FIRST BANCORP /PR/ Form 10-Q August 09, 2016

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2016

[] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from ______ to _____

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER 001-14793

<u>First BanCorp.</u>

(EXACT NAME OF REGISTRANT AS SPECIFIED IN ITS CHARTER)

Puerto Rico (State or other jurisdiction of

incorporation or organization)

1519 Ponce de León Avenue, Stop 23

Santurce, Puerto Rico

(Address of principal executive offices)

(787) 729-8200

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code) Not applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yesþ No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yesþ No"

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer "

Accelerated filer

66-0561882 (I.R.S. employer

identification number)

00908

(Zip Code)

þ

Non-accelerated filer " (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes " No þ

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Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Common stock: 217,177,665 shares outstanding as of July 29, 2016.

INDEX PAGE

PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION	PAGE
Item 1. Financial Statements:	
Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition (Unaudited) as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015	
	5
Consolidated Statements of Income (Loss) (Unaudited) – Quarters ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015	
	6
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) (Unaudited) - Quarters	
ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and	-
2015 Consolidated Statements of Cosh Flows (Unsudited) Six month periods ended	7
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited) – Six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015	
June 50, 2010 and 2015	8
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (Unaudited) –	0
Six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015	
	9
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	10
(Unaudited)	
Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition	77
and Results of Operations Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	77 136
Item 4. Controls and Procedures	130
	150
PART II. OTHER INFORMATION	
Item 1. Legal Proceedings	137
Item 1A. Risk Factors	137
Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	139
Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities	140
Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures Item 5. Other Information	140 140
Item 6. Exhibits	140 140
Rein 6. Exhibits	140

SIGNATURES

Forward Looking Statements

This Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), which are subject to the safe harbors created by such sections. When used in this Form 10-Q or future filings by First BanCorp. (the "Corporation") with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), in the Corporation's press releases or in other public or stockholder communications, or in oral statements made with the approval of an authorized executive officer, the words or phrases "would," "will allow," "intends," "will likely result," "expect to," "should," "anticipate," "look forward," "believes," and other terms of similar meaning or import in connection with any discussion of future operating, financial or other performance are meant to identify "forward-looking statements."

FirstBanCorp. wishes to caution readers not to place undue reliance on any such "forward-looking statements," which speak only as of the date made, and to advise readers that these forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve certain risks, uncertainties, estimates and assumptions by us that are difficult to predict. Various factors, some of which are beyond our control, could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, such forward-looking statements. Factors that might cause such a difference include, but are not limited to, the risks described or referenced below in Item 1A. "Risk Factors," and the following:

• the ability of the Puerto Rico government or any of its public corporations or other instrumentalities to repay its respective debt obligations, including the effect of recent payment defaults on the Puerto Rico government general obligations, bonds of the Government Development Bank for Puerto Rico (the"GDB") and certain bonds of government public corporations, and recent and any future downgrades of the long-term and short-term debt ratings of the Puerto Rico government, which could exacerbate Puerto Rico's adverse economic conditions and, in turn, further adversely impact the Corporation;

• uncertainty as to the ultimate outcomes of actions resulting from the enactment by the U.S. government of the Puerto Rico Oversight, Management, and Economic Stability Act (PROMESA) to address Puerto Rico's financial problems;

• uncertainty about whether the Corporation will be able to continue to fully comply with the written agreement dated June 3, 2010 (the "Written Agreement") that the Corporation entered into with the Federal Reserve Bank of New York (the "New York FED" or "Federal Reserve") that, among other things, requires the Corporation to serve as a source of strength to FirstBank Puerto Rico ("FirstBank" or the "Bank") and that, except with the consent generally of the New York FED and the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (the "Federal Reserve Board"), prohibits the Corporation from paying dividends to stockholders or receiving dividends from FirstBank, making payments on trust preferred securities or subordinated debt and incurring, increasing or guaranteeing debt or repurchasing any capital securities and uncertainty whether such consent will be provided for future interest payments on the subordinated debt debt despite the consent that enabled the Corporation to pay all the accrued but deferred interest payments plus the interest

for the second quarter of 2016 on the Corporation's subordinated debentures associated with its trust preferred securities;

• a decrease in demand for the Corporation's products and services and lower revenues and earnings because of the continued recession in Puerto Rico;

• uncertainty as to the availability of certain funding sources, such as retail brokered certificates of deposit ("brokered CDs");

• the Corporation's reliance on brokered CDs to fund operations and provide liquidity;

• the risk of not being able to fulfill the Corporation's cash obligations or resume paying dividends to the Corporation's stockholders in the future due to the Corporation's need to receive approval from the New York FED and the Federal Reserve Board to declare or pay any dividends and to take dividends or any other form of payment representing a reduction in capital from FirstBank or FirstBank's failure to generate sufficient cash flow to make a dividend payment to the Corporation;

• the weakness of the real estate markets and of the consumer and commercial sectors and their impact on the credit quality of the Corporation's loans and other assets, which have contributed and may continue to contribute to, among other things, high levels of non-performing assets, charge-offs and provisions for loan and lease losses and may subject the Corporation to further risk from loan defaults and foreclosures;

• the ability of FirstBank to realize the benefits of its deferred tax assets subject to the remaining valuation allowance;

• adverse changes in general economic conditions in Puerto Rico, the U.S., and the U.S. Virgin Islands ("USVI") and British Virgin Islands ("BVI"), including the interest rate environment, market liquidity, housing absorption rates, real estate prices, and disruptions in the U.S. capital markets, which reduced interest margins and affected funding sources, and has affected

demand for all of the Corporation's products and services and reduced the Corporation's revenues and earnings, and the value of the Corporation's assets, and may continue to have these effects;

• an adverse change in the Corporation's ability to attract new clients and retain existing ones;

• the risk that additional portions of the unrealized losses in the Corporation's investment portfolio are determined to be other-than-temporary, including additional impairments on the Puerto Rico government's obligations;

• uncertainty about regulatory and legislative changes for financial services companies in Puerto Rico, the U.S., the USVI and the BVI, which could affect the Corporation's financial condition or performance and could cause the Corporation's actual results for future periods to differ materially from prior results and anticipated or projected results;

• changes in the fiscal and monetary policies and regulations of the U.S. federal government and the Puerto Rico and other governments, including those determined by the Federal Reserve Board, the New York FED, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"), government-sponsored housing agencies, and regulators in Puerto Rico, the USVI and the BVI;

• the risk of possible failure or circumvention of controls and procedures and the risk that the Corporation's risk management policies may not be adequate;

• the risk that the FDIC may increase the deposit insurance premium and/or require special assessments to replenish its insurance fund, causing an additional increase in the Corporation's non-interest expenses;

• the impact on the Corporation's results of operations and financial condition of acquisitions and dispositions;

• a need to recognize impairments on the Corporation's financial instruments, goodwill or other intangible assets relating to acquisitions;

• the risk that downgrades in the credit ratings of the Corporation's long-term senior debt will adversely affect the Corporation's ability to access necessary external funds;

• the impact on the Corporation's businesses, business practices and results of operations of a potential higher interest rate environment; and

• general competitive factors and industry consolidation.

The Corporation does not undertake, and specifically disclaims any obligation, to update or revise any of the "forward-looking statements" to reflect occurrences or unanticipated events or circumstances after the date of such statements, except as required by the federal securities laws.

Investors should refer to the Corporation's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015, as well as "Part II, Item 1A, Risk Factors" in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q, for a discussion of such factors and certain risks and uncertainties to which the Corporation is subject.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

(Unaudited)

	Jun	e 30, 2016	December 31, 2015			
(In thousands, except for share information)						
ASSETS						
Cash and due from banks	\$	617,827	\$	532,985		
Money market investments:						
Time deposits with other financial institutions		2,800		3,000		
Other short-term investments		207,287		216,473		
Total money market investments		210,087		219,473		
Investment securities available for sale, at fair value:						
Securities pledged that can be repledged		780,895		793,562		
Other investment securities		1,222,154		1,092,833		
Total investment securities available for sale		2,003,049		1,886,395		
Investment securities held to maturity, at amortized cost:						
Securities pledged that can be repledged		-		-		
Other investment securities		161,342		161,483		
Total investment securities held to maturity		161,342		161,483		
Other equity securities		32,379		32,169		
Loans, net of allowance for loan and lease losses of \$234,454						
(2015 - \$240,710)		8,636,293		8,871,672		
Loans held for sale, at lower of cost or market		37,958		35,869		
Total loans, net		8,674,251		8,907,541		
Premises and equipment, net		155,608		161,016		
Other real estate owned		139,159		146,801		
Accrued interest receivable on loans and investments		45,984		48,697		
Other assets		469,016		476,459		
Total assets	\$	12,508,702	\$	12,573,019		
LIABILITIES						
Non-interest-bearing deposits	\$	1,409,072	\$	1,336,559		
Interest-bearing deposits		7,815,947		8,001,565		
Total deposits		9,225,019		9,338,124		
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase		700,000		700,000		
		455,000		455,000		

Advances from the Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB)				
Other borrowings		216,187		226,492
Accounts payable and other liabilities		126,043		159,269
Total liabilities		10,722,249		10,878,885
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Preferred stock, authorized, 50,000,000 shares:				
Non-cumulative Perpetual Monthly Income Preferred Stock: issued 22,004,000				
shares, outstanding 1,444,146 shares, aggregate liquidation value of \$36,104		36,104		36,104
Common stock, \$0.10 par value, authorized, 2,000,000,000 shares;				
issued, 218,278,207 shares (2015 - 216,051,128 shares issued)		21,828		21,605
Less: Treasury stock (at par value)		(115)		(96)
Common stock outstanding, 217,129,074 shares outstanding (2015 - 215,088,698				
shares outstanding)		21,713		21,509
Additional paid-in capital		928,900		926,348
Retained earnings, includes legal surplus reserve of \$42,798		783,219		737,922
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax of \$7,752		16,517		 (27,749)
Total stockholders' equity		1,786,453		1,694,134
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	12,508,702		\$ 12,573,019
The accompanying notes are an integral part of thes	e stateme	nts.	I	<u> </u>

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (LOSS)

(Unaudited)

	Quart	er Ended		Six-Month Period Ended					
	June 30,				June 30,				
	2016	20	15		2016		2015		
(In thousands, except per share information	on)								
Interest and dividend income:									
Loans	5 132,111	\$ 1	37,997	\$	267,250	\$	275,497		
Investment securities	13,552		13,125		28,171		27,573		
Money market investments	1,271		510		2,344		1,047		
Total interest income	146,934	1	51,632		297,765		304,117		
Interest expense:									
Deposits	17,224		16,980		34,481		34,674		
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	6,029		5,388		11,505		11,781		
Advances from FHLB	1,471		944		2,942		1,878		
Other borrowings	1,982		1,843		3,961		3,660		
Total interest expense	26,706		25,155		52,889		51,993		
Net interest income	120,228		26,477		244,876		252,124		
Provision for loan and lease losses	20,986		74,266		42,039		107,236		
Net interest income after provision for loan and lease losses	99,242		52,211		202,837		144,888		
Non-interest income:									
Service charges and fees on deposit accounts	5,618		5,219		11,418		9,774		
Mortgage banking activities	4,893		4,763		9,646		8,381		
Net gain on sale of investments	-		-		8		-		
Other-than-temporary impairment (OTTI) losses on available-for-sale debt securities:									
Total other-than-temporary impairment losses	-	(2	29,521)		(1,845)		(29,521)		
Portion of other-than-temporary impairment									
recognized in other comprehensive income (OCI)	-		16,424		(4,842)		16,268		
Net impairment losses on available-for-sale debt securities	-	(1	13,097)		(6,687)		(13,253)		

Gain on early extinguishment of debt		-		-	4,217	-
Insurance commission income		1,542		1,522	4,811	4,544
Bargain purchase gain		-		-	-	13,443
Other non-interest income		7,725		8,263	14,834	16,510
Total non-interest income		19,778		6,670	38,247	39,399
Non-interest expenses:						
Employees' compensation and benefits		37,401		37,945	75,836	73,599
Occupancy and equipment		13,043		15,059	27,226	29,408
Business promotion		4,048		3,934	8,051	6,802
Professional fees		11,327		19,005	22,103	34,223
Taxes, other than income taxes		3,756		3,131	7,548	6,132
Insurance and supervisory fees		7,066		6,796	14,409	13,656
Net loss on other real estate owned (OREO) and OREO operations		3,325		4,874	6,531	7,502
Credit and debit card processing expenses		3,274		3,945	6,556	7,902
Communications		1,725		2,045	3,533	3,653
Other non-interest expenses		4,579		6,065	10,748	11,650
Total non-interest expenses		89,544		102,799	182,541	194,527
Income (loss) before income taxes		29,476		(43,918)	58,543	(10,240)
Income tax (expense) benefit		(7,523)		9,844	(13,246)	1,812
Net income (loss)	\$	21,953	\$	(34,074)	\$ 45,297	\$ (8,428)
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	\$	21,953	\$	(34,074)	\$ 45,297	\$ (8,428)
Net income (loss) per common share:						
Basic	\$	0.10	\$	(0.16)	\$ 0.21	\$ (0.04)
Diluted	\$	0.10	\$	(0.16)	\$ 0.21	\$ (0.04)
Dividends declared per common share	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
The accompanying notes are an integral	part	of these stater	nents.			

