NORD RESOURCES CORP Form 10-Q May 13, 2011

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

[x] QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 193-
For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2011
[] TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period fromto
Commission File Number: <u>1-08733</u>

NORD RESOURCES CORPORATION

(Exact name of small business issuer as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE

85-0212139

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

One West Wetmore Road, Suite 203 Tucson, Arizona

85705

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

(520) 292-0266

Issuer's telephone number

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes[x] No[]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes[] No[]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer, non-accelerated filer, and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer []

Non-accelerated filer [] (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes[] No[x]

State the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common equity, as of the latest practicable date.

112,177,627 shares of common stock as of March 31, 2011.

NORD RESOURCES CORPORATION

Quarterly Report On Form 10-Q For The Quarterly Period Ended March 31, 2011

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FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This quarterly report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Forward-looking statements in this quarterly report include, among others, statements regarding our capital needs, business plans and expectations. Such forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties regarding our ability to restructure our existing secured credit facility, the market price of copper, availability of funds, government regulations, permitting, common share prices, operating costs, capital costs, outcomes of ore reserve development, recoveries and other factors. Forward-looking statements are made, without limitation, in relation to operating plans, property exploration and development, availability of funds, environmental reclamation, operating costs and permit acquisition. Any statements contained herein that are not statements of historical facts may be deemed to be forward-looking statements. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as may, will, should, expect, plan, intend, anticipate, believe, estimate, predict, potential or continu terms or other comparable terminology. Actual events or results may differ materially. In evaluating these statements, you should consider various factors, including the risks outlined in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009, this quarterly report on Form 10-Q, and, from time to time, in other reports that we file with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC). These factors may cause our actual results to differ materially from any forward-looking statement. Given these uncertainties, readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements.

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PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

The following unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements of Nord Resources Corporation and its wholly-owned subsidiary Cochise Aggregates and Materials, Inc. (sometimes collectively referred to as we, us or our Company) are included in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q:

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Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2011 (unaudited) and December 31, 2010	<u>F-1</u>
Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010	<u>F-3</u>
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Unaudited Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

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It is the opinion of management that the interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 include all adjustments necessary in order to ensure that the condensed consolidated financial statements are not misleading. These condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments which are, in the opinion of management, necessary to present fairly the financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Except where noted, these interim condensed consolidated financial statements follow the same accounting policies and methods of their application as our Company s audited annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2010. All adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. These interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with our Company s audited annual consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010.

NORD RESOURCES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS MARCH 31, 2011 AND DECEMBER 31, 2010

		March 31, 2011 (Unaudited)	De	ecember 31, 2010
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,438,430	\$	1,120,023
Accounts receivable		23,014		442,403
Inventories		3,871,426		4,685,599
Prepaid expenses and other assets		200,410		146,534
Total Current Assets		5,533,280		6,394,559
Property and Equipment, at cost:				
Property and equipment		50,034,016		51,096,100
Less accumulated depreciation, depletion and amortization		(5,769,288)		(5,639,197)
Net Property and Equipment		44,264,728		45,456,903
Other Assets:				
Deposits		123,093		123,093
Restricted marketable securities		686,476		686,476
Stockpiles and ore on leach pads		9,690,776		10,228,475
Debt issuance costs, net of accumulated amortization		628,160		714,653
Total Other Assets		11,128,505		11,752,697
Total Assets	\$	60,926,513	\$	63,604,159
	_			

NORD RESOURCES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS MARCH 31, 2011 AND DECEMBER 31, 2010 (Continued)

		March 31,	December 31,
		2011	2010
		(Unaudited)	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT)			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$	3,960,233	\$ 3,915,011
Accrued expenses		926,402	894,389
Accrued interest		2,038,736	1,762,709
Copper derivatives settlement payable		9,818,247	7,660,508
Current maturities of senior long-term debt		16,110,886	14,320,788
Current maturities of derivative contracts, at fair value		7,139,684	8,677,926
Senior long-term debt accelerated due to default		7,146,940	8,937,038
Other current liabilities		61,411	55,856
Total Current Liabilities		47,202,539	46,224,225
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Long-term debt		6,344,360	6,495,428
Deferred revenue, less current portion		4,671,102	4,690,940
Accrued reclamation costs		2,644,387	3,932,966
Other long-term liabilities		120,673	133,505
Total Long-Term Liabilities		13,780,522	15,252,839
Total Liabilities		60,983,061	61,477,064
			, ,
Commitments and contingencies			
C			
Stockholders Equity (Deficit):			
Common stock: \$.01 par value, 200,000,000 shares authorized,			
112,177,627 and 111,814,852 shares issued and outstanding as of			
March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively		1,121,777	1,118,149
Additional paid in capital		121,925,243	121,835,134
Accumulated deficit		(123,103,568)	(120,826,188)
		(==0,100,000)	(==0,0=0,100)
Total Stockholders Equity (Deficit)		(56,548)	2,127,095
——————————————————————————————————————		(30,2.0)	_,,
Total Liabilities and Stockholders Equity (Deficit)	\$	60,926,513	\$ 63,604,159
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed cor	-		

NORD RESOURCES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2011 AND 2010 (Unaudited)

		2011	2010
Net sales	\$	4,753,344	\$ 6,005,314
Costs applicable to sales (exclusive of depreciation, depletion and amortization shown separately below)		4,382,805	3,360,695
General and administrative expenses (includes stock based compensation of \$82,199 and \$50,926, respectively) Depreciation, depletion and amortization		517,833 259,304	582,044 396,893
Income (loss) from operations		(406,598)	1,665,682
Other income (expense): Interest expense Losses on derivatives classified as trading securities Miscellaneous income (expense)		(889,208) (1,004,678) 23,104	(593,719) (63,174)
Total other income (expense)		(1,870,782)	(656,893)
Income (loss) before income taxes		(2,277,380)	1,008,789
Provision for income taxes			
Net income (loss)	\$	(2,277,380)	\$ 1,008,789
Net income (loss) per basic and diluted share of common stock:			
Weighted average number of basic common shares outstanding Basic earnings (loss) per share of common stock	\$	113,310,388 (0.02)	\$ 111,170,298 0.01
Weighted average number of diluted common shares outstanding Diluted earnings (loss) per share of common stock The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed co	\$ onso	113,310,388 (0.02) lidated financia	115,930,964 0.01 atements.

