |

Table of Contents

AMERIPRISE FINANCIAL, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (continued)

6. Variable Annuity and Insurance Guarantees

The majority of the variable annuity contracts offered by the Company contain guaranteed minimum death benefit (GMDB) provisions. The Company also offers variable annuities with death benefit provisions that gross up the amount payable by a certain percentage of contract earnings, which are referred to as gain gross-up (GGU) benefits. In addition, the Company offers contracts with GMWB provisions. The Company suspended sales of contracts with GMAB provisions June 1, 2009. The Company previously offered contracts containing guaranteed minimum income benefit (GMIB) provisions.

Certain universal life contracts offered by the Company provide secondary guarantee benefits. The secondary guarantee ensures that, subject to specified conditions, the policy will not terminate and will continue to provide a death benefit even if there is insufficient policy value to cover the monthly deductions and charges.

The following table provides summary information related to all variable annuity guarantees for which the Company has established additional liabilities:

| Variable annuity guarantees by benefit type(1) | C | Total contract value | S | September Contract value in eparate ccounts | a | Net mount risk(2) | Weighted average attained age (in millions | _ | Total ontract value pt age) | v s | December Contract value in eparate ccounts | í | Net nmount t risk(2) | Weighted average attained age |
|--|----|----------------------------|----|---|----|-------------------------|--|----|--------------------------------------|--------|--|----|----------------------------|--|
| GMDB: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Return of Premium | \$ | 29,238 | \$ | 26,816 | \$ | 1,445 | 61 | \$ | 22,249 | \$ | 20,153 | \$ | 4,873 | 61 |
| Six-Year Reset | | 13,805 | | 11,098 | | 1,185 | 61 | | 12,719 | | 10,063 | | 2,802 | 61 |
| One-Year Ratchet | | 6,883 | | 6,189 | | 1,082 | 63 | | 5,770 | | 5,061 | | 2,163 | 62 |
| Five-Year Ratchet | | 1,197 | | 1,119 | | 56 | 59 | | 951 | | 888 | | 199 | 59 |
| Other | | 566 | | 525 | | 112 | 67 | | 471 | | 429 | | 192 | 66 |
| Total GMDB | \$ | 51,689 | \$ | 45,747 | \$ | 3,880 | 61 | \$ | 42,160 | \$ | 36,594 | \$ | 10,229 | 61 |
| GGU death benefit | \$ | 824 | \$ | 745 | \$ | 69 | 63 | \$ | 699 | \$ | 619 | \$ | 65 | 63 |
| GMIB | \$ | 626 | \$ | 578 | \$ | 145 | 63 | \$ | 567 | \$ | 511 | \$ | 245 | 63 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GMWB: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GMWB | \$ | 4,110 | \$ | 3,994 | \$ | 591 | 63 | \$ | 3,513 | \$ | 3,409 | \$ | 1,312 | 63 |
| GMWB for life | | 13,770 | | 13,189 | | 1,077 | 63 | | 9,194 | | 8,764 | | 2,704 | 63 |
| Total GMWB | \$ | 17,880 | \$ | 17,183 | \$ | 1,668 | 63 | \$ | 12,707 | \$ | 12,173 | \$ | 4,016 | 63 |
| GMAB | \$ | 2,813 | \$ | 2,743 | \$ | 220 | 56 | \$ | 2,006 | \$ | 1,937 | \$ | 608 | 56 |

⁽¹⁾ Individual variable annuity contracts may have more than one guarantee and therefore may be included in more than one benefit type. Variable annuity contracts for which the death benefit equals account value are not shown in this table.

Changes in additional liabilities were as follows:

⁽²⁾ Represents the current guaranteed benefit amount in excess of the current contract value. GMIB, GMWB and GMAB benefits are subject to waiting periods and payment periods specified in the contract.

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| | GMDI | 3 & GGU | GMIB | (in | GMWB millions) | GMAB | UL |
|---|------|---------|----------|-----|-------------------|-----------|----------|
| Liability balance at January 1, 2008 | \$ | 24 | \$ 3 | \$ | 136 | \$ 33 | \$ 4 |
| Incurred claims | | 1 | 3 | | 94 | 70 | 4 |
| Paid claims | | (7) | | | | | (2) |
| Liability balance at September 30, 2008 | \$ | 18 | \$ 6 | \$ | 230 | \$ 103 | \$ 6 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Liability balance at January 1, 2009 | \$ | 55 | \$ 12 | \$ | 1,471 | \$ 367 | \$ 7 |
| Incurred claims | | 7 | (5) | | (1,003) | (216) | 5 |
| Paid claims | | (53) | | | | | |
| Liability balance at September 30, 2009 | \$ | 9 | \$ 7 | \$ | 468 | \$ 151 | \$ 12 |

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|------------------------|------------|-----------|-------|------|------|
|------------------------|------------|-----------|-------|------|------|

Table of Contents

AMERIPRISE FINANCIAL, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (continued)

7. Customer Deposits

Customer deposits consisted of the following:

| | Septemb | per 30, 2009 | | December 31, 2008 |
|--|---------|--------------|---------|-------------------|
| | | (in mil | llions) | |
| Fixed rate certificates | \$ | 3,549 | \$ | 3,909 |
| Stock market based certificates | | 854 | | 909 |
| Stock market embedded derivative reserve | | 28 | | 5 |
| Other | | 60 | | 62 |
| Less: accrued interest classified in other liabilities | | (39) | | (11) |
| Total investment certificate reserves | | 4,452 | | 4,874 |
| Brokerage deposits | | 2,011 | | 1,988 |
| Banking deposits | | 2,565 | | 1,367 |
| Total | \$ | 9,028 | \$ | 8,229 |

8. Debt

Debt and the stated interest rates were as follows:

| | Outstanding Balance | | | nce | Stated Interest Rate | | | |
|---|-----------------------|----------|----------------------|-------|-----------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| | September 30, 2009 | | December 31, 2008 | | September 30, 2009 | December 31, 2008 | | |
| | | (in mil) | lions) | | | | | |
| Senior notes due 2010 | \$ | 340 | \$ | 800 | 5.4% | 5.4% | | |
| Senior notes due 2015 | | 700 | | 700 | 5.7 | 5.7 | | |
| Senior notes due 2019 | | 300 | | | 7.3 | | | |
| Senior notes due 2039 | | 200 | | | 7.8 | | | |
| Junior subordinated notes due 2066 | | 322 | | 457 | 7.5 | 7.5 | | |
| Floating rate revolving credit borrowings due | | | | | | | | |
| 2013 | | 135 | | 64 | 4.6 | 3.6 | | |
| Floating rate revolving credit borrowings due | | | | | | | | |
| 2014 | | 73 | | | 5.2 | | | |
| Municipal bond inverse floater certificates due | | | | | | | | |
| 2021 | | 6 | | 6 | 0.4 | 2.2 | | |
| Total | \$ | 2,076 | \$ | 2,027 | | | | |

In July 2009, the Company purchased \$450 million aggregate principal amount of its 5.35% senior notes due November 15, 2010, pursuant to a cash tender offer. The tender offer consideration per \$1,000 principal amount of these notes accepted for purchase was \$1,000, with an early tender payment of \$30. Payments for these notes purchased pursuant to the tender offer included accrued and unpaid interest from the last interest payment date to, but not including, the settlement date. The Company also repurchased \$10 million of these notes in the second quarter of 2009 in open market transactions.

On June 8, 2009, the Company issued \$300 million of unsecured senior notes which mature June 28, 2019 and carry a fixed interest rate of 7.30%. Interest payments are due semi-annually in arrears on June 28 and December 28, commencing December 28, 2009.

On June 3, 2009, the Company issued \$200 million of unsecured senior notes which mature June 15, 2039 and carry a fixed interest rate of 7.75%. Interest payments are due quarterly in arrears on March 15, June 15, September 15 and December 15, commencing September 15, 2009.

In 2009, the Company extinguished \$135 million of its 7.5% junior subordinated notes due June 1, 2066 in open market transactions.

The floating rate revolving credit borrowings due in 2013 and 2014 are non-recourse debt related to certain consolidated property funds. The debt will be extinguished with the cash flows from the sale of the investments held within the partnerships.

19

Table of Contents

AMERIPRISE FINANCIAL, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (continued)

7. Customer Deposits

9. Fair Values of Assets and Liabilities

GAAP defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date; that is, an exit price. The exit price assumes the asset or liability is not exchanged subject to a forced liquidation or distressed sale.

Valuation Hierarchy

Valuation Hierarchy 125

The Company categorizes its fair value measurements according to a three-level hierarchy. The hierarchy prioritizes the inputs used by the Company s valuation techniques. A level is assigned to each fair value measurement based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are defined as follows:

Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date.

Level 2 Prices or valuations based on observable inputs other than quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.

Level 3 Prices or valuations that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable.

Determination of Fair Value

The Company uses valuation techniques consistent with the market and income approaches to measure the fair value of its assets and liabilities. The Company s market approach uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities. The Company s income approach uses valuation techniques to convert future projected cash flows to a single discounted present value amount. When applying either approach, the Company maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs.

The following is a description of the valuation techniques used to measure fair value and the general classification of these instruments pursuant to the fair value hierarchy.

Assets

Assets 127

Cash Equivalents

Cash Equivalents 128

Cash equivalents include highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less. Actively traded money market funds are measured at their NAV and classified as Level 1. The Company s remaining cash equivalents are classified as Level 2 and measured at amortized cost, which is a reasonable estimate of fair value because of the short time between the purchase of the instrument and its expected realization.

Investments (Trading Securities and Available-for-Sale Securities)

When available, the fair value of securities is based on quoted prices in active markets. If quoted prices are not available, fair values are obtained from nationally-recognized pricing services, broker quotes, or other model-based valuation techniques such as the present value of cash flows. Level 1 securities include U.S. Treasuries and seed money in funds traded in active markets. Level 2 securities include agency mortgage backed securities, commercial mortgage backed securities, asset backed securities, municipal and corporate bonds, U.S. and foreign government and agency securities, and seed money and other investments in certain hedge funds. Level 3 securities include non-agency residential mortgage backed securities, commercial mortgage backed securities, asset backed securities, and corporate bonds.

Through the Company s own experience transacting in the marketplace and through discussions with its pricing vendors, the Company believes that the market for non-agency residential mortgage backed securities is inactive. Indicators of inactive markets include: pricing services reliance on brokers or discounted cash flow analyses to provide prices, an increase in the disparity between prices provided by different pricing services for the same security, unreasonably large bid-offer spreads and a significant decrease in the volume of trades relative to historical levels. In certain cases, this market inactivity has resulted in the Company applying valuation techniques that rely more on an income approach (discounted cash flows using market rates) than on a market approach (prices from pricing services). The Company considers market observable yields for other asset classes it considers to be of similar risk which includes nonperformance and liquidity for individual securities to set the discount rate for applying the income approach to certain non-agency residential mortgage backed securities.

| Edgar Filing: | AMERIPRISE | FINANCIAL | INC - | Form | 10-Q |
|---------------|-------------------|-----------|-------|------|------|
| | | | | | |

Table of Contents

AMERIPRISE FINANCIAL, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (continued)

Separate Account Assets

The fair value of assets held by separate accounts is determined by the NAV of the funds in which those separate accounts are invested. The NAV represents the exit price for the separate account. Separate account assets are classified as Level 2 as they are traded in principal-to-principal markets with little publicly released pricing information.

Derivatives

Derivatives that are measured using quoted prices in active markets, such as foreign exchange forwards, or derivatives that are exchanged-traded are classified as Level 1 measurements. The fair value of derivatives that are traded in less active over-the-counter markets are generally measured using pricing models with market observable inputs such as interest rates and equity index levels. These measurements are classified as Level 2 within the fair value hierarchy and include interest rate swaps and options. Derivatives that are valued using pricing models that have significant unobservable inputs are classified as Level 3 measurements. Structured derivatives that are used by the Company to hedge its exposure to market risk related to certain variable annuity riders are classified as Level 3. As of September 30, 2009, the Company had no structured derivatives.

Consolidated Property Funds

The Company records the fair value of the properties held by its consolidated property funds within other assets. The fair value of these assets is determined using discounted cash flows and market comparables. Given the significance of the unobservable inputs to these measurements, the assets are classified as Level 3.

Liabilities

Liabilities 139

Embedded Derivatives

Embedded Derivatives 140

Variable Annuity Riders GMAB and GMWB

The Company values the embedded derivative liability attributable to the provisions of certain variable annuity riders using internal valuation models. These models calculate fair value by discounting expected cash flows from benefits plus margins for profit, risk, and expenses less embedded derivative fees. The projected cash flows used by these models include observable capital market assumptions and incorporate significant unobservable inputs related to contractholder behavior assumptions and margins for risk, profit and expenses that the Company believes an exit market participant would expect. The fair value of these embedded derivatives also reflects a current estimate of the Company s nonperformance risk specific to these liabilities. Given the significant unobservable inputs to this valuation, these measurements are classified as Level 3. The embedded derivative liability attributable to these provisions is recorded in future policy benefits and claims.

Equity Indexed Annuities and Stock Market Certificates

The Company uses various Black-Scholes calculations to determine the fair value of the embedded derivative liability associated with the provisions of its equity indexed annuities and stock market certificates. The inputs to these calculations are primarily market observable. As a result, these measurements are classified as Level 2. The embedded derivative liability attributable to the provisions of the Company s equity indexed annuities and stock market certificates is recorded in future policy benefits and claims and customer deposits, respectively.