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

(Unaudited)

	Quarter Ended						Six-Month Period Ended					
		June 30, 2016 June 30, 2015				J	June 30, 2016			June 30, 2015		
(In thousands)												
Net income (loss)	\$	21,953		\$	(34,074)		\$	45,297	\$	(8,428)		
Available-for-sale debt securities on which an other-than-temporary												
impairment has been recognized:												
Unrealized gain on debt securities on which an												
other-than-temporary impairment has been recognized		2,453			683			1,455		1,372		
Reclassification adjustment for other-than-temporary impairment												
on debt securities included in net income		-			13,097			6,687		13,253		
All other unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities:												
Reclassification adjustments for net gain included in net income		-			-			(8)		-		
All other unrealized holding gains (losses) on												
available-for-sale securities arising during the period		11,422			(23,948)			36,132		(17,653)		
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period, net of tax		13,875			(10,168)			44,266		(3,028)		
Total comprehensive income (loss)	\$	35,828		\$	(44,242)		\$	89,563	\$	(11,456)		
The accompanying notes are an integra	al part	t of these st	tatem	ents.	<u>г г</u>			<u>г г</u>		r		
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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

	Six-Month Pe	eriod Ended			
	June 30,	J	une 30,		
	2016	2015			
(In thousands)					
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Net income (loss)	\$ 45,297	\$	(8,428)		
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by					
operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization	9,015		10,561		
Amortization of intangible assets	2,442		2,491		
Provision for loan and lease losses	42,039		107,236		
Deferred income tax expense	11,972		2,683		
Stock-based compensation	3,346		3,043		
Gain on sales of investments	(8)		1		
Bargain purchase gain	-		(13,443)		
Gain on early extinguishment of debt	(4,217)		-		
Other-than-temporary impairments on debt securities	6,687		13,253		
Unrealized loss (gain) on derivative instruments	243		(182)		
Net gain on disposition of premises and equipment and other	(696)		(179)		
assets	(686)		(178)		
Net gain on sales of loans	(5,089)		(3,157)		
Net amortization/accretion of premiums, discounts and deferred	(4,624)		(2,217)		
loan fees and costs	(4,024)		(2,217)		
Originations and purchases of loans held for sale	(220,056)		(213,586)		
Sales and repayments of loans held for sale	224,765		210,394		
Amortization of broker placement fees	1,645		2,504		
Net amortization/accretion of premium and discounts on investment securities	1,898		3,803		
Decrease in accrued interest receivable	2,713		313		
(Decrease) increase in accrued interest payable	(26,580)		1,737		
Decrease (increase) in other assets	2,816		(627)		
(Decrease) increase in other liabilities	(11,414)		16,523		
Net cash provided by operating activities	82,204		132,723		
	02,201		102,120		
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Principal collected on loans	1,494,316		1,563,520		
Loans originated and purchased	(1,321,511)		(1,437,877)		
Proceeds from sales of loans held for investment	_		107,702		

Proceeds from sales of repossessed assets	27,674	33,720
Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale securities	14,990	-
Purchases of available-for-sale securities	(279,500)	(158,932)
Purchase of securities held to maturity	-	(4,530)
Proceeds from principal repayments and maturities of available-for-sale securities	183,570	141,226
Proceeds from principal repayments and maturities of held-to-maturity securities	141	142
Additions to premises and equipment	(5,280)	(6,161)
Purchases of other equity securities	(210)	(400)
Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment and other assets	2,250	2,511
Net cash received from acquisition	-	217,659
Net cash outflows from purchase/sale of insurance contracts	(960)	-
Net cash provided by investing activities	115,480	458,580
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Net decrease in deposits	(114,613)	(504,270)
Change in securities sold under agreements to repurchase	-	(200,000)
Repurchase of outstanding common stock	(590)	(738)
Repayment of junior subordinated debentures	(7,025)	-
Net cash used in financing activities	(122,228)	(705,008)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	75,456	(113,705)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	752,458	796,108
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 827,914	\$ 682,403
Cash and cash equivalents include:		
Cash and due from banks	\$ 617,827	\$ 462,934
Money market instruments	210,087	219,469
	\$ 827,914	\$ 682,403
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.		

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

(Unaudited)

		Six-Month Pe	eriod End	ed
	J	une 30,	J	une 30,
		2016		2015
(In thousands)				
Preferred Stock	\$	36,104	\$	36,104
Common Stock outstanding:				
Balance at beginning of period		21,509		21,298
Common stock issued as compensation		44		17
Common stock withheld for taxes		(19)		(12)
Common stock issued in exchange for trust preferred securities		-		85
Restricted stock grants		179		83
Restricted stock forfeited		-		(2)
Balance at end of period		21,713		21,469
Additional Paid-In-Capital:				
Balance at beginning of period		926,348		916,067
Stock-based compensation		3,346		3,043
Common stock withheld for taxes		(571)		(726)
Common stock issued in exchange for trust preferred securities		-		5,543
Restricted stock grants		(179)		(83)
Common stock issued as compensation		(44)		(17)
Restricted stock forfeited		-		2
Balance at end of period		928,900		923,829
Retained Earnings:				
Balance at beginning of period		737,922		716,625
Net income (loss)		45,297		(8,428)
Balance at end of period		783,219		708,197
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), net of tax:				
Balance at beginning of period		(27,749)		(18,351)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax		44,266		(3,028)
Balance at end of period		16,517		(21,379)
Total stockholders' equity	\$	1,786,453	\$	1,668,220

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.			

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) of First BanCorp. (the "Corporation") have been prepared in conformity with the accounting policies stated in the Corporation's Audited Consolidated Financial Statements included in the Corporation's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in the financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("GAAP") have been condensed or omitted from these statements pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC and, accordingly, these financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Corporation for the year ended December 31, 2015, which are included in the Corporation's 2015 Annual Report on Form 10-K. All adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the statement of financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods have been reflected. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

During the second quarter of 2016, the Corporation reviewed its historical accounting treatment as loans for its \$161.3 million of financing arrangements with Puerto Rico municipalities issued in bond form, but underwritten as loans with features that are typically found in commercial loan transactions. This review came as a result of the recent determination of the Federal Reserve Board that the transactions must be treated for regulatory reporting purposes as investment securities. The Puerto Rico Municipal Finance Act (the "Act") requires the designation of financing arrangements obtained by municipalities with maturities greater than 8 years as "special obligation bonds" subject to specific provisions under the Act. The Corporation has concluded that the impact of accounting for the transactions as investment securities rather than loans does not have a material effect on previously reported results of operations, financial condition, or cash flows and, accordingly, these financing arrangements are now accounted for and reported as held-to-maturity investment securities and not as loans as of June 30, 2016 and for prior periods.

The results of operations for the quarter and six-month period ended June 30, 2016 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the entire year.

Adoption of new accounting requirements and recently issued but not yet effective accounting requirements

Adoption of new accounting requirements and recently issued but not yet effective accounting requirements

The Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") has issued the following accounting pronouncements and guidance relevant to the Corporation's operations:

In June 2014, the FASB updated the Accounting Standards Codification (the "Codification" or the "ASC") to provide guidance for determining compensation cost when an employee's compensation award is eligible to vest regardless of whether the employee is rendering service on the date the performance target is achieved. This Update is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2015. The adoption of this guidance did not have an impact on the Corporation's financial statements.

In November 2014, the FASB updated the Codification to clarify how current GAAP should be interpreted in evaluating the economic characteristics and risk of a host contract in a hybrid financial instrument that is issued in the form of a share. In addition, the Update was issued to clarify that, in evaluating the nature of a host contract, an entity should assess the substance of the relevant terms and features (that is, the relative strength of the debt-like or equity-like terms and features given the facts and circumstances) when considering how to weight those terms and features. The effects of initially adopting this Update should be applied on a modified retrospective basis to existing hybrid financial instruments issued in the form of a share as of the beginning of the fiscal year for which the amendments are effective. Retrospective application is permitted to all relevant prior periods. This Update is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2015. The adoption of this guidance did not have an impact on the Corporation's financial statements.

In January 2015, the FASB updated the Codification to eliminate from GAAP the concept of extraordinary items as part of its initiative to reduce complexity in accounting standards (the Simplification Initiative). Under current GAAP, an event or transaction is presumed to be an ordinary and usual activity of the reporting entity unless evidence clearly supports its classification as an extraordinary item. In order to be classified as an extraordinary item, the event or transaction must be: (i) unusual in nature and (ii) infrequent in occurrence. Before the Update was issued, an entity was required to segregate these items from the results of ordinary operations and show the items separately in the income statement, net of tax, after income from continuing operations. This Update is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2015. The adoption of this guidance did not have an impact on the Corporation's financial statements.

In February 2015, the FASB updated the Codification to eliminate the deferral of the requirements of Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2009-17 for certain interests in investment funds and provide a scope for exception for certain investments in money market funds. While the Update is aimed at asset managers, it will affect all reporting entities involved with limited partnerships or similar entities. In some cases, consolidation conclusions will change. In other cases, reporting entities will need to provide additional

disclosure about entities that currently are not considered Variable Interest Entities ("VIEs") but will be considered VIEs under the new guidance when they have a variable interest in those VIEs. Regardless of whether conclusions change or additional disclosure requirements are triggered, reporting entities will need to re-evaluate limited partnerships and similar entities for consolidation and revise their documentation. For public business entities, the Update is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2015. A reporting entity must apply the amendments retrospectively. The adoption of this guidance did not have an impact on the Corporation's financial statements.

In April 2015, the FASB updated the Codification to clarify that customers should determine whether a cloud computing arrangement includes the license of software by applying the same guidance cloud service providers use to make this determination. Examples of cloud computing arrangements include software as a service, platform as a service, infrastructure as a service and other hosting arrangements. If a hosting arrangement includes a software license for internal use software, the software license should be accounted for by the customer under ASC 350-40. A license of software other than internal use software would be accounted for by the customer under other GAAP (e.g., a research and development cost and software to be sold, leased or otherwise marketed). A software license included in a hosting arrangement would be accounted for separately from any service contract in the arrangement. Hosting arrangements that do not include software licenses should be accounted for as service contracts. The Update also eliminates the existing requirement for customers to account for software licenses they acquire by analogizing to the guidance on leases. Instead, customers will account for software licenses that are in the scope of ASC 350-40 in the same manner as licenses of other intangible assets. Entities have the option of applying the guidance (1) prospectively to all arrangements entered into or materially modified after the effective date or (2) retrospectively. Entities that elect prospective application are required to disclose the reason for the change in accounting principle, the transition method, and a description of the financial statement line items affected by the change. Entities that elect retrospective application must disclose the information required by ASC 250. For public business entities, the guidance is effective for annual periods, including interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2015. The adoption of this guidance did not have an impact on the Corporation's financial statements.

In May 2015, the FASB updated the Codification to provide guidance on disclosures for investments in certain entities that calculate net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent). This Update removes the requirement to categorize within the fair value hierarchy all investments for which fair value is measured using the net asset value per share practical expedient and modifies certain disclosure requirements. This guidance is effective for interim and annual reporting periods in fiscal years beginning after December 31, 2015, and requires retrospective adoption. The adoption of this pronouncement did not have an impact on the Corporation's financial statements.

In September 2015, the FASB updated the Codification to simplify the accounting for adjustments made to provisional amounts recognized in a business combination by eliminating the requirement to retrospectively account for those adjustments. This Update allows the acquirer to recognize adjustments to provisional amounts that are identified during the measurement period in the reporting period in which the adjustment amounts are determined. The acquirer must record, in the same period's financial statements, the effect on earnings of changes in depreciation, amortization, or other income effects, if any, as a result of the change to the provisional amounts, calculated as if the accounting had been completed at the acquisition date. Also, this Update requires entities to present separately on the face of the income statement or disclose in the notes the portion of the amount recorded in current-period earnings by line item that would have been recorded in previous reporting periods if the adjustment to the provisional amounts had

Adoption of new accounting requirements and recently issued but not yet effective accounting requirementation

been recognized as of the acquisition date. Prior to this Update, GAAP required that, during the measurement period, the acquirer retrospectively adjust the provisional amounts recognized at the acquisition date with a corresponding adjustment to goodwill. The acquirer also had to revise comparative information for prior periods presented in financial statements as needed, including revising depreciation, amortization, or other income effects as a result of changes made to provisional amounts. For public business entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, including interim periods within those fiscal years. The amendments in this Update should be applied prospectively to adjustments to provisional amounts that occur after the effective date of this Update with earlier application permitted for financial statements that have not been issued. The adoption of this guidance did not have an impact on the Corporation's financial statements.