NORD RESOURCES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT) FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2011 (Unaudited)

	Comn	Paid-in		Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Total Stockholders Equity (Deficit)	
	Shares		Amount	Сирина	2 0.1.0.0	(2 0220)	
Balance at December 31, 2010	111,814,852	\$	1,118,149	\$ 121,835,134	\$ (120,826,188)	\$ 2,127,095	
Comprehensive loss: Net loss Comprehensive loss	-		-	-	(2,277,380)	(2,277,380) (2,277,380)	
Common stock issued for settlement of accounts payable	82,418		824	10,714	-	11,538	
Compensation expense from issuance of stock options	_		_	55,949	_	55,949	
Common stock issued for deferred stock units	280,357		2,804	(2,804)	-	-	
Compensation expense from issuance of deferred stock units	_		-	26,250	-	26,250	
Balance at March 31, 2011	112,177,627	\$	1,121,777	\$ 121,925,243	\$ (123,103,568)	\$ (56,548)	

NORD RESOURCES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2011 AND 2010 (Unaudited)

	2011	2010
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:		
Net income (loss)	\$ (2,277,380) \$	1,008,789
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by		
operating activities:		
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	259,304	396,893
Accretion expense on accrued reclamation costs	114,784	2,130
Amortization of debt issuance costs	86,493	62,576
Issuance of stock options for services rendered	55,949	18,426
Issuance of deferred stock units for services rendered	26,250	32,500
Unrealized gain on derivatives classified as trading securities	(1,538,242)	-
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	419,389	675,413
Inventories, stockpiles and ore on leach pads	1,222,659	(6,707,879)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(53,876)	(45,441)
Accounts payable	19,049	2,909,496
Accrued expenses	32,013	463,496
Accrued interest	276,027	398,508
Copper derivatives settlement payable	2,157,739	-
Deferred revenue	(14,283)	(31,921)
Other liabilities	(8,631)	(9,391)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	777,244	(826,405)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:		
Capital expenditures	(303,568)	(42,499)
Net Cash Used By Investing Activities	(303,568)	(42,499)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities:		
Debt issuance costs	-	(647)
Principal payments on long-term debt	(151,068)	_
Principal payments on capital lease	(4,201)	(3,164)
Net Cash Used By Financing Activities	(155,269)	(3,811)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	318,407	(872,715)
· ·		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period	1,120,023	1,298,138
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	\$ 1,438,430 \$	425,423
•		·
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information:		
Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest	\$ 503,120 \$	-
Income taxes	-	-
The ecompositing notes are an integral part of these condensed	 lidated financial	statamants

NORD RESOURCES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2011 AND 2010 (Unaudited)

(Continued)

	2011	2010
Supplemental Disclosure of Non-cash Investing and Financing Activities:		
Common stock issued in exchange for deferred stock units	\$ 2,804	\$ 853
Common stock issued for settlement of accounts payable	11,538	-
Mark to market of cash flow hedges	-	(672,451)
Change in property and equipment financed by accounts payable	37,711	68,781
Change in depreciation allocated to inventory	(129,213)	664,942
Change in estimate of cash flows for asset retirement obligation	(1,403,363)	-

NORD RESOURCES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Nord Resources Corporation and Subsidiary (the Company) is a United States based corporation involved in all phases of the mining business including exploration, permitting, developing and operating mining projects. The Company s primary asset is the Johnson Camp Copper Mine (Johnson Camp Mine) located in Arizona. In July 2007, the Company commenced the reactivation of the Johnson Camp Mine. The Company commenced copper cathode production from leaching existing old dumps in January 2008 and commenced mining of new ore upon completion of the reactivation work in January 2009. The Company achieved commercial copper cathode production from newly-mined ore on April 1, 2009 following substantial completion of the testing and development phase. In July 2010, the Company temporarily suspended the mining and crushing of new ore and implemented an action plan aimed at improving operating efficiencies.

The accompanying financial information of the Company is prepared in accordance with the rules prescribed for filing condensed interim financial statements and, accordingly, does not include all disclosures that may be necessary for complete financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The disclosures presented are sufficient, in management s opinion, to make the interim information presented not misleading. All adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments which are necessary so as to make the interim information not misleading, have been made. Results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2011 are not necessarily indicative of results of operations that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2011. The Company recommends that this financial information be read in conjunction with the complete consolidated financial statements included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010, previously filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC).

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. The condensed consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts or the amount and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. Such adjustments could be material.

Going Concern

Nedbank, the Company s senior lender, has declined to extend the forbearance agreement with respect to the scheduled principal and interest payments that were due between March 31, 2010 and March 31, 2011 under the Company s \$25,000,000 secured term-loan credit facility. Accordingly, the Company has been in default of its obligations under the Credit Agreement with Nedbank since May 14, 2010, and, as such, the full amount of the outstanding principal and accrued and unpaid interest must now be included in the Company s current liabilities, together with any additional amounts payable under the Credit Agreement. As of March 31, 2011, the Company has reclassified \$7,146,940 of senior long-term debt to current liabilities within the condensed consolidated balance sheet. As of the date of these condensed consolidated financial statements, Nedbank has not exercised its rights under the Credit Agreement to provide notification of the Company s default condition or commence foreclosure actions on the collateral held, which represents substantially all of the assets of the Company.

NORD RESOURCES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

Nedbank Capital has also declined to extend the forbearance agreement regarding the Company s failure to make the timely monthly settlement payments beginning in March of 2010 through March 31, 2011 under the copper hedge agreement. As of March 31, 2011, the amount due to Nedbank Capital related to these settlements is \$9,818,247 and is included in current liabilities within the copper derivatives settlement payable line item. The remaining derivative contracts under this agreement settle in 2011 and are therefore included in current liabilities as of March 31, 2011.

The Company s continuation as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to refinance the obligations under the Credit Agreement with Nedbank and the Copper Hedge Agreement with Nedbank Capital, raise additional capital, and on its ability to produce copper to sell at a level where the Company becomes profitable and generates cash flows from operations. The Company s continued existence is dependent upon its ability to build additional leach pad capacity, resume full operations and achieve its operating plan. If management cannot achieve its operating plan because of sales shortfalls, a reduction in copper prices, or other unfavorable events, the Company may find it necessary to dispose of assets, or undertake other actions as may be appropriate. The Company s ramp-up of production since the commencement of commercial production has been slower than originally forecasted. In July 2010, the Company implemented measures to reduce its costs, maximize cash flow, and improve its operating efficiencies. As part of this program, the Company furloughed approximately 50% of its workforce at the Johnson Camp Mine and temporarily suspended the mining and crushing of new ore. The Company continues to produce copper through the leaching of ore already in place on its existing pads and processing the solution through the SX-EW plant. The suspension has resulted in an immediate reduction of costs and has enabled the Company to maximize operating cash flow from the production of copper achieved through continued leaching of ore on the Company s existing pads and the operation of its SX-EW plant. The suspension has provided the Company with the opportunity to further evaluate its geological data, continue column leach testing, expand mineralogical classification of the reserve and perform additional drilling as appropriate. The resulting improved database and geologic block model will provide the necessary tools to optimize the mine plan by focusing on higher grade acid-soluble ore.

The Company is evaluating a variety of alternatives to improve its liquidity. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to improve its liquidity.

