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CabelTel International Corp  
Form 10-K/A  
November 23, 2005

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549  
FORM 10-K/A  
AMENDMENT NUMBER 3

(Mark One)

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 5(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission File Number 000-08187

CABELTEL INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada

75-2399477

(State or other jurisdiction of  
Incorporation or organization)

(IRS Employer Identification  
Number)

1755 Wittington Place, Suite 340, Dallas, Texas

75234

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

Registrant's Telephone Number, including area code

(972) 407-8400

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of Each Class  
Common Stock, \$0.01 par value

Name of each exchange on which registered  
American Stock Exchange

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes [ ] No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes [ ] No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No [ ]

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K (ss.229.405 of this chapter) is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive

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proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. [X]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes [ ] No [X]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes [ ] No [X]

The aggregate market value of the shares of voting and non-voting common equity held by non-affiliates of the Registrant, computed by reference to the closing sales price of the Common Stock on the American Stock Exchange as of June 30, 2005 (the last business day of the Registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter) was \$1,870,891 based upon a total of 400,619 shares held as of March 31, 2005 by persons believed to be non-affiliates of the Registrant. The basis of the calculation does not constitute a determination by the Registrant as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, such calculation, if made as of a date within sixty days of this filing, would yield a different value. As of June 30, 2005, there were 977,004 shares of common stock outstanding.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

None

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS:

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of Common Stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Common Stock, \$.01 par value	976,961 shares
(Class)	(Outstanding at November 11, 2005)

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AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO  
FORM 10-K ANNUAL REPORT FOR  
CABELTEL INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION  
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

The undersigned Registrant hereby amends the following items, exhibits, or other portions of its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004, as set forth below and as reflected in the substituted pages attached hereto which replace the same numbered pages in the original filing.

As a preface to the identification below, the entirety of the Report has been amended to reflect an acquisition of two U.S. entities which are not consolidated into the Company but are maintained in a separate basis; see Item I, Business - "Recent Acquisition of CableTEL AD." This change was necessitated by certain comments by the Staff of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), which resulted in an appeal to the Office of the Chief Accountant of the SEC. On October 25, 2005, the Office of the Chief Accountant of the SEC provided its determination of the appeal with respect to certain accounting treatment. The appeal was the result of an initial determination and comment by the Staff of the SEC during May 2005, that, in this very unique set of circumstances and in the opinion of the Staff, reverse acquisition accounting treatment may not have been the proper treatment. Management has determined based upon discussions with the Office of the Chief Accountant during such appeal that while the overall acquisition and other contingent aspects of the transaction are a single transaction, the appropriate accounting treatment at this time is recordation of

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the issuance of the Preferred Stock together with a recordation of a "contra asset" in the same amount for the value of the two U.S. corporations and CableTEL AD. The result is that Management of the Company filed a Form 8-K Current Report for event noted October 25, 2005, under Item 4.02, which of necessity requires certain changes in the Annual Report on Form 10-K to cover such treatment. This document includes additional items of Form 10-K which have not been amended or changed, but the items which are changed are as follows:

- o Page 4, Item 1 - Business.
- o Page 13, Item 2 - Properties.
- o Page 16, Item 6 - Selected Financial Data.
- o Page 17, Item 7 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results of Operation.
- o Page 22, Item 7(a) - Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.
- o Page 22, Item 8 - Financial Statements (also F-1 following).

The balance of the items have not been changed from the original filing, and have accordingly not been updated to a more current date.

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CABELTEL INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION  
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Fiscal year ended December 31, 2004

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PART I

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements in this Form 10-K are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The words "estimate", "plan", "intend", "expect", "anticipate", "believe" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are found at various places throughout this Report and in the documents incorporated herein by reference. CabelTel International Corporation disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. Although we believe that our expectations are based upon reasonable assumptions, we can give no assurance that our goals will be achieved. Important factors that could cause our actual results to differ from estimates or projects contained in any forward-looking statements are described under "Risks Related to the Company" beginning on page 10.

ITEM 1. BUSINESS

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CabelTel International Corporation ("CabelTel" or the "Company" or "we" or "us") was incorporated in Nevada on May 31, 1991, originally under the name Medical Resource Companies of America. The Company is the successor-by-merger to Wespac Investors Trust, a California business trust, that began operating in 1982. On March 26, 1996, the name was changed to Greenbriar Corporation; on February 28, 2005, the name of the Company was changed to CabelTel International Corporation.

We operate retirement-focused real estate, own and operate an outlet shopping mall in Gainesville, Texas and own interests in producing oil and gas leases in Gregg and Rusk Counties, Texas.

Business Operations

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We operate two separate distinct businesses:

- o ownership and operation of real estate through:
  - (i) one retirement community in King City, Oregon, with a capacity of 114 residents, and leasing of a residential retirement property to a third party in Greenville, South Carolina, and
  - (ii) ownership and operation of an outlet mall in Gainesville, Texas, with approximately 315,000 square feet of retail space available for lease; and
- o ownership of oil and gas leases in Gregg and Rusk Counties, Texas, on which 48 producing wells were operating as of March 31, 2005

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Financial information about our segments can be found in Note M "Segment Reporting" in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements found at Item 8 "Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

### Business Strategy

In choosing investment properties, the Company's strategy is to choose a property that can achieve and sustain a strong competitive position within its chosen market. The Company also seeks to continue to enhance the performance of the properties it operates directly. In its real estate properties, the Company seeks to enhance current operations by (i) maintaining and improving occupancy rates, (ii) opportunistically increasing rents and fees, (iii) improving operating efficiencies and (iv) improving market positioning.

In its oil and gas properties, the Company seeks to keep producing wells properly maintained and to recondition and, where economically feasible, bring into production non-operating leases it owns.

### Real Estate

#### Retirement Property

The Company operates Pacific Pointe Retirement Inn ("Pacific Pointe") in King City, Oregon. Pacific Pointe has a capacity of 114 residents and provides community living with basic services such as meals, housekeeping, laundry, 24/7 staffing, transportation and social and recreational activities. These residents do not yet need assistance or support with activities of daily living but prefer the physical and psychological comfort of a residential community of like-minded people which offers access to health care and other senior oriented services.

Pacific Pointe is not required to hold a license for its independent retirement operation. In compliance with underlying state bond financing, rents at this community must be approved by an agency of the State of Oregon.

At Pacific Pointe, the Company's marketing and sales efforts are undertaken at the local level. These efforts are intended to create awareness of a community and its services among prospective residents, their families, other key decision-makers and professional referral sources.

Pacific Pointe has a stellar reputation in its community and has operated at or near capacity for a number of years. However, the retirement housing market has little barrier to entry and Pacific Pointe's present and potential competitors have, or may have access to, greater financial, management and other resources than those of the facility. There can be no assurance that competitive pressures

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will not have a material adverse effect on the property.

Operating Community - The following table sets forth certain information with respect to Pacific Pointe, which was owned, operated and managed by the Company at March 31, 2005. The Company considers its community to be in good operating condition and suitable for the purpose for which it is being used.

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Community	Location	Care Level	Units	Resident Capacity(3)	Community Operations Commenced	Ownership
Pacific Pointe Retirement Inn	King City, OR	S	114	114	1993	Leased (
Windsor House Greenville	Greenville, SC	FE	31	50	1997	Owned(5

Key:

- (1) S basic support and supplemental services are offered.
- (2) FE assisted living with additional support and supplemental services offered.
- (3) Reflects actual number of units for Independent Living.
- (4) Leased from a partnership. Initial lease term is 10 years, expiring in 2012. The Company is responsible for all costs including repairs to the community, property taxes and other direct operating costs of the community. The lease includes clauses that allow for rent to increase over time based on a specified schedule
- (5) Leased to an independent third party..

Repair and Maintenance - The Company conducts routine repairs and maintenance, as needed, of its properties on a regular basis. The Company has no other current plans for significant expenditures relating to its existing properties and considers them to be in good repair and working order.

The Company has attracted and continues to seek highly dedicated and experienced personnel. All employees are required to complete training programs which include a core curriculum comprised of personal care basics, job related specific training, first aid, fire safety, nutrition, infection control and customer service. Executive Directors receive training in all of these areas, plus marketing, community relations, healthcare management and fiscal management. In addition to some classroom training, the Company's communities provide new employees with on the job training, utilizing experienced staff as trainers and mentors.

### Outlet Shopping Mall Property

The Company's outlet mall does business as Gainesville Factory Shops ("GFS") and is located in Gainesville, Texas. GFS has approximately 315,000 square feet of

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retail space available for lease. Purchased in December 2003, GFS presented the Company with an opportunity to make an investment at what the Company believes was a bargain price. Since purchasing the mall in December 2003 occupancy has risen from 60% to 76%. Mall traffic has been enhanced by a more aggressive marketing effort as well as development in its immediate Gainesville Texas area including the opening of a casino four miles from the mall.

The Company's outlet mall has the advantage of being the only mall in its immediate market area. In addition, the Company believes that the market does not lend itself to construction of another mall in the foreseeable future. A number of shopping alternatives are available to potential customers within a reasonable driving distance. Further, conditions which the Company cannot control such as highway construction, economic downturn or the high price of gasoline can have a negative impact on traffic at GFS.

Marketing is general, market wide advertising to build overall mall traffic. Where possible the mall coordinates this advertising with its tenant merchants' advertising to enhance the mall as a specific destination for shoppers.

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### Summary Oil Reserve Data

The following table sets forth summary information concerning the Company's proved oil reserves on December 31, 2004, based on a report prepared by Haas Petroleum Engineering Services, Inc., an independent consulting and engineering firm. Reserves were determined using year-end product prices, held constant for the life of the properties. Estimates of economically recoverable reserves and future net revenues are based on a number of variables, which may differ from actual results.

Proved and Developed Reserves	December 31, 2004
Oil (MBbl)	381.07

### Productive Wells

The following table summarizes our gross working interests and net revenue interests in productive oil wells at March 31, 2005. All wells are in the State of Texas.

Gross Wells	Net Wells
48	36

The Company's oil wells have all been "abandoned" by the larger oil companies and their leases have devolved to other persons or entities. The Company has 61 leases with a range of 65.7% to 80% of ownership. Individual wells produce from 70 to 360 barrels per month.

### Well Operations

The Company's oil production is hauled by and its wells are maintained by third party contractors, and the entire production is sold under contract to a subsidiary of Black Hills Corporation. This contract is renegotiated periodically and is based on the average daily closing price of oil for the previous month, as published by Koch Supply & Trading, plus a premium of \$3.15 per barrel at March 31, 2005.

The operations of any facility gathering, transporting, processing or storing crude oil is subject to stringent and complex laws and regulations pertaining to health, safety and the environment. As an operator of such facilities, the Company must comply with federal, state and local laws that relate to air and water quality, hazardous and solid waste management and disposal and other

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environmental matters. Costs of operating oil wells must incorporate compliance with environmental laws, regulations and safety standards. Failure to comply with these laws and regulations may trigger a variety of administrative, civil and potentially criminal enforcement measures.

The market for oil is highly volatile but not greatly competitive. Sweet Texas Crude Oil is constantly in high demand world wide. However, there is a high cost to operate the low-production wells in East Texas. The Company's wells would not be profitable if oil is sold at less than \$24 per barrel.

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### Insurance

The Company currently maintains property and liability insurance intended to cover claims in its retirement community, outlet mall, corporate and oil well operations. The number of insurance carriers who offer retirement industry liability insurance has diminished since 1999, and the cost of such insurance continues to escalate. The Company also carries property insurance on each of its owned and leased properties.

### Environmental Matters

Under various federal, state and local environmental laws, ordinances and regulations, a current or previous owner or operator of real estate may be required to investigate and clean up hazardous or toxic substances or petroleum product releases at the property, and may be held liable to a governmental entity or to third parties for property damage and for investigation and clean up costs incurred by such parties in connection with the contamination. Such laws typically impose clean up responsibility and liability without regard to whether the owner or operator knew of or caused the presence of the contaminants and the liability under such laws has been interpreted to be joint and several unless the harm is divisible and there is a reasonable basis for allocation of responsibility. The costs of investigation, remediation or removal of such substances may be substantial and the presence of such substances or the failure to remediate properly such property may adversely affect the owner's ability to sell or lease the property or to borrow using the property as collateral. In addition, some environmental laws create a lien on the contaminated site in favor of the government for damages and costs it incurs in connection with the contamination. Persons who arrange for the disposal or treatment of hazardous or toxic substances also may be liable for the costs of removal or redemption of such substances at the disposal or treatment community, whether or not such community is owned or operated by that person or corporation. Finally, the owner or operator of a site may be subject to common law claims by third parties based on damages and costs resulting from environmental contamination emanating from a site.

The Company has conducted environmental assessments on most of its existing owned or leased properties. These assessments have not revealed any environmental liability that the Company believes would have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, assets or results of operations. The Company is not aware of any such environmental liability. The Company believes that all of its properties are in compliance in all material respects with all federal, state and local laws, ordinances and regulations regarding hazardous or toxic substances or petroleum products. The Company has not been notified by any governmental authority and is not otherwise aware of any material non-compliance, liability or claim relating to hazardous or toxic substances or petroleum products in connection with any of its communities.

### Employees

At March 31, 2005, the Company employed 56 people (20 full-time and 36



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part-time). The Company believes it maintains good relationships with its employees. None of the Company's employees are represented by a collective bargaining group.

The Company's operations are subject to the Fair Labor Standards Act. Many of the Company's employees are paid at rates related to the minimum wage and any increase in the minimum wage will result in an increase in labor costs.

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Management is not aware of any non-compliance by the Company as regards applicable regulatory requirements that would have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition or results of operations.

### Recent Acquisition of CableTEL AD

On October 12, 2004, CIC acquired, for 31,500 shares of newly-designated 2% Series J Preferred Stock, 74.8% of CableTEL AD ("CableTEL"), a Bulgarian telecommunications company. The terms of the acquisition agreement require CIC to present a proposal to its stockholders to approve the mandatory exchange of all shares of Series J Preferred Stock into 8,788,500 shares of common stock which, if approved by stockholders, would represent 90% of the resulting total issued and outstanding shares of common stock in CIC. As of the date of this report the exchange has not occurred.

The acquisition agreement, as amended, provides that the stockholders of CIC have until June 30, 2006 to approve the exchange of Series J Preferred Stock into CIC common stock. If the exchange is not approved by June 30, 2006, the holders of the Series J Preferred Stock have the option to rescind the entire transaction. Until the acquisition is completed, CableTEL AD will not be included in CIC's consolidated financial statements and the financial statements of CIC will include a Series J Preferred Stock contra equity account representing the Company's interest in CableTEL AD.

If the stockholders of CIC approve the transaction it would effectively give the owners of CableTEL AD the controlling interest in CIC. Due to the effective change in control, by virtue of the aforementioned exchange into common stock, this transaction will be accounted for, upon the exchange, as a "reverse acquisition", with CableTEL AD being the accounting acquirer and with CIC accounted for as if it had been acquired on the exchange date.

CableTEL AD is the largest cable television ("CATV") operator in the Country of Bulgaria. In addition, CableTEL has built a fiber optic backbone (the "backbone") consisting of three ducts around Bulgaria at a total cost of \$29,872,500. CableTEL intends to keep one duct for its own use and sell the remaining two ducts to unrelated third parties to offset the cost of building the ducts.