In March 2016, the FASB updated the Codification to simplify certain aspects of the accounting for share-based payment transactions. The main provisions in this Update include: (i) recognition of all tax benefits and tax deficiencies (including tax benefits of dividends on share-base payment awards) as income tax expense or benefit in the income statement, (ii) classification of the excess tax benefit along with other income tax cash flows as an operating activity, (iii) an entity-wide accounting policy election to either estimate the number of awards that are expected to vest (current GAAP) or account for forfeitures when they occur, (iv) a threshold to qualify for equity classification which permits withholding up to the maximum statutory tax rates in the applicable jurisdictions, and (v) classification of cash paid by an employer as a financing activity when the payment results from the withholding of shares for tax withholding purposes. In addition to those simplifications, the amendments eliminate the guidance in ASC 718 that was indefinitely deferred shortly after the issuance of FASB Statement No. 123 (revised 2004), Share-Based Payment. This should not result in a change in practice because the guidance that is being superseded was never effective. For public business entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within those annual periods. The Corporation is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this guidance on its consolidated financial statements.

In March 2016, the FASB updated the Codification to require an equity method investor to add the cost of acquiring the additional interest in the investee to the current basis of the investor's previously held interest and adopt the equity method of accounting as of the date the investment becomes qualified for equity method accounting. Therefore, upon qualifying for the equity method of accounting, no retroactive adjustment of the investment is required. Also, this Update requires that an entity that has an available-for sale equity security that becomes qualified for the equity method ot accounting recognize through earnings the unrealized holding gain or loss in accumulated other comprehensive income at the date the investment becomes qualified for use of the equity method. The amendments in this Update are effective for all entities for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2016. The amendments should be applied prospectively upon their effective date to increases in the level of ownership interest or degree of influence that result in the adoption of the equity method. Earlier application is permitted. The Corporation is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this guidance, if any, on its consolidated financial statements.

In June 2016, the FASB updated the Codification and issued ASU 2016-13, Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (Topic 326), which introduces new guidance for the accounting for credit losses on instruments within its scope. The new guidance introduces an approach based on expected losses to estimate credit losses on certain types of financial instruments. It also modifies the impairment model for available-for-sale debt securities and provides for a simplified accounting model for purchased financial assets with credit deterioration since their origination.

The new model, referred to as the current expected credit losses (CECL) model, will apply to: (1) financial assets subject to credit losses and measured at amortized cost and (2) certain off-balance sheet credit exposures. This includes loans, held-to-maturity debt securities, loan commitments, financial guarantees, and net investments in leases, as well as reinsurance and trade receivables. Upon initial recognition of the exposure, the CECL model requires an entity to estimate the credit losses expected over the life of an exposure (or pool of exposures). The estimate of expected credit losses (ECL) should consider historical information, current information, and reasonable and supportable forecasts, including estimates of prepayments. Financial instruments with similar risk characteristics should be grouped together when estimating ECL. The ASU does not prescribe a specific method to make the estimate so its application will require significant judgment.

Generally, upon initial recognition of a financial asset the estimate of the ECL will be recorded through an allowance for loan and lease losses with an offset to current earnings. Subsequently, the ECL will need to be assessed each period, and both negative and positive changes to the estimate will be recognized through an adjustment to the allowance for loan and lease losses and earnings.

The ASU amends the current available-for-sale security other-than-temporary impairment (OTTI) model for debt securities. The new available-for-sale debt security model will require an estimate of ECL only when the fair value is below the amortized cost of the asset. The length of time the fair value of an available-for-sale debt security has been below the amortized cost will no longer impact the determination of whether a credit loss exists. As such, the new available-for-sale debt security model is not an OTTI model. In addition, credit losses on available-for-sale debt securities will now be limited to the difference between the security's amortized cost basis and its fair value. The available-for-sale debt security model will also require the use of an allowance to record estimated credit losses (and subsequent recoveries).

The purchased financial assets with credit deterioration (PCD) model applies to purchased financial assets (measured at amortized cost or available-for-sale) that have experienced more than insignificant credit deterioration since origination. This represents a change from the scope of what are considered purchased credit-impaired assets under

Adoption of new accounting requirements and recently issued but not yet effective accounting requirementation

today's model. In contrast to the accounting for originated or purchased assets that do not qualify as PCD, the initial estimate of expected credit losses for a PCD would be recognized through an allowance for loan and lease losses with an offset to the cost basis of the related financial asset at acquisition (i.e., there is no impact to net income at initial recognition). Subsequently, the accounting will follow the applicable CECL or available-for-sale debt security impairment model with all adjustments of the allowance for loan and lease losses recognized through earnings. Beneficial interests classified as held-to-maturity or available-for-sale will need to apply the PCD model if the beneficial interest meets the definition of PCD or if there is a significant difference between contractual and expected cash flows at initial recognition.

In general, the new guidance will require modified retrospective application to all outstanding instruments, with a cumulative effect adjustment recorded to opening retained earnings as of the beginning of the first period in which the guidance becomes effective. However, prospective application is required for PCD assets previously accounted for under ASC 310-30 and for debt securities for which an other-than-temporary impairment was recognized prior to the date of adoption.

ASU 2016-13 also expands the disclosure requirements regarding an entity's assumptions, models, and methods for estimating the allowance for loan and lease losses. In addition, public business entities will need to disclose the amortized cost balance for each class of financial asset by credit quality indicator, disaggregated by the year of origination (i.e., by vintage year).

The ASU will be effective for public business entities that are SEC filers in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Early application of the guidance will be permitted for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years. The Corporation is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this guidance on its consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 2 – EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE

The calculations of June 30, 2016 and 20		ommon	share for the q	uarters	and six-month	periods	s ended		
	Quarte			Six-Month Period Ender					
	<u>Jun</u> 2016	e 30,	2015		2016		2015		
(In thousands, except per share information)									
Net income (loss)	\$ 21,953	\$	(34,074)	\$	45,297	\$	(8,428)		
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	\$ 21,953	\$	(34,074)	\$	45,297	\$	(8,428)		
Weighted-Average Shares:									
Average common shares outstanding	212,768		211,247		212,558		210,968		
Average potential dilutive common shares	3,155		-		2,040		-		
Average common shares outstanding- assuming dilution	215,923		211,247		214,598		210,968		
Earnings (loss) per common									
share:									
Basic	\$ 0.10	\$	(0.16)	\$	0.21	\$	(0.04)		
Diluted	\$ 0.10	\$	(0.16)	\$	0.21	\$	(0.04)		

Earnings per common share is computed by dividing net income attributable to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares issued and outstanding. Net income attributable to common stockholders represents net income adjusted for any preferred stock dividends, including any dividends declared and any cumulative dividends related to the current dividend period that have not been declared as of the end of the period.

Potential common shares consist of common stock issuable under the assumed exercise of stock options, unvested shares of restricted stock, and outstanding warrants using the treasury stock method. This method assumes that the potential common shares are issued and the proceeds from the exercise, in addition to the amount of compensation cost attributable to future services, are used to purchase common stock at the exercise date. The difference between the number of potential shares issued and the shares purchased is added as incremental shares to the actual number of shares outstanding to compute diluted earnings per share. Stock options, unvested shares of restricted stock, and outstanding warrants that result in lower potential shares issued than shares purchased under the treasury stock method are not included in the computation of dilutive earnings per share since their inclusion would have an antidilutive

Adoption of new accounting requirements and recently issued but not yet effective accounting requirementate

effect on earnings per share. Stock options not included in the computation of outstanding shares because they were antidilutive amounted to 39,855 and 69,848 as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. Warrants outstanding to purchase 1,285,899 shares of common stock and 2,939,794 unvested shares of restricted stock were excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share for the quarter and six-month period ended June 30, 2015 because the Corporation reported a net loss attributable to common stockholders for the periods and their inclusion would have an antidilutive effect.

NOTE 3 – STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

As of January 21, 2007, the Corporation's 1997 stock option plan expired and no additional awards could be granted under that plan. All outstanding awards granted under this plan have continued in full force and effect since then, subject to their original terms. No awards of shares could be granted under the 1997 stock option plan as of its expiration.

			Weighted-Average				
			Remaining		Aggregate		
	Number of	Weighted-Average	Contractual Term		Intrinsic Value		
	Options	Exercise Price	(Years)	(In	n thousands)		
Beginning of period outstanding and							
exercisable	69,848	\$ 160.30					
Options expired	(29,993)	190.07					
End of period outstanding and exercisable	39,855	\$ 137.89	0.5	\$			

On May 24, 2016, the Corporation's stockholders approved the amendment and restatement of the First BanCorp 2008 Omnibus Incentive Plan, as amended (the "Omnibus Plan"), to, among other things, increase the number of shares of Common Stock reserved for issuance under the Omnibus Plan, to extend the term of the Omnibus Plan to May 24, 2026 and to re-approve the material terms of the performance goals under the Omnibus Plan for purposes of Section 162(m) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. The Omnibus Plan provides for equity-based compensation incentives (the "awards") through the grant of stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, restricted stock units, performance shares, cash-based awards and other stock-based awards. The Omnibus Plan authorizes the issuance of up to 7,335,928 shares of common stock, subject to adjustments for stock splits, reorganizations, and other similar events. The Corporation's Board of Directors, upon receiving the relevant recommendation of the Compensation Committee, has the power and authority to determine those eligible to receive awards and to establish the terms and conditions of any awards, subject to various limits and vesting restrictions that apply to individual and aggregate awards.

Under the Omnibus Plan, during the first half of 2016, the Corporation issued 1,786,137 shares of restricted stock to employees subject to a vesting period of two years. Included in those 1,786,137 shares of restricted stock are

1,546,137 shares granted to certain senior officers consistent with the requirements of the Troubled Asset Relief Program ("TARP") Interim Final Rule, which permit TARP recipients to grant "long-term restricted stock" without violating the prohibition on paying or accruing a bonus payment provided that: (i) the value of the grant may not exceed one-third of the amount of the employee's annual compensation, (ii) no portion of the grant may vest before two years after the grant date, and (iii) the grant must be subject to a further restriction on transfer or payment as described below. Specifically, the stock that has otherwise vested may not become transferable at any time earlier than as permitted under the schedule set forth by TARP, which is based on the repayment in 25% increments of the aggregate financial assistance received from the U.S. Treasury. Hence, notwithstanding the vesting period mentioned above, the senior officers covered by TARP are restricted from transferring the shares. The U.S. Treasury confirmed that, effective March 2014, it has recovered more than 25% of its investment in First BanCorp. Therefore, the restriction on transfer relating to 25% of the shares granted under TARP requirements were released.

The fair value of the shares of restricted stock granted in the first half of 2016 was based on the market price of the Corporation's outstanding common stock on the date of the grant. For the 1,546,137 shares of restricted stock granted under the TARP requirements, the market price was discounted due to TARP transferability restrictions. For purposes of determining the awards' fair value, the Corporation estimated an appreciation of 14% in the value of the common stock using the Capital Asset Pricing Model as a basis of what would be a market participant's expected return on the Corporation's stock and assumed that the U.S. Treasury would hold the common stock of the Corporation that it currently owns for a period not to exceed two years, resulting in a fair value of \$1.43 for each share of restricted stock granted under the TARP requirements. Also, the Corporation used empirical data to estimate employee terminations; separate groups of employees that have similar historical exercise behavior were considered separately for valuation purposes.

The following table summarizes the restricted stock activity in the first half of 2016 under the Omnibus Plan for both executive officers covered by the TARP requirements and other employees as well as for the independent directors:

directors:										
of restricted G stock F Non-vested shares at beginning of year 2,968,461										
		June 30, 2016								
			Weighted-Average							
	of restricted		Grant Date							
	stock		Fair Value							
Non-vested shares at beginning of year	2,968,461	\$	3.34							
Granted	1,786,137		1.62							
Forfeited	(1,000)		6.03							
Vested	(468,391)		3.78							
Non-vested shares at June 30, 2016	4,285,207	\$	2.57							

For the quarter and six-month period ended June 30, 2016, the Corporation recognized \$1.0 million and \$1.9 million, respectively, of stock-based compensation expense related to restricted stock awards, compared to \$1.0 million and \$2.0 million for the same periods in 2015. As of June 30, 2016, there was \$4.9 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested shares of restricted stock. The weighted average period over which the Corporation expects to recognize such cost is 1.7 years.