Table of Contents

AMERIPRISE FINANCIAL, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (continued)

The following tables present the balances of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

| | September 30, 2009 | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------|---------|----|---------|----------|---------|----|--------|
| |] | Level 1 | | Level 2 | | Level 3 | | Total |
| | | | | (in m | illions) | | | |
| Assets | | | | | | | | |
| Cash equivalents | \$ | 60 | \$ | 3,224 | \$ | | \$ | 3,284 |
| Available-for-Sale securities: | | | | | | | | |
| Corporate debt securities | | | | 15,268 | | 1,219 | | 16,487 |
| Residential mortgage backed securities | | | | 4,209 | | 3,840 | | 8,049 |
| Commercial mortgage backed securities | | | | 4,304 | | 69 | | 4,373 |
| Asset backed securities | | | | 1,493 | | 353 | | 1,846 |
| State and municipal obligations | | | | 1,322 | | | | 1,322 |
| U.S. government and agencies obligations | | 65 | | 247 | | | | 312 |
| Foreign government bonds and obligations | | | | 109 | | | | 109 |
| Common and preferred stocks | | | | 38 | | 10 | | 48 |
| Other structured investments | | | | | | 55 | | 55 |
| Other debt obligations | | 2 | | 22 | | | | 24 |
| Total Available-for-Sale securities | | 67 | | 27,012 | | 5,546 | | 32,625 |
| Trading securities | | 106 | | 186 | | 18 | | 310 |
| Separate account assets | | | | 55,576 | | | | 55,576 |
| Other assets | | 3 | | 986 | | 476 | | 1,465 |
| Total assets at fair value | \$ | 236 | \$ | 86,984 | \$ | 6,040 | \$ | 93,260 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | | |
| Future policy benefits and claims | \$ | | \$ | 13 | \$ | 610 | \$ | 623 |
| Customer deposits | | | | 28 | | | | 28 |
| Other liabilities | | 1 | | 785 | | | | 786 |
| Total liabilities at fair value | \$ | 1 | \$ | 826 | \$ | 610 | \$ | 1,437 |

| | December 31, 2008 | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|---------|----|---------|----------|---------|--------------|
| | I | Level 1 | | Level 2 | | Level 3 | Total |
| | | | | (in m | illions) | | |
| Assets | | | | | | | |
| Cash equivalents | \$ | 504 | \$ | 5,446 | \$ | | \$ 5,950 |
| Available-for-Sale securities: | | | | | | | |
| Corporate debt securities | | | | 11,479 | | 1,120 | 12,599 |
| Residential mortgage backed securities | | | | 4,027 | | 1,208 | 5,235 |
| Commercial mortgage backed securities | | | | 2,730 | | 3 | 2,733 |
| Asset backed securities | | | | 736 | | 222 | 958 |
| State and municipal obligations | | | | 873 | | | 873 |
| U.S. government and agencies obligations | | 32 | | 239 | | | 271 |
| Foreign government bonds and obligations | | | | 107 | | | 107 |
| Common and preferred stocks | | | | 27 | | 10 | 37 |
| Other structured investments | | | | | | 50 | 50 |
| Other debt obligations | | | | 10 | | | 10 |
| Total Available-for-Sale securities | | 32 | | 20,228 | | 2,613 | 22,873 |
| Trading securities | | 224 | | 244 | | 30 | 498 |
| Separate account assets | | | | 44,746 | | | 44,746 |
| Other assets | | 1 | | 2,308 | | 487 | 2,796 |
| Total assets at fair value | \$ | 761 | \$ | 72,972 | \$ | 3,130 | \$ 76,863 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | |
| Future policy benefits and claims | \$ | | \$ | 16 | \$ | 1,832 | \$ 1,848 |
| Customer deposits | | | | 5 | | | 5 |
| Other liabilities | | 7 | | 673 | | | 680 |
| Total liabilities at fair value | \$ | 7 | \$ | 694 | \$ | 1,832 | \$ 2,533 |

Table of Contents

AMERIPRISE FINANCIAL, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (continued)

The following tables provide a summary of changes in Level 3 assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

| |] | Balance, July 1, 2009 |] | Total Gain Inclue Net Income | ded in Oth pre | er Com- chensive | I aı | urchases, Sales, ssuances and Settle- ents, Net ons) | Ir | Transfers n/(Out) of Level 3 | S | Balance, September 30, 2009 |
|--|----|-----------------------------|----|---------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------|--|----|------------------------------------|----|-----------------------------------|
| Available-for-Sale securities: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Corporate debt securities | \$ | 1,178 | \$ | | \$ | 94 | \$ | (7) | \$ | (46) | \$ | 1,219 |
| Residential mortgage backed securities | | 3,451 | | 30 | | 148 | | 211 | | | | 3,840 |
| Commercial mortgage backed | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| securities | | 64 | | | | 5 | | | | | | 69 |
| Asset backed securities | | 379 | | 5 | | 14 | | (36) | | (9) | | 353 |
| Common and preferred stocks | | 10 | | | | | | | | | | 10 |
| Other structured investments | | 49 | | | | 7 | | (1) | | | | 55 |
| Other debt obligations | | | | | | | | ì | | | | |
| Total Available-for-Sale securities | | 5,131 | | 35(1) | | 268 | | 167 | | (55)(4) | | 5,546 |
| | | | | | | | | | | , , , , | | |
| Trading securities | | 23 | | (1)(1) | | (1) | | (3) | | | | 18 |
| Other assets | | 342 | | (10)(2) | | (10) | | 154 | | | | 476 |
| Future policy benefits and claims | | (759) | | 166(3) | | | | (17) | | | | (610) |

⁽¹⁾ Included in net investment income in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

⁽⁴⁾ Represents two securities with a fair value of \$64 million that were transferred to Level 2 as the fair value of the securities is now obtained from a nationally-recognized pricing service and one security with a fair value of \$9 million that was transferred to Level 3 as the fair value of the security is now based on broker quotes.

| | Balance, July 1, 2008 | | To Net Incom | tal Gair Includ | ded O | in Other Com- prehensive Income | Is an | rchases, Sales, ssuances ad Settle- ents, Net | Transfers In/(Out) of Level 3 | Se | Balance, eptember 30, 2008 |
|--|-----------------------------|----|--------------------|--------------------|----------|--|----------|---|-------------------------------------|----|----------------------------------|
| Available-for-Sale securities: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Corporate debt securities | \$ 1,25 | 7 | \$ | (1) | \$ | (42) | \$ | 7 | \$ | \$ | 1,221 |
| Residential mortgage backed securities | 1,08 | 0 | | (85) | | 103 | | (43) | | | 1,055 |
| Commercial mortgage backed | | | | | | | | | | | |
| securities | | 4 | | | | | | (1) | | | 3 |
| Asset backed securities | 24 | 9 | | (10) | | 10 | | (9) | | | 240 |
| Common and preferred stocks | 1 | 0 | | | | | | | | | 10 |
| Other structured investments | 3 | 8 | | 1 | | | | (3) | | | 36 |
| Total Available-for-Sale securities | 2,63 | 8 | | (95)(1) | | 71 | | (49) | | | 2,565 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Trading securities | 4 | 4 | | (2)(1) | | (5) | | | | | 37 |
| Other assets | 43 | 7 | | 3(2) | | (38) | | 77 | | | 479 |
| Future policy benefits and claims | (15 | 4) | (1 | 159)(3) | | | | (18) | | | (331) |
| Other liabilities | . (| 4) | | (1)(3) | | | | | | | (5) |

⁽²⁾ Included in other revenues in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

⁽³⁾ Included in benefits, claims, losses and settlement expenses in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

- (1) Included in net investment income in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.
- (2) Represents a \$21 million gain included in benefits, claims, losses and settlement expenses and a \$18 million loss included in other revenues in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.
- (3) Included in benefits, claims, losses and settlement expenses in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Table of Contents

AMERIPRISE FINANCIAL, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (continued)

The following table presents the changes in unrealized gains (losses) included in net income related to Level 3 assets and liabilities held at September 30 for the three months then ended:

| | Net Investment Income | 2009 Other Revenue | Benefits, Claims, Losses and Settlement Expenses (in mi | Net Investment Income illions) | 2008 Other Revenue | Benefits, Claims, Losses and Settlement Expenses |
|--|-----------------------------|--------------------------|--|---|--------------------------|--|
| Available-for-Sale securities: | | | | | | |
| Corporate debt securities | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | 1 \$ | \$ |
| Residential mortgage backed securities | 28 | | | (80 | 5) | |
| Commercial mortgage backed securities | | | | | | |
| Asset backed securities | 3 | | | (10 | 0) | |
| Other structured investments | | | | | | |
| Other debt obligations | | | | | | |
| Total Available-for-Sale securities | 31 | | | (9: | 5) | |
| Trading securities | (1) | | | | 2 | |
| Other assets | | (12) |) | | (18 |) 21 |
| Future policy benefits and claims | | | 165 | | | (158) |
| Other liabilities | | | | | | (1) |

The following tables provide a summary of changes in Level 3 assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

| | Jai | | | Inclu Net | Gains (Losses) ncluded in Other Comprehensive Income (in | | Purchases, Sales, Issuances and Settle- ments, Net a millions) | | Transfers In/(Out) of Level 3 | | Se | Balance, eptember 30, 2009 |
|-------------------------------------|-----|---------|----|--------------|--|-----|---|-------|-------------------------------------|---------|----|----------------------------------|
| Available-for-Sale securities: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Corporate debt securities | \$ | 1,120 | \$ | | \$ | 173 | \$ | (13) | \$ | (61) | \$ | 1,219 |
| Residential mortgage backed | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| securities | | 1,208 | | 37 | | 63 | | 2,532 | | | | 3,840 |
| Commercial mortgage backed | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| securities | | 3 | | | | 6 | | 60 | | | | 69 |
| Asset backed securities | | 222 | | 13 | | | | 127 | | (9) | | 353 |
| Common and preferred stocks | | 10 | | | | | | | | | | 10 |
| Other structured investments | | 50 | | (3) | | 13 | | (5) | | | | 55 |
| Other debt obligations | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total Available-for-Sale securities | | 2,613 | | 47(1) | | 255 | | 2,701 | | (70)(4) | | 5,546 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Trading securities | | 30 | | (6)(1) | | 2 | | (8) | | | | 18 |
| Other assets | | 487 | | (81)(2) | | 23 | | 47 | | | | 476 |
| Future policy benefits and claims | | (1,832) | | 1,268(3) | | | | (46) | | | | (610) |

⁽¹⁾ Included in net investment income in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

⁽²⁾ Represents a \$37 million loss included in benefits, claims, losses and settlement expenses and a \$44 million loss included in other revenues in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

⁽³⁾ Included in benefits, claims, losses and settlement expenses in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

(4) Represents three securities with a fair value of \$79 million that were transferred to Level 2 as the fair value of the securities is now obtained from a nationally-recognized pricing service and one security with a fair value of \$9 million that was transferred to Level 3 as the fair value of the security is now based on broker quotes.

Table of Contents

AMERIPRISE FINANCIAL, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (continued)

| | Balance, nuary 1, 2008 | | | ains (Losses) luded in Other Com- prehensive Income (in | | Purchases, Sales, Issuances and Settle- ments, Net millions) | | Transfers In/(Out) of Level 3 | Balance, tember 30, 2008 |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|----|----------|--|-------|---|-------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Available-for-Sale securities: | | | | | | | | | |
| Corporate debt securities | \$ 1,339 | \$ | (1) | \$ | (73) | \$ | (44) | \$ | \$ 1,221 |
| Residential mortgage backed | | | | | | | | | |
| securities | 1,267 | | (143) | | (142) | | 73 | | 1,055 |
| Commercial mortgage backed | | | | | | | | | |
| securities | 5 | | | | | | (2) | | 3 |
| Asset backed securities | 242 | | (9) | | (10) | | 17 | | 240 |
| Common and preferred stocks | 9 | | | | 1 | | | | 10 |
| Other structured investments | 46 | | 3 | | | | (13) | | 36 |
| Total Available-for-Sale securities | 2,908 | | (150)(1) | | (224) | | 31 | | 2,565 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Trading securities | 44 | | (2) | | (5) | | | | 37 |
| Other assets | 629 | | 6(2) | | (37) | | (119) | | 479 |
| Future policy benefits and claims | (158) | | (125)(3) | | | | (48) | | (331) |
| Other Liabilities | | | (1)(3) | | | | (4) | | (5) |
| | | | | | | | | | |

⁽¹⁾ Included in net investment income in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

The following table presents the changes in unrealized gains (losses) included in net income related to Level 3 assets and liabilities held at September 30 for the nine months then ended:

| | Net Investment Income | 2009 Other Revenue | Benefits, Claims, Losses and Settlement Expenses (in mi | Net Investment Income Ilions) | 2008 Other Revenue | Benefits, Claims, Losses and Settlement Expenses |
|--|-----------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|--------------------------|--|
| Available-for-Sale securities: | | | | | | |
| Corporate debt securities | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Residential mortgage backed securities | 15 | | | (142) | | |
| Commercial mortgage backed securities | | | | | | |
| Asset backed securities | 7 | | | (9) | | |
| Other structured investments | (3) | | | (2) | | |
| Other debt obligations | | | | | | |
| Total Available-for-Sale securities | 19 | | | (153) | | |
| Trading securities | (1) | | | (2) | | |
| Other assets | | (40) | | | (38) | 21 |
| Future policy benefits and claims | | | 1,244 | | | (123) |
| Other liabilities | | | | | | (1) |

During the reporting periods, there were no material assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis.