CableTEL's marketing is centralized in its Sofia, Bulgaria headquarters. Given the acquisitions strategy of CabelTEL, the Sales and Marketing department has developed a re-branding strategy to quickly bring new operations up to CableTEL communication standards and preserve the overall strength of the CableTEL brand.

In addition to CATV, CableTEL provides internet service, VoIP (internet telephony) and mobile phone services. The company is well-positioned from both a marketing and quality approach to being a strong competitor in its markets.

CableTEL has 384 employees (372 full-time and 12 part-time) in Bulgaria. It leases its headquarters and owns no property. The technical nature of its business requires a high capital cost.

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For further information on CableTEL AD, please refer to Note A in the accompanying financial statements.

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### Available Information

The Company maintains an internet website at <http://www.cabeltel.us>. The Company has available through the website, free of charge, Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K, reports filed pursuant to Section 16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") and amendments to those reports as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file or furnish such materials to the Securities and Exchange Commission. In addition, the Company has posted the charters for our Audit Committee, Compensation Committee and Governance and Nominating Committee, as well as our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, Corporate Governance Guidelines on Director Independence and other information on the website. These charters and principles are not incorporated in this Report by reference. The Company will also provide a copy of these documents free of charge to stockholders upon written request. The Company issues Annual Reports containing audited financial statements to its common stockholders.

### Risks Related to the Company

The retirement industry is highly competitive. Competition for residents, employees and facilities is very keen in the retirement industry. Although the Company's Pacific Pointe property in Oregon is not subject to federal regulation, it must comply with State of Oregon Senior Housing Regulations which are subject to change from time to time.

The shopping mall business is dependent on successful tenants. The Company's shopping mall in Gainesville, Texas is unique in its market but must maintain good relationships with its current and future tenants as well as generate adequate traffic for those tenants to be successful.

The price of crude oil is highly volatile. Although the Company has benefited from extremely high crude oil prices in the last two years there is no guarantee that crude oil prices will remain at record levels. The type of oil production the Company is involved in is very expensive and cannot be profitable if the market for crude oil is less than \$24 per barrel.

Our governing documents contain anti-takeover provisions that may make it more difficult for a third party to acquire control of us. Our Articles of Incorporation contain provisions designed to discourage attempts to acquire control of the Company by a merger, tender offer, proxy contest or removal of incumbent management without the approval of our Board of Directors. As a result, a transaction which otherwise might appear to be in your best interests as a stockholder could be delayed, deferred or prevented altogether, and you may be deprived of an opportunity to receive a premium for your shares over prevailing market rates. The provisions contained in our Articles of Incorporation include:

- o the requirement of an 80% vote to make, adopt, alter, amend, change or repeal our Bylaws or certain key provisions of the Articles of Incorporation that embody, among other things, the anti-takeover provisions,
- o the so-called business combination "control act" requirements involving the Company and a person that beneficially owns 10% or more of the outstanding common stock except under certain

circumstances,

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- o the requirement of holders of at least 80% of the outstanding Common Stock to join together to request a special meeting of stockholders.

As of March 31, 2005, officers, directors and affiliated entities owning more than 5% of the Company's outstanding Common Stock owned approximately 59% of the outstanding shares of Common Stock. In addition, a small group of individuals and entities own all of the outstanding Series J 2% Preferred Stock, which holds the right to five votes per share of Series J 2% Preferred Stock voting with the Common Stock. Under these circumstances, if the holders of Series J 2% Preferred Stock and directors and affiliated entities owning more than 5% of our outstanding Common Stock voted together, the group would control 64% of the votes in any stockholder action. In light of this, these anti-takeover provisions could help entrench the existing Board of Directors and may effectively give our management the power to block any attempted change in control.

#### Quality Assurance

In operating a retirement community, our commitment to quality assurance is designed to achieve a high degree of resident and family member satisfaction with the care and services the Company provides. In addition to training and performance reviews of all employees, the Company's quality control measures include:

Philosophy of Management - The Company's philosophy of management is to demonstrate by its actions and require from its employees high standards of personal integrity, to develop a climate of openness and trust, to demonstrate respect for human dignity in every circumstance, to be supportive in all relationships, to promote teamwork by involving employees in the management of their own work and to promote the free expression of ideas and opinions.

Regular Property Inspections - Property inspections are conducted by corporate personnel on a regular basis. These inspections cover the appearance of the exterior and grounds, the appearance and cleanliness of the interior, the professionalism and friendliness of staff, where applicable, and notes on maintenance.

In oil production, quality is a matter of proper separation of crude oil from saltwater. These processes are automated at each well and the Company is not aware of any complaints as to the quality of its crude oil.

#### Marketing

In real estate the Company's marketing and sales efforts are undertaken at the local level. These are intended to create awareness of a property and its services among prospective customers, their families and other key referral sources. The property engages in traditional types of marketing activities, such as special events, radio spots, direct mailings, print advertising, signs and yellow page advertising. These marketing activities and media advertisements are directed to potential customers.

In its oil business the Company sells its production of crude oil through a contract as described on page 7. The Company has no marketing efforts or responsibility in this facet of its business.

#### Government Regulation

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Pacific Pointe is not required to hold a state license for its independent retirement operation. Any future retirement community acquired by the Company must be correctly licensed as required by its state and local laws and must be in compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act ("ADA"). That community must also be in compliance with the Fair Housing Amendments Act.

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In compliance with underlying state bond financing, rents at Pacific Pointe must be approved by an agency of the state.

The operations of any facility gathering, transporting, processing or storing natural gas and crude oil is subject to stringent and complex laws and regulations pertaining to health, safety and the environment. As an owner or operator of these facilities, the Company must comply with federal, state and local laws that relate to air and water quality, hazardous and solid waste management and disposal, and other environmental matters. Costs of operating oil wells must incorporate compliance with environmental laws, regulations and safety standards. Failure to comply with these laws and regulations may trigger a variety of administrative, civil and potentially criminal enforcement measures.

The Company is subject to the Fair Labor Standards Act, which governs such matters as minimum wage, overtime and other working conditions. Many of the Company's employees are paid at rates related to the federal minimum wage and accordingly, increases in the minimum wage will result in an increase in labor costs.

Management is not aware of any non-compliance by the Company as regards applicable regulatory requirements that would have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition or results of operations.

### Competition

The retirement industry is highly competitive and will continue to become increasingly competitive in the future. The Company competes with other retirement companies and numerous other companies providing similar long-term care alternatives, such as home healthcare agencies, community-based service programs and convalescent centers (nursing homes).

The shopping mall industry is also competitive but the Company's property in Gainesville, Texas is geographically isolated and CIC feels that the market will not support another mall.

The crude oil business has many factors, described elsewhere in this report, that could cause concern. However, it is not competitive. The Company's Texas Sweet Crude is highly sought after by the oil industry.

### Insurance

The provision of personal services entails an inherent risk of liability compared to more institutional long-term care communities. Retirement communities of the type operated by the Company, offer residents a greater degree of independence in their daily lives. This increased level of independence, however, may subject the resident and the Company to certain risks that would be reduced in more institutionalized settings. The Company currently maintains liability insurance intended to cover such claims. However, the number of insurance carriers who offer such insurance has diminished in recent years and the costs of such insurance continues to escalate. The Company also carries

property insurance on each of its properties.

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Environmental Matters

Under various federal, state and local environmental laws, ordinances and regulations, a current or previous owner or operator of real estate may be required to investigate and clean up hazardous or toxic substances or petroleum product releases at the property, and may be held liable to a governmental entity or to third parties for property damage and for investigation and clean up costs incurred by such parties in connection with the contamination. Such laws typically impose clean up responsibility and liability without regard to whether the owner or operator knew of or caused the presence of the contaminants and the liability under such laws has been interpreted to be joint and several unless the harm is divisible and there is a reasonable basis for allocation of responsibility. The costs of investigation, remediation or removal of such substances may be substantial and the presence of such substances or the failure to remediate properly such property may adversely affect the owner's ability to sell or lease the property or to borrow using the property as collateral. In addition, some environmental laws create a lien on the contaminated site in favor of the government for damages and costs it incurs in connection with the contamination. Persons who arrange for the disposal or treatment of hazardous or toxic substances also may be liable for the costs of removal or redemption of such substances at the disposal or treatment community, whether or not such community is owned or operated by that person or corporation. Finally, the owner or operator of a site may be subject to common law claims by third parties based on damages and costs resulting from environmental contamination emanating from a site.

The Company has conducted environmental assessments on most of its existing owned or leased properties. These assessments have not revealed any environmental liability that the Company believes would have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, assets or results of operations. The Company is not aware of any such environmental liability. The Company believes that all of its properties are in compliance in all material respects with all federal, state and local laws, ordinances and regulations regarding hazardous or toxic substances or petroleum products. The Company has not been notified by any governmental authority, and is not otherwise aware, of any material non-compliance, liability or claim relating to hazardous or toxic substances or petroleum products in connection with any of its communities.

ITEM 2. PROPERTIES

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The Company's principal offices are approximately 5,000 square feet of leased space in Dallas, Texas. The Company believes its leased space will be adequate for the foreseeable future. The Company's retirement property, outlet mall property and mineral properties are described in detail beginning on page 5.

ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

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On January 24, 2005, Cable Partners Bulgaria LLC, a Colorado limited liability company, instituted an action in the District Court of Dallas County, Texas styled Cable Partners Bulgaria LLC v. Greenbriar Corporation and Ronald C. Finley, Cause No. 05-00746-L in the 193rd Judicial District Court of Dallas

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County, Texas. Plaintiff's original petition alleges that Cable Partners Bulgaria LLC ("CPB") was formed to acquire the assets of a cable telecommunications system located in Plovdiv, Bulgaria, known as "Eurocom", and to that end entered into a letter agreement on October 12, 2004, with two individuals on behalf of Eurocom to purchase all of the assets of Eurocom. Plaintiff's complaint alleges that the letter agreement with CPB obligates the two individuals to sell all of Eurocom's assets to CPB, and that CPB's

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obligation to complete the purchase is conditioned upon completion of due diligence reviews and negotiation with the two individuals of a customary purchase and sale agreement and customary employment and non-competition agreements. The October 12, 2004 letter agreement provided that CPB was to "utilize commercially-reasonable efforts" for completing the due diligence and agreements by January 7, 2005. Plaintiff's complaint alleges it engaged an international accounting firm to conduct the due diligence, but the delays resulted in an extension until February 28, 2005, at a minimum. Plaintiff's complaint alleges that certain meetings occurred in December 2004 and January 2005, and alleges tortuous interference with a contract and prospective contract by the Company and Ronald Finley, seeks a temporary injunction and permanent injunction enjoining the Company and its subsidiaries from further contact with the two individuals, and a judgment against the Company in the amount of at least (euro)4.5 million plus exemplary damages and attorneys' fees and costs. Management of the Company intends to vigorously defend the action, which it perceives to be without merit. Representatives of CableTEL AD had conversations and arrangements in place with the individual stockholders of Eurocom well before either the October 12, 2004 purported letter agreement or the November/December 2004 conversations. Management also believes the action misstates or seeks to rearrange facts and events central to the controversy.

The ownership of property and provision of services to the public entails an inherent risk of liability. Although the Company and its subsidiaries are involved in various items of litigation incidental to and in the ordinary course of its business, in the opinion of management, the outcome of such litigation will not have a material adverse impact upon the Company's financial condition, results of operations or liquidity.

#### ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

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An Annual Meeting of Stockholders was held on October 20, 2004, at which meeting stockholders were asked to consider and vote upon the election of directors. At the meeting, stockholders elected the following individuals as directors:

Director	Shares Voting	
	FOR	ABSTAINED
Roz Campisi Beadle	720,202	2,888
Gene S. Bertcher	713,462	2,888
James E. Huffstickler	720,200	2,888
Dan Locklear	720,200	2,888
Victor L. Lund	712,562	2,888

There were no votes or broker non-votes on the election of directors.

## PART II

## ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND

## ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

The Common Stock of the Company is traded on the American Stock Exchange ("AMEX") using the symbol "GBR". The following table sets forth the high and low sales prices as reported in the reporting system of the AMEX and other published financial sources. (All prices have been adjusted for a 2002 stock dividend and October 2003 stock split.)

	2004		2003	
	High	Low	High	Low
First Quarter	\$5.39	3.62	\$4.25	3.62
Second Quarter	3.98	2.80	4.50	3.65
Third Quarter	3.74	3.17	4.00	2.15
Fourth Quarter	4.73	3.00	6.50	2.38

According to the Transfer Agent's records, at March 31, 2005, our Common Stock was held by approximately 463 holders of record. On March 31, 2005, the closing price of the Company's Common Stock was \$6.05.

The Company paid no dividends on its Common Stock in 2003 or 2004. The Company has not paid cash dividends on its Common Stock during at least the ten fiscal years, and it has been the policy of the Board of Directors of the Company to retain all earnings to pay down long-term debt and finance future expansion and development of its businesses. The payment of dividends, if any, will be determined by the Board of Directors in the future in light of conditions then existing, including the Company's financial condition and requirements, future prospects, restrictions in financing agreements, business conditions and other factors deemed relevant by the Board of Directors.

Securities Authorized for Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans We have two stock-based equity compensation plans that have been approved by our stockholders. See "Note J - Stockholders Equity" for a description of the plans, the number of shares of Common Stock to be issued upon exercise of outstanding stock options, the weighted average exercise price of outstanding stock options, and the number of shares of Common Stock remaining for future issuance under the plans. We have no stock-based compensation plans which were adopted without the approval of our stockholders.

#### Purchases of Equity Securities

The Board of Directors has not authorized the repurchase of any shares of its Common Stock under any share repurchase program. However, in the past when stockholders owning less than one round lot (100 shares) so request, the Company has purchased shares at market closing on the last trading day prior to receipt

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of the certificate(s). The following table represents shares repurchased during the three months ended December 31, 2004.

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Period	Total No. of Shares Repurchased	Weighted Average Price Per Share	Total No. of Shares Repurchased as part of Publicly- Announced Program	Maximum No. of Shares that May Yet Be Repurchased Under the Program
10/01-31/2004	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
11/01-30/2004	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
12/01-31/2004	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-

### ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000
Operating revenue	\$ 6,223	\$ 3,047	\$ 3,300	\$ 23,568	\$ 33,482
Operating expenses	7,130	3,636	5,373	27,543	6,378
Operating profit (loss)	(907)	(589)	(2,073)	(3,975)	(10,115)
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	\$ (632)	\$ 617	\$ (2,724)	\$ 9,559	\$ (10,115)
Income tax (income) expense	--	--	749	2,824	--
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	(632)	617	(3,473)	6,735	(10,115)
Loss from discontinued operations	(184)	(395)	(4,900)	(317)	(508)
NET EARNINGS (LOSS)	\$ (816)	222	(8,373)	6,418	(10,623)
Net earnings (loss) applicable to Common shares - Basic and diluted	\$ (0.84)	\$ 0.31	\$ (11.67)	\$ 15.53	\$ (39.17)
<b>BALANCE SHEET DATA:</b>	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000
Total assets	\$ 16,766	\$ 18,131	\$ 12,624	\$ 44,022	\$ 102,588
Long-term debt	8,338	2,053	8,479	16,693	50,887
Total liabilities	15,028	15,557	11,273	34,753	68,944
Preferred stock redemption obligation	--	--	--	--	26,988
Total stockholders' equity	1,738	2,554	1,351	9,269	6,656



ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF RESULTS OF OPERATION

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Overview

As of March 31, 2005, the Company owns one assisted living community and leases one community in two separate states, with a total capacity of 204 residents. In addition, the Company owns one community that is operated by an independent third party with a capacity of 41 residents. The Company also controls the leases for 200 oil wells in East Texas and a 315,000 square foot outlet mall in Gainesville, Texas

Since 1996, the Company has owned, leased and operated assisted living and retirement communities throughout the United States. During that period of time the Company has both acquired and sold over seventy communities. The acquiring and disposing of its real estate assets has been an integral part of the Company's business.