During the first half of 2015, 30,068 shares of restricted stock were awarded to one of the Corporation's independent directors subject to vesting periods that range from 1 to 5 years. In addition, during the first half of 2015, the Corporation issued 793,964 shares of restricted stock to employees and independent directors subject to vesting periods that range from 3 months to 3 years. Included in those 793,964 shares of restricted stock are 615,464 shares granted to certain senior officers consistent with the requirements of TARP. The employees covered by TARP are restricted from transferring the shares, subject to certain conditions as explained above.

The fair value of the shares of restricted stock granted in the first six months of 2015 was based on the market price of the Corporation's outstanding common stock on the date of the grant. For the 615,464 shares of restricted stock granted under the TARP requirements, the market price was discounted due to the post-vesting restrictions. For purposes of computing the discount, the Corporation estimated an appreciation of 14% in the value of the common stock using the Capital Asset Pricing Model as a basis of what would be a market participant's expected return on the Corporation's stock and assumed that the U.S. Treasury would hold the common stock of the Corporation that it owned as of the date of the grants for a period not to exceed one year, resulting in a fair value of \$3.18 for restricted shares granted under the TARP requirements.

Stock-based compensation accounting guidance requires the Corporation to reverse compensation expense for any awards that were forfeited due to employee or director turnover. Approximately \$5 thousand and \$36 thousand of compensation expense was reversed during the first half of 2016 and 2015, respectively, related to forfeited awards.

Also, under the Omnibus Plan, effective April 1, 2013, the Corporation's Board of Directors determined to increase the salary amounts paid to certain executive officers primarily by paying the increased salary amounts in the form of shares of the Corporation's common stock, instead of cash. During the first half of 2016, the Corporation issued 441,942 shares of common stock (first half of 2015 - 168,265 shares) with a weighted average market value of \$3.20 (first half of 2015 - \$6.20) as salary stock compensation. This resulted in a compensation expense of \$1.4 million recorded in the first half of 2016 (first half of 2015 - \$1.0 million).

For the first half of 2016, the Corporation withheld 134,949 shares (first half of 2015 - 56,486 shares) from the common stock paid to certain senior officers as additional compensation and 51,754 shares of restricted stock that vested during the first half of 2016 (first half of 2015 - 61,372) to cover employees' payroll and income tax withholding liabilities; these shares are held as treasury shares. The Corporation paid any fractional share of salary stock that the officer was entitled to in cash. In the consolidated financial statements, the Corporation treats shares withheld for tax purposes as common stock repurchases.

NOTE 4 – INVESTMENT SECURITIES

Investment Securities Available for Sale

The amortized cost, non-credit loss component of other-than-temporary impairment ("OTTI") recorded in other comprehensive income ("OCI"), gross unrealized gains and losses recorded in OCI, approximate fair value, and weighted average yield of investment securities available for sale by contractual maturities as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 were as follows:

						June 3), 2	016				
			N	oncredit								
I				Loss		Gross U	Jnr	eali	zed	1		
	A	mortized cost	0	mponent f OTTI corded in OCI		gains		osses Fair value		Weighted average yield%		
						Oollars in	tho	usa	nds)			
U.S. Treasury securities:												
Due within one year	\$	7,519	\$	-	\$	4		\$	-	\$	7,523	0.57
Obligations of U.S.												
government-spons agencies:	ored											
Due within one year		14,628		-		16			-		14,644	0.68
After 1 to 5 years		461,198		-		4,172			-		465,370	1.29
After 5 to 10 years		30,037		-		1,018			-		31,055	2.16
After 10 years		45,465		-		60			35		45,490	0.87
Puerto Rico government												
obligations:												
		21,423		9,785		-			-		11,638	4.38

Adoption of new accounting requirements and recently issued but not yet effective accounting requirements

After 1 to 5									
years								↓ ↓	
After 5 to 10	845				1			846	5.20
years	04.	, 	_		1		_	0+0	5.20
After 10 years	21,178	3	3,706		169		1,578	16,063	5.38
United States and									
Puerto Rico									
government	602,293		13,491		5,440		1,613	592,629	1.54
obligations	002,275	, 	15,171		5,110	_	1,015	572,027	1.54
						_			
Mortgage-backed									
securities:									
FHLMC									
certificates:						_		 	
After 5 to 10	298	3	_		31		_	329	4.95
years		+ $+$				_			
After 10 years	266,916		-		5,730	_	-	 272,646	2.16
	267,214	ŀ	-		5,761		-	272,975	2.17
			_			_			
GNMA									
certificates:									
Due within one	2	2	-		_		-	2	1.72
year						_		+ +	
After 1 to 5	91		-		3		-	94	4.34
years									
After 5 to 10	105,841	-	-		2,951		-	108,792	3.06
years	150.100			_	14.007	_	1	164 115	4.29
After 10 years	150,109		-		14,007	_	1	164,115	4.38
	256,043	5	-		16,961		1	273,003	3.83
FNMA									
certificates: After 1 to 5				_	+			+	
	24,726	5	-		45		85	24,686	1.55
years After 5 to 10						-			
years	21,300)	-		1,089		-	22,389	2.73
After 10 years	715,204				18,185		_	733,389	2.34
	761,230				19,319		85	780,464	2.34
Collateralized	701,230				17,517		0.5	700,404	2.33
mortgage									
obligations				+		+		+ +	
issued or									
guaranteed by									
the FHLMC and								1 1	
GNMA:									
After 5 to 10	10.05							10.011	1.10
years	19,854	ŀ	-		14		24	19,844	1.12

Adoption of new accounting requirements and recently issued but not yet effective accounting requirements

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After 10 years		39,843			-			2			45			39,800		1.14
		59,697			-			16			69			59,644		1.13
Other mortgage pass-through																
trust certificates:																
After 5 to 10 years		84			-			-			-			84		7.20
After 10 years		31,708			7,976			-			-			23,732		2.34
		31,792			7,976			-			-			23,816		2.34
Total mortgage-backed																
securities		1,375,976			7,976			42,057			155			1,409,902		2.52
Other																
After 1 to 5 years		100			-			-			-			100		1.50
Equity Securities		410			-			8			-			418		2.13
Total investment securities																
available for sale	\$	1,978,779		\$	21,467		\$	47,505		\$	1,768		\$	2,003,049		2.22
(1) Equity secur	ities	consisted of	f in	vest	ment in a	Coi	nm	unity Rein	vest	tme	nt Act Qu	uali	fiec	l Investment	Fun	d.

]	December	· 31	. 20	015					
			N	oncredit					<u>,</u>						
		ľ		Loss		Gross Unrea				ized			ľ		
	Amo	rtized cost	Component of OTTI Recorded in OCI				gains		losses			F	'air value	ave	ghted crage ld %
							8								
U.S. Treasury															
securities: After 1 to 5 years	\$	7,530	\$	-		\$	_		\$	33		\$	7,497		0.57
Obligations of U.S.															
government-sponse agencies:	ored														
Due within one year		14,624		-			4			10			14,618		0.68
After 1 to 5 years		384,323		-			174			4,305			380,192		1.32
After 5 to 10 years		58,150		-			343			242			58,251		2.34
Puerto Rico Government															
obligations:															
After 1 to 5 years		25,663		14,662			-			-			11,001		4.38
After 5 to 10 years		855		-			-			-			855		5.20
After 10 years		23,162		5,255			134			1,680			16,361		5.40
United States and Puerto Rico															
Government obligations		514,307		19,917			655			6,270			488,775		1.75
Mortgage-backed securities:															
FHLMC certificates:															

Adoption of new accounting requirements and recently issued but not yet effective accounting requiremeras

After 5 to 10											
years	336		-		31		-		367		4.95
After 10 years	287,711		-		1,073		1,706		287,078		2.14
Ĩ	288,047		-		1,104		1,706		287,445		2.15
GNMA											
certificates:						 		 			
Due within one year	2		-		-		-		2		1.70
After 1 to 5 years	109		-		5		-		114		4.26
After 5 to 10 years	120,298		-		3,182		-		123,480		3.07
After 10 years	165,175		-		12,822		20		177,977		4.38
	285,584		-		16,009		20		301,573		3.83
FNMA certificates:											
After 1 to 5 years	2,552		-		74		-		2,626		3.32
After 5 to 10 years	21,557		-		433		233		21,757		2.73
After 10 years	759,247		-		5,628		6,063		758,812		2.34
	783,356		-		6,135		6,296		783,195		2.35
Other mortgage pass-through trust											
certificates:											
After 5 to 10 years	92		-		1		-		93		7.26
After 10 years	34,905		9,691		-		-		25,214		2.26
Ĭ	34,997		9,691		1		-		25,307		2.26
Total mortgage-backed											
securities	1,391,984		9,691		23,249		8,022		1,397,520		2.61
Other										+	
After 1 to 5 years	100		-		-		-		100		1.50
Total investment securities						 					
available for sale	\$ 1,906,391	\$	29,608	\$	23,904	\$	14,292	\$	1,886,395		2.38

Adoption of new accounting requirements and recently issued but not yet effective accounting requirements

Maturities of mortgage-backed securities are based on contractual terms assuming no prepayments. Expected maturities of investments might differ from contractual maturities because they may be subject to prepayments and/or call options. The weighted average yield on investment securities available for sale is based on amortized cost and, therefore, does not give effect to changes in fair value. The net unrealized gain or loss on securities available for sale and the non-credit loss component of OTTI are presented as part of OCI.

The following tables show the Corporation's available-for-sale investments' fair value and gross unrealized losses, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position, as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015. The tables also include debt securities for which an OTTI was recognized and only the amount related to a credit loss was recognized in earnings. For unrealized losses for which OTTI was recognized, the related credit loss was charged against the amountized cost basis of the debt security.

								As of Ju	ne	30	, 2016								
		Less than	12	mo	onths			12 month	is o	r n	nore		Total						
				Uni	ealized				Unrealized						U	nrealized			
	Fa	air Value		L	osses	Fair Value			Losses				Fair Value			Losses			
								(In		usa	ands)								
Debt securities:																			
Puerto Rico Government obligations	\$	-		\$	-		\$	23,349		\$	15,069		\$	23,349	\$	15,069			
U.S. Treasury and U.S. government																			
agencies obligations		13,947			35			-			-			13,947		35			
Mortgage-backed																			
securities:																			
FNMA		22,776			85			-			-			22,776		85			
FHLMC		-			-			-			-			-		-			
GNMA		-			-			1,054			1			1,054		1			
Collateralized mortgage obligations																			
issued or guaranteed by FHLMC and GNMA		40,769			69			-			-			40,769		69			
Other mortgage pass-through trust																			
certificates		-			-			23,732			7,976			23,732		7,976			
	\$	77,492		\$	189		\$	48,135		\$	23,046		\$	125,627	\$	23,235			
	┢														+	+			
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · ·			A	As of Dece	mb	er	31, 2015					-			
	Less than 12 months 12 months or more Total																		
		Unrealized Unrealized Unrealized																	

Adoption of new accounting requirements and recently issued but not yet effective accounting requiremer36

	Fa	air Value	Ι	Losses	Fa	ir Value]	Losses	Fair Value				Losses		
						(In	the	ousa	ands)							
Debt securities:																
Puerto Rico Government obligations	\$	-	\$	-	\$	23,008		\$	21,597		\$	23,008		\$	21,597	
U.S. Treasury and U.S. government																
agencies obligations		198,243		929		210,504			3,661			408,747			4,590	
Mortgage-backed securities:																
FNMA		437,305		4,516		88,013			1,780			525,318			6,296	
FHLMC		141,890		1,338		19,306			368			161,196			1,706	
GNMA		1,047		20		-			-			1,047			20	
Collateralized mortgage obligations																
issued or guaranteed by FHLMC and GNMA		-		-		-			-			-			-	
Other mortgage pass-through trust																
certificates		-		-		25,214			9,691			25,214			9,691	
	\$	778,485	\$	6,803	\$	366,045		\$	37,097		\$	1,144,530		\$	43,900	

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Assessment for OTTI on Available-For-Sale Securities

Debt securities issued by U.S. government agencies, U.S. government-sponsored entities and the U.S. Treasury accounted for approximately 97% of the total available-for-sale portfolio as of June 30, 2016 and no credit losses are expected, given the explicit and implicit guarantees provided by the U.S. federal government. The Corporation's OTTI assessment was concentrated mainly on available-for-sale Puerto Rico Government debt securities, with an amortized cost of \$43.4 million, and on private label mortgage-backed securities ("MBS") with an amortized cost of \$31.7 million, and for which credit losses are evaluated on a quarterly basis. The Corporation considered the following factors in determining whether a credit loss exists and the period over which the debt security is expected to recover:

• The length of time and the extent to which the fair value has been less than the amortized cost basis;

• Any adverse change to the credit conditions and liquidity of the issuer, taking into consideration the latest information available about the financial condition of the issuer, credit ratings, the failure of the issuer to make scheduled principal or interest payments, recent legislation and government actions affecting the issuer's industry and actions taken by the issuer to deal with the present economic climate;

• Changes in the near term prospects of the underlying collateral of a security, if any, such as changes in default rates, loss severity given default, and significant changes in prepayment assumptions; and

• The level of cash flows generated from the underlying collateral, if any, supporting the principal and interest payments of the debt securities.