⁽²⁾ Represents a \$44 million gain included in benefits, claims, losses and settlement expenses and a \$38 million loss included in other revenues in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

⁽³⁾ Included in benefits, claims, losses and settlement expenses in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Table of Contents

AMERIPRISE FINANCIAL, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (continued)

The following table provides the carrying value and the estimated fair value of financial instruments that are not reported at fair value. All other financial instruments that are reported at fair value have been included in the table above with balances of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

| | September 30, 2009 | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------|----|--------|--|--|--|
| | Carr | Carrying Value Fair | | | | | |
| | | (in mill | | | | | |
| Financial Assets | | | | | | | |
| Commercial mortgage loans, net | \$ | 2,706 | \$ | 2,616 | | | |
| Policy loans | | 719 | | 800 | | | |
| Receivables | | 1,324 | | 1,025 | | | |
| Restricted and segregated cash | | 1,822 | | 1,822 | | | |
| Other investments and assets | | 473 | | 496 | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Financial Liabilities | | | | | | | |
| Future policy benefits and claims | \$ | 15,517 | \$ | 15,429 | | | |
| Investment certificate reserves | | 4,424 | | 4,424 | | | |
| Banking and brokerage customer deposits | | 4,576 | | 4,576 | | | |
| Separate account liabilities | | 3,940 | | 3,940 | | | |
| Debt and other liabilities | | 2,245 | | 2,224 | | | |

Investments

Investments 161

The fair value of commercial mortgage loans, except those with significant credit deterioration, is determined by discounting contractual cash flows using discount rates that reflect current pricing for loans with similar remaining maturities and characteristics including loan-to-value ratio, occupancy rate, refinance risk, debt-service coverage, location, and property condition. For commercial mortgage loans with significant credit deterioration, fair value is determined using the same adjustments as above with an additional adjustment for the Company s estimate of the amount recoverable on the loan.

The fair value of policy loans is determined using discounted cash flows.

Receivables

Receivables 163

| The fair value of consumer banks | ing loans is determined by | discounting estimated | cash flows and incor | porating adjustments f | for prepayment, |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| administration expenses, severity | and credit loss estimates. | with discount rates bas | ed on the Company | s estimate of current i | market conditions. |

Loans held for sale are measured at the lower of cost or market and fair value is based on what secondary markets are currently offering for loans with similar characteristics.

Brokerage margin loans are measured at outstanding balances, which are a reasonable estimate of fair value because of the sufficiency of the collateral and short term nature of these loans.

Restricted and segregated cash

Restricted and segregated cash is generally set aside for specific business transactions and restrictions are specific to the Company and do not transfer to third party market participants; therefore, the carrying amount is a reasonable estimate of fair value.

Amounts segregated under federal and other regulations reflect resale agreements and are measured at the cost at which the securities will be sold. This measurement is a reasonable estimate of fair value because of the short time between entering into the transaction and its expected realization and the reduced risk of credit loss due to pledging U.S. government-backed securities as collateral.

Other investments and assets

Other investments and assets primarily consist of syndicated loans. The fair value of syndicated loans is obtained from a nationally-recognized pricing service.

Future policy benefits and claims

The fair value of fixed annuities, in deferral status, is determined by discounting cash flows using a risk neutral discount rate with adjustments for profit, expense and risk margins and for the Company s non-performance risk specific to these liabilities. The fair value of other liabilities including non-life contingent fixed annuities in payout status, equity indexed annuity host contracts and the fixed portion of a small number of variable annuity contracts classified as investment contracts is determined in a similar manner.

Table of Contents

AMERIPRISE FINANCIAL, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (continued)

Customer deposits

The fair value of investment certificate reserves is determined by discounting cash flows using discount rates that reflect current pricing for assets with similar terms and characteristics, with adjustments for early withdrawal behavior, penalty fees, expense margin and the Company s non-performance risk specific to these liabilities.

Banking and brokerage customer deposits are liabilities with no defined maturities and fair value is the amount payable on demand at the reporting date.

Separate account liabilities

Certain separate account liabilities are classified as investment contracts and are carried at an amount equal to the related separate account assets. Carrying value is a reasonable estimate of the fair value as it represents the exit value as evidenced by withdrawal transactions between contractholders and the Company. A non-performance adjustment is not included as the related separate account assets act as collateral for these liabilities and minimize non-performance risk.

Debt and other liabilities

Debt fair value is based on quoted prices in active markets, when available. If quoted prices are not available, fair value is obtained from nationally-recognized pricing services, broker quotes, or other model-based valuation techniques such as present value of cash flows.

10. Derivatives and Hedging Activities

Derivative instruments enable the Company to manage its exposure to various market risks. The value of such instruments is derived from an underlying variable or multiple variables, including equity, foreign exchange and interest rate indices or prices. The Company primarily enters into derivative agreements for risk management purposes related to the Company s products and operations.

Table of Contents 171

The Company uses derivatives as economic hedges and occasionally holds derivatives designated for hedge accounting. The following table presents the balance sheet location and the gross fair value of derivative instruments, including embedded derivatives, by type of derivative and product at September 30, 2009:

| Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments | Balance Sheet Location | (| Asset in millions) | Balance Sheet Location | (i | Liability in millions) |
|---|---------------------------|----|-----------------------|---------------------------|------------|---------------------------|
| Interest rate contracts | | | | | | |
| GMWB and GMAB | Other assets | \$ | 240 | Other liabilities | \$ | 231 |
| Equity contracts | | | | | | |
| GMWB and GMAB | Other assets | | 572 | Other liabilities | | 399 |
| GMDB | | | | Other liabilities | | 1 |
| Equity indexed annuities | Other assets | | 2 | | | |
| Equity indexed annuities embedded derivatives | | | | Future policy | | |
| | | | | benefits and claims | | 13 |
| Stock market certificates | Other assets | | 152 | Other liabilities | | 124 |
| Stock market certificates embedded derivatives | | | | Customer deposits | | 28 |
| Foreign exchange contracts | | | | | | |
| Seed money | Other assets | | 2 | | | |
| Other | | | | | | |
| GMWB and GMAB embedded derivatives(1) | | | | Future policy | | |
| | | | | benefits and claims | | 610 |
| Total | | \$ | 968 | | \$ | 1,406 |

⁽¹⁾ The fair values of GMWB and GMAB embedded derivatives fluctuate primarily based on changes in equity, interest rate and credit markets.

See Note 9 for additional information regarding the Company s fair value measurement of derivative instruments.

Table of Contents

AMERIPRISE FINANCIAL, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (continued)

Derivatives Not Designated as Hedges

The following table presents a summary of the impact of derivatives not designated as hedging instruments on the Consolidated Statements of Operations:

Amount of Gain (Loss)

| | | on Deriva Recognized in | |
|---|--|--|---|
| Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments | Location of Gain (Loss) on Derivatives Recognized in Income | Three onths Ended otember 30, 2009 | Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009 |
| Interest rate contracts | | (III IIIII) | ons) |
| GMWB and GMAB Interest rate lock commitments | Benefits, claims, losses and settlement expenses Other revenues | \$ 63 (1) | \$ (322) |
| Equity contracts | Danafita alaima lassas and sattlement | | |
| GMWB and GMAB | Benefits, claims, losses and settlement expenses Benefits, claims, losses and settlement | (266) | (1,078) |
| GMDB | expenses | (7) | (7) |
| Equity indexed annuities | Interest credited to fixed accounts | 3 | 1 |
| Equity indexed annuities embedded derivatives | Interest credited to fixed accounts | 2 | 3 |
| Stock market certificates | Banking and deposit interest expense | 9 | 10 |
| Stock market certificates embedded | Banking and deposit interest expense | | |
| derivatives | | (12) | (23) |
| Seed money | Net investment income | (10) | (10) |
| Foreign exchange contracts | | | |
| Seed money | General and administrative expense | 3 | 2 |
| Other | | | |
| GMWB and GMAB embedded | Benefits, claims, losses and settlement | | |
| derivatives | expenses | 149 | 1,222 |
| Total | | \$ (67) | \$ (202) |

The Company holds derivative instruments that either do not qualify or are not designated for hedge accounting treatment. These derivative instruments are used as economic hedges of equity, interest rate and foreign currency exchange rate risk related to various products and transactions of the Company.

The majority of the Company s annuity contracts contain GMDB provisions, which may result in a death benefit payable that exceeds the contract accumulation value when market values of customers accounts decline. Certain annuity contracts contain GMWB or GMAB provisions,

Table of Contents 173

which guarantee the right to make limited partial withdrawals each contract year regardless of the volatility inherent in the underlying investments or guarantee a minimum accumulation value of considerations received at the beginning of the contract period, after a specified holding period, respectively. The Company economically hedges the exposure related to non-life contingent GMWB and GMAB provisions using various equity futures, equity options, total return swaps, interest rate swaptions and interest rate swaps. In the third quarter of 2009, the Company entered into a limited number of derivative contracts to economically hedge equity exposure related to GMDB provisions on variable annuity contracts written previously in 2009. At September 30, 2009, the gross notional amount of these contracts was \$37.2 billion and \$75 million for the Company s GMWB and GMAB provisions and GMDB provisions, respectively. The premium associated with certain of the above options is paid or received semi-annually over the life of the option contract.

The following is a summary of the payments the Company is scheduled to make and receive for these options:

| | Premiums | Premiums Payable | | Premiums Receivable | | |
|-----------|----------|------------------|----|---------------------|--|--|
| | | (in millions) | | | | |
| 2009(1) | \$ | (55) | \$ | 3 | | |
| 2010 | | (189) | | 5 | | |
| 2011 | | (181) | | 4 | | |
| 2012 | | (165) | | 3 | | |
| 2013 | | (153) | | 2 | | |
| 2014-2023 | | (511) | | 5 | | |

^{(1) 2009} amounts represent the amounts payable and receivable for the period from October 1, 2009 to December 31, 2009.

Actual timing and payment amounts may differ due to future contract settlements, modifications or exercises of options prior to the full premium being paid or received.

Table of Contents

AMERIPRISE FINANCIAL, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (continued)

Equity indexed annuities and stock market certificate products have returns tied to the performance of equity markets. As a result of fluctuations in equity markets, the obligation incurred by the Company related to equity indexed annuities and stock market certificate products will positively or negatively impact earnings over the life of these products. As a means of economically hedging its obligations under the provisions of these products, the Company enters into index options and occasionally enters into futures contracts. The gross notional amount of these derivative contracts was \$1.7 billion at September 30, 2009.

The Company enters into futures and total return swaps to manage its exposure to price risk arising from seed money investments made in proprietary mutual funds. The gross notional amount of these contracts was \$195 million at September 30, 2009.

The Company enters into foreign currency forward contracts to hedge its exposure to certain receivables and obligations denominated in non-functional currencies. The gross notional amount of these contracts was \$9 million at September 30, 2009.

Embedded Derivatives

Certain annuities contain GMAB and non-life contingent GMWB provisions, which are considered embedded derivatives. In addition, the equity component of the equity indexed annuity and stock market investment certificate product obligations are also considered embedded derivatives. As captured in the tables above, embedded derivatives are bifurcated from their host contracts and reported on the Consolidated Balance Sheets at fair value with changes in fair value reported in earnings. As noted above, the Company uses derivatives to mitigate the financial statement impact of these embedded derivatives.

Cash Flow Hedges

The Company has amounts classified in accumulated other comprehensive income related to gains and losses associated with the effective portion of previously designated cash flow hedges. The Company reclassifies these amounts into income as the forecasted transactions impact earnings. During the nine months ended September 30, 2009, the Company held no derivatives that were designated as cash flow hedges. The following table shows the impact of the Company s previously designated cash flow hedges on the Consolidated Statements of Operations:

Derivatives designated as hedging instruments

Location of Gain (Loss)
Reclassified from Accumulated Other
Comprehensive Income into Income

Amount of Gain (Loss)
Reclassified from Accumulated Other
Comprehensive Income into Income
Three Months Ended
September 30, 2009
(in millions)

| Cash flow hedges | | | |
|------------------------|---------------------------|------------|-----|
| Interest on debt | Interest and debt expense | \$ 2 \$ | 6 |
| Fixed annuity products | Net investment income | (2) | (5) |
| Total | | \$ \$ | 1 |

At September 30, 2009, the Company expects to reclassify \$2 million of net pretax gains on derivative instruments from accumulated other comprehensive income to earnings during the next 12 months. The \$2 million net pretax gain is made up of an \$8 million deferred gain related to interest rate swaps that will be recorded as a reduction to interest and debt expense, partially offset by a \$6 million deferred loss related to interest rate swaptions that will be recorded in net investment income. For any hedge relationships that are discontinued because the forecasted transaction is not expected to occur according to the original strategy, any related amounts previously recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income are recognized in earnings immediately. No hedge relationships were discontinued during the nine months ended September 30, 2009 due to forecasted transactions no longer expected to occur according to the original hedge strategy.

Currently, the longest period of time over which the Company is hedging exposure to the variability in future cash flows is 26 years and relates to forecasted debt interest payments.

Credit Risk

Credit risk associated with the Company s derivatives is the risk that a derivative counterparty will not perform in accordance with the terms of the applicable derivative contract. To mitigate such risk, the Company has established guidelines and oversight of credit risk through a comprehensive enterprise risk management program that includes members of senior management. Key components of this program are to require preapproval of counterparties and the use of master netting arrangements and collateral arrangements wherever practical. As of September 30, 2009, the Company held \$222 million in cash and cash equivalents and recorded a corresponding liability in other liabilities for collateral the Company is obligated to return to counterparties. As of September 30, 2009, the Company s maximum credit exposure related to derivative assets after considering netting arrangements with counterparties and collateral arrangements was approximately \$68 million.