During the past several years, the Company's business strategy has evolved into one of focusing on the real estate component and reducing its operating activities. The Company's objective is to become an investor in various entities, to acquire properties and either sell, lease or enter into joint venture agreements with third party operators with respect to these properties.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The Company's discussion and analysis of its financial condition and results of operations are based upon the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Certain of the Company's accounting policies require the application of judgment in selecting the appropriate assumptions for calculating financial estimates. By their nature, these judgments are subject to an inherent degree of uncertainty. These judgments and estimates are based upon the Company's historical experience, current trends and information available from other sources that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

The Company believes the following critical accounting policies are more significant to the judgments and estimates used in the preparation of its consolidated financial statements. Revisions in such estimates are recorded in the period in which the facts that give rise to the revisions become known.

The Company's allowance for doubtful accounts receivable and notes receivable is based on an analysis of the risk of loss on specific accounts. The analysis places particular emphasis on past due accounts. Management considers such information as the nature and age of the receivable, the payment history of the tenant, customer or other debtor and the financial condition of the tenant or other debtor. Management's estimate of the required allowance, which is reviewed on a quarterly basis, is subject to revision as these factors change.

Deferred Tax Assets

Significant management judgment is required in determining the provision for income taxes, deferred tax assets and liabilities and any valuation allowance recorded against net deferred tax assets. The future recoverability of the Company's net deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future

taxable income prior to the expiration of the loss carry forwards. The company believes that it will generate future taxable income to fully utilize the net deferred tax assets.

#### Liquidity and Capital Resources

At December 31, 2004, the Company had current assets of \$3,703,000 and current liabilities of \$6,535,000.

Included in current liabilities is an obligation of principal and accrued interest to Sylvia Gilley, wife of a former President of the Company, for \$2,717,000. The terms of this obligation are similar to that of preferred stock whereby the Company can only pay this obligation out of available earned surplus.

On December 31 of each year cash and cash equivalents totaled \$762,000, \$688,000 and \$661,000 in 2004, 2003 and 2002 respectively.

Net cash (used in) operating activities was (\$2,166,000) in 2004, (\$486,000) in 2003 and (\$3,885,000) in 2002.

Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities was \$734,000 in 2004, (\$765,000) in 2003 and \$8,273,000 in 2002. In 2004, the cash provided was from the collection of existing notes receivable of \$1,579,000 less the purchase of \$845,000 in property and equipment principally at the Gainesville outlet mall. In 2003, the cash used was principally from the collection of existing notes receivable of \$334,000 less the purchase of \$1,225,000 in property and equipment principally at the Gainesville Outlet Mall. In 2002, the cash provided was principally from the proceeds from the sale of investments of \$1,098,000 and the sale of properties of \$7,460,000.

Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities was \$1,506,000 in 2004, \$1,278,000 in 2003 and (\$4,973,000) in 2002. In 2004, the cash provided was principally from the refinancing of the Gainesville Outlet Mall and the cash provided in 2003 was from the issuance of additional common stock as well as net proceeds from borrowings. In 2002, the net use of cash was principally due to the repayment of debt on properties that were sold.

#### Results of Operations

##### Fiscal 2004 as Compared to Fiscal 2003

Revenues and Operating Expenses from Assisted Living Operations: Revenues were \$2,736,000 in 2004, as compared to \$2,597,000,000 in 2003. Community operating expenses, which consist of assisted living operations expense, lease expense and depreciation and amortization, were \$2,182,000 in 2004, as compared to \$1,890,000 in 2003. The increase in revenue is principally due to increased occupancy during 2004. The increase in expenses is chiefly the write down of fixed assets at one of the facilities.

Revenues and Operating Expenses from the Gainesville outlet mall: In 2004 revenues were \$2,077,000 and operating expenses were \$1,836,000. The Company acquired the mall on December 10, 2003. Revenue and expenses for 2003 were both \$121,000.

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Revenues and Operating Expense from Oil & Gas Operations: Revenues were \$1,410,000 in 2004 and \$449,000 in 2003. Operating expenses were \$1,088,000 in 2004 and \$400,000 in 2003. The Company acquired its oil & gas operations effective August 1, 2003. In addition, the price of oil was higher in 2004 than in the prior year.

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Corporate General and Administrative Expense: These expenses were \$1,721,000 in 2004, as compared to \$1,111,000 in 2003. The increase in the corporate general and administrative expenses is primarily a result of increased expenses due to the addition of the Gainesville outlet mall and Gaywood. In addition, the Company incurred additional legal fees in conjunction with our dispute with the Internal Revenue Service, which was settled in August 2004.

Interest and Dividend Income: Interest and dividend income was \$213,000 in 2004, as compared to \$304,000 in 2003. The decrease in interest and dividend income is a result of a reduction in notes receivable held by the Company

Interest Expense: Interest expense was \$991,000 in 2004, as compared to \$498,000 in 2003. The increase in interest expense is primarily due to the acquisition of the Gainesville outlet mall. When the Company acquired the mall, it was initially financed with a short term note with interest rates escalating from 3% to 15%. These notes were refinanced in August 2004 through a five year note with interest at 5.85%.

Gain on Sale of Assets: In 2004, the gain on sale of assets was \$1,456,000. In October 2001, the Company became a 56% limited partner in Corinthians Real Estate Investors, LP ("CREI"), a partnership formed to acquire two properties.

In September 2002, CREI sold its two properties for cash and notes and paid off its third party debt. As part of the proceeds, CREI received a note for \$1,600,000 due September 30, 2004, which was transferred to the Company in satisfaction of its \$1,600,000 note receivable from CREI.

The Company deferred recognition of its \$740,000 share of the gain because of the aforementioned guaranty. In addition, CREI had deferred a gain to be recognized both by the partnership and the Company on the installment method when payment is received.

In September 2004, the notes were paid in full and the Company recorded a gain of \$1,232,000.

The Company owned a property in Ellensburg, Washington. The property's book value was \$202,000 less than its debt. In July 2004, the Company sold the property to an unrelated third party, who assumed the debt, and recorded a gain of \$177,000 net of expenses.

Other Income (Expense): Other expense was \$403,000 in 2004 and other income was \$342,000 in 2003. In 2002, the Company sold a property in California and was required to establish an escrow fund for certain repairs to the building. The escrowed amounts were written off when the building was sold. Included in other income for 2004 is \$125,000, which represents the return of a portion of escrow funds in excess of the amount required. Due to a reduction in the corporate staff, the Company needed less space than it was occupying and reached a settlement with the owner of the building, in the third quarter, whereby the Company made a one time payment of \$472,000 to settle all obligations and to terminate the lease early. Also included in 2004 is a \$216,000 expense to provide for the settlement of the Company's dispute with the IRS.

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Other income in 2003 includes reimbursement of a prior year insurance claim, the settlement of a lawsuit and settlements for certain prior year accounts payable.

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**Discontinued Operations:** In October 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets". SFAS No. 144 supersedes FASB SFAS No. 121, "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to be Disposed Of" and the accounting and reporting provisions for disposals of a segment of a business as addressed in APB Opinion No. 30, "Reporting the Results of Operations—Reporting the Effects of Disposal of a Segment of a Business, and Extraordinary, Unusual and Infrequently Occurring Events and Transactions". SFAS No. 144 establishes a single accounting model for long-lived assets to be disposed of by sale and addresses various implementation issues of SFAS No. 121. In addition, SFAS No. 144 extends the reporting requirements of discontinued operations to include components of an entity that have either been disposed of or are classified as held for sale. The Company adopted SFAS No. 144 as of January 1, 2002.

During 2004, the Company disposed of an assisted living community and entered into a contract to sell a second assisted living community. These have been reflected as assets held for sale. Revenue for the two properties was \$841,000 and \$1,986,000 in 2004 and 2003, respectively. The net loss from operations for the two properties was \$184,000 and \$395,000 in 2004 and 2003, respectively

### Fiscal 2003 as Compared to Fiscal 2002

**Revenues and Operating Expenses from Real Estate Operations:** Revenues from our retirement facilities were \$2,598,000 in 2003, as compared to \$2,378,000 in 2002. Community operating expenses, which consist of retirement operations, lease expense and depreciation and amortization, were \$1,890,000 in 2003, as compared to \$1,745,000 in 2002. The increases in revenue and expenses in 2003 are primarily due to increased occupancy.

The Company also received revenue from fees and incurred costs for managing facilities for other third party entities. These fees and costs have been included in real estate revenue and operating expenses.

**Revenues and Operating Expenses from Oil & Gas Operations:** The Company acquired its oil & gas operations effective August 1, 2003. Revenues were \$449,000, operating expenses were \$400,000 and depletion and depreciation was \$41,000.

**Corporate General and Administrative Expenses:** These expenses were \$1,111,000 in 2003, as compared to \$2,329,000 in 2002. The decrease in the corporate general and administrative expenses is primarily a result of a decrease in salaries and related payroll expenses. Due to a significant reduction in the number of retirement communities operated by the Company, the number of employees on the corporate staff was reduced. The downsizing also resulted in an overall decrease in almost all general and administrative cost categories.

**Write-off of Impaired Assets and Related Expenses:** During 2002, the Company wrote down the recorded value of a property it was attempting to sell.

**Interest and Dividend Income:** Interest and dividend income was \$304,000 in 2003, as compared to \$412,000 in 2002. The decrease in interest and dividend income is a result of a reduction in the notes receivable held by the Company.

**Interest Expenses:** These expenses decreased to \$498,000 in 2003, as compared to

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\$840,000 in 2002. The decrease is due primarily to the reduction in the number of retirement communities.

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**Gain on Sale of Assets:** In 2001, the Company sold a property and received proceeds of both cash and a bond bearing interest at 9.5%. The payment of both principal and interest on the bond was based exclusively on the cash flow from the property sold. For financial statement purposes the bond was valued at zero.

In August 2003, the Company exchanged the bond for 100% of Gaywood Oil and Gas, LLC ("Gaywood"). Gaywood was valued by independent engineers as having a fair market value of \$1,169,000, which was recorded as a gain by the Company. In September 2003, the Company sold land it was holding for \$125,000 cash and recorded a loss of \$111,000 on the sale.

In November 2002, the Company sold its 56% interest in Muskogee Real Estate Investors, LP to Sylvia M. Gilley in exchange for a reduction of \$1,120,000 owed to Ms. Gilley and a one year extension on the remaining portion of the note due her of \$2,255,000. The Company recorded income of \$930,000.

**Other Income( Expenses):** Other income was \$342,000 in 2003 and a negative \$1,153,000 in 2002. Other income in 2003 includes reimbursement of a prior year insurance claim, the settlement of a lawsuit and settlements for certain prior year accounts payable.

In September 2002, the Company entered into a venture with a third party to secure partnership interests in future acquisitions of assisted living communities. The agreement required the Company to pay \$660,000 over the next twelve months to fund the cost of the due diligence for these acquisitions. There could be no assurance that this venture would be successful so the Company charged the entire cost to expense. The Company recorded its 56% investment CREI by the equity method of accounting. The Company's share of the operating losses of this partnership was \$621,000. On September 30, 2002, CREI sold its two properties to a third party for a gain of \$2,315,000. The Company has deferred recognition of its 56% participation in the gain.

**Discontinued Operations:** In October 2001, the Financial Accounting Standard Board issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards #144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long Lived Assets". ("SFAS #144"). The Company adopted SFAS #144 effective January 1, 2002, which resulted in a presentation of the net operating results of qualifying properties sold in 2002 as a (loss) from discontinued operations for all periods presented. During 2002, the Company disposed of six properties. Revenue for the six properties was approximately \$4,698,000 in 2002. Operating expenses for the six properties were approximately \$5,325,000 in 2002. The loss on sale of these six properties was \$3,729,000, which includes income tax expense of \$440,000.

During 2004, the Company disposed of an assisted living community and entered into a contract to sell a second assisted living community, which has been reflected as an asset held for sale. Revenue for the two properties was \$1,986,000, and \$1,122,000 in 2003 and 2002, respectively. The net loss from operations for the two properties were \$395,000 and \$272,000 in 2003 and 2002, respectively

### Effect of Inflation

The Company's principal sources of revenue are from rents in a retirement community, an outlet shopping mall and its oil and gas operations. The operation of the real estate entities is affected by rental rates that are highly

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dependent upon market conditions and the competitive environment in the areas where the properties are located. Worldwide consumption patterns seem to preclude competition in the oil business in the foreseeable future. Compensation

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to employees and maintenance are the principal cost elements relative to the operations of the entities. Although the Company has not historically experienced any adverse effects of inflation on salaries or other operating expenses, there can be no assurance that such trends will continue or that, should inflationary pressures arise, the Company will be able to offset such costs by increasing rental rates in its real estate properties. The price of oil is dictated by market conditions and the Company could not arbitrarily increase the price of its oil.

### Forward Looking Statements

"Safe Harbor" Statement under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995: A number of the matters and subject areas discussed in this filing that are not historical or current facts deal with potential future circumstances, operations and prospects. The discussion of such matters and subject areas is qualified by the inherent risks and uncertainties surrounding future expectations generally, and also may materially differ from the Company's actual future experience involving any one or more of such matters and subject areas relating to interest rate fluctuations, ability to obtain adequate debt and equity financing, demand, pricing, competition, construction, licensing, permitting, construction delays on new developments contractual and licensure, and other delays on the disposition, transition, or restructuring of currently or previously owned, leased or managed communities in the Company's portfolio, and the ability of the Company to continue managing its costs and cash flow while maintaining high occupancy rates and market rate assisted living charges in its assisted living communities. The Company has attempted to identify, in context, certain of the factors that it currently believes may cause actual future experience and results to differ from The Company's current expectations regarding the relevant matter or subject area. These and other risks and uncertainties are detailed in the Company's reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), including The Company's Annual Reports on Form 10-K and Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q.

### ITEM 7A: QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

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Nearly all of the Company's debt is financed at fixed rates of interest. Therefore, the Company has minimal risk from exposure to changes in interest rates.

### ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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The financial statements required by this Item begin at page F-1 of this report.

### ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND

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#### FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

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Effective February 9, 2004, the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors of the

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Company engaged the Plano, Texas accounting firm of Farmer, Fuqua & Huff, P.C. as the independent accountants to audit the Company's financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003. During the Company's two most recent fiscal years and any subsequent interim period, the Company had not consulted with Farmer, Fuqua & Huff, P.C. or any of its members about the application of accounting principles to any specified transaction or any other matter. The decision to change accountants was approved by the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company. Audit Committee members are Dan Locklear, James Huffstickler and Victor Lund.