Reclassifications

Certain amounts in prior periods presented have been reclassified to conform to the current condensed consolidated financial statement presentation.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the Company s condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the Company s management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The more significant areas requiring the use of management estimates and assumptions relate to mineral reserve estimation, the metallurgical recovery rate and estimates of recoverable copper in stockpiles and ore on leach pads of the Johnson Camp Mine that are the basis for future cash flow estimates; estimates of costs to produce a pound of copper under normalized production levels (standard costs); useful asset lives for depreciation, depletion and amortization; reclamation and closure cost obligations; asset impairment (including long lived assets), including estimates used to derive future cash flows associated with those assets; deferred taxes and valuation allowances; disclosures and reserves for contingencies and litigation; and the fair value and accounting treatment of financial instruments and stock based compensation. The Company bases its estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Accordingly, actual results may

differ significantly from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

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NORD RESOURCES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

During the quarter ended March 31, 2011, the Company made the following changes to estimates having a material impact on the current and/or future consolidated financial statements: as of March 31, 2011, based upon the results of independent third party estimates commissioned, the Company revised the cost estimates to reclaim the Johnson Camp Mine at the end of the mine s life to approximately \$9,100,000 (based upon 2011 dollars), thus decreasing the asset retirement obligation and related accrued reclamation liability by \$1,403,363.

The Company is currently in the process of revising its estimate of the proven and probable reserves at the Johnson Camp Mine. Upon the Company s purchase of the Johnson Camp Mine in 1999, pursuant to the accounting standards and market conditions in place at the time, the Company allocated 100% of the purchase price to the property and equipment and, as such, \$0 was allocated to proven and probable reserves. Accordingly, a revision to this estimate, if and when it occurs, is not expected to have a material impact on the Company s condensed consolidated financial statements. Furthermore, under current market conditions, the Company does not believe that a revision will trigger an impairment analysis for its long lived assets. A revision to the estimate of proven and probable reserves, when and if it occurs, will be accounted for on a prospective basis and will impact those items that are amortized via the units of production method; specifically property and equipment and deferred revenue.

3. ADOPTION OF RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING GUIDANCE

In January 2010, ASC guidance for fair value measurements and disclosure was updated to require enhanced detail in the level 3 reconciliation. Adoption of the updated guidance, effective for the Company s fiscal year beginning January 1, 2011, had no impact on the Company s condensed consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In December 2010, the ASC guidance for business combinations was updated to clarify existing guidance which requires a public entity to disclose pro forma revenue and earnings of the combined entity as though the business combination(s) that occurred during the current year had occurred as of the beginning of the comparable prior annual period only. The update also expands the supplemental pro forma disclosures required to include a description of the nature and amount of material, nonrecurring pro forma adjustments directly attributable to the business combination included in the reported pro forma revenue and earnings. Adoption of the updated guidance, effective for the Company s fiscal year beginning January 1, 2011, had no impact on the Company s condensed consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

4. INVENTORY

Inventory is as follows:

	March 31, 2011		D	ecember 31, 2010
Current Assets:	(ι	unaudited)		
Copper in process	\$	3,300,687	\$	4,142,922
Finished goods		22,213		43,813
Material and supplies		548,526		498,864
		3,871,426		4,685,599
Long-Term Assets:				
Stockpiles and ore on leach pads		9,690,776		10,228,475
Total Inventory	\$	13,562,202	\$	14,914,074

The Company s inventories are carried at the lower of average cost or net realizable value. Copper in process and finished goods inventories are valued using the average cost of production and include all costs of purchase, conversion costs (direct costs and an allocation of fixed and variable production overheads) and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. The Company considers only those costs that are consistent with its estimate of costs to be incurred at a normalized production level, currently estimated at 25,000,000 pounds per annum, as inventoriable costs. Costs incurred in excess of this standard are expensed as incurred as abnormal costs which are included in costs applicable to sales within the condensed consolidated statement of operations. Accordingly, during the three month periods ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, the Company expensed \$2,874,185 and \$906,695, respectively, of abnormal production costs due to the underutilization of plant capacity.

The current portion of copper in process inventory is determined based on the expected amounts to be processed within the next 12 months. Inventories not expected to be processed within the next 12 months are classified under long term assets as stockpiles and ore on leach pads.

5. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment costs consist of the following:

		March 31, 2011 (unaudited)	D	ecember 31, 2010
Land	\$	98,094	\$	98,094
Buildings	Ψ	2,071,618	Ψ	2,071,618
Mine development costs existing dumps		468,034		468,034
Mine development costs new dumps		1,841,080		1,841,080
Asset retirement obligation		2,418,278		3,821,641
Mining and other equipment		43,136,912		42,795,633
Total		50,034,016		51,096,100
Accumulated depreciation, depletion and amortization		(5,769,288)		(5,639,197)
Net property and equipment	\$	44,264,728	\$	45,456,903
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Total depreciation, depletion and amortization (DD&A) of property and equipment charged to operations was \$259,304 and \$396,893 for the three month periods ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. The Company allocates DD&A to copper inventories based upon the relative pounds in inventory at each reporting date. Accordingly, as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, \$1,231,228 and \$1,360,441, respectively, of DD&A costs were included in copper inventories.

6. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long term debt consists of the following:

	March 31, 2011 (unaudited)	Ι	December 31, 2010
Senior project financing facility	\$ 23,257,826	\$	23,257,826
Less current maturities on senior facility	(16,110,886)		(14,320,788)
Less long-term portion of senior facility accelerated due to default	(7,146,940)		(8,937,038)
Long-term note payable with mining contractor	6,344,360		6,495,428
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 6,344,360	\$	6,495,428
Less long-term portion of senior facility accelerated due to default Long-term note payable with mining contractor	\$ (7,146,940) 6,344,360	\$	(8,937,038) 6,495,428

Senior Project Financing Facility

The Company was unable to make the payments of principal in the amounts of \$1,790,099 that were due on March 31, June 30, September 30, and December 31, 2010, and March 31, 2011, respectively, and interest payments totaling \$2,104,670 that were due during 2010 and \$598,834 due March 31, 2011, respectively, to Nedbank under the terms of the amended and restated Credit Agreement dated March 31, 2009. Accordingly, the Company has been in default of its obligations under the Credit Agreement with Nedbank since May 14, 2010, and the full amount of the outstanding principal of \$23,257,826 must now be included in the Company s current liabilities. Therefore, the Company has reclassified \$7,146,940 of senior long-term debt to current liabilities within its condensed consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2011. Given this default, Nedbank has full authority to exercise its rights under the Credit Agreement, including the acceleration of the full amount due thereunder and the institution of foreclosure proceedings against the Johnson Camp Mine. In accordance with the Credit Agreement, upon an event of default, the interest rate on the outstanding debt and unpaid accrued interest is increased by 3.00% to the three-month United States Dollar London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus 9.06% (9.36% at March 31, 2011). Accrued interest related to the Credit Agreement was \$1,873,197 and \$1,689,181 as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively, and is included within accrued interest on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

In accordance with the Credit Agreement, a default on the derivative contracts to which Nedbank is the counterparty would trigger a cross default under the Credit Agreement which would put Nedbank in a position to pursue any and all remedies under the related derivative contracts and Credit Agreement. Furthermore, under the Credit Agreement and derivative contracts, there is a master netting agreement which allows either party to offset an obligation by the other should either party be in default of its obligations. The Company was unable to make the required payments that were due to Nedbank between April 6, 2010 and April 6, 2011 under the terms of its Copper Hedge Agreement. As of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, the total amounts due to Nedbank related to settlements under the Copper Hedge Agreement were \$9,818,247 and \$7,660,508, respectively, and are included in copper derivatives settlement payable within the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

NORD RESOURCES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

The Credit Agreement is collateralized by substantially all of the Company s assets, restricts the Company s ability to incur certain additional debt, and limits the Company s ability to pay dividends and make certain restricted payments. Effective March 31, 2009, the Company must comply with certain financial covenants as defined within the amended and restated Credit Agreement, including a debt service coverage ratio of at least 1.5, an interest coverage ratio of at least 2.0, and a minimum debt to adjusted equity ratio of 1.3. The Company was not in compliance with these covenants as of March 31, 2011.