The Corporation recorded OTTI losses on available-for-sale debt securities as follows:

			Qu	arte Jun			Six-Month Period Ended June 30,					
		20	16	Jun		2015		2015		2015		
(In thousands)												
Total other-than-	temporary impairment losses	\$	-		\$	(29,521)	\$	(1,845)	\$	5	(29,521)	
Portion of other-t recognized in OC	han-temporary impairment		-			16,424		(4,842)			16,268	
Net impairment l	osses recognized in earnings	\$	-		\$	(13,097)	\$	(6,687)	\$	6	(13,253)	
	For the first half of 2016 and 2015, approximately \$6.3 million and \$12.9 million, respectively, of the credit impairment recognized in earnings consisted of credit losses on Puerto Rico Government debt securities and \$0.4 million and \$0.6 million, respectively, was associated with credit losses on											

1	private label MBS.

The following tables su	mmar	ize the roll-fo	rward	of cr	edit losses o	n deb	t securi	ties held by t	the Co	orpora	tion for
which a portion of an OTT	T is re	cognized in C	OCI:					-			
	(Cumulative O	TTI (credi	t losses reco	gnize	ed in ea	rnings on se	ecurit	ies sti	ll held
					Credit			Credit			
				imp	airments		imp	airments			
					gnized in			gnized in			
	N	Iarch 31,		ea	arnings		ear	nings on		Jı	ıne 30,
								rities that			
	_	2016			curities not			ve been			2016
		Delesses		-	eviously		_	eviously			
		Balance		in	npaired		in	npaired		В	alance
(In thousands)											
Available-for-sale											
securities											
Puerto Rico	\$	22,189	9	\$	-		\$	-		\$	22,189
Government obligations Private label MBS		6 702									6 702
	_	6,792			-			-			6,792
Total OTTI credit losses											
for available-for-sale	_										
debt securities	\$	28,981	9	\$	-		\$	-		\$	28,981

	(Cumulative O	TTI cr	edit l	osses recos	gnize	ed in ea	arnings on sec	uritie	es stil	l held
				Cr	edit rments			Credit pairments			
	De	cember 31,	r	0	nized in nings			ognized in rnings on		Ju	ine 30,
		2015	•		curities 10t		securi	ties that have been		201	
	Balance			iously aired		_	reviously npaired		Ba	alance	
(In thousands)											
Available-for-sale securities											
Puerto Rico Government obligations	\$	15,889	\$		-		\$	6,300		\$	22,189
Private label MBS		6,405			-			387			6,792
Total OTTI credit losses for available-for-sale											
debt securities	\$	22,294	\$		-		\$	6,687		\$	28,981

	0	Cumulative	OTTI c	redit losses recog	nized in	earnings on secu	<u>irities st</u>	ill held
			in	Credit npairments	Cred	lit impairments		1
	Ma	arch 31,	re	ecognized in earnings		ecognized in earnings on	J	une 30,
	2015	0	on securities not	secu	rities that have been	2015		
	Ba	alance	-	previously impaired		previously impaired	E	Balance
(In thousands)								
Available-for-sale securities								
Puerto Rico Government obligations	\$	-	\$	12,856	\$	-	\$	12,856
Private label MBS		5,933		-		241		6,174
Total OTTI credit losses fo available-for-sale	r							
debt securities	\$	5,933	\$	12,856	\$	241	\$	19,030

	(Cumulative	OTTI cr	edit losses recog	nized in	earnings on secu	irities st	ill held	
			ir	Credit npairments	ir	Credit npairments			
	Dec	ember 31,	re	ecognized in earnings		cognized in arnings on	June 30, 2015		
		2014	on	securities not	secui	rities that have been			
	B	alance		previously impaired		previously impaired	F	Balance	
(In thousands)									
Available-for-sale securities									
Puerto Rico Government obligations	\$	-	\$	12,856	\$	-	\$	12,856	
Private label MBS		5,777		-		397		6,174	
Total OTTI credit losses for available-for-sale									
debt securities	\$	5,777	\$	12,856	\$	397	\$	19,030	

20

In the first quarter of 2016, the Corporation recorded a \$6.3 million OTTI charge on three Puerto Rico Government debt securities held by the Corporation as part of its available-for-sale securities portfolio, specifically bonds of the GDB maturing on February 1, 2019 and the Puerto Rico Public Buildings Authority maturing on July 1, 2028. This was the third OTTI charge on these securities recorded since June 30, 2015, as OTTI charges of \$12.9 million and \$3.0 million were booked in the second and fourth quarters of 2015, respectively, and reduced the amortized cost basis of these three Puerto Rico Government debt securities to \$34.7 million as of June 30, 2016 (\$21.4 million of GDB bonds and \$13.3 million of Puerto Rico Public Buildings Authority bonds).

During the first half of 2016, in consideration of the latest available information about the Puerto Rico Government's financial condition, including the enactment of a debt moratorium law and the declaration of a state of emergency at the GDB, the issuance of the GDB and the Commonwealth's audited financial statements, as well as issuance of exchange proposals with the Commonwealth's creditors related to its outstanding bond obligations, the Corporation applied a discounted cash flow analysis to its Puerto Rico Government debt securities in order to calculate the cash flows expected to be collected and to determine if any portion of the decline in market value of these securities was considered a credit-related other-than-temporary impairment. The analysis derives an estimate of value based on the present value of risk-adjusted cash flows of the underlying securities and included the following components:

• The contractual future cash flows of the bonds are projected based on the key terms as set forth in the official statements for each security. Such key terms include, among others, the interest rate, amortization schedule, if any, and maturity date.

• The risk-adjusted cash flows are calculated based on a probability of default analysis and recovery rate assumptions, including the weighting of different scenarios of ultimate recovery, considering the credit rating of each security. Constant monthly default rates are assumed throughout the life of the bonds, which considers the respective security's credit rating as of the date of the analysis.

• The adjusted future cash flows are then discounted at the original effective yield of each investment based on the purchase price and expected risk-adjusted future cash flows as of the purchase date of each investment.

The discounted risk-adjusted cash flow analysis for the three Puerto Rico Government bonds mentioned above assumed a default probability of 100%, thus reflecting that it is more likely than not that these three bonds will default during their remaining terms. Based on this analysis, the Corporation determined that it is unlikely to receive all of the remaining contractual interest and principal amounts when due on these bonds and recorded, in the first quarter of 2016, other-than-temporary credit-related impairment charges amounting to \$6.3 million, assuming recovery rates ranging from 35% to 80% (weighted average of 61%). GDB defaulted on a \$28 million payment of interest due to its creditors on August 1, 2016, including interest due on bonds held by the Corporation. As of June 30, 2016, the Corporation had \$0.7 million of accrued interest receivable related to such bonds. The default marked the first time

the GDB failed to pay interest on bonds held by the Corporation.

The Corporation does not have the intention to sell these securities and has sufficient capital and liquidity to hold these securities until a recovery of the fair value occurs; as such, only the credit loss component was reflected in earnings. Given the significant and prolonged uncertainty of a debt restructuring process, the Corporation cannot be certain that future impairment charges will not be required against these securities.

In addition, during the first half of 2016, the Corporation recorded a \$0.4 million credit-related impairment loss associated with private label MBS, which are collateralized by fixed-rate mortgages on single-family residential properties in the United States. The interest rates on these private-label MBS is variable, tied to 3-month LIBOR and limited to the weighted-average coupon of the underlying collateral. The underlying mortgages are fixed-rate, single-family loans with original high FICO scores (over 700) and moderate original loan-to-value ratios (under 80%), as well as moderate delinquency levels.

Based on the expected cash flows, and since the Corporation does not have the intention to sell the securities and has sufficient capital and liquidity to hold these securities until a recovery of the fair value occurs, only the credit loss component was reflected in earnings. Significant assumptions in the valuation of the private label MBS were as follows:

	June 3	0, 2016	December 31, 2015					
	Weighted		Weighted					
	Average	Range	Average	Range				
Discount rate	14.5%	14.5%	14.5%	14.5%				
Prepayment rate	31%	21.83% - 100%	28%	15.92% - 100.00%				
Projected Cumulative Loss Rate	7%	0.52% - 80%	7%	0.18% - 80.00%				

Investments Held to Maturity

The amortized cost, gross unrealized gains and losses, approximate fair value, weighted-average yield and contractual maturities of investment securities held to maturity as of June 30, 2016 and December 2015 were as follows:

		June 30, 2016												
		mortized cost		g	Gros ains	s Ur	T	ized losses	F	air value	Weighted average yield %			
Puerto Rico Municipal Bonds:														
After 1 to 5 years	\$	1,371		\$	-		\$	20	\$	1,351	5.38			
After 5 to 10 years		11,382			-			728		10,654	4.23			
After 10 year	s	148,589			-			22,629		125,960	4.64			
Total investment securities														
held to maturit	y \$	161,342		\$	-		\$	23,377	\$	137,965	4.62			

						D	ecem	ber 31, 201	15			
		Amo	rtized cost	g	Gros ains	s Un	S Unrealized			Fa	air value	Weighted average yield%
Puerto Rico Bonds:	o Municipal											
Ayea	After 1 to 5 ars	\$	1,371	\$	-		\$	37		\$	1,334	5.38
Ayea	After 5 to 10 ars		11,523		-			1,041			10,482	4.25
A	After 10 years		148,589		-			28,861			119,728	4.64

Total in securiti	es								
	held to maturity	\$ 161,483	\$	-	\$	29,939	\$	131,544	4.62

The following tables show the Corporation's held-to-maturity investments' fair value and gross unrealized losses, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position, as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015:

						As of Ju	ıne	30,	2016				
	L	less than	12 mo	onths		12 month	1S 0	or m	ore		To	otal	
			Un	realized				Un	realized			Un	realized
	Fai	r Value	Ι	losses	Fa	ir Value		Ι	Losses	Fa	ir Value]	Losses
						(In	the	ousa	nds)				
Debt securities:													
Puerto Rico	\$		\$		\$	127.065		\$	22 277	\$	137,965	\$	22 277
Municipal Bonds	Э	-	Э	-	Ф	137,965		Э	23,377	Э	137,903	\$	23,377
						As of Dece	emł	ber (31, 2015				
	Ι	less than	12 mo	onths		12 month	ıs o	or m	ore		Τα	otal	
			Un	realized				Un	realized			Un	realized
	Fai	r Value	Ι	losses	Fa	ir Value		Ι	Losses	Fa	ir Value]	Losses
						(In	the	ousa	nds)				
Debt securities:													
Puerto Rico Municipal Bonds	\$	4,163	\$	140	\$	127,381		\$	29,799	\$	131,544	\$	29,939

Approximately 87% of the held-to-maturity municipal bonds were issued by five of the largest municipalities in Puerto Rico (San Juan, Carolina, Bayamon, Mayaguez and Guaynabo). These obligations typically are not issued in bearer form, nor are they registered with the SEC and are not rated by external credit agencies. In most cases, these bonds have priority over to the payment of operating costs and expenses of the municipality, which are required by law to levy special property taxes in such amounts as are required for the payment of all of their respective general obligation bonds and loans.

The Corporation determines the fair market value of Puerto Rico Municipal Bonds based on a discounted cash flow analysis using risk-adjusted discount rates. A security with similar characteristics traded in the open market is used as a proxy for each municipal bond. Then the cash flow is discounted at the average spread over the discount curve exhibited by the proxy security at the end of each quarter.

When evaluating if the decrease in fair value could be classified as other-than-temporary, management considered aspects such as the fact that all municipalities are current on their payments and the fact that the bonds are subject to periodic credit reviews and are supported by assigned property tax revenues.

Based on the quarterly analysis performed and the circumstances discussed above, management concluded that the unrealized loss is attributable to the time value of money and liquidity assumptions and no individual municipal bond was other-than-temporarily impaired as of June 30, 2016.

NOTE 5 – OTHER EQUITY SECURITIES

Institutions that are members of the FHLB system are required to maintain a minimum investment in FHLB stock. Such minimum investment is calculated as a percentage of aggregate outstanding mortgages, and an additional investment is required that is calculated as a percentage of total FHLB advances, letters of credit, and the collateralized portion of interest-rate swaps outstanding. The stock is capital stock issued at \$100 par value. Both stock and cash dividends may be received on FHLB stock.