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The engagement, effective February 9, 2004, of Farmer, Fuqua & Huff, P.C. as the new independent accountants for the Company necessarily resulted in the termination or dismissal of the principal accountant which audited the Company's financial statements for the two fiscal years ended December 31, 2002, Grant Thornton LLP. Grant Thornton LLP's reports dated March 28, 2002 and March 18, 2003 did not contain any adverse opinion or disclaimer of opinion, nor were the qualified or modified as to uncertainty, audit scope or accounting principles. During the Company's two most recent fiscal years and subsequent interim period through February 9, 2004, there were no disagreements between the Company and Grant Thornton LLP concerning any matter of accounting principles or practices, financial statement disclosure or auditing scope or procedure which disagreements, if not resolved to Grant Thornton LLP's satisfaction, would have caused them to make reference to the subject matter of the disagreement in connection with their report; there were no reportable events described in Item 304(a)(1)(v) of Regulation S-K.

### ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

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As required by Rule 13a-15(b), the Company's management, including the principal executive officer, chief financial officer and principal accounting officer, conducted an evaluation as of the end of the period covered by this report of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(e). Based on that evaluation, the chief executive officer and the chief financial officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report. As required by Rule 13(a)-15(d), the Company's management, including the chief executive officer, chief financial officer and principal accounting officer, also conducted an evaluation of the Company's internal controls over financial reporting to determine whether any changes occurred in the fourth fiscal quarter that materially affected, or are reasonably like to materially effect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Based on that evaluation, there has been no such change during the fourth fiscal quarter.

It should be noted that any system of controls, however well designed and operated, can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance that the objectives of the system will be met. In addition, the design of any control system is based in part on certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events.

### ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION

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Not applicable.

PART III

ITEM 10. DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF THE REGISTRANT

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Directors

The affairs of the Company are managed by the Board of Directors. The directors are elected at the Annual Meeting of Stockholders or appointed by the incumbent Board and serve until the next Annual Meeting of Stockholders or until a successor has been elected or approved.

After December 31, 2003 changes occurred involving the creation of Board Committees, the adoption of Committee charters, the adoption of a Code of Ethics for Senior Financial Officers and the adoption of Guidelines for Director Independence. Also, following the acquisition of two U.S. entities in October 2004, and following the Annual Meeting of Stockholders held on October 20, 2004, Ronald C. Finley, Chief Executive Officer of CableTEL AD was elected a director, Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of the Company.

It is the Board's objective that a majority of the Board consists of independent directors. For a director to be considered "independent", the Board must determine that the director does not have any direct or indirect material relationship with the Company. The Board has established guidelines to assist it in determining director independence, which conform to, or are more exacting than, the independence requirements in the American Stock Exchange listing rules. The independence guidelines are set forth in the Company's "Corporate Governance Guidelines". The text of this document has been posted on the Company's internet website at <http://www.cabeltel.us>, and is available in print to any stockholder who requests it. In addition to applying these guidelines, the Board will consider all relevant facts and circumstances in making an independent determination.

The Company has adopted a code of conduct that applies to all directors, officers and employees, including our principal executive officer, principal financial officer and principal accounting officer. Stockholders may find our Code of Conduct on our internet website address at <http://www.cabeltel.us>. We will post any amendments to the Code of Conduct, as well as any waivers that are required to be disclosed by the rules of the SEC or the AMEX on our website.

Our Board of Directors has adopted charters for our Audit, Compensation and Governance and Nominating Committees of the Board of Directors. Stockholders may find these documents on our website by going to the website address <http://www.cabeltel.us>. Stockholders may also obtain a printed copy of the materials referred to by contacting us at the following address:

CabelTel International Corporation  
(formerly Greenbriar Corporation)  
Attn: Investor Relations  
1755 Wittington Place, Suite 340  
Dallas, Texas 75234



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The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors is an "audit committee" for the purposes of Section 3(a) (58) of the Exchange Act. The members of that Committee are Dan Locklear (Chairman), James Huffstickler and Victor Lund. Mr. Locklear, a member of the Audit Committee, is qualified as an "audit committee financial expert" within the meaning of SEC regulations, and the Board has determined that he has the accounting and related financial management expertise within the meaning of the listing standards of the AMEX. All of the members of the Audit Committee meet the independence and experience requirements of the listing standards of the AMEX.

All members of the Audit Committee, Compensation Committee and the Governance and Nominating Committee must be independent directors. Members of the Audit Committee must also satisfy additional independence requirements which provide (i) that they may not accept, directly or indirectly, any consulting, advisory or compensatory fee from the Company or any of its subsidiaries other than their director's compensation (other than in their capacity as a member of the Audit Committee, the Board of Directors or any other Committee of the Board), and (ii) no member of the Audit Committee may be an "affiliated person" of the Company or any of its subsidiaries, as defined by the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The current directors of the Company are listed below, together with their ages, terms of service, all positions and offices with the Company, their principal occupations, business experience and directorships with other companies during the last five years or more. The designation "affiliated", when used below with respect to a director, means that the director is an officer or employee of the Company or one of its subsidiaries. The designation "independent", when used below with respect to a director, means that the director is neither an officer of the Company or a director, officer or employee of a subsidiary of the Company, although the Company may have certain business or professional relationships with the director as discussed in Item 13, "Certain Relationships and Related Transactions".

Roz Campisi Beadle, age 48, (Independent) Director since December 2003  
Ms. Beadle is Executive Vice President of Unified Housing Foundation and a licensed realtor. She has a background in public relations and marketing. Ms. Beadle is also extremely active in various civic and community services and is currently working with the Congressional Medal of Honor Society and on the Medal of Honor Host City Committee in Gainesville, Texas.

Gene S. Bertcher, age 56 (Affiliated) Director November 1989 to September 1996 and since June 1999  
Mr. Bertcher was elected President and Chief Financial Officer effective November 1, 2004. From January 3, 2003 until that date he was also Chief Executive Officer. Mr. Bertcher has been Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of the Company since November 1989. He has been a certified public accountant since 1973.

Ronald C. Finley, age 55, (Affiliated) Director since November 1, 2004  
Mr. Finley became a Director and Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company on November 1, 2004. He is also President and Chief Executive Officer of CableTEL AD, the Company's largest subsidiary. Mr. Finley is also Chairman or Managing Partner with the following entities: Global Communication Technologies, Inc., a company specializing in switch system integration, sales and maintenance of switching systems; Global Communication Group, Inc., a company that maintains a fiber optic network that provides a private international long distance

service for the hotel/resort industry in Bulgaria; World Trade Company, LTD, specializing in investment privatization opportunities in Bulgaria and Eastern Europe; and The Pinnacle Property, Inc. and Ellis Development Company, Inc., which are vertically integrated, full-service real estate companies specializing in the ownership, management and leasing of retail shopping centers located throughout the southwestern United States. Mr. Finley is a graduate of the University of Shippensburg with a degree in business administration.

James E. Huffstickler, age 62, (Independent) Director since December 2003  
Mr. Huffstickler has been Chief Financial Officer of Sunchase America, Ltd., a multi-state property management company, for more than the past five years. He is a graduate of the University of South Carolina and was formerly employed by Southmark Management, Inc., a nationwide real estate management company. Mr. Huffstickler has been a certified public accountant since 1976.

Dan Locklear, age 52 (Independent) Director since December 2003  
Mr. Locklear has been chief financial officer of Sunridge Management Group, a real estate management company, for more than the past five years. Mr. Locklear was formerly employed by Johnstown Management Company, Inc. and Trammel Crow Company. Mr. Locklear has been a certified public accountant since 1981 and a licensed real estate broker in the State of Texas since 1978.

Victor L. Lund, age 76 (Independent) Director since March 1996  
Mr. Lund founded Wedgwood Retirement Inns, Inc. in 1977, which became a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company in 1996. For most of Wedgwood's existence, Mr. Lund was Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer, positions he held until Wedgwood was acquired by the Company. Mr. Lund is President and Chief Executive Officer of Wedgwood Services, Inc., a construction services company not affiliated with the Company.

#### Board Committees

The Board of Directors held two meetings during 2004 and acted by unanimous consent one time. For such year, no incumbent director attended fewer than 75% of the aggregate of (i) the total number of meetings held by the Board during the period for which he or she had been a director, and (ii) the total number of meetings held by all Committees of the Board on which he or she served during the period that he or she served.

The Board of Directors has standing Audit, Compensation and Governance and Nominating Committees. The Audit Committee was formed on December 12, 2003, and its function is to review the Company's operating and accounting procedures. A Charter of the Audit Committee has been adopted by the Board. The current members of the Audit Committee, all of whom are independent within the SEC regulations, the listing standards of the AMEX and the Company's Corporate Governance Guidelines are Messrs. Locklear (Chairman), Huffstickler and Lund. Mr. Dan Locklear is qualified as an Audit Committee financial expert within the meaning of SEC regulations, and the Board has determined that he has the accounting and related financial management expertise within the meaning of the listing standards of the AMEX.

The Governance and Nominating Committee is responsible for developing and implementing policies and practices relating to the corporate governance, including reviewing and monitoring implementation of the Company's Corporate Governance Guidelines. In addition, the Committee develops and reviews

background information on candidates for the Board and makes recommendations to the Board regarding such candidates. The Committee also prepares and supervises the Board's annual review of director independence and the Board's performance and self-evaluation. The Charter of the Governance and Nominating Committee was adopted on October 20, 2004. The members of the Committee are Messrs. Huffstickler (Chairman) and Lund and Ms. Beadle.

The Board has also formed a Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors, adopted a Charter for the Compensation Committee on October 20, 2004, and selected Ms. Beadle (Chairman) and Messrs. Huffstickler and Locklear as members of such Committee.

The members of the Board of Directors at the date of this Report and the Committees of the Board on which they serve are identified below:

Director	Audit Committee	Governance and Nominating Committee	Compensation Committee
Roz Campisi Beadle		X	Chairman
Gene S. Bertcher			
Ronald C. Finley		Chairman	
James E. Huffstickler	X		X
Dan Locklear	Chairman		X
Victor L. Lund	X	X	

During October 2004, the Board adopted its Corporate Governance Guidelines. The Guidelines adopted by the Board meet or exceed the new listing standards adopted during the year by the AMEX. Pursuant to the Guidelines, the Board undertook its annual review of director independence, and during this review, the Board considered transactions and relationships between each director or any member of his or her immediate family and the Company and its subsidiaries and affiliates, including those reported under Certain Relationships and Related Transactions below. The Board also examined transactions and relationships between directors or their affiliates and members of the Company's senior management or their affiliates. As provided in the Guidelines, the purpose of such review was to determine whether such relationships or transactions were inconsistent with the determination that the director is independent.

Executive Officers

The following persons currently serve as executive officers of the Company: Ronald C. Finley, Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer, Gene S. Bertcher, President and Chief Financial Officer, and Oscar Smith, Vice President and Secretary. Their positions with the Company are not subject to a vote of stockholders. Their ages, terms of service and all positions and offices with the Company, other principal occupations, business experience and directorships with other companies during the last five years or more are listed below. For information relating to Messrs. Finley and Bertcher, see the descriptions under the caption "Directors" above.

Oscar Smith, age 62, Secretary (since December 2001), Vice President (since 1994)

Mr. Smith has been Secretary of the Company since December 2001. He has been Vice President of the Company since June 1994. Prior to joining the Company he owned and operated a multi-unit retail and manufacturing business in Norfolk, Virginia.

In addition to the foregoing officers, the Company has other officers not listed herein who are not considered executive officers.

Code of Ethics

The Board of Directors has adopted a code of ethics entitled "Code of Business Conduct and Ethics" that applies to all directors, officers and employees of the Company and its subsidiaries. In addition, the Company has adopted a code of ethics entitled "Code of Ethics for Senior Financial Officers" that applies to the principal executive officer, president, principal financial officer, chief financial officer, principal accounting officer and controller. The text of these documents has been posted on the Company's internet website address at <http://www.cabeltel.us> and are available in print to any stockholder who requests them.

Section 16(a). Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance

Based solely upon a review of Forms 3, 4 and 5 furnished to the Company pursuant to Rule 16a-3(e) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"), or upon written representations received by the Company, the Company is not aware of any failure by any director, officer or beneficial owner of more than 10% of the Company's common stock to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission on a timely basis.

ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

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The following tables set forth the compensation paid by the Company for services rendered during the fiscal years ended December 31, 2004, 2003 and 2002 to the Chief Executive Officer of the Company and to the other executive officers of the Company whose total annual salary in 2004 exceeded \$100,000, the number of options granted to any of such persons during 2004 and the value of the unexercised options held by any of such persons on December 31, 2004.

Summary Compensation Table

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Long Term  
Compensation-  
Number of  
Shares of  
Common Stock

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Name and Principal Position	Year	Annual Compensation-Salary	Underlying Options	All Other Compensation (1)
Gene S. Bertcher, President, Chief Financial Officer and until 11/1/04, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer	2004 2003 2002	\$137,000 134,000 14,000	-- --	\$ -- 6,500 6,500
Ronald C. Finley, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer since 11/1/04	2004			

(1) Constitutes directors' fees paid by the Company to the named individuals.

Option Grants Table  
(Option Grants in Last Fiscal Year)

Name	Number of Securities Underlying Options Granted	Percent of Total Options Granted to Employees in Fiscal Year	Exercise or Base Price Per Share	Expiration Date
		NONE		

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Aggregated Option Exercises in Last Fiscal Year and FY-End Option Values

Name	Shares Acquired on Exercise	Value Realized	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options at 2002 FY-End Exercisable Unexercisable	Value of Unexercised In-the-Money Options at 2002 FY-End Exercisable Unexercisable

Stock Option Plan.

The Board of Directors administers the Company's 1997 Stock Option Plan (the "1997 Plan") and the 2000 Stock Option Plan (the "2000 Plan"), each of which provides for grants of incentive and non-qualified stock options to the Company's executive officers, as well as its directors and other key employees

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and consultants. Under the two Plans, options are granted to provide incentives to participants to promote long-term performance of the Company and specifically, to retain and motivate senior management in achieving a sustained increase in stockholder value. Currently, none of the Plans has a pre-set formula or criteria for determining the number of options that may be granted. The exercise price for an option granted is determined by the Compensation Committee, in an amount not less than 100 percent of the fair market value of the Company's common stock on the date of grant. The Compensation Committee reviews and evaluates the overall compensation package of the executive officers and determines the awards based on the overall performance of the Company and the individual performance of the executive officers. The Company's stock plans total 50,000 shares of common stock under the 1997 Plan and 50,000 shares of common stock under the 2000 Plan. Options have been granted for all shares reserved under the 1997 Plan and 10,000 shares for the 2000 Plan.

### Compensation of Directors

The Company pays each non-employee director a fee of \$2,500 per year, plus a meeting fee of \$2,000 for each board meeting attended. Company employee directors serve with no fees being paid. CableTEL AD pays each of its three directors \$6,200 per month.

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### Performance Graph

The following graph compares the cumulative total return on a \$100 investment in the company's common stock on December 31, 2000 through December 31, 2004, based on the company's closing stock price on December 31 for each of those years. The same information is provided using the Standard & Poor 500 index and the Dow Jones Total Market Index.

[GRAPHIC OMITTED]

### ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT

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The following table sets forth as of March 31, 2005, certain information with respect to all stockholders known by the company to own beneficially more than 5% of the outstanding common stock, which is the only outstanding class of securities of the company, except for Series J 2% Preferred Stock and Series B Preferred Stock (the ownership of which is immaterial), as well as information with respect to the Company's Common Stock owned beneficially by each director, director nominee and current executive officers whose compensation from the

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company in 2004 exceeded \$100,000, and by all directors and executive officers as a group. Unless otherwise indicated, each of these stockholders has sole voting and investment power with respect to the shares beneficially owned.