Pursuant to the terms of the Credit Agreement, as amended, upon default, Nedbank has the right, among others, to provide notification of such condition and commence foreclosure actions on the collateral held, which represents substantially all of the assets of the Company. As of the date of these condensed consolidated financial statements, the Company has not received notification that Nedbank has exercised its rights under the Credit Agreement.

Note Payable with Mining Contractor

On July 29, 2010, the Company reached an agreement with Fisher Sand & Gravel Company (Fisher), the Company s mining contractor, to convert \$8,200,000 of unsecured trade payables, including the former note in the amount of \$850,000 and the \$110,500 accrued interest thereon, into a two-year unsecured note bearing interest on the outstanding principal at the rate of 6% per annum. Under the Settlement Agreement, Fisher receives weekly payments on the Note with the amounts based on a formula related to the level of copper sales made by the Company and the weekly realized price of copper. Accordingly, under the Agreement, if the Company ships four loads, as defined in the Agreement, or approximately 176,000 pounds of copper or greater on a weekly basis, the weekly payments are calculated by multiplying the base amount of \$100,000 by a factor equal to the average weekly realized price of copper per pound divided by \$3.00. If the Company ships between 132,000 (three loads) and 176,000 (four loads) pounds of copper on a weekly basis, the base weekly amount decreases to \$75,000. If the Company ships less than 132,000 pounds of copper on a weekly basis, the amounts due under the note equate to interest only payments on the outstanding principal balance. Any unpaid principal, along with any accrued interest, is due in full on July 31, 2012.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2011, although not required to do so under the terms of the Agreement, the Company made principal payments on the Note of \$151,068. Interest payments of \$88,358 were made in accordance with the Agreement for the three month period ended March 31, 2011. As of March 31, 2011, the Company s projections of copper production for the next 12 months, which are based upon the current state of operations wherein the Company has ceased the mining and crushing of new ore, equate to estimates of interest only payments on the Note for the next 12 months. Accordingly, as of March 31, 2011, the total principal balance on the Note of \$6,344,360 is included in long-term debt. This estimate is subject to change based upon changes made to the Company s mining operations. There was no accrued interest related to the Note as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively.

7. DEFERRED REVENUE

On March 31, 2009, the Company sold to Royal Gold (formerly known as IRC Nevada Inc.) a 2.5% net smelter royalty on the mineral production sold from the existing mineral rights at Johnson Camp. The net proceeds of the sale in the amount of \$4,950,000 were recorded as deferred revenue and are being amortized to revenue over the life of the mine based on a units of production method. Amounts payable to Royal Gold, which are being calculated based on the revenue generated from the sale of copper, are expensed in the period incurred. During the three month periods ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, the Company recognized \$14,283 and \$31,921, respectively, in revenue and recorded \$118,477 and \$196,491, respectively, in royalty expense related to this royalty within the condensed consolidated statements of operations. Total deferred revenue is \$4,716,705 and \$4,730,988 as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively. Deferred revenue of \$45,603 is expected to be amortized to revenue over the next twelve months. As of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, the total amount owed by the Company under the terms of the royalty agreement was \$1,039,162 and \$995,686, respectively, and is included in accounts payable on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. Furthermore, amounts greater than 30 days past due accrue interest at a rate of 12% per annum for which the Company has accrued \$99,773 and \$73,528 of interest as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively, which is included within accrued interest on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

8. ACCRUED RECLAMATION COSTS

The Company estimates its asset retirement obligations and related accrued reclamation costs using an expected cash flow approach, in which multiple cash flow scenarios are used to reflect a range of possible outcomes. During 2010, the Company completed an updated review of its reclamation plan and the related estimated costs of reclamation. As a result, as of December 31, 2010, the Company estimated the aggregate undiscounted obligation to be approximately \$13,000,000 for the Johnson Camp Mine. However, as of March 31, 2011, the Company determined that certain aspects of the reclamation plan could be revised thus decreasing the estimated costs to reclaim the Johnson Camp Mine to approximately \$9,100,000 (based on 2011 dollars). Accordingly, these cash flow revisions were effected in the estimated fair value of the asset retirement obligation as of March 31, 2011 which decreased the obligation by \$1,403,363.

To calculate the estimated fair value of this obligation in accordance with the related ASC, the projected cash flows, which were further adjusted for an estimated inflation rate of 2.5% per annum, were discounted at the Company's estimated annual credit adjusted risk free interest rate of 12.53% at March 31, 2011. The estimated remaining life of the Johnson Camp Mine as of March 31, 2011 is approximately thirteen years. Accordingly, the cash expenditures for reclamation and closure activities are expected to occur at the conclusion of production, currently anticipated to be in 2023—2024. As 100% of the cash flows are projected to occur in 2023-2024, 100% of the accrued reclamation costs are classified as long-term within the condensed consolidated balance sheets. Reconciliations of the beginning and ending carrying amounts of the Company's asset retirement obligation for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and year ended December 31, 2010, respectively, are as follows:

	March 31, 2011 unaudited)	De	ecember 31, 2010
Accrued reclamation costs, beginning of period	\$ 3,932,966	\$	157,580
Accretion expense	114,784		9,086
Revisions to cash flow estimates	(1,403,363)		3,766,300
Accrued reclamation costs, end of period	\$ 2,644,387	\$	3,932,966

9. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

Copper Price Protection Program

In connection with the Credit Agreement dated June 28, 2007 with Nedbank, the Company agreed to implement a price protection program with respect to a specified percentage of copper output from the Johnson Camp Mine. The price protection program consists of financial derivatives whereby the Company entered into a combination of forward sale and call option contracts for copper quantities, based on a portion of the estimated production from the Johnson Camp Mine during the term of the loan. These financial derivatives do not require the physical delivery of copper cathode and are expected to be net cash settled upon maturity and/or settlement of the contracts based upon the average daily London Metal Exchange (LME) cash settled copper price for the month of settlement. The program requires no cash margins, collateral or other security from the Company.