As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Corporation had investments in FHLB stock with a book value of \$31.1 million and \$31.3 million, respectively. The net realizable value is a reasonable proxy for the fair value of these instruments. Dividend income from FHLB stock for the quarters ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 was \$0.4 million and \$0.3 million, respectively, and for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 was \$0.7 million and \$0.6 million, respectively.

The shares of FHLB stock owned by the Corporation were issued by the FHLB of New York. The FHLB of New York is part of the Federal Home Loan Bank System, a national wholesale banking network of 12 regional, stockholder-owned congressionally chartered banks. The Federal Home Loan Banks are all privately capitalized and operated by their member stockholders. The system is supervised by the Federal Housing Finance Agency, which ensures that the Federal Home Loan Banks operate in a financially safe and sound manner, remain adequately capitalized and able to raise funds in the capital markets, and carry out their housing finance mission.

The Corporation has other equity securities that do not have a readily available fair value. The carrying value of such securities as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 was \$1.2 million and \$0.9 million, respectively.

NOTE 6 - LOANS HELD FOR INVESTMENT

The following table provides information about the loan portfolio held for investment:

	As of	As of
	June 30,	December 31,
	2016	2015
(In thousands)		

\$ 3,323,844	\$	3,344,719
137,406		156,195
1,523,676		1,537,806
2,133,623		2,246,513
3,794,705		3,940,514
230,025		229,165
1,522,173		1,597,984
8,870,747		9,112,382
(234,454)		(240,710)
\$ 8,636,293	\$	8,871,672
		al loans that are
	137,406 1,523,676 2,133,623 3,794,705 230,025 1,522,173 8,870,747 (234,454) \$ 8,636,293 scember 31, 2015, includes \$1.0 billion	137,406 1,523,676 2,133,623 3,794,705 230,025 1,522,173 8,870,747 (234,454)

were as follo	wws.				
(In thousand	s)	Ju	ine 30,	De	cember 31,
		2	2016		2015
Non-perform	ning loans:				
Residential r	nortgage	\$	164,399	\$	169,001
Commercial	mortgage		200,376		51,333
Commercial	and Industrial		154,405		137,051
Construction					
Land			11,889		12,174
Construction	on-commercial		38,607		39,466
Construction	on-residential		2,053		2,996
Consumer:					
Auto loans			14,260		17,435
Finance lea	ases		2,111		2,459
Other cons	umer loans		10,094		10,858
Total non-pe (2)(3)	erforming loans held for investment (1)	\$	598,194	\$	442,773
(1)	As of June 30, 2016 and December for sale.	31, 2015, e	excludes \$8.1 million	n of non-perfor	ming loans held
(2)	Amount excludes purchased-credit approximately \$169.7 million and \$ respectively, primarily mortgage lo from Doral Financial in the second not considered non-performing due loans will accrete interest income o flow analysis.	\$173.9 milli ans acquired quarter of 2 to the appli	on as of June 30, 20 d from Doral Bank i 2014, as further disc ication of the accret	16 and Decem in the first quar ussed below. T ion method, un	ber 31, 2015, rter of 2015 and These loans are der which these
(3)	Non-performing loans exclude \$42 ("TDR")loans that are in complianc 2016 and December 31, 2015, respe	e with mod			

Loans in Process of Foreclosure

As of June 30, 2016, the recorded investment of residential mortgage loans collateralized by residential real estate property that are in the process of foreclosure amounted to \$144.1 million. The Corporation commences the foreclosure process on residential real estate loans when a borrower becomes 120 days delinquent in accordance with the guidelines of the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau (CFPB). Foreclosure procedures and timelines vary depending on whether the property is located in a judicial or non-judicial state. Judicial states (Puerto Rico) require the foreclosure to be processed through the state's court while foreclosures in non-judicial states are processed without court intervention. Foreclosure timelines vary according to state law and Investor Guidelines. Occasionally, foreclosures may be delayed due to mandatory mediations, bankruptcy proceedings, court delays and title issues, among other reasons.

The	e Co	rporati	or	n's a	aging of	th	e loans held	l fo	or :	investmer	nt j	рс	ortfolio is a	as	fc	ollows:	Π		П	
As of June 30, 2016 (In thousa Reside mortga FHA/V and other govern	D ntial ge: /A				50-89 ys Past Due 1 ^{6,143}		90 days or more Past Due (1) \$ 83,638		T d	otal Past Due 89,781	<u>r</u>	ed	urchased it-Impair Loans -		\$	Current 46,045		Total loans held for investment		90 days past due and still accruing (2) 83,638
loans (2) (3) (4) Other residen mortga loans (4)	ıtial	-			87,083		181,962			269,045			166,556			2,752,417		3,188,018		17,563
Comm	ercia	ıl:		╡		Π		Π	Π								Π		\square	1
Comm and Industr loans	ercia				522		158,425			161,116			-			1,972,507		2,133,623		4,020
Comm mortga loans (4)		al -			1,354		207,885			209,239			3,134			1,311,303		1,523,676		7,509
C						$\left \right $														
Constr	uctic	on:	+	+		\mathbb{H}		H	\mathbb{H}		+	_		┝	┝		\vdash		\vdash	
Land (4)		-			351		12,188			12,539			-			21,764		34,303		299
Constr (4)	uctio	on-con	ım	ierci	ial -		38,607			38,607			-			48,591		87,198		-
	uctio	- on-resi	de	ntia	- 1		2,053			2,053			-			13,852		15,905		-

(4)	11			I	I	I	1		I			I	1		1			I			I	
(+) Const	ume	er:																				
Auto loans		62,121			13,969		14,260			90,350			-			784,136			874,486			-
Finan leases		8,379			2,607		2,111			13,097			-			216,928			230,025			-
Other consu loans		r ^{9,146}			6,275		14,340			29,761			-			617,926			647,687			4,246
Total loans held for invest	\$ me	81,815 nt		\$	118,304		\$ 715,469		\$	915,588		\$	169,690		\$	7,785,469		\$	8,870,747		\$	117,275
F] cł	HA narg	/VA gua ged-off a	ra t 1	nto 80	eed loans a 0 days.	an	d credit car	ds).	Credit car	ď	10	oans contin	ue	e t	y delinquent to accrue fina	an	ICE	e charges an	d f	fee	es until
th re gu	e V pay	VA as pasyment is anteed by	st-o ins	du su	ie loans 90 red. These) d e b	ays and stil alances inc	l a luc	ico de	cruing as o \$31.7 mil	op Ilie	p 01	osed to nor n of resider	n-p nti	pe al	ans insured b rforming loa l mortgage lo longer accru	an Da	s s ns	since the pris	nc th	ip e l	al FHA or
А	ssc	ociation ("G	N		ur	ties for wh									zing Govern nditional op						
(4) A C B bo m	cco ons oar orro orro	ording to solidated rd, reside ower is in gage loa	th Fi nti n a ns,	e na al rro	Corporation ancial Stat mortgage ears two o commercia	on' en , c r r 1 r	s delinquen ients for Ba ommercial nore month	nl m ly an	c l or p s,	Holding C rtgage, and ayments. 1 and land 1	or 1 c FF loa	m co H/ ar	panies (FR onstruction A/VA gove as past due	lo Prr 30	2-9 an 111 0-	e instruction 9C) required ns are consid- nent guarante 59 days as o ely.	l b le ee	oy re ad	the Federal d past due w loans, other	R he re	en en	serve the dential

As of Decei 31, 2015								90 days
	30-59 andDays Past Due	60-89 Days Past Due	90 days or more Past Due (1)	tal Due	Purchased Credit- Impaired Loans	Current	Total loans held for investment	past due and still accruing (2)

Residential mortgage:													
FHA/VA and other gover\$ment-guara loans (2) (3) (4)	eed6,048	\$	90,168	\$}	96,216	v 3	6 -		\$ 46,925		6 143,141	41	6 90,168
Other residential mortgage loans (4)	90,406		185,018		275,424		170,766		2,755,388		3,201,578		16,017
Commercial:		+				\square		\parallel		\square		\square	┨────┤
Commercial and 5,577 Industrial loans	6,412		150,893		162,882		-		2,083,631		2,246,513		13,842
Commercial mortgage - loans (4)	24,729		63,805		88,534		3,147		1,446,125		1,537,806		12,472
Construction													
Construction: Land - (4)	161		12,350		12,511		-		39,363		51,874		176
Construction-comm	11,722 ercial		39,466		51,188		-		32,142		83,330		-
Construction-resider (4)			6,042		6,042		-		14,949		20,991		3,046
Consumer:		+				\square		H		Н		\square	<u> </u>
Auto 70,836 loans	16,787		17,435		105,058		-		829,922		934,980		-
Finance 7,664 leases	3,100		2,459		13,223		-		215,942		229,165		-
Other consumer ^{9,462} loans	5,524		15,124		30,110		-		632,894		663,004		4,266

Tota loan held for inve	^s \$ 93 539	\$	164,889	\$	582,760	\$	841,188		\$	173,913		\$	8,097,281		\$	9,112,382	\$	139,987
]	Includes non FHA/VA gua charged-off a	arar	nteed loans			_						-	-			-		
1	It is the Corp the VA as parepayment is guaranteed b 31, 2015.	st-c ins	lue loans 9 ured. Thes	00 d se b	ays and sti alances inc	ll a clud	ccruing as le \$37.3 m	op illi	op io	oosed to non on of residen	-p tia	er al	forming loa mortgage lo	ins Dan	si s i	nce the prin	ncij he	pal FHA or
	As of Decem the Corporat												-					r which
(4)	According to Consolidated Board, reside borrower is i mortgage loa of December respectively.	the Finentian nau ns, 31	e Corporat nancial Sta al mortgag rears two commerci	ion' iten je, c or r al n	s delinquen nents for B ommercial nore month nortgage lo	ncy ank l mo hly pans	policy and Holding (ortgage, ar payments. s, land loar	d c Co nd F ns	om cc FH ar	nsistent with panies (FR onstruction IA/VA gove nd construct	h t Y loa ern	he -9 an nr	e instruction C) required s are consid nent guarant residential l	ls f by lere eee loa	for 7 t ed d 1	the prepara he Federal past due w oans, other past due 30	atic Re her res 0-5	serve the sidential 9 days as

The Corporation's credit below:	qual	ity indicato	rs by loa	an type as of	f June 3	0, 2016 and	d Dece	mber 31, 201	5 are s	summarized
		Commerc	ial Cree	lit Exposur		lit Risk Pro ategory:	ofile B	ased on Crea	litwor	thiness
June 30, 2016	Sub	ostandard	D	oubtful				Total dversely lassified (1)	To	tal Portfolio
(In thousands)			1	1 1				1 1		Т
Commercial mortgage	\$	200,815	\$	51,487	\$	-	\$	252,302	\$	1,523,676
Construction:										
Land		13,592		-		-		13,592		34,303
Construction-commercial		38,607		-		-		38,607		87,198
Construction-residential		2,053		-		-		2,053		15,905
Commercial and Industrial		187,686		72,036		478		260,200		2,133,623
		Commerc	ial Cree	lit Exposur		lit Risk Pro ategory:	ofile B	ased on Crea	litwor	thiness
I	a 1							dversely lassified		
December 31, 2015	Sur	ostandard		oubtful		Loss		(1)	10	tal Portfolio
(In thousands) Commercial mortgage	\$	252,941	\$	140	\$		\$	253,081	\$	1,537,806
Construction:	φ	232,941	φ	140	φ	-	φ	233,001	φ	1,337,800
Land		14,035		1				14,036		51,874
Construction-commercial		39,466		-		-		39,466		83,330
Construction-residential		2,996		_		-		2,996		20,991
Commercial and Industrial		140,827		71,341		354		212,522		2,407,996
(1) Excludes \$8.1 r loans held for s		on as of Jun	e 30, 20	16 and Dec	ember 3	31, 2015, or	f const	ruction-land 1	non-pe	rforming

The Corporation considers a loan as adversely classified if its risk rating is Substandard, Doubtful or Loss. These categories are defined as follows:

Substandard- A Substandard asset is inadequately protected by the current sound worth and paying capacity of the obligor or of the collateral pledged, if any. Assets so classified must have a well-defined weakness or weaknesses that jeopardize the liquidation of the debt. They are characterized by the distinct possibility that the institution will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected.

Doubtful- Doubtful classifications have all the weaknesses inherent in those classified Substandard with the added characteristic that the weaknesses make collection or liquidation in full, on the basis of currently known facts, conditions and values, highly questionable and improbable. A Doubtful classification may be appropriate in cases where significant risk exposures are perceived, but loss cannot be determined because of specific reasonable pending factors which may strengthen the credit in the near term.

Loss- Assets classified Loss are considered uncollectible and of such little value that their continuance as bankable assets is not warranted. This classification does not mean that the asset has absolutely no recovery or salvage value, but rather that it is not practical or desirable to defer writing off this basically worthless asset even though partial recovery may be affected in the future. There is little or no prospect for near term improvement and no realistic strengthening action of significance pending.