Common Stock		
Name of Beneficial Owner	No. of Shares	Percent of Class*
Victor L. Lund(1)	108,994	11.16%
Gene S. Bertcher(2)	71,811	7.35%
Roz Campisi Beadle	100	**

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Common Stock		
Name of Beneficial Owner	No. of Shares	Percent of Class*
Ronald C. Finley(8)	-	-
James E. Huffstickler	-	-
Dan Locklear	-	-
JRG Investments, Inc.(3) (5)	156,884	16.06%
TacCo Financial, Inc.(3) (4) (6)	228,726	23.41%
International Health Products, Inc.(3) (7)	9,770	1.02%
All executive officers and directors as a group (six persons)	180,905	18.52%

\* Based on 977,004 shares of common stock outstanding at March 31, 2005.

\*\* less than 1%

- (1) Consists of 108,994 shares of common stock owned by Mr. Lund.
- (2) Consists of 71,811 shares of common stock owned by Mr. Bertcher.
- (3) Based on a Schedule 13D, amended December 14, 2004, filed by each of these entities and by Gene E. Phillips, an individual, each of these entities owns of record the number of shares set forth for such entity in the table. The Form 13D indicates that these entities, Mr. Phillips and Basic Capital Management, Inc., collectively, may be deemed a "Person" within the meaning of Section 13D of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
- (4) Consists of 228,726 shares of common stock (which does not include 156,884 shares held by JRG Investments, Inc. or an option to 40,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.60 per share). TacCo Financial, Inc. also holds a Warrant to purchase 170,000 shares at \$3.58 per share exercisable only after stockholder approval to exchange the Company's Series J 2% Preferred Stock for common stock before October 1, 2005, and not exercisable if such approval does not occur.
- (5) Officers and Directors of JRG Investment Co., Inc. ("JRG") are J. T. Tackett, Director, President and Treasurer and E. Wayne Starr, Director, Chairman and CEO. JRG is a wholly owned subsidiary of Tacco Financial, Inc.
- (6) Officers and Directors of Tacco Financial, Inc. ("TFI") are J.T. Tackett, Director, Chairman and CEO; J.T. Tackett, Director, President

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and Treasurer and Mary K. Willett, Vice president and Secretary. TFI's stock is owned by Electrical Networks, Inc. (75%) and Starr Investments (25%).

- (7) Officers and Directors of International Health Products, Inc. ("IHPI") are Ken L. Joines, Director, President and Treasurer; Bradford A. Phillips, Vice President and Jamie Cobb, Secretary. IHPI is wholly owned by a trust for the benefit of the wife and children of Gene E. Phillips.
- (8) It is anticipated that approval will occur for the owners of the Series J 2% Preferred stock to exchange their preferred shares for shares of common stock. Mr. Finley owns 14,175 shares of Series J 2% Preferred Stock which if, as anticipated by the Company, exchanged for Common Stock would be 3,954,825 shares, or approximately 40.5% of the then outstanding common stock.

On October 12, 2004, the Company entered into an Acquisition Agreement with four individuals, Ronald C. Finley, Jeffrey A. Finley, Bradford A. Phillips and Gene E. Phillips, pursuant to which the Company acquired in a stock-for-stock exchange all of the issued and outstanding equity interests of two privately-held U.S. corporations, Finley Equities, Inc., a Texas corporation ("FEINC"), and American Realty Management, Inc., a Nevada corporation ("ARM"), in exchange for the issuance of 31,500 shares of the Company's newly-designated Series J 2% Preferred Stock, liquidation value \$1,000 per share. FEINC and ARM each owned an undivided one-half of the equity interest in Tacaruna B.V., a Netherlands company, which in turn directly owned 30% of CableTEL AD. Tacaruna B.V. also owned 64% of the equity of Narisma Holdings, Ltd., a Cyprus company,

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which in turn owns the balance of 70% of CableTEL AD. Prior to this transaction, the Company had no material relationship with Ronald C. Finley, Jeffrey A. Finley or Bradford A. Phillips. Bradford A. Phillips is the son of Gene E. Phillips. Gene E. Phillips is an individual who has significant contact with and influence upon matters handled by Basic Capital Management, Inc., a Nevada corporation ("BCM"), International Health Products, Inc., a Nevada corporation ("IHPI"), TacCo Financial, Inc., a Nevada corporation ("TFI"), and its wholly-owned subsidiary, JRG Investment Co., Inc., a Nevada corporation ("JRG"). Reference is made to the preceding table for the common stock ownership of such entities.

The consideration given by the Company for the assets received was an aggregate of 31,500 shares of the Company's newly-designated Series J 2% Preferred Stock, liquidation value \$1,000 per share. Such Series J 2% Preferred Stock has the right to receive cumulative cash dividends of \$20 per share per annum, payable quarterly, payment of \$1,000 per share in the event of dissolution, liquidation or winding-up of the Company before any distribution is made by the Company to its common stockholders, optional redemption at any time after September 30, 2006 at a price of \$1,000 per share plus cumulative dividends, no initial right of conversion into any other securities of the Company, and voting rights consisting of five votes per share voting together with all other classes of stock. Subsequently, on February 16, 2005, Gene E. Phillips contributed all 12,600 shares of Series J 2% Preferred Stock to CIC Investment LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, of which Gene E. Phillips is the sole member. Also on February 15, 2005, Bradford A. Phillips sold and transferred 1,575 shares of Series J 2% Preferred Stock to PS II Management LLC, a Texas limited liability



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company, which is indirectly owned by a trust for the benefit of the children of Bradford A. Phillips. Bradford A. Phillips retained the other 1,575 shares of Series J 2% Preferred Stock.

The Acquisition Agreement contained customary representations, warranties and covenants by the parties, but also required that as soon as reasonably practicable and in no event later than September 30, 2005, that the Company present the transaction represented by the Acquisition Agreement, together with a proposed mandatory exchange of Series J 2% Preferred Stock for Common Stock to its current stockholders in accordance with the applicable requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the AMEX for a vote (or written consent by the requisite number) of stockholders to approve the transaction, including a mandatory exchange of all shares of Series J 2% Preferred Stock for shares of the Company's Common Stock on the basis of 279 shares of Common Stock for each share of Series J 2% Preferred Stock, which would result in an aggregate of 8,788,500 shares of Common Stock being issued to the four individuals or their transferees, which would then constitute at least 89% of the total issued and outstanding shares of Common Stock of the Company, all subject to the listing requirements with the AMEX. If the proposal is ultimately approved by the requisite number of votes of stockholders, it would result in the following individuals or entities owning the number of shares of Common Stock of the Company set forth opposite their respective names below by virtue of the exchange of the shares of Series J 2% Preferred Stock for Common Stock, which, based upon a new total number of shares of Common Stock then to be outstanding of 9,765,504 shares, would result in such individuals or entities owning the then percentage of the total outstanding shares of Common Stock set forth opposite the number of shares in the following table:

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Name of Stockholder	No. of Shares of Series J 2% Preferred Stock Owned	Assumed Exchange of Common Stock No. of Shares Owned	Anticipated Percentage of Then Outstanding Shares of Common Stock After Exchange
Jeffrey A. Finley	1,575	439,425	4.50%
Ronald C. Finley	14,175	3,954,825	40.50%
Bradford A. Phillips	1,575	439,425	4.50%
CIC Investment LLC	12,600	3,515,400	36.00%
PS II Management LLC	1,575	439,425	4.50%

Assuming the proposal is ultimately approved by the requisite number of votes, a change in control of the Company would occur. As a result of such exchange, Gene E. Phillips, the sole member of CIC Investment LLC, would beneficially own 3,515,400 shares of Common Stock, constituting 36% of the then issued and outstanding shares of Common Stock, and three corporations, TFI, JRG and IHPI would also own in the aggregate 395,380 shares of Common Stock of the Company, or approximately 4.05% of the then issued and outstanding shares of Common Stock. Also, Ronald C. Finley, Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, would beneficially own 3,954,825 shares of Common Stock of the Company, or approximately 40.5% of the then issued and outstanding shares of Common Stock.

If the proposal does not ultimately receive the approval of the requisite number of votes of stockholders prior to September 30, 2005, then at any time

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thereafter until September 30, 2006, the holders of the shares of Series J 2% Preferred Stock have the option exercisable by all of them to either:

- o rescind in full and revoke the transaction covered by the Acquisition Agreement by returning all 31,500 shares of Series J 2% Preferred Stock to the Company, upon which the Company shall be obligated to deliver back to such holders all equity securities of any entity owning all of the ordinary shares and other securities of Tacaruna BV or CableTEL AD, or
- o deliver to the Company all 31,500 shares of Series J 2% Preferred Stock and receive in exchange therefor all of the ordinary shares and other securities of Tacaruna BV outstanding and owned by the Company such that such holders will become the owners and holders of all of the issued and outstanding securities of Tacaruna BV, which in turn continues to own shares of CableTEL AD and shares of Narisma Holdings, Ltd.

### ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS.

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In October 2004 the Company issued Series J 2% Preferred Stock to acquire 74.8% of CableTEL AD. Certain of the holders of the Series J 2% Preferred Stock are deemed to be related parties with the Company. See Item 12 above for a description of the Acquisition Agreement and continuing requirements upon the Company to submit certain matters to the stockholders for approval.

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The Company, through subsidiaries, owns 30% of CableTEL AD directly and owns 64% of Narisma Holdings, Ltd., a Cyprus company that owns the remaining 70% of CableTEL AD. Collectively, the Company has effective ownership of 74.8% of CableTEL AD. In January 2005, Envicon Development Corporation, a company indirectly owned by Gene E. Phillips, acquired the 36% of Narisma Holdings Ltd. which represents 25.2% of CableTEL AD.

It is the policy of the company that all transactions between the Company and any officer or director, or any of their affiliates, must be approved by non-management members of the board of directors of the company. All of the transactions described above were so approved.

### ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING FEES AND SERVICES

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The following table sets forth the aggregate fees for professional services rendered to the Company for the years 2004 and 2003 by the Company's principal accounting firms, Grant Thornton LLP (January 2003 through January 2004) and Farmer, Fuqua & Huff, P.C. (February 9, 2004 through December 31, 2004):

Type of Fees	2004 (a)	2003 (b)
Audit Fees	\$166,110	\$ 94,259
Audit Related Fees	4,701	
Tax Fees	3,000	42,524
All Other Fees	--	--

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Total Fees	\$173,811	\$136,783
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(a) The amount of audit fees paid to Farmer, Fuqua & Huff, P.C. for January 2004 through December 2004 was \$30,000; the amount of audit fees paid to Grant Thornton LLP in 2004 was \$4,701. The amount of tax fees paid to Farmer, Fuqua & Huff, P.C. for January 2004 through December 2004 was \$8,625; the amount of tax fees paid to Grant Thornton for January 2004 through December 2004 was \$3,000.

(b) The amount of audit fees paid to Grant Thornton LLP for January 2003 through December 2003 was \$50,620.

All services rendered by the principal auditors are permissible under applicable laws and regulations and were pre-approved by either of the Board of Directors or the Audit Committee, as required by law. The fees paid to principal auditors for services described in the above table fall under the categories listed below:

**Audit Fees.** These are fees for professional services performed by the principal auditor for the audit of the Company's annual financial statements and review of financial statements included in the Company's Form 10-Q filings and services that are normally provided in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements.

**Audit-Related Fees.** These are fees for assurance and related services performed by the principal auditor that are reasonably related to the performance of the audit or review of the Company's financial statements. These services include attestation by the principal auditor that are not required by statute or regulation and consulting on financial accounting/reporting standards.

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**Tax Fees.** These are fees for professional services performed by the principal auditor with respect to tax compliance, tax planning, tax consultation, returns preparation and reviews of returns. The review of tax returns includes the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries.

**All Other Fees.** These are fees for other permissible work performed by the principal auditor that does not meet the above category descriptions.

These services are actively monitored (as to both spending level and work content) by the Audit Committee to maintain the appropriate objectivity and independence in the principal auditor's core work, which is the audit of the Company's consolidated financial statements.

### Financial Information Systems Design and Implementation Fees

Farmer, Fuqua & Huff did not render any professional services to the Company in 2004 with respect to financial information systems design and implementation.

Under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (the "SO Act"), and the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors is responsible for the appointment, compensation and oversight of the work of the independent auditor. The purpose of the provisions of the SO Act and the SEC rules for the Audit Committee role in retaining the independent auditor is two-fold. First, the authority and responsibility for the

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appointment, compensation and oversight of the auditors should be with directors who are independent of management. Second, any non-audit work performed by the auditors should be reviewed and approved by these same independent directors to ensure that any non-audit services performed by the auditor do not impair the independence of the independent auditor. To implement the provisions of the SO Act, the SEC issued rules specifying the types of services that an independent auditor may not provide to its audit client, and governing the Audit Committee's administration of the engagement of the independent auditor. As part of this responsibility, the Audit Committee is required to pre-approve the audit and non-audit services performed by the independent auditor in order to assure that they do not impair the auditor's independence. Accordingly, the Audit Committee has adopted a pre-approval policy of audit and non-audit services (the "Policy"), which sets forth the procedures and conditions pursuant to which services to be performed by the independent auditor are to be pre-approved. Consistent with the SEC rules establishing two different approaches to pre-approving non-prohibited services, the Policy of the Audit Committee covers pre-approval of audit services, audit-related services, international administration tax services, non-U.S. income tax compliance services, pension and benefit plan consulting and compliance services, and U.S. tax compliance and planning. At the beginning of each fiscal year, the Audit Committee will evaluate other known potential engagements of the independent auditor, including the scope of work proposed to be performed and the proposed fees, and the

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approve or reject each service, taking into account whether services are permissible under applicable law and the possible impact of each non-audit service on the independent auditor's independence from management. Typically, in addition to the generally pre-approved services, other services would include due diligence for an acquisition that may or may not have been known at the beginning of the year. The Audit Committee has also delegated to any member of the Audit Committee designated by the Board or the financial expert member of the Audit Committee responsibilities to pre-approve services to be performed by the independent auditor not exceeding \$25,000 in value or cost per engagement of audit and non-audit services, and such authority may only be exercised when the Audit Committee is not in session.