29

Cash Flow Hedges 176

Table of Contents

AMERIPRISE FINANCIAL, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (continued)

Certain of the Company s derivative instruments contain provisions that adjust the level of collateral the Company is required to post based on the Company s debt rating (or based on the financial strength of the Company s life insurance subsidiaries for contracts in which those subsidiaries are the counterparty). Additionally, certain of the Company s derivative contracts contain provisions that allow the counterparty to terminate the contract if the Company s debt does not maintain a specific credit rating (generally an investment grade rating) or the Company s life insurance subsidiary does not maintain a specific financial strength rating. If these termination provisions were to be triggered, the Company s counterparty could require immediate settlement of any net liability position. At September 30, 2009, the aggregate fair value of all derivative instruments containing such credit risk features was \$75 million. The aggregate fair value of assets posted as collateral for such instruments as of September 30, 2009 was \$43 million. If the credit risk features of derivative contracts that were in a net liability position at September 30, 2009 were triggered, the additional fair value of assets needed to settle these derivative liabilities would have been \$32 million.

11. Income Taxes

The Company s effective tax rates were 23.7% and 21.5% for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2009, respectively. The Company s effective tax rates were 52.5% and (24.9)% for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2008, respectively. The effective tax rate for the three months ended September 30, 2008 included a \$14 million tax benefit from finalizing prior period tax returns. The effective tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 included \$79 million in tax benefits related to changes in the status of current audits and closed audits, tax planning initiatives, and the finalization of prior year tax returns.

The Company is required to establish a valuation allowance for any portion of the deferred tax assets that management believes will not be realized. Included in deferred tax assets is a significant deferred tax asset relating to capital losses that have been recognized for financial statement purposes but not yet for tax return purposes. Under current U.S. federal income tax law, capital losses generally must be used against capital gain income within five years of the year in which the capital losses are recognized for tax purposes. Significant judgment is required in determining if a valuation allowance should be established, and the amount of such allowance if required. Factors used in making this determination include estimates relating to the performance of the business including the ability to generate capital gains. Consideration is given to, among other things in making this determination, a) future taxable income exclusive of reversing temporary differences and carryforwards, b) future reversals of existing taxable temporary differences, c) taxable income in prior carryback years, and d) tax planning strategies. Based on analysis of the Company s tax position, management believes it is more likely than not that the results of future operations and implementation of tax planning strategies will generate sufficient taxable income to enable the Company to utilize all of its deferred tax assets. Accordingly, no valuation allowance for deferred tax assets has been established as of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008.

Included in the Company s deferred income tax assets are net operating loss carryforwards of \$125 million which will expire beginning December 31, 2025 as well as tax credit carryforwards of \$144 million which will expire beginning December 31, 2025. The Company also has \$20 million of foreign tax credit carryforwards which will expire beginning December 31, 2016.

As of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, the Company had \$44 million and \$56 million of gross unrecognized tax expense, respectively. If recognized, approximately \$81 million and \$62 million, net of federal tax benefits, of unrecognized tax benefits as of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, respectively, would affect the effective tax rate.

Credit Risk 177

The Company recognizes interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits as a component of the income tax provision. The Company recognized a net reduction of \$1 million in interest and penalties for the nine months ended September 30, 2009. At September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, the Company had a receivable of \$14 million and \$13 million, respectively, related to accrued interest and penalties.

It is reasonably possible that the total amounts of unrecognized tax benefits will change in the next 12 months. However, there are a number of open audits and quantification of a range cannot be made at this time.

The Company or one or more of its subsidiaries files income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction, and various states and foreign jurisdictions. With few exceptions, the Company is no longer subject to U.S. federal, state and local, or non-U.S. income tax examinations by tax authorities for years before 1997. The Internal Revenue Service (IRS), as part of the overall examination of the American Express Company consolidated return, completed its field examination of the Company s U.S. income tax returns for 1997 through 2002 during 2008 and completed its field examination of 2003 through 2004 in the third quarter of 2009. However, for federal income tax purposes these years continue to remain open as a consequence of certain issues under appeal. In the fourth quarter of 2008, the IRS commenced an examination of the Company s U.S. income tax returns for 2005 through 2007. The Company s or certain of its subsidiaries state income tax returns are currently under examination by various jurisdictions for years ranging from 1998 through 2006.

30

11. Income Taxes 178

Table of Contents

AMERIPRISE FINANCIAL, INC.

$NOTES\ TO\ CONSOLIDATED\ FINANCIAL\ STATEMENTS\ (UNAUDITED)\ (continued)$

On September 25, 2007, the IRS issued Revenue Ruling 2007-61 in which it announced that it intends to issue regulations with respect to certain computational aspects of the Dividends Received Deduction (DRD) related to separate account assets held in connection with variable contracts of life insurance companies. Revenue Ruling 2007-61 suspended a revenue ruling issued in August 2007 that purported to change accepted industry and IRS interpretations of the statutes governing these computational questions. Any regulations that the IRS ultimately proposes for issuance in this area will be subject to public notice and comment, at which time insurance companies and other members of the public will have the opportunity to raise legal and practical questions about the content, scope and application of such regulations. As a result, the ultimate timing and substance of any such regulations are unknown at this time, but they may result in the elimination of some or all of the separate account DRD tax benefit that the Company receives. Management believes that it is likely that any such regulations would apply prospectively only.

12. Contingencies

Owing to prevailing conditions in the credit markets and the isolated defaults of unaffiliated structured investment vehicles (SIVs) held in the portfolios of money market funds advised by its RiverSource Investments LLC subsidiary (the 2a-7 Funds), the Company continues to monitor the net asset value of the 2a-7 Funds and as circumstances warrant from time to time inject capital to one or more of the 2a-7 Funds. Management expects this to have an immaterial impact in subsequent periods. The Company has not provided a formal capital support agreement or net asset value guarantee to any of the 2a-7 Funds.

The Company and its subsidiaries are involved in the normal course of business in legal, regulatory and arbitration proceedings, including class actions, concerning matters arising in connection with the conduct of its activities as a diversified financial services firm. These include proceedings specific to the Company as well as proceedings generally applicable to business practices in the industries in which it operates. The Company can also be subject to litigation arising out of its general business activities, such as its investments, contracts, leases and employment relationships. Uncertain economic conditions heightened volatility in the financial markets, such as those which have been experienced for over the past year, and significant regulatory reform proposals may increase the likelihood that clients and other persons or regulators may present or threaten legal claims or that regulators increase the scope or frequency of examinations of the Company or the financial services industry generally.

As with other financial services firms, the level of regulatory activity and inquiry concerning the Company s businesses remains elevated. From time to time, the Company receives requests for information from, and/or has been subject to examination by, the SEC, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA), Office of Thrift Supervision (OTS), state insurance and securities regulators, state attorneys general and various other governmental and quasi-governmental authorities concerning the Company s business activities and practices, and the practices of the Company s financial advisors. Pending matters about which the Company has recently received information requests include: sales and product or service features of, or disclosures pertaining to, mutual funds, annuities, equity and fixed income securities, insurance products, brokerage services, financial plans and other advice offerings; supervision of the Company s financial advisors; supervisory practices in connection with financial advisors outside business activities; sales practices and supervision associated with the sale of fixed and variable annuities; the delivery of financial plans and the suitability of particular trading strategies, investments and product selection processes. The number of reviews and investigations has increased in recent years with regard to many firms in the financial services industry, including Ameriprise Financial. The Company has cooperated and will continue to cooperate with the applicable regulators regarding their inquiries.

These legal and regulatory proceedings and disputes are subject to uncertainties and, as such, the Company is unable to estimate the possible loss or range of loss that may result. An adverse outcome in one or more of these proceedings could result in adverse judgments, settlements, fines, penalties or other relief that could have a material adverse effect on the Company s consolidated financial condition or results of operations.

Certain legal and regulatory proceedings are described below.

In June 2004, an action captioned John E. Gallus et al. v. American Express Financial Corp. and American Express Financial Advisors Inc., was filed in the United States District Court for the District of Arizona, and was later transferred to the United States District Court for the District of Minnesota. The plaintiffs alleged that they were investors in several of the Company s mutual funds and they purported to bring the action derivatively on behalf of those funds under the Investment Company Act of 1940. The plaintiffs alleged that fees allegedly paid to the defendants by the funds for investment advisory and administrative services were excessive. On July 6, 2007, the Court granted the Company s motion for summary judgment, dismissing all claims with prejudice. Plaintiffs appealed the Court s decision, and on April 8, 2009, the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Eighth Circuit reversed the district court s decision, and remanded the case for further proceedings. The Company filed with the United States Supreme Court a Petition for Writ of Certiorari to review the judgment of the Court of Appeals in this case on August 6, 2009.

31

12. Contingencies 180

AMERIPRISE FINANCIAL, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (continued)

Relevant to market conditions since the latter part of 2007, a large client claimed a breach of certain contractual investment guidelines. In April 2009, the client presented a formal Request for Arbitration. The parties subsequently submitted to mediation and have agreed to a structure for a comprehensive settlement of the dispute. Subject to ongoing discussions, execution of a definitive settlement agreement is expected before the end of the year.

In July 2009, two issuers of private placement interests (Medical Capital Holdings, Inc./Medical Capital Corporation and affiliated corporations and Provident Shale Royalties, LLC and affiliated corporations) sold by our subsidiary Securities America, Inc. (SAI) were placed into receivership, which has resulted in several putative class action lawsuits naming both SAI and Ameriprise Financial as well as related regulatory inquiries. The class actions generally allege violations of state and/or federal securities laws in connection with SAI s sales of these private placement interests. The actions were commenced in and around September 2009 and are all in their earliest procedural stages.

13. Guarantees

An unaffiliated third party is providing liquidity to clients of Securities America, Inc. (SAI) registered representatives that have assets in the Reserve Primary Fund that have been blocked from redemption and frozen by the Reserve Fund since September 16, 2008. The Company has agreed to indemnify the unaffiliated third party up to \$10 million until April 15, 2015, for costs incurred as a result of an arbitration or litigation initiated against the unaffiliated third party by clients of SAI registered representatives. In the event that a client defaults in the repayment of an advance, SAI has recourse to collect from the defaulting client.

Certain property fund limited partnerships that the Company consolidates have floating rate revolving credit borrowings of \$208 million as of September 30, 2009. Certain Threadneedle subsidiaries guarantee the repayment of outstanding borrowings up to the value of the assets of the partnerships. The debt is secured by the assets of the partnerships and there is no recourse to Ameriprise Financial.

14. Pending Transaction

On September 30, 2009, the Company announced a definitive agreement to acquire the long-term asset management business of Columbia Management. The total consideration to be paid will be between \$900 million and \$1.2 billion based on net asset flows at Columbia Management before closing. The acquisition is expected to be funded through the use of cash on hand and is expected to close in the spring of 2010, subject to regulatory review and approval.

15. Earnings per Share Attributable to Ameriprise Financial Common Shareholders

The computations of basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to Ameriprise Financial common shareholders are as follows:

| | Three Mon Septem | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | | | |
|---|---------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------|------|-------|
| | 2009 | 2008 (in millions, except p | er sha | 2009 are amounts) | 2008 | |
| Numerator: | | ` | | ŕ | | |
| Net income (loss) attributable to Ameriprise | | | | | | |
| Financial | \$ 260 | \$ (70) | \$ | 485 | \$ | 331 |
| Denominator: | | | | | | |
| Basic: Weighted-average common shares | | | | | | |
| outstanding | 258.7 | 219.1 | | 236.6 | | 223.6 |
| Effect of potentially dilutive nonqualified stock | | | | | | |
| options and other share-based awards | 2.0 | 2.6 | | 1.4 | | 2.8 |
| Diluted: Weighted-average common shares | | | | | | |
| outstanding | 260.7 | 221.7 | | 238.0 | | 226.4 |
| Earnings (loss) per share attributable to | | | | | | |
| Ameriprise Financial common shareholders: | | | | | | |
| Basic | \$ 1.00 | \$ (0.32) | \$ | 2.05 | \$ | 1.48 |
| Diluted | 1.00 | (0.32)(1) | | 2.04 | | 1.46 |

⁽¹⁾ Diluted shares used in this calculation represent basic shares due to the net loss. Using actual diluted shares would result in anti-dilution.

Basic weighted average common shares for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2009 included 4.6 million and 4.7 million, respectively, of non-vested restricted stock awards and restricted stock units that are forfeitable but receive nonforfeitable dividends and 3.4 million vested nonforfeitable restricted stock units for both periods. Potentially dilutive securities include nonqualified stock options and other share-based awards. Basic weighted average common shares for the three months and the nine months ended September 30, 2008 included 1.9 million and 2.2 million, respectively, of vested, nonforfeitable restricted stock units and 3.2 million non-vested restricted stock awards and restricted stock units that are forfeitable but receive nonforfeitable dividends for both periods.

16. Variable Interest Entities

The Company consolidates all VIEs for which it is considered to be the primary beneficiary. The determination as to whether an entity is a VIE is based on the amount and nature of the Company sequity investment in the entity. The Company also considers other characteristics such as the ability to influence the decision making about the entity search activities and how the entity is financed. The determination as to whether the Company is considered to be the primary beneficiary is based on whether the Company will absorb a majority of the VIE sexpected losses, receive a majority of the VIE sexpected residual return or both.