		Consum	er Crea	it Exposure-	creat	KISK Prom	e base	a on Payme	nt actr	vity
		Residenti	al Real	Estate			С	onsumer		
		'HA/VA/ uaranteed	r	Other esidential				Finance		Other
June 30, 2016		(1)		loans		Auto		Leases	C	onsumer
(In thousands)				 	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Performing	\$	135,826	\$	2,857,063	\$	860,226	\$	227,914	\$	637,593
Purchased		-		166,556		-		_		-
Credit-Impaired (2)						11.0.00				10.004
Non-performing		-	*	164,399	-	14,260		2,111		10,094
Total	\$	135,826	\$	3,188,018	\$	874,486	\$	230,025	\$	647,687
insured by accruing in (2) PCI loans	the FHA	or guarante of June 30, uded from no	ed by th 2016.	se balances in le VA, which ming statistic ncome over th	are ov	er 15 months	deling ation o	uent, and are	e no los	nger
unun y 515.								Т		
		C		:4 E	C d'	D'-L D 61				
				it Exposure-	Credi	Risk Profil			nt activ	vity
		Residen		al Estate	Credi	Risk Profil		d on Paymer	nt activ	vity
		Residen THA/VA/	ntial Rea	al Estate Other	Credi	Risk Profile	C	onsumer	nt acti	
		Residen HA/VA/ uaranteed	ntial Rea	al Estate Other esidential	Credi			onsumer Finance		Other
December 31, 2015		Residen THA/VA/	ntial Rea	al Estate Other	Credi	Risk Profile		onsumer		
December 31, 2015 (In thousands)	Gı	Residen THA/VA/ Jaranteed (1)	ntial Rea	al Estate Other esidential loans		Auto		onsumer Finance Leases	C	Other onsumer
December 31, 2015 (In thousands) Performing		Residen HA/VA/ uaranteed	ntial Rea	al Estate Other esidential loans 2,861,811	Credit			onsumer Finance		Other
December 31, 2015 (In thousands) Performing Purchased	Gı	Residen THA/VA/ Jaranteed (1)	ntial Rea	al Estate Other esidential loans		Auto		onsumer Finance Leases	C	Other onsumer
December 31, 2015 (In thousands) Performing	Gı	Residen THA/VA/ Jaranteed (1)	ntial Rea	al Estate Other esidential loans 2,861,811		Auto		onsumer Finance Leases	C	Other onsumer
December 31, 2015 (In thousands) Performing Purchased Credit-Impaired (2)	Gı	Residen THA/VA/ Jaranteed (1)	ntial Rea	al Estate Other esidential loans 2,861,811 170,766		Auto 917,545 -		Finance Leases 226,706	C	Other onsumer 652,146

The following tables present information about impaired loans, excluding PCI loans, which are reported separately, as discussed below:

Impaired Loans																
(In thousands)				-		_		-								
														Six-mont	h	Period
										Quarter	e	nded		Enc	le	d
												June	e (30, 2016		
										Interest	þ	nterest		Interest		
										Income		ncome		Income		Interest
									R		leo		ł	Recognized		Income
	-			Unpaid		Related		Average		on		on				ecognize
		Recorded		Principal		Specific		Recorded		Accrual		Cash		Accrual		on Cash
	In	ivestment		Balance	- 1	llowanc		nvestment		Basis	ł	Basis		Basis	-	Basis
As of June 30, 2016	-	────	+		_		++		_		+	+	_	_	_	
With no related allowance recorded:																
FHA/VA-Guaranteed	-		+				╂╂				╉					+
loans	\$	-	\$	-	9	-	\$	-		\$ -	4	<u> -</u>		\$ -	ľ	\$ -
Other residential		58,474		69,873		-		60,041		153		102		241		194
mortgage loans	_		_	,	_		++	,					_	+	_	_
Commercial:	_		_		_		++						_	+	_	_
Commercial mortgage loans	:	44,639		54,226		-		45,243		278		123		509		258
Commercial and Industrial Loans		13,812		17,131		-		14,008		37		-		37		-
Construction:							П									
Land		-		-		-	П	-		-		-		-		-
Construction-commercial		38,607		40,000		-		39,037		-		-		-		-
Construction-residential		956		1,531		-		956		-		-		-		-
Consumer:																
Auto loans		2		2		-		3		-		-		-		-
Finance leases		14		14		-		15		-		-		-		-
Other consumer loans		3,303		4,430		-		3,500		5		34		17		72
	\$	159,807	\$	187,207	4	- 5	4	162,803		\$ 473	9	\$ 259		\$ 804		\$ 524
With an allowance recorded:																
FHA/VA-Guaranteed	¢		<i>t</i>							¢	Ţ			ф.	T	*
loans	\$	-	\$	-	3		\$	-		\$ -	3	, -		\$ -		▶ -
		393,806		444,389		11,972	\square	399,060		4,706	1	249	Ī	9,311		570

						I												
Η		+			╉	╉		╉	1	┥		Η	+		╉		+	
H								1				Η						
	166,709			174,843			40,071		167,614		96			31		202		270
	183,556			210,474			27,750		187,504		629			59		1,157		88
						T												
	9,261			13,451			991		9,314		8			16		20		27
	-			-			-		-		-			-		-		-
	392			551			123		392		-			-		-		-
	24,369			24,369			3,669		25,518		470			-		936		-
	2,298			2,298			57		2,467		55			-		105		-
	13,576			13,944			1,739		14,106		362			7		713		17
\$	793,967		\$	884,319	9	5	86,372	•	\$ 805,975	e.	\$ 6,326		\$	362	\$	12,444	\$	972
¢			¢		٩	2							¢		¢		¢	
φ	-		φ	-	4	P	-	,	р –	,	- 0		φ	-	Ļ	-	φ	-
	452,280			514,262			11,972		459,101		4,859			351		9,552		764
	211,348			229,069			40,071		212,857		374			154		711		528
	197,368			227,605			27,750		201,512		666			59		1,194		88
	9,261			13,451			991		9,314		8			16		20		27
	38,607			40,000			-		39,037		-			-		-		-
	1,348			2,082			123		1,348		-			-		-		-
Π	24,371			24,371		1	3,669	I	25,521		470			-	T	936		-
Π	2,312			2,312		1	57		2,482		55			-		105		-
П	16,879					Ť	1		1	T	367			41	T	730	Ī	89
	10,077			18,374			1,739		17,606		307			- I I		750		07
		9,261 9,261 24,369 2,298 13,576 \$793,967 \$793,967 \$ 452,280 452,280 211,348 197,368 9,261 38,607 1,348 1,348 24,371 2,312	183,556 9,261 9,261 392 24,369 2,298 13,576 793,967 452,280 197,368 197,368 9,261 38,607 1,348 24,371 2,312	183,556 1 9,261 1 9,261 1 392 1 24,369 1 24,369 1 224,369 1 392 1 392 1 392 1 392 1 392 1 392 1 392 1 392 1 392 1 392 1 452,280 1 211,348 1 197,368 1 9,261 1 38,607 1 1,348 1 24,371 1 2,312 1	183,556 210,474 9,261 13,451 9,261 13,451 392 551 392 551 24,369 24,369 22,298 2,298 13,576 13,944 793,967 \$ 884,319 \$ 793,967 \$ 884,319 \$ 452,280 514,262 197,368 227,605 197,368 227,605 38,607 40,000 1,348 2,082 24,371 2,312	183,556 210,474 9,261 13,451 9,261 13,451 392 551 392 551 24,369 24,369 22,298 2,298 13,576 13,944 \$ 793,967 \$ 884,319 \$ 793,967 \$ 884,319 \$ 452,280 514,262 452,280 514,262 197,368 227,605 9,261 13,451 38,607 40,000 1,348 2,082 24,371 2,312	183,556 $210,474$ 1 $9,261$ $13,451$ 1 $ 13,451$ 1 392 551 1 392 551 1 $24,369$ $24,369$ 1 $2,298$ $2,298$ $2,298$ $13,576$ $13,944$ 1 $5793,967$ $$884,319$ $$$ $452,280$ $514,262$ 1 $452,280$ $514,262$ 1 $197,368$ $227,605$ 1 $9,261$ $13,451$ 1 $38,607$ $40,000$ 1 $1,348$ $2,082$ 1 $24,371$ $24,371$ $2,312$	183,556 210,474 27,750 9,261 13,451 991 - 13,451 991 - 24,369 24,369 3,669 24,369 24,369 3,669 2,298 2,298 571 13,576 13,944 1,739 \$ 793,967 \$ 884,319 \$ 86,372 \$ 793,967 \$ 884,319 \$ 86,372 \$ 197,368 229,069 40,071 197,368 227,605 27,750 9,261 13,451 991 38,607 40,000 - 1,348 2,082 123 24,371 24,371 3,669	183,556 $210,474$ $27,750$ $9,261$ $13,451$ 991 $ 392$ 551 123 392 551 123 $24,369$ $24,369$ $3,669$ $2,298$ $2,298$ 57 $13,576$ $13,944$ $1,739$ $8793,967$ $884,319$ $886,372$ $8793,967$ $884,319$ $886,372$ $452,280$ $514,262$ $11,972$ $452,280$ $514,262$ $11,972$ $197,368$ $227,605$ $27,750$ $9,261$ $13,451$ 991 $38,607$ $40,000$ $ 1,348$ $2,082$ 123 $24,371$ $2,312$ 57	183,556 210,474 27,750 187,504 9,261 13,451 991 9,314 - - - - - 392 551 123 392 392 551 123 392 24,369 24,369 3,669 25,518 2,298 2,298 57 2,467 13,576 13,944 1,739 14,106 793,967 \$ 884,319 \$ 86,372 \$ 805,975 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - 452,280 514,262 11,972 459,101 211,348 229,069 40,071 212,857 197,368 227,605 27,750 201,512 9,261 13,451 991 9,314 38,607 40,000 - 39,037 1,348 2,082 123 1,348 24,371 24,371 3,669 25,521 2,312 2,312 57 2,482	183,556 210,474 27,750 187,504 9,261 13,451 991 9,314 - - - - - 392 551 123 392 24,369 24,369 3,669 25,518 2,298 2,298 57 2,467 13,576 13,944 1,739 14,106 \$ 793,967 \$ 884,319 \$ 86,372 \$ 805,975 \$ 793,967 \$ 884,319 \$ 86,372 \$ 805,975 \$ 793,967 \$ 229,069 40,071 212,857 \$ 452,280 514,262 11,972 459,101 \$ 197,368 227,605 27,750 201,512 9,261 13,451 991 9,314 38,607 40,000 - 39,037 1,348 2,082 123 1,348 24,371 2,4371 3,669 25,521	183,556210,47427,750187,5046299,26113,4519919,3148 $ -$ 392551123392 $-$ 39224,3693,66925,51847024,36924,3693,66925,5184702,2982,298572,4675513,57613,9441,73914,106362 $*$ $ *$ $ *$ $452,280$ 514,26211,972459,1014,859 $452,280$ 514,26211,972459,1014,859 $197,368$ 227,60527,750201,512666 $ 9,261$ 13,4519919,314838,60740,000 $-$ 39,037 $ 1,348$ 2,0821231,348 $ 24,371$ 24,3713,66925,521470 $2,312$ 2,312572,48255	183,556210,47427,750187,5046299,26113,4519919,3148 $ -$ 392551123392 $-$ 24,36924,3693,66925,5184702,2982,298572,4675513,57613,9441,73914,106362 $*$	183,556 $210,474$ $27,750$ $187,504$ 629 9,261 $13,451$ 991 $9,314$ 8 $9,261$ $13,451$ 991 $9,314$ 8 392 551 123 392 $ 392$ $24,369$ $3,669$ $25,518$ 470 $24,369$ $24,369$ $3,669$ $25,518$ 470 $2,298$ $2,298$ 57 $2,467$ 55 $13,576$ $13,944$ $1,739$ $14,106$ 362 $8793,967$ $884,319$ $886,372$ $8805,975$ $86,326$ 8 $793,967$ $884,319$ $886,372$ $8805,975$ $86,326$ 8 $452,280$ $514,262$ $11,972$ $459,101$ $4,859$ $48,859$ $452,280$ $514,262$ $11,972$ $459,101$ $4,859$ 6666 $197,368$ $227,605$ $27,750$ $201,512$ 6666 7 $9,261$ $13,451$ 991 $9,314$ 8 7 $39,037$	183,556 210,474 27,750 187,504 629 59 9,261 13,451 991 9,314 8 16 $ -$ 392 551 123 392 $ -$ 392 551 123 392 $ -$ 24,369 24,369 3,669 25,518 470 $-$ 22,298 2,298 57 2,467 55 $-$ 13,576 13,944 1,739 14,106 362 7 $793,967$ \$ 884,319 \$ 86,372 \$ 805,975 \$ 6,326 \$ $452,280$ 514,262 11,972 459,101 4,859 351 $211,348$ 229,069 40,071 212,857 374 154 197,368 227,605 27,750 201,512 666 59 $9,261$ 13,451 991 9,314 8 16 38,607 40,000	183,556 $210,474$ $27,750$ $187,504$ 629 59 $9,261$ $13,451$ 991 $9,314$ 8 16 $9,261$ $13,451$ 991 $9,314$ 8 16 392 551 123 392 $ 392$ $24,369$ $3,669$ $25,518$ 470 $ 24,369$ $24,369$ $3,669$ $25,518$ 470 $ 24,369$ $24,369$ $3,669$ $25,518$ 470 $ 24,369$ $24,369$ $3,669$ $25,518$ 470 $ 2,298$ $2,298$ 577 $2,467$ 555 $ 3,576$ $13,944$ $1,739$ $14,106$ 362 7 $ 8,577$ $884,319$ $86,372$ $8805,975$ $6,326$ 8362 8 $452,280$ $514,262$ $11,972$ $459,101$ $4,859$ 351 $ 197,3$	183,556 210,474 27,750 187,504 629 59 1,157 9,261 13,451 991 9,314 8 16 20 $ -$ 392 551 123 392 $ -$ 392 551 123 392 $ -$ 392 551 123 392 $ -$ 24,369 24,369 3,669 25,518 470 $-$ 936 2,298 2,298 57 2,467 55 $-$ 105 13,576 13,944 1,739 14,106 362 7 713 \$ 793,967 \$ 884,319 \$ 86,372 \$ 805,975 \$ 6,326 \$ 362 \$ 12,444 * $-$ \$ $-$ \$ $-$ \$ $-$ \$ $-$ \$ $-$ \$ $-$ \$ 452,280 514,262 11,972 459,101 4,859	183,556210,47427,750187,504629591,1579,26113,4519919,31481620 $ -$ 392551123392 $ -$ 392551123392 $ -$ 24,36924,3693,66925,518470 $-$ 936 $-$ 24,36924,3693,66925,518470 $-$ 936 $-$ 13,57613,9441,73914,106362 7 7 713\$ 793,967\$ 884,319\$ 86,372\$ 805,975\$ 6,326\$ 362\$ 12,444\$\$ $ -$ \$ 13,57613,9441,73914,106362 7 7 713 $ -$