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PART IV

ITEM 15. EXHIBITS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

- (a) The following documents are filed as a part of this report:
- (1) FINANCIAL STATEMENTS: The following financial statements of the Registrant and the Report of Independent Public Accountants therein are filed as part of this Report on Form 10-K:
- Report of Farmer, Fuqua & Huff, P.C.....F-1
- Report of Grant Thornton LLP.....F-2
- Consolidated Balance Sheets.....F-3
- Consolidated Statement of Operations.....F-5
- Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.....F-6
- Consolidated Statement of Changes in  
Stockholders' Equity.....F-8
- Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.....F-9
- (2) FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES: Other financial statement schedules have been omitted because the information required to be set forth therein is not applicable, is immaterial or is shown in the consolidated financial statements or notes thereto.
- (3) EXHIBITS

The following documents are filed as exhibits (or are incorporated by reference as indicated) into this Report:

Exhibit Designation	Exhibit Description
3.1	Articles of Incorporation of Medical Resource Companies of America (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Registrant's Form S-4 Registration Statement No. 333-55968 dated December 21, 1992)
3.2	Amendment to the Articles of Incorporation of Medical Resource Companies of America (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.5 to Registrant's Form 8-K dated April 1, 1993)
3.3	Restated Articles of Incorporation of Greenbriar Corporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1.1 to Registrant's Form 10-K dated December 31, 1995)

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Exhibit Designation	Exhibit Description
3.4	Amendment to the Articles of Incorporation of Medical Resource Companies of America (incorporated by reference to Exhibit to Registrant's PRES 14-C dated February 27, 1996)
3.5	Bylaws of Registrant (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to Registrant's Form S-4 Registration Statement No. 333-55968 dated December 21, 1992)
3.6	Amendment to Section 3.1 of Bylaws of Registrant adopted October 9, 2003 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2.1 to Registrant's Form S-4 Registration Statement No. 333-55968 dated December 21, 1992)
3.7	Certificate of Decrease in Authorized and Issued Shares effective November 30, 2001 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1.7 to Registrant's Form 10-K dated December 31, 2002)
3.8	Certificate of Designations, Preferences and Rights of Preferred Stock dated May 7, 1993 relating to Registrant's Series B Preferred Stock (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1.2 to Registrant's Form S-3 Registration Statement No. 333-64840 dated June 22, 1993)
3.9	Certificate of Voting Powers, Designations, Preferences and Rights of Registrant's Series F Senior Convertible Preferred Stock dated December 31, 1997 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.2.2 of Registrant's Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1997)
3.10	Certificate of Voting Powers, Designations, Preferences and Rights of Registrant's Series G Senior Non-Voting Convertible Preferred Stock dated December 31, 1997 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.2.3 of Registrant's Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1997)
3.11	Certificate of Designations dated October 12, 2004 as filed with the Secretary of State of Nevada on October 13, 2004 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.4 of Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K for event occurring October 12, 2004)
3.12	Certificate of Amendment to Articles of Incorporation effective February 8, 2005 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.5 of Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K for event occurring February 8, 2005)
10.1	Registrant's 1997 Stock Option Plan (filed as Exhibit 4.1 to Registrant's Form S-8 Registration Statement, Registration No. 333-33985 and incorporated herein by this reference).
10.2	Registrant's 2000 Stock Option Plan (filed as Exhibit 4.1 to Registrant's Form S-8 Registration Statement, Registration No. 333-50868 and incorporated herein by this reference)

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Exhibit Designation	Exhibit Description
10.3	Form of Umbrella Agreement between Greenbriar Corporation, James R. Gilley and Jon Harder, Sunwest Management, Inc. et al
10.4	Form of Acquisition Agreement between Greenbriar Corporation, Ronald Finley, Jeffery A. Finley, Bradford A. Phillips and Gene E. Phillips dated October 12, 2004 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K for event occurring October 12, 2004)
10.5	Warrant to Purchase 20,000 shares of Common Stock issued October 20, 2004
10.6	Warrant to Purchase 170,000 shares of Common Stock issued October 20, 2004
14.0	Code of Ethics for Senior Financial Officers (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 14.0 to Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003)
21.0*	Subsidiaries of the Registrant
23.0*	Consent of Farmer, Fuqua & Hunt, P.C.
23.2*	Consent of Grant Thornton LLP
31.1*	Rule 13a-14(a) Certification by Chief Executive Officer
31.2*	Rule 13a-14(a) Certification by Chief Financial Officer
32.1*	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. ss. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
99.1*	Audited financial statements of CableTEL AD

\*Filed herewith.

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### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

CABELTEL INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION

November 18, 2005

by: /s/ Gene S. Bertcher

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Gene S. Bertcher, President and Chief Financial  
Officer

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders  
Cabeltel International Corporation, formerly Greenbriar Corporation

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Cabeltel International Corporation, formerly Greenbriar Corporation, and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2004, and 2003, and the related consolidated statements of income, shareholders' equity and cash flows for the years then ended. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement. The company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audits include consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion of the effectiveness of the company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Cabeltel International Corporation, formerly Greenbriar Corporation, and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2004, and 2003, and the consolidated results of their operations



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and their cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/ FARMER FUQUA & HUFF, P.C.

Plano, Texas  
April 15, 2005

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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Board of Directors and Stockholders  
Cabeltel International Corporation

We have audited the accompanying consolidated statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows of Cabeltel International Corporation (formerly Greenbriar Corporation) and subsidiaries for the year ended December 31, 2002. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement. The company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion of the effectiveness of the company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated results of operations and the consolidated cash flows of Cabeltel International Corporation and subsidiaries for the year ended December 31, 2002, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note 0 to the consolidated financial statements, on January 1, 2002, the Company adopted the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 144 "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets."

GRANT THORNTON LLP

Dallas, Texas  
March 28, 2003

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CabelTel International Corporation and Subsidiaries

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS  
(Amounts in thousands)

December 31,

ASSETS	2004	2003
	-----	-----
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 762	\$ 688
Accounts receivable - trade	222	100
Notes receivable	856	2,435
Property held for sale	1,760	1,859
Other current assets, net	103	198
	-----	-----
Total Current Assets	3,703	5,280
NOTES RECEIVABLE, net of deferred income	309	387
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, AT COST		
Land and improvements	2,232	2,446
Buildings and improvements	6,987	7,276
Equipment and furnishings	273	951
Proven oil and gas properties (full cost method)	1,479	1,361
	-----	-----
	10,971	12,034
Less accumulated depreciation, depletion, and amortization	(1,090)	(1,280)
	-----	-----
	9,881	10,754
DEFERRED INCOME TAX BENEFIT	1,161	1,161
DUE FROM CABLETEL AD	951	
DEPOSITS	36	232
OTHER ASSETS, NET	725	317
	-----	-----
Total Assets	\$ 16,766	\$ 18,131
	=====	=====

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

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## CabelTel International Corporation and Subsidiaries

### CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS - CONTINUED (Amounts in thousands, except share amounts)

December 31,

	2004	2003
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>		
Current maturities of long-term debt, including amounts to related parties of \$901	\$ 4,780	\$ 4,690
Current notes payable	240	5,571
Accounts payable - trade	687	503
Accrued expenses	828	633
Other current liabilities	--	931
	6,535	12,328
<b>LONG-TERM DEBT</b>	<b>8,338</b>	<b>2,053</b>
<b>OTHER NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>	<b>155</b>	<b>--</b>
<b>DEFERRED GAIN</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>740</b>
<b>OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>456</b>
	<b>15,028</b>	<b>15,577</b>
<b>STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Preferred stock, Series B	1	1
Preferred stock, Series J 2%	3,150	--
Preferred stock, Series J contra equity	(3,150)	--
Common stock, \$.01 par value; authorized, 4,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding, 977,000 shares	10	10
Additional paid-in capital	55,966	55,966
Accumulated deficit	(54,239)	(53,423)
	1,738	2,554
<b>Total liabilities &amp; equity</b>	<b>16,766</b>	<b>18,131</b>

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

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CabelTel International Corporation and Subsidiaries

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS  
(Amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Year ended December 31,		
	2004	2003	2002
	-----	-----	-----
Revenue			
Real estate operations	\$ 4,813	\$ 2,598	\$ 3,300
Oil and gas operations	1,410	449	--
	-----	-----	-----
	6,223	3,047	3,300
	-----	-----	-----
Operating expenses			
Real estate operations	2,925	996	1,366
Oil and gas operations	1,003	400	--
Lease expense	917	969	1,112
Depreciation, depletion, and amortization	570	160	300
General and administrative	1,715	1,111	2,329
Write-down of assets	--	--	266
	-----	-----	-----
	7,130	3,636	5,373
	-----	-----	-----
Operating loss	(907)	(589)	(2,073)
Other income (expense)			
Interest income	213	304	412
Interest expense	(991)	(498)	(840)
Gain on sale of assets, net	1,456	1,058	930
Other income (expense), net	(403)	342	(1,153)
	-----	-----	-----
	275	1,206	(651)
	-----	-----	-----
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations			
before income taxes	(632)	617	(2,724)
Income tax expense	--	--	749
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	(632)	617	(3,473)
	-----	-----	-----
Discontinued operations			
Loss from operations	(184)	(395)	(899)
Loss on disposal, (including taxes of \$440 in 2002)	--	--	(4,001)

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Loss from discontinued operations	(184)	(395)	(4,900)
Net earnings (loss)	(816)	222	(8,373)
Preferred dividend requirement	--	--	(4)
Net earnings (loss) applicable to common shares	\$ (816)	\$ 222	\$ (8,377)
Earnings (loss) per share - basic			
Continuing operations	\$ (0.65)	\$ 0.87	\$ (4.84)
Discontinued operations	(0.19)	(0.56)	(6.83)
Net earnings (loss) per share	\$ (0.84)	\$ 0.31	\$ (11.67)
Basic weighted average common shares	977	706	718

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

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CabelTel International Corporation and Subsidiaries

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS  
(Amounts in thousands)

	Year ended December 31,		
	2004	2003	2002
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net earnings (loss)	\$ (816)	\$ 222	\$ (8,373)
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities			
Depreciation and amortization	570	160	300
Depreciation from assets classified as discontinued operations	--	170	21
(Gain) loss from affiliates	(1,247)	(131)	612
(Gain) loss on sale of properties	(209)	(1,058)	3,561
Write-down of impaired assets	147	--	266
Deferred income taxes	--	--	1,189
Changes in operating assets and liabilities			
Accounts receivable - trade	(122)	(45)	395
Other current and non-current assets	(132)	174	(927)
Accounts payable and other liabilities	(357)	22	(929)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(2,166)	(486)	(3,885)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of property and equipment	(845)	(1,225)	(285)
Net repayment of notes receivable	1,579	334	--
Proceeds from sale of investments	--	--	1,098
Proceeds from sale of properties	--	126	7,460

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	-----	-----	-----
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	734	(765)	8,273
	-----	-----	-----
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from common stock issuance	--	792	--
Proceeds from borrowings	6,500	500	1,730
Payments on debt	(5,591)	(90)	(6,699)
Distributions from equity partnerships' financing cash flow	507	85	--
Dividends on preferred stock	--	--	(4)
Repurchase of common stock	--	(9)	--
Net advances from affiliates	90	--	--
	-----	-----	-----
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	1,506	1,278	(4,973)
	-----	-----	-----
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	74	27	(585)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	688	661	1,246
	-----	-----	-----
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 762	\$ 688	\$ 661

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

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CabelTel International Corporation and Subsidiaries

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - CONTINUED  
(Amounts in thousands)

Supplemental information on cash flows is as follows:

Interest paid	\$ 705	\$ 515	\$ 2,215
Income taxes paid	--	--	129
Non-cash investing and financing activities:			
Notes received from sale of assets	--	--	1,050
Notes given in connection with purchase of property	--	5,905	--
Common stock issued in connection with satisfaction of note to executive officer	--	198	--
Disposal of property to satisfy debt	935	--	--
Notes payable agreed by buyer upon sale of real estate	906	--	--

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

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CabelTel International Corporation and Subsidiaries

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY  
(Amounts in thousands)

	Series B Preferred stock		Series J Preferred stock		Series J Preferred stock Contra Equity	
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount
Balance at January 1, 2002	1	1	--	--	--	--
Write--off of stock purchase notes receivable	--	--	--	--	--	--
Dividend on preferred stock	--	--	--	--	--	--
Other	--	--	--	--	--	--
Stock purchase notes receivable reclassified as a reduction of related party debt	--	--	--	--	--	--
Netloss	--	--	--	--	--	--
Balance at December 31, 2002	1	1	--	--	--	--
Dividend on preferred stock	--	--	--	--	--	--
Conversion of obligation to common stock	--	--	--	--	--	--
Common stock acquired	--	--	--	--	--	--
Common stock issued	--	--	--	--	--	--
Net earnings	--	--	--	--	--	--
Balance at December 31, 2003	1	1	--	--	--	--
Net loss						
Issuance of Series J						

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preferred stock	--	--	32	3,150	(32)	(3,150)
Net loss	--	--	--	--	--	--
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Balance at December 31, 2004	1	1	32	3,150	(32)	(3,150)
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====
				Stock		
	Additional	Accum-	Purchase			
	paid in	ulated	Notes			
	capital	deficit	Receivable	Total		
	-----	-----	-----	-----		
Balance at January 1, 2002	56,896	(45,268)	(2,367)	9,269		
Write-off of stock purchase notes receivable	(1,908)	--	1,905	(3)		
Dividend on preferred stock	--	(4)	--	(4)		
Other	--	--	12	12		
Stock purchase notes receivable reclassified as a reduction of related party debt	--	--	450	450		
Netloss	--	(8,373)	--	(8,373)		
	-----	-----	-----	-----		
Balance at December 31, 2002	54,988	(53,645)	--	1,351		
Dividend on preferred stock	--	--	--	--		
Conversion of obligation to common stock	--	--	--	--		
Common stock acquired	(9)	--	--	(9)		
Common stock issued	987	--	--	990		
Net earnings	--	222	--	222		
	-----	-----	-----	-----		
Balance at December 31, 2003	55,966	(53,423)	--	2,554		
Net loss						
Issuance of Series J preferred stock	--	--	--	--		
Net loss	--	(816)	--	(816)		
	-----	-----	-----	-----		
Balance at December 31, 2004	55,966	(54,239)	--	1,738		
	=====	=====	=====	=====		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

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CabelTel International Corporation and Subsidiaries

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
December 31, 2004

NOTE A - BUSINESS DESCRIPTION AND PRESENTATION

Name Change  
-----

On February 10, 2005, Greenbriar Corporation changed its name to CabelTel International Corporation (which is referred throughout this report as "CIC").

Acquisition of CableTEL AD



-----  
On October 12, 2004, CIC acquired, for 31,500 shares of newly-designated 2% Series J Preferred Stock, 74.8% of CableTEL AD, a Bulgarian telecommunications company. The terms of the acquisition agreement require CIC to present a proposal to its stockholders to approve the mandatory exchange of all shares of Series J Preferred Stock into 8,788,500 shares of common stock which, if approved by stockholders, would represent 90% of the resulting total issued and outstanding shares of common stock in CIC. As of the date of this report the exchange has not occurred.

The acquisition agreement, as amended, provides that the stockholders of CIC have until June 30, 2006 to approve the exchange of Series J Preferred Stock into CIC common stock. If the exchange is not approved by June 30, 2006 the holders of the Series J Preferred Stock have the option to rescind the entire transaction. Until the acquisition is completed, CableTEL AD will not be included in CIC's consolidated financial statements and the financial statements of CIC will include a Series J Preferred Stock contra equity account representing the Company's interest in CableTEL AD.

If the stockholders of CIC approve the transaction it would effectively give the owners of the CableTEL AD the controlling interest in CIC. Due to the effective change in control, by virtue of the aforementioned exchange into common stock, this transaction will be accounted for, upon the exchange, as a "reverse acquisition," with CableTEL AD being the accounting acquirer and with CIC accounted for as if it had been acquired on the exchange date.