AMERIPRISE FINANCIAL, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (continued)

The Company consolidates a VIE for which it is considered the primary beneficiary. The Company had investments of \$10 million and non-recourse debt of \$6 million on the Consolidated Balance Sheets as of both September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, respectively, related to this entity.

The Company has variable interests for which it is not the primary beneficiary and, therefore, does not consolidate. The Company s maximum exposure to loss as a result of its investment in these entities is limited to its carrying value. The Company has no obligation to provide further financial or other support to the VIEs nor has the Company provided any additional support to the VIEs other than services it is separately compensated for through management agreements. The Company had no liabilities recorded as of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008 related to these entities.

The Company is a limited partner in affordable housing partnerships which qualify for government sponsored low income housing tax credit programs. In most cases, the Company has less than 50% interest in the partnerships sharing in benefits and risks with other limited partners in proportion to the Company s ownership interest. In the limited cases in which the Company has a greater than 50% interest in affordable housing partnerships, it was determined that the relationship with the general partner is an agent relationship and the general partner was most closely related to the partnership as it is the key decision maker and controls the operations. The carrying values of the affordable housing partnerships are reflected in investments and were \$33 million and \$54 million as of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, respectively.

For the collateralized debt obligations (CDOs) managed by the Company, the Company has evaluated its variability in losses and returns considering its investment levels, which are less than 50% of the residual tranches, and the fees received from managing the structures and has determined that consolidation is not required. The carrying values of the CDOs are reflected in investments and were \$55 million and \$50 million as of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, respectively. The Company manages \$6.6 billion of underlying collateral consisting primarily of below investment grade syndicated bank loans within the CDOs.

17. Segment Information

The Company s five segments are Advice & Wealth Management, Asset Management, Annuities, Protection and Corporate & Other.

The following is a summary of assets by segment:

| | Septem | ber 30, 2009 | | December 31, 2008 |
|----------------------------|--------|--------------|-----|-------------------|
| | | (in million | as) | |
| Advice & Wealth Management | \$ | 11,705 | \$ | 10,624 |
| Asset Management | | 6,369 | | 5,363 |

| Annuities | 74,850 | 63,659 |
|-------------------|---------------|--------------|
| Protection | 16,520 | 14,270 |
| Corporate & Other | 1,757 | 1,661 |
| Total assets | \$ 111,201 | \$ 95,577 |

The following is a summary of segment operating results:

| T1 | N/ 41 | T 1- 1 | September | 20 | 2000 |
|-------|---------|----------|-----------|------|---------|
| Inree | vionins | : r.naea | Seniember | 311. | /////// |

| | Advice & Wealth anagement | M | Asset anagement | A | Annuities | otection millions) | orporate & Other | Eliı | minations | Coi | nsolidated |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|----|--------------------|----|-----------|---------------------------|---------------------|------|-----------|-----|------------|
| Revenue from | | | | | | ĺ | | | | | |
| external customers | \$ 666 | \$ | 321 | \$ | 571 | \$ 434 | \$ (9) | \$ | | \$ | 1,983 |
| Intersegment | | | | | | | | | | | |
| revenue | 199 | | 11 | | 20 | 16 | | | (246) | | |
| Total revenues | 865 | | 332 | | 591 | 450 | (9) | | (246) | | 1,983 |
| Banking and deposit interest | | | | | | | | | | | |
| expense | 29 | | 2 | | | | 2 | | | | 33 |
| Net revenues | 836 | | 330 | | 591 | 450 | (11) | | (246) | | 1,950 |
| Pretax income (loss) | \$ 12 | \$ | 10 | \$ | 268 | \$ 145 | \$ (95) | \$ | | | 340 |
| Income tax | | | | | | | | | | | |
| provision | | | | | | | | | | | 80 |
| Net income | | | | | | | | | | | 260 |
| Less: Net loss | | | | | | | | | | | |
| attributable to | | | | | | | | | | | |
| noncontrolling | | | | | | | | | | | |
| interests | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net income attributable to | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ameriprise Financial | | | | | | | | | | \$ | 260 |

AMERIPRISE FINANCIAL, INC.

$NOTES\ TO\ CONSOLIDATED\ FINANCIAL\ STATEMENTS\ (UNAUDITED)\ (continued)$

| Three | Months | Ended | Se | ptember | 30. | 2008 |
|-------|--------|-------|----|---------|-----|------|
| | | | | | | |

| | W | vice & ealth ngement | M | Asset anagement | Annuities | Protection millions) | Corporate & Other | Elin | ninations | Co | nsolidated |
|---|----|----------------------------|----|--------------------|------------|----------------------|----------------------|------|-----------|----|------------|
| Revenue from | | | | | | | | | | | |
| external customers | \$ | 540 | \$ | 302 | \$ 317 | \$ 522 | \$ (9) | \$ | | \$ | 1,672 |
| Intersegment | | | | | | | | | | | |
| revenue | | 215 | | 5 | 19 | 20 | | | (259) | | |
| Total revenues | | 755 | | 307 | 336 | 542 | (9) | | (259) | | 1,672 |
| Banking and deposit interest | | | | | | | | | | | |
| expense | | 43 | | 2 | | | | | (2) | | 43 |
| Net revenues | | 712 | | 305 | 336 | 542 | (9) | | (257) | | 1,629 |
| Pretax income | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (loss) | \$ | (77) | \$ | 1 | \$ (34) | \$ 104 | \$ (170) | \$ | | | (176) |
| Income tax benefit | | | | | | | | | | | (92) |
| Net loss | | | | | | | | | | | (84) |
| Less: Net loss attributable to noncontrolling | | | | | | | | | | | |
| interests | | | | | | | | | | | (14) |
| Net loss attributable to Ameriprise Financial | | | | | | | | | | \$ | (70) |

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009

| | V | lvice & Vealth agement | Ma | Asset nnagement | Annuities | Protection millions) | Corporate & Other | Elir | ninations | Coi | nsolidated |
|---|----|------------------------------|----|--------------------|-------------|-------------------------|----------------------|------|-----------|-----|------------|
| Revenue from | | | | 004 | | 4.000 | | | | | |
| external customers | \$ | 1,819 | \$ | 836 | \$ 1,593 | \$ 1,398 | \$ 13 | \$ | | \$ | 5,659 |
| Intersegment | | < 10 | | | | | | | | | |
| revenue | | 642 | | 32 | 52 | 45 | 1 | | (772) | | |
| Total revenues | | 2,461 | | 868 | 1,645 | 1,443 | 14 | | (772) | | 5,659 |
| Banking and deposit interest | | | | | | | | | | | |
| expense | | 108 | | 5 | | | 1 | | (1) | | 113 |
| Net revenues | | 2,353 | | 863 | 1,645 | 1,443 | 13 | | (771) | | 5,546 |
| Pretax income | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (loss) | \$ | (52) | \$ | (32) | \$ 491 | \$ 367 | \$ (185) | \$ | | | 589 |
| Income tax provision | | | | | | | | | | | 126 |
| Net income | | | | | | | | | | | 463 |
| Less: Net loss attributable to noncontrolling | | | | | | | | | | | |
| interests | | | | | | | | | | | (22) |
| Net income attributable to | | | | | | | | | | \$ | 485 |

Ameriprise Financial

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2008

| | , | dvice & Wealth magement | Ma | Asset anagement | P | Annuities | rotection millions) | Corporate & Other | Elin | ninations | Cor | nsolidated |
|------------------------------|----|-------------------------------|----|--------------------|----|-----------|------------------------|----------------------|------|-----------|-----|------------|
| Revenue from | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| external customers | \$ | 1,999 | \$ | 1,012 | \$ | 1,242 | \$ 1,457 | \$ 10 | \$ | | \$ | 5,720 |
| Intersegment | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| revenue | | 672 | | 17 | | 66 | 48 | 5 | | (808) | | |
| Total revenues | | 2,671 | | 1,029 | | 1,308 | 1,505 | 15 | | (808) | | 5,720 |
| Banking and deposit interest | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| expense | | 132 | | 5 | | | 1 | 1 | | (7) | | 132 |
| Net revenues | | 2,539 | | 1,024 | | 1,308 | 1,504 | 14 | | (801) | | 5,588 |
| Pretax income | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (loss) | \$ | 38 | \$ | 51 | \$ | 85 | \$ 319 | \$ (247) | \$ | | | 246 |
| Income tax benefit | | | | | | | | | | | | (61) |
| Net income | | | | | | | | | | | | 307 |
| Less: Net loss | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| attributable to | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| noncontrolling | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| interests | | | | | | | | | | | | (24) |
| Net income attributable to | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ameriprise | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Financial | | | | | | | | | | | \$ | 331 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Т | ab | le | of | Cor | itents |
|---|----|----|----|-----|--------|
| | | | | | |

AMERIPRISE FINANCIAL, INC.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis of our consolidated financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the Forward-Looking Statements that follow and our Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes presented in Item 1. Our Management s Discussion and Analysis should be read in conjunction with our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on March 2, 2009 (2008 10-K), as well as our current reports on Form 8-K and other publicly available information.

Overview

We are engaged in providing financial planning, products and services that are designed to be utilized as solutions for our clients—cash and liquidity, asset accumulation, income, protection and estate and wealth transfer needs. As of September 30, 2009, we had a network of more than 12,300 financial advisors and registered representatives (affiliated financial advisors). In addition to serving clients through our affiliated financial advisors, our asset management, annuity, and auto and home protection products are distributed through third-party advisors and affinity relationships.

We deliver solutions to our clients through an approach focused on building long term personal relationships between our advisors and clients. We offer financial planning and advice that are responsive to our clients—evolving needs and help them achieve their identified financial goals by recommending actions and a range of product—solutions—consisting of investment, annuities, insurance, banking and other financial products that help them attain over time a return or form of protection while accepting what they determine to be an appropriate range and level of risk. The financial product solutions we offer through our affiliated advisors include both our own products and services and products of other companies. Our financial planning and advisory process is designed to provide comprehensive advice, when appropriate, to address our clients—cash and liquidity, asset accumulation, income, protection, and estate and wealth transfer needs. We believe that our focus on personal relationships, together with our strengths in financial planning and product development, allows us to better address our clients—financial needs, including the financial needs of our primary target market segment, the mass affluent and affluent, which we define as households with investable assets of more than \$100,000. This focus also puts us in a strong position to capitalize on significant demographic and market trends, which we believe will continue to drive increased demand for our financial planning and other financial services. Deep client-advisor relationships are central to the ability of our business model to succeed through market cycles.

We have four main operating segments: Advice & Wealth Management, Asset Management, Annuities and Protection, as well as our Corporate & Other segment. Our four main operating segments are aligned with the financial solutions we offer to address our clients—needs. The products and services we provide retail clients and, to a lesser extent, institutional clients, are the primary source of our revenues and net income. Revenues and net income are significantly impacted by investment performance and the total value and composition of assets we manage and administer for our retail and institutional clients as well as the distribution fees we receive from other companies. These factors, in turn, are largely determined by overall investment market performance and the depth and breadth of our individual client relationships.

Equity market, credit market and interest rate fluctuations can have a significant impact on our results of operations, primarily due to the effects they have on the asset management and other asset-based fees we earn, the spread income generated on our annuities, banking and deposit products and universal life (UL) insurance products, the value of deferred acquisition costs (DAC) and deferred sales inducement costs (DSIC) assets associated with variable annuity and variable UL products, the values of liabilities for guaranteed benefits associated with our variable annuities and the values of derivatives held to hedge these benefits. For additional information regarding our sensitivity to equity risk and interest rate risk, see Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

It is management s priority to increase shareholder value over a multi-year horizon by achieving our on-average, over-time financial targets. Our financial targets are:

- Net revenue growth of 6% to 8%,
- Earnings per diluted share growth of 12% to 15%, and
- Return on equity of 12% to 15%.

Net revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2009 were \$2.0 billion, an increase of \$321 million, or 20%, from the prior year period. Revenue growth reflects the year-over-year improvement in net investment income, primarily driven by net investment losses in the prior-year period. Net revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 were \$5.5 billion, a decrease of \$42 million, or 1%, from the prior year period.

Table of Contents

Net income attributable to Ameriprise Financial for the three months ended September 30, 2009 was \$260 million compared to a net loss attributable to Ameriprise Financial of \$70 million for the three months ended September 30, 2008. Net income attributable to Ameriprise Financial for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 was \$485 million, an increase of \$154 million from \$331 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2008. Earnings per diluted share for the three months ended September 30, 2009 were \$1.00, compared to loss per share of \$0.32 for the three months ended September 30, 2008. Earnings per diluted share for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 were \$2.04, compared to \$1.46 for the nine months ended September 30, 2008.

We continue to establish Ameriprise Financial as a financial services leader as we focus on meeting the financial needs of the mass affluent and affluent, as evidenced by our continued leadership in financial planning and our strong corporate foundation. Total advisors increased 8% compared to the third quarter of 2008, reflecting acquisitions, experienced advisor recruiting and continued strong advisor retention rates. Our franchisee advisor and client retention rates were 91% and 93%, respectively, as of September 30, 2009.

On September 30, 2009, we announced a definitive agreement to acquire the long-term asset management business of Columbia Management from an affiliate of Bank of America Corporation. The total consideration to be paid will be between \$900 million and \$1.2 billion based on net asset flows at Columbia Management before closing and is expected to be funded through the use of cash on hand. The transaction is expected to close in the spring of 2010, subject to regulatory review and approval. Related to the transaction, we incurred \$4 million of pretax non-recurring acquisition and integration costs during the three months ended September 30, 2009, and expect to incur between \$130 million and \$160 million through 2011. These costs include system integration costs, proxy and other regulatory filing costs, employee reduction and retention costs, and investment banking, legal and other acquisition costs.

Critical Accounting Policies

Valuation of Investments

Effective January 1, 2009, we early adopted an accounting standard that significantly changed our accounting policy regarding the timing and amount of other-than temporary impairments for Available-for-Sale securities. For information regarding the changes to our accounting policy, see Note 3 to our Consolidated Financial Statements.

Deferred Acquisition Costs and Deferred Sales Inducement Costs

For our annuity and life, disability income and long term care insurance products, our DAC and DSIC balances at any reporting date are supported by projections that show management expects there to be adequate premiums or estimated gross profits after that date to amortize the remaining DAC and DSIC balances. These projections are inherently uncertain because they require management to make assumptions about financial markets, anticipated mortality and morbidity levels and policyholder behavior over periods extending well into the future. Projection periods used for our annuity products are typically 10 to 25 years, while projection periods for our life, disability income and long term care insurance products are often 50 years or longer. Management regularly monitors financial market conditions and actual policyholder behavior experience and compares them to its assumptions.

For annuity and universal life insurance products, the assumptions made in projecting future results and calculating the DAC balance and DAC amortization expense are management s best estimates. Management is required to update these assumptions whenever it appears that, based on actual experience or other evidence, earlier estimates should be revised. When assumptions are changed, the percentage of estimated gross profits used to amortize DAC might also change. A change in the required amortization percentage is applied retrospectively; an increase in amortization percentage will result in a decrease in the DAC balance and an increase in DAC amortization expense, while a decrease in amortization percentage will result in an increase in the DAC balance and a decrease in DAC amortization expense. The impact on results of operations of changing assumptions can be either positive or negative in any particular period and is reflected in the period in which such changes are made. For products with associated DSIC, the same policy applies in calculating the DSIC balance and periodic DSIC amortization.

For other life, disability income and long term care insurance products, the assumptions made in calculating our DAC balance and DAC amortization expense are consistent with those used in determining the liabilities and, therefore, are intended to provide for adverse deviations in experience and are revised only if management concludes experience will be so adverse that DAC are not recoverable. If management concludes that DAC are not recoverable, DAC are reduced to the amount that is recoverable based on best estimate assumptions and there is a corresponding expense recorded in our consolidated results of operations.

For annuity and life, disability income and long term care insurance products, key assumptions underlying these long-term projections include interest rates (both earning rates on invested assets and rates credited to contractholder and policyholder accounts), equity market performance, mortality and morbidity rates and the rates at which policyholders are expected to surrender their contracts, make withdrawals from their contracts and make additional deposits to their contracts. Assumptions about earned and credited interest rates are the primary factors used to project interest margins, while assumptions about equity and bond market performance are the primary factors used to project client asset value growth rates, and assumptions about surrenders, withdrawals and deposits comprise projected persistency rates. Management must also make assumptions to project maintenance expenses associated with servicing our annuity and insurance businesses during the DAC amortization period.

Table of Contents

The client asset value growth rates are the rates at which variable annuity and variable universal life insurance contract values invested in separate accounts are assumed to appreciate in the future. The rates used vary by equity and fixed income investments. Management reviews and, where appropriate, adjusts its assumptions with respect to client asset value growth rates on a regular basis. We typically use a five-year mean reversion process as a guideline in setting near-term equity asset growth rates based on a long-term view of financial market performance as well as recent actual performance. The suggested near-term growth rate is reviewed to ensure consistency with management s assessment of anticipated equity market performance. For the nine months ended September 30, 2009, management elected to follow the mean reversion guideline, decreasing near-term equity asset growth rates to reflect the positive market on a year-to-date basis. At recent equity market levels, increasing the annualized equity market return projected during the five-year mean reversion period by 100 basis points reduces DAC amortization and other impacted expenses by \$15-\$20 million after tax.

We monitor other principal DAC and DSIC amortization assumptions, such as persistency, mortality, morbidity, interest margin and maintenance expense levels each quarter and, when assessed independently, each could impact our DAC and DSIC balances.

The analysis of DAC and DSIC balances and the corresponding amortization is a dynamic process that considers all relevant factors and assumptions described previously. Unless management identifies a significant deviation over the course of the quarterly monitoring, management reviews and updates these DAC and DSIC amortization assumptions annually in the third quarter of each year. An assessment of sensitivity associated with changes in any single assumption would not necessarily be an indicator of future results.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

For information regarding recent accounting pronouncements and their expected impact on our future consolidated results of operations or financial condition, see Note 2 to our Consolidated Financial Statements.

Owned, Managed and Administered Assets

Owned assets include certain assets on our Consolidated Balance Sheets for which we do not provide investment management services, such as investments in non-proprietary funds held in the separate accounts of our life insurance subsidiaries, as well as restricted and segregated cash and receivables.

Managed assets include managed external client assets and managed owned assets. Managed external client assets include client assets for which we provide investment management services, such as the assets of the RiverSource family of mutual funds and Seligman family of mutual funds, assets of institutional clients and client assets held in wrap accounts. Managed external client assets also include assets managed by sub-advisors selected by us. Managed external client assets are not reported on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. Managed owned assets include certain assets on our Consolidated Balance Sheets for which we provide investment management services and recognize management fees in our Asset Management segment, such as the assets of the general account and RiverSource Variable Product funds held in the separate accounts of our life insurance subsidiaries.

Administered assets include assets for which we provide administrative services such as client assets invested in other companies products that we offer outside of our wrap accounts. These assets include those held in clients brokerage accounts. We do not exercise management discretion over these assets and do not earn a management fee. These assets are not reported on our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

We earn management fees on our owned separate account assets based on the market value of assets held in the separate accounts. We record the income associated with our owned investments, including net realized gains and losses associated with these investments and other-than-temporary impairments related to credit losses on these investments, as net investment income. For managed assets, we receive management fees based on the value of these assets. We generally report these fees as management and financial advice fees. We may also receive distribution fees based on the value of these assets. We generally record fees received from administered assets as distribution fees.

Fluctuations in our owned, managed and administered assets impact our revenues. Our owned, managed and administered assets are impacted by net flows of client assets, market movements and foreign exchange rates. Owned assets are also affected by changes in our capital structure.

Our owned, managed and administered assets increased to \$439.9 billion at September 30, 2009, a net increase of 12% from September 30, 2008, primarily due to strong product flows, bond market appreciation and our 2008 acquisitions, partially offset by the 9% decline in the S&P 500 Index compared to the prior year period.

Total annuity net inflows in the third quarter of 2009 were \$527 million, comprised almost entirely of variable annuity net inflows, compared to \$384 million in the prior year period consisting of \$568 million in variable annuity net inflows partially

Table of Contents

offset by \$184 million in fixed annuity net outflows. Wrap account net inflows of \$2.7 billion and market appreciation in the third quarter of 2009 increased total wrap account assets to \$90 billion, a 7% increase compared to the prior year period.

Fixed annuities had total net inflows of \$2.0 billion for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 compared to net outflows of \$1.1 billion in the prior year period. Variable annuities had net inflows of \$1.4 billion for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 compared to \$2.2 billion in the prior year period. Wrap account assets had net inflows of \$6.8 billion for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 compared to \$4.9 billion in the prior year period.

Total Asset Management net inflows were \$2.3 billion in the third quarter of 2009, reflecting improved Domestic and International flows, compared to net outflows of \$9.6 billion in the prior year period. Domestic managed assets net outflows were \$152 million in the third quarter of 2009 compared to \$5.5 billion in the prior year period, an improvement of \$5.3 billion. The 13% increase in Domestic managed assets compared to the prior year period also reflects market appreciation. International managed assets net inflows were \$2.5 billion in the third quarter of 2009 compared to net outflows of \$4.2 billion in the prior year period. Market appreciation of international managed assets was \$10.8 billion in the third quarter of 2009 compared to market depreciation of \$7.2 billion in the prior year period. The negative impact on International managed assets due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates was \$2.7 billion in the third quarter of 2009 compared to \$12.5 billion in the prior year period.

Total Asset Management net inflows were \$2.2 billion for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 compared to net outflows of \$19.3 billion for the prior year period. Domestic managed assets net outflows were \$402 million for the 2009 period compared to \$10.2 billion in the prior year period. Market appreciation also contributed to the 13% increase in Domestic managed assets compared to the prior year period. International managed assets net inflows were \$2.6 billion for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 compared to net outflows of \$9.2 billion in the prior year period. Market appreciation of International managed assets was \$6.8 billion for the 2009 period compared to market depreciation of \$17.8 billion in the prior year period. The positive impact on International managed assets due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates was \$6.2 billion for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 compared to a negative impact of \$12.1 billion in the prior year period.

The following table presents detail regarding our owned, managed and administered assets:

| | September 30, | | | | | | |
|--|---------------|--------|---------------|------------------|------|--|--|
| | | 2009 | 2008 | Change | | | |
| | | (in l | oillions, exc | ept percentages) | | | |
| Owned Assets | \$ | 36.0 | \$ | 34.4 | 5% | | |
| Managed Assets(1): | | | | | | | |
| Domestic | | 145.8 | | 128.7 | 13 | | |
| International | | 93.7 | | 97.9 | (4) | | |
| Wrap account assets | | 89.6 | | 84.1 | 7 | | |
| Eliminations(2) | | (13.7) | | (12.4) | (10) | | |
| Total Managed Assets | | 315.4 | | 298.3 | 6 | | |
| Administered Assets | | 88.5 | | 60.8 | 46 | | |
| Total Owned, Managed and Administered Assets | \$ | 439.9 | \$ | 393.5 | 12% | | |

⁽¹⁾ Includes managed external client assets and managed owned assets.

⁽²⁾

Includes eliminations for RiverSource mutual fund assets included in wrap account assets and RiverSource assets sub-advised by Threadneedle.

Consolidated Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2009 and 2008

The following table presents our consolidated results of operations for the three months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008:

| | | Three Months End | ded Sept | tember 30, | | | |
|--|----|------------------|----------|----------------------|------------|--------|------|
| | | 2009 | | 2008 | | Change | |
| | | | | (in millions, except | t percenta | ages) | |
| Revenues | | | | | | | |
| Management and financial advice fees | \$ | 689 | \$ | 721 | \$ | (32) | (4)% |
| Distribution fees | | 367 | | 376 | | (9) | (2) |
| Net investment income | | 542 | | 62 | | 480 | NM |
| Premiums | | 276 | | 264 | | 12 | 5 |
| Other revenues | | 109 | | 249 | | (140) | (56) |
| Total revenues | | 1,983 | | 1,672 | | 311 | 19 |
| Banking and deposit interest expense | | 33 | | 43 | | (10) | (23) |
| Total net revenues | | 1,950 | | 1,629 | | 321 | 20 |
| Expenses | | | | | | | |
| Distribution expenses | | 466 | | 461 | | 5 | 1 |
| Interest credited to fixed accounts | | 232 | | 200 | | 32 | 16 |
| Benefits, claims, losses and settlement expenses | | 306 | | 196 | | 110 | 56 |
| Amortization of deferred acquisition costs | | (64) | | 240 | | (304) | NM |
| Interest and debt expense | | 45 | | 27 | | 18 | 67 |
| General and administrative expense | | 625 | | 681 | | (56) | (8) |
| Total expenses | | 1,610 | | 1,805 | | (195) | (11) |
| Pretax income (loss) | | 340 | | (176) | | 516 | NM |
| Income tax provision (benefit) | | 80 | | (92) | | 172 | NM |
| Net income (loss) | | 260 | | (84) | | 344 | NM |
| Less: Net loss attributable to noncontrolling | | | | | | | |
| interests | | | | (14) | | 14 | 100 |
| Net income (loss) attributable to Ameriprise | | | | | | | |
| Financial | \$ | 260 | \$ | (70) | \$ | 330 | NM |
| Supplemental Disclosures: | | | | | | | |
| Net investment income: | | | | | | | |
| Net investment income before impairment | | | | | | | |
| losses on securities | \$ | 561 | | | | | |
| Total other-than-temporary impairment losses | | | | | | | |
| on securities | | (18) | | | | | |
| Portion of loss recognized in other | | (-) | | | | | |
| comprehensive income | | (1) | | | | | |
| Net impairment losses recognized in net | | . , | | | | | |
| investment income | | (19) | | | | | |
| Net investment income | \$ | 542 | | | | | |
| | - | | | | | | |

NM Not Meaningful.

Table of Contents 195

Overall

Net income attributable to Ameriprise Financial for the three months ended September 30, 2009 was \$260 million compared to a net loss attributable to Ameriprise Financial of \$70 million for the prior year period, primarily due to unfavorable market impacts in the third quarter of 2008. The impact of lower equity markets and the cost of maintaining high liquidity levels in the third quarter of 2009 was substantially offset by growth in spread products and re-engineering benefits.

Our annual review of valuation assumptions for RiverSource Life Insurance Company (RiverSource Life) products in the third quarter of 2009 resulted in a net pretax benefit of \$134 million, consisting of a decrease in expenses primarily from updating product mortality assumptions for certain life insurance products and from the impact of updating product spreads and expense assumptions, partially offset by a decrease in revenues related to the reinsurance impacts from updating product mortality assumptions. Third quarter 2008 results included a \$106 million pretax benefit resulting from our review of valuation assumptions and our conversion to a new industry standard valuation system that provides enhanced modeling capabilities. The review of valuation assumptions in the third quarter of 2008 resulted in a decrease in expenses primarily from updating mortality and expense assumptions for certain life insurance products and from updating fund mix and policyholder behavior assumptions for variable annuities with guaranteed benefits. The valuation system conversion also resulted in an increase in revenue primarily from improved modeling of the expected value of existing reinsurance agreements and a decrease in expense from modeling annuity amortization periods at the individual policy level.