(In thousands)								
		ecorded vestment	I	Unpaid Principal Balance	S	Related Specific lowance	R	Average ecorded vestment
As of December 31, 2015								
With no related allowance recorded:								
FHA/VA-Guaranteed loans	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Other residential mortgage loans		65,495		74,146		-		67,282
Commercial:								
Commercial mortgage loans		54,048		66,448		-		54,967
Commercial and Industrial Loans		27,492		29,957		-		28,326
Construction:								
Land		-		-		_		_
Construction-commercial		39,466		40,000		-		39,736
Construction-residential		3,046		3,046		-		3,098
Consumer:				Í				,
Auto loans		-		-		-		-
Finance leases		-		-		-		-
Other consumer loans		2,618		4,300		-		2,766
	\$	192,165	\$	217,897	\$	-	\$	196,175
With an allowance recorded:								
FHA/VA-Guaranteed loans	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Other residential mortgage		395,173		440,947		21,787		398,790
loans		393,173		440,947		21,787		598,790
Commercial:								
Commercial mortgage loans		27,479		40,634		3,073		30,518
Commercial and Industrial Loans		143,214		164,050		18,096		148,547
Construction:								
Land		9,578		13,758		1,060		9,727
Construction-commercial		-		-		-		-
Construction-residential		1,426		2,180		142		1,476
Consumer:								
Auto loans		21,581		21,581		6,653		23,531
Finance leases		2,077		2,077		86		2,484
Other consumer loans		13,816		14,043		1,684		14,782
	\$	614,344	\$	699,270	\$	52,581	\$	629,855
Fotal:		ļļ		↓				
FHA/VA-Guaranteed loans	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

Other residential mortgage	460,668	515,093	21,787	466,072
Commercial:				
Commercial mortgage loans	81,527	107,082	3,073	85,485
Commercial and Industrial	170,706	194,007	18,096	176,873
Construction:				
Land	9,578	13,758	1,060	9,727
Construction-commercial	39,466	40,000	-	39,736
Construction-residential	4,472	5,226	142	4,574
Consumer:				
Auto loans	21,581	21,581	6,653	23,531
Finance leases	2,077	2,077	86	2,484
Other consumer loans	16,434	18,343	1,684	17,548
	\$ 806,509	\$ 917,167	\$ 52,581	\$ 826,030

Interest income of approximately \$8.9 million (\$6.1 million accrual basis and \$2.8 million cash basis) and \$18.1 million (\$12.1 million accrual basis and \$6.0 million cash basis) was recognized on impaired loans for the second quarter and six-month period ended June 30, 2015, respectively.

	Quarter	• Ende	d		Six-Month H	Period	Ended
	June	e 30,			Jun	e 30,	
(In thousands)	2016	_	2015		2016		2015
Impaired Loans:							
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 917,591	\$	954,981	\$	806,509	\$	945,407
Loans determined impaired during the	76,947		34,889		234,931		97,822
period	(11.2.40)		(70.012)		(10, (01))	_	(00.500)
Charge-offs (1) Loans sold, net of charge-offs	(11,249)		(70,813) (66,699)		(19,601)		(82,528) (67,836)
Increases to impaired loans-additional	414		1,597		1,761		2,116
disbursements	 (2, 4, 2, 2)	_	(10.00)	_			(*******
Foreclosures Loans no longer considered impaired	(9,189) (4,547)		(10,234) (3,287)		(16,610) (24,886)		(20,186)
Paid in full or partial payments	(16,193)		(15,618)		(28,330)		(36,794)
Balance at end of period	\$ 953,774	\$	824,816	\$	953,774	\$	824,816

	Quar	ter Ende	ed state	l Six-Month	ı Period	Ended
	Ju	ne 30,		Jı	ıne 30,	
(In thousands)	2016		2015	53,392 72		
Specific Reserve:						
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 81,495	\$	62,140	\$ 52,581		55,205
Provision for loan losses	16,126		53,707	53,392		72,357
Net charge-offs	(11,249)		(65,929)	(19,601)		(77,644)
	\$ 86,372	\$	49,918	\$ 86,372	\$	49,918

Balance at end of period							

PCI Loans

The Corporation acquired PCI loans accounted for under ASC 310-30 as part of the transaction closed on February 27, 2015 in which FirstBank acquired 10 Puerto Rico branches of Doral Bank, and acquired certain assets, including PCI loans, and assumed deposits, through an alliance with Banco Popular of Puerto Rico, which was the successful lead bidder with the FDIC on the failed Doral Bank, as well as other co-bidders. The Corporation also acquired PCI loans in previously completed asset acquisitions that are accounted for under ASC 310-30. These previous transactions include the acquisition from Doral Financial in the second quarter of 2014 of all its rights, title and interest in first and second residential mortgages loans in full satisfaction of secured borrowings owed by such entity to FirstBank, and the acquisition in 2012 of a FirstBank-branded credit card loans portfolio from FIA Card Services ("FIA").

Under ASC 310-30, the acquired PCI loans were aggregated into pools based on similar characteristics (i.e. delinquency status, loan terms). Each loan pool is accounted for as a single asset with a single composite interest rate and an aggregate expectation of cash flows. Since the loans are accounted for by the Corporation under ASC 310-30, they are not considered non-performing and will continue to have an accretable yield as long as there is a reasonable expectation about the timing and amount of cash flows expected to be collected. The Corporation recognizes additional losses on this portfolio when it is probable that the Corporation will be unable to collect all cash flows expected as of the acquisition date plus additional cash flows expected to be collected arising from changes in estimates after the acquisition date.

	 June 30,	Dee	cember 31,
	2016		2015
(In thousands)			
Residential mortgage loans	\$ 166,556	\$	170,766
Commercial mortgage loans	3,134		3,147
Total PCI loans	\$ 169,690	\$	173,913
Allowance for loan losses	(6,857)		(3,962)
Total PCI loans, net of allowance for loan losses	\$ 162,833	\$	169,951

The following tables	s pre	esent	PC	'I lo	ans by pa	ast	due	status as	of	Jun	ne 30, 201	6 a	nd	De	cember 31	, 20	015	:	
As of June 30, 2016	30)-59					90	days or		To	otal Past						T	otal PCI	
(In thousands)	D	ays		60-	89 Days		1	more			Due			(Current			loans	
	\$	-		\$	12,354		\$	25,546		\$	37,900			\$	128,656		\$	166,556	

oans (ntial mortgage																
Comm oans (ercial mortgage		-			-			990			990			2,144		3,134
Ì		\$	-		\$	12,354		\$	26,536		\$	38,890		\$	130,800	\$	169,690
(1)	According to	tha		arot	ion	'a dalina	100		ooliov on	1 0		istant with t	ha i	note	nutions for	tha n	roporation
	the Consolida Reserve Board borrower is in mortgage loan respectively.	l, re arre	sider ears t	ntial wo	l mo or i	ortgage a more mo	nd c nthl	con y p	nmercial ayments.	mo PC	rtga CI re	nge loans ar esidential m	e co lortg	nsio gage	dered past c e loans and	lue w	hen the nercial
As of 1 2015	December 31,	30	-59					90	days or		То	otal Past				Т	otal PCI
(In tho	usands)	D	ays		60-	89 Days			more			Due		(Current		loans
	ential mortgage	\$	-		\$	16,094		\$	22,218		\$	38,312		\$	132,454	\$	170,766
Reside	1)								992			992			2,155		3,147
Reside loans (ercial mortgage		-			-											
Reside loans (Comm	ercial mortgage	\$	-		\$	- 16,094		\$	23,210		\$	39,304		\$	134,609	\$	173,913

Initial Fair Value and Accretable Yield of PCI Loans

At acquisition, the Corporation estimated the cash flows the Corporation expected to collect on PCI loans. Under the accounting guidance for PCI loans, the difference between the contractually required payments and the cash flows expected to be collected at acquisition is referred to as the non-accretable difference. This difference is neither accreted into income nor recorded on the Corporation's consolidated statement of financial condition. The excess of cash flows expected to be collected over the estimated fair value is referred to as the accretable yield and is recognized in interest income over the remaining life of the loans, using the effective-yield method.

Changes in accretable yield of acquired loans

Subsequent to an acquisition of loans, the Corporation is required to periodically evaluate its estimate of cash flows expected to be collected. These evaluations, performed quarterly, require the continued use of key assumptions and estimates, similar to the initial estimate of fair value. Subsequent changes in the estimated cash flows expected to be collected may result in changes in the accretable yield and non-accretable difference or reclassifications from nonaccretable yield to accretable yield. Increases in the cash flows expected to be collected will generally result in an increase in interest income over the remaining life of the loan or pool of loans. Decreases in expected cash flows due to further credit deterioration will generally result in an impairment charge recognized in the Corporation's provision for loan and lease losses, resulting in an increase to the allowance for loan losses. During the first half of 2016, the Corporation increased by \$2.9 million to \$6.9 million the reserve related to PCI loans acquired from Doral Financial in 2014. The reserve is driven by the revisions to the expected cash flows of the portfolio for the remaining term of the loan pool based on expected performance and market conditions.

were as follows:	1	т т		г г		1 1		Т
		Quar	ter ended			Six-montl	h period e	nded
	Jun	e 30, 2016	Jun	e 30, 2015	Jun	e 30, 2016	Jur	ne 30, 2015
(In thousands)								
Balance at beginning of period	\$	114,098	\$	118,502	\$	118,385	\$	82,460
Additions (accretable yield at acquisition								
of loans from Doral)		-		-		-		38,319
Accretion recognized in earnings		(2,927)		(3,007)		(5,816)		(5,284)
Reclassification from non-accretable		11,008		8,793		9,610		8,793

Changes in the accretable yield of PCI loans for the quarters and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

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Balance at end of period	\$ 122,179	\$	124,288	\$	122,179	\$	124,288

Changes	s in the carrying	g amount	of lo	ans accounte	ed for	pursu	ant to ASC	310-3	30 fol	lows:			
				Quar	ter E	nded				Six-Month	n Perio	od Ei	nded
			Jun	e 30, 2016		Jun	e 30, 2015		Jun	e 30, 2016		Jun	e 30, 2015
(In thous	sands)												
Balance	at beginning o	f period	\$	172,332		\$	181,114		\$	173,913		\$	102,604
Additior	ns (1)			-			-			-			79,889
Accretio	n			2,927			3,007			5,816			5,284
Collectio	ons			(4,581)			(5,627)			(8,952)			&#</td></tr></tbody></table>