#### Nature of Operations

As of December 31, 2004, the Company controls three retirement communities in three states. The Company operates two of the retirement communities with a capacity of 162 residents and leases one community to a third party. The Company owns an outlet shopping mall in Gainesville, Texas with approximately 315,000 square feet of retail space available for lease. In addition the Company owns the leases for approximately 200 oil wells in East Texas. These are low production wells with maximum production limits of 20 barrels of oil per day. As of March 31, 2005, there are 48 wells in operation.

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#### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A summary of the significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of the accompanying consolidated financial statements follows:

##### Principles of Consolidation

-----

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of CabelTel International Corporation and its majority-owned subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company" or "CIC") and are prepared on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. All significant intercompany transactions and accounts have been eliminated.

##### Depreciation

-----  
Depreciation is provided for in amounts sufficient to relate the cost of property and equipment to operations over their estimated service lives, ranging from 3 to 40 years. Depreciation is computed by the straight-line method.

Accounting for Leases  
-----

Leases of property, plant and equipment where the Company assumes substantially all the benefits and risks of ownership are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalized at the estimated present value of the underlying lease payments. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance charges so as to achieve a constant rate on the finance balance outstanding. The corresponding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in other long-term payables. The interest element of the finance charge is charged to the income statement over the lease period. The property, plant and equipment acquired under finance leasing contracts is depreciated over the useful life of the asset.

Leases of assets under which all the risks and benefits of ownership are effectively retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease. When an operating lease is terminated before the lease period has expired, any payment required to be made to the lessor by way of penalty is recognized as an expense in the period in which termination takes place.

Revenue Recognition  
-----

Crude oil and natural gas revenues are recorded at the time of delivery of such products to pipelines for the account of the purchaser or at the time of physical transfer of such products to the purchaser. Revenues from the sale of crude oil and natural gas are recorded using the sales method. Under such method, the Company recognizes revenue from the sale of crude oil and natural gas production from its leases, based on the actual volumes the Company sold during the period.

Rental income for commercial property leases is recognized on a straight-line basis over the respective lease terms. Rental income for residential property leases is recorded when due from residents and is recognized monthly as it is earned, which is not materially different than on a straight-line basis as lease terms are generally for periods of one year or less.

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NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Use of Estimates  
-----

In preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at

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the date of the financial statements and revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### Cash Equivalents

-----  
The Company considers all short-term deposits and money market investments with a maturity of less than three months to be cash equivalents.

### Other Intangible Assets

-----  
The cost of acquired patents, trademarks and licenses is capitalized and amortized using the straight-line method over their useful lives. The carrying amount of each intangible asset is reviewed annually and adjusted for permanent impairment where it is considered necessary. Impairment of Notes Receivable

Notes receivable are identified as impaired when it is probable that interest and principal will not be collected according to the contractual terms of the note agreements. The accrual of interest is discontinued on such notes, and no income is recognized until all past due amounts of principal and interest are recovered in full. No notes were deemed to be impaired at December 31, 2004 and 2003.

### Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

-----  
The Company reviews its long-lived assets and certain identifiable intangibles for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable. In reviewing recoverability, the Company estimates the future cash flows expected to result from use of the assets and eventually disposing of them. If the sum of the expected future cash flows (undiscounted and without interest charges) is less than the carrying amount of the asset, an impairment loss is recognized based on the asset's fair value.

The Company determines the fair value of assets to be disposed of and records the asset at the lower of fair value less disposal costs or carrying value. Assets are not depreciated while held for disposal.

### Stock Options

-----  
The Company has elected to follow Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees" (APB 25) in its primary financial statements and has provided supplemental disclosures required by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (SFAS 123), "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" and by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 148, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation - Transition and Disclosure an Amendment of SFAS No. 123."

Options were granted at market by Cabeltel International Corporation during 2003, are exercisable immediately, and expire 5 years from date of grant.

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### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Warrants were issued at market by Cabeltel International Corporation during 2004. The ability to exercise such warrants is contingent upon the conversion of the Series J Preferred stock to common stock. Because of the contingent nature as to the timing and the ability to exercise these warrants, no value has been ascribed to such warrants at December 31, 2004.

SFAS 123 requires disclosure of pro forma net earnings (loss) and pro forma net earnings (loss) per share as if the fair value method had been applied in measuring compensation cost for stock-based awards.

Reported and pro forma net earnings (loss) and net earnings (loss) per share amounts are set forth below (in thousands, except per share data):

	2004	2003	2002
	-----	-----	-----
Net earnings (loss) allocable to common stockholders			
As reported	\$ (816)	\$ 222	\$ (8,377)
Deduct: total stock-based compensation under fair value based method for all awards	--	(43)	(464)
Pro forma	\$ (816)	\$ 179	\$ (8,841)
Net earnings (loss) per share			
As reported	\$ (0.84)	\$ 0.31	\$ (23.33)
Pro forma	\$ (0.84)	\$ 0.25	\$ (24.63)

The fair value of these options was estimated at the date of grant during 2003 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions: no dividends; expected volatility of 20 percent; risk-free interest rates of 4.24 percent; and weighted average expected lives of 5 years.

#### Earnings (Loss) Per Common Share

-----

Basic earnings (loss) per common share is based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings (loss) per share is computed based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding plus the number of additional common shares that would have been outstanding if dilutive potential common shares had been issued. In 2004, stock options for approximately 140,000 shares were excluded from diluted shares outstanding because their effect was anti-dilutive. In 2004, warrants for approximately 190,000 shares were excluded from diluted shares outstanding because their effect was anti-dilutive.

#### Sales of Real Estate

-----

Gains on sales of real estate are recognized to the extent permitted by SFAS No. 66, "Accounting for Sales of Real Estate." Until the requirements of SFAS No. 66 have been met for full profit recognition, sales are accounted for by the installment or cost recovery method, whichever is appropriate.

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### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

#### Real Estate Held for Sale

-----

SFAS No. 144 requires that properties held for sale be reported at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less costs of sale. If a reduction in a held for sale property's carrying amount to fair value less costs of sale is required, a provision for loss is recognized by a charge against earnings. Subsequent revisions, either upward or downward, to a held for sale property's estimated fair value less costs of sale are recorded as an adjustment to the property's carrying amount, but not in excess of the property's carrying amount when originally classified as held for sale. A corresponding charge against or credit to earnings is recognized. Properties held for sale are not depreciated.

#### New Accounting Pronouncements

-----

SFAS No. 151--In November 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 151, "Inventory Costs, an Amendment of ARB No. 43, Chapter 4" ("SFAS No.151"). SFAS No. 151 amends ARB 43, Chapter 4, to clarify that abnormal amounts of idle facility expense, freight, handling costs and wasted materials (spoilage) be recognized as current period charges. It also requires that allocation of fixed production overheads to the costs of conversion be based on the normal capacity of the production facilities. SFAS No. 151 is effective for inventory costs incurred during fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2005. The adoption of SFAS No. 151 is not expected to have a material impact on the consolidated financial position or results of operations of CIC.

SFAS No. 152--In December 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 152, "Accounting for Real Estate Time-Sharing Transactions" ("SFAS No. 152"). SFAS No. 152 amends FASB Statement No. 66, Accounting for Sales of Real Estate, to reference the financial accounting and reporting guidance for real estate time-sharing transactions that is provided in AICPA Statement of Position 04-2, Accounting for Real Estate Time-Sharing Transactions ("SOP 04-2"). This Statement also amends FASB Statement No. 67, Accounting for Costs and Initial Rental Operations of Real Estate Projects, to state that the guidance for (a) incidental operations and (b) costs incurred to sell real estate projects does not apply to real estate time-sharing transactions. The accounting for those operations and costs is subject to the guidance in SOP 04-2.

SFAS No. 152 is effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2005, and is to be reported as a cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle. The adoption of SFAS No. 152 is not expected to have a material impact on the consolidated financial position or results of operations of CIC.

SFAS No. 123--In December 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123, Share-Based Payment, revised ("SFAS No. 123R"). SFAS No. 123R addresses the accounting for share-based payments to employees, including grants of employee stock options. Under the new standard, companies will no longer be able to account for share-based compensation transactions using the intrinsic method in accordance with APB Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees. Instead, companies will be required to account for such transactions using a fair-value method and recognize the expense in the

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consolidated statement of income. SFAS No. 123R will be effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2005, and allows, but does not require, companies to restate the full fiscal year of 2005 to reflect the impact of expensing share-based payments under SFAS No. 123R. The Company has not yet determined which fair-value method and transitional provision it will follow. The adoption of SFAS No. 123R is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations. See Stock-Based Employee Compensation for the pro forma impact on net income and net income per share from calculating stock-based compensation costs under the fair value alternative of SFAS No. 123.

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### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

SFAS No. 153--In December 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 153, "Exchanges of Non-monetary Assets, an Amendment of APB Opinion No. 29" ("SFAS No. 153"). The guidance in APB Opinion No. 29, Accounting for Non-monetary Transactions, is based on the principle that exchanges of non-monetary assets should be measured based on the fair value of the assets exchanged. The guidance in APB Opinion No. 29, however, included certain exceptions to that principle. SFAS No. 153 amends APB Opinion No. 29 to eliminate the exception for non-monetary exchanges of similar productive assets and replaces it with a general exception for exchanges of non-monetary assets that do not have commercial substance. A non-monetary exchange has commercial substance if the future cash flows of the entity are expected to change significantly as a result of the exchange. SFAS No. 153 is effective for non-monetary asset exchanges in fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2005. The adoption of SFAS No. 153 is not expected to have a material impact on the consolidated financial position or results of operations of CIC.

### NOTE C - NOTES RECEIVABLE

As a result of the sale of two assisted living communities in 2001, the Company holds two tax-exempt notes for a total of \$4,030,000, bearing interest at 9.5%. The notes mature on April 1, 2032 and August 1, 2031.

The repayment of the notes and interest thereon is limited to the cash flow of the respective properties either from operations, refinancing or sale. The Company has deferred gains in the amount of \$3,721,000 as well as unpaid interest, which will be recognized as cash is received.

### NOTE D - FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate values at December 31, 2004 and 2003:

Cash and cash equivalents - The carrying amount approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

Long-term debt - The fair value of the Company's long-term debt is estimated based on market rates for the same or similar issues. The carrying value of long-term debt approximates its fair value.

Notes receivable-- The fair value of the note receivable from an affiliate

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partnership is estimated to approximate fair value based on its short maturity. It is not practical to estimate the fair value of notes receivable from sale of properties because no quoted market exists and there are no comparable debt instruments to provide a basis for valuation.

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### NOTE E - NOTES PAYABLE

#### LONG TERM DEBT

Long-term debt is comprised of the following (in thousands):

	December 31, 2004	2003
Notes payable to financial institutions maturing through 2018; fixed and variable interest rates ranging from 5.75% to 11% collateralized by real property, fixtures, equipment and the assignment of rents	7,627	2,109
Notes payable to individuals and companies maturing through 2023; variable and fixed interest rates ranging from 10% to 18%; collateralized by real property, personal property, fixtures, equipment and the assignment of rents	4,590	4,106
Notes payable to related parties bearing interest at rates ranging From 15% to 18%	901 13,118	528 6,743
Less current maturities	4,780	4,690
	=====	=====
	8,338	2,053
	=====	=====

Aggregate annual principal maturities of long-term debt at December 31, 2004 are as follows (in thousands):

2005	4,780	
2006	1,118	
2007	250	
2008	273	
2009	6,085	
Thereafter	612	
	-----	
	\$ 13,118	
	=====	

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### NOTE F - OPERATING LEASES

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The Company leases an assisted living community under an operating lease in which the basic term expires December 31, 2011, and has operating leases for equipment and office space. The leases generally provide that the Company pay property taxes, insurance and maintenance.

Future minimum payments following December 31, 2004, are as follows (in thousands):

2005	\$	898
2006		898
2007		914
2008		853
2008		870
Thereafter		2,717
		-----
	\$	7,150
		=====

Lease expense in 2004, 2003 and 2002 was \$917, \$969, and \$1,112, respectively.

### NOTE G - AFFILIATED PARTNERSHIP

In October 2001, the Company became a 56% limited partner in Corinthians Real Estate Investors, LP ("CREI"), a partnership formed to acquire two properties. In October 2001, CREI acquired a retirement community for approximately \$9,100,000 and in January 2002, it acquired an assisted living community for approximately \$2,800,000.

The Company issued a \$1,600,000 note to the seller in 2001 as partial payment for the purchase of the retirement community. CREI gave the Company a \$1,600,000 note in consideration for payment of that amount of the purchase price. The notes bear interest at 8.75% and were due December 30, 2003. The balance of the purchase price was funded by borrowings of CREI from a third party in the amount of \$7,840,000, which was guaranteed by the Company.

The Company accounted for its investment in CREI by the equity method. The Company recorded income of \$131,733 in 2003 and a loss of \$692,338 in 2002. These amounts are included in other income (expense), net in the accompanying financial statements.

In January 2002 the Company became a 56% limited partner in a partnership, Muskogee Real Estate Investors (MREI), which acquired two assisted living communities in Muskogee, OK, including one community acquired from the Company. In September 2002 MREI leased the two communities to a third party for three years. The lessee has committed to purchase the two properties during the three-year period for \$6,000,000. The current debt on the property is approximately \$4,000,000.

The Company had a note to Sylvia M. Gilley, wife of the former CEO of the Company, for \$3,375,000. In November 2002, the Company transferred its 56% interest in MREI to Mrs. Gilley in exchange for a reduction of \$1,120,000 on the debt and a one-year extension on the due date of the Company's note to Mrs. Gilley. The Company recognized a gain of \$929,956 on the transaction.

The Company accounted for its investment in MREI using the equity method. The Company recorded income of \$80,215 during 2002.



NOTE G - AFFILIATED PARTNERSHIP - Continued

In September 2002, CREI sold its two properties for cash and notes and paid off its third party debt. As part of the proceeds, CREI received a note for \$1,600,000, which was transferred to the Company in satisfaction of its \$1,600,000 note receivable from CREI.

The Company transferred the \$1,600,000 note it received in 2002 to the original owner of the retirement community in payment of the Company's \$1,600,000 debt. The Company guaranteed payment of the \$1,600,000 note.

CREI recognized a gain on sale in the amount of \$1,322,000. The Company has deferred recognition of its \$740,000 share of the gain because of the aforementioned guaranty. CREI has deferred a gain on sale in the amount \$994,000 that will be recognized on the installment method.

The Company also entered into an agreement in October 2002 wherein it would be allowed to participate in the acquisition of twelve communities and receive a 50% partnership interest. The Company agreed to pay

\$660,000, payable at \$55,000 per month, from October 2002 through September 2003 to pay for due diligence required by these acquisitions. The Company's \$660,000 obligation was accrued and charged to expense in 2002.

In 2004, the purchaser of the CREI paid off the remaining notes, including the \$1,600,000 note guaranteed by the Company. The Company realized its deferred gain of \$740,000 as well as \$492,000, representing its 56% share of the proceeds received by CREI on its outstanding note net of partnership expenses.

NOTE H - EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following table sets forth the computations of pro forma basic and diluted earnings per share from continuing operations (in thousands, except per share data):

	Year ended December 31,		
	2004	2003	2002
Numerator:			
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ (632)	\$ 617	\$ (3,473)
Denominator:			
Shares used in basic earnings per share calculation	977	706	718
Effect of diluted securities:			
Employee stock options	--	80	--
Warrants	--	--	--
Shares used in diluted earnings per share calculations	977	1,057	718

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Pro forma basic earnings per share	\$	(0.65)	\$	0.87	\$	4.84
Pro forma diluted earnings per share	\$	(0.65)	\$	0.54	\$	4.84

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### NOTE I - INCOME TAXES

At December 31, 2004, the Company had net operating loss carry forwards of approximately \$23,000,000, which expire between 2004 and 2022. However, approximately \$7,900,000 of these net operating loss carryforwards have limitations that restrict utilization to approximately \$1,530,000 for any one year.