Under ASC guidance for derivative instruments and hedging activities, these contracts are carried on the condensed consolidated balance sheets at their estimated fair value which as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 was \$(6,968,612) and \$(8,455,156), respectively. The March 31, 2011 balance includes a counterparty credit valuation adjustment of \$252,988 which is reported in losses on derivatives classified as trading securities within the condensed consolidated statement of operations. The December 31, 2010 balance includes a counterparty credit valuation adjustment of \$390,638. From the period of inception of the derivative contracts through March 31, 2010, these contracts were designated as cash flow hedges with changes to the estimated fair value of these contracts being reflected in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). However, due to the Company s inability to make the required payments as the copper derivative contracts settled, the Company de-designated the cash-flow hedges as of April 1, 2010 and in so doing reclassified the outstanding hedge contracts from cash flow hedges to trading securities. Consequently, commencing on April 1, 2010, the changes in estimated fair value of these contracts are reflected in unrealized gain (loss) on derivatives classified as trading securities within the condensed consolidated statement of operations. As the Company has been unable to make the requisite payments under the copper hedge agreement, they are currently in default of the agreement, which also triggers a cross default under the Company s Amended Credit Agreement with Nedbank. As of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, the amounts owed to Nedbank related to the settlements of the copper derivative contracts are \$9,818,247 and \$7,660,508, respectively, and are included in current liabilities within the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

During the three month periods ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, the settlements of derivatives classified as cash flow hedges for 0 and 1,984,161 notional pounds of copper amounted to \$0 and (\$1,886,237), respectively, and were classified as effective hedges. Accordingly, these amounts are included in net sales in the condensed consolidated statements of operations. During the three month periods ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, decreases in estimated fair value of copper derivatives classified as cash flow hedges in the amounts of \$0 and (\$666,138) were recorded as accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

As stated above, effective April 1, 2010, the Company no longer classified its copper derivatives as cash flow hedges. Accordingly, during the three month period ended March 31, 2011 the Company recognized a realized loss of (\$2,542,920) on the monthly settlements of a total of 1,322,774 notional pounds of copper for the derivatives now classified as trading securities. The Company also recognized an unrealized gain of \$1,486,544, which includes the counterparty credit valuation adjustment of \$252,988, related to the mark to market adjustment for the estimated change in market value of the copper derivatives classified as trading securities that occurred during the three month period ended March 31, 2011. As of March 31, 2011, 100% of the Company s copper derivatives are classified as trading securities with no remaining derivatives classified as cash-flow hedges.

As of March 31, 2011, the estimated amount of copper production covered by economic hedges (derivatives no longer classified as cash flow hedges for accounting purposes) classified as trading securities was approximately 195% for the remaining nine months of 2011. As of March 31, 2011, the Company had in place forward contracts of 1,800 (3,968,321 pounds) metric tons for 2011 at a net forward price of \$4,320 (\$1.96 per pound) per metric ton. The program also includes the purchase of long call options for the same quantities thereby permitting the Company to participate in price increases in the event that copper prices exceed the strike price of the long call options. As of March 31, 2011, the average strike price of the long call options was \$8,654 (\$3.93 per pound) for the remaining nine months of 2011. As of December 31, 2011, all of the Company s copper derivatives will have settled. Accordingly, 100% of the derivatives are classified as current liabilities as of March 31, 2011.

Although this estimate is subject to changes in the forward price curve for copper, the estimated amount of the copper derivatives that will settle over the next nine months in accordance with their normal operating terms stated in the contracts is \$7,221,600 (\$6,968,612 after the counterparty credit valuation adjustment).

Interest Rate Swap

In November 2008, the Company entered into an interest rate swap agreement to hedge the interest rate risk exposure on its \$25 million Nedbank credit facility expiring between 2009 and 2012. Under the interest rate swap contract terms, the Company receives LIBOR and pays a fixed rate of interest of 2.48%. The program requires no cash margins, collateral or other security from the Company. Under the terms of the interest rate swap, settlements began on March 31, 2009 and occur every three months thereafter until the contract expires on September 28, 2012.

Under ASC guidance for derivative instruments and hedging activities, this interest rate swap agreement is carried on the condensed consolidated balance sheets at fair value which was estimated at (\$171,072) and (\$222,770) as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively. Until July 1, 2010, this contract was designated as a cash flow hedge with changes in fair value reflected in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). As noted above, the Company continues to be in default on the Nedbank Credit Facility as it failed to make the requisite debt service payments for the period from March 31, 2010 to March 31, 2011. Accordingly, given that the Company is not performing under the terms of the underlying Nedbank Credit Facility, effective July 1, 2010, the Company de-designated 100% of the interest rate swap previously classified as a cash-flow hedge and reclassified the estimated fair value of the interest rate swap from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) to other income (expense), recognizing an unrealized loss for the amount.

During the three month periods ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, the Company recognized \$65,767 and \$105,817, respectively, in interest expense related to the quarterly settlements of the interest rate swap. During the three month period ended March 31, 2011, the Company recognized an unrealized gain of \$51,698 related to changes in the estimated fair value of the interest rate swap. During the three month period ending March 31, 2010, a change in fair value in the amount of (\$6,313) was reflected in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) as the derivative was designated as a cash flow hedge during the period.

As of March 31, 2011, the estimated fair value of the interest rate swap includes a counterparty credit valuation adjustment of \$9,470 which is reported in losses on derivatives classified as trading securities within the condensed consolidated statement of operations for the three month period ended March 31, 2011.

Although this estimate is subject to changes in the forward interest rate curve for LIBOR, as of March 31, 2011, the estimated amount of the interest rate swap derivatives that will settle over the next twelve months in accordance with their normal operating terms stated in the contracts is \$161,361 (\$154,274 after proportionate counterparty credit valuation adjustment). In addition, due to the Company s default under the credit agreement with Nedbank, and therefore, its cross default under the terms of the interest rate swap, the Company has reclassified the long-term amount of \$16,798 to current liabilities.

Fair Value of Derivative Instruments

	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value
As of March 31, 2011		
(Unaudited)		
Commodity contracts	Current Liabilities	\$ (6,968,612)
Interest rate swap contracts	Current Liabilities	\$ (171,072)
As of December 31, 2010		
Commodity contracts	Current Liabilities	\$ (8,455,156)
Interest rate swap contracts	Current Liabilities	\$ (222,770)

Cash-Flow Hedges

Prior to the de-designation of derivatives as cash flow hedges which occurred on April 1, 2010 for the copper derivatives and on July 1, 2010 for the interest rate swap, the Company utilized derivatives for the purpose of hedging forecasted cash flows related to the sale of copper and debt service requirements. For a derivative instrument designated as a cash-flow hedge, the effective portion of the derivative s gain (loss) is initially reported as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (AOCI) and is subsequently recognized in earnings when the hedged exposure is recognized in earnings. Gains (losses) on the derivative representing either hedged components excluded from the assessment of effectiveness or hedge ineffectiveness are recognized in earnings. During the three months ended March 31, 2011 none of the derivatives were designated as cash flow hedges. During the three months ended March 31, 2010, the Company recognized the following gains (losses) related to its copper price protection and interest rate swap programs, respectively:

Three months ended March 31, 2010 (Unaudited)

	(0 1100 0 0 100 0 0
Effective Portion	
Copper Derivatives Classified as Cash Flow Hedges:	
Mark to market adjustment deferred in AOCI	\$ (666,138)
Realized loss reclassified from AOCI into net sales	\$ (1,866,237)
Interest Rate Swap Classified as Cash Flow Hedge:	
Mark to market adjustment deferred in AOCI	\$ (6,313)
Realized loss reclassified from AOCI to interest expense	\$ (105,817)

Nedbank, the counterparty to all of the Company s derivative contracts, is also the senior lender on the Company s long-term debt, for which substantially all of the Company s assets are held as collateral. Accordingly, in accordance with the related Credit Agreement, a default on the derivative contracts would trigger a cross default under the Credit Agreement which would put Nedbank in a position to pursue any and all remedies under the related derivative contracts and Credit Agreement. Furthermore, under the Credit Agreement and derivative contracts, there is a master netting agreement which allows either party to offset an obligation by the other should either party be in default of its obligations. The Company neither deposited nor holds any collateral related to its derivative financial instruments. In addition, to date the Company has not required any of its counterparties or customers to post collateral.

Nedbank has declined to extend the forbearance agreement regarding the Company s failure to make the payments under the copper hedge agreement between the parties which expired at midnight on May 13, 2010. Accordingly, the Company is in default under the copper hedge agreement.

10. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Under ASC guidance for fair value measurements and disclosure, a fair value hierarchy is established that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 Quoted prices in markets that are not active, or inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability;
- Level 3 Prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable (supported by little or no market activity).

The following table sets forth the Company s financial assets and liabilities within the condensed consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 measured on a recurring basis at fair value by level within the fair value hierarchy. As required by ASC guidance, assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

NORD RESOURCES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

March 31, 2011 (Un	audited)	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets:					
Derivative contracts	call options on copper forwards	1,903,831	- \$	1,903,831	-
Liabilities:					
Derivative contracts	copper forward contracts \$	(8,872,443)	- \$	(8,872,443)	-
Derivative contract	interest rate swap contract \$	(171,072)	- \$	(171,072)	_
	•				
December 31, 2010		Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
December 31, 2010 Assets:		Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
· ·	call options on copper forwards		Level 1	Level 2 3,316,157	Level 3
Assets:	call options on copper forwards				Level 3
Assets: Derivative contracts	•		- \$		Level 3

The Company s copper forward contracts, call options on copper forward contracts and interest rate swap contracts are valued using pricing models, and the Company generally uses similar models to value similar instruments. Where possible, the Company verifies the values produced by its pricing models to market prices. Valuation models require a variety of inputs, including contractual terms, market prices, yield curves, credit spreads, measures of volatility, and correlations of such inputs. The Company s derivatives generally trade in liquid markets, and as such, model inputs can generally be verified and do not involve significant management judgment. Such instruments are classified within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

As of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, the estimated fair values for the Company s copper forward contracts and interest rate swap liabilities include a counterparty credit valuation adjustment of \$252,988 and \$390,638, respectively, and \$9,470 and \$13,827, respectively, which are based upon the Company s estimated credit risk adjustment of 9.06% above LIBOR.

The Company s copper forward contracts and call options on copper forward contracts are covered under a master netting agreement with the counterparty, Nedbank, and, as such, are netted within the condensed consolidated balance sheets and reported as a net liability of \$(6,968,612) and \$(8,455,156) as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively.

The following table sets forth the financial assets and liabilities within the condensed consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 that are measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis by level within the fair value hierarchy. Assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

March 31, 2011 (Unaudited) Liabilities:	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Asset retirement obligation	\$ (2,644,387)			\$ (2,644,387)
		F-18		

NORD RESOURCES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

December 31, 2010	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Liabilities:				
Asset retirement obligation	\$ (3,766,300)			\$ (3,766,300)

The Company revised its reclamation plan for the Johnson Camp Mine effective December 31, 2010. In the process, the Company commissioned an independent third party to estimate the gross amount of costs to reclaim the mine. As the mine has an estimated remaining life of 13 years, the Company expects the estimated costs to reclaim the mine will be incurred approximately 50% in 2023 and 50% in 2024. Furthermore, the Company applied an estimated 2.5% inflation rate per annum to the estimated gross costs to be incurred of approximately \$13,000,000 (2010 dollars). The Company then discounted the inflation adjusted costs using its estimated credit risk adjusted risk free rate of 12.36%. The rate was based upon the Company s credit risk adjustment on its senior long term debt of 9.06%. The resulting increase in the estimated asset retirement obligation was \$3,766,300 as of December 31, 2010.

However, as of March 31, 2011, the Company determined that certain aspects of the reclamation plan could be revised thus decreasing the estimated costs to reclaim the Johnson Camp Mine to approximately \$9,100,000 (2011 dollars). Accordingly, the Company revised the estimated fair value of the asset retirement obligation as of March 31, 2011. The Company utilized the same approach as was utilized as of December 31, 2010 with an update to the credit risk adjusted discount rate of 12.53% as of March 31, 2011 which resulted in a decrease to the asset retirement obligation of \$1,403,363 to an estimated amount of \$2,644,387 as of March 31, 2011.

11. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

Stock Options

The Company has granted incentive and non-qualified stock options to its employees and directors under its 2006 Stock Incentive Plan. The Company has also granted non-qualified, non-plan stock options, which have been authorized by the Company s board of directors. Stock options are generally granted at an exercise price equal to or greater than the quoted market price on the date of grant.

There are 3,718,333 stock options outstanding at March 31, 2011 issued pursuant to the Company s 2006 Stock Incentive Plan. The outstanding options expire at various dates from 2011 to 2017. As of March 31, 2011, all non-qualified, non-plan stock options have expired or have been cancelled.

The Company granted 500,000 and 0 stock options during the three month periods ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. During the three month periods ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, the Company recognized \$55,949 and \$18,426, respectively, in compensation expense related to employee stock options that vest over time. As summarized in the following tables, during the three month period ended March 31, 2011, there were 500,000 stock options granted, no stock options were exercised, and 1,333,341 were cancelled or forfeited.

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Three months ended March 31, 2011		
Options outstanding at December 31, 2010	4,551,674	\$.47
Granted	500,000	.17
Exercised	_	-
Cancelled/Forfeited	(1,333,341)	.40
Options outstanding at March 31, 2011	3,718,333	\$.45

The following table summarizes certain additional information about the Company s total and exercisable stock options outstanding as of March 31, 2011:

	Number Outstanding	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life in Years	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Intrinsic Value
Total stock options	3,718,333	4.6	\$.45	\$ 92,120
Exercisable stock options	3,344,833	4.6	\$.48	\$ 82,325

The closing price of the Company s common stock on the OTC Pink Sheets Market on March 31, 2011 was \$0.17 per share. Accordingly, the intrinsic values of total stock options and exercisable stock options as of March 31, 2011, were \$92,120 and \$82,325, respectively.