39

Overall 196

Table of Contents

Third quarter 2009 results included a \$27 million pretax benefit from the market s impact on DAC and DSIC for RiverSource Life products compared to a pretax expense of \$44 million in the third quarter of 2008.

The total pretax impacts on our revenues and expenses for the third quarter of 2009 attributable to the review of valuation assumptions for RiverSource Life products and the impact of markets were as follows:

| | | | | | | nefits, | | | |
|------------------------|----------|-----|-------|--------------|-----------|------------------------|----|------------|-----------|
| | | o | ther | Distribution | | s, Losses ettlement | Am | ortization | |
| Segment Pretax Benefit | | | | | | | | | |
| (Charge) | Premiums | Rev | enues | Expenses | _ | enses | 0 | f DAC | Total |
| | | | | (in i | millions) | | | | |
| Review of valuation | | | | | | | | | |
| assumptions: | | | | | | | | | |
| Annuities | \$ | \$ | | \$ | \$ | 47 | \$ | 64 | \$ 111 |
| Protection | | | (65) | | | 33 | | 55 | 23 |
| Total | \$ | \$ | (65) | \$ | \$ | 80 | \$ | 119 | \$ 134 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Market impacts: | | | | | | | | | |
| Annuities | \$ | \$ | | \$ | \$ | 4 | \$ | 22 | \$ 26 |
| Protection | | | | | | | | 1 | 1 |
| Total | \$ | \$ | | \$ | \$ | 4 | \$ | 23 | \$ 27 |

The total pretax impacts on our revenues and expenses for the third quarter of 2008 attributable to the review of valuation assumptions for RiverSource Life products, the valuation system conversion and the impact of markets were as follows:

| Segment Pretax Benefit (Charge) | Pre | emiums | Other | stribution expenses (in mi | Clai and | Benefits, ms, Losses Settlement xpenses | Aı | mortization of DAC | Total |
|--|-----|--------|----------|----------------------------------|-------------|--|----|-----------------------|------------|
| Review of valuation | | | | | | | | | |
| assumptions and valuation system conversion: | | | | | | | | | |
| Annuities | \$ | | \$ | \$ 1 | \$ | 46 | \$ | 9 | \$ 56 |
| Protection | | 2 | 95 | | | 43 | | (90) | 50 |
| Total | \$ | 2 | \$ 95 | \$ 1 | \$ | 89 | \$ | (81) | \$ 106 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Market impacts: | | | | | | | | | |
| Annuities | \$ | | \$ | \$ | \$ | (5) | \$ | (35) | \$ (40) |
| Protection | | | | | | | | (4) | (4) |
| Total | \$ | | \$ | \$ | \$ | (5) | \$ | (39) | \$ (44) |

Net Revenues

Net revenues increased \$321 million, or 20%, to \$2.0 billion for the three months ended September 30, 2009 compared to \$1.6 billion for the prior year period. This increase reflects the year-over-year improvement in net investment income, primarily driven by net investment losses in the prior year period. The impact of lower equity markets on fee revenue was more than offset by increased net investment income from growth in spread products and revenues from our 2008 acquisitions.

Management and financial advice fees decreased \$32 million, or 4%, to \$689 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009 compared to \$721 million for the prior year period driven by a 21% decline in the daily average S&P 500 Index on a year-over-year basis. Wrap account assets increased \$5.5 billion, or 7%, compared to the prior year period due to net inflows, including an increase in wrap account assets due to the acquisition of H&R Block Financial Advisors, Inc. in the fourth quarter of 2008, partially offset by market depreciation. Total Asset Management account assets increased \$12.6 billion, or 6%, compared to the prior year period primarily due to bond market appreciation and an increase in managed assets due to the acquisition of J. & W. Seligman & Co. Incorporated (Seligman) in the fourth quarter of 2008, partially offset by net outflows and the impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

Distribution fees decreased \$9 million, or 2%, to \$367 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009 compared to \$376 million in the prior year period primarily due to lower activity levels and lower asset-based fees driven by lower equity markets, partially offset by revenues from our 2008 acquisitions.

40

Net Revenues 198

Table of Contents

Net investment income increased \$480 million to \$542 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009 compared to \$62 million in the prior year period primarily due to an increase of \$109 million in investment income on fixed maturity securities and \$14 million in net realized investment gains for the third quarter of 2009 compared to \$317 million in net realized investment losses for the third quarter of 2008. The increase in investment income earned on fixed maturity securities was driven by higher invested asset levels, primarily from spread product net inflows and higher yields on the longer-term investments in our investment portfolio. In the third quarter of 2009, net realized gains from sales of Available-for-Sale securities were \$35 million and other-than-temporary impairments on corporate bonds and previously impaired non-agency residential mortgage-backed securities were \$19 million. In the third quarter of 2008, net realized losses from sales of Available-for-Sale securities were \$4 million and other-than-temporary impairments were \$313 million.

Premiums increased \$12 million, or 5%, to \$276 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009, primarily due to growth in Auto and Home premiums compared to the prior year period, as the business continues to increase sales through our advisor channel. Auto and Home policy counts increased 8% period-over-period.

Other revenues decreased \$140 million, or 56%, to \$109 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009 compared to \$249 million in the prior year period primarily due to a \$65 million negative impact from updating valuation assumptions in the third quarter of 2009 compared to a \$95 million benefit from updating valuation assumptions and converting to a new valuation system for RiverSource Life products in the third quarter of 2008. Revenues related to certain consolidated limited partnerships increased \$16 million from the prior year period.

Banking and deposit interest expense decreased \$10 million, or 23%, to \$33 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009 compared to \$43 million in the prior year period primarily due to lower crediting rates on certificates and deposit products, partially offset by a 17% year-over-year increase in on-balance sheet deposits.

Expenses

Total expenses decreased \$195 million, or 11%, to \$1.6 billion for the three months ended September 30, 2009 compared to \$1.8 billion for the three months ended September 30, 2008, primarily due to a benefit of \$199 million from updating valuation assumptions in the third quarter of 2009 compared to a \$9 million benefit from updating valuation assumptions and converting to a new valuation system in the prior year period. Ongoing and integration expenses related to the 2008 acquisitions and higher average crediting rates on fixed accounts compared to the prior year period were offset by the impact of updating valuation assumptions and cost controls.

Distribution expenses increased \$5 million, or 1%, to \$466 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009 compared to \$461 million in the prior year period reflecting our 2008 acquisitions, partially offset by lower activity levels.

Interest credited to fixed accounts increased \$32 million, or 16%, to \$232 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009 compared to \$200 million for the three months ended September 30, 2008, primarily due to higher average fixed annuity account balances and higher average fixed annuity crediting rates compared to the prior year period. Average fixed annuities contract accumulation values increased \$2.8 billion, or 24%, compared to the prior year period. The average fixed annuity crediting rate excluding capitalized interest increased to 4.0% in the third quarter of 2009 compared to 3.7% in the same period a year ago.

Benefits, claims, losses and settlement expenses increased \$110 million, or 56%, to \$306 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009 compared to \$196 million for the three months ended September 30, 2008. Benefits, claims, losses and settlement expenses for the third quarter of 2009 were impacted by \$52 million in variable annuity death and living benefit expenses, net of hedges and DSIC, which included \$116 million in expenses from the non-cash impact of the nonperformance spread on the fair value of living benefit liabilities. Benefits, claims, losses and settlement expenses in the third quarter of 2008 included a \$27 million benefit related to variable annuity guaranteed death and living benefits, net of hedges, of which \$117 million was related to the nonperformance spread. Benefits, claims, losses and settlement expenses in the third quarter of 2009 included a benefit of \$80 million from updating valuation assumptions compared to a benefit of \$89 million in the prior year period from updating valuation assumptions and converting to a new valuation system. The increase to benefits, claims, losses and settlement expenses compared to the prior year period was also due to increased auto and home benefits from higher business volumes. The impact of higher policyholder account balances as a result of equity and fixed income market performance in the third quarter of 2009 decreased DSIC amortization by \$4 million compared to an expense of \$5 million in the third quarter of 2008.

Amortization of DAC was a net benefit of \$64 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009 compared to expense of \$240 million in the prior year period primarily due to a \$119 million benefit from updating valuation assumptions in the third quarter of 2009 compared to an expense of \$81 million from updating valuation assumptions and converting to a new valuation system in the prior year period. In addition, DAC amortization for the three months ended September 30, 2009 included a benefit of \$53 million offsetting higher variable annuity benefit expenses compared to a \$13 million expense for the three months ended September 30, 2008. The impact of higher policyholder account balances as a result of equity and fixed

Table of Contents

income market performance in the third quarter of 2009 decreased DAC amortization by \$23 million compared to an expense of \$39 million in the third quarter of 2008.

Interest and debt expense increased \$18 million, or 67%, to \$45 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009 compared to \$27 million in the prior year period primarily due to an expense of \$13 million related to the early retirement of \$450 million of our 5.35% senior notes due 2010.

General and administrative expense decreased \$56 million, or 8%, to \$625 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009 compared to \$681 million in the prior year period, primarily reflecting re-engineering benefits and cost controls. General and administrative expense in the third quarter of 2009 included integration costs and ongoing expenses from our 2008 acquisitions, as well as \$10 million of support costs related to various 2a-7 money market mutual funds managed by our subsidiary, RiverSource Investments, LLC and a \$10 million reserve related to a previously disclosed client mediation in the third quarter of 2009. General and administrative expense in the third quarter of 2008 included a \$77 million expense related to the mark-to-market of Lehman Brothers securities that we purchased from various 2a-7 money market mutual funds managed by RiverSource Investments, LLC and \$36 million in costs related to guaranteeing specific client holdings in an unaffiliated money market mutual fund.

Income Taxes

Income Taxes 202

Our effective tax rate on net income attributable to Ameriprise Financial decreased to 23.7% for the three months ended September 30, 2009, compared to 52.5% for the three months ended September 30, 2008. Our effective tax rate for the third quarter of 2008 reflects a pretax loss in relation to a net tax benefit which included \$14 million of tax benefit from finalizing prior year tax returns.

On September 25, 2007, the IRS issued Revenue Ruling 2007-61 in which it announced that it intends to issue regulations with respect to certain computational aspects of the Dividends Received Deduction (DRD) related to separate account assets held in connection with variable contracts of life insurance companies. Revenue Ruling 2007-61 suspended a revenue ruling issued in August 2007 that purported to change accepted industry and IRS interpretations of the statutes governing these computational questions. Any regulations that the IRS ultimately proposes for issuance in this area will be subject to public notice and comment, at which time insurance companies and other members of the public will have the opportunity to raise legal and practical questions about the content, scope and application of such regulations. As a result, the ultimate timing and substance of any such regulations are unknown at this time, but they may result in the elimination of some or all of the separate account DRD tax benefit that we receive. Management believes that it is likely that any such regulations would apply prospectively only.

Table of Contents 205

Results of Operations by Segment for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2009 and 2008

The following tables present summary financial information by segment and reconciliation to consolidated totals derived from Note 17 to our Consolidated Financial Statements for the three months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008:

| | | Three Months Endo Percent Share of | ed Sep | , | Percent Share of | |
|---|-------------|--|---------|------------------|---------------------|--|
| | 2009 | Total (in millions, exce | nt nerc | 2008 entages) | Total | |
| Total net revenues | | (III IIIIIIIIII), CACC | pt perc | cituges) | | |
| Advice & Wealth Management | \$ 836 | 44% | \$ | 712 | 44% | |
| Asset Management | 330 | 17 | | 305 | 19 | |
| Annuities | 591 | 30 | | 336 | 21 | |
| Protection | 450 | 23 | | 542 | 33 | |
| Corporate & Other | (11) | (1) | | (9) | (1) | |
| Eliminations | (246) | (13) | | (257) | (16) | |
| Total net revenues | \$ 1,950 | 100% | \$ | 1,629 | 100% | |
| Total expenses | | | | | | |
| Advice & Wealth Management | \$ 824 | 51% | \$ | 789 | 44% | |
| Asset Management | 320 | 20 | | 304 | 17 | |
| Annuities | 323 | 20 | | 370 | 20 | |
| Protection | 305 | 19 | | 438 | 24 | |
| Corporate & Other | 84 | 5 | | 161 | 9 | |
| Eliminations | (246) | (15) | | (257) | (14) | |
| Total expenses | \$ 1,610 | 100% | \$ | 1,805 | 100% | |
| Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests | | | | | | |
| Asset Management | \$ | 100% | \$ | (14) | 100% | |
| Pretax income (loss) attributable to Ameriprise Financial | | | | | | |
| Advice & Wealth Management | \$ 12 | 3% | \$ | (77) | 47% | |
| Asset Management | 10 | 3 | | 15 | (9) | |
| Annuities | 268 | 79 | | (34) | 21 | |
| Protection | 145 | 43 | | 104 | (64) | |
| Corporate & Other | (95) | (28) | | (170) | 105 | |
| Pretax income attributable to Ameriprise | | | | | | |
| Financial | \$ 340 | 100% | \$ | (162) | 100% | |
| | | | | | | |
| | 43 | | | | | |

Table of Contents

Advice & Wealth Management

Our Advice & Wealth Management segment provides financial planning and advice, as well as full service brokerage and banking services, primarily to retail clients, through our financial advisors. Our affiliated advisors utilize a diversified selection of both proprietary and non-proprietary products to help clients meet their financial needs.

The following table presents the results of operations of our Advice & Wealth Management segment for the three months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008:

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------------------|------|----|----------------------|------------|--------|------|--|
| | | 2009 | | 2008 | | Change | | |
| | | | | (in millions, except | percentage | es) | | |
| Revenues | | | | | | | | |
| Management and financial advice fees | \$ | 319 | \$ | 328 | \$ | (9) | (3)% | |
| Distribution fees | | 432 | | 457 | | (25) | (5) | |
| Net investment income (loss) | | 95 | | (46) | | 141 | NM | |
| Other revenues | | 19 | | 16 | | 3 | 19 | |
| Total revenues | | 865 | | 755 | | 110 | 15 | |
| Banking and deposit interest expense | | 29 | | 43 | | (14) | (33) | |
| Total net revenues | | 836 | | 712 | | 124 | 17 | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Expenses | | | | | | | | |
| Distribution expenses | | 508 | | 515 | | (7) | (1) | |
| General and administrative expense | | 316 | | 274 | | 42 | 15 | |
| Total expenses | | 824 | | 789 | | 35 | 4 | |
| Pretax income (loss) | | 12 | | (77) | | 89 | NM | |
| Less: Net loss attributable to noncontrolling | | | | | | | | |
| interests | | | | | | | | |
| Pretax income (loss) attributable to Ameriprise | | | | | | | | |
| Financial | \$ | 12 | \$ | (77) | \$ | 89 | NM | |

NM Not Meaningful.

Our Advice & Wealth Management segment pretax income was \$12 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009 compared to pretax loss of \$77 million for the three months ended September 30, 2008.

Net Revenues

Net Revenues 211

Net revenues were \$836 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009 compared to \$712 million in the prior year period, an increase of \$124 million, or 17%, driven by an increase in net investment income, partially offset by decreases in management and financial advice fees and distribution fees.

Management and financial advice fees decreased \$9 million, or 3%, to \$319 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009, primarily due to lower equity markets. On a year-over-year basis, the daily average S&P 500 Index decreased 21%. Wrap account assets increased \$5.5 billion, or 7%, compared to the prior year period due to net inflows and the acquisition of H&R Block Financial Advisors, Inc. in the fourth quarter of 2008, partially offset by market depreciation. Net inflows from September 30, 2008 to September 30, 2009 positively impacted wrap account assets by \$5.7 billion, whereas market depreciation during the same period was \$2.2 billion.

Distribution fees decreased \$25 million, or 5%, to \$432 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009, primarily due to lower equity markets and client activity. Partially offsetting this decrease was a \$12 million provision for uncollectible distribution fees recorded in the third quarter of 2008 and revenues from our 2008 acquisitions.

Net investment income was \$95 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009 compared to net investment loss of \$46 million for the prior year period. Net realized investment gains were \$5 million in the third quarter of 2009 compared to net realized investment losses of \$118 million for the prior year period due to impairments recorded on non-agency, residential mortgage-backed securities and financial services securities in the third quarter of 2008. Investment income on fixed maturity securities increased \$12 million driven by higher invested asset levels, primarily from spread product net inflows and higher yields on the longer-term investments in our investment portfolio.

Banking and deposit interest expense decreased \$14 million, or 33%, to \$29 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009, due to lower crediting rates on certificates and deposit products, partially offset by a 17% year-over-year increase in on-balance sheet deposits.

Expenses

Expenses 214

Total expenses increased \$35 million, or 4%, to \$824 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009, primarily driven by costs associated with our 2008 acquisition of H&R Block Financial Advisors, Inc.

Distribution expenses decreased \$7 million, or 1%, to \$508 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009, reflecting lower activity levels.

General and administrative expense increased \$42 million, or 15%, from the prior year period due to integration costs and ongoing expenses from our acquisition of H&R Block Financial Advisors, Inc. in the fourth quarter of 2008, partially offset by lower expenses due to expense controls.

Asset Management

Asset Management 216

Our Asset Management segment provides investment advice and investment products to retail and institutional clients.

The following table presents the results of operations of our Asset Management segment for the three months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008:

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | | | | |
|--|----------------------------------|------|----|---------------------------------|----------------------|-------|
| | | 2009 | | 2008 (in millions, except pe | Chang ercentages) | e |
| Revenues | | | | | | |
| Management and financial advice fees | \$ | 270 | \$ | 268 | \$ 2 | 1% |
| Distribution fees | | 55 | | 58 | (3) | (5) |
| Net investment income (loss) | | 4 | | (9) | 13 | NM |
| Other revenues | | 3 | | (10) | 13 | NM |
| Total revenues | | 332 | | 307 | 25 | 8 |
| Banking and deposit interest expense | | 2 | | 2 | | |
| Total net revenues | | 330 | | 305 | 25 | 8 |
| | | | | | | |
| Expenses | | | | | | |
| Distribution expenses | | 97 | | 101 | (4) | (4) |
| Amortization of deferred acquisition costs | | 5 | | 6 | (1) | (17) |
| General and administrative expense | | 218 | | 197 | 21 | 11 |
| Total expenses | | 320 | | 304 | 16 | 5 |
| Pretax income | | 10 | | 1 | 9 | NM |
| Less: Net loss attributable to noncontrolling | | | | | | |
| interests | | | | (14) | 14 | 100 |
| Pretax income attributable to Ameriprise Financial | \$ | 10 | \$ | 15 | \$ (5) | (33)% |

NM Not Meaningful.

Our Asset Management segment pretax income attributable to Ameriprise Financial was \$10 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009 compared to \$15 million in the prior year period.

Net Revenues

Net Revenues 218

Net revenues increased \$25 million, or 8%, to \$330 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009, primarily due to increases in net investment income and other revenues.

Management and financial advice fees increased \$2 million, or 1%, to \$270 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009, driven by an increase in managed assets primarily due to our 2008 acquisitions, partially offset by the 21% year-over-year decline in the daily average S&P 500 Index and the negative impact of foreign currency translation. Total Asset Management account assets increased \$12.6 billion, or 6%, compared to the prior year period primarily due to bond market appreciation and an increase in managed assets due to the acquisition of J. & W. Seligman & Co. (Seligman) in the fourth quarter of 2008, partially offset by net outflows and the impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

Distribution fees decreased \$3 million, or 5%, to \$55 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009, primarily due to lower 12b-1 fees driven by lower average assets.

Net investment income was \$4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009 compared to net investment loss of \$9 million for the prior year period primarily due to losses related to mark-to-market adjustments on seed money investments in the third quarter of 2008.

Other revenues increased \$13 million to \$3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009 due to an increase of \$16 million in revenues related to certain consolidated limited partnerships compared to the prior year period.

Table of Contents

Table of Contents 221

Expenses

Expenses 222

Total expenses increased \$16 million, or 5%, to \$320 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009, primarily due to costs associated with our 2008 acquisition of Seligman.

Distribution expenses decreased \$4 million from the prior year period primarily due to decreased mutual fund sales volume.

General and administrative expense increased \$21 million, or 11%, to \$218 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009, primarily due to integration costs and ongoing expenses from our acquisition of Seligman in the fourth quarter of 2008 and a \$10 million reserve related to a previously disclosed client mediation in the third quarter of 2009, partially offset by a positive impact of foreign currency translation. The positive impact of foreign currency translation on general and administrative expense partially offset the negative impact of foreign currency translation on management and financial advice fees.

Annuities

Annuities 224

Our Annuities segment provides variable and fixed annuity products of RiverSource Life and RiverSource Life Insurance Co. of New York (RiverSource Life of NY), collectively RiverSource Life companies, to our retail clients primarily through our Advice & Wealth Management segment and to the retail clients of unaffiliated advisors through third-party distribution.

The following table presents the results of operations of our Annuities segment for the three months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008:

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------------------|------|------|----------------------|--------|---------|------|
| | 2009 | | 2008 | | Change | | |
| | | | | (in millions, except | percen | itages) | |
| Revenues | | | | | | | |
| Management and financial advice fees | \$ | 118 | \$ | 124 | \$ | (6) | (5)% |
| Distribution fees | | 64 | | 71 | | (7) | (10) |
| Net investment income | | 343 | | 86 | | 257 | NM |
| Premiums | | 25 | | 21 | | 4 | 19 |
| Other revenues | | 41 | | 34 | | 7 | 21 |
| Total revenues | | 591 | | 336 | | 255 | 76 |
| Banking and deposit interest expense | | | | | | | |
| Total net revenues | | 591 | | 336 | | 255 | 76 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Expenses | | | | | | | |
| Distribution expenses | | 49 | | 50 | | (1) | (2) |
| Interest credited to fixed accounts | | 196 | | 163 | | 33 | 20 |
| Benefits, claims, losses and settlement expenses | | 93 | | 9 | | 84 | NM |
| Amortization of deferred acquisition costs | | (64) | | 96 | | (160) | NM |
| General and administrative expense | | 49 | | 52 | | (3) | (6) |
| Total expenses | | 323 | | 370 | | (47) | (13) |
| Pretax income (loss) | | 268 | | (34) | | 302 | NM |
| Less: Net loss attributable to noncontrolling | | | | | | | |
| interests | | | | | | | |
| Pretax income (loss) attributable to Ameriprise | | | | | | | |
| Financial | \$ | 268 | \$ | (34) | \$ | 302 | NM |

NM Not Meaningful.

Our Annuities segment pretax income was \$268 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009 compared to a pretax loss of \$34 million in the prior year period.

Net Revenues

Net Revenues 226

Net revenues increased \$255 million, or 76%, to \$591 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009, primarily driven by an increase in net investment income.

Management and financial advice fees decreased \$6 million, or 5%, to \$118 million due to lower fees on variable annuities. Average variable annuities contract accumulation values decreased \$3.8 billion or 8% from the prior year period primarily due to equity market declines, partially offset by net inflows.

Distribution fees decreased \$7 million, or 10%, to \$64 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009, primarily due to lower fees on variable annuities.

Net investment income increased \$257 million to \$343 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009, primarily due to an increase of \$92 million in investment income on fixed maturity securities compared to the prior year period and net realized

Table of Contents

investment losses of \$156 million in the third quarter of 2008 primarily due to impairments of financial services securities. The increase in investment income on fixed maturity securities was driven by higher invested asset levels primarily due to fixed and variable annuity net inflows and higher yields on the longer-term investments in our investment portfolio.

Other revenues increased \$7 million, or 21%, to \$41 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009, primarily due to an increase in our guaranteed benefit rider fees on variable annuities.

Expenses

Expenses 229

Total expenses decreased \$47 million, or 13%, to \$323 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009, primarily due to our annual review of valuation assumptions for RiverSource Life products, partially offset by growth in fixed annuity interest credited expense and market impacts on variable annuity guarantees.

Interest credited to fixed accounts increased \$33 million, or 20%, to \$196 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009, primarily driven by higher average fixed annuity account balances and higher average fixed annuity crediting rates compared to the prior year period. Average fixed annuities contract accumulation values increased \$2.8 billion, or 24%, compared to the prior year period. The average fixed annuity crediting rate excluding capitalized interest increased to 4.0% in the third quarter of 2009 compared to 3.7% in the same period a year ago.

Benefits, claims, losses and settlement expenses increased \$84 million to \$93 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009 compared to \$9 million in the prior year period. Benefits, claims, losses and settlement expenses for the third quarter of 2009 were impacted by \$52 million in variable annuity death and living benefit expenses, net of hedges and DSIC, which included \$116 million in expenses from the non-cash impact of the nonperformance spread on the fair value of living benefit liabilities. Benefits, claims, losses and settlement expenses in the third quarter of 2008 included a \$27 million benefit related to variable annuity guaranteed death and living benefits, net of hedges, of which \$117 million was related to the nonperformance spread. Benefits, claims, losses and settlement expenses in the third quarter of 2009 included a benefit of \$47 million from updating valuation assumptions compared to a benefit of \$46 million in the prior year period from updating valuation assumptions and converting to a new valuation system. The impact of higher policyholder account balances as a result of equity and fixed income market performance in the third quarter of 2009 decreased DSIC amortization by \$4 million compared to an expense of \$5 million in the third quarter of 2008.

Amortization of DAC was a net benefit of \$64 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009 compared to expense of \$96 million in the prior year period primarily due to a \$64 million benefit from updating valuation assumptions in the third quarter of 2009 compared to a \$9 million benefit from updating valuation assumptions and converting to a new valuation system in the prior year period. In addition, DAC amortization for the three months ended September 30, 2009 included a benefit of \$53 million offsetting higher variable annuity benefit expenses compared to a \$13 million expense for the three months ended September 30, 2008. The impact of higher policyholder account balances as a result of equity and fixed income market performance in the third quarter of 2009 decreased DAC amortization by \$22 million compared to an expense of \$35 million in the third quarter of 2008.

Table of Contents

Protection

Our Protection segment offers a variety of protection products to address the identified protection and risk management needs of our retail clients including life, disability income and property-casualty insurance.

The following table presents the results of operations of our Protection segment for the three months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008:

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------|------|--------|--|--|--|
| | 2 | 2009 | 2008 | Change | | | |
| | (in millions, except percentages) | | | | | | |
| Revenues | | | | | | | |
| Management and financial advice fees | \$ | 13 | | | | | |

Table of Contents 232