The following is a summary of the components of income tax expense of continuing operations (in thousands):

	Year ended December 31,		
	2004	2003	2002
Current - state	\$ --	\$ --	\$ --
Deferred - federal	--	--	749
	-----	-----	-----
	--	--	749
	-----	-----	-----

Deferred tax assets and liabilities were comprised of the following (in thousands):

	Year ended December 31,	
	2004	2003
Deferred tax assets:		
Net operating loss carryforwards	\$ 7,869	\$ 7,163
Notes receivable	--	680
Alternative minimum tax carryforwards	324	235
Accounts receivable	--	--
Accrued expenses	--	2,241
Financing obligations	--	--
Other	386	583
Total deferred tax assets	8,579	10,902
Deferred tax liabilities - property and equipment	--	(3,198)
Valuation allowance	(7,418)	(6,543)
Net deferred tax asset	\$ 1,161	\$ 1,161

Following is a reconciliation of income tax expense attributable to continuing operations with the amount of tax computed at the federal statutory rate of 34% (in thousands):

Year ended  
December 31,

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	2004	2003	2002
Tax expense (benefit) at the statutory rate	\$ (216)	\$ 75	\$ (1,019)
State taxes net of federal benefit	--	--	--
Change in deferred tax asset valuation allowance, attributable to continuing operations	216	(75)	1,768
Other	--	--	--
Tax expense	\$ --	\$ --	749

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NOTE I - INCOME TAXES - Continued

Changes in the deferred tax valuation allowance result from assessments made by the Company each year of its expected future taxable income available to absorb its carryforwards. The Company believes that it is more likely than not that the net deferred tax asset at December 31, 2004, of \$1,161,000 will be realized. However, this evaluation is inherently subjective as it requires estimates that are susceptible to significant revision as more information becomes available. Accordingly, the ultimate realization of the net deferred tax asset could be less than the carrying amount.

NOTE J - STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Outstanding Preferred Stock

Preferred stock consists of the following (amounts in thousands):

	Year ended December 31,	
	2004	2003
Series B cumulative convertible preferred stock, \$.10 par value; liquidation value of \$100; authorized, 100 shares; issued and outstanding, 1 share	\$ 1	\$ 1
Series J cumulative non-convertible preferred stock, \$.10 par value; liquidation value of \$1,000; authorized, 31,500 shares; issued and outstanding 31,500 shares	\$3,150	\$ --

The Series B preferred stock has a liquidation value of \$100 per share and is convertible into common stock over a ten-year period at prices escalating from \$500 per share in 1993 to \$1,111 per share by 2002. The right to convert expired April 30, 2003. Dividends at a rate of 6% are payable in cash or preferred shares at the option of the Company.

The Series J stock is non-convertible, however, the Company has agreed to hold a shareholder vote to allow the Series J shareholders to convert their 31,500 shares of preferred into 8,788,000 shares of the Company's common stock

Stock Options

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In 1997, the Company established a long-term incentive plan (the "1997 Plan") for the benefit of certain key employees. Options granted to employees under the 1997 Plan become exercisable over a period as determined by the Company and may be exercised up to a maximum of 5 years from date of grant. The 1997 Plan allowed up to 50,000 shares of the Company's common stock to be reserved for issuance. In 2000, the Company adopted the 2000 Stock Option Plan, under which up to 50,000 shares of the Company's common stock are reserved for issuance.

The Company granted options to two officers during 1996 through 2001, aggregating 80,000 shares not covered by either plan. These options were granted at market, were exercisable immediately and expire 10 years from date of grant.

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### NOTE J - STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY - Continued

Information with respect to stock option activity is as follows:

	Shares	Weighted Average exercise price
	-----	-----
Outstanding at January 1, 2002	160,850	\$ 81.28
Expired	(5,050)	182.58
	-----	-----
Outstanding at December 31, 2002	155,800	78.00
Granted	60,000	2.60
Cancelled, rescinded or annulled	(70,800)	109.27
Expired	(3,000)	112.50
Outstanding at December 31, 2003 and 2004	142,000	\$ 30.27
	=====	=====
Options exercisable at December 31, 2002	155,800	\$ 78.00
	=====	=====
Options exercisable at December 31, 2003 and 2004	142,000	\$ 30.27
	=====	=====

Weighted average fair value per share of options granted during 2003 and 2001 was \$0.71 and \$7.60, respectively.

Additional information about stock options outstanding at December 31, 2004, is summarized as follows:

		Options outstanding and exercisable	
Range of exercise prices	Number outstanding	Weighted average remaining contractual life	Weighted average exercise price

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\$2.60	60,000	4.0	\$ 2.60
\$3.75 to \$6.90	60,000	6.0	5.68
\$100.00 to \$150.39	2,000	1.0	150.39
\$175.00	20,000	3.0	175.00

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NOTE K - OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)

Other income (expenses) consists of the following: (amounts in thousands)

	Year ended December 31,		
	2004	2003	2002
	-----	-----	-----
Equity in earnings of CREI	--	131	(692)
Property acquisition due diligence expense	--	--	(660)
Write off start up costs in projects not completed	(167)	--	--
Accrued tenant revenue	--	121	
Other	(236)	90	199
	-----	-----	-----
	\$ (403)	\$ 342	\$ (1,153)
	=====	=====	=====

NOTE L - DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS AND SALES OF REAL ESTATE

In October 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets." SFAS No. 144 supersedes FASB SFAS No. 121, "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to be Disposed Of" and the accounting and reporting provisions for disposals of a segment of a business as addressed in APB Opinion No. 30, "Reporting the Results of Operations-Reporting the Effects of Disposal of a Segment of a Business, and Extraordinary, Unusual and Infrequently Occurring Events and Transactions". SFAS No. 144 establishes a single accounting model for long-lived assets to be disposed of by sale and addresses various implementation issues of SFAS No. 121. In addition, SFAS No. 144 extends the reporting requirements of discontinued operations to include components of an entity that has either been disposed of or is classified as held for sale. The Company adopted SFAS No. 144 as of January 1, 2002.

During 2004, the Company disposed of an assisted living community and entered into a contract to sell a second assisted living community, which has been reflected as an asset held for sale. Revenue for the two properties was \$841,000, \$1,986,000 and \$1,122,000 in 2004, 2003 and 2002, respectively. The net loss for the two properties was \$, \$184,000, \$395,000 and \$272,000 in 2004, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

During 2002, the Company disposed of six properties. The net loss from the operations of these properties was \$627,000 and the loss incurred from the sale of these properties was \$4,001,000 (including income tax of \$440,000).

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### NOTE M - SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the business of acquiring, enhancing and selling real estate properties. From 1996 until 2003 those activities almost exclusively involved assisted living facilities. Effective August 1, 2003, the Company acquired 100% of the stock in Gaywood Oil & Gas, LLC ("Gaywood"), a limited liability company that owns working interests in certain oil-producing wells. The acquisition was done for investment purposes and substantially all costs associated with the oil and gas operations are operating expenses incurred directly by Gaywood. The Company continues to allocate all of its corporate overhead expenses to its core real estate operation.

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### NOTE M - SEGMENT REPORTING - Continued

Segment information and reconciliation to income (loss) from operations are as follows:

Twelve months ended December 31, 2004 (amounts in thousands)

	Real Estate Operations	Oil & Gas Operations	Consolidated
Revenue	\$ 4,813	\$ 1,410	\$ 6,223
Depletion, depreciation and amortization	462	108	570
Net income (loss)	(1,115)	299	(816)
Total assets	15,150	1,616	16,766

### NOTE N - CONTINGENCIES

Cable Partners Bulgaria LLC vs. Greenbriar Corporation and Ronald C. Finley  
-----

On January 24, 2005, a lawsuit was filed in the District Court of Dallas County, Texas by Cable Partners Bulgaria LLC ("CPB") a Colorado limited liability company, against the Company. The lawsuit states that on October 12, 2004, CPB entered into a letter agreement with the owners of Eurocom to acquire the assets of Eurocom, a cable operator in the city of Plovdiv, Bulgaria. The lawsuit further indicates that the October 12, 2004, letter outlines a time line for the completion of due diligence by CPB. The lawsuit states that in November 2004, a conversation occurred between a representative of CPB and Ronald Finley, CEO of both CIC and CableTEL, during which time such representative told Mr. Finley that CPB had an agreement to purchase Eurocom.

The lawsuit alleges that CIC intentionally and improperly caused the sellers of Eurocom to enter into discussions with CableTEL which ultimately led to CableTEL entering into a separate and competing contract to purchase Eurocom. CPB alleges that the Company's interference was improper and that CPB has been damaged in the amount of at least \$5,387,400. The lawsuit

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further alleges that CPB's letter agreement provided for a three-year management agreement with the sellers of Eurocom and that CPB was further damaged by the loss of the experience, expertise and contacts of the sellers of Eurocom in an amount to be determined at trial. CPE further seeks exemplary damages of an unspecified amount.

The Company believes the lawsuit is totally without merit. CableTEL had been holding discussions, conducting due diligence and had agreements in place with the owners of Eurocom well before either the alleged November conversation or the October 12, 2004, letter. In addition, the Company believes the lawsuit misstates certain key facts, which could prove to be critical in CPB's ability to prevail in this matter.

Other  
-----

The Company has been named as a defendant in other lawsuits in the ordinary course of business. Management is of the opinion that these lawsuits will not have a material effect on the financial condition, results of operations or cash flows of the Company.

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### NOTE O - QUARTERLY DATA (UNAUDITED)

The table below reflects the Company's selected quarterly information for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002. Certain 2003 and 2002 amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation of discontinued operations. All amounts shown are in thousands.

Year ended December 31, 2004	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
Revenue	\$ 1,806	\$ 1,720	\$ 1,947	\$ 750
Operating expenses	1,709	1,799	1,677	1,945
Net income (loss)	(175)	(205)	623	(1,059)
Income (loss) allocable to common shareholders	(175)	(205)	623	(1,059)
Income (loss) per common share - basic and diluted	(.18)	(.21)	.64	(1.09)
Year ended December 31, 2003				
Year ended December 31, 2003	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
Revenue	\$ 1,070	\$ 1,118	\$ 1,342	\$ 1,774
Operating expenses	1,266	1,235	1,491	1,819
Net income (loss)	(262)	(177)	855	(194)
Income (loss) allocable to common shareholders	(262)	(177)	855	(194)
Income (loss) per common share - basic and diluted	(.38)	(.26)	1.21	(.27)

### NOTE P - SUPPLEMENTAL RESERVE INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

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The Company's net proved oil and natural gas reserves as of December 31, 2004 and 2003 (when Gaywood was purchased), have been estimated by Company personnel in accordance with guidelines established by the Securities and Exchange Commission. Accordingly, the following reserve estimates were based on existing economic and operating conditions. Oil and gas prices in effect at December 31 of each year were used. Operating costs, production and ad valorem taxes and future development costs were based on current costs with no escalation.

There are numerous uncertainties inherent in estimating quantities of proved reserves and in projecting the future rates of production and timing of development expenditures. The following reserve data represents estimates only and should not be construed as being exact. Moreover, the present values should not be construed as the current market value of the Company's oil and gas reserves or the costs that would be incurred to obtain equivalent reserves.

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### NOTE P - SUPPLEMENTAL RESERVE INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) - Continued

#### Changes in Estimated Quantities of Proved Oil and Gas Reserves (Unaudited):

	Crude Oil Bbls	Natural Gas Mcf
Quantities of Proved Reserves:	-----	-----
Balance August 2003	500,090	--
Sales of reserves in place	--	
Acquired properties	--	
Revisions of previous estimates	29,017	
Production	(18,217)	
	-----	-----
Balance December 31, 2003	510,890	--
Sales of reserves in place	--	
Acquired properties	--	
Revisions of previous estimates	(82,971)	38,870
Production	(46,849)	
	-----	-----
Balance December 31, 2004	381,070	38,870
	=====	=====
Proved Developed Reserves:		
-----		
Balance December 31, 2003	510,890	--
Balance December 31, 2004	381,070	38,870

#### Standardized Measure of Discounted Future Net Cash Flows and Changes Therein Relating to Proved Oil and Gas Reserves (Unaudited)

The Standardized Measure of Discounted Future Net Cash Flows and Changes Therein Relating to Proved Oil and Gas Reserves ("Standardized Measures") does not purport to present the fair market value of a company's oil and gas



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properties. An estimate of such value should consider, among other factors, anticipated future prices of oil and gas, the probability of recoveries in excess of existing proved reserves, the value of probable reserves and

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### NOTE P - SUPPLEMENTAL RESERVE INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) - Continued

acreage prospects, and perhaps different discount rates. It should be noted that estimates of reserve quantities, especially from new discoveries, are inherently imprecise and subject to substantial revision.

Reserve estimates were prepared in accordance with standard Security and Exchange Commission guidelines. The future net cash flow was computed using year-end 2004, oil and gas prices. Lease operating costs, compression, dehydration, transportation, ad valorem taxes, severance taxes and federal income taxes were deducted. Costs and prices were held constant and were not escalated over the life of the properties. No deduction has been made for interest or general corporate overhead. The annual discount of estimated future cash flows is defined, for use herein, as future cash flows discounted at 10% per year, over the expected period of realization.

Proved Developed Reserves were calculated based on Decline Curve Analysis on 22 operating wells and 15 non-operated wells.

During 2004, the Company continued to operate the producing wells it acquired in 2003. The Company controls nearly 200 leases but only had 48 wells in production on December 31, 2004.

The Company controls 68 leases which were abandoned by larger oil and gas companies in the past due to low production. The Company's operating wells average from 70 to 360 barrels per month. Due to low production and relatively high overhead the Company estimates that its production would be unprofitable if the price of oil fell below \$24 per barrel.

Standardized measure of discounted future net cash flows related to proved reserves:

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2004	2003
Future production revenue	\$19,371,000	\$16,370,000
Future development costs	83,000	285,000
Future production costs	11,394,000	11,980,000
Future net cash flow before federal income tax	7,894,000	4,105,000
Federal income tax	2,684,000	1,396,000
Future net cash flows	5,210,000	2,709,000
Effect of 10% annual discounting	3,963,000	2,060,000
Standardized measure of Discounted net cash flows	\$ 1,247,000	\$ 649,000

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NOTE P - SUPPLEMENTAL RESERVE INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) - Continued

Changes in the standardized measure of discounted future net cash flows:

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2004	2003
	-----	-----
Beginning of the year	\$ 649,000	\$ --
Oil and gas sales, net of production costs	(407,000)	(49,000)
Purchases of reserves in place	--	655,000
Sales reserves in place	--	--
Net change in prices, net of production costs	839,000	291,000
Changes in production rates, timing and other		
Revisions of quantity estimate	469,000	
Effect of income tax	(417,000)	(337,000)
Accretion of discount	114,000	89,000
	-----	-----
Standardized measure of Discounted net cash flows	\$ 1,247,000 =====	\$ 649,000 =====

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