The following table summarizes the unvested stock options outstanding as of March 31, 2011:

Three months ended March 31, 2011	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Unvested options outstanding at December 31, 2010	518,505	\$.07
Granted	500,000	.11
Vested	(640,004)	.09
Cancelled/Forfeited	(5,001)	.05
Unvested Options outstanding at March 31, 2011	373,500	\$.10

The total grant date fair value of options vested during the three month period ended March 31, 2011 was \$56,703. The Company recognizes stock option compensation expense on stock options with a graded vesting schedule on a straight line basis over the requisite service period for each separately vesting portion of the award as if the award was, in substance, multiple awards. As of March 31, 2011, 373,500 stock options remain unvested, which will result in \$14,183 in compensation expense to be recognized during the quarter ending June 30, 2011.

NORD RESOURCES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

On November 26, 2008, John Perry, the Company s former Chief Executive Officer, was granted a total of 450,000 non-qualified stock options, each entitling him to purchase one share of common stock of the Company at a price of \$0.09 per share until November 23, 2013, subject to vesting. The options were granted to Mr. Perry pursuant to the Company s 2006 Stock Incentive Plan. The options were to vest in three equal tranches on March 2, 2009, 2010 and 2011, respectively. During the first quarter of 2010, the Board of Directors determined that it is appropriate to accelerate the vesting date of the third tranche of 150,000 options to March 2, 2010, in light of Mr. Perry s significant contributions to the Company as a senior officer and a director. Such acceleration did not have a material impact on the Company s condensed consolidated financial statements.

The Company uses the Black-Scholes option pricing model to estimate the fair value of stock options granted. As indicated above, the Company granted 500,000 options during the three month period ended March 31, 2011. The expected forfeiture rate of 0% was based on the limited amount of time these options require to vest and the fact that these options are subject to an executive employment agreement which automatically vest the options should the executive be terminated. The expected term of the options granted to employees is estimated using the formula set forth in SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin (SAB) No. 107. The risk-free interest rate is based upon the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the date of grant and the expected volatility is based on the weighted historical volatility of the Company s common stock and that of its peer group.

The fair values for the stock options granted during the three month period ended March 31, 2011 were estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions:

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2011
Risk-free interest rate	0.87%
Expected life	2.5 years
Expected volatility	126%
Expected dividend yield	0%

Deferred Stock Units

During the three months ended March 31, 2011, certain equity-based fees have been paid to the Company s non-executive directors in the form of awards issued pursuant to the Company s 2006 Stock Incentive Plan. The non-executive directors have limited rights, exercisable within applicable time limits, to elect to have any percentage of such awards, and any percentage of cash fees, payable in deferred stock units. Each of the Company s non-executive directors exercised such rights in respect of the equity-based fees payable to him for the three months ended March 31, 2011. Accordingly, during that period, Douglas Hamilton, the Chairman of the Company s Audit Committee, received 64,517 deferred stock units; John Cook, the Chairman of the Company s Compensation Committee, received 52,419 deferred stock units; and Stephen Seymour, the Chairman of the Company s Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee, received 52,419 deferred stock units. During the three months ended March 31, 2011, the Company recognized total expense of \$26,250 related to the issuance of the total 169,355 deferred stock units to its independent directors. The deferred stock units were granted under the 2006 Deferred Stock Unit Plan. During the three months ended March 31, 2011, 280,357 DSUs were converted into shares of the Company s common stock. As of March 31, 2011, there were 1,303,898 deferred stock units outstanding.

NORD RESOURCES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

During the three months ended March 31, 2010, Douglas Hamilton, the Chairman of the Company s Audit Committee, received 30,769 deferred stock units; John Cook, the Chairman of the Company s Compensation Committee, received 25,000 deferred stock units; Stephen Seymour, the Chairman of the Company s Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee, received 25,000 deferred stock units; and T. Sean Harvey, a former director, received 19,231 deferred stock units. During the three months ended March 31, 2010, the Company recognized total expense of \$32,500 related to the issuance of the total 100,000 deferred stock units to its independent directors. The deferred stock units were granted under the 2006 Deferred Stock Unit Plan. During the three months ended March 31, 2010, 85,329 DSUs were converted into shares of the Company s common stock. As of March 31, 2010, there were 748,272 deferred stock units outstanding.

12. BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings (loss) per common share is computed by dividing net earnings (loss) by the weighted average number of basic common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings (loss) per share are calculated based on the weighted average number of basic common shares outstanding adjusted for the dilutive effect, if any, of stock options, warrants and other dilutive securities outstanding. Outstanding options, warrants and other dilutive securities to purchase 59,676,683 and 18,682,006 shares of common stock for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively, are not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share as the effect of the assumed exercise of these options and warrants, and other dilutive securities would be anti-dilutive.

Components of basic and diluted earnings per share were as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2011			2010
		(unaudited)		(unaudited)
Net income (loss) available for common stock holders	\$	(2,277,380)	\$	1,008,789
Weighted average basic outstanding shares of common stock		113,310,388		111,170,298
Dilutive effect of warrants and stock options		-		4,760,666
Weighted average diluted outstanding shares of common stock		113,310,388		115,930,964
Earnings (loss) per share:				
Basic	\$	(0.02)	\$	0.01
Diluted	\$	(0.02)	\$	0.01

13. CONCENTRATIONS

The Company currently sells 100% of its copper cathode production to Red Kite Explorer Fund Limited under a definitive purchase and sale agreement dated February 2, 2008 with Red Kite, a large, well-capitalized and diversified multinational organization; therefore, the credit risk is considered to be minimal.

14. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Financial Consulting Agreements

In June 2010, the Company engaged FTI Consulting, Inc. (FTI), to provide financial advisory and consulting services. In accordance with the Agreement, the Company agreed to pay FTI an initial fee of \$100,000 payable in four equal installments between June 1 and July 15, 2010. In addition, the Company agreed to pay FTI a success fee ranging between from 0.75% to 5.0% of the capital raised for the Company during the twelve month period ending May 31, 2011 as well as certain amounts payable should other specified transactions occur. As of March 31, 2011, the Company had paid FTI the initial fee of \$100,000 and a success fee of \$191,333 related to the closing of the \$8,200,000 promissory note with Fisher that occurred in July of 2010. No other success fees have been paid under the terms of the Agreement.

In March 2011, the Company engaged Olympus Securities, LLC (Olympus) to provide financial advisory and consulting services. The Company has agreed to pay Olympus a success fee ranging between 2.5% and 7.2% of the capital raised for the Company depending on the type of transaction consummated. To date, no success fees have been paid under the terms of the agreement with Olympus which has an initial term of six months.

Litigation

Other than as set forth below, as of March 31, 2011, the Company knows of no material, existing or pending legal proceedings against the Company, nor is the Company involved as a plaintiff in any material proceeding or pending litigation. There are no proceedings in which any of the Company s directors, officers or affiliates, or any registered or beneficial shareholder, is an adverse party or has a material interest adverse to our interest. Except as discussed below, the outcome of open unresolved legal proceedings is presently indeterminable. Therefore, except as noted below, any settlement resulting from the resolution of these contingencies will be accounted for in the period of settlement. The Company does not believe the potential outcome from any legal proceedings that remain unresolved will significantly impact its financial position, results of operations or cash flows. Furthermore, it is the Company s policy to accrue for the legal expenses associated with contingencies as the expenses are incurred.

Arizona Department of Environmental Quality (ADEQ) Compliance Order and Stipulated Judgment

On September 7, 2002, the ADEQ issued a Compliance Order requiring the Company to bring the Johnson Camp Mine into compliance with Arizona s aquifer protection laws. Pursuant to the Compliance Order, the Company entered into a stipulated judgment with the ADEQ which assessed civil penalties in the amount of \$4,325,000. The stipulated judgment could only be entered should a default notice issued pursuant to the Compliance Order not be cured within 45 days after notice was received. The Compliance Order further provided that any future violations of Arizona s aquifer protection laws would subject the Company to additional civil penalties, including the entry of the stipulated judgment and the assessment of the civil penalties described in the stipulated judgment.

On August 15, 2007, the ADEQ declared that all components necessary for the Company s aquifer protection permit (APP) application were received by the ADEQ, at which time the ADEQ commenced its substantive technical review process.

NORD RESOURCES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

The ADEQ issued a Notice of Violation dated June 26, 2008 concerning alleged violations of the APP program and indicating that certain violations constituted non-compliance with the Compliance Order. The Company timely responded to the Notice of Violation by submittal dated August 7, 2008, indicating that no such violations occurred. In addition, the Company performed certain remedial type actions with respect to various areas referenced in the ADEQ s Notice of Violation. The ADEQ responded, indicating that it was not completely satisfied with the Company s position and response. The parties conferred and the Company submitted additional information dated January 15, 2009 in accordance with the parties—discussions. On March 26, 2009 ADEQ issued a letter to the Company indicating that the documented compliance requirements of the Notice of Violation had been met.

On October 19, 2010, the Company was issued an APP for the Johnson Camp Mine property.

In November 2010, the Company and ADEQ reached an agreement to settle all unresolved issues resulting from the previously issued Notice of Violation for a penalty of \$65,000 and the Company s completion of several monitoring wells and the installation of a drinking water system under a definitive schedule. These improvements are expected to be completed by June of 2011 at an estimated cost of approximately \$400,000. In conjunction with this settlement, ADEQ also agreed to the termination of the outstanding Compliance Order. In April 2011, a Consent Judgment in Superior Court reflecting these key provisions and resolving these matters was finalized.

Patent Infringement Lawsuit

In January 2009, a lawsuit was filed by Corrosion IP Corp. and CTI Southwest, LLC (collectively known as CTI) against the Company alleging that certain containers for corrosive materials purchased from Novenco Consultants Limited infringe on three patents held by the plaintiffs, and further alleging that the Company infringed on a copyrighted drawing owned by the plaintiffs. The Company filed an answer denying all liability and also filed a Third Party Complaint against Novenco. Prior to the purchase of the containers from Novenco, Novenco assured the Company that the containers did not infringe on any patents held by others and provided the Company with an indemnification agreement whereby Novenco agreed to indemnify the Company from any damages that might arise from a claim of patent infringement.

In June 2010, the Company reached a settlement of all claims with Novenco and CTI. Under the settlement agreement, the Company was obligated to pay CTI a total of \$25,000, \$3,125 upon the execution of the agreement and \$3,125 per month for the subsequent seven months. As of March 31, 2011, the Company has paid the \$25,000 in full.

Complaint by Former Employee

In January 2010, the Company received notice of Complaints filed with the U.S. Department of Labor and the Office of the Attorney General of the State of Arizona alleging discriminatory employment practices against a former employee in violation of Section 806 of the Corporate Criminal Fraud Accountability Act of 2002, Title VIII of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. 1514A and Arizona Civil Rights. The Company denies all material allegations set forth in the Complaints and has engaged legal counsel to respond to the Complaints and represent the Company with respect to the investigations.

NORD RESOURCES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

In January 2011, the Company received notification that the Office of the Attorney General of the State of Arizona has dismissed the Charge of Discrimination, finding that there was no evidence to establish a violation of the Arizona civil rights statute and that further investigation is not likely to produce any such evidence.

The Federal case under the auspices of the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) is still pending. The Company intends to vigorously defend itself against these matters and it does not believe that it will be held liable for the alleged claims. The Company also believes that if the former employee is successful, the resulting award of damages (net of insurance reimbursement) against the Company, if any, will not be material to the consolidated financial condition of the Company.

15. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Disclosures about fair value of financial instruments for the Company s financial instruments are presented in the table below. These calculations are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and significant matters of judgment and do not include income tax considerations. Therefore, the results cannot be determined with precision and, in certain cases, cannot be substantiated by comparison to independent market values and may not be realized in an actual sale or settlement of the instruments. There may be inherent weaknesses in any calculation technique, and changes in the underlying assumptions used could significantly affect the results.

The following table presents a summary of the Company s financial instruments as of March 31, 2011:

	(Carrying Amount (unaudited)		stimated Fair Value (unaudited)
Financial Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,438,430	\$	1,438,430
Restricted marketable securities		686,476		686,476
Accounts receivable		23,014		23,014
Financial Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	3,960,233	\$	***
Accrued expenses		926,402		***
Accrued interest		2,038,736		***
Copper derivatives settlement payable		9,818,247		***
Long-term debt		6,344,360		***
Senior long term debt		23,257,826		***
Derivative instruments		7,139,684		7,139,684

The carrying amounts for cash and cash equivalents, restricted marketable securities and accounts receivable approximate fair value because of the short maturities of these financial instruments. As noted above, the Company's derivatives are carried on the condensed consolidated balance sheet at estimated fair value. As of March 31, 2011, the fair value of the derivatives include an aggregate counterparty credit valuation adjustment of \$262,458.

NORD RESOURCES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

*** Given the current situation with the Company s senior lender and the related default of the underlying Credit Agreement, as amended, the Company does not believe that an estimate of the fair value of its senior long-term debt can be made without incurring substantial time and resources. Accordingly, an estimate of the fair value of its senior long-term debt as of March 31, 2011 is considered impracticable. In addition, due the current situation with the Company s senior lender and the impact this situation may have on the remaining liabilities of the Company, as of March 31, 2011, an estimate of the fair value of accounts payable, accrued expenses, accrued interest, copper derivatives settlement payable and long-term debt is also considered impracticable.

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Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis

The following discussion of our financial condition, changes in financial condition and results of operations for the three month periods ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 should be read in conjunction with our unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements and related notes for the three month periods ended March 31, 2011 and 2010. The following discussion contains forward-looking statements that involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Our actual results may differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of many factors